"(k) OTHER DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—For purposes of this section—

 $\hfill\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}}(1)$ BOND.—The term 'bond' includes any obligation.

"(2) POOLED FINANCING BOND.—The term 'pooled financing bond' shall have the meaning given such term by section 149(f)(4)(A).

"(3) RURAL AREA.—The term 'rural area' means any area other than—

 $``(A) \ a \ city \ or \ town \ which \ has \ a \ population \ of \ greater \ than \ 50,000 \ inhabitants, \ or$

"(B) the urbanized area contiguous and adjacent to such a city or town.

"(4) PARTNERSHIP; S CORPORATION; AND OTHER PASS-THRU ENTITIES.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, in the case of a partnership, trust, S corporation, or other pass-thru entity, rules similar to the rules of section 41(g) shall apply with respect to the credit allowable under subsection (a).

"(5) BONDS HELD BY REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANIES.—If any rural renaissance bond is held by a regulated investment company, the credit determined under subsection (a) shall be allowed to shareholders of such company under procedures prescribed by the Secretary.

"(6) TREATMENT FOR ESTIMATED TAX PUR-POSES.—Solely for purposes of sections 6654 and 6655, the credit allowed by this section to a taxpayer by reason of holding a rural renaissance bond on a credit allowance date shall be treated as if it were a payment of estimated tax made by the taxpayer on such date.

"(7) REPORTING.—Issuers of rural renaissance bonds shall submit reports similar to the reports required under section 149(e).

(b) REPORTING.—Subsection (d) of section 6049 (relating to returns regarding payments of interest) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

((8) REPORTING OF CREDIT ON RURAL RENAIS-SANCE BONDS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term "interest" includes amounts includible in gross income under section 54(f) and such amounts shall be treated as paid on the credit allowance date (as defined in section 54(b)(4)).

"(B) REPORTING TO CORPORATIONS, ETC.— Except as otherwise provided in regulations, in the case of any interest described in subparagraph (A), subsection (b)(4) shall be applied without regard to subparagraphs (A), (H), (I), (J), (K), and (L)(i) of such subsection.

"(C) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may prescribe such regulations as are necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this paragraph, including regulations which require more frequent or more detailed reporting.".

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) The table of subparts for part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

"Subpart H. Nonrefundable credit to holders of rural renaissance bonds.".

(2) Section 6401(b)(1) is amended by striking "and G" and inserting "G, and H".

(d) ISSUANCE OF REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Treasury shall issue regulations required under section 54 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section) not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to bonds issued after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLU-TION 42—RECOGNIZING THE HIS-TORICAL SIGNIFICANCE OF THE JUNETEENTH INDEPENDENCE DAY, AND EXPRESSING THE SENSE OF CONGRESS THAT HIS-TORY SHOULD BE REGARDED AS A MEANS FOR UNDERSTANDING THE PAST AND SOLVING THE CHALLENGES OF THE FUTURE

Mr. OBAMA (for himself and Mr. LEVIN) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. CON. RES. 42

Whereas news of the end of slavery did not reach frontier areas of the United States, and in particular the Southwestern States, for more than 2 years after President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation of January 1, 1863, and months after the conclusion of the Civil War;

Whereas on June 19, 1865, Union soldiers led by Major General Gordon Granger arrived in Galveston, Texas, with news that the Civil War had ended and that the enslaved were free;

Whereas African Americans who had been slaves in the Southwest celebrated June 19, commonly known as Juneteenth Independence Day, as the anniversary of their emancipation:

Whereas African Americans from the Southwest continue the tradition of Juneteenth Independence Day as inspiration and encouragement for future generations;

Whereas for more than 135 years, Juneteenth Independence Day celebrations have been held to honor African American freedom while encouraging self-development and respect for all cultures;

Whereas although Juneteenth Independence Day is beginning to be recognized as a national, and even global, event, the history behind the celebration should not be forgotten; and

Whereas the faith and strength of character demonstrated by former slaves remains an example for all people of the United States, regardless of background, religion, or race: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That—

(1) Congress—

(A) recognizes the historical significance of Juneteenth Independence Day to the Nation;

(B) supports the continued celebration of Juneteenth Independence Day to provide an opportunity for the people of the United States to learn more about the past and to better understand the experiences that have shaped the Nation; and

(C) encourages the people of the United States to observe Juneteenth Independence Day with appropriate ceremonies, activities, and programs; and

(2) it is the sense of Congress that—

 $({\rm A})$ history should be regarded as a means for understanding the past and solving the challenges of the future; and

(B) the celebration of the end of slavery is an important and enriching part of the history and heritage of the United States.

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, this week there will be celebrations in observance of the date upon which slavery finally came to an end in the United States, June 19, 1865, also known as "Juneteenth Independence Day." It was on this date that slaves in the Southwest finally learned of the end of slavery. Although passage of the 13th amendment in January 1863, legally abolished slavery, many African Americans remained in servitude due to the slow dissemination of this news across the country. Since that time, over 130 years ago, the descendants of slaves have observed this anniversary of emancipation as a remembrance of one of the most tragic periods of our nation's history. The suffering, degradation and brutality of slavery cannot be repaired, but the memory can serve to ensure that no such inhumanity is ever perpetrated again on American soil.

Throughout the Nation, we also celebrate the many important achievements of former slaves and their descendants. We do so because in 1926, Dr. Carter G. Woodson, son of former slaves, proposed such a recognition as a way of preserving the history of African Americans and recognizing the enormous contributions of a people of great strength, dignity, faith and conviction-a people who rendered their achievements for the betterment and advancement of a Nation once lacking in humanity towards them. Every February, nationwide, we celebrate African American History Month. And, every year on June 19 we celebrate "Juneteenth Independence Day."

I am happy to join with my colleague, Senator BARACK OBAMA, in commemorating Juneteenth Independence Day with the submission of S. Con. Res. 42, in recognition of the end of slavery and to never forget even the worst aspects of our Nation's history.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 784. Ms. CANTWELL (for herself, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr REID, and Mr. DURBIN) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 6, Reserved.

SA 785. Mr. FRIST (for Ms. MURKOWSKI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 786. Mr. FRIST (for Ms. MURKOWSKI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 787. Mr. FRIST (for Ms. MURKOWSKI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 788. Mr. DEWINE (for himself, Mr. KOHL, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. GRASS-LEY, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. COBURN, Mr. LEVIN, Ms. SNOWE, Mrs. BOXER, and Mr. DAYTON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 789. Mr. BYRD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 784. Ms. CANTWELL (for herself, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. REID, and Mr. DUR-BIN) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 6, Reserved; as follows:

Beginning on page 120, strike line 23 and all that follows through page 122, line 14, and insert the following:

SEC. 151. REDUCTION OF DEPENDENCE ON IM-PORTED PETROLEUM.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) based on the reports of the Energy Information Administration entitled "Annual Energy Outlook 2005" and "May 2005 Monthly Energy Review"—

(A) during the period beginning January 1, 2005, and ending April 30, 2005, the United States imported an estimated average of 13,056,000 barrels of oil per day; and

(B) the United States is projected to import 19,110,000 barrels of oil per day in 2025;

(2) technology solutions already exist to dramatically increase the productivity of the United States energy supply;

(3) energy efficiency and conservation measures can improve the economic competitiveness of the United States and lessen energy costs for families in the United States;

(4) United States dependence on foreign energy imports leaves the United States vulnerable to energy supply shocks and reliant on the willingness of other countries to provide sufficient supplies of oil;

(5) while only 3 percent of proven oil reserves are located in territory controlled by the United States, advances in fossil fuel extraction techniques and technologies could increase United States energy supplies; and

(6) reducing energy consumption also benefits the United States by lowering the environmental impacts associated with fossil fuel use.

(b) GOAL.—It is a goal of the United States to reduce by 40 percent the amount of foreign oil projected to be imported during calendar year 2025 in the reference case contained in the report of the Energy Information Administration entitled "Annual Energy Outlook 2005".

(c) Measures To Reduce Import Depend-Ence.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and every two years thereafter, the President shall—

(A) develop and implement measures to reduce dependence on foreign petroleum imports of the United States by reducing petroleum in end-uses throughout the economy of the United States sufficient to reduce total demand for petroleum in the United States by 1,000,000 barrels per day from the amount projected for calendar year 2015; and

(B)(i) subject to clause (ii), develop and implement measures to reduce dependence on foreign petroleum imports of the United States by reducing petroleum in end-uses throughout the economy of the United States sufficient to reduce total demand for petroleum in the United States by 7,640,000 barrels per day from the amount projected for calendar year 2025.

(ii) If the President determines that there are insufficient legal authorities to achieve the target for calendar year 2025 in clause (i), the President shall develop and implement measures that will reduce dependence on foreign petroleum imports of the United States by reducing petroleum in end-uses throughout the economy of the United States to the maximum extent practicable and shall submit to Congress proposed legislation or other recommendations to achieve the target.

(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In developing measures under paragraph (1), the President shall—

(A) ensure continued reliable and affordable energy for the United States, consistent with the creation of jobs and economic growth and maintaining the international competitiveness of United States businesses, including the manufacturing sector; and

(B) implement measures under paragraph
(1) under existing authorities of the appropriate Federal agencies, as determined by the President.

(3) PROJECTIONS.—The projections for total demand for petroleum in the United States under paragraph (1) shall be those contained in the Reference Case in the report of the Energy Information Administration entitled "Annual Energy Outlook 2005".

(d) REPORT.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the President shall submit to Congress a report, based on the most recent edition of the Annual Energy Outlook published by the Energy Information Administration, assessing the progress made by the United States toward the goal of reducing dependence on imported petroleum sources by 2025.

(2) CONTENTS.—The report under paragraph (1) shall—

(A) identify the status of efforts to meet the goal described in subsection (b);

(B) assess the effectiveness of any measure implemented under subsection (c) during the previous fiscal year in meeting the goal described in subsection (b); and

(C) describe plans to develop additional measures to meet the goal.

SA 785. Mr. FRIST (for Ms. MUR-KOWSKI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6, Reserved; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SEC. 12___. YOUTH ENERGY CONSERVATION CORPS.

(a) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are to—

(1) provide a local, low-cost source of labor for energy conservation projects;

(2) allow service and conservation corps to enter into agreements with the Department to carry out projects to increase energy efficiency in communities of the United States, particularly low-income communities;

(3) offer young people, ages 16 through 25, particularly those who are at-risk or economically disadvantaged, the opportunity to gain productive employment and experience in the field of energy conservation; and

(4) give those young people the opportunity to serve their communities and to participate in energy conservation activities in their communities.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) ALASKA NATIVE CORPORATION.—The term "Alaska Native Corporation" means a Regional Corporation or Village Corporation, as those terms are defined in section 3 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1602).

(2) CORPS.—The term "Corps" means the Youth Energy Conservation Corps established under subsection (c).

(3) HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS.—The term "Hawaiian home lands" has the meaning given the term in section 203 of Public Law 91–378 (16 U.S.C. 1722).

(4) INDIAN LANDS.—The term "Indian lands" has the meaning given the term in section 203 of Public Law 91–378 (16 U.S.C. 1722).

(5) SERVICE AND CONSERVATION CORPS.—The term "service and conservation corps" means any organization established by a State or local government, nonprofit organization, Indian tribe, or Alaska Native Corporation that—

(A) has a research-validated demonstrable capability to use the corps model to provide productive work to individuals;

(B) gives participants a combination of work experience, basic and life skills, education, training, and support services;

(C) provides participants with the opportunity to develop citizenship values through service to their communities and the United States; and

(D) is accredited by a national or regional body with expertise in service and conservation corps.

(6) STATE.—The term "State" means—

(A) each of the several States of the United States;

(B) the District of Columbia;

(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

(D) Guam;

(E) American Samoa;

(F) the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands;

(G) the Federated States of Micronesia;

(H) the Republic of the Marshall Islands;

(I) the Republic of Palau; and

(J) the United States Virgin Islands.(c) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a

Youth Energy Conservation Corps. (d) PARTICIPANTS.—The Corps shall consist

(d) PARTICIPARTS.—The Corps shall consist of young adults who are enrolled as members of a service or conservation corps covered by a contract or cooperative agreement entered into under subsection (e).

(e) CONTRACTS OR AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary may enter into contracts or cooperative agreements directly with—

(1) any service or conservation corps to carry out a project described in subsection (f); or

(2) a department of energy of any State that has entered into a contract or cooperative agreement with a service or conservation corps to carry out an energy conservation project described in subsection (f).

(f) AUTHORIZED PROJECTS.—For purposes of this section, an authorized project is an energy conservation project authorized under section 801 of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287).

(g) PRIORITY PROJECTS.—In entering into a contract or cooperative agreement under subsection (e), the Secretary shall give priority to projects that will—

result in the most energy conservation;
result in training for a career in the energy conservation industry:

(3) instill in members of the corps a work ethic and sense of personal responsibility;

(4) be labor intensive; and

(5) be planned and initiated promptly. (h) SUPPORTIVE SERVICES.—The Secretary may provide to the Corps such services as the Secretary considers necessary to carry out this section, including technical assistance, oversight, monitoring, and evaluation to or for—

(1) State departments of energy (or equivalent agencies);

(2) service and conservation corps;

(3) in the case of Indian lands, the applicable Indian tribe;

(4) in the case of Hawaiian home lands, the applicable State agency in the State of Hawaii; and

(5) in the case of land under the jurisdiction of an Alaska Native Corporation, the applicable Alaska Native Corporation.

(i) OTHER USES OF FUNDS.—Funds made available under this section may be used to support implementation, monitoring, training, technical assistance, and administrative work of service and conservation corps covered by a contract or cooperative agreement entered into under subsection (e).

(j) NONDISPLACEMENT.—The nondisplacement requirements of section 177(b) of the National and Community Service Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12637(b)) shall apply to activities carried out under this section.

(k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this section.

SA 786. Mr. FRIST (for Ms. MUR-KOWSKI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6, Reserved; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 130, line 24, insert "ocean (tidal, wave, current, and thermal)," after "wind,". On page 134, line 3, insert "ocean (tidal, wave, current, and thermal)," after "biomass,".

SA 787. Mr. FRIST (for Ms. MUR-KOWSKI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. FRIST to the bill H.R. 6, Reserved; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 131, lines 18 and 19, strike "or an Indian tribal government or subdivision thereof," and insert "an Indian tribal government or subdivision thereof, or a Native Corporation (as defined in section 3 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1602)),".

SA 788. Mr. DEWINE (for himself, Mr. KOHL, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. COBURN, Mr. LEVIN, Ms. SNOWE, Mrs. BOXER, and Mr. DAYTON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6, Reserved; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. NO OIL PRODUCING AND EXPORTING CARTELS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "No Oil Producing and Exporting Cartels Act of 2005" or "NOPEC".

(b) SHERMAN ACT.—The Sherman Act (15 U.S.C. 1 et seq.) is amended by adding after section 7 the following:

"SEC. 7A. OIL PRODUCING CARTELS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be illegal and a violation of this Act for any foreign state, or any instrumentality or agent of any foreign state, to act collectively or in combination with any other foreign state, any instrumentality or agent of any other foreign state, or any other person, whether by cartel or any other association or form of cooperation or joint action—

"(1) to limit the production or distribution of oil, natural gas, or any other petroleum product;

"(2) to set or maintain the price of oil, natural gas, or any petroleum product; or

"(3) to otherwise take any action in restraint of trade for oil, natural gas, or any petroleum product;

when such action, combination, or collective action has a direct, substantial, and reasonably foreseeable effect on the market, supply, price, or distribution of oil, natural gas, or other petroleum product in the United States.

"(b) SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY.—A foreign state engaged in conduct in violation of subsection (a) shall not be immune under the doctrine of sovereign immunity from the jurisdiction or judgments of the courts of the United States in any action brought to enforce this section.

"(c) INAPPLICABILITY OF ACT OF STATE DOC-TRINE.—No court of the United States shall decline, based on the act of state doctrine, to make a determination on the merits in an action brought under this section.

"(d) ENFORCEMENT.—The Attorney General of the United States and the Federal Trade Commission may bring an action to enforce this section in any district court of the United States as provided under the antitrust laws.".

(c) SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY.—Section 1605(a)

of title 28, United States Code, is amended— (1) in paragraph (6), by striking "or" after the semicolon; (2) in paragraph (7), by striking the period and inserting "; or"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(8) in which the action is brought under section 7A of the Sherman Act.".

SA 789. Mr. BYRD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 6, Reserved; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. EXCLUSION FOR CERTAIN FUEL COSTS OF RURAL COMMUTERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 132(f)(1) (defining qualified transportation fringe) is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-paragraph:

"(D) In the case of an eligible rural commuter, the cost of fuel for a highway vehicle of the taxpayer the primary purpose of which is to travel between the taxpayer's residence and place of employment.".

(b) LIMITATION ON EXCLUSION.—Section 132(f)(2) (relating to limitation on exclusion) is amended by striking "and" at the end of subparagraph (A), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(C) \$50 per month in the case of the benefit described in subparagraph (D).".

(c) ELIGIBLE RURAL COMMUTER.—Section 132(f)(5) (relating to definitions) is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-paragraph:

"(F) ELIGIBLE RURAL COMMUTER.—The term 'eligible rural commuter' means any employee—

"(i) who resides in a rural area (as defined by the Bureau of the Census),

"(ii) who works in an area which is not accessible by a transit system designed primarily to provide daily work trips within a local commuting area, and

"(iii) who is not be eligible to claim any qualified transportation fringe described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1).".

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to expenses incurred on and after the date of the enactment of this Act and before January 1, 2006.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 15, 2005 at 9:30 a.m. to hold a hearing on Nominations.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 15, 2005 at 9:30 a.m. to hold a business meeting.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND

GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs be authorized to

meet on Wednesday, June 15, 2005, at 10 a.m. for a hearing titled, "Is the Federal Government Doing Enough to Secure Chemical Facilities and Is More Authority Needed?"

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs be authorized to meet on Wednesday, June 15, 2005, at 2:30 p.m. to consider the nominations of Linda M. Springer to be Director of the U.S. Office of Personnel Management, Laura A. Cordero to be Associate Judge of the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, and Noel Anketell Kramer to be Associate Judge of the District of Columbia Court of Appeals.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Committee on Indian Affairs will meet on Wednesday, June 15, 2005, at 9:30 a.m. in Room 485 of the Russell Senate Office Building to conduct an oversight hearing on Youth Suicide Prevention. Those wishing additional information may contact the Indian Affairs Committee on 224-2251.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Finance be authorized to meet during the session on Wednesday, June 15, 2005, at 10 a.m., to hear testimony on "The Future of Medicaid: Strategies for Strengthening American's Vital Safety Net".

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON NATIONAL OCEAN POLICY STUDY

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on National Ocean Policy Study be authorized to meet on Wednesday, June 15, 2005, at 9:30 a.m., on Coral Reef Ballast Water, at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Select Committee on Intelligence be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on June 15, 2005 at 2:30 p.m. to hold a briefing.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR, AND PENSIONS

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions meet in executive session during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 15, 2005 at 9:50 a.m. in SD-430.