

## (e) MANAGEMENT PLAN.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after funds are made available to carry out this Act, the Secretary shall prepare a cooperative management and interpretation plan for the Trail.

(2) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall prepare the plan in consultation with—

- (A) State, local, and tribal governments;
- (B) the Ice Age Floods Institute;
- (C) private property owners; and
- (D) other interested parties.

(3) CONTENTS.—The plan shall—

(A) confirm and, if appropriate, expand on the inventory of features of the floods contained in the National Park Service study entitled “Ice Age Floods, Study of Alternatives and Environmental Assessment” (February 2001) by—

- (i) locating features more accurately;
- (ii) improving the description of features; and
- (iii) reevaluating the features in terms of their interpretive potential;

(B) review and, if appropriate, modify the map of the Trail referred to in section 4(b);

(C) describe strategies for the coordinated development of the Trail, including an interpretive plan for facilities, waysides, roadside pullouts, exhibits, media, and programs that present the story of the floods to the public effectively; and

(D) identify potential partnering opportunities in the development of interpretive facilities and educational programs to educate the public about the story of the floods.

(f) COOPERATIVE MANAGEMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In order to facilitate the development of coordinated interpretation, education, resource stewardship, visitor facility development and operation, and scientific research associated with the Trail and to promote more efficient administration of the sites associated with the Trail, the Secretary may enter into cooperative management agreements with appropriate officials in the States of Montana, Idaho, Washington, and Oregon in accordance with the authority provided for units of the National Park System under section 3(l) of Public Law 91-383 (16 U.S.C. 1a-2(1)).

(2) AUTHORITY.—For purposes of this subsection only, the Trail shall be considered a unit of the National Park System.

(g) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements with public or private entities to carry out this Act.

(h) EFFECT ON PRIVATE PROPERTY RIGHTS.—Nothing in this Act—

(1) requires any private property owner to allow public access (including Federal, State, or local government access) to private property; or

(2) modifies any provision of Federal, State, or local law with respect to public access to or use of private land.

(i) LIABILITY.—Designation of the Trail by section 4(a) does not create any liability for, or affect any liability under any law of, any private property owner with respect to any person injured on the private property.

**SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act, of which not more than \$12,000,000 may be used for development of the Trail.

The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The bill (S. 206), as amended, was read the third time and passed.

### COLUMBIA SPACE SHUTTLE MEMORIAL ACT OF 2005

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 242) to establish 4 memorials to the Space Shuttle Columbia in the State of Texas, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with amendments, as follows:

[Strike the parts shown in black brackets and insert the parts shown in italic.]

S. 242

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

[This Act may be cited as the “Columbia Space Shuttle Memorials Act of 2005”.]

**SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

[In this Act:

[(1) MEMORIAL.—The term “memorial” means each of the memorials to the Space Shuttle Columbia established by section 3(a).

[(2) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the National Park Service.

**SEC. 3. MEMORIALS TO THE SPACE SHUTTLE COLUMBIA.**

[(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There are established, as units of the National Park System, 4 memorials to the Space Shuttle Columbia to be located on the 4 parcels of land in the State of Texas described in subsection (b) on which large debris from the Space Shuttle Columbia was recovered.

[(b) DESCRIPTION OF LAND.—The parcels of land referred to in subsection (a) are—

[(1) the parcel of land owned by the Fredonia Corporation, located at the southeast corner of the intersection of East Hospital Street and North Fredonia Street, Nacogdoches, Texas;

[(2) the parcel of land owned by Temple Inland Inc., 10 acres of a 61-acre tract bounded by State Highway 83 and Bayou Bend Road, Hemphill, Texas;

[(3) the parcel of land owned by the city of Lufkin, Texas, located at City Hall Park, 301 Charlton Street, Lufkin, Texas; and

[(4) the parcel of land owned by San Augustine County, Texas, located at 1109 Oaklawn Street, San Augustine, Texas.

[(c) ADMINISTRATION.—The memorials shall be administered by the Secretary.

[(d) ADDITIONAL SITES.—The Secretary may recommend to Congress additional sites in the State of Texas related to the Space Shuttle Columbia for establishment as memorials to the Space Shuttle Columbia.]

**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

This Act may be cited as the “Columbia Space Shuttle Memorial Study Act of 2005”.

**SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

In this Act:

(1) MEMORIAL.—The term “memorial” means a memorial to the Space Shuttle Columbia the suitability and feasibility of the establishment of which is a subject of the study under section 3(a).

(2) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the National Park Service.

**SEC. 3. STUDY OF SUITABILITY AND FEASIBILITY OF ESTABLISHING MEMORIALS TO THE SPACE SHUTTLE COLUMBIA.**

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after the date on which funds are made available to carry out this Act, the Secretary shall carry out a study to determine the suitability and feasibility of establishing, as units of the National Park System on land in the State of Texas described in subsection (b) (on which large debris from the Space Shuttle Columbia was recovered), memorials to the Space Shuttle Columbia.

(b) DESCRIPTION OF LAND.—The parcels of land referred to in subsection (a) are—

(1) the parcel of land owned by the Fredonia Corporation, located at the southeast corner of the intersection of East Hospital Street and North Fredonia Street, Nacogdoches, Texas;

(2) the parcel of land owned by Temple Inland Inc., 10 acres of a 61-acre tract bounded by State Highway 83 and Bayou Bend Road, Hemphill, Texas;

(3) the parcel of land owned by the city of Lufkin, Texas, located at City Hall Park, 301 Charlton Street, Lufkin, Texas; and

(4) the parcel of land owned by San Augustine County, Texas, located at 1109 Oaklawn Street, San Augustine, Texas.

(c) ADMINISTRATION.—In carrying out the study, the Secretary shall assume that, if established after completion of the study, each memorial shall be administered by the Secretary.

(d) ADDITIONAL SITES.—The Secretary may recommend to Congress additional sites in the State of Texas relating to the Space Shuttle Columbia for establishment as memorials to the Space Shuttle Columbia.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this Act.

Amend the title so as to read: “To direct the Secretary of the Interior to carry out a study to determine the suitability and feasibility of establishing memorials to the Space Shuttle Columbia on parcels of land in the State of Texas.”.

The committee amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The title amendment was agreed to. The bill (S. 242), as amended, was read the third time and passed.

### BETTY DICK RESIDENCE PROTECTION ACT

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 584) to require the Secretary of the Interior to allow the continued occupancy and use of certain land and improvements within Rocky Mountain National Park, which had been reported from the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, with an amendment, as follows:

[Strike the parts shown in black brackets and insert the parts shown in italic.]

S. 584

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

[This Act may be cited as the “Betty Dick Residence Protection Act”.]

**SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

[Congress finds that—

(1) before their divorce, Fred and Marilyn Dick, owned as tenants in common a tract of land that included the property described in section 5(b);

(2) when Fred and Marilyn Dick divorced, Marilyn Dick became the sole owner of the tract of land, but Fred Dick retained the right of first refusal to acquire the tract of land;

(3) in 1977, Marilyn Dick sold the tract to the United States for addition to Rocky Mountain National Park, but Fred Dick, asserting his right of first refusal, sued to cancel the transaction;

(4) in 1980, the lawsuit was settled through an agreement between the National Park Service, Fred Dick, and the heirs, successors, and assigns of Fred Dick;

(5) under the 1980 settlement agreement, Fred Dick and his wife, Betty Dick, were allowed to lease and occupy the 23 acres comprising the property described in section 5(b) for 25 years;

(6) Fred Dick died in 1992, but Betty Dick has continued to lease and occupy the property described in section 5(b) under the terms of the settlement agreement;

(7) Betty Dick’s right to lease and occupy the property described in section 5(b) will expire on July 16, 2005, at which time Betty Dick will be 83 years old;