daughters, Alisha Garcia, Jacquelynn Gonzalez, and Selena Gonzales were killed in a horrific accident. Arissa Garcia, Renee's daughter, survived the terrible crash.

Paul was the co-owner of a small family-owned business in Las Vegas, New Mexico, a town he had lived in his whole life. Paul was well-known throughout his home town, especially as a strong supporter of youth sports and academics. A graduate of Robertson High School, he was continually involved in fundraising events for the high schools in the area. He was extremely active with the Robertson band and football team, even designing the 2006 District Championship t-shirts for the school. Extremely civic-minded, Paul was a member of the Las Vegas Fiesta Council and spent some of his spare time helping to restore historical buildings.

Renee, Paul's wife, was also a lifelong resident of Las Vegas. Renee spent her life caring for others, as a nurse at the hospital and in the West Las Vegas School System. Looking to increase her education, she was finishing her master's degree in nursing and was working towards becoming a nurse practitioner. Renee was extremely devoted to her family and always found the time to spend with each one of them.

Alisha, seventeen years old, was Renee's daughter and Paul's stepdaughter. She was a senior at West Las Vegas High School, and was scheduled to graduate in May 2007. Like her mother, she also was extremely dedicated to her family and enjoyed her role as the eldest sister, often putting the needs of her sisters ahead of her own. Alisha was continually active, participating in several sports and music programs, and also learning sign language.

Jacquelynn, the daughter of Paul and Renee, was eleven years old. A fifth grader, Jacquelynn enjoyed participating in her school's basketball and soccer teams, and also enjoyed other sports, camping, and fishing. She was thoughtful and giving, and enjoyed spending time with her family.

Selena, also the daughter of Paul and Renee, had celebrated her tenth birthday only three days before the tragic accident took her life. In fourth grade, Selena enjoyed school and was an honor student. She also enjoyed participating in sports and was known to be daring and to live life to the fullest. Like the rest of her family, she was considerate, thoughtful, and brought joy to all those around her

While we remember these five extraordinary people, we must also show our support for Arissa, who was the only survivor of the accident. Arissa, who is fifteen, sustained injuries in the accident, but is slowly recuperating and is already back in school.

The members of this family have touched the lives of all members of the community, as was evident by the thousands of people who attended their services. I want to recognize the entire community for coming together to show their support to Arissa and her family. I also want to acknowledge the pledge that students, staff, teachers, friends, and other members of the community have made—that they will never drink and drive, that they will not let a friend drink and drive, and that they will not get into a vehicle with someone who is intoxicated. If more people were to take this pledge and stick with it, the number of drunk driving tragedies surely would decrease.

In recent years, New Mexico has taken many strides to curb drunk driving accidents throughout the State. In fact, recent figures have shown an 11 percent decrease in drunk driving accidents in the past year. However, this tragedy shows that even one drunk driver is one too many.

We all have our own horror stories of how our constituents have been affected by drunk driving accidents. Let's commit ourselves today to taking the necessary steps to truly attack this problem. I intend to work with local, State, and federal officials, as well as the families of the victims of this horrific crash and others that have been impacted by drunk driving to continue to attack this problem. We can only defeat this problem if we all work together.

PROPOSED RULE REGARDING THE MEDICARE PROGRAM AND REVISIONS TO PAYMENT POLICIES

## HON. LUIS FORTUNO

OF PUERTO RICO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, December 7, 2006

Mr. FORTUÑO. Mr. Speaker, I would like to express my concern over the proposed rule put forth earlier this year by the Department of Health and Human Services regarding the Medicare Program and revisions to payment policies under the physician fee schedule for calendar year 2007. This rule, as written, would have a negative impact on Puerto Rican doctors and their patients. While I fully support the overall objective of the changes—to ensure that HHS payment systems are updated to reflect changes in medical practice and the relative value of services-I am confident that can be achieved without inflicting another harmful financial burden on Puerto Rico. I would support legislative activity that would prevent further cuts from taking place.

First, it must be understood that the cost of living in Puerto Rico is at least the same, if not higher than in the U.S. mainland. As a matter of fact, the costs of transportation, water, electric power and housing are all notably higher on the Island. These cost differentials were not adequately considered in the proposed rule.

Under the proposed rule, Puerto Rico would be forced to assume two large losses. The first is on the elimination of the payment floor with slightly over a 2 percent cut, plus the cuts in each of the specialties. Radiology would suffer the most, with an average cut of 16 percent. This is an issue that affects doctors, patients and ultimately the quality of care that can be provided to those most in need. I strongly recommend that these proposed reductions be suspended for calendar year 2007, and that the impact of any further floor reductions be considered thoroughly before implementation.

As you know, Puerto Ricans are U.S. citizens and pay the same Medicare payroll taxes and deductibles as their fellow citizens in the 50 States. Thus, we must ensure that Medicare recipients in Puerto Rico have the same access to quality health care as those in the 50 States, and that health care providers on the Island receive satisfactory reimbursements for their services.

RECOGNIZING TAFT COMMUNITY COLLEGE'S "TRANSITION TO INDEPENDENT LIVING PROGRAM" FOR YOUNG AUTISTIC ADULTS

## HON. DAN BURTON

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, December 7, 2006

Mr. BURTON of Indiana. Mr. Speaker, as a Member of this House who has long voiced concerns about the lack of concerted federal action to deal with the growing epidemic of autism in this country, I was very encouraged by yesterday's passage of the "Combating Autism Act."

Although I believe that we missed an opportunity in this bill to resolve the problem of mercury in vaccines and its connection to autism, there is no denying that the Combating Autism Act represents a long overdue and significant expansion of the federal government's response to the autism epidemic. The bill commits an unprecedented \$945 million in federal funds over five years to combating autism through research, screening, better interventions and education efforts.

But we should be under no illusion that the job is finished. Autism is a condition that has no known cure, which means that this is a crisis that is simply not going to "go away." What we have done is realistically only a small down payment on the vast resources that we must invest in order to deal with this terrible scourge. For example, in my own State of Indiana we experienced a 923 percent cumulative growth rate for autism from 1992-2003. The annual growth rate of autism in Indiana averaged 27 percent compared to an average of 7 percent for the growth rate of all disabilities. And Indiana's experience is by no means unique. In fact, as a Nation we have gone from roughly 1 case of autism for every 10.000 births in the 1980's to 1 in every 166 today.

What this means in practical terms is that we are now at the beginning of what can be considered a "bubble" of older children who have been diagnosed and treated for autism, who now must face the challenges of their disease in a post-secondary environment and bevond. The "No Child Left Behind Act" has given our schools the tools to do an excellent job of providing additional teachers, curriculum and individual educational programs for our students with autism. But this assistance is largely confined to the K-12 years and for the most part our schools are only just beginning to effectively meet the growing learning needs of that age group. We are therefore still woefully ill prepared for the unique problems our post-secondary young autistic adults will face as they transition from a relatively protected learning environment to the demands of our modern life. We must recognize the plight of these older children with autism and commit ourselves to providing the additional resources necessary to deal with their unique problems as we have done for younger children with au-

Recently, I was privileged to meet with officials from Taft Community College, located in Kern County, California. Taft, I am told is one of only two institutions throughout the country currently exploring ways to dealing with this impending crisis. I understand that for the last