## 110TH CONGRESS H. CON. RES. 215

## **CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

Whereas heart disease remains the leading cause of death in the United States;

Whereas heart disease affects men, women, and children of every age and race in the United States, regardless of where they live;

- Whereas annually approximately 325,000 coronary heart disease deaths occur out of hospital or in an emergency room;
- Whereas approximately 95 percent of sudden cardiac arrest victims die before arriving at the hospital;
- Whereas sudden cardiac arrest results from an abnormal heart rhythm in most adults;
- Whereas in 27.4 percent of cases of sudden cardiac arrest, the victim is located in a place other than a hospital and receives cardiopulmonary resuscitation by a bystander;
- Whereas prompt delivery of cardiopulmonary resuscitation more than doubles the chance of survival from sudden cardiac arrest by helping to maintain vital blood flow to the heart and brain, increasing the amount of time that an electric shock from a defibrillator can be effective;
- Whereas an automated external defibrillator, even when used by a bystander, is safe, easy to operate, and highly effective in restoring a normal heart rhythm, significantly increasing the chance of survival for many victims if used immediately after the onset of sudden cardiac arrest;
- Whereas death or severe brain injury is likely to occur unless resuscitation measures are started no later than 10 minutes after the onset of sudden cardiac arrest;
- Whereas the interval between the 911 call and the arrival of EMS personnel is typically longer than 5 minutes, and achieving high survival rates therefore depends on a public trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and automated external defibrillator use; and
- Whereas the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, and the National Safety Council are preparing related public awareness and training campaigns on

cardiopulmonary resuscitation and automated external defibrillation to be held during the first week of June each year: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate 2 concurring), That the Congress—
- 1 (1) supports the goals and ideals of a National
  Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation and Automated External Defibrillator Awareness Week to establish
  well-organized programs to increase public training
  in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and automated external defibrillator use and to increase public access
  to automated external defibrillators; and
- 10 (2) requests that the President issue a procla-11 mation calling upon the people of the United States 12 and interested organizations to observe such a week 13 with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Passed the House of Representatives December 11, 2007.

Attest:

Clerk.

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Supporting the designation of a week as "National Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation and Automated External Defibrillator Awareness Week".