110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H.R. 176

## AN ACT

To authorize the establishment of educational exchange and development programs for member countries of the Caribbean Community (CARICOM).

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- ${\it 2\ tives\ of\ the\ United\ States\ of\ America\ in\ Congress\ assembled},$

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Shirley A. Chisholm United States-Caribbean Edu-
- 4 cational Exchange Act of 2007".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents for
- 6 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Definitions.
  - Sec. 3. Findings and statement of purpose.
  - Sec. 4. Shirley A. Chisholm United States-Caribbean Educational Exchange Program.
  - Sec. 5. Program to provide educational development assistance for CARICOM countries.
  - Sec. 6. Administrative provisions.
  - Sec. 7. Reporting requirements.
  - Sec. 8. Authorization of appropriations.

### 7 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 8 In this Act:
- 9 (1) Administrator.—Except as otherwise pro-
- vided, the term "Administrator" means the Adminis-
- 11 trator of the United States Agency for International
- 12 Development.
- 13 (2) Appropriate congressional commit-
- 14 TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
- 15 mittees" means—
- 16 (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
- the Committee on Appropriations of the House
- of Representatives; and
- 19 (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
- and the Committee on Appropriations of the
- Senate.

1	(3) CARICOM COUNTRY.—The term					
2	"CARICOM country"—					
3	(A) means a member country of the Carib-					
4	bean Community (CARICOM); but					
5	(B) does not include—					
6	(i) a country having observer status in					
7	CARICOM; or					
8	(ii) a country the government of which					
9	the Secretary of State has determined, for					
10	purposes of section 6(j) of the Export Ad-					
11	ministration Act of 1979 (as continued in					
12	effect pursuant to the International Emer-					
13	gency Economic Powers Act), section 40 of					
14	the Arms Export Control Act, section					
15	620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of					
16	1961, or any other provision of law, is a					
17	government that has repeatedly provided					
18	support for acts of international terrorism.					
19	(4) Secretary.—Except as otherwise provided,					
20	the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of State.					
21	(5) United states cooperating agency.—					
22	The term "United States cooperating agency"					
23	means—					
24	(A) an accredited institution of higher edu-					
25	cation, including, to the maximum extent prac-					

1	ticable, an historically Black college or univer-
2	sity that is a part B institution (as such term
3	is defined in section 322(2) of the Higher Edu-
4	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061(2))) or an
5	Hispanic-serving institution (as such term is
6	defined in section 502(5) of such Act (20
7	U.S.C. 1101a(5)));
8	(B) a higher education association;
9	(C) a nongovernmental organization incor-
10	porated in the United States; or
11	(D) a consortium consisting of two or more
12	such institutions, associations, or nongovern-
13	mental organizations.
14	SEC. 3. FINDINGS AND STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.
15	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
16	(1) The United States and CARICOM countries
17	have enjoyed long-standing friendly relations.
18	(2) As an important regional partner for trade
19	and democratic values, the Caribbean region con-
20	stitutes a "Third Border" of the United States.
21	(3) The decrease in tourism revenue in the
22	aftermath of the tragic terrorist attacks on Sep-
23	tember 11, 2001, had an adverse affect on the Car-
	temper 11, 2001, had an adverse affect on the Car-

- 1 (4) According to a 2005 World Bank Report on 2 the Caribbean region, high rates of unemployment, 3 particularly youth unemployment, have had severe 4 implications on poverty and income distributions, as 5 well as drug trafficking and addiction.
  - (5) The 2005 World Bank Report also concludes that better synchronization is needed between curricula in CARICOM countries and the skills needed in evolving national and regional job markets and economies.
  - (6) Caribbean leaders have highlighted the need for increased educational opportunities for Caribbean students in fields that will contribute to and support an increasingly competitive regional economy.
  - (7) Enhancing United States cultural and educational exchange programs in CARICOM countries will expand human resources, provide opportunities that promote economic growth, and improve regional security.
  - (8) Many Caribbean leaders studied at the undergraduate or graduate level in the United States before returning to their respective countries to contribute toward the strengthening of democracy, the economy, or the provision of social services.

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- (9) From 2003 through 2005, 217 Caribbean leaders participated in exchange programs with the United States that focused on good governance, combating drug trafficking, anti-corruption, and other regional issues of concern.
  - (10) The Department of State currently administers public outreach programs that include cultural, academic, and citizen-exchange initiatives in CARICOM countries through the public affairs sections at United States embassies with support from the Office of Public Diplomacy in the Bureau of Western Hemisphere Affairs.
  - (11) The Caribbean Center for Excellence in Teacher Training (C–CETT), a Presidential Initiative funded by the United States Agency for International Development and implemented by the University of the West Indies, works to improve the quality of reading instruction by training classroom and student teachers in seven countries of the English-speaking Caribbean. Belize, Jamaica, Grenada, St. Lucia, Guyana, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, and Trinidad and Tobago have participated in the C–CETT as a means to reducing illiteracy in the most disadvantaged urban and remote rural areas.

- 1 (12) In Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, the 2 Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, the Cayman Islands, 3 the Dominican Republic, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Montserrat, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, 6 and Trinidad and Tobago, the Bureau of Edu-7 cational and Cultural Affairs of the Department of 8 State sponsors educational advisors to promote 9 study in the United States.
- 10 (13) In the 2004–2005 academic year, approxi-11 mately 14,000 Caribbean students were enrolled in 12 United States colleges and universities.
  - (14) Shirley Anita Chisholm, who served as a member of the United States House of Representatives from 1968 to 1983, had family roots in the Caribbean nation of Barbados, was a staunch advocate for educational opportunity and access, and increased support for historically Black colleges and universities and other minority-serving institutions in the United States.
- 21 (b) STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.—The purpose of this 22 Act is to establish—
- 23 (1) an educational exchange program between 24 the United States and CARICOM countries, to be 25 known as the "Shirley A. Chisholm United States-

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1	Caribbean Educational Exchange Program", pursu-
2	ant to section 4 of this Act to assist in educating
3	promising students and scholars from CARICOM
4	countries who will invest the knowledge and experi-
5	ences they gain in the United States back into the
6	community of CARICOM countries; and
7	(2) a program to provide educational develop-
8	ment assistance for CARICOM countries pursuant
9	to section 5 of this Act.
10	SEC. 4. SHIRLEY A. CHISHOLM UNITED STATES-CARIBBEAN
11	EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE PROGRAM.
12	(a) Program Authorized.—The Secretary of State
13	is authorized to establish an educational exchange pro-
14	gram between the United States and CARICOM countries,
15	to be known as the "Shirley A. Chisholm United States-
16	Caribbean Educational Exchange Program," under
17	which—
18	(1) secondary school students from CARICOM
19	countries will—
20	(A) attend a public or private secondary
21	school in the United States;
22	(B) participate in activities designed to
23	promote a greater understanding of the values
24	and culture of the United States; and

1	(C) have the option to live with a United					
2	States host family and experience life in a					
3	United States host community; and					
4	(2) undergraduate students, graduate students,					
5	post-graduate students, and scholars from					
6	CARICOM countries will—					
7	(A) attend a public or private college or					
8	university, including a community college, in					
9	the United States;					
10	(B) participate in activities designed to					
11	promote a greater understanding of the values					
12	and culture of the United States; and					
13	(C) have the option to live with a United					
14	States host family and experience life in a					
15	United States host community or live in an on-					
16	campus housing environment.					
17	(b) Elements of Program.—The program author-					
18	ized under subsection (a) shall meet the following require-					
19	ments:					
20	(1) The program will offer scholarships to stu-					
21	dents and scholars based on merit and need. It is					
22	the sense of Congress that scholarships should be of-					
23	fered under the program to students and scholars					
24	who evidence merit, achievement, and strong poten-					
25	tial for the studies such students and scholars wish					

1	to undertake under the program and 40 percent of
2	scholarships offered under the program should be
3	based on financial need.
4	(2) The program will seek to achieve gender
5	equality in granting scholarships under the program.
6	(3) The program will limit participation to—
7	(A) two years of study for secondary school
8	students;
9	(B) four years of study for undergraduate
10	students;
11	(C) 30 months of study for graduate stu-
12	dents; and
13	(D) one year of study for post-graduate
14	students and scholars.
15	(4) For a period of time equal to the period of
16	time of participation in the program, but not to ex-
17	ceed 2 years, the program will require participants
18	who are students and scholars described in sub-
19	section (a)(2) to—
20	(A) agree to return to live in a CARICOM
21	country and maintain residence in such coun-
22	try, within 6 months of completion of academic
23	studies; or
24	(B) agree to obtain employment that di-
25	rectly benefits the growth, progress, and devel-

- opment of one or more CARICOM countries
  and the people of such countries.
- (5) The Secretary of State shall have the discretion to waive, shorten the duration, or otherwise alter the requirements of paragraph (5) in limited circumstances of hardship, humanitarian needs, for specific educational purposes, or in furtherance of the national interests of the United States.
- 9 (c) Role of United States Cooperating Agen10 cies.—The Secretary shall consult with United States co11 operating agencies in developing the program authorized
  12 under subsection (a) and shall make grants to United
  13 States cooperating agencies in carrying out the program
  14 authorized under subsection (a).
  - (d) Monitoring and Evaluation of Program.—
- 16 (1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish 17 and implement a system to monitor and evaluate the 18 effectiveness and efficiency of the program author-19 ized under subsection (a). In carrying out the sys-20 tem, the Secretary shall evaluate the program's posi-21 tive or negative effects on brain drain from the par-22 ticipating CARICOM countries and suggest ways in 23 which the program may be improved to promote the 24 basic goal of alleviating brain-drain from the partici-25 pating CARICOM countries.

1	(2) Requirements.—In carrying out para-
2	graph (1), the Secretary shall review on a regular
3	basis—
4	(A) financial information relating to the
5	program;
6	(B) budget plans for the program;
7	(C) adjustments to plans established for
8	the program;
9	(D) graduation rates of participants in the
10	program;
11	(E) the percentage of participants who are
12	students described in subsection $(a)(1)$ who
13	pursue higher education;
14	(F) the percentage of participants who re-
15	turn to their home country or another
16	CARICOM country;
17	(G) the types of careers pursued by par-
18	ticipants in the program and the extent to
19	which such careers are linked to the political,
20	economic, and social development needs of
21	CARICOM countries; and
22	(H) the impact of gender, country of ori-
23	gin, financial need of students, and other rel-
24	evant factors on the data collected under sub-
25	paragraphs (D) through (G).

- 1 (e) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 2 gress that the Secretary should seek to work with
- 3 CARICOM countries to establish an educational exchange
- 4 program under which—
- 5 (1) secondary school students from the United
- 6 States will attend a public or private equivalent
- 7 school in CARICOM countries; and
- 8 (2) undergraduate students, graduate students,
- 9 post-graduate students, and scholars from the
- 10 United States will attend a public or private college
- or university in CARICOM countries.
- 12 SEC. 5. PROGRAM TO PROVIDE EDUCATIONAL DEVELOP-
- 13 MENT ASSISTANCE FOR CARICOM COUN-
- 14 TRIES.
- 15 (a) Program Authorized.—The Secretary of
- 16 State, acting through the Administrator of the United
- 17 States Agency for International Development, is author-
- 18 ized to establish a program to provide educational develop-
- 19 ment assistance for CARICOM countries.
- 20 (b) Purpose of Program.—The purpose of the pro-
- 21 gram authorized under subsection (a) is to improve pri-
- 22 mary and secondary education in CARICOM countries by
- 23 enhancing teacher training, strengthening curriculum and
- 24 instructional materials, and assisting improvements in

- 1 school management and public administration of edu-
- 2 cation.
- 3 (c) Elements of Program.—The program author-
- 4 ized under subsection (a) shall extend and expand upon
- 5 existing primary and secondary school programs in
- 6 CARICOM countries to provide—
- 7 (1) teacher-training methods and training in
- 8 subject area studies;
- 9 (2) classroom and school management;
- 10 (3) development and modernization of cur-
- 11 riculum and instructional materials;
- 12 (4) increased community involvement in school
- 13 activities; and
- 14 (5) local, regional, and national government pol-
- icy planning on the elements described in para-
- graphs (1) through (4).
- 17 (d) Role of United States Cooperating Agen-
- 18 CIES.—The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of
- 19 Education and United States cooperating agencies in de-
- 20 veloping the program authorized under subsection (a) and
- 21 shall make grants to United States cooperating agencies
- 22 in carrying out the program authorized under subsection
- 23 (a).
- 24 (e) Monitoring and Evaluation of Program.—
- 25 The Secretary shall establish and implement a system to

- 1 monitor and evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of
- 2 the program authorized under subsection (a).
- 3 (f) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 4 gress that the Secretary should seek to work with
- 5 CARICOM countries to establish an educational develop-
- 6 ment program under which education in the CARICOM
- 7 countries is improved and access to quality education for
- 8 children in CARICOM countries is increased.

### 9 SEC. 6. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

- 10 (a) Funding From Private Sources and Part-
- 11 NERSHIPS WITH OTHER APPROPRIATE ENTITIES.—To
- 12 the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary of State
- 13 and the Administrator of the United States Agency for
- 14 International Development should implement the pro-
- 15 grams authorized under sections 4 and 5 of this Act
- 16 through utilization of funding from private sources to
- 17 maximize the impact of United States funds under this
- 18 Act, and through partnerships with appropriate United
- 19 States organizations, institutions, and corporations.
- 20 (b) Avoidance of Duplication.—The Secretary
- 21 and the Administrator shall consult with the Secretary of
- 22 Education to ensure that—
- 23 (1) activities under the programs authorized
- 24 under sections 4 and 5 of this Act are not duplica-

1	tive of other United States educational programs for				
2	CARICOM countries; and				
3	(2) United States cooperating agencies and				
4	partner institutions in CARICOM countries are ac-				
5	credited by national or regional accrediting bodies.				
6	(c) REPORTING UNDER SEVIS.—To the extent nec-				
7	essary, the Secretary shall provide support to United				
8	States cooperating agencies that are participating in the				
9	program authorized under section 4 of this Act in order				
10	to fulfill the requirements for student data reporting				
11	under the Student and Exchange Visitor Information Sys-				
12	tem (SEVIS).				
13	SEC. 7. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.				
14	(a) Report Required.—Not later than 90 days				
15	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary				
16	of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional				
17	committees a report on plans to implement the programs				
18	authorized under sections 4 and 5 of this Act.				
19	(b) Matters To Be Included.—The report re-				
20	quired by subsection (a) shall include—				
21	(1) with respect to implementation of the pro-				
22	gram authorized under section 4—				
23	(A) a plan for selecting participants in the				
24	program, including an estimate of the number				
25	of secondary school students, undergraduate				

1	students, graduate students, post-graduate stu-
2	dents, and scholars from each country, by edu-
3	cational level, who will be selected as partici-
4	pants in the program for each fiscal year;
5	(B) a timeline for selecting United States
6	cooperating agencies that will assist in imple-
7	menting the program;
8	(C) a financial plan that—
9	(i) identifies budget plans for each
10	educational level under the program; and
11	(ii) identifies plans or systems to en-
12	sure that the costs to public school, college,
13	and university education under the pro-
14	gram and the costs to private school, col-
15	lege, and university education under the
16	program are reasonably allocated; and
17	(D) a plan to provide outreach to and link-
18	ages with schools, colleges and universities, and
19	nongovernmental organizations in both the
20	United States and CARICOM countries for im-
21	plementation of the program; and
22	(2) a plan outlining implementation of the pro-
23	gram authorized under section 5, identifying the ini-
24	tial countries in which the program will be imple-
25	mented and a timeline for implementation

### 1 (c) Updates of Report.— 2 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall submit 3 to the appropriate congressional committees updates of the report required by subsection (a) for each fis-5 cal year for which amounts are appropriated pursu-6 ant to the authorization of appropriations under sec-7 tion 8 of this Act. 8 (2) Matters to be included.—Such updates 9 shall include the following: 10 (A) Information on United States cooper-11 ating agencies that are selected to assist in im-12 plementing the programs authorized under sec-13 tions 4 and 5 of this Act. 14 (B) An analysis of the positive and nega-15 tive impacts the program authorized under sec-16 tion 4 will have or is having on brain drain 17 from the participating CARICOM countries. 18 (C) A description of efforts made by the 19 Secretary of State, acting through the Adminis-20 trator of the United States Agency for Inter-21 national Development, to implement the pro-22 gram authorized under section 5. 23 (D) A description of the programs estab-24 lished in each CARICOM country receiving as-

sistance under the program authorized under

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section 5 that provides a detailed explanation of the extent to which the program and the assistance provided are contributing to the purpose of the program described in section 5(b) in the CARICOM country.

> (E) An evaluation of additional educational development goals in CARICOM countries, identifying those goals that could be maximized achieved with United States assistance through the program authorized under section 5. In addition to standard or necessary areas of education review, the evaluation should give attention to factors affecting academic achieveattrition, and graduation rates ment, CARICOM countries. The evaluation should suggest ways in which United States assistance can maximize success factors and address factors contributing to poor achievement.

### SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

To carry out this Act, there are authorized to be ap-21 propriated such sums as may be necessary for each of the 22 fiscal years 2008 through 2012. Amounts appropriated 23 pursuant to the authorization of appropriations under this

- 1 section are in addition to amounts otherwise available for
- 2 such purposes.

Passed the House of Representatives July 31, 2007. Attest:

Clerk.

# 110 TH CONGRESS H. R. 176

# AN ACT

To authorize the establishment of educational exchange and development programs for member countries of the Caribbean Community (CARICOM).