110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2991

To improve the availability of health information and the provision of health care by encouraging the creation, use, and maintenance of lifetime electronic health records of individuals in independent health record trusts and by providing a secure and privacy-protected framework in which such records are made available only by the affirmative consent of such individuals and are used to build a nationwide health information technology infrastructure.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 11, 2007

Mr. Moore of Kansas (for himself, Mr. Ryan of Wisconsin, Mr. Barrow, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Boustany, Mr. Boyd of Florida, Mrs. Boyda of Kansas, Mr. Clay, Mr. Cleaver, Mr. Cooper, Mr. Crowley, Mr. Davis of Alabama, Mr. Lincoln Davis of Tennessee, Mr. Delahunt, Mr. Dicks, Mrs. Emerson, Mr. Etheridge, Mr. Graves, Mr. Heller of Nevada, Mr. Herger, Mr. Hill, Mr. Holden, Mr. Holt, Mrs. Jones of Ohio, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mrs. McCarthy of New York, Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Moran of Kansas, Mr. Putnam, Mrs. McMorris Rodgers, Mr. Sensenbrenner, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Smith of Washington, Mrs. Tauscher, Mr. Tiahrt, and Mr. Baird) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To improve the availability of health information and the provision of health care by encouraging the creation, use, and maintenance of lifetime electronic health records of individuals in independent health record trusts and by providing a secure and privacy-protected framework in which such records are made available only by the affirmative consent of such individuals and are used to build a nationwide health information technology infrastructure.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Independent Health Record Trust Act of 2007".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents of Contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Purpose.
 - Sec. 3. Definitions.
 - Sec. 4. Establishment, certification, and membership of independent health record trusts.
 - Sec. 5. Duties of IHRT to IHRT participants.
 - Sec. 6. Availability and use of information from records in IHRT consistent with privacy protections and agreements.
 - Sec. 7. Voluntary nature of trust participation and information sharing.
 - Sec. 8. Financing of activities.
 - Sec. 9. Regulatory oversight.

8 SEC. 2. PURPOSE.

- 9 It is the purpose of this Act to provide for the estab-
- 10 lishment of a nationwide health information technology
- 11 network that—
- 12 (1) improves health care quality, reduces med-
- ical errors, increases the efficiency of care, and ad-
- vances the delivery of appropriate, evidence-based
- 15 health care services;

- 1 (2) promotes wellness, disease prevention, and 2 the management of chronic illnesses by increasing 3 the availability and transparency of information re-4 lated to the health care needs of an individual;
 - (3) ensures that appropriate information necessary to make medical decisions is available in a usable form at the time and in the location that the medical service involved is provided;
 - (4) produces greater value for health care expenditures by reducing health care costs that result from inefficiency, medical errors, inappropriate care, and incomplete information;
 - (5) promotes a more effective marketplace, greater competition, greater systems analysis, increased choice, enhanced quality, and improved outcomes in health care services;
 - (6) improves the coordination of information and the provision of such services through an effective infrastructure for the secure and authorized exchange and use of health information; and
 - (7) ensures that the health information privacy, security, and confidentiality of individually identifiable health information is protected.
- 24 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
- 25 In this Act:

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- 1 (1) Access.—The term "access" means, with 2 respect to an electronic health record, entering infor-3 mation into such account as well as retrieving infor-4 mation from such account.
 - (2) ACCOUNT.—The term "account" means an electronic health record of an individual contained in an independent health record trust.
 - (3) AFFIRMATIVE CONSENT.—The term "affirmative consent" means, with respect to an electronic health record of an individual contained in an IHRT, express consent given by the individual for the use of such record in response to a clear and conspicuous request for such consent or at the individual's own initiative.
 - (4) AUTHORIZED EHR DATA USER.—The term "authorized EHR data user" means, with respect to an electronic health record of an IHRT participant contained as part of an IHRT, any entity (other than the participant) authorized (in the form of affirmative consent) by the participant to access the electronic health record.
 - (5) CONFIDENTIALITY.—The term "confidentiality" means, with respect to individually identifiable health information of an individual, the obliga-

- tion of those who receive such information to respect the health information privacy of the individual.
- 3 (6) ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORD.—The term
 4 "electronic health record" means a longitudinal col5 lection of information concerning a single individual,
 6 including medical records and personal health infor7 mation, that is stored electronically.
 - (7) HEALTH INFORMATION PRIVACY.—The term "health information privacy" means, with respect to individually identifiable health information of an individual, the right of such individual to control the acquisition, uses, or disclosures of such information.
 - (8) HEALTH PLAN.—The term "health plan" means a group health plan (as defined in section 2208(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300bb–8(1))) as well as a plan that offers health insurance coverage in the individual market.
 - (9) HIPAA PRIVACY REGULATIONS.—The term "HIPAA privacy regulations" means the regulations promulgated under section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d–2 note).
- (10) INDEPENDENT HEALTH RECORD TRUST;
 IHRT.—The terms "independent health record trust"

- and "IHRT" mean a legal arrangement under the administration of an IHRT operator that meets the requirements of this Act with respect to electronic health records of individuals participating in the trust or IHRT.
 - (11) IHRT OPERATOR.—The term "IHRT operator" means, with respect to an IHRT, the organization that is responsible for the administration and operation of the IHRT in accordance with this Act.
 - (12) IHRT PARTICIPANT.—The term "IHRT participant" means, with respect to an IHRT, an individual who has a participation agreement in effect with respect to the maintenance of the individual's electronic health record by the IHRT.
 - (13) Individually identifiable health information" has the meaning given such term in section 1171(6) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320d(6)).
 - (14) Security.—The term "security" means, with respect to individually identifiable health information of an individual, the physical, technological, or administrative safeguards or tools used to protect such information from unwarranted access or disclosure.

1	SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT, CERTIFICATION, AND MEMBER-
2	SHIP OF INDEPENDENT HEALTH RECORD
3	TRUSTS.
4	(a) Establishment.—Not later than one year after
5	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Federal Trade
6	Commission, in consultation with the National Committee
7	on Vital and Health Statistics, shall prescribe standards
8	for the establishment, certification, operation, and inter-
9	operability of IHRTs to carry out the purposes described
10	in section 2 in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
11	(b) CERTIFICATION.—
12	(1) Certification by ftc.—The Federal
13	Trade Commission shall provide for the certification
14	of IHRTs. No IHRT may be certified unless the
15	IHRT is determined to meet the standards for cer-
16	tification established under subsection (a).
17	(2) DECERTIFICATION.—The Federal Trade
18	Commission shall establish a process for the revoca-
19	tion of certification of an IHRT under this section
20	in the case that the IHRT violates the standards es-
21	tablished under subsection (a).
22	(c) Membership.—
23	(1) In general.—To be eligible to be a partic-
24	ipant in an IHRT, an individual shall—

1	(A) submit to the IHRT information as re-
2	quired by the IHRT to establish an electronic
3	health record with the IHRT; and
4	(B) enter into a privacy protection agree-
5	ment described in section $6(b)(1)$ with the
6	IHRT.
7	The process to determine eligibility of an individual
8	under this subsection shall allow for the establish-
9	ment by such individual of an electronic health
10	record as expeditiously as possible if such individual
11	is determined so eligible.
12	(2) No limitation on membership.—Nothing
13	in this subsection shall be construed to permit an
14	IHRT to restrict membership, including on the basis
15	of health condition.
16	SEC. 5. DUTIES OF IHRT TO IHRT PARTICIPANTS.
17	(a) Fiduciary Duty of IHRT; Penalties for
18	VIOLATIONS OF FIDUCIARY DUTY.—
19	(1) FIDUCIARY DUTY.—With respect to the
20	electronic health record of an IHRT participant
21	maintained by an IHRT, the IHRT shall have a fi-
22	duciary duty to act for the benefit and in the inter-
23	ests of such participant and of the IHRT as a whole.
24	Such duty shall include obtaining the affirmative
25	consent of such participant prior to the release of in-

1	formation in such participant's electronic health
2	record in accordance with the requirements of this
3	Act.
4	(2) Penalties.—If the IHRT knowingly or
5	recklessly breaches the fiduciary duty described in
6	paragraph (1), the IHRT shall be subject to the fol-
7	lowing penalties:
8	(A) Loss of certification of the IHRT.
9	(B) A fine that is not in excess of \$50,000.
10	(C) A term of imprisonment for the indi-
11	viduals involved of not more than 5 years.
12	(b) ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORD DEEMED TO BE
13	HELD IN TRUST BY IHRT.—With respect to an indi-
14	vidual, an electronic health record maintained by an IHRT
15	shall be deemed to be held in trust by the IHRT for the
16	benefit of the individual and the IHRT shall have no legal
17	or equitable interest in such electronic health record.
18	SEC. 6. AVAILABILITY AND USE OF INFORMATION FROM
19	RECORDS IN IHRT CONSISTENT WITH PRI-
20	VACY PROTECTIONS AND AGREEMENTS.
21	(a) Protected Electronic Health Records
22	USE AND ACCESS.—
23	(1) General rights regarding uses of in-
24	FORMATION.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the electronic health record of an IHRT participant maintained by an IHRT, subject to paragraph (2)(C), primary uses and secondary uses (described in subparagraphs (B) and (C), respec-tively) of information within such record (other than by such participant) shall be permitted only upon the authorization of such use, prior to such use, by such participant.
 - (B) PRIMARY USES.—For purposes of subparagraph (A) and with respect to an electronic health record of an individual, a primary use is a use for purposes of the individual's self-care or care by health care professionals.
 - (C) SECONDARY USES.—For purposes of subparagraph (B) and with respect to an electronic health record of an individual, a secondary use is any use not described in subparagraph (B) and includes a use for purposes of public health research or other related activities. Additional authorization is required for a secondary use extending beyond the original purpose of the secondary use authorized by the IHRT participant involved. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as requiring au-

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1	thorization for every secondary use that is with-
2	in the authorized original purpose.
3	(2) Rules for primary use of records for
4	HEALTH CARE PURPOSES.—With respect to the elec-
5	tronic health record of an IHRT participant (or
6	specified parts of such electronic health record)
7	maintained by an IHRT standards for access to
8	such record shall provide for the following:
9	(A) Access by thrt participants to
10	THEIR ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORDS.—
11	(i) Ownership.—The participant
12	maintains ownership over the entire elec-
13	tronic health record (and all portions of
14	such record) and shall have the right to
15	electronically access and review the con-
16	tents of the entire record (and any portion
17	of such record) at any time, in accordance
18	with this subparagraph.
19	(ii) Addition of Personal Infor-
20	MATION.—The participant may add per-
21	sonal health information to the health
22	record of that participant, except that such
23	participant shall not alter information that
24	is entered into the electronic health record

by any authorized EHR data user. Such

1	participant shall have the right to propose
2	an amendment to information that is en-
3	tered by an authorized EHR data user
4	pursuant to standards prescribed by the
5	Federal Trade Commission for purposes of
6	amending such information.
7	(iii) Identification of informa-
8	TION ENTERED BY PARTICIPANT.—Any ad-
9	ditions or amendments made by the partic-
10	ipant to the health record shall be identi-
11	fied and disclosed within such record as
12	being made by such participant.
13	(B) Access by entities other than
14	IHRT PARTICIPANT.—
15	(i) Authorized access only.—Ex-
16	cept as provided under subparagraph (C)
17	and paragraph (4), access to the electronic
18	health record (or any portion of the
19	record)—
20	(I) may be made only by author-
21	ized EHR data users and only to such
22	portions of the record as specified by
23	the participant; and
24	(II) may be limited by the partic-
25	ipant for purposes of entering infor-

1	mation into such record, retrieving in-
2	formation from such record, or both.
3	(ii) Identification of entity that
4	ENTERS INFORMATION.—Any information
5	that is added by an authorized EHR data
6	user to the health record shall be identified
7	and disclosed within such record as being
8	made by such user.
9	(iii) Satisfaction of Hipaa privacy
10	REGULATIONS.—In the case of a record of
11	a covered entity (as defined for purposes of
12	HIPAA privacy regulations), with respect
13	to an individual, if such individual is an
14	IHRT participant with an independent
15	health record trust and such covered entity
16	is an authorized EHR data user, the re-
17	quirement under the HIPAA privacy regu-
18	lations for such entity to provide the
19	record to the participant shall be deemed
20	met if such entity, without charge to the
21	IHRT or the participant—
22	(I) forwards to the trust an ap-
23	propriately formatted electronic copy
24	of the record (and updates to such
25	records) for inclusion in the electronic

1	health record of the participant main-
2	tained by the trust;
3	(II) enters such record into the
4	electronic health record of the partici-
5	pant so maintained; or
6	(III) otherwise makes such
7	record available for electronic access
8	by the IHRT or the individual in a
9	manner that permits such record to
10	be included in the account of the indi-
11	vidual contained in the IHRT.
12	(iv) Notification of sensitive in-
13	FORMATION.—Any information, with re-
14	spect to the participant, that is sensitive
15	information, as specified by the Federal
16	Trade Commission, shall not be forwarded
17	or entered by an authorized EHR data
18	user into the electronic health record of the
19	participant maintained by the trust unless
20	the user certifies that the participant has
21	been notified of such information.
22	(C) DEEMED AUTHORIZATION FOR ACCESS
23	FOR EMERGENCY HEALTH CARE.—
24	(i) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

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(I) given the size and nature of visits to emergency departments in the United States, readily available health information could make the difference between life and death; and

(II) because of the case mix and volume of patients treated, emergency departments are well positioned to provide information for public health surveillance, community risk assessment, research, education, training, quality improvement, and other uses.

(ii) Use of information.—With respect to the electronic health record of an IHRT participant (or specified parts of such electronic health record) maintained by an IHRT, the participant shall be deemed as providing authorization (in the form of affirmative consent) for health care providers to access, in connection with providing emergency care services to the participant, a limited, authenticated information set concerning the participant for emergency response purposes, unless the participant specifies that such information

1	set (or any portion of such information
2	set) may not be so accessed. Such limited
3	information set may include information—
4	(I) patient identification data, as
5	determined appropriate by the partici-
6	pant;
7	(II) provider identification that
8	includes the use of unique provider
9	identifiers;
10	(III) payment information;
11	(IV) information related to the
12	individual's vitals, allergies, and medi-
13	cation history;
14	(V) information related to exist-
15	ing chronic problems and active clin-
16	ical conditions of the participant; and
17	(VI) information concerning
18	physical examinations, procedures, re-
19	sults, and diagnosis data.
20	(3) Rules for secondary uses of records
21	FOR RESEARCH AND OTHER PURPOSES.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the
23	electronic health record of an IHRT participant
24	(or specified parts of such electronic health
25	record) maintained by an IHRT, the IHRT

1	may sell such record (or specified parts of such
2	record) only if—
3	(i) the transfer is authorized by the
4	participant pursuant to an agreement be-
5	tween the participant and the IHRT and is
6	in accordance with the privacy protection
7	agreement described in subsection $(b)(1)$
8	entered into between such participant and
9	such IHRT;
10	(ii) such agreement includes param-
11	eters with respect to the disclosure of in-
12	formation involved and a process for the
13	authorization of the further disclosure of
14	information in such record;
15	(iii) the information involved is to be
16	used for research or other activities only as
17	provided for in the agreement;
18	(iv) the recipient of the information
19	provides assurances that the information
20	will not be further transferred or reused in
21	violation of such agreement; and
22	(v) the transfer otherwise meets the
23	requirements and standards prescribed by
24	the Federal Trade Commission.

- (B) Treatment of public health re-PORTING.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as prohibiting or limiting the use of health care information of an individual, includ-ing an individual who is an IHRT participant, for public health reporting (or other research) purposes prior to the inclusion of such informa-tion in an electronic health record maintained by an IHRT.
 - (4) Law enforcement clarification.—
 Nothing in this Act shall prevent an IHRT from disclosing information contained in an electronic health record maintained by the IHRT when required for purposes of a lawful investigation or official proceeding inquiring into a violation of, or failure to comply with, any criminal or civil statute or any regulation, rule, or order issued pursuant to such a statute.
 - (5) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a health care provider that does not utilize electronic methods or appropriate levels of health information technology on the date of the enactment of this Act to adopt such electronic methods or technology as a requirement for participation or compliance under this Act.

1	(b) Privacy Protection Agreement; Treatment
2	of State Privacy and Security Laws.—
3	(1) Privacy protection agreement.—A pri-
4	vacy protection agreement described in this sub-
5	section is an agreement, with respect to an electronic
6	health record of an IHRT participant to be main-
7	tained by an independent health record trust, be-
8	tween the participant and the trust—
9	(A) that is consistent with the standards
10	described in subsection (a)(2);
11	(B) under which the participant specifies
12	the portions of the record that may be accessed,
13	under what circumstances such portions may be
14	accessed, any authorizations for indicated au-
15	thorized EHR data users to access information
16	contained in the record, and the purposes for
17	which the information (or portions of the infor-
18	mation) in the record may be used;
19	(C) which provides a process for the au-
20	thorization of the transfer of information con-
21	tained in the record to a third party, including
22	for the sale of such information for purposes of
23	research, by an authorized EHR data user and
24	reuse of such information by such third party,

including a provision requiring that such trans-

fer and reuse is not in violation of any privacy or transfer restrictions placed by the participant on the independent health record of such participant; and

(D) under which the trust provides assurances that the trust will not transfer, disclose, or provide access to the record (or any portion of the record) in violation of the parameters established in the agreement or to any person or entity who has not agreed to use and transfer such record (or portion of such record) in accordance with such agreement.

(2) Treatment of state laws.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided under subparagraph (B), the provisions of a privacy protection agreement entered into between an IHRT and an IHRT participant shall preempt any provision of State law (or any State regulation) relating to the privacy and confidentiality of individually identifiable health information or to the security of such health information.

(B) EXCEPTION FOR PRIVILEGED INFOR-MATION.—The provisions of a privacy protection agreement shall not preempt any provision of State law (or any State regulation) that recognizes privileged communications between physicians, health care practitioners, and patients of such physicians or health care practitioners, respectively.

(C) STATE DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term "State" has the meaning given such term when used in title XI of the Social Security Act, as provided under section 1101(a) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1301(a)).

1 SEC. 7. VOLUNTARY NATURE OF TRUST PARTICIPATION

12 AND INFORMATION SHARING.

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- 13 (a) In General.—Participation in an independent
- 14 health record trust, or authorizing access to information
- 15 from such a trust, is voluntary. No employer, health insur-
- 16 ance issuer, group health plan, health care provider, or
- 17 other person may require, as a condition of employment,
- 18 issuance of a health insurance policy, coverage under a
- 19 group health plan, the provision of health care services,
- 20 payment for such services, or otherwise, that an individual
- 21 participate in, or authorize access to information from, an
- 22 independent health record trust.
- (b) Enforcement.—The penalties provided for in
- 24 subsection (a) of section 1177 of the Social Security Act
- 25 (42 U.S.C. 1320d-6) shall apply to a violation of sub-

- 1 section (a) in the same manner as such penalties apply
- 2 to a person in violation of subsection (a) of such section.

3 SEC. 8. FINANCING OF ACTIVITIES.

- 4 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 5 (b), an IHRT may generate revenue to pay for the oper-
- 6 ations of the IHRT through—
- 7 (1) charging IHRT participants account fees
- 8 for use of the trust;
- 9 (2) charging authorized EHR data users for ac-
- 10 cessing electronic health records maintained in the
- 11 trust;
- 12 (3) the sale of information contained in the
- trust (as provided for in section 6(a)(3)(A)); and
- 14 (4) any other activity determined appropriate
- by the Federal Trade Commission.
- 16 (b) Prohibition Against Access Fees for
- 17 Health Care Providers.—For purposes of providing
- 18 incentives to health care providers to access information
- 19 maintained in an IHRT, as authorized by the IHRT par-
- 20 ticipants involved, the IHRT may not charge a fee for
- 21 services specified by the IHRT. Such services shall include
- 22 the transmittal of information from a health care provider
- 23 to be included in an independent electronic health record
- 24 maintained by the IHRT (or permitting such provider to
- 25 input such information into the record), including the

- 1 transmission of or access to information described in sec-
- 2 tion 6(a)(2)(C)(ii) by appropriate emergency responders.
- 3 (c) REQUIRED DISCLOSURES.—The sources and
- 4 amounts of revenue derived under subsection (a) for the
- 5 operations of an IHRT shall be fully disclosed to each
- 6 IHRT participant of such IHRT and to the public.
- 7 (d) Treatment of Income.—For purposes of the
- 8 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, any revenue described in
- 9 subsection (a) shall not be included in gross income of any
- 10 IHRT, IHRT participant, or authorized EHR data user.
- 11 SEC. 9. REGULATORY OVERSIGHT.
- 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this Act, the Fed-
- 13 eral Trade Commission shall promulgate regulations for
- 14 independent health record trusts.
- 15 (b) Establishment of Interagency Steering
- 16 Committee.—
- 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
- 18 Human Services shall establish an Interagency
- 19 Steering Committee in accordance with this sub-
- section.
- 21 (2) Chairperson.—The Secretary of Health
- and Human Services shall serve as the chairperson
- of the Interagency Steering Committee.
- 24 (3) Membership.—The members of the Inter-
- agency Steering Committee shall consist of the At-

torney General, the Chairperson of the Federal
Trade Commission, the Chairperson for the National
Committee for Vital and Health Statistics, a representative of the Federal Reserve, and other Federal officials determined appropriate by the Sec-

retary of Health and Human Services.

7 (4) DUTIES.—The Interagency Steering Com-8 mittee shall coordinate the implementation of this 9 Act, including the implementation of policies de-10 scribed in subsection (d) based upon the rec-11 ommendations provided under such subsection, and

(c) Federal Advisory Committee.—

regulations promulgated under this Act.

- (1) In General.—The National Committee for Vital and Health Statistics shall serve as an advisory committee for the IHRTs. The membership of such advisory committee shall include a representative from the Federal Trade Commission and the chair-person of the Interagency Steering Committee. Not less than 60 percent of such membership shall consist of representatives of nongovernment entities, at least one of whom shall be a representative from an organization representing health care consumers.
- (2) Duties.—The National Committee for Vital and Health Statistics shall issue periodic re-

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1	ports and review policies concerning IHRTs based
2	on each of the following factors:
3	(A) Privacy and security policies.
4	(B) Economic progress.
5	(C) Interoperability standards.
6	(d) Policies Recommended by Federal Trade
7	COMMISSION.—The Federal Trade Commission, in con-
8	sultation with the National Committee for Vital and
9	Health Statistics, shall recommend policies to—
10	(1) provide assistance to encourage the growth
11	of independent health record trusts;
12	(2) track economic progress as it pertains to
13	operators of independent health records trusts and
14	individuals receiving nontaxable income with respect
15	to accounts;
16	(3) conduct public education activities regarding
17	the creation and usage of the independent health
18	records trusts;
19	(4) establish standards for the interoperability
20	of health information technology to ensure that in-
21	formation contained in such record may be shared
22	between the trust involved, the participant, and au-
23	thorized EHR data users, including for the stand-
24	ardized collection and transmission of individual
25	health records (or portions of such records) to au-

- thorized EHR data users through a common interface and for the portability of such records among
- 3 independent health record trusts; and
- 4 (5) carry out any other activities determined 5 appropriate by the Federal Trade Commission.
- 6 (e) REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY FEDERAL
- 7 Trade Commission.—The Federal Trade Commission
- 8 shall promulgate regulations based on, at a minimum, the
- 9 following factors:

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10 (1) Requiring that an IHRT participant, who
11 has an electronic health record that is maintained by
12 an IHRT, be notified of a security breech with re13 spect to such record, and any corrective action taken

on behalf of the participant.

- 15 (2) Requiring that information sent to, or re-16 ceived from, an IHRT that has been designated as 17 high-risk should be authenticated through the use of 18 methods such as the periodic changing of passwords, 19 the use of biometrics, the use of tokens or other
 - (3) Requiring a delay in releasing sensitive health care test results and other similar information to patients directly in order to give physicians time to contact the patient.

technology as determined appropriate by the council.

1	(4) Recommendations for entities operating
2	IHRTs, including requiring analysis of the potential
3	risk of health transaction security breeches based on
4	set criteria.
5	(5) The conduct of audits of IHRTs to ensure
6	that they are in compliance with the requirements
7	and standards established under this Act.
8	(6) Disclosure to IHRT participants of the
9	means by which such trusts are financed, including
10	revenue from the sale of patient data.
11	(7) Prevention of certification of an entity seek-
12	ing independent heath record trust certification
13	based on—
14	(A) the potential for conflicts between the
15	interests of such entity and the security of the
16	health information involved; and
17	(B) the involvement of the entity in any
18	activity that is contrary to the best interests of
19	a patient.
20	(8) Prevention of the use of revenue sources
21	that are contrary to a patient's interests.
22	(9) Public disclosure of audits in a manner
23	similar to financial audits required for publicly trad-

ed stock companies.

- 1 (10) Requiring notification to a participating 2 entity that the information contained in such record 3 may not be representative of the complete or accurate electronic health record of such account holder. 5 (f) Compliance Report.—Not later than 1 year
- after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Commission shall submit to the Committee 8 on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions and the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Committee on 10 Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives, a report on com-12 pliance by and progress of independent health record trusts with this Act. Such report shall describe the fol-
 - (1) The number of complaints submitted about independent health record trusts, which shall be divided by complaints related to security breaches, and complaints not related to security breaches, and may include other categories as the Interagency Steering Committee established under section (b) determines appropriate.
 - (2) The number of enforcement actions undertaken by the Commission against independent health record trusts in response to complaints under paragraph (1), which shall be divided by enforcement ac-

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lowing:

- tions related to security breaches and enforcement actions not related to security breaches and may include other categories as the Interagency Steering Committee established under section (b) determines appropriate.
 - (3) The economic progress of the individual owner or institution operator as achieved through independent health record trust usage and existing barriers to such usage.
- 10 (4) The progress in security auditing as pro-11 vided for by the Interagency Steering Committee 12 council under subsection (b).
- 13 (5) The other core responsibilities of the Com-14 mission as described in subsection (a).
- 15 (g) Interagency Memorandum of Under-16 Standing.—The Interagency Steering Committee shall 17 ensure, through the execution of an interagency memo-18 randum of understanding, that—
- 19 (1) regulations, rulings, and interpretations 20 issued by Federal officials relating to the same mat-21 ter over which 2 or more such officials have respon-22 sibility under this Act are administered so as to have 23 the same effect at all times; and
- 24 (2) the memorandum provides for the coordina-25 tion of policies related to enforcing the same require-

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- 1 ments through such officials in order to have coordi-
- 2 nated enforcement strategy that avoids duplication
- 3 of enforcement efforts and assigns priorities in en-

4 forcement.

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