110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.365

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 8, 2007

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

AN ACT

- To provide for a research program for remediation of closed methamphetamine production laboratories, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Methamphetamine Re-3 mediation Research Act of 2007".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

5 The Congress finds the following:

6 (1) Methamphetamine use and production is7 growing rapidly throughout the United States.

8 (2) Materials and residues remaining from the 9 production of methamphetamine pose novel environ-10 mental problems in locations where methamphet-11 amine laboratories have been closed.

(3) There has been little standardization of
measures for determining when the site of a closed
methamphetamine laboratory has been successfully
remediated.

16 (4) Initial cleanup actions are generally limited to removal of hazardous substances and contami-17 18 nated materials that pose an immediate threat to 19 public health or the environment. It is not uncom-20 mon for significant levels of contamination to be 21 found throughout residential structures after a 22 methamphetamine laboratory has closed, partially because of a lack of knowledge of how to achieve an 23 24 effective cleanup.

25 (5) Data on methamphetamine laboratory-re26 lated contaminants of concern are very limited, and
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cleanup standards do not currently exist. In addi tion, procedures for sampling and analysis of con taminants need to be researched and developed.

4 (6) Many States are struggling with estab5 lishing remediation guidelines and programs to ad6 dress the rapidly expanding number of methamphet7 amine laboratories being closed each year.

8 SEC. 3. VOLUNTARY GUIDELINES.

9 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF VOLUNTARY GUIDELINES.— 10 Not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-11 tion Agency (in this Act referred to as the "Adminis-12 13 trator"), in consultation with the National Institute of Standards and Technology, shall establish voluntary 14 15 guidelines, based on the best currently available scientific knowledge, for the remediation of former methamphet-16 17 amine laboratories, including guidelines regarding preliminary site assessment and the remediation of residual con-18 19 taminants.

20 (b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing the voluntary
21 guidelines under subsection (a), the Administrator shall
22 consider, at a minimum—

(1) relevant standards, guidelines, and requirements found in Federal, State, and local laws and
regulations;

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(2) the varying types and locations of former
 methamphetamine laboratories; and

3 (3) the expected cost of carrying out any pro-4 posed guidelines.

5 (c) STATES.—The voluntary guidelines should be designed to assist State and local governments in the devel-6 7 opment and the implementation of legislation and other 8 policies to apply state-of-the-art knowledge and research 9 results to the remediation of former methamphetamine 10 laboratories. The Administrator shall work with State and local governments and other relevant non-Federal agencies 11 12 and organizations, including through the conference de-13 scribed in section 5, to promote and encourage the appropriate adoption of the voluntary guidelines. 14

(d) UPDATING THE GUIDELINES.—The Administrator shall periodically update the voluntary guidelines as
the Administrator, in consultation with States and other
interested parties, determines to be necessary and appropriate to incorporate research findings and other new
knowledge.

21 SEC. 4. RESEARCH PROGRAM.

The Administrator shall establish a program of research to support the development and revision of the voluntary guidelines described in section 3. Such research shall(1) identify methamphetamine laboratory-re lated chemicals of concern;

3 (2) assess the types and levels of exposure to
4 chemicals of concern identified under paragraph (1),
5 including routine and accidental exposures, that may
6 present a significant risk of adverse biological ef7 fects, and the research necessary to better address
8 biological effects and to minimize adverse human ex9 posures;

10 (3) evaluate the performance of various meth11 amphetamine laboratory cleanup and remediation
12 techniques; and

(4) support other research priorities identified
by the Administrator in consultation with States and
other interested parties.

16 SEC. 5. TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER CONFERENCE.

17 (a) CONFERENCE.—Not later than 90 days after the 18 date of enactment of this Act, and at least every third year thereafter, the Administrator shall convene a con-19 ference of appropriate State agencies, as well as individ-20 21 uals or organizations involved in research and other activi-22 ties directly related to the environmental, or biological im-23 pacts of former methamphetamine laboratories. The con-24 ference should be a forum for the Administrator to provide information on the guidelines developed under section 3 25

and on the latest findings from the research program de scribed in section 4, and for the non-Federal participants
 to provide information on the problems and needs of
 States and localities and their experience with guidelines
 developed under section 3.

6 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 3 months after each 7 conference, the Administrator shall submit a report to the 8 Congress that summarizes the proceedings of the con-9 ference, including a summary of any recommendations or 10 concerns raised by the non-Federal participants and how the Administrator intends to respond to them. The report 11 shall also be made widely available to the general public. 12 13 SEC. 6. RESIDUAL EFFECTS STUDY.

14 (a) STUDY.—Not later than 6 months after the date 15 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall enter into an arrangement with the National Academy of 16 17 Sciences for a study of the status and quality of research 18 on the residual effects of methamphetamine laboratories. 19 The study shall identify research gaps and recommend an 20agenda for the research program described in section 4. 21 The study shall pay particular attention to the need for 22 research on the impacts of methamphetamine laboratories 23 on(1) the residents of buildings where such lab oratories are, or were, located, with particular em phasis given to biological impacts on children; and

(2) first responders.

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5 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 3 months after the 6 completion of the study, the Administrator shall transmit 7 to Congress a report on how the Administrator will use 8 the results of the study to carry out the activities de-9 scribed in sections 3 and 4.

10SEC. 7. METHAMPHETAMINE DETECTION RESEARCH AND11DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

The Director of National Institute of Standards and
Technology, in consultation with the Administrator, shall
support a research program to develop—

15 (1) new methamphetamine detection tech16 nologies, with emphasis on field test kits and site de17 tection; and

18 (2) appropriate standard reference materials
19 and validation procedures for methamphetamine de20 tection testing.

21 SEC. 8. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect or imit the application of, or any obligation to comply with, any State or Federal environmental law or regulation, including the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601
 et seq.) and the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901
 et seq.).

4 SEC. 9. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

5 (a) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY.—There
6 are authorized to be appropriated to the Environmental
7 Protection Agency to carry out this Act \$1,750,000 for
8 each of the fiscal years 2007 and 2008.

9 (b) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND 10 TECHNOLOGY.—There are authorized to be appropriated 11 to the National Institute of Standards and Technology to 12 carry out this Act \$750,000 for each of the fiscal years 13 2007 and 2008.

Passed the House of Representatives February 7, 2007.

Attest:

KAREN L. HAAS, *Clerk.*