# 110TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.507

To establish a grant program to provide vision care to children, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 17, 2007

Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas (for himself, Mr. FOSSELLA, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. SULLIVAN, Mr. PASCRELL, and Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

# A BILL

To establish a grant program to provide vision care to children, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

# **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Vision Care for Kids

5 Act of 2007".

## 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 7 Congress makes the following findings:
- 8 (1) Millions of children in the United States9 suffer from vision problems, many of which go unde-

tected. Because children with vision problems can
 struggle developmentally, resulting in physical, emo tional, and social consequences, good vision is essen tial for proper physical development and educational
 progress.

6 (2) Vision problems in children range from 7 common conditions such as refractive errors, ambly-8 opia, strabismus, ocular trauma, and infections, to 9 rare but potentially life- or sight-threatening prob-10 lems such as retinoblastoma, infantile cataracts, con-11 genital glaucoma, and genetic or metabolic diseases 12 of the eye.

(3) Since many serious ocular conditions are
treatable if identified in the preschool and early
school-aged years, early detection provides the best
opportunity for effective treatment and can have farreaching implications for vision.

(4) Various identification methods, including vision screening and comprehensive eye examinations
required by State laws, can be helpful in identifying
children needing services. A child identified as needing services through vision screening should receive
a comprehensive eye examination followed by subsequent treatment as needed. Any child identified as

needing services should have access to subsequent
 treatment as needed.

3 (5) There is a need to increase public awareness
4 about the prevalence and devastating consequences
5 of vision disorders in children and to educate the
6 public and health care providers about the warning
7 signs and symptoms of ocular and vision disorders
8 and the benefits of early detection, evaluation, and
9 treatment.

### 10 SEC. 3. GRANTS REGARDING VISION CARE FOR CHILDREN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
Human Services (referred to in this section as the "Secretary"), acting through the Director of the Centers for
Disease Control and Prevention, may award grants to
States on the basis of an established review process for
the purpose of complementing existing State efforts for—

(1) providing comprehensive eye examinations
by a licensed optometrist or ophthalmologist for children who have been previously identified through a
vision screening or eye examination by a licensed
health care provider or vision screener as needing
such services, with priority given to children who are
under the age of 9 years;

1	(2) providing treatment or services, subsequent
2	to the examinations described in paragraph (1), nec-
3	essary to correct vision problems; and
4	(3) developing and disseminating, to parents,
5	teachers, and health care practitioners, educational
6	materials on recognizing signs of visual impairment
7	in children.
8	(b) CRITERIA AND COORDINATION.—
9	(1) CRITERIA.—The Secretary, in consultation
10	with appropriate professional and consumer organi-
11	zations including individuals with knowledge of age
12	appropriate vision services, shall develop criteria—
13	(A) governing the operation of the grant
14	program under subsection (a); and
15	(B) for the collection of data related to vi-
16	sion assessment and the utilization of follow up
17	services.
18	(2) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall, as
19	appropriate, coordinate the program under sub-
20	section (a) with the program under section 330 of
21	the Public Health Service Act (relating to health
22	centers) (42 U.S.C. 254b), the program under title
23	XIX of the Social Security Act (relating to the Med-
24	icaid program) (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.), the pro-
25	gram under title XXI of such Act (relating to the

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1	State children's health insurance program) (42
2	U.S.C. 1397aa et seq.), and with other Federal or
3	State programs that provide services to children.
4	(c) Application.—To be eligible to receive a grant
5	under subsection (a), a State shall submit to the Secretary
6	an application in such form, made in such manner, and
7	containing such information as the Secretary may require,
8	including-
9	(1) information on existing Federal, Federal-
10	State, or State-funded children's vision programs;
11	(2) a plan for the use of grant funds, including
12	how funds will be used to complement existing State
13	efforts (including possible partnerships with non-
14	profit entities);
15	(3) a plan to determine if a grant eligible child
16	has been identified as provided for in subsection (a);
17	and
18	(4) a description of how funds will be used to
19	provide items or services, only as a secondary
20	payer—
21	(A) for an eligible child, to the extent that
22	the child is not covered for the items or services
23	under any State compensation program, under
24	an insurance policy, or under any Federal or
25	State health benefits program; or

1 (B) for an eligible child, to the extent that 2 the child receives the items or services from an 3 entity that provides health services on a prepaid 4 basis.

5 (d) EVALUATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a), a State shall agree that, not later 6 7 than 1 year after the date on which amounts under the 8 grant are first received by the State, and annually there-9 after while receiving amounts under the grant, the State will submit to the Secretary an evaluation of the oper-10 ations and activities carried out under the grant, includ-11 12 ing-

(1) an assessment of the utilization of vision
services and the status of children receiving these
services as a result of the activities carried out
under the grant;

17 (2) the collection, analysis, and reporting of
18 children's vision data according to guidelines pre19 scribed by the Secretary; and

20 (3) such other information as the Secretary21 may require.

(e) LIMITATIONS IN EXPENDITURE OF GRANT.—A
grant may be made under subsection (a) only if the State
involved agrees that the State will not expend more than
20 percent of the amount received under the grant to

carry out the purpose described in paragraph (3) of such
 subsection.

3 (f) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the
4 term "comprehensive eye examination" includes an assess5 ment of a patient's history, general medical observation,
6 external and ophthalmoscopic examination, visual acuity,
7 ocular alignment and motility, refraction, and as appro8 priate, binocular vision or gross visual fields, performed
9 by an optometrist or an ophthalmologist.

10 (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the 11 purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized 12 to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for 13 each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012.

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