110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5895

To require certain labeling of unsolicited commercial mail.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 24, 2008

Mr. Ackerman introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

To require certain labeling of unsolicited commercial mail.

- Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

 This Act may be cited as the "Solicitation Disclosure
 Act".

 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) American consumers collectively spend mil-9 lions of hours opening and reading mail they are in-10 duced into falsely believing is from a government en-11 tity or an institution with which they are currently
- doing business;

- 1 (2) misleading commercial solicitations com-2 monly employ the use of emblems, seals, or designs 3 similar to those used by the Federal government or 4 by State or local governments; and
- 5 (3) annually, millions of Americans receive com-6 mercial solicitations in the mail luring them into 7 purchasing a good or service by deliberately mis-8 leading them into believing they have won a contest.

9 SEC. 3. LABELING REQUIREMENT FOR UNSOLICITED COM-

10 MERCIAL MAIL.

11 (a) Labeling Requirement.—Beginning 6 months 12 after the date of enactment of this Act, any unsolicited 13 commercial offer that is sent to an individual through the mails shall contain, on the outside of such solicitation, a 14 15 notice to the recipient. Such notice shall be in a large, clear, and bold typeface, in a contrasting color, and in a 16 clear and conspicuous location on the outside envelope 18 containing such solicitation, or in the case of a solicitation 19 that is mailed without an envelope, in a clear and con-20 spicuous location at the top of such solicitation. Such notice shall read "This Is an Unsolicited Commercial 21 OFFER FROM" followed by the name of the person or company making such offer.

1	(b) DEFINITION.—As used in this Act, the term "un-
2	solicited commercial offer" means any solicitation or offer
3	that—
4	(1) is sent to an individual without that indi-
5	vidual having requested such solicitation or offer;
6	and
7	(2) is for any financial product or service, in-
8	cluding loans or other offers of credit, offers of in-
9	surance coverage, debt refinancing services, debt
10	cancellation services, mortgages, and investment
11	products.
12	Such term does not include an advertisement for the pur-
13	chase of consumer goods at retail.
14	(c) Enforcement.—
15	(1) Enforcing agencies.—Compliance with
16	the requirements imposed under this section shall be
17	enforced under—
18	(A) section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insur-
19	ance Act (12 U.S.C. 1818), in the case of—
20	(i) national banks, and Federal
21	branches and Federal agencies of foreign
22	banks, by the Office of the Comptroller of
23	the Currency;
24	(ii) member banks of the Federal Re-
25	serve System (other than national banks).

1	branches and agencies of foreign banks
2	(other than Federal branches, Federal
3	agencies, and insured State branches of
4	foreign banks), commercial lending compa-
5	nies owned or controlled by foreign banks,
6	and organizations operating under section
7	25 or 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act (12
8	U.S.C. 601 et seq., 611 et seq.), by the
9	Board; and
10	(iii) banks insured by the Federal De-
11	posit Insurance Corporation (other than
12	members of the Federal Reserve System)
13	and insured State branches of foreign
14	banks, by the Board of Directors of the
15	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;
16	(B) section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insur-
17	ance Act (12 U.S.C. 1818), by the Director of
18	the Office of Thrift Supervision, in the case of
19	a savings association the deposits of which are
20	insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Cor-
21	poration;
22	(C) the Federal Credit Union Act (12
23	U.S.C. 1751 et seq.), by the Administrator of
24	the National Credit Union Administration with
25	respect to any Federal credit union; and

1 (D) the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 2 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.), by the Securities and 3 Exchange Commission, with respect to any 4 broker or dealer subject to that Act.

The terms used in subparagraph (A) that are not defined in this Act or otherwise defined in section 3(s) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(s)) shall have the meaning given to them in section 1(b) of the International Banking Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3101).

(2) VIOLATIONS OF SECTION DEEMED VIOLA-TIONS $^{
m OF}$ PRE-EXISTING STATUTORY REQUIRE-MENTS; ADDITIONAL POWERS.—For the purpose of the exercise by any agency referred to in paragraph (1) of its powers under any Act referred to in that paragraph, a violation of any requirement imposed under this section shall be deemed to be a violation of a requirement imposed under that Act. In addition to its powers under any provision of law specifically referred to in paragraph (1), each of the agencies referred to in that paragraph may exercise, for the purpose of enforcing compliance with any requirement imposed under this section, any other authority conferred on it by law.

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(3) Overall enforcement authority of FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.—Except to the extent that enforcement of the requirements imposed under this section is specifically committed to some other Government agency under paragraph (1), the Federal Trade Commission shall enforce such requirements. For the purpose of the exercise by the Federal Trade Commission of its functions and powers under the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seg.), a violation of any requirement imposed under this section shall be deemed a violation of a requirement imposed under that Act. All of the functions and powers of the Federal Trade Commission under the Federal Trade Commission Act are available to the Commission to enforce compliance by any person subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission with the requirements imposed under this section, irrespective of whether that person is engaged in commerce or meets any other jurisdictional tests in the Federal Trade Commission Act.

(4) Additional enforcement with respect to insurance companies.—The attorney general of a State, the State insurance commission, or any other State agency authorized by State law may—

1	(A) bring a civil action on behalf of the
2	residents of the State in a district court of the
3	United States of appropriate jurisdiction to en-
4	force the provisions of this Act with respect to
5	insurance companies; and
6	(B) utilize administrative procedures au-
7	thorized by the State to enforce the provisions

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of this Act with respect to insurance companies.

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