^{110TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R.6676

To amend chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, to require background checks for employees authorized to possess or transfer firearms or ammunition in the course of a licensed firearms business.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JULY 30, 2008

Mrs. McCARTHY of New York (for herself, Mr. KIRK, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. MORAN of Virginia, Mr. SHAYS, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. CASTLE, Mr. ROTH-MAN, and Mr. KENNEDY) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

- To amend chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, to require background checks for employees authorized to possess or transfer firearms or ammunition in the course of a licensed firearms business.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1	SECTION 1. BACKGROUND CHECKS REQUIRED FOR EM-
2	PLOYEES AUTHORIZED TO POSSESS OR
3	TRANSFER FIREARMS OR AMMUNITION IN
4	THE COURSE OF A LICENSED FIREARM BUSI-
5	NESS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 923 of title 18, United
7 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol8 lowing:

9 ((m)(1)(A) It shall be unlawful for a licensed dealer to authorize an employee hired by the employer on or after 10 11 the effective date of this subsection to possess or transfer a firearm or ammunition in the course of employment with 12 13 the licensed dealer, unless the licensed dealer has received from the Attorney General a notice that the Attorney Gen-14 eral has determined that receipt of a firearm by the em-15 ployee would not be unlawful. 16

17 "(B) Beginning 3 months after the effective date of this subsection, it shall be unlawful for a licensed dealer 18 19 to authorize an employee hired by the employer before the 20effective date of this subsection, to possess or transfer a 21 firearm or ammunition in the course of employment with 22 the licensed dealer, unless the licensed dealer has received 23 from the Attorney General a notice that the Attorney Gen-24 eral has determined that receipt of a firearm by the employee would not be unlawful. 25

"(2) The Attorney General may temporarily waive 1 2 the applicability of paragraph (1) to an employer with re-3 spect to an employee about whom the employer has sub-4 mitted to the Attorney General the information described 5 in paragraph (3) if the Attorney General determines that the Attorney General will be unable to make a determina-6 7 tion under paragraph (3) with respect to the employee in 8 a timely manner.

9 ((3)(A)) If the Attorney General receives from a li-10 censed dealer the name and other identifying information of an employee who will be authorized by the licensed deal-11 12 er to possess or transfer a firearm in the course of employ-13 ment with the licensed dealer, the Attorney General shall determine whether it would be unlawful for the employee 14 15 to receive a firearm under Federal law or under the law of any State or locality in which the employee may be so 16 17 authorized. In making the determination, the Attorney 18 General may take into account a letter or document issued 19 under subparagraph (B).

"(B)(i) If the Attorney General determines that such
a receipt of a firearm by the employee would not be unlawful, the Attorney General shall notify the licensed dealer
in writing or electronically of the determination, and issue
to the employee a letter of clearance, which confirms the
determination.

1	"(ii) If the Attorney General determines that such a
2	receipt of a firearm by the employee would be unlawful,
3	the Attorney General shall notify the licensed dealer in
4	writing or electronically of the determination, and issue
5	to the employee a document that—
6	"(I) confirms the determination;
7	"(II) explains the grounds for the determina-
8	tion;
9	"(III) provides information on how the dis-
10	ability may be relieved; and
11	"(IV) explains how the determination may be
12	appealed.".
13	(b) Penalties.—
14	(1) Administrative.—Section 923(e) of such
15	title is amended by inserting "knowingly violated
16	subsection $(m)(1)$ or" before "willfully violated".
17	(2) CRIMINAL.—Section $924(a)(1)(D)$ of such
18	title is amended by inserting "knowingly violates sec-
19	tion 923(m)(1) or" before "willfully".
20	(c) Correction of Erroneous System Informa-
21	TION.—Section 103(g) of the Brady Handgun Violence
22	Prevention Act (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended—
23	(1) by inserting "or by an employee of the indi-
24	vidual" after "transferee" the 1st place it appears;
25	and

(2) by inserting "or employee, as the case may
 be," after "transferee" each subsequent place it ap pears.

4 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
5 this section shall apply to conduct engaged in after the
6 3-month period that begins with the date of the enactment
7 of this Act.

 \bigcirc