### 110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION S. 2932

To amend the Public Health Service Act to reauthorize the poison center national toll-free number, national media campaign, and grant program to provide assistance for poison prevention, sustain the funding of poison centers, and enhance the public health of people of the United States.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

#### April 29, 2008

Mrs. MURRAY (for herself and Mr. BURR) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

## A BILL

- To amend the Public Health Service Act to reauthorize the poison center national toll-free number, national media campaign, and grant program to provide assistance for poison prevention, sustain the funding of poison centers, and enhance the public health of people of the United States.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Poison Center Sup-
- 5 port, Enhancement, and Awareness Act of 2008".

### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 Congress makes the following findings:

3 (1) Poison control centers are the primary de-4 fense of the United States against injury and deaths 5 from poisoning. Twenty-four hours a day, the gen-6 eral public as well as health care practitioners con-7 tact their local poison control centers for help in di-8 agnosing and treating victims of poisoning. In 2007, 9 more than 4,000,000 calls were managed by poison 10 control centers providing ready and direct access for 11 all people of the United States, including many un-12 derserved populations in the United States, with 13 vital emergency public health information and re-14 sponse.

15 (2) Poisoning is the second most common form 16 of unintentional death in the United States. In any 17 given year, there will be between 3,000,000 and 18 5,000,000 poison exposures. Sixty percent of these 19 exposures will involve children under the age of 6 20 who are exposed to toxins in their home. Poisoning 21 accounts for 285,000 hospitalizations, 1,200,000 22 days of acute hospital care, and more than 26,000 23 fatalities in 2005.

24 (3) In 2008, the Harvard Injury Control Re25 search Center reported that poisonings from acci26 dents and unknown circumstances more than tripled

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1 in rate since 1990. In 2005, the last year for which 2 data are available, 26,858 people died from acci-3 dental or unknown poisonings. This represents an 4 increase of 20,000 since 1990 and an increase of 5 2,400 between 2004 and 2005. Fatalities from poi-6 soning are increasing in the United States in near 7 epidemic proportions. The funding of programs to 8 reverse this trend is needed now more than ever.

9 (4) In 2004, The Institute of Medicine of the 10 National Academy of Sciences recommended that 11 "Congress should amend the current Poison Control 12 Center Enhancement and Awareness Act Amend-13 ments of 2003 to provide sufficient funding to sup-14 port the proposed Poison Prevention and Control 15 System with its national network of poison centers. 16 Support for the core activities at the current level of 17 service is estimated to require more than \$100 mil-18 lion annually.".

(5) Sustaining the funding structure and increasing accessibility to poison control centers will
promote the utilization of poison control centers and
reduce the inappropriate use of emergency medical
services and other more costly health care services.
The 2004 Institute of Medicine Report to Congress
determined that for every \$1 invested in the Na-

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tion's poison control centers \$7 of health care costs
are saved. In 2005, direct Federal health care program savings totaled in excess of \$525,000,000 as
the result of poison control center public health services.

6 (6) More than 30 percent of the cost savings 7 and financial benefits of the Nation's network of poi-8 son control centers are realized annually by Federal 9 health care programs (estimated to be more than 10 \$1,000,000,000), yet Federal funding support (as 11 demonstrated by the annual authorization of 12 \$30,100,000 in Public Law 108–194) comprises less than 11 percent of the annual network expenditures 13 14 of poison centers.

(7) Real-time data collected from the Nation's
certified poison control centers can be an important
source of information for the detection, monitoring,
and response for contamination of the air, water,
pharmaceutical, or food supply.

(8) In the event of a terrorist event, poison control centers will be relied upon as a critical source
for accurate medical information and public health
emergency response concerning the treatment of patients who have had an exposure to a chemical, radiological, or biological agent.

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NUMBER.

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7 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide co8 ordination and assistance to poison control centers for the
9 establishment of a nationwide toll-free phone number, and
10 the maintenance of such number, to be used to access such
11 centers.

12 "(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 13 is authorized to be appropriated \$2,000,000 for fiscal year 14 2009 to carry out this section, and \$1,000,000 for each 15 of fiscal years 2010 through 2014 for the maintenance 16 of the nationwide toll free phone number under subsection 17 (a).".

18 SEC. 4. REAUTHORIZATION OF NATIONWIDE MEDIA CAM-

# 19 PAIGN TO PROMOTE POISON CONTROL CEN-20 TER UTILIZATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1272 of the Public Health
Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–72) is amended to read as
follows:

## 1 "SEC. 1272. NATIONWIDE MEDIA CAMPAIGN TO PROMOTE2POISON CONTROL CENTER UTILIZATION.

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out, 4 and expand upon, a national media campaign to educate 5 the public and health care providers about poison preven-6 tion and the availability of poison control center resources 7 in local communities and to conduct advertising cam-8 paigns concerning the nationwide toll-free number estab-9 lished under section 1271(a).

10 "(b) CONTRACT WITH ENTITY.—The Secretary may 11 carry out subsection (a) by entering into contracts with 12 one or more public or private entities, including nationally 13 recognized organizations in the field of poison control and 14 national media firms, for the development and implemen-15 tation of a nationwide poison prevention and poison con-16 trol center awareness campaign, which may include—

17 "(1) the development and distribution of poison
18 prevention and poison control center awareness ma19 terials;

20 "(2) television, radio, Internet, and newspaper
21 public service announcements; and

22 "(3) other activities to provide for public and23 professional awareness and education.

24 "(c) EVALUATION.—The Secretary shall—

25 "(1) establish baseline measures and bench26 marks to quantitatively evaluate the impact of the
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nationwide media campaign carried out under this
 section; and

- 3 "(2) on an annual basis, prepare and submit to
  4 the appropriate committees of Congress, an evalua5 tion of the nationwide media campaign.
- 6 "(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
  7 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
  8 such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2009, and
  9 \$1,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.".

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
this section shall be effective on the date of the enactment
of this Act and shall apply to contracts entered into on
or after January 1, 2009.

### 14 SEC. 5. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE POISON CONTROL CEN-

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### TER GRANT PROGRAM.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1273 of the Public Health
17 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300d–73) is amended to read as
18 follows:

# 19 "SEC. 1273. MAINTENANCE OF THE POISON CONTROL CEN20 TER GRANT PROGRAM.

"(a) AUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary
shall award grants to poison control centers certified
under subsection (c) (or granted a waiver under subsection
(d)) and professional organizations in the field of poison
control for the purposes of preventing, and providing

treatment recommendations for, poisonings and complying
 with the operational requirements needed to sustain the
 certification of the center under subsection (c).

4 "(b) ADDITIONAL USES OF GRANT FUNDS.—In addi5 tion to the purposes described in subsection (a), a poison
6 center or professional organization awarded a grant under
7 such subsection may also use amounts received under such
8 grant—

9 "(1) to establish and evaluate best practices in 10 the United States for poison prevention, poison con-11 trol center outreach, and emergency and prepared-12 ness programs;

"(2) to research, develop, implement, revise,
and communicate standard patient management
guidelines for commonly encountered toxic exposures;

"(3) to improve national toxic exposure surveillance by enhancing cooperative activities between
poison control centers in the United States and the
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;

"(4) to develop, support, and enhance technology and capabilities of professional organizations
in the field of poison control to collect national poisoning, toxic occurrence, and related public health
data;

"(5) to develop initiatives to foster the en-1 2 hanced public health utilization of national poison 3 data collected by organizations described in para-4 graph (4); "(6) to support and expand the toxicologic ex-5 6 pertise within poison control centers; and 7 "(7) to improve the capacity of poison control 8 centers to answer high volumes of calls and respond 9 during times of national crisis or other public health 10 emergencies. 11 "(c) CERTIFICATION.—Except as provided in sub-12 section (d), the Secretary may award a grant to a poison control center under subsection (a) only if-13 14 "(1) the center has been certified by a profes-15 sional organization in the field of poison control, and 16 the Secretary has approved the organization as hav-17 ing in effect standards for certification that reason-18 ably provide for the protection of the public health 19 with respect to poisoning; or 20 "(2) the center has been certified by a State 21 government, and the Secretary has approved the 22 State government as having in effect standards for 23 certification that reasonably provide for the protec-24 tion of the public health with respect to poisoning. "(d) WAIVER OF CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.— 25

1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may grant a 2 waiver of the certification requirements of subsection 3 (c) with respect to a noncertified poison control cen-4 ter that applies for a grant under this section if such 5 center can reasonably demonstrate that the center 6 will obtain such a certification within a reasonable 7 period of time as determined appropriate by the Sec-8 retary. 9 "(2) RENEWAL.—The Secretary may renew a 10 waiver under paragraph (1). 11 "(3) LIMITATION.—In no case may the sum of 12 the number of years for a waiver under paragraph 13 (1) and a renewal under paragraph (2) exceed 5 14 vears. The preceding sentence shall take effect as of 15 the date of the enactment of the Poison Center Sup-16 port, Enhancement, and Awareness Act of 2008. 17 "(e) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—Amounts made available to a poison control center under this section shall 18 19 be used to supplement and not supplant other Federal, 20 State, or local funds provided for such center. 21 "(f) MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT.—A poison control 22 center, in utilizing the proceeds of a grant under this sec-23 tion, shall maintain the expenditures of the center for ac-24 tivities of the center at a level that is not less than the

25 level of expenditures maintained by the center for the fis-

cal year preceding the fiscal year for which the grant is
 received.

3 "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
4 is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
5 \$27,500,000 for fiscal year 2009, and \$35,000,000 for
6 each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.".

7 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by
8 this section shall be effective as of the date of the enact9 ment of this Act and shall apply to grants made on or
10 after January 1, 2009.

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