110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3040

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to reduce the exposure of children, workers, and consumers to toxic chemical substances.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 20, 2008

Mr. Lautenberg (for himself, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Whitehouse, Mrs. Clinton, and Mr. Kerry) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to reduce the exposure of children, workers, and consumers to toxic chemical substances.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Kid-Safe Chemicals
- 5 Act of 2008".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS, POLICIES, AND GOALS.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

- 1 (1) the incidence of some diseases and disorders 2 that have been linked to chemical exposures are on 3 the rise;
 - (2) the metabolism, physiology, and exposure patterns of developing fetuses, infants, and children to toxic chemicals differ from those of adults, which makes children more vulnerable than adults to the harmful effects of exposure to some synthetic chemicals;
 - (3) unlike manufacturers of pharmaceuticals and pesticides, manufacturers of most chemical substances are not required under current law to supply human or environmental toxicity information before selling their products to the public;
 - (4) consequently, the vast majority of chemicals used in commercial products have never had any Federal review to evaluate potential toxicity of the produces to infants, children, developing fetuses, or adults;
 - (5) biomonitoring tests have shown that a fetus, infant, or child in the United States today often has many synthetic chemicals in its blood and tissue;
 - (6) certain chemicals that are persistent or slow to degrade and which bioaccumulate in human bod-

- ies and wildlife have been found to be increasing in
 the environment;
 - (7) despite those alarming discoveries, the Environmental Protection Agency has reviewed the human health risks of only an estimated 2 percent of the 62,000 chemicals that were in use in 1976, when Congress passed the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.);
 - (8) the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (referred to in this Act as the "Administrator") has promulgated regulations to ban or restrict the use of only 5 chemical substances in 29 years, based on the excessively high administrative and legal hurdles imposed by that Act;
 - (9) the chemical industry is an important part of the economy of the United States that has demonstrated innovation in meeting environmental challenges and is taking voluntary steps to help ensure that the products of the industry are safe;
 - (10) there is significant global trade in the chemical sector and many of the companies that conduct business in the United States must also comply with chemical safety regulatory programs in other countries:

1	(11) the data that is generated to comply with
2	these other regulatory programs would be useful in
3	understanding hazards presented in the United
4	States; and
5	(12) a fundamental overhaul of chemical man-
6	agement in the United States is needed to build a
7	nontoxic environment for the children of the United
8	States.
9	(b) Policy.—It is the policy of the United States—
10	(1) to promote children's health as a paramount
11	national goal, recognizing that developing fetuses,
12	infants, and children are uniquely vulnerable to the
13	harmful effects of some toxic chemicals during all
14	stages of their development;
15	(2) to minimize toxic substances in the environ-
16	ment of children, workers, and consumers by—
17	(A) promoting the use of safer alternatives
18	and other actions to reduce exposure to haz-
19	ardous chemicals and reward business innova-
20	tion;
21	(B) holding chemical manufacturers re-
22	sponsible for providing robust health and safety
23	data for each chemical produced by the manu-
24	facturers prior to distribution of that chemical
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substance in commerce; and

1	(C) providing to the Administrator the au-
2	thority to allow the commercial distribution of
3	chemical substances only in cases in which data
4	and other information indicate that there is a
5	reasonable certainty that the chemical sub-
6	stances pose no harm to human health or the
7	environment; and
8	(3) to guarantee that the public and workers
9	have an absolute right to know about the hazards
10	and health effects of the chemical substances to
11	which they are exposed.
12	(c) GOAL.—It is the goal of the United States to
13	eliminate the exposure of all children, workers, consumers,
14	and sensitive subgroups to harmful chemicals distributed
15	in commerce by calendar year 2020 by—
16	(1) identifying the highest-priority chemical
17	substances for review by calendar year 2009;
18	(2)(A) making a safety determination for, at a
19	minimum, the first 300 priority chemical substances
20	by calendar year 2012; and
21	(B) banning or restricting the use of a chemical
22	substance if it cannot be demonstrated that the sub-
23	stance meets the applicable safety standard;
24	(3)(A) making a safety determination for all
25	chemical substances by calendar year 2020; and

1	(B) banning or restricting the use of those sub-
2	stances if it cannot be demonstrated that the sub-
3	stances meet the applicable safety standard; and
4	(4) encouraging the replacement of harmful
5	chemicals with safer alternatives.
6	SEC. 3. PROTECTION OF CHILDREN'S HEALTH FROM CHEM-
7	ICAL SUBSTANCES.
8	(a) In General.—The Toxic Substances Control Act
9	(15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
10	the following:
11	"TITLE V—CHILD SAFE
12	CHEMICALS
13	"SEC. 501. DEFINITIONS.
14	"In this title:
15	"(1) Board.—The term 'Board' means the
16	Interagency Science Advisory Board on Children's
17	Health and Toxic Substances established under sec-
18	tion 510(a).
19	"(2) Director.—The term 'Director' means
20	the Director of the National Center for Environ-
21	mental Health at the Centers for Disease Control
22	and Prevention.
23	"(3) Priority List.—The term 'priority list'
24	means the priority list of chemical substances devel-
25	oped by the Administrator under section 503(b)(1).

1	"(4) Reasonable certainty.—The term 'rea-
2	sonable certainty', with respect to the finding, in es-
3	tablishing a safety standard, that no harm will be
4	caused by aggregate exposure of a fetus, infant,
5	child, worker, or member of other sensitive subgroup
6	to a chemical substance, means that—
7	"(A) for risks posed by a chemical sub-
8	stance with a nonthreshold effect, exposure to
9	all sources of the chemical substance presents
10	not more than a 1-in-1,000,000 risk of adverse
11	effects in the population of concern; and
12	"(B) for risks posed by a chemical sub-
13	stance with a threshold effect, as established by
14	the Administrator based on supporting data, an
15	additional tenfold margin of safety shall be ap-
16	plied to take into account the potential vulner-
17	ability associated with in-utero, infant, or child-
18	hood exposure to all sources of the chemical
19	substance.
20	"(5) Safety Standard.—The term 'safety
21	standard' means, with respect to a chemical sub-
22	stance (or another chemical substance with a com-
23	mon mechanism of action), a standard that—
24	"(A) provides a reasonable certainty that
25	no harm will be caused by aggregate exposure

1	of a fetus, infant, child, worker, or member of
2	other sensitive subgroup to the chemical sub-
3	stance; and
4	"(B) is requisite to protect the public wel-
5	fare from any known or anticipated adverse ef-
6	fects associated with the chemical substance.
7	"(6) Toxicological property.—
8	"(A) In General.—The term 'toxi-
9	cological property' means actual or potential
10	toxicity, bioconcentration, or other biological or
11	adverse effects of a chemical substance.
12	"(B) Inclusions.—The term 'toxicological
13	property' includes actual or potential effects of
14	exposure to a chemical substance on—
15	"(i) mortality;
16	"(ii) morbidity;
17	"(iii) reproduction;
18	"(iv) development;
19	"(v) the immune system;
20	"(vi) the endocrine system;
21	"(vii) the brain or nervous system; or
22	"(viii) any other biological functions
23	in humans or animals

1	"SEC. 502. MANUFACTURER SAFETY CERTIFICATIONS FOR
2	EXISTING CHEMICALS IN COMMERCE.
3	"(a) Safety Statement and Information.—Not
4	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this title,
5	each manufacturer of a chemical substance distributed in
6	commerce shall submit to the Administrator—
7	"(1) a statement signed by the chief executive
8	officer of the manufacturer certifying, based on
9	available information after a good faith inquiry,
10	that—
11	"(A) the chemical substance meets the
12	safety standard for the chemical substance; or
13	"(B) there are insufficient data to deter-
14	mine whether the chemical substance meets
15	that safety standard; and
16	"(2) all reasonably available information in the
17	possession or control of the manufacturer that has
18	not previously been submitted to the Administrator
19	regarding the physical, chemical, and toxicological
20	properties of the chemical substance, including the
21	annual production volume and known uses of, and
22	exposure and fate information relating to, the chem-
23	ical substance.
24	"(b) UPDATING OF INFORMATION.—Each manufac-
25	turer of a chemical substance described in subsection (a)

1	shall update and submit to the Administrator the informa-
2	tion described in subsection (a)(2)—
3	"(1) at a minimum, every 3 years; and
4	"(2) at any time at which there becomes avail-
5	able significant new information regarding a phys-
6	ical, chemical, or toxicological property of, or expo-
7	sure to, the chemical substance, including, at a min-
8	imum, any information that—
9	"(A) demonstrates a new potential toxic ef-
10	fect of the chemical substance;
11	"(B) corroborates previous information
12	demonstrating or suggesting a toxic effect; or
13	"(C) suggests a toxic effect at a lower dose
14	than previously demonstrated.
15	"SEC. 503. PRIORITY LIST OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES FOR
16	EPA SAFETY DETERMINATION.
17	"(a) Categorization.—Not later than 5 years after
18	the date of enactment of this title, the Administrator shall
19	publish in the Federal Register a list of all chemical sub-
20	stances distributed in commerce that categorizes the
21	chemical substances, based on existing information avail-
22	able to the Administrator, into 1 or more of the following
23	categories:

- 1 "(1) Chemical substances that meet 1 or more 2 of the criteria described in subsection (c), with each 3 such enumerated criterion being a separate category.
 - "(2) Chemical substances for which available information is insufficient to determine whether the chemical substances meet any of the criteria referred to in paragraph (1).

8 "(b) Priority List.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this title, the Administrator shall develop and publish a priority list of not less than 300 chemical substances for which safety determinations under section 504 shall first be made.
- "(2) UPDATING OF LIST.—The Administrator shall add at least 200 chemical substances to the priority list annually until all chemical substances that meet the criteria described in subsection (c) have been added to the priority list.
- "(3) Petition.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Administrator receives from any individual or entity a petition to nominate a chemical substance for addition to the priority list, the Administrator shall determine whether to add

1	the nominated chemical substance to the priority
2	list.
3	"(c) Criteria for Identifying Prioritized
4	CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.—In developing or updating the
5	priority list, the Administrator shall take into account all
6	relevant data with respect to chemical substances consid-
7	ered for inclusion on the priority list, including whether
8	a chemical substance—
9	"(1) or the metabolite or degradation byproduct
10	of the chemical substance, is found in human blood
11	fluids, or tissue, unless the chemical substance is not
12	synthetic and is naturally present at the level com-
13	monly found in blood, fluids, or tissue;
14	"(2) is found in food, drinking water, or indoor
15	air, unless the chemical substance is not synthetic
16	and is naturally present at the level commonly found
17	in food, drinking water, or indoor air;
18	"(3) is manufactured or discharged into the en-
19	vironment at a volume of more than 1,000,000
20	pounds annually;
21	"(4) is a known or suspected reproductive, neu-
22	rological, or immunological toxicant, carcinogen
23	mutagen, or endocrine disruptor, or causes negative
24	developmental effects or has other toxicological prop-

erties of concern; or

1	"(5) is persistent or bioaccumulative.
2	"(d) Treatment as Final Agency Action; Non-
3	DISCRETIONARY DUTY.—
4	"(1) Treatment as final agency action.—
5	Neither categorization of a chemical substance under
6	subsection (a), nor inclusion of a chemical substance
7	on the priority list, shall be considered to be a final
8	agency action for the purpose of subchapter II of
9	chapter 5, and chapter 7, of title 5, United States
10	Code (commonly known as 'the Administrative Pro-
11	cedure Act').
12	"(2) Nondiscretionary duty.—The failure
13	of the Administrator to categorize chemical sub-
14	stances or issue or update the priority list in accord-
15	ance with this section shall be considered to be a
16	failure to perform a nondiscretionary duty.
17	"SEC. 504. EPA SAFETY STANDARD DETERMINATION FOR
18	CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.
19	"(a) In General.—
20	"(1) RISK.—The Administrator shall interpret
21	a reasonable certainty of no harm under this section
22	to mean that—
23	"(A) for risks posed by chemical sub-
24	stances with nonthreshold effects, aggregate ex-
25	posure to the chemical substance presents not

1	more than a 1 in 1,000,000 risk of adverse ef-
2	fects in the population of concern; and
3	"(B) for risks posed by chemical sub-
4	stances with threshold effects, an additional
5	tenfold margin of safety shall be applied to take
6	into account the potential vulnerability associ-
7	ated with in-utero, infant, or childhood expo-
8	sure to all sources of the chemical substance.
9	"(2) Assumption.—The Administrator shall
10	not assume a threshold exposure level for any ad-
11	verse effect of a chemical substance unless the Ad-
12	ministrator determines that the manufacturer has
13	established the existence of a threshold level for the
14	adverse effect for the chemical substance.
15	"(b) Safety Determination.—
16	"(1) Priority Chemicals.—
17	"(A) In general.—Not later than 3 years
18	after the date on which a chemical substance is
19	placed on the priority list, the Administrator—
20	"(i) beginning with the 300 chemical
21	substances first listed on the priority list,
22	shall determine whether the manufacturer
23	of each chemical substance has established
24	that the chemical substance meets the
25	safety standard; and

1	"(ii) in making that determination,
2	may consider any risk reduction achieved
3	pursuant to section 507.
4	"(B) Interim standards.—
5	"(i) Notice of Pending Deter-
6	MINATION.—If the Administrator fails to
7	act by an applicable deadline under sub-
8	paragraph (A), a manufacturer of a chem-
9	ical substance affected by the failure to act
10	shall issue to the Administrator, the public,
11	and each known customer of the chemical
12	substance a written notice that a deter-
13	mination by the Administrator of the safe-
14	ty of the chemical substance is pending.
15	"(ii) Failure of administrator to
16	ACT.—Not later than 5 years after the
17	date on which a chemical substance is
18	placed on the priority list, if the Adminis-
19	trator has not made a determination under
20	subparagraph (A) with respect to the
21	chemical substance, the chemical substance
22	shall not be manufactured, imported, or
23	distributed in commerce.
24	"(2) OTHER CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.—Not
25	later than 15 years after the date of enactment of

- 1 this title, and every 15 years thereafter, the Admin-2 istrator shall assess, or reassess, as the case may be, whether the manufacturer of each chemical sub-3 stance distributed in commerce as of that date has established that the chemical substance meets the 5 6 safety standard.
- 7 "(3) New Chemical Substances.—As of the 8 date that is 90 days after the date of enactment of 9 this title, no new chemical substance shall be distrib-10 uted in commerce unless the Administrator determines that the manufacturer of the chemical sub-12 stance has established that the chemical substance 13 meets the safety standard, as determined by the Ad-14 ministrator.
 - "(4) New Information.—The Administrator may redetermine whether a manufacturer of a chemical substance distributed in commerce has established that the chemical substance meets the safety standard if, in the judgment of the Administrator, new information raises a credible question as to whether the chemical substance continues to meet the safety standard.
- "(c) Information.—In making a determination with 23 respect to a chemical substance under subsection (b), the

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1	Administrator, based upon the information collected under
2	subsection (b), shall take into account—
3	"(1) environmental fate and transport of the
4	chemical substance, including—
5	"(A) degradation;
6	"(B) persistence in the environment;
7	"(C) mobility; and
8	"(D) distribution across environmental
9	media;
10	"(2) biological fate and transport of the chem-
11	ical substance, including—
12	"(A) metabolism;
13	"(B) bioaccumulation and biomagnification
14	potential; and
15	"(C) toxicokinetics;
16	"(3) acute, subchronic, and chronic human
17	health effects of exposure to the chemical substance
18	including reproductive, developmental, genotoxic
19	neurotoxic, immunotoxic, and endocrine-disrupting
20	effects;
21	"(4) the potential for additive or synergistic ef-
22	fects to result from exposure to multiple chemical
23	substances;
24	"(5) the ecotoxicity of the chemical substance to
25	avian, terrestrial, and aquatic species;

1	"(6) the presence of the chemical substance in,
2	at a minimum—
3	"(A) human blood, fluids, and tissue; and
4	"(B) food, drinking water, and indoor air;
5	"(7) the uses of the chemical substance and as-
6	sociated known and potential releases and exposures;
7	"(8) the potential effects of the chemical sub-
8	stance resulting from low-dose exposures;
9	"(9) the timing of exposure during sensitive
10	stages of human development; and
11	"(10) the size, shape, and surface properties,
12	and any other physical characteristics, of the chem-
13	ical substance that may effect the toxicity, hazards,
14	or exposure of the chemical substance.
15	"SEC. 505. ADDRESSING PRENATAL EXPOSURES.
16	"(a) Monitoring Prenatal Exposure.—If,
17	through studies performed pursuant to section 506(d) or
18	by other means, the Administrator identifies a chemical
19	substance that may be present in human blood, fluids, or
20	tissue, the Administrator shall arrange for the Director
21	to conduct, not later than 2 years after the date on which
22	the Administrator makes the identification, a biomoni-
23	toring study to determine the presence of the chemical
24	substance in human cord blood.

1	"(b) Publication.—Upon completion of the study
2	conducted under subsection (a)—
3	"(1) the Director shall inform the Adminis-
4	trator of the results of the study; and
5	"(2) the Administrator shall publish the results
6	on the Internet.
7	"(c) Priority List Chemical Substances Found
8	IN HUMAN CORD BLOOD.—
9	"(1) In General.—Any chemical substance
10	that is on the priority list because the chemical sub-
11	stance meets criteria described in paragraph (4) or
12	(5) of section 503(c) and is found to be present in
13	human cord blood under this section shall be pre-
14	sumed by the Administrator to have failed to meet
15	the safety standard under section 504.
16	"(2) Rebuttal.—The presumption under
17	paragraph (1) may be rebutted only if the Adminis-
18	trator determines that the chemical substances
19	meets the safety standard under section 504.
20	"SEC. 506. COLLECTION OF CHEMICAL SAFETY INFORMA-
21	TION.
22	"(a) In General.—On receipt of a request from the
23	Administrator, a manufacturer of a chemical substance
24	shall provide to the Administrator all information re-
25	quested under this section.

1	"(b) Minimum Data Requirements.—
2	"(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
3	after the date of enactment of this title, the Admin-
4	istrator shall establish minimum data requirements
5	that would ensure that determinations under section
6	504 are based on sufficient and reliable data.
7	"(2) Requirements.—The minimum data re-
8	quirements shall—
9	"(A) at a minimum, require the submission
10	of information sufficient to determine whether a
11	chemical substance has the potential—
12	"(i) to persist or bioaccumulate in hu-
13	mans or nonhuman organisms;
14	"(ii) to cause skin irritation or skin
15	sensitization;
16	"(iii) to cause mutations, cytogenicity,
17	or chromosomal aberrations;
18	"(iv) to cause acute or chronic toxicity
19	in humans;
20	"(v) to cause reproductive or develop-
21	mental toxicity in humans;
22	"(vi) to cause acute or chronic toxicity
23	in aquatic organisms;
24	"(vii) to persist in the environment; or

1	"(viii) to degrade into substances that
2	have the potential to exhibit any of the ef-
3	fects described in clauses (i) through (vii);
4	and
5	"(B) include the requirement to submit—
6	"(i) production, processing, use, and
7	exposure-related information;
8	"(ii) an assessment of the number of
9	workers reasonably likely to be exposed to
10	the chemical substance at the site of man-
11	ufacture; and
12	"(iii) a description of the commercial
13	and consumer uses of the chemical sub-
14	stance.
15	"(c) Tiering Process.—The Administrator may de-
16	velop a tiering process for use in the submission of the
17	information under this section.
18	"(d) Biomonitoring.—
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years
20	after the date of enactment of this title, and every
21	3 years thereafter, the Director shall, at the expense
22	of manufacturers of chemical substances, carry out
23	a biomonitoring study to determine the presence in
24	human blood, fluids, or tissue for any chemical sub-
25	stance that is—

1	"(A) manufactured in quantities greater
2	than 1,000,000 pounds during 1 calendar year;
3	or
4	"(B) distributed in commerce—
5	"(i) to which humans are exposed;
6	and
7	"(ii) for which there is cause for con-
8	cern regarding the exposure (as deter-
9	mined by the Administrator), such as a po-
10	tential for persistence or bioaccumulation
11	of the chemical substance.
12	"(2) User fee.—Not later than 1 year after
13	the date of enactment of this title, the Director shall
14	establish a user fee program to ensure that the man-
15	ufacturer of a chemical substance provides the nec-
16	essary funds to carry out a biomonitoring study for
17	the chemical substance pursuant to paragraph (1).
18	"(3) Standard.—The Administrator shall by
19	regulation establish a standard for biomonitoring
20	studies under this subsection that includes—
21	"(A) the use of a representative sample
22	that ensures that likely exposed populations, in-
23	cluding children, are oversampled; and
24	"(B) a determination of appropriate detec-
25	tion levels of chemical substances.

1	"(4) Substance detection.—A manufacturer
2	of a chemical substance that is subject to paragraph
3	(1) shall make available to the public a practicable
4	method (as determined by the Administrator) for
5	use in detecting the presence of the chemical sub-
6	stance (or any metabolite of the chemical substance)
7	in human blood, fluids, and tissue.
8	"SEC. 507. REDUCTION OF HEALTH HAZARDS FOR CHIL-
9	DREN, WORKERS, AND CONSUMERS.
10	"(a) Market Restrictions.—No person shall man-
11	ufacture, import, or distribute in commerce a chemical
12	substance if—
13	"(1) the Administrator determines that the per-
14	son failed to act in accordance with section 502 or
15	section 506; or
16	"(2) the Administrator determines that the
17	chemical substance does not meet the applicable
18	safety standard.
19	"(b) Use Exemptions.—
20	"(1) In general.—In any case in which a
21	chemical substance does not meet the safety stand-
22	ard because of an aggregation of exposure, the Ad-
23	ministrator, upon receipt of a petition or upon the
24	initiative of the Administrator, may allow manufac-
25	turing for a specified use of the chemical substance

- 1 if the Administrator determines that the manufac-2 turer has established that the use meets the safety 3 standard on an ongoing and verifiable basis. "(2) Considerations.—In making a deter-4 5 mination under paragraph (1), the Administrator 6 shall consider exposures pursuant to other use ex-7 emptions issued by the Administrator. "(3) Limitation.— 8 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in 9 subparagraph (B), a use exemption issued 10 11 under this subsection shall remain in effect for 12 not longer than 5 years. "(B) Subsequent use exemptions.— 13 14 The Administrator may issue subsequent use 15 exemptions that may remain in effect for not 16 longer than 5 years. 17 "(c) Unsafe Chemical Substances Found in PRODUCTS.—The Administrator may prohibit a specified 18 19 use of a chemical substance in consumer products if, after providing public notice and an opportunity for comment, 21 the Administrator determines that the use of the product in the home results in human exposure that does not meet
- 24 "(d) Other Exemption.—

the safety standard.

1	"(1) In general.—The President, in a non-
2	delegable capacity, may make an exemption from
3	this section for a specific use of a chemical sub-
4	stance for a period of not to exceed 5 years if, after
5	providing public notice and an opportunity for com-
6	ment, the President determines that—
7	"(A) an exemption is in the paramount in-
8	terest of national security, or the lack of avail-
9	ability of the chemical substance would cause
10	significant disruption in the national economy;
11	and
12	"(B) no feasible alternative for the speci-
13	fied use of the chemical substance is available.
14	"(2) Renewability.—The President may
15	renew an exemption under paragraph (1) for 1 or
16	more additional 5-year periods if the President con-
17	cludes, after providing public notice and an oppor-
18	tunity for comment, that a renewal is necessary.
19	"(3) Public Notice.—If the President grants
20	an exemption for a chemical substance under this
21	subsection—
22	"(A) the manufacturer of the chemical
23	substance shall provide notice of the exemption
24	to each known customer of the manufacturer;
25	and

1	"(B) the President shall provide the public
2	with a notice of the exemption.
3	"(e) Other Agency Rulemakings.—The Adminis-
4	trator shall consider any safety determination for a chem-
5	ical substance pursuant to section 504, and any market
6	restriction and use exemption pursuant to this section, in
7	the exercise of other relevant agency rulemakings.
8	"SEC. 508. ANIMAL TESTING ALTERNATIVES.
9	"(a) Alternatives to Animal Testing.—
10	"(1) In general.—To minimize the use of ani-
11	mal testing of chemical substances, the Adminis-
12	trator shall—
13	"(A) require the use, where practicable,
14	of—
15	"(i) existing data to fill data gaps by
16	calling for mandatory disclosure of all ex-
17	isting data, and thoroughly investigating
18	sources of existing data;
19	"(ii) replacement alternatives that—
20	"(I) do not involve the use of an
21	animal to test the chemical substance;
22	and
23	"(II) provide information that is
24	equivalent in scientific quality to the
25	animal testing method; and

1	"(iii) reduction alternatives that use
2	fewer animals than conventional animal-
3	based tests when replacement alternatives
4	are impracticable, including the use of
5	tests that combine 2 or more endpoints;
6	"(B) encourage, where practicable—
7	"(i) the grouping of similar chemicals
8	into categories to limit testing to only
9	those chemicals which are representative of
10	the group; and
11	"(ii) the forming of industry consortia
12	to jointly conduct testing to avoid duplica-
13	tion of tests; and
14	"(C) fund research and validation studies
15	to reduce and replace the use of animal tests in
16	accordance with this paragraph.
17	"(2) List of alternative testing meth-
18	ods.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
19	ment of this title, and triennially thereafter, the Ad-
20	ministrator, in consultation with the Board, shall
21	publish a list of the alternative testing methods de-
22	scribed in paragraph (1).
23	"(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
24	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
25	\$5,000,000.

"SEC. 509. SAFER ALTERNATIVES AND GREEN CHEMISTRY.
"(a) Safer Alternatives Program.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
the date of enactment of this title, the Administrator
shall establish a program to create market incentives
for the development of safer alternatives to existing
chemical substances.
"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The program under
paragraph (1) shall include—
"(A) expedited review of new chemical sub-
stances for which the manufacturer submits an
alternatives analysis indicating that the new
chemical substance is the safer alternative for a
particular use than existing chemical substances
used for the same purpose;
"(B) recognition for a chemical substance
determined by the Administrator to be a safer
alternative for a particular use by means of a
special designation intended for use in mar-
keting the safer alternative, and periodic public
awards; and
"(C) such other incentives as the Adminis-
trator considers to be appropriate to encourage
the development, marketing, and use of chem-

ical substances determined by the Adminis-

1	trator to be safer alternatives for the particular
2	uses.
3	"(b) Green Chemistry Research and Clearing-
4	HOUSE NETWORK.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-
6	tablish a network of not less than 4 green chemistry
7	and technology research and clearinghouse centers,
8	located in various regions of the United States, to
9	support the development and adoption of safer alter-
10	natives to chemical substances, particularly chemical
11	substances placed on the priority list.
12	"(2) Requirements.—The research and clear-
13	inghouse centers described in paragraph (1) shall—
14	"(A) provide technical assistance relating
15	to alternatives analysis, green chemistry, and
16	green technology techniques to small and me-
17	dium-sized manufacturers of chemical sub-
18	stances;
19	"(B) provide technical training relating to
20	alternatives analysis, green chemistry, chemicals
21	policy, and green technology techniques to stu-
22	dents and professionals;
23	"(C) conduct alternatives analysis, green
24	chemistry, and green technology research; and

1	"(D) provide grants to promote and sup-
2	port the research, development, adoption, and
3	use of alternatives to the activities identified in
4	subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C).
5	"SEC. 510. INTERAGENCY SCIENCE ADVISORY BOARD ON
6	CHILDREN'S HEALTH AND TOXIC SUB-
7	STANCES.
8	"(a) Establishment.—
9	"(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days
10	after the date of enactment of this title, the Admin-
11	istrator shall establish an advisory board, to be
12	known as the 'Interagency Science Advisory Board
13	on Children's Health and Toxic Substances'.
14	"(2) Composition.—The Board shall be com-
15	posed of, at a minimum, representatives of—
16	"(A) the National Institute of Environ-
17	mental Health Sciences;
18	"(B) the Centers for Disease Control and
19	Prevention;
20	"(C) the National Toxicology Program;
21	"(D) the National Cancer Institute;
22	"(E) the National Tribal Science Council;
23	and
24	"(F) not fewer than 3 centers of children's
25	health at leading universities.

1	"(b) Purposes.—The purposes of the Board shall
2	be—
3	"(1) to provide independent advice and peer re-
4	view to the Administrator and Congress on the sci-
5	entific and technical aspects of problems and issues
6	relating to the requirements of this title;
7	"(2) to review the scientific and technical basis
8	for the standards, rules, guidance, and other science-
9	based decisions under this title, including the provi-
10	sion of expert consultation and advice to the Admin-
11	istrator; and
12	"(3) to reduce the duplication of the efforts by
13	manufacturers to—
14	"(A) comply with this title; and
15	"(B) reduce the testing of chemical sub-
16	stances on animals.
17	"SEC. 511. COOPERATION WITH INTERNATIONAL EFFORTS.
18	"In cooperation with the Secretary of State and the
19	head of any other appropriate Federal agency (as deter-
20	mined by the Administrator), the Administrator shall co-
21	operate with any international effort—
22	"(1) to develop a common protocol or electronic
23	database relating to chemical substances; or
24	"(2) to develop safer alternatives for chemical
25	substances.

1 "SEC. 512. PUBLIC ACCESS TO INFORMATION.

2	(a) TRANSMISSION TO ADMINISTRATOR.—Each
3	Federal agency and Federal institution shall submit to the
4	Administrator all information provided to the Federal
5	agency or institution relating to a hazard of, or risk of
6	exposure to, a chemical substance.
7	"(b) Electronic Database.—Not later than 1 year
8	after the date of enactment of this title, the Administrator,
9	in collaboration with interested parties, shall establish—
10	"(1) a consistent format for the submission of
11	data to an electronic, Internet-accessible database
12	for storing and sharing of information relating to
13	the toxicity and use of, and exposure to, chemical
14	substances; and
15	"(2) procedures for use in maintaining the
16	database.
17	"(c) Public Access.—Not later than 18 months
18	after the date of enactment of this title, the Administrator
19	shall make available to the public via the Internet-acces-
20	sible database described in subsection (b)(1)—
21	"(1) any information provided to the Adminis-
22	trator relating to the properties and hazards of a
23	chemical substance; and
24	"(2) any other nonconfidential information re-
25	lating to a chemical substance that is provided to
26	the Administrator.

- 1 "(d) Reliable Information.—The Administrator 2 shall establish and implement procedures to ensure data 3 reliability that include—
 - "(1) not less than 1 time each year, the Administrator shall randomly inspect not less than 3 percent of the commercial and private laboratories which develop the data required by the title on the various properties and characteristics of a chemical substance;
 - "(2) annually, the Administrator shall perform a comprehensive data audit on a statistically significant number of the data submissions submitted by manufacturers under this title;
 - "(3) the Administrator shall establish and maintain a registry of all health and safety relatedstudies initiated in response to requirements or information requests made under this title to ensure that results of all initiated studies are reported and made available to the Administrator, along with details of the method utilized in each study; and
 - "(4) the Administrator shall have access to all records of privately sponsored health and safety-related studies initiated in response to requirements or information requests made under this title.

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1 "SEC. 513. CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION.

2	"(a) In General.—If a manufacturer of a chemical
3	substance submits to the Administrator or any other Fed-
4	eral agency or institution any information that the manu-
5	facturer requests be treated as confidential business infor-
6	mation (as defined in section 350.27 of title 40, Code of
7	Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment
8	of this title)), the chief executive officer of the manufac-
9	turer shall, at the time the information is submitted, pro-
10	vide to the Administrator—
11	"(1)(A) a written statement that identifies the
12	specific information to which the request applies;
13	"(B) a justification indicating the particular
14	reasons why the information needs to be kept con-
15	fidential; and
16	"(C) any other documentation required pursu-
17	ant to subsection (b)(1);
18	"(2) the period of time for which the informa-
19	tion is requested to be kept confidential, including a
20	justification for the specified time period; and
21	"(3) certification that the information is not
22	otherwise publicly available.
23	"(b) Duties of the Administrator.—The Admin-
24	istrator shall—

1	"(1) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
2	actment of this title, develop and make publicly
3	available standards that specify—
4	"(A) the acceptable bases on which re-
5	quests to keep submitted information confiden-
6	tial may be made; and
7	"(B) the documentation that must accom-
8	pany those requests;
9	"(2) not later than 90 days after the date of re-
10	ceipt of information under subsection (a)—
11	"(A) review all requests to keep the sub-
12	mitted information confidential; and
13	"(B) decide whether to accept or reject
14	each such request based on whether the request
15	and accompanying documentation comply with
16	the standards developed under paragraph (1);
17	and
18	"(3) if such a request is accepted, specify a
19	time period of not greater than 5 years for which
20	the request is granted, and after which period the
21	information will no longer be kept confidential unless
22	a new request for confidentiality is submitted to and
23	accepted by the Administrator under this section.
24	"(c) Access to Confidential Business Informa-
25	TION BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS —

1	"(1) In general.—Confidential business infor-
2	mation received by the Administrator shall be made
3	available upon request to a State, tribal, or munic-
4	ipal government—
5	"(A) for the purpose of administration or
6	enforcement of a law; and
7	"(B) in accordance with any applicable
8	agreements that ensure that the recipient gov-
9	ernment takes appropriate steps to maintain
10	the confidentiality of the information in accord-
11	ance with this section and section 350.27 of
12	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (as in ef-
13	fect on the date of enactment of this title).
14	"(2) OTHER INFORMATION.—The Adminis-
15	trator shall make available to a State, tribal, or local
16	government information identifying the location of
17	the manufacture, processing, or storage of a chem-
18	ical substance upon the request of the government.
19	"(d) Information From Foreign Countries.—
20	Except as provided in subsection (c), any information pro-
21	vided to the Administrator by an officer or employee of
22	a foreign government shall be considered to be confidential
23	business information, if the information is considered to
24	be confidential business information by the officer or em-
25	ployee of the foreign government

- 1 "(e) Nonconfidential Information.—The name
- 2 of a chemical substance, and all information concerning
- 3 the effects of the chemical substance on human health or
- 4 the environment, shall not be considered to be confidential
- 5 business information under this section.

6 "SEC. 514. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAW.

- 7 "Nothing in this title affects the right of a State or
- 8 political subdivision of a State to adopt or enforce any reg-
- 9 ulation, requirement, liability, or standard of performance
- 10 that is more stringent than a regulation, requirement, li-
- 11 ability, or standard of performance established by this
- 12 title.".
- 13 (b) Effect of Section.—Notwithstanding the
- 14 amendment made by subsection (a), any regulation pro-
- 15 mulgated (including any prohibition or restriction issued)
- 16 under the provisions repealed by that subsection before the
- 17 date of enactment of this Act shall remain in effect until
- 18 the date on which the Administrator of the Environmental
- 19 Protection Agency promulgates new regulations under
- 20 title V of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C.
- 21 2601 et seq.) (as added by subsection (a)).
- (c) Conforming Amendments.—
- 23 (1) Testing of Chemical Substances and
- 24 MIXTURES.—Section 4 of the Toxic Substances Con-
- 25 trol Act (15 U.S.C. 2603) is amended—

1	(A) in subsection (f), in the matter fol-
2	lowing paragraph (2), by inserting ", or title
3	V," after "section 5, 6, or 7"; and
4	(B) in subsection (g), in the first sentence,
5	by inserting "or title V" after "section 5(a)".
6	(2) Manufacturing and processing no-
7	TICES.—Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control
8	Act (15 U.S.C. 2604) is amended—
9	(A) in subsection (b)—
10	(i) in paragraph (1)(A)(ii), by insert-
11	ing "or title V" after "section 4"; and
12	(ii) in paragraph (2)(A)(ii), by insert-
13	ing "or title V" after "section 4";
14	(B) in subsection $(d)(2)(C)$, by inserting
15	"or title V" after "section 4";
16	(C) in subsection $(e)(2)(D)$, in the first
17	sentence, by inserting "or title V" after "sec-
18	tion 6(a)";
19	(D) in subsection (f)—
20	(i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or
21	title V" after "section 6";
22	(ii) in paragraph (2), in the matter
23	preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting
24	"or title V" after "section 6(a)": and

1	(iii) in paragraph (3)(B), by inserting
2	"or title V" after "section 6"; and
3	(E) in subsection (g), by inserting ", or
4	title V," after "section 6 or 7".
5	(3) Imminent Hazards.—Section 7 of the
6	Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2606) is
7	amended—
8	(A) in subsection (a)—
9	(i) in paragraph (1), in the matter fol-
10	lowing subparagraph (C)—
11	(I) by striking "section 4, 5, 6,
12	or title IV" and inserting "section 4,
13	5, or 6, or title IV or V,"; and
14	(II) by striking "section 5 or title
15	IV" and inserting "section 5 or title
16	IV or V''; and
17	(ii) in paragraph (2), by inserting
18	"title V or" before "section 6(a)"; and
19	(B) in subsection (f), in the second sen-
20	tence, by inserting "or title V" after "section
21	6".
22	(4) Reporting and retention of informa-
23	TION.—Section 8 of the Toxic Substances Control
24	Act (15 U.S.C. 2607) is amended—
25	(A) in subsection (a)(3)(A)(ii)—

1	(i) in subclause (I), by inserting "or
2	title V," after "or 6,"; and
3	(ii) in subclause (II), by inserting "or
4	title V" after "section 5 or 7"; and
5	(B) in subsection (b)(1)—
6	(i) in the first sentence, by striking
7	"section 5 or subsection (a) of this sec-
8	tion" and inserting "subsection (a), section
9	5, or title V''; and
10	(ii) in the second sentence, by insert-
11	ing "or title V" after "section 5".
12	(5) Relationship to other federal
13	LAWS.—Section 9(a) of the Toxic Substances Con-
14	trol Act (15 U.S.C. 2608(a)) is amended—
15	(A) in paragraph (2), in the matter fol-
16	lowing subparagraph (B), by inserting "or title
17	V" after "section 6 or 7"; and
18	(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or title
19	V" after "section 6 or 7".
20	(6) Exports.—Section 12 of the Toxic Sub-
21	stances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2611) is amended—
22	(A) in subsection $(a)(2)$, by inserting "or
23	title V" after "section 4"; and
24	(B) in subsection (b)—

1	(i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or
2	title V" after "section 4 or 5(b)"; and
3	(ii) in paragraph (2)—
4	(I) by inserting "or title V" after
5	"issued under section 5";
6	(II) by inserting "or title V"
7	after "section 5 or 6"; and
8	(III) by inserting "or title V"
9	after "section 5 or 7".
10	(7) Entry into customs territory of the
11	UNITED STATES.—Section 13(a)(1) of the Toxic
12	Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2612(a)(1)) is
13	amended by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting
14	the following:
15	"(B) the substance, mixture, or article is
16	offered for entry in violation of section 5, 6, or
17	7, or title IV or V.".
18	(8) DISCLOSURE OF DATA.—Section
19	14(b)(1)(A)(ii) of the Toxic Substances Control Act
20	(15 U.S.C. 2613(b)(1)(A)(ii)) is amended by strik-
21	ing "for which testing" and all that follows through
22	"section 5," and inserting "for which testing or a
23	notification is required under section 4 or 5 or title
24	V;".

1	(9) Prohibited acts.—Section 15 of the
2	Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2614) is
3	amended—
4	(A) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
5	ing the following:
6	"(1) fail or refuse to comply with any rule or
7	requirement under section 4, 5, or 6, or title II or
8	V; and"; and
9	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "viola-
10	tion of section 5" and all that follows through
11	"section 5 or 7" and inserting "violation of sec-
12	tion 5, 6, or 7, or title V".
13	(10) Specific enforcement and seizure.—
14	Section 17(a)(1) of the Toxic Substances Control
15	Act (15 U.S.C. 2616(a)(1)) is amended—
16	(A) by striking subparagraph (B) and in-
17	serting the following:
18	"(B) restrain any person from taking an
19	action prohibited under section 5 or 6, or title
20	IV or V; and";
21	(B) in subparagraph (D), by striking "di-
22	rect any manufacturer" and all that follows
23	through "and distributed in commerce" and in-
24	serting "direct any manufacturer or processor
25	of a chemical substance, mixture, or project

1	subject to title IV or V manufactured or proc-
2	essed in violation of a rule, order, or require-
3	ment under section 5 or 6 or title IV or V, and
4	distributed in commerce".
5	(11) Preemption.—Section 18 of the Toxic
6	Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2617) is amend-
7	ed to read as follows:
8	"SEC. 18. PREEMPTION.
9	"Nothing in this Act affects the authority of a State
10	or political subdivision of a State to establish or continue
11	in effect any regulation of a chemical substance, mixture,
12	or article containing a chemical substance or mixture.".
13	(12) Judicial Review.—Section 19 of the
14	Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2618) is
15	amended—
16	(A) in subsection (a)—
17	(i) in paragraph (1)—
18	(I) in subparagraph (A), in the
19	first sentence, by striking "title II or
20	IV" and inserting "title II, IV, or V";
21	and
22	(II) in subparagraph (B), by in-
23	serting "or title V" after "section
24	6(b)(1)"; and

1	(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking sub-
2	paragraph (B) and inserting the following:
3	"(B) with respect to a rule or finding
4	under section 4, 5, or 6, or title IV or V, the
5	finding required for the issuance of the rule;";
6	and
7	(B) in subsection $(c)(1)(B)$ —
8	(i) in clause (i), by inserting ", or title
9	V," after "6(e)"; and
10	(ii) in clause (iii)(I), by striking "sec-
11	tion $6(c)(1)$, or" and inserting "section
12	6(e)(1) or title V; or".
13	(13) CITIZENS' CIVIL ACTIONS.—Section
14	20(a)(1) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
15	U.S.C. 2619(a)(1)) is amended by striking "title II
16	or IV" each place it appears and inserting "title II,
17	IV, or V".
18	(14) CITIZENS' PETITIONS.—Section 21 of the
19	Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2620) is
20	amended—
21	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "a rule
22	under" and all that follows through "section
23	6(b)(2)" and inserting "a rule or order under
24	section 4, 5, 6, or 8, or title V"; and
25	(B) in subsection (b)—

1	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "a
2	rule under" and all that follows through
3	"section 6(b)(1)(B)" and inserting "a rule
4	or order under section 4, 5, 6, or 8, or title
5	V";
6	(ii) in paragraph (3), in the first sen-
7	tence, by inserting ", or title V" after
8	"section 4, 5, 6, or 8"; and
9	(iii) in paragraph (4)(B)—
10	(I) in the matter preceding clause
11	(i), by striking "section 4" and all
12	that follows through "section 6(b)(2)"
13	and inserting "rule or order under
14	section 4, 5, 6, or 8, or title V";
15	(II) in clause (i), by striking "a
16	rule under" and all that follows
17	through "section 5(e)" and inserting
18	"a rule or order under section 4 or 5
19	or title V"; and
20	(III) in clause (ii), by striking
21	"under section 6" and all that follows
22	through "section 6(b)(2)" and insert-
23	ing "or order under section 6 or 8 or
24	title V".

1	(15) Employment effects.—Section 24 of
2	the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2623)
3	is amended—
4	(A) by striking subsection (a) and insert-
5	ing the following:
6	"(a) In General.—The Administrator shall evalu-
7	ate, on a continuing basis, the potential effects on employ-
8	ment (including reductions in employment or loss of em-
9	ployment from threatened plant closures) of each rule,
10	order, and requirement under sections 4, 5, and 6, and
11	title V."; and
12	(B) in subsection (b)—
13	(i) in paragraph (1), in the matter fol-
14	lowing subparagraph (B), by striking "a
15	rule or order" and all that follows through
16	"section 5 or 6" and inserting "a rule,
17	order, or requirement under section 4, 5,
18	or 6, or title V"; and
19	(ii) in paragraph (2)(B)(ii), by strik-
20	ing "section $6(c)(3)$, and" and inserting
21	"section $6(c)(3)$ and title V; and".
22	(16) Administration of the act.—Section
23	26(b)(1) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
24	U.S.C. 2625(b)(1)) is amended by inserting "or title
25	V' after "section 4 or 5" each place it appears.

1	(17) Development and evaluation of test
2	METHODS.—Section 27(a) of the Toxic Substances
3	Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2626(a)) is amended by in-
4	serting "or title V" after "section 4" each place it
5	appears.
6	(18) Annual Report.—Section 30 of the
7	Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2629) is
8	amended—
9	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "and
10	title V'' after "section 4";
11	(B) in paragraph (2)—
12	(i) by inserting "or title V" after
13	"section 5";
14	(ii) by inserting "or title V" after
15	"section 4"; and
16	(iii) by inserting "or title V" after
17	"section 5(g)"; and
18	(C) in paragraph (3), by inserting "or title
19	V" after "section 6".
20	(19) Table of contents.—The table of con-
21	tents of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
22	U.S.C. prec. 2601) is amended by adding at the end
23	the following:
	"TITLE V—CHILD SAFE CHEMICALS

[&]quot;Sec. 501. Definitions.

[&]quot;Sec. 502. Manufacturer safety certifications for existing chemicals in commerce.

- "Sec. 503. Priority list of chemical substances for EPA safety determination.
- "Sec. 504. EPA safety standard determination for chemical substances.
- "Sec. 505. Addressing prenatal exposures.
- "Sec. 506. Collection of chemical safety information.
- "Sec. 507. Reduction of health hazards for children, workers, and consumers.
- "Sec. 508. Animal testing alternatives.
- "Sec. 509. Safer alternatives and green chemistry.
- "Sec. 510. Interagency science advisory board on children's health and toxic substances.
- "Sec. 511. Cooperation with international efforts.
- "Sec. 512. Public access to information.
- "Sec. 513. Confidential business information.
- "Sec. 514. Relationship to other law.".

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