Calendar No. 964

110th CONGRESS 2D Session



To enhance remedies for violations of intellectual property laws, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 24 (legislative day, JULY 23), 2008

Mr. LEAHY (for himself, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. BAYH, Mr. VOINOVICH, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. CARDIN, and Mr. HATCH) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

SEPTEMBER 15, 2008

Reported by Mr. LEAHY, with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To enhance remedies for violations of intellectual property laws, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 "Enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights Act of
6 2008".

1 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents is

2 as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Reference.

Sec. 3. Definition.

TITLE I—AUTHORIZATION OF CIVIL COPYRIGHT ENFORCEMENT BY ATTORNEY GENERAL

Sec. 101. Civil penalties for certain violations.

TITLE II—ENHANCEMENTS TO CIVIL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

Sec. 201. Registration of claim.

- Sec. 202. Civil remedies for infringement.
- Sec. 203. Treble damages in counterfeiting cases.
- Sec. 204. Statutory damages in counterfeiting cases.
- Sec. 205. Transshipment and exportation of goods bearing infringing marks.
- Sec. 206. Importation, transshipment, and exportation.

TITLE III—ENHANCEMENTS TO CRIMINAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

- Sec. 301. Criminal copyright infringement.
- Sec. 302. Trafficking in counterfeit labels, illicit labels, or counterfeit documentation or packaging for works that can be copyrighted.
- Sec. 303. Unauthorized fixation.
- Sec. 304. Unauthorized recording of motion pictures.
- Sec. 305. Trafficking in counterfeit goods or services.
- Sec. 306. Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution.
- Sec. 307. Forfeiture under Economic Espionage Act.
- Sec. 308. Technical and conforming amendments.

TITLE IV—COORDINATION AND STRATEGIC PLANNING OF FEDERAL EFFORT AGAINST COUNTERFEITING AND PIRACY

Sec. 401. Intellectual property enforcement coordinator.

- Sec. 402. Definition.
- Sec. 403. Joint strategic plan.
- Sec. 404. Reporting.
- Sec. 405. Savings and repeals.
- Sec. 406. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS

- Sec. 501. Local law enforcement grants.
- Sec. 502. Improved investigative and forensic resources for enforcement of laws related to intellectual property crimes.
- Sec. 503. Additional funding for resources to investigate and prosecute criminal activity involving computers.
- Sec. 504. International intellectual property law enforcement coordinators.
- Sec. 505. Annual reports.
- Sec. 506. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 601. GAO study on protection of intellectual property of manufacturers. Sec. 602. Sense of Congress.

1 SEC. 2. REFERENCE.

2 Any reference in this Act to the "Trademark Act of 3 1946" refers to the Act entitled "An Act to provide for 4 the registration of trademarks used in commerce, to carry 5 out the provisions of certain international conventions, 6 and for other purposes", approved July 5, 1946 (15 7 U.S.C. 1051 et seq.).

8 SEC. 3. DEFINITION.

9 In this Act, the term "United States person"10 means—

11 (1) any United States resident or national,

12 (2) any domestic concern (including any perma13 nent domestic establishment of any foreign concern),
14 and

(3) any foreign subsidiary or affiliate (including
any permanent foreign establishment) of any domestic concern that is controlled in fact by such domestic concern,

19 except that such term does not include an individual who
20 resides outside the United States and is employed by an
21 individual or entity other than an individual or entity de22 scribed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3).

TITLE I—AUTHORIZATION OF CIVIL COPYRIGHT ENFORCE MENT BY ATTORNEY GEN ERAL

5 SEC. 101. CIVIL PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 5 of title 17, United
7 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 506 the
8 following:

9 "SEC. 506a. CIVIL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF SECTION 10 506.

11 "(a) IN GENERAL.—In lieu of a criminal action under 12 section 506, the Attorney General may commence a civil 13 action in the appropriate United States district court 14 against any person who engages in conduct constituting an offense under section 506. Upon proof of such conduct 15 by a preponderance of the evidence, such person shall be 16 subject to a civil penalty under section 504 which shall 17 18 be in an amount equal to the amount which would be 19 awarded under section 3663(a)(1)(B) of title 18 and restitution to the copyright owner aggrieved by the conduct. 20

21 "(b) OTHER REMEDIES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Imposition of a civil penalty under this section does not preclude any other
criminal or civil statutory, injunctive, common law,

1	or administrative remedy, which is available by law
2	to the United States or any other person.
3	"(2) Offset.—Any restitution received by a
4	copyright owner as a result of a civil action brought
5	under this section shall be offset against any award
6	of damages in a subsequent copyright infringement
7	civil action by that copyright owner for the conduct
8	that gave rise to the civil action brought under this
9	section.".
10	(b) DAMAGES AND PROFITS.—Section 504 of title 17,
11	United States Code, is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (b)—
13	(A) in the first sentence—
14	(i) by inserting ", or the Attorney
15	General in a civil action," after "The copy-
16	right owner'; and
17	(ii) by striking "him or her" and in-
18	serting "the copyright owner"; and
19	(B) in the second sentence by inserting ",
20	or the Attorney General in a civil action," after
21	"the copyright owner"; and
22	(2) in subsection (c)—
23	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", or the
24	Attorney General in a civil action," after "the
25	copyright owner"; and

1	(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", or
2	the Attorney General in a civil action," after
3	"the copyright owner".
4	(c) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—

5 The table of sections for chapter 5 of title 17, United
6 States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat7 ing to section 506 the following:

"Sec. 506a. Civil penalties for violations of section 506.".

8 TITLE II—ENHANCEMENTS TO 9 CIVIL INTELLECTUAL PROP10 ERTY LAWS

11 SEC. 201. REGISTRATION OF CLAIM.

12 (a) LIMITATION TO CIVIL ACTIONS; HARMLESS
13 ERROR.—Section 411 of title 17, United States Code, is
14 amended—

15 (1) in the section heading, by inserting "CIVIL"
16 before "INFRINGEMENT";

17 (2) in subsection (a)—

18 (A) in the first sentence, by striking "no19 action" and inserting "no civil action"; and

20 (B) in the second sentence, by striking "an
21 action" and inserting "a civil action";

22 (3) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-23 section (c);

(4) in subsection (c), as so redesignated by paragraph (3), by striking "506 and sections 509 and" and inserting "505 and section"; and (5) by inserting after subsection (a) the following: (b)(1) A certificate of registration satisfies the requirements of this section and section 412, regardless of whether the certificate contains any inaccurate information, unless-"(A) the inaccurate information was included on the application for copyright registration with knowledge that it was inaccurate; and "(B) the inaccurate inaccuracy of the information, if known, would have caused the Register of Copyrights to refuse registration. "(2) In any case in which inaccurate information de-

"(2) In any case in which inaccurate information described under paragraph (1) is alleged, the court shall request the Register of Copyrights to advise the court
whether the inaccurate information, if known, would have
caused the Register of Copyrights to refuse registration.".
(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 412 of title 17, United States Code,
is amended by striking "411(b)" and inserting
"411(c)".

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1	(2) The item relating to section 411 in the table
2	of sections for chapter 4 of title 17, United States
3	Code, is amended to read as follows:
	"Sec. 411. Registration and civil infringement actions.".
4	SEC. 202. CIVIL REMEDIES FOR INFRINGEMENT.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 503(a) of title 17, United
6	States Code, is amended—
7	(1) by striking "and of all plates" and inserting
8	", of all plates"; and
9	(2) by striking the period and inserting ", and
10	of records documenting the manufacture, sale, or re-
11	ceipt of things involved in such violation. The court
12	shall enter, if appropriate, a protective order with re-
13	speet to discovery of any records that have been
14	seized. The protective order shall provide for appro-
15	priate procedures to ensure that confidential infor-
16	mation contained in such records is not improperly
17	disclosed to any party.".
18	(b) Protective Orders for Seized Records.—
19	Section 34(d)(1)(A) of the Trademark Act (15 U.S.C.
20	1116(d)(1)(A) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
21	lowing: "The court shall enter, if appropriate, a protective
22	order with respect to discovery of any records that have
23	been seized. The protective order shall provide for appro-

24 priate procedures to ensure that confidential information

contained in such records is not improperly disclosed to
 any party."

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 503(a) of title 17, United
4 States Code, is amended to read as follows:

5 "(a)(1) At any time while an action under this title
6 is pending, the court may order the impounding, on such
7 terms as it may deem reasonable—

8 "(A) of all copies or phonorecords claimed to
9 have been made or used in violation of the exclusive
10 right of the copyright owner;

"(B) of all plates, molds, matrices, masters,
tapes, film negatives, or other articles by means of
which such copies of phonorecords may be reproduced;
and

"(C) of records documenting the manufacture, 15 16 sale, or receipt of things involved in any such viola-17 tion, provided that any records seized under this sub-18 paragraph shall be taken into the custody of the court. 19 "(2) For impoundments of records ordered under paragraph (1)(C), the court shall enter an appropriate protec-20 21 tive order with respect to discovery and use of any records 22 or information that has been impounded. The protective 23 order shall provide for appropriate procedures to ensure 24 that confidential, private, proprietary, or privileged information contained in such records is not improperly dis closed or used.

3 "(3) The relevant provisions of paragraphs (2) through 4 (11) of section 34(d) of the Trademark Act (15 U.S.C.)5 1116(d)(2) through (11)) shall extend to any impoundment of records ordered under paragraph (1)(C) that is based 6 7 upon an ex parte application, notwithstanding the provi-8 sions of rule 65 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. 9 Any references in paragraphs (2) through (11) of section 10 34(d) of the Trademark Act to section 32 of such Act shall be read as references to section 501 of this title, and ref-11 erences to use of a counterfeit mark in connection with the 12 sale, offering for sale, or distribution of goods or services 13 shall be read as references to infringement of a copyright.". 14 15 (b) PROTECTIVE ORDER FOR SEIZED RECORDS.—Section 34(d)(7) of the Trademark Act (15 U.S.C. 1116(d)(7)) 16 is amended to read as follows: 17

18 "(7) Any materials seized under this subsection 19 shall be taken into the custody of the court. For sei-20 zures made under this section, the court shall enter an 21 appropriate protective order with respect to discovery 22 and use of any records or information that has been 23 seized. The protective order shall provide for appro-24 priate procedures to ensure that confidential, private,

3 SEC. 203. TREBLE DAMAGES IN COUNTERFEITING CASES.

4 Section 35(b) of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15
5 U.S.C. 1117(b)) is amended to read as follows:

6 "(b) In assessing damages under subsection (a) for 7 any violation of section 32(1)(a) of this Act or section 8 220506 of title 36, United States Code, in a case involving 9 use of a counterfeit mark or designation (as defined in 10 section 34(d) of this Act), the court shall, unless the court finds extenuating circumstances, enter judgment for three 11 12 times such profits or damages, whichever amount is great-13 er, together with a reasonable attorney's fee, if the violation consists of— 14

"(1) intentionally using a mark or designation,
knowing such mark or designation is a counterfeit
mark (as defined in section 34(d) of this Act), in
connection with the sale, offering for sale, or distribution of goods or services; or

"(2) providing goods or services necessary to
the commission of a violation specified in paragraph
(1), with the intent that the recipient of the goods
or services would put the goods or services to use in
committing the violation.

In such a case, the court may award prejudgment interest 1 2 on such amount at an annual interest rate established 3 under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 4 1986, beginning on the date of the service of the claim-5 ant's pleadings setting forth the claim for such entry of judgment and ending on the date such entry is made, or 6 7 for such shorter time as the court considers appropriate.". 8 SEC. 204. STATUTORY DAMAGES IN COUNTERFEITING 9 CASES. 10 Section 35(c) of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15 11 U.S.C. 1117) is amended— 12 (1) in paragraph (1)— (A) by striking "\$500" and inserting 13 14 "\$1,000"; and 15 (B) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting "\$200,000"; and 16 17 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$1,000,000" 18 and inserting "\$2,000,000". 19 SEC. 205. TRANSSHIPMENT AND EXPORTATION OF GOODS 20 **BEARING INFRINGING MARKS.** 21 Title VII of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C. 22 1124) is amended— 23 (1) in the title heading, by inserting after "IM-24 PORTATION" the following: "TRANSSHIPMENT, 25 OR EXPORTATION"; and

1	(2) in section 42—
2	(A) by striking "imported"; and
3	(B) by inserting after "customhouse of the
4	United States" the following: ", nor shall any
5	such article be transshipped through or ex-
6	ported from the United States".
7	SEC. 206. IMPORTATION, TRANSSHIPMENT, AND EXPOR-
8	TATION.
9	(a) IN GENERAL.—The heading for chapter 6 of title
10	17, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
11	"CHAPTER 6-MANUFACTURING REQUIRE-
12	MENTS, IMPORTATION, TRANS-
13	SHIPMENT, AND EXPORTATION".
13 14	SHIPMENT, AND EXPORTATION". (b) Amendment on Exportation.—Section 602(a)
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14	(b) Amendment on Exportation.—Section 602(a)
14 15	(b) AMENDMENT ON EXPORTATION.—Section 602(a) of title 17, United States Code, is amended—
14 15 16	 (b) AMENDMENT ON EXPORTATION.—Section 602(a) of title 17, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
14 15 16 17	 (b) AMENDMENT ON EXPORTATION.—Section 602(a) of title 17, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively,
14 15 16 17 18	 (b) AMENDMENT ON EXPORTATION.—Section 602(a) of title 17, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (b) AMENDMENT ON EXPORTATION.—Section 602(a) of title 17, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right; (2) by striking "(a)" and inserting "(a) IN-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (b) AMENDMENT ON EXPORTATION.—Section 602(a) of title 17, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right; (2) by striking "(a)" and inserting "(a) IN- FRINGING IMPORTATION; Transshipment, or Expor-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (b) AMENDMENT ON EXPORTATION.—Section 602(a) of title 17, United States Code, is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right; (2) by striking "(a)" and inserting "(a) IN- FRINGING IMPORTATION, Transshipment, or Exportation.—

1	"(2) Importation, transhipment, or expor-
2	TATION OF INFRINGING ITEMS.—Importation into
3	the United States , transshipment through the
4	United States, or exportation from the United
5	States, without the authority of the owner of copy-
6	right under this title, of copies or phonorecords, the
7	making of which either constituted an infringement
8	of copyright or copyright, or which would have con-
9	stituted an infringement of copyright if this title had
10	been applicable, is an infringement of the exclusive
11	right to distribute copies or phonorecords under sec-
12	tion 106, actionable under sections 501 and 506.
13	"(3) EXCEPTIONS.—This subsection does not
14	apply to—";
15	(4) in paragraph $(3)(A)$ (as redesignated by
16	this subsection) by inserting "or exportation" after
17	"importation"; and
18	(5) in paragraph $(3)(B)$ (as redesignated by
19	this subsection)—
20	(A) by striking "importation, for the pri-
21	vate use of the importer" and inserting "impor-
22	tation or exportation, for the private use of the
23	importer or exporter"; and
24	(B) by inserting "or departing from the
25	United States" after "United States".

1	(c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 602 of
2	title 17, United States Code, is further amended—
3	(A) in the section heading, by inserting " or
4	exportation " after " importation "; and
5	(B) in subsection (b)—
6	(i) by striking "(b) In a case" and insert-
7	ing "(b) IMPORT PROHIBITION.—In a case";
8	(ii) by striking "the United States Cus-
9	toms Service" and inserting "United States
10	Customs and Border Protection"; and
11	(iii) by striking "the Customs Service" and
12	inserting "United States Customs and Border
13	Protection".
14	(2) Section 601(b)(2) of title 17, United States Code,
15	is amended by striking "the United States Customs Serv-
16	ice" and inserting "United States Customs and Border
17	Protection".
18	(3) The item relating to chapter 6 in the table of
19	chapters for title 17, United States Code, is amended to
20	read as follows:
	"6. Manufacturing Requirements, Importation, and Exportation 601".

TITLE III—ENHANCEMENTS TO CRIMINAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

4 SEC. 301. CRIMINAL COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT.

5 (a) FORFEITURE AND DESTRUCTION; RESTITU6 TION.—Section 506(b) of title 17, United States Code, is
7 amended to read as follows:

8 "(b) FORFEITURE, DESTRUCTION, AND RESTITU-9 TION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution relating to 10 this section shall be subject to section 2323 of title 18, 11 to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any 12 other similar remedies provided by law.".

13 (b) Seizures and Forfeitures.—

14 (1) REPEAL.—Section 509 of title 17, United
15 States Code, is repealed.

16 (2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND17 MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 5 of title
18 17, United States Code, is amended by striking the
19 item relating to section 509.

20SEC. 302. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT LABELS, ILLICIT21LABELS, OR COUNTERFEIT DOCUMENTATION22OR PACKAGING FOR WORKS THAT CAN BE23COPYRIGHTED.

24 Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is25 amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a)—
2	(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A)
3	through (G) as clauses (i) through (vii), respec-
4	tively;
5	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and
6	(2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively;
7	and
8	(C) by striking "Whoever" and inserting
9	"(1) Whoever";
10	(2) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol-
11	lows:
12	"(d) Forfeiture and Destruction of Property;
13	RESTITUTION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution
14	relating to this section shall be subject to section 2323,
15	to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any
16	other similar remedies provided by law."; and
17	(3) by striking subsection (e) and redesignating
18	subsection (f) as subsection (e).
19	SEC. 303. UNAUTHORIZED FIXATION.
20	(a) Section 2319A(b) of title 18, United States Code,
21	is amended to read as follows:
22	"(b) Forfeiture and Destruction of Property;
23	RESTITUTION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution
24	relating to this section shall be subject to section 2323,

to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any
 other similar remedies provided by law.".

3 (b) Section 2319A(c) of title 18, United States Code, 4 is amended by striking the second sentence and inserting: 5 "The Secretary of Homeland Security shall issue regulations by which any performer may, upon payment of a 6 7 specified fee, be entitled to notification by United States 8 Customs and Border Protection of the importation of cop-9 ies or phonorecords that appear to consist of unauthorized 10 fixations of the sounds or sounds and images of a live mu-11 sical performance.".

12 SEC. 304. UNAUTHORIZED RECORDING OF MOTION PIC-13 TURES.

Section 2319B(b) of title 18, United States Code, isamended to read as follows:

16 "(b) FORFEITURE AND DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY;
17 RESTITUTION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution
18 relating to this section shall be subject to section 2323,
19 to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any
20 other similar remedies provided by law.".

21 SEC. 305. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV22 ICES.

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2320 of title 18, United
24 States Code, is amended—

25 (1) in subsection (a)—

1	(A) by striking "WHOEVER" and inserting
2	"Offense.—"
3	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Whoever;";
4	(B) by moving the remaining text 2 ems to
5	the right; and
6	(C) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(2) Serious bodily harm or death.—
8	"(A) SERIOUS BODILY HARM.—If the of-
9	fender knowingly or recklessly causes or at-
10	tempts to cause serious bodily injury from con-
11	duct in violation of paragraph (1) , the penalty
12	shall be a fine under this title or imprisonment
13	for not more than 20 years, or both.
14	"(B) DEATH.—If the offender knowingly
15	or recklessly causes or attempts to cause death
16	from conduct in violation of paragraph (1), the
17	penalty shall be a fine under this title or im-
18	prisonment for any term of years or for life, or
19	both.".
20	(b) Forfeiture and Destruction of Property;
21	RESTITUTION.—Section 2320(b) of title 18, United States
22	Code, is amended to read as follows:
23	"(b) Forfeiture and Destruction of Property;
24	RESTITUTION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution
25	relating to this section shall be subject to section 2323,

to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any 1 2 other similar remedies provided by law.". 3 SEC. 306. FORFEITURE, DESTRUCTION, AND RESTITUTION. 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 113 of title 18, United 5 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: 6 7 "SEC. 2323. FORFEITURE, DESTRUCTION, AND RESTITU-8 TION. 9 "(a) CIVIL FORFEITURE.— "(1) PROPERTY SUBJECT TO FORFEITURE.— 10 11 The following property is subject to forfeiture to the 12 United States Government: 13 "(A) Any article, the making or trafficking 14 of which is, prohibited under section 506 or 15 1204 of title 17, or section 2318, 2319, 2319A, 16 2319B, or 2320, or chapter 90, of this title. 17 "(B) Any property used, or intended to be 18 used, in any manner or part to commit or facili-19 tate the commission of an offense referred to in 20 subparagraph (A), except that property is sub-21 ject to forfeiture under this subparagraph only 22 if the United States Government establishes 23 that there was a substantial connection between 24 the property and the violation of an offense re-25 ferred to in subparagraph (A).

"(C) Any property constituting or derived from any proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of the commission of an offense referred to in subparagraph (A).

5 "(2) PROCEDURES.—The provisions of chapter 6 46 relating to civil forfeitures shall extend to any 7 seizure or civil forfeiture under this section. For sei-8 zures made under this section, the court shall enter an 9 appropriate protective order with respect to discovery 10 and use of any records or information that has been 11 seized. The protective order shall provide for appro-12 priate procedures to ensure that confidential, private, 13 proprietary, or privileged information contained in 14 such records is not improperly disclosed or used. At 15 the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, unless otherwise requested by an agency of the United 16 17 States, the court shall order that any property for-18 feited under paragraph (1) be destroyed, or other-19 wise disposed of according to law.

20 "(b) CRIMINAL FORFEITURE.—

21 "(1) PROPERTY SUBJECT TO FORFEITURE.—
22 The court, in imposing sentence on a person con23 victed of an offense under section 506 or 1204 of
24 title 17, or section 2318, 2319, 2319A, 2319B, or
25 2320, or chapter 90, of this title, shall order, in ad-

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dition to any other sentence imposed, that the per son forfeit to the United States Government any
 property subject to forfeiture under subsection (a)
 for that offense.

5 "(2) PROCEDURES.—

6 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The forfeiture of 7 property under paragraph (1), including any 8 seizure and disposition of the property and any 9 related judicial or administrative proceeding, 10 shall be governed by the procedures set forth in 11 section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse 12 Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 13 853), other than subsection (d) of that section. 14 "(B) DESTRUCTION.—At the conclusion of 15 the forfeiture proceedings, the court, unless oth-16 erwise requested by an agency of the United 17 States shall order that any— 18 "(i) forfeited article or component of

an article bearing or consisting of a counterfeit mark be destroyed or otherwise disposed of according to law; and

22 "(ii) infringing items or other prop23 erty described in subsection (a)(1)(A) and
24 forfeited under paragraph (1) of this sub-

"(c) RESTITUTION.—When a person is convicted of 3 4 an offense under section 506 or 1204 of title 17 or section 2318, 2319, 2319A, 2319B, or 2320, or chapter 90, of 5 this title, the court, pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A, 6 7 and 3664 of this title, shall order the person to pay res-8 titution to any victim of the offense as an offense against 9 property referred to in section 3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii) of this title.". 10

(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
The table of sections for chapter 113 of title 18, United
States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"Sec. 2323. Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution.".

15 SEC. 307. FORFEITURE UNDER ECONOMIC ESPIONAGE ACT.

16 Section 1834 of title 18, United States Code, is17 amended to read as follows:

18 "SEC. 1834. CRIMINAL FORFEITURE.

19 "Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution relating to
20 this chapter shall be subject to section 2323, to the extent
21 provided in that section, in addition to any other similar
22 remedies provided by law.".

23 SEC. 308. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

24 (a) AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 17, UNITED STATES25 CODE.—

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1	(1) Section 109 (b)(4) of title 17, United States
2	Code, is amended by striking "505, and 509" and
3	inserting "and 505".
4	(2) Section 111 of title 17, United States Code,
5	is amended—
6	(A) in subsection (b), by striking "and
7	509'';
8	(B) in subsection (c)—
9	(i) in paragraph (2), by striking "and
10	509'';
11	(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking "sec-
12	tions 509 and 510" and inserting "section
13	510"; and
14	(iii) in paragraph (4), by striking
15	"and section 509"; and
16	(C) in subsection (e)—
17	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "sec-
18	tions 509 and 510" and inserting "section
19	510"; and
20	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "and
21	509".
22	(3) Section 115(c) of title 17, United States
23	Code, is amended—
24	(A) in paragraph $(3)(G)(i)$, by striking
25	"and 509"; and

1	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking "and
2	509".
3	(4) Section 119(a) of title 17, United States
4	Code, is amended—
5	(A) in paragraph (6), by striking "sections
6	509 and 510" and inserting "section 510";
7	(B) in paragraph (7)(A), by striking "and
8	509'';
9	(C) in paragraph (8), by striking "and
10	509"; and
11	(D) in paragraph (13), by striking "and
12	509".
13	(5) Section 122 of title 17, United States Code,
14	is amended—
15	(A) in subsection (d), by striking "and
16	509'';
17	(B) in subsection (e), by striking "sections
18	509 and 510" and inserting "section 510"; and
19	(C) in subsection $(f)(1)$, by striking "and
20	509".
21	(6) Section 411(b) of title 17, United States
22	Code, is amended by striking "sections 509 and
23	510" and inserting "section 510".

(b) OTHER AMENDMENTS.—Section 596(c)(2)(c) of
 the Tariff Act of 1950 (19 U.S.C. 1595a(c)(2)(c)) is
 amended by striking "or 509".

IV—COORDINATION AND TITLE 4 **STRATEGIC** PLANNING OF 5 FEDERAL EFFORT AGAINST 6 COUNTERFEITING AND **PI-**7 **RACYINFRINGEMENT** 8

9 SEC. 401. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ENFORCEMENT COOR-

10 **DINATOR.**

11 (a) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ENFORCEMENT CO-12 ORDINATOR.—The President shall appoint, by and with 13 the advice and consent of the Senate, an Intellectual Property Enforcement Coordinator (in this title referred to as 14 15 the "IPEC") to serve within the Executive Office of the President. As an exercise of the rulemaking power of the 16 Senate, any nomination of the IPEC submitted to the Sen-17 18 ate for confirmation, and referred to a committee, shall 19 be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

- 20 (b) DUTIES OF IPEC.—
- 21 (1) IN GENERAL.—The IPEC shall—

(A) chair the interagency intellectual property enforcement advisory committee established under subsection (b)(3)(A);

1	(B) coordinate the development of the
2	Joint Strategic Plan against counterfeiting and
3	piracyinfringement by the advisory committee
4	under section 403;
5	(C) assist in the implementation of the
6	Joint Strategic Plan by the departments and
7	agencies listed in subsection $(b)(3)(A)$;
8	(D) facilitate the issuance of policy guid-
9	ance to departments and agencies on basic issues
10	of policy and interpretation, to the extent nec-
11	essary to assure the coordination of intellectual
12	property enforcement policy and consistency
13	with other law;
14	(DE) report directly to the President and
15	Congress regarding domestic and international
16	intellectual property enforcement programs;
17	$(\mathbf{E}F)$ report to Congress, as provided in
18	section 404, on the implementation of the Joint
19	Strategic Plan, and make recommendations to
20	Congress for improvements in Federal intellec-
21	tual property enforcement efforts; and
22	$(\mathbf{F}G)$ carry out such other functions as the
23	President may direct.
24	(2) LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY.—The IPEC
25	may not control or direct any law enforcement agen-

cy in the exercise of its investigative or prosecutorial
 authority.

3 (3) Advisory committee.—

4 (\mathbf{A}) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established an interagency intellectual property en-5 6 foreement advisory committee composed of the 7 IPEC, who shall chair the committee, and Sen-8 ate-confirmed representatives of the following 9 departments and agencies who are involved in 10 intellectual property enforcement, and who are, 11 or are appointed by, the respective heads of 12 those departments and agencies:

13 (i) The Office of Management and
14 Budget.

(ii) The Department of Justice.

16(iii) The United States Patent and17Trademark Office and other relevant units18of the Department of Commerce.

19(iv) The Office of the United States20Trade Representative.

21 (v) The Department of State, the
22 United States Agency for International
23 Development, and the Bureau of Inter24 national Narcotics Law Enforcement.

- 1 (vi) The Department of Homeland Se-2 curity, United States Customs and Border 3 Protection, and United States Immigration 4 and Customs Enforcement. 5 (vii) The Food and Drug Administra-6 tion of the Department of Health and 7 Human Services. 8 (viii) The United States Copyright Of-9 fice. 10 (ix) Any such other agencies as the 11 President determines to be substantially 12 involved in the efforts of the Federal Gov-13 ernment to combat counterfeiting and pi-14 racy. 15 (A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established 16 an interagency intellectual property enforcement 17 advisory committee composed of the IPEC, who 18 shall chair the committee, and— 19 (i) Senate-confirmed representatives of 20 the following departments and agencies who 21 are involved in intellectual property en-
- 22forcement, and who are, or are appointed23by, the respective heads of those departments
- 24 and agencies:

1	(I) The Office of Management and
2	Budget.
3	(II) The Department of Justice.
4	(III) The United States Patent
5	and Trademark Office and other rel-
6	evant units of the Department of Com-
7	merce.
8	(IV) The Office of the United
9	States Trade Representative.
10	(V) The Department of State, the
11	United States Agency for International
12	Development, and the Bureau of Inter-
13	national Narcotics Law Enforcement.
14	(VI) The Department of Home-
15	land Security, United States Customs
16	and Border Protection, and United
17	States Immigration and Customs En-
18	forcement.
19	(VII) The Food and Drug Admin-
20	istration of the Department of Health
21	and Human Services.
22	(VIII) The Department of Agri-
23	culture.
24	(IX) Any such other agencies as
25	the President determines to be substan-

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1	tially involved in the efforts of the Fed-
2	eral Government to combat counter-
3	feiting and piracy; and
4	(ii) the Register of Copyrights, or a
5	senior representative of the United States
6	Copyright Office appointed by the Register
7	of Copyrights.
8	(B) FUNCTIONS.—The advisory committee
9	established under subparagraph (A) shall de-
10	velop the Joint Strategic Plan against counter-
11	feiting and piracyinfringement under section
12	403.
13	(c) COMPENSATION.—Section 5312 of title 5, United
14	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
15	lowing: "United States Intellectual Property Enforcement
16	Coordinator.".
17	SEC. 402. DEFINITION.
18	For purposes of this title, the term "intellectual prop-

19 For purposes of this title, the term "intellectual prop19 erty enforcement" means matters relating to the enforce20 ment of laws protecting copyrights, patents, trademarks,
21 other forms of intellectual property, and trade secrets,
22 both in the United States and abroad, including in par23 ticular matters relating to combating counterfeit and pi24 rated infringed goods.

1 SEC. 403. JOINT STRATEGIC PLAN.

2 (a) PURPOSE.—The objectives of the Joint Strategic
3 Plan against counterfeiting and piracyinfringement that is
4 referred to in section 401(b)(1)(B) (in this section re5 ferred to as the "joint strategic plan") are the following:

6 (1) Reducing counterfeit and piratedinfringed
7 goods in the domestic and international supply
8 chain.

9 (2) Identifying and addressing structural weak-10 nesses, systemic flaws, or other unjustified impedi-11 ments to effective enforcement action against the fi-12 nancing, production, trafficking, or sale of counter-13 feit or pirated infringed goods.

14 (3) Ensuring that information is identified and 15 shared among the relevant departments and agen-16 cies, to the extent permitted by law and consistent 17 with law enforcement protocols for handling infor-18 mation, to aid in the objective of arresting and pros-19 ecuting individuals and entities that are knowingly 20 involved in the financing, production, trafficking, or 21 sale of counterfeit or pirated infringed goods.

(4) Disrupting and eliminating domestic and
international counterfeiting and piracyinfringement
networks.

25 (5) Strengthening the capacity of other coun26 tries to protect and enforce intellectual property
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1	rights, and reducing the number of countries that
2	fail to enforce laws preventing the financing, produc-
3	tion, trafficking, and sale of counterfeit and pirat-
4	edinfringed goods.
5	(6) Working with other countries to establish
6	international standards and policies for the effective
7	protection and enforcement of intellectual property
8	rights.
9	(7) Protecting intellectual property rights over-
10	seas by—
11	(A) working with other countries and ex-
12	changing information with appropriate law en-
13	forcement agencies in other countries relating
14	to individuals and entities involved in the fi-
15	nancing, production, trafficking, or sale of pi -
16	ratedinfringed or counterfeit goods;
17	(B) using the information described in sub-
18	paragraph (A) to conduct enforcement activities
19	in cooperation with appropriate law enforce-
20	ment agencies in other countries; and
21	(C) building a formal process for con-
22	sulting with companies, industry associations,
23	labor unions, and other interested groups in
24	other countries with respect to intellectual prop-
25	erty enforcement.

1 (b) TIMING.—Not later than 12 months after the 2 date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than De-3 cember 31 of every third year thereafter, the IPEC shall 4 submit the joint strategic plan to the Committee on the 5 Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and to the Committee on the Judiciary and the 6 7 Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives. 8

9 (c) RESPONSIBILITY OF THE IPEC.—During the de10 velopment of the joint strategic plan, the IPEC—

(1) shall provide assistance to, and coordinate
the meetings and efforts of, the appropriate officers
and employees of departments and agencies represented on the advisory committee appointed under
section 401(b)(3) who are involved in intellectual
property enforcement; and

17 (2) may consult with private sector experts in
18 intellectual property enforcement in furtherance of
19 providing assistance to the members of the advisory
20 committee appointed under section 401(b)(3).

(d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF OTHER DEPARTMENTS
AND AGENCIES.—In the development and implementation
of the joint strategic plan, the heads of the departments
and agencies identified under section 401(b)(3) shall—

(1) designate personnel with expertise and expe rience in intellectual property enforcement matters
 to work with the IPEC and other members of the
 advisory committee; and

5 (2) share relevant department or agency infor6 mation with the IPEC and other members of the ad7 visory committee, including statistical information
8 on the enforcement activities of the department or
9 agency against counterfeiting or piracyinfringement,
10 and plans for addressing the joint strategic plan.

11 (e) CONTENTS OF THE JOINT STRATEGIC PLAN.—12 Each joint strategic plan shall include the following:

(1) A detailed description of the priorities identified for carrying out the objectives in the joint
strategic plan, including activities of the Federal
Government relating to intellectual property enforcement.

(2) A detailed description of the means and
methods to be employed to achieve the priorities, including the means and methods for improving the
efficiency and effectiveness of the Federal Government's enforcement efforts against counterfeiting
and piracyinfringement.

24 (3) Estimates of the resources necessary to ful-25 fill the priorities identified under paragraph (1).

(4) The performance measures to be used to
 monitor results under the joint strategic plan during
 the following year.

4 (5) An analysis of the threat posed by violations
5 of intellectual property rights, including the costs to
6 the economy of the United States resulting from vio7 lations of intellectual property laws, and the threats
8 to public health and safety created by counterfeiting
9 and piracyinfringement.

10 (6) An identification of the departments and
11 agencies that will be involved in implementing each
12 priority under paragraph (1).

(7) A strategy for ensuring coordination between the IPEC and the departments and agencies
identified under paragraph (6), including a process
for oversight by the executive branch of, and accountability among, the departments and agencies
responsible for carrying out the strategy.

(8) Such other information as is necessary to
convey the costs imposed on the United States economy by, and the threats to public health and safety
created by, counterfeiting and piracyinfringement,
and those steps that the Federal Government intends to take over the period covered by the suc-

ceeding joint strategic plan to reduce those costs and
 counter those threats.

(f) ENHANCING ENFORCEMENT EFFORTS OF FOR4 EIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The joint strategic plan shall in5 clude programs to provide training and technical assist6 ance to foreign governments for the purpose of enhancing
7 the efforts of such governments to enforce laws against
8 counterfeiting and piracyinfringement. With respect to
9 such programs, the joint strategic plan shall—

10 (1) seek to enhance the efficiency and consist11 ency with which Federal resources are expended,
12 and seek to minimize duplication, overlap, or incon13 sistency of efforts;

14 (2) identify and give priority to those countries 15 where programs of training and technical assistance 16 can be carried out most effectively and with the 17 greatest benefit to reducing counterfeit and pirat-18 edinfringed products in the United States market, to 19 protecting the intellectual property rights of United 20 States persons and their licensees, and to protecting 21 the interests of United States persons otherwise 22 harmed by violations of intellectual property rights 23 in those countries;

24 (3) in identifying the priorities under paragraph25 (2), be guided by the list of countries identified by

the United States Trade Representative under sec tion 182(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
 2242(a)); and

4 (4) develop metrics to measure the effectiveness 5 of the Federal Government's efforts to improve the 6 laws and enforcement practices of foreign govern-7 ments against counterfeiting and piracyinfringement. 8 DISSEMINATION OF THE JOINT STRATEGIC (\mathbf{g}) 9 PLAN.—The joint strategic plan shall be posted for public 10 access on the website of the White House, and shall be 11 disseminated to the public through such other means as the IPEC may identify. 12

13 SEC. 404. REPORTING.

(a) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than December 31
of each calendar year beginning in 2009, the IPEC shall
submit a report on the activities of the advisory committee
during the preceding fiscal year. The annual report shall
be submitted to Congress, and disseminated to the people
of the United States, in the manner specified in subsections (b) and (g) of section 403.

(b) CONTENTS.—The report required by this sectionshall include the following:

(1) The progress made on implementing the
strategic plan and on the progress toward fulfillment
of the priorities identified under section 403(e)(1).

1 (2) The progress made in efforts to encourage 2 Federal, State, and local government departments 3 and agencies to accord higher priority to intellectual 4 property enforcement. 5 (3) The progress made in working with foreign 6 countries to investigate, arrest, and prosecute enti-7 ties and individuals involved in the financing, pro-8 duction, trafficking, and sale of counterfeit and pi-9 ratedinfringed goods. 10 (4) The manner in which the relevant depart-11 ments and agencies are working together and shar-12 ing information to strengthen intellectual property 13 enforcement. 14 (5) An assessment of the successes and short-15 comings of the efforts of the Federal Government, 16 including departments and agencies represented on 17 the committee established under section 401(b)(3). 18 (6) Recommendations for any changes in en-19 forcement statutes, regulations, or funding levels 20 that the advisory committee considers would signifi-21 cantly improve the effectiveness or efficiency of the 22 effort of the Federal Government to combat counter-23 feiting and piracy infringement and otherwise 24 strengthen intellectual property enforcement, includ-

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1	ing through the elimination or consolidation of dupli-
2	cative programs or initiatives.
3	(7) The progress made in strengthening the ca-
4	pacity of countries to protect and enforce intellectual
5	property rights.
6	(8) The successes and challenges in sharing
7	with other countries information relating to intellec-
8	tual property enforcement.
9	(9) The progress made under trade agreements
10	and treaties to protect intellectual property rights of
11	United States persons and their licensees.
12	SEC. 405. SAVINGS AND REPEALS.
13	(a) Repeal of Coordination Council.—Section
14	653 of the Treasury and General Government Appropria-
15	tions Act, 2000 (15 U.S.C. 1128) is repealed.
16	(a) Transition From NIPLECC to IPEC.—
17	(1) Repeal of Niplecc.—Section 653 of the
18	Treasury and General Government Appropriations
19	Act, 2000 (15 U.S.C. 1128) is repealed effective upon
20	confirmation of the IPEC by the Senate and publica-
21	tion of such appointment in the Congressional
22	Record.
23	(2) Continuity of performance of duties.—
24	Upon confirmation by the Senate, and notwith-
25	standing paragraph (1), the IPEC may use the serv-

ices and personnel of the National Intellectual Prop-1 2 erty Law Enforcement Coordination Council, for such time as is reasonable, to perform any functions or du-3 4 ties which in the discretion of the IPEC are necessary to facilitate the orderly transition of any functions or 5 6 duties transferred from the Council to the IPEC pur-7 suant to any provision of this Act or any amendment 8 made by this Act.

9 (b) CURRENT AUTHORITIES NOT AFFECTED.—Ex-10 cept as provided in subsection (a), nothing in this title 11 shall alter the authority of any department or agency of 12 the United States (including any independent agency) that 13 relates to—

14 (1) the investigation and prosecution of viola15 tions of laws that protect intellectual property
16 rights;

17 (2) the administrative enforcement, at the bor18 ders of the United States, of laws that protect intel19 lectual property rights; or

20 (3) the United States trade agreements pro-21 gram or international trade.

(c) REGISTER OF COPYRIGHTS.—Nothing in this title
shall derogate from the duties and functions of the Register of Copyrights.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this title
 shall derogate from the powers, duties, and functions of any
 of the agencies, departments, or other entities listed or in cluded under section 401(b)(3)(A).

5 SEC. 406. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appro7 priated for each fiscal year such sums as may be necessary
8 to carry out this title.

9 TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF 10 JUSTICE PROGRAMS

11 SEC. 501. LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Section 2 of the Computer
Crime Enforcement Act (42 U.S.C. 3713) is amended—
(1) in subsection (b), by inserting after "com-

puter crime" each place it appears the following: ",
including infringement of copyrighted works over the
Internet"; and

(2) in subsection (e)(1), relating to authorization of appropriations, by striking "fiscal years 2001
through 2004" and inserting "fiscal years 2009
through 2013".

(b) GRANTS.—The Office of Justice Programs of the
Department of Justice shall make grants to eligible State
or local law enforcement entities, including law enforcement agencies of municipal governments and public edu-

cational institutions, for training, prevention, enforce ment, and prosecution of intellectual property theft and
 infringement crimes (in this subsection referred to as "IP TIC grants"), in accordance with the following:

(1) Use of ip-tic grant amounts.—IP-TIC 5 6 grants may be used to establish and develop pro-7 grams to do the following with respect to the en-8 forcement of State and local true name and address 9 laws and State and local criminal laws on anti-pi-10 racy, anti-counterfeiting, and unlawful acts with re-11 spect to goods by reason of their protection by a pat-12 ent, trademark, service mark, trade secret, or other 13 intellectual property right under State or Federal 14 law:

(A) Assist State and local law enforcement
agencies in enforcing those laws, including by
reimbursing State and local entities for expenses incurred in performing enforcement operations, such as overtime payments and storage fees for seized evidence.

(B) Assist State and local law enforcement
agencies in educating the public to prevent,
deter, and identify violations of those laws.

24 (C) Educate and train State and local law25 enforcement officers and prosecutors to conduct

investigations and forensic analyses of evidence and prosecutions in matters involving those laws.

(D) Establish task forces that include personnel from State or local law enforcement entities, or both, exclusively to conduct investigations and forensic analyses of evidence and prosecutions in matters involving those laws.

9 (E) Assist State and local law enforcement 10 officers and prosecutors in acquiring computer 11 and other equipment to conduct investigations 12 and forensic analyses of evidence in matters in-13 volving those laws.

14 (F) Facilitate and promote the sharing, 15 with State and local law enforcement officers 16 and prosecutors, of the expertise and informa-17 tion of Federal law enforcement agencies about 18 the investigation, analysis, and prosecution of 19 matters involving those laws and criminal in-20 fringement of copyrighted works, including the 21 use of multijurisdictional task forces.

(2) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive an
IP-TIC grant, a State or local government entity
shall provide to the Attorney General—

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(A) assurances that the State in which the
 government entity is located has in effect laws
 described in paragraph (1);

4 (B) an assessment of the resource needs of 5 the State or local government entity applying 6 for the grant, including information on the need 7 for reimbursements of base salaries and over-8 time costs, storage fees, and other expenditures 9 to improve the investigation, prevention, or en-10 forcement of laws described in paragraph (1); 11 and

12 (C) a plan for coordinating the programs 13 funded under this section with other federally 14 funded technical assistance and training pro-15 grams, including directly funded local programs 16 such as the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice 17 Assistance Grant Program authorized by sub-18 part 1 of part E of title I of the Omnibus 19 Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 20 (42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.).

(3) MATCHING FUNDS.—The Federal share of
an IP-TIC grant may not exceed 9075 percent of
the costs of the program or proposal funded by the
IP-TIC grant, unless the Attorney General waives,
in whole or in part, the 90 percent requirement.

1	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	(A) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized
3	to be appropriated to carry out this subsection
4	the sum of \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years
5	2009 through 2013.
6	(B) LIMITATION.—Of the amount made
7	available to carry out this subsection in any fis-
8	cal year, not more than 3 percent may be used
9	by the Attorney General for salaries and admin-
10	istrative expenses.
11	SEC. 502. IMPROVED INVESTIGATIVE AND FORENSIC RE-
12	SOURCES FOR ENFORCEMENT OF LAWS RE-
13	LATED TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
13 14	LATED TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY CRIMES.
14	CRIMES.
14 15	CRIMES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of ap-
14 15 16	CRIMES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations to carry out this subsection, the Attorney
14 15 16 17	CRIMES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations to carry out this subsection, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Federal
14 15 16 17 18	CRIMES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations to carry out this subsection, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall, with respect to crimes re-
14 15 16 17 18 19	CRIMES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations to carry out this subsection, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall, with respect to crimes related to the theft of intellectual property—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	CRIMES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of ap- propriations to carry out this subsection, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall, with respect to crimes re- lated to the theft of intellectual property— (1) create an operational unit of the Federal
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	CRIMES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of ap- propriations to carry out this subsection, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall, with respect to crimes re- lated to the theft of intellectual property— (1) create an operational unit of the Federal Bureau of Investigation—
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	CRIMES. (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of ap- propriations to carry out this subsection, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall, with respect to crimes re- lated to the theft of intellectual property— (1) create an operational unit of the Federal Bureau of Investigation— (A) to work with the Computer Crime and

1	committed in more than 1 judicial district, or
2	international;
3	(B) that consists of at least 10 agents of
4	the Bureau; and
5	(C) that is located at the headquarters of
6	the Bureau;
7	(2) ensure that any unit in the Department of
8	Justice responsible for investigating computer hack-
9	ing or intellectual property crimes is as -
10	$\frac{1}{1}$ signed supported by at least 2 agents of the Federal
11	Bureau of Investigation (in addition to any agent as -
12	signed to supporting such unit as of the date of the
13	enactment of this Act) to support such unit for the
14	purpose of investigating or prosecuting intellectual
15	property crimes; and
16	(3) ensure that all Computer Hacking and Intel-
17	lectual Property Crime Units located at an office of
18	a United States Attorney are assigned at least 2 As-
19	sistant United States Attorneys responsible for inves-
20	tigating and prosecuting computer hacking or intel-
21	lectual property crimes; and
22	(34) implement a comprehensive program—
23	(A) the purpose of which is to train agents
24	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in the
25	investigation and prosecution of such crimes

1	and the enforcement of laws related to intellec-
2	tual property crimes;
3	(B) that includes relevant forensic training
4	related to investigating and prosecuting intellec-
5	tual property crimes; and
6	(C) that requires such agents who inves-
7	tigate or prosecute intellectual property crimes
8	to attend the program annually.
9	(b) Organized Crime Task Force.—Subject to the
10	availability of appropriations to carry out this subsection,
11	and not later than 120 days after the date of the enact-
12	ment of this Act, the Attorney General, through the
13	United States Attorneys' Offices, the Computer Crime and
14	Intellectual Property section, and the Organized Crime
15	and Racketeering section of the Department of Justice,
16	and in consultation with the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
17	tion and other Federal law enforcement agencies, shall
18	create a Task Force to develop and implement a com-
19	prehensive, long-range plan to investigate and prosecute
20	international organized crime syndicates engaging in or
21	supporting crimes relating to the theft of intellectual prop-
22	erty.
23	(c) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be ap-

23 (c) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be ap24 propriated to carry out this section \$12,000,000 for each
25 of fiscal years 2009 through 2013.

1	SEC. 503. ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR RESOURCES TO IN-
2	VESTIGATE AND PROSECUTE CRIMINAL AC-
3	TIVITY INVOLVING COMPUTERS.
4	(a) Additional Funding for Resources.—
5	(1) AUTHORIZATION.—In addition to amounts
6	otherwise authorized for resources to investigate and
7	prosecute criminal activity involving computers,
8	there are authorized to be appropriated for each of
9	the fiscal years 2009 through 2013—
10	(A) $10,000,000$ to the Director of the
11	Federal Bureau of Investigation; and
12	(B) \$10,000,000 to the Attorney General
13	for the Criminal Division of the Department of
14	Justice.
15	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Any amounts appropriated
16	under paragraph (1) shall remain available until ex-
17	pended.
18	(b) USE OF ADDITIONAL FUNDING.—Funds made
19	available under subsection (a) shall be used by the Direc-
20	tor of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Attor-
21	ney General, for the Federal Bureau of Investigation and
22	the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice, re-
23	spectively, to—
24	(1) hire and train law enforcement officers to—
25	(A) investigate crimes committed through
26	the use of computers and other information

technology, including through the use of the
 Internet; and
 (B) assist in the prosecution of such
 crimes; and

5 (2) procure advanced tools of forensic science to
6 investigate, prosecute, and study such crimes.

7 SEC. 504. INTERNATIONAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW 8 ENFORCEMENT COORDINATORS.

9 (a) DEPLOYMENT OF ADDITIONAL COORDINA-10 TORS.—Subject to the availability of appropriations to carry out this section, the Attorney General shall, within 11 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, de-12 13 ploy 5 Intellectual Property Law Enforcement Coordinators, in addition to those serving in such capacity on such 14 15 date of enactment. Such deployments shall be made to those countries and regions where the activities of such 16 17 a coordinator can be carried out most effectively and with the greatest benefit to reducing counterfeit and pirat-18 19 edinfringed products in the United States market, to pro-20 tecting the intellectual property rights of United States 21 persons and their licensees, and to protecting the interests 22 of United States persons otherwise harmed by violations 23 of intellectual property rights in those countries. The mis-24 sion of all International Intellectual Property Law En-25 forcement Coordinators shall include the following:

(1) Acting as liaison with foreign law enforce ment agencies and other foreign officials in criminal
 matters involving intellectual property rights.

4 (2) Performing outreach and training to build
5 the enforcement capacity of foreign governments
6 against intellectual property-related crime in the re7 gions in which the coordinators serve.

8 (3) CoordinatingAssisting in the coordination of 9 United States law enforcement activities against in-10 tellectual property-related crimes in the regions in 11 which the coordinators serve.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such
sums as may be necessary for the deployment and support
of all International Intellectual Property Enforcement Coordinators of the Department of Justice, including those
deployed under subsection (a).

18 SEC. 505. ANNUAL REPORTS.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attorney General
shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the
Senate and the House of Representatives a report on actions taken to carry out this title.

1 SEC. 506. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 2 There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-3 cal year such sums as may be necessary to carry out this 4 title. TITLE VI-MISCELLANEOUS 5 6 SEC. 601. GAO STUDY ON PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL 7 **PROPERTY OF MANUFACTURERS.** 8 (a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the Untied 9 States shall conduct a study to help determine how the Federal Government could better protect the intellectual prop-10 erty of manufacturers by quantification of the impacts of 11 imported and domestic counterfeit goods on-12 (1) the manufacturing industry in the United 13 14 States: and 15 (2) the overall economy of the United States. 16 (b) CONTENTS.—In conducting the study required under subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall exam-17 18 ine— 19 (1) the extent that counterfeit manufactured 20 goods are actively being trafficked in and imported 21 into the United States: 22 (2) the impacts on domestic manufacturers in 23 the United States of current law regarding defending 24 intellectual property, including patent, trademark, 25 and copyright protections:

1	(3) the nature and scope of current statutory law
2	and case law regarding protecting trade dress from
3	being illegally copied;
4	(4) the extent which such laws are being used to
5	investigate and prosecute acts of trafficking in coun-
6	terfeit manufactured goods;
7	(5) any effective practices or procedures that are
8	protecting all types of intellectual property; and
9	(6) any changes to current statutes or rules that
10	would need to be implemented to more effectively pro-
11	tect the intellectual property rights of manufacturers.
12	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
13	the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall
14	submit to Congress a report on the results of the study re-
15	quired under subsection (a).
16	SEC. 602. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
17	It is the sense of Congress that—
18	(1) the United States intellectual property indus-
19	tries have created millions of high-skill, high-paying
20	United States jobs and pay billions of dollars in an-
21	nual United States tax revenues;
22	(2) the United States intellectual property indus-
23	tries continue to represent a major source of cre-
24	ativity and innovation, business start-ups, skilled job

creation, exports, economic growth, and competitive ness;

3 (3) counterfeiting and infringement results in
4 billions of dollars in lost revenue for United States
5 companies each year and even greater losses to the
6 United States economy in terms of reduced job
7 growth, exports, and competitiveness;

8 (4) the growing number of willful violations of 9 existing Federal criminal laws involving counter-10 feiting and infringement by actors in the United 11 States and, increasingly, by foreign-based individuals 12 and entities is a serious threat to the long-term vital-13 ity of the United States economy and the future com-14 petitiveness of United States industry;

(5) effective criminal enforcement of the intellectual property laws against such violations in all categories of works should be among the highest priorities
of the Attorney General; and

(6) with respect to criminal counterfeiting and
infringement of computer software, the Attorney General should give priority to cases—

22 (A) involving the willful theft of intellectual
23 property for purposes of commercial advantage
24 or private financial gain;

1	(B) where the theft of intellectual property
2	is central to the sustainability and viability of
3	the commercial activity of the enterprise (or sub-
4	sidiary) involved in the violation;
5	(C) where the counterfeited or infringing
6	goods or services enables the enterprise to un-
7	fairly compete against the legitimate rights hold-
8	er;
9	(D) where there is actual knowledge of the
10	theft of intellectual property by the directors or
11	officers of the enterprise; and
12	(E) where the enterprise involved in the
13	theft of intellectual property is owned or con-
14	trolled by a foreign enterprise or other foreign
15	entity.

Calendar No. 964

110TH CONGRESS S. 3325

A BILL

To enhance remedies for violations of intellectual property laws, and for other purposes.

September 15, 2008

Reported with amendments