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S. 906

[Report No. 110-477]

To prohibit the sale, distribution, transfer, and export of elemental mercury, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 15, 2007

Mr. OBAMA (for himself, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. BIDEN, Mr. SALAZAR, Mrs. BOXER, and Mr. LEVIN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

SEPTEMBER 22 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 17), 2008 Reported by Mrs. BOXER, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To prohibit the sale, distribution, transfer, and export of elemental mercury, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Mercury Market Mini-

5 mization Act of 2007".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds that—
3	(1) mercury and mercury compounds are highly
4	toxic to humans, ecosystems, and wildlife;
5	(2) as many as 10 percent of women in the
6	United States of childbearing age have mercury in
7	the blood at a level that could put a baby at risk;
8	(3) as many as 630,000 children born annually
9	in the United States are at risk of neurological prob-
10	lems related to mercury;
11	(4) the most significant source of mercury expo-
12	sure to people in the United States is ingestion of
13	mercury-contaminated fish;
14	(5) the Environmental Protection Agency re-
15	ports that, as of 2004—
16	(A) 44 States have fish advisories covering
17	over 13,000,000 lake acres and over 750,000
18	river miles;
19	(B) in 21 States the freshwater advisories
20	are statewide; and
21	(C) in 12 States the coastal advisories are
22	statewide;
23	(6) the long-term solution to mercury pollution
24	is to minimize global mercury use and releases to
25	eventually achieve reduced contamination levels in
26	the environment, rather than reducing fish consump-
	•S 906 RS

1 tion since uncontaminated fish represents a critical 2 and healthy source of nutrition worldwide; 3 (7) mercury pollution is a transboundary pollut-4 ant, depositing locally, regionally, and globally, and 5 affecting water bodies near industrial sources (in-6 eluding the Great Lakes) and remote areas (includ-7 ing the Arctic Circle); 8 (8) the free trade of mercury and mercury com-9 pounds on the world market, at relatively low prices 10 and in ready supply, encourages the continued use 11 of mercury outside of the United States, often in-12 volving highly dispersive activities such as artisinal 13 gold mining; 14 (9) the intentional use of mercury is declining in the United States as a consequence of process 15 16 changes to manufactured products (including bat-17 teries, paints, switches, and measuring devices), but 18 those uses remain substantial in the developing 19 world where releases from the products are ex-20 tremely likely due to the limited pollution control 21 and waste management infrastructures in those 22 countries;

23 (10) the member countries of the European
24 Union collectively are the largest source of mercury
25 exports globally;

1	(11) the European Union is in the process of
2	enacting legislation that will prohibit mercury ex-
3	ports by not later than 2011;
4	(12) the United States is a net exporter of mer-
5	cury and, according to the United States Geologic
6	Survey, exported 506 metric tons of mercury more
7	than the United States imported during the period
8	of 2000 through 2004; and
9	(13) banning exports of mercury from the
10	United States will have a notable affect on the mar-
11	ket availability of mercury and switching to afford-
12	able mercury alternatives in the developing world.
13	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON SALE, DISTRIBUTION, OR TRANS-
13 14	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON SALE, DISTRIBUTION, OR TRANS- FER OF MERCURY BY DEPARTMENT OF DE-
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14	FER OF MERCURY BY DEPARTMENT OF DE-
14 15	FER OF MERCURY BY DEPARTMENT OF DE- FENSE OR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.
14 15 16	FER OF MERCURY BY DEPARTMENT OF DE- FENSE OR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY. Section 6 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
14 15 16 17	FER OF MERCURY BY DEPARTMENT OF DE- FENSE OR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY. Section 6 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2605) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
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 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	FER OF MERCURY BY DEPARTMENT OF DE- FENSE OR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY. Section 6 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2605) is amended by adding at the end the fol- lowing: "(f) MERCURY.— "(1) PROHIBITION ON SALE, DISTRIBUTION, OR TRANSFER OF MERCURY BY FEDERAL AGENCIES.— Except as provided in paragraph (2), effective begin- ning on the date of enactment of this subsection, no

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1	ment agency, or any private individual or entity any
2	elemental mercury under the control or jurisdiction
3	of the Federal agency.
4	<u>"(2)</u> Exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not
5	apply to a transfer between Federal agencies of ele-
6	mental mercury for the sole purpose of facilitating
7	storage of mercury to carry out this Act.".
8	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON EXPORT OF MERCURY.
9	Section 12 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
10	U.S.C. 2611) is amended—
11	(1) in subsection (a) by striking "subsection
12	(b)" and inserting "subsections (b) and (c)"; and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(c) Prohibition on Export of Mercury.—
15	"(1) Elemental mercury.—Effective Janu-
16	ary 1, 2010, the export of elemental mercury from
17	the United States is prohibited.
18	"(2) Report to congress on mercury com-
19	POUNDS.—
20	$\frac{((A)}{(A)}$ Report.
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1
22	year after the date of enactment of the
23	Mercury Market Minimization Act of 2007,
24	the Administrator shall publish and submit
25	to Congress a report on mercuric chloride,

1	mercurous chloride or calomel, mercurie
2	oxide, and other mercury compounds, if
3	any, that may currently be used in signifi-
4	cant quantities in products or processes.
5	"(ii) Inclusions.—The report shall
6	include an analysis of—
7	${}$ (I) the sources and amounts of
8	each mercury compound produced an-
9	nually in, or imported into, the United
10	States;
11	$\frac{((\Pi)(aa)}{(aa)}$ the purposes for which
12	each of the compounds are used do-
13	mestically;
14	"(bb) the quantity of the com-
15	pounds currently consumed annually
16	for each purpose; and
17	"(ee) the estimated quantity of
18	the compounds to be consumed for
19	each purpose during calendar year
20	2010 and thereafter;
21	"(III) the sources and quantities
22	of each mercury compound exported
23	from the United States during each of
24	the preceding 3 calendar years;

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${(IV)}$ the potential for the com-
pounds to be processed into elemental
mercury after export from the United
States; and
${(V)}$ other information that Con-
gress should consider in determining
whether to extend the export prohibi-
tion to include 1 or more of those
mercury compounds.
"(B) PROCEDURE.
"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-
vided in clause (ii), for the purpose of pre-
paring the report under this paragraph,
the Administrator may use the information
gathering authorities of this title, including
sections 10 and 11.
$\frac{\text{``(ii)}}{\text{Exception.}}$ Subsection (b)(2)
of section 11 shall not apply to activities
under this subparagraph.
"(3) Excess mercury storage advisory
COMMITTEE.
"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is estab-
lished an advisory committee, to be known as
the 'Excess Mercury Storage Advisory Com-

1	mittee' (referred to in this paragraph as the
2	<u>'Committee').</u>
3	"(B) Membership.—
4	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Committee
5	shall be composed of 9 members, of
6	whom
7	"(I) 2 members shall be jointly
8	appointed by the Speaker of the
9	House of Representatives and the Ma-
10	jority Leader of the Senate—
11	"(aa) 1 of whom shall be
12	designated to serve as Chair-
13	person of the Committee; and
14	"(bb) 1 of whom shall be
15	designated to serve as Vice-
16	Chairperson of the Committee;
17	${(H)}$ 1 member shall be the Ad-
18	ministrator;
19	"(III) 1 member shall be the Sec-
20	retary of Defense;
21	"(IV) 1 member shall be a rep-
22	resentative of State environmental
23	agencies;
24	"(V) 1 member shall be a rep-
25	resentative of State attorneys general;

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1	"(VI) 1 member shall be a rep-
2	resentative of the chlorine industry;
3	"(VII) 1 member shall be a rep-
4	resentative of the mercury waste
5	treatment industry; and
6	"(VIII) 1 member shall be a rep-
7	resentative of a nonprofit environ-
8	mental organization.
9	"(ii) APPOINTMENTS.—Not later than
10	45 days after the date of enactment of this
11	subsection, the Administrator, in consulta-
12	tion with the appropriate congressional
13	committees, shall appoint the members of
14	the Committee described in subclauses (IV)
15	through (VIII) of clause (i).
16	"(C) INITIAL MEETING.—Not later than
17	30 days after the date on which all members of
18	the Committee have been appointed, the Com-
19	mittee shall hold the initial meeting of the Com-
20	mittee.
21	"(D) MEETINGS.—The Committee shall
22	meet at the call of the Chairperson.
23	"(E) QUORUM.—A majority of the mem-
24	bers of the Committee shall constitute a
25	quorum.

1	"(F) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year
2	after the date of enactment of this subsection,
3	the Committee shall submit to Congress a re-
4	port describing the findings and recommenda-
5	tions of the Committee, if any, relating to—
6	"(i) the environmental, health, and
7	safety requirements necessary to prevent—
8	${}$ (I) the release of elemental mer-
9	cury into the environment; and
10	${}$ (II) worker exposure from the
11	storage of elemental mercury;
12	"(ii) the estimated annual cost of
13	storing elemental mercury on a per-pound
14	or per-ton basis;
15	"(iii) for the 40-year period beginning
16	on the date of submission of the report,
17	the optimal size, number, and other char-
18	acteristics of Federal facilities required to
19	store elemental mercury under current and
20	anticipated jurisdictions of each Federal
21	agency;
22	"(iv) the estimated quantity of—
23	${}$ (I) elemental mercury that will
24	result from the decommissioning of

1 mercury cell chlor-alkali facilities in 2 the United States; and 3 "(II) any other supplies that may 4 require storage to carry out this Act; 5 "(v) for the 40-year period beginning 6 on the date of submission of the report, 7 the estimated quantity of elemental mer-8 cury generated from the recycling of un-9 wanted products and other wastes that will 10 require storage to comply with the export 11 prohibitions under this Act; "(vi) any legal, technical, economic, or 12 13 other barrier that may prevent the private 14 sector from storing elemental mercury pro-15 duced by the private sector during the 40-

year period beginning on the date of submission of the report, including a description of measures to address the barriers;

19"(vii) the advantages and disadvan-20tages of consolidating the storage of mer-21cury produced by public and private22sources under the management of the pub-23lie or private sector;

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- "(viii) the optimal plan of the Committee for storing excess mercury produced by public and private sources; and "(ix) additional research, if any, required to determine a long-term disposal option for the storage of excess mercury. "(G) COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS.—
 - "(i) In general.—

9 $\frac{((I)}{(I)}$ Non-Federal EMPLOY-10 EES.—A member of the Committee 11 who is not an officer or employee of 12 the Federal Government shall be com-13 pensated at a rate equal to the daily 14 equivalent of the annual rate of basic 15 pay prescribed for level V of the Exec-16 utive Schedule under section 5316 of 17 title 5, United States Code, for each 18 day (including travel time) during 19 which the member is engaged in the 20 performance of the duties of the Com-21 mittee.

22 "(II) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—A
23 member of the Committee who is an
24 officer or employee of the Federal
25 Government shall serve without com-

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- 1pensation in addition to the com-2pensation received for the services of3the member as an officer or employee4of the Federal Government.
- 5 "(ii) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—A member 6 of the Committee shall be allowed travel 7 expenses, including per diem in lieu of sub-8 sistence, at rates authorized for an em-9 ployee of an agency under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, 10 11 while away from the home or regular place 12 of business of the member in the perform-13 ance of the duties of the Committee.
- 14 "(H) STAFF AND FUNDING.—The Admin15 istrator shall provide to the Committee such
 16 funding and additional personnel as are nec17 essary to enable the Committee to perform the
 18 duties of the Committee.

19 "(I) TERMINATION.—The Committee shall
20 terminate 180 days after the date on which the
21 Committee submits the report of the Committee
22 under subparagraph (F).

23 "(4) INAPPLICABILITY OF UNREASONABLE RISK
24 REQUIREMENT. Subsection (a) shall not apply to
25 this subsection.".

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Mercury Export Ban
3 Act of 2008".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 5 Congress finds that—
- 6 (1) mercury is highly toxic to humans, eco7 systems, and wildlife;

8 (2) as many as 10 percent of women in the
9 United States of childbearing age have mercury in the
10 blood at a level that could put a baby at risk;

(3) as many as 630,000 children born annually
in the United States are at risk of neurological problems related to mercury;

14 (4) the most significant source of mercury expo15 sure to people in the United States is ingestion of
16 mercury-contaminated fish;

17 (5) the Environmental Protection Agency reports
18 that, as of 2004—

19(A) 44 States have fish advisories covering20over 13,000,000 lake acres and over 750,00021river miles;

(B) in 21 States the freshwater advisories
are statewide; and

24 (C) in 12 States the coastal advisories are
25 statewide;

1	(6) the long-term solution to mercury pollution
2	is to minimize global mercury use and releases to
3	eventually achieve reduced contamination levels in the
4	environment, rather than reducing fish consumption
5	since uncontaminated fish represents a critical and
6	healthy source of nutrition worldwide;
7	(7) mercury pollution is a transboundary pollut-
8	ant, depositing locally, regionally, and globally, and
9	affecting water bodies near industrial sources (includ-
10	ing the Great Lakes) and remote areas (including the
11	Arctic Circle);
12	(8) the free trade of elemental mercury on the
13	world market, at relatively low prices and in ready
14	supply, encourages the continued use of elemental
15	mercury outside of the United States, often involving
16	highly dispersive activities such as artisinal gold
17	mining;
18	(9) the intentional use of mercury is declining in
19	the United States as a consequence of process changes
20	to manufactured products (including batteries, paints,
21	switches, and measuring devices), but those uses re-
22	main substantial in the developing world where re-
23	leases from the products are extremely likely due to
24	the limited pollution control and waste management
25	infrastructures in those countries;

1	(10) the member countries of the European
2	Union collectively are the largest source of elemental
3	mercury exports globally;
4	(11) the European Commission has proposed to
5	the European Parliament and to the Council of the
6	European Union a regulation to ban exports of ele-
7	mental mercury from the European Union by 2011;
8	(12) the United States is a net exporter of ele-
9	mental mercury and, according to the United States
10	Geological Survey, exported 506 metric tons of ele-
11	mental mercury more than the United States im-
12	ported during the period of 2000 through 2004; and
13	(13) banning exports of elemental mercury from
14	the United States will have a notable effect on the
15	market availability of elemental mercury and switch-
16	ing to affordable mercury alternatives in the devel-
17	oping world.
18	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON SALE, DISTRIBUTION, OR TRANS-
19	FER OF ELEMENTAL MERCURY.
20	Section 6 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
21	U.S.C. 2605) is amended by adding at the end the following:
22	"(f) Mercury.—
23	"(1) Prohibition on sale, distribution, or
24	TRANSFER OF ELEMENTAL MERCURY BY FEDERAL
25	AGENCIES.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), ef-

1	fective beginning on the date of enactment of this sub-
2	section, no Federal agency shall convey, sell, or dis-
3	tribute to any other Federal agency, any State or
4	local government agency, or any private individual or
5	entity any elemental mercury under the control or ju-
6	risdiction of the Federal agency.
7	"(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) shall not
8	apply to—
9	"(A) a transfer between Federal agencies of
10	elemental mercury for the sole purpose of facili-
11	tating storage of mercury to carry out this Act;
12	OT
13	``(B) a conveyance, sale, distribution, or
14	transfer of coal.
15	"(3) Leases of federal coal.—Nothing in
16	this subsection prohibits the leasing of coal.".
17	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON EXPORT OF ELEMENTAL MER-
18	CURY.
19	Section 12 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
20	U.S.C. 2611) is amended—
21	(1) in subsection (a) by striking "subsection (b)"
22	and inserting "subsections (b) and (c)"; and
23	(2) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(c) Prohibition on Export of Elemental Mer-
25	CURY.—

	-
1	"(1) Prohibition.—Effective January 1, 2010,
2	the export of elemental mercury from the United
3	States is prohibited.
4	"(2) INAPPLICABILITY OF SUBSECTION (a).—Sub-
5	section (a) shall not apply to this subsection.
6	"(3) Report to congress on mercury com-
7	POUNDS.—
8	"(A) REPORT.—Not later than one year
9	after the date of enactment of the Mercury Ex-
10	port Ban Act of 2008, the Administrator shall
11	publish and submit to Congress a report on mer-
12	curic chloride, mercurous chloride or calomel,
13	mercuric oxide, and other mercury compounds, if
14	any, that may currently be used in significant
15	quantities in products or processes. Such report
16	shall include an analysis of—
17	((i) the sources and amounts of each of
18	the mercury compounds imported into the
19	United States or manufactured in the
20	United States annually;
21	"(ii) the purposes for which each of
22	these compounds are used domestically, the
23	amount of these compounds currently con-
24	sumed annually for each purpose, and the

1	estimated amounts to be consumed for each
2	purpose in 2010 and beyond;
3	"(iii) the sources and amounts of each
4	mercury compound exported from the
5	United States annually in each of the last
6	three years;
7	"(iv) the potential for these compounds
8	to be processed into elemental mercury after
9	export from the United States; and
10	(v) other relevant information that
11	Congress should consider in determining
12	whether to extend the export prohibition to
13	include one or more of these mercury com-
14	pounds.
15	"(B) PROCEDURE.—For the purpose of pre-
16	paring the report under this paragraph, the Ad-
17	ministrator may utilize the information gath-
18	ering authorities of this title, including sections
19	10 and 11.
20	"(4) Essential use exemption.—(A) Any per-
21	son residing in the United States may petition the
22	Administrator for an exemption from the prohibition
23	in paragraph (1), and the Administrator may grant
24	by rule, after notice and opportunity for comment, an

1	exemption for a specified use at an identified foreign
2	facility if the Administrator finds that—
3	"(i) nonmercury alternatives for the speci-
4	fied use are not available in the country where
5	the facility is located;
6	"(ii) there is no other source of elemental
7	mercury available from domestic supplies (not
8	including new mercury mines) in the country
9	where the elemental mercury will be used;
10	"(iii) the country where the elemental mer-
11	cury will be used certifies its support for the ex-
12	emption;
13	"(iv) the export will be conducted in such a
14	manner as to ensure the elemental mercury will
15	be used at the identified facility as described in
16	the petition, and not otherwise diverted for other
17	uses for any reason;
18	(v) the elemental mercury will be used in
19	a manner that will protect human health and
20	the environment, taking into account local, re-
21	gional, and global human health and environ-
22	mental impacts;
23	"(vi) the elemental mercury will be handled
24	and managed in a manner that will protect
25	human health and the environment, taking into

19 case of a violation described in subparagraph (D).

20 "(D) A violation of this subsection or the terms
21 and conditions of an exemption, or the submission of
22 false information in connection therewith, shall be
23 considered a prohibited act under section 15, and
24 shall be subject to penalties under section 16, injunc-

tive relief under section 17, and citizen suits under section 20.

3 "(5) CONSISTENCY WITH TRADE OBLIGATIONS.—
4 Nothing in this subsection affects, replaces, or amends
5 prior law relating to the need for consistency with
6 international trade obligations.

7 "(6) EXPORT OF COAL.—Nothing in this sub8 section shall be construed to prohibit the export of
9 coal.".

10 SEC. 5. LONG-TERM STORAGE.

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(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—Not later than
January 1, 2010, the Secretary of Energy (in this section
referred to as the "Secretary") shall accept custody, for the
purpose of long-term management and storage, of elemental
mercury generated within the United States and delivered
to a facility of the Department of Energy designated by the
Secretary.

18 (b) FEES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—After consultation with persons who are likely to deliver elemental mercury to a
designated facility for long-term management and
storage under the program prescribed in subsection
(a), and with other interested persons, the Secretary
shall assess and collect a fee at the time of delivery
for providing such management and storage, based on

1	the pro rata cost of long-term management and stor-
2	age of elemental mercury delivered to the facility. The
3	amount of such fees—
4	(A) shall be made publically available not
5	later than October 1, 2009;
6	(B) may be adjusted annually; and
7	(C) shall be set in an amount sufficient to
8	cover the costs described in paragraph (2).
9	(2) COSTS.—The costs referred to in paragraph
10	(1)(C) are the costs to the Department of Energy of
11	providing such management and storage, including
12	facility operation and maintenance, security, moni-
13	toring, reporting, personnel, administration, inspec-
14	tions, training, fire suppression, closure, and other
15	costs required for compliance with applicable law.
16	Such costs shall not include costs associated with land
17	acquisition or permitting of a designated facility
18	under the Solid Waste Disposal Act or other applica-
19	ble law. Building design and building construction
20	costs shall only be included to the extent that the Sec-
21	retary finds that the management and storage of ele-
22	mental mercury accepted under the program under
23	this section cannot be accomplished without construc-
24	tion of a new building or buildings.

1 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the end of 2 each Federal fiscal year, the Secretary shall transmit to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Rep-3 4 resentatives and the Committee on Environment and Public 5 Works of the Senate a report on all of the costs incurred in the previous fiscal year associated with the long-term 6 management and storage of elemental mercury. Such report 7 8 shall set forth separately the costs associated with activities 9 taken under this section.

10 (d) MANAGEMENT STANDARDS FOR A FACILITY.—

11 (1) GUIDANCE.—Not later than October 1, 2009, 12 the Secretary, after consultation with the Adminis-13 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency and 14 all appropriate State agencies in affected States, shall 15 make available, including to potential users of the 16 long-term management and storage program estab-17 lished under subsection (a), guidance that establishes 18 procedures and standards for the receipt, manage-19 ment, and long-term storage of elemental mercury at 20 a designated facility or facilities, including require-21 ments to ensure appropriate use of flasks or other 22 suitable shipping containers. Such procedures and 23 standards shall be protective of human health and the 24 environment and shall ensure that the elemental mer-25 cury is stored in a safe, secure, and effective manner.

1	In addition to such procedures and standards, ele-
2	mental mercury managed and stored under this sec-
3	tion at a designated facility shall be subject to the re-
4	quirements of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, including
5	the requirements of subtitle C of that Act, except as
6	provided in subsection $(g)(2)$ of this section. A des-
7	ignated facility in existence on or before January 1,
8	2010, is authorized to operate under interim status
9	pursuant to section 3005(e) of the Solid Waste Dis-
10	posal Act until a final decision on a permit applica-
11	tion is made pursuant to section 3005(c) of the Solid
12	Waste Disposal Act. Not later than January 1, 2012,
13	the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
14	Agency (or an authorized State) shall issue a final
15	decision on the permit application.

16 (2) TRAINING.—The Secretary shall conduct
17 operational training and emergency training for all
18 staff that have responsibilities related to elemental
19 mercury management, transfer, storage, monitoring,
20 or response.

21 (3) EQUIPMENT.—The Secretary shall ensure
22 that each designated facility has all equipment nec23 essary for routine operations, emergencies, moni24 toring, checking inventory, loading, and storing ele25 mental mercury at the facility.

1	(4) FIRE DETECTION AND SUPPRESSION SYS-
2	TEMS.—The Secretary shall—
3	(A) ensure the installation of fire detection
4	systems at each designated facility, including
5	smoke detectors and heat detectors; and
6	(B) ensure the installation of a permanent
7	fire suppression system, unless the Secretary de-
8	termines that a permanent fire suppression sys-
9	tem is not necessary to protect human health
10	and the environment.
11	(e) Indemnification of Persons Delivering Ele-
12	MENTAL MERCURY.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—(A) Except as provided in
14	subparagraph (B) and subject to paragraph (2) , the
15	Secretary shall hold harmless, defend, and indemnify
16	in full any person who delivers elemental mercury to
17	a designated facility under the program established
18	under subsection (a) from and against any suit,
19	claim, demand or action, liability, judgment, cost, or
20	other fee arising out of any claim for personal injury
21	or property damage (including death, illness, or loss
22	of or damage to property or economic loss) that re-
23	sults from, or is in any manner predicated upon, the
24	release or threatened release of elemental mercury as
25	a result of acts or omissions occurring after such mer-

1	cury is delivered to a designated facility described in
2	subsection (a).
3	(B) To the extent that a person described in sub-
4	paragraph (A) contributed to any such release or
5	threatened release, subparagraph (A) shall not apply.
6	(2) CONDITIONS.—No indemnification may be
7	afforded under this subsection unless the person seek-
8	ing indemnification—
9	(A) notifies the Secretary in writing within
10	30 days after receiving written notice of the
11	claim for which indemnification is sought;
12	(B) furnishes to the Secretary copies of per-
13	tinent papers the person receives;
14	(C) furnishes evidence or proof of any
15	claim, loss, or damage covered by this subsection;
16	and
17	(D) provides, upon request by the Secretary,
18	access to the records and personnel of the person
19	for purposes of defending or settling the claim or
20	action.
21	(3) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY.—(A) In any
22	case in which the Secretary determines that the De-
23	partment of Energy may be required to make indem-
24	nification payments to a person under this subsection
25	for any suit, claim, demand or action, liability, judg-

1	ment, cost, or other fee arising out of any claim for
2	personal injury or property damage referred to in
3	paragraph (1)(A), the Secretary may settle or defend,
4	on behalf of that person, the claim for personal injury
5	or property damage.
6	(B) In any case described in subparagraph (A),
7	if the person to whom the Department of Energy may
8	be required to make indemnification payments does
9	not allow the Secretary to settle or defend the claim,
10	the person may not be afforded indemnification with
11	respect to that claim under this subsection.
12	(f) Terms, Conditions, and Procedures.—The Sec-
13	retary is authorized to establish such terms, conditions, and
14	procedures as are necessary to carry out this section.
15	(g) Effect on Other Law.—
16	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
17	graph (2), nothing in this section changes or affects
18	any Federal, State, or local law or the obligation of
19	any person to comply with such law.
20	(2) EXCEPTION.—(A) Elemental mercury that
21	the Secretary is storing on a long-term basis shall not
22	be subject to the storage prohibition of section $3004(j)$
23	of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6924(j)).
24	For the purposes of section 3004(j) of the Solid Waste
25	Disposal Act, a generator accumulating elemental

1	momental destined for a facility design at a bar the Sta
1	mercury destined for a facility designated by the Sec-
2	retary under subsection (a) for 90 days or less shall
3	be deemed to be accumulating the mercury to facili-
4	tate proper treatment, recovery, or disposal.
5	(B) Elemental mercury that is stored at a facil-
6	ity with respect to which a permit has been issued
7	under section 3005(c) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act
8	(42 U.S.C. 6925(c)) shall not be subject to the storage
9	prohibition of section 3004(j) of the Solid Waste Dis-
10	posal Act (42 U.S.C. 6924(j)) if—
11	(i) the Secretary is unable to accept the
12	mercury at a facility designated by the Secretary
13	under subsection (a) for reasons beyond the con-
14	trol of the owner or operator of the permitted fa-
15	cility;
16	(ii) the owner or operator of the permitted
17	facility certifies in writing to the Secretary that
18	it will ship the mercury to the designated facility
19	when the Secretary is able to accept the mercury;
20	and
21	(iii) the owner or operator of the permitted
22	facility certifies in writing to the Secretary that
23	it will not sell, or otherwise place into commerce,
24	the mercury.

This subparagraph shall not apply to mercury with

2 respect to which the owner or operator of the per3 mitted facility fails to comply with a certification
4 provided under clause (ii) or (iii).

5 (h) STUDY.—Not later than July 1, 2011, the Sec6 retary shall transmit to the Congress the results of a study,
7 conducted in consultation with the Administrator of the
8 Environmental Protection Agency, that—

9 (1) determines the impact of the long-term stor10 age program under this section on mercury recycling;
11 and

12 (2) includes proposals, if necessary, to mitigate
13 any negative impact identified under paragraph (1).

14 SEC. 6. REPORT TO CONGRESS.

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15 At least 3 years after the effective date of the prohibition on export of elemental mercury under section 12(c) of 16 the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2611(c)), as 17 added by section 4 of this Act, but not later than January 18 1, 2014, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection 19 Agency shall transmit to the Committee on Energy and 20 21 Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Com-22 mittee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate a 23 report on the global supply and trade of elemental mercury, 24 including but not limited to the amount of elemental mer-25 cury traded globally that originates from primary mining,

- 1 where such primary mining is conducted, and whether ad-
- 2 ditional primary mining has occurred as a consequence of
- 3 this Act.

Calendar No. 1038

110TH CONGRESS S. 906

[Report No. 110-477]

A BILL

To prohibit the sale, distribution, transfer, and export of elemental mercury, and for other purposes.

September 22 (legislative day, September 17), 2008 Reported with an amendment