

111TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. CON. RES. 110

Supporting the goals and ideals of National Celiac Awareness Month, and
for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 27, 2009

Mrs. LOWEY submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred
to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Supporting the goals and ideals of National Celiac Awareness
Month, and for other purposes.

Whereas celiac disease, or gluten intolerance, is a genetic
autoimmune disease that affects 1 of every 133 people in
the United States;

Whereas research indicates that there are approximately 3
million people with celiac disease in the United States,
yet only approximately 120,000 of those have been diag-
nosed;

Whereas approximately 1 in 22 first-degree relatives of people
diagnosed with celiac disease will also be diagnosed with
celiac disease;

Whereas the average time frame for diagnosing celiac disease in the United States is 11 years from the original onset of symptoms;

Whereas celiac disease affects equal percentages of men and women;

Whereas celiac disease may have severe and varied detrimental effects on the body, and the health care costs associated with celiac disease are unknown;

Whereas people with celiac disease tend to have other autoimmune diseases as well;

Whereas it is estimated at approximately 10 percent of individuals with Type I Diabetes and an estimated 16 percent of individuals with Down Syndrome have celiac disease;

Whereas the only known treatment for celiac disease is strict adherence to a gluten-free diet;

Whereas it is particularly important for students with celiac disease to have access to their medically prescribed diet while at school and in school-based activities;

Whereas the NIH Consensus Development Conference on Celiac Disease held in June 2004 found that consultation with a skilled dietitian and identification and treatment of nutritional deficiencies were key elements in the management of celiac disease;

Whereas the consensus panel on celiac disease recommended the standardization of serologic tests and pathologic criteria for the diagnosis of celiac disease, the adoption of a standard definition of a gluten-free diet based on objective evidence such as that being developed by the American Dietetic Association, and the development of an adequate testing procedure to determine the amount of glu-

ten in foods and of a definition of standards for gluten-free foods in the United States to lay the foundation for rational food labeling;

Whereas increased recognition and awareness of celiac disease will have a significant positive impact on the quality of life of people with celiac disease; and

Whereas numerous organizations recognize May as National Celiac Awareness Month: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*
2 *concurring), That Congress—*

3 (1) supports the goals and ideals of National
4 Celiac Awareness Month;

5 (2) should work with health care providers and
6 celiac disease advocacy and education organizations
7 to encourage screening and early detection of celiac
8 disease; and

9 (3) should increase Federal funding for celiac
10 disease research.

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