^{111TH CONGRESS} 2D SESSION H.R. 5138

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 28, 2010

Received

AUGUST 5, 2010 Read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

AN ACT

To protect children from sexual exploitation by mandating reporting requirements for convicted sex traffickers and other registered sex offenders against minors intending to engage in international travel, providing advance notice of intended travel by high interest registered sex offenders outside the United States to the government of the country of destination, requesting foreign governments to notify the United States when a known child sex offender is seeking to enter the United States, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "International Megan's Law of 2010".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title and table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings and declaration of purposes.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.
- Sec. 4. Sex offender travel reporting requirement.
- Sec. 5. Foreign registration requirement for sex offenders.
- Sec. 6. International Sex Offender Travel Center.
- Sec. 7. Center sex offender travel guidelines.
- Sec. 8. Authority to restrict passports.
- Sec. 9. Immunity for good faith conduct.
- Sec. 10. Sense of Congress provisions.
- Sec. 11. Enhancing the minimum standards for the elimination of trafficking.
- Sec. 12. Special report on international mechanisms related to traveling child sex offenders.
- Sec. 13. Assistance to foreign countries to meet minimum standards for the elimination of trafficking.
- Sec. 14. Congressional reports.
- Sec. 15. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 16. Budget compliance.

8 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF PURPOSES.

9 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

10 (1) Megan Nicole Kanka, who was 7 years old,

- 11 was abducted, sexually assaulted, and murdered in
- 12 1994, in the State of New Jersey by a violent pred-
- 13 ator living across the street from her home. Unbe-
- 14 knownst to Megan Kanka and her family, he had
- 15 been convicted previously of a sex offense against a
- 16 child.

(2) In 1996, Congress adopted Megan's Law
 (Public Law 104–145) as a means to encourage
 States to protect children by identifying the where abouts of sex offenders and providing the means to
 monitor their activities.

6 (3) The sexual exploitation of minors is a global 7 phenomenon. The International Labour Organiza-8 tion estimates that 1.8 million children worldwide 9 are exploited each year through prostitution and 10 pornography.

11 (4) According to End Child Prostitution, Child 12 Pornography and Trafficking in Children for Sexual 13 Purposes (ECPAT International), all children are 14 adversely affected by being commercially sexually ex-15 ploited. Commercial sexual exploitation can result in 16 serious, lifelong, even life-threatening consequences 17 for the physical, psychological, spiritual, emotional 18 and social development and well-being of a child.

(5) ECPAT International reports that children
who are commercially sexually exploited are at great
risk of contracting HIV or AIDS and are unlikely to
receive adequate medical care. These children are
also at great risk of further physical violence—those
who make an attempt to escape or counter their
abuse may be severely injured or killed. The psycho-

logical effects of child sexual exploitation and threats usually plague the victims for the rest of their lives.

3 (6) ECPAT International further reports that 4 children who have been exploited typically report 5 feelings of shame, guilt, and low self-esteem. Some 6 children do not believe they are worthy of rescue; 7 some suffer from stigmatization or the knowledge that they were betrayed by someone whom they had 8 9 trusted; others suffer from nightmares, sleepless-10 ness, hopelessness, and depression—reactions similar 11 to those exhibited in victims of torture. To cope, 12 some children attempt suicide or turn to substance 13 abuse. Many find it difficult to reintegrate success-14 fully into society once they become adults.

15 (7) According to ECPAT International, child 16 sex tourism is a specific form of child prostitution 17 and is a developing phenomenon. Child sex tourism 18 is defined as the commercial sexual exploitation of 19 children by people who travel from one place to an-20 other and there engage in sexual acts with minors. 21 This type of exploitation can occur anywhere in the 22 world and no country or tourism destination is im-23 mune.

24 (8) According to research conducted by The25 Protection Project of The Johns Hopkins University

4

1

1	Paul H. Nitze School of Advanced International
2	Studies, sex tourists from the United States who
3	target children form a significant percentage of child
4	sex tourists in some of the most significant destina-
5	tion countries for child sex tourism.
6	(9) According to the National Center for Miss-
7	ing and Exploited Children (NCMEC), most victims
8	of sex offenders are minors.
9	(10) Media reports indicate that known sex of-
10	fenders who have committed crimes against children
11	are traveling internationally, and that the criminal
12	background of such individuals may not be known to
13	local law enforcement prior to their arrival. For ex-
14	ample, in April 2008, a United States registered sex
15	offender received a prison sentence for engaging in
16	illicit sexual activity with a 15-year-old United
17	States citizen girl in Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua,
18	Mexico in exchange for money and crack cocaine.
19	(11) United States Immigration and Customs
20	Enforcement (ICE) has taken a leading role in the
21	fight against the sexual exploitation of minors
22	abroad, in cooperation with other United States
23	agencies, law enforcement from other countries,
24	INTERPOL, and nongovernmental organizations. In
25	addition to discovering evidence of and investigating

child sex crimes, ICE has provided training to for eign law enforcement and NGOs, as appropriate, for
 the prevention, detection, and investigation of cases
 of child sexual exploitation.

5 (12) Between 2003 and 2009, ICE obtained 73
6 convictions of individuals from the United States
7 charged with committing sexual crimes against minors in other countries.

9 (13) While necessary to protect children and 10 rescue victims, the detection and investigation of 11 child sex predators overseas is costly. Such an un-12 dercover operation can cost approximately \$250,000. 13 A system that would aid in the prevention of such 14 crimes is needed to safeguard vulnerable populations 15 and to reduce the cost burden of addressing crimes 16 after they are committed.

17 (14) Sex offenders are also attempting to enter 18 the United States. In April 2008, a lifetime reg-19 istered sex offender from the United Kingdom at-20 tempted to enter the United States with the inten-21 tion of living with a woman who he had met on the 22 Internet and her young daughters. Interpol London 23 notified Interpol United States National Central Bu-24 reau (USNCB) about the sex offender's status. 25 Interpol USNCB notified the United States Customs and Border Protection officers, who refused to allow
 the sex offender to enter the country.

3 (15) Foreign governments need to be encour-4 aged to notify the United States as well as other 5 countries when a known sex offender is entering our 6 borders. For example, Canada has a national sex of-7 fender registry, but Canadian officials do not notify 8 United States law enforcement when a known sex of-9 fender is entering the United States unless the sex 10 offender is under investigation.

11 (16) Child sex tourists may travel overseas to 12 commit sexual offenses against minors for the fol-13 lowing reasons: perceived anonymity; law enforce-14 ment in certain countries is perceived as scarce, corrupt, or unsophisticated; perceived immunity from 15 16 retaliation because the child sex tourist is a United 17 States citizen; the child sex tourist has the financial 18 ability to impress and influence the local population; 19 the child sex tourist can "disappear" after a brief 20 stay; the child sex tourist can target children meet-21 ing their desired preference; and, there is no need to 22 expend time and effort "grooming" the victim.

(17) Individuals who have been arrested in and
deported from a foreign country for sexually exploiting children have used long-term passports to evade

return to their country of citizenship where they
 faced possible charges and instead have moved to a
 third country where they have continued to exploit
 and abuse children.

(18) In order to protect children, it is essential 5 6 that United States law enforcement be able to iden-7 tify high risk child sex offenders in the United 8 States who are traveling abroad and child sex of-9 fenders from other countries entering the United 10 States. Such identification requires cooperative ef-11 forts between the United States and foreign govern-12 ments. In exchange for providing notice of sex of-13 fenders traveling to the United States, foreign au-14 thorities will expect United States authorities to pro-15 vide reciprocal notice of sex offenders traveling to 16 their countries.

17 (19) ICE and other Federal law enforcement 18 agencies currently are sharing information about sex 19 offenders traveling internationally with law enforce-20 ment entities in some other countries on an ad hoc 21 basis through INTERPOL and other means. The 22 technology to detect and notify foreign governments 23 about travel by child sex offenders is available, but 24 a legal structure and additional resources are needed to systematize and coordinate these detection and
 notice efforts.

3 (20) Officials from the United Kingdom, Aus-4 tralia, Spain, and other countries have expressed in-5 terest in working with the United States Govern-6 ment for increased international cooperation to pro-7 tect children from sexual exploitation, and are call-8 ing for formal arrangements to ensure that the risk 9 posed by traveling sex offenders is combated most 10 effectively.

11 (21) The United States, with its international 12 law enforcement relations, technological and commu-13 nications capability, and established sex offender 14 registry system, should now take the opportunity to 15 lead the global community in the effort to save thou-16 sands of potential child victims by notifying other 17 countries of travel by sex offenders who pose a high 18 risk of exploiting children, maintaining information 19 about sex offenders from the United States who re-20 side overseas, and strongly encouraging other coun-21 tries to undertake the same measures to protect chil-22 dren around the world.

(b) DECLARATION OF PURPOSES.—The purpose of
this Act and the amendments made by this Act is to protect children from sexual exploitation by preventing or

monitoring the international travel of sex traffickers and
 other sex offenders who pose a risk of committing a sex
 offense against a minor while traveling by—

4 (1) establishing a system in the United States
5 to notify the appropriate officials of other countries
6 when a sex offender who is identified as a high in7 terest registered sex offender intends to travel to
8 their country;

9 (2) strongly encouraging and assisting foreign 10 governments to establish a sex offender travel notifi-11 cation system and to inform United States authori-12 ties when a sex offender intends to travel or has de-13 parted on travel to the United States;

(3) establishing and maintaining non-public sex
offender registries in United States diplomatic and
consular missions in order to maintain critical data
on United States citizen and lawful permanent resident sex offenders who are residing abroad;

(4) providing the Secretary of State with the
discretion to revoke the passport or passport card of
an individual who has been convicted overseas for a
sex offense against a minor, or limit the period of
validity of a passport issued to an individual designated as a high interest registered sex offender;

1	(5) including whether a country is investigating
2	and prosecuting its nationals suspected of engaging
3	in severe forms of trafficking in persons abroad in
4	the minimum standards for the elimination of
5	human trafficking under section 108 of the Traf-
6	ficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C.
7	7101 et seq.);
8	(6) mandating a report from the Secretary of
9	State, in consultation with the Attorney General,
10	about the status of international notifications be-
11	tween governments about child sex offender travel;
12	and
13	(7) providing assistance to foreign countries
14	under section 134 of the Foreign Assistance Act of
15	1961 (22 U.S.C. $2152d$) to establish systems to
16	identify sex offenders and provide and receive notifi-
17	cation of child sex offender international travel.
18	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
19	In this Act:
20	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
21	TEES.—Except as otherwise provided, the term "ap-
22	propriate congressional committees'' means—
23	(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
24	the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of
25	Representatives; and

1	(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations
2	and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Sen-
3	ate.
4	(2) CENTER.—The term "Center" means the
5	International Sex Offender Travel Center established
6	pursuant to section 6(a).
7	(3) Convicted as excluding certain juve-
8	NILE ADJUDICATIONS.—The term "convicted" or a
9	variant thereof, used with respect to a sex offense of
10	a minor, does not include—
11	(A) adjudicated delinquent as a juvenile
12	for that offense; or
13	(B) convicted as an adult for that offense,
14	unless the offense took place after the offender
15	had attained the age of 14 years and the con-
16	duct upon which the conviction took place was
17	comparable to or more severe than aggravated
18	sexual abuse (as described in section 2241 of
19	title 18, United States Code), or was an at-
20	tempt or conspiracy to commit such an offense.
21	(4) HIGH INTEREST REGISTERED SEX OF-
22	FENDER.—The term "high interest registered sex of-
23	fender" means a sex offender as defined under para-
24	graph (8) who the Center, pursuant to section 7 and
25	based on the totality of the circumstances, has a

1	reasonable belief presents a high risk of committing
2	a sex offense against a minor in a country to which
3	the sex offender intends to travel.
4	(5) JURISDICTION.—The term "jurisdiction"
5	means any of the following:
6	(A) A State.
7	(B) The District of Columbia.
8	(C) The Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
9	(D) Guam.
10	(E) American Samoa.
11	(F) The Northern Mariana Islands.
12	(G) The United States Virgin Islands.
13	(H) A federally recognized Indian tribe
14	that maintains a sex offender registry, or an-
15	other jurisdiction to which an Indian tribe has
16	delegated the function of maintaining a sex of-
17	fender registry on its behalf.
18	(I) A United States diplomatic or consular
19	mission that maintains a sex offender registry
20	pursuant to section 5 of this Act.
21	(6) MINOR.—The term "minor" means an indi-
22	vidual who has not attained the age of 18 years.
23	(7) PASSPORT CARD.—The term "passport
24	card" means a document issued by the Department
25	of State pursuant to section 7209 of the Intelligence

1	Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004
2	(Public Law 108–458; 8 U.S.C. 1185 note).
3	(8) SEX OFFENDER.—Except as provided in
4	sections 12 and 13, the term "sex offender" means
5	a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident
6	who is convicted of a sex offense as defined in this
7	Act, including a conviction by a foreign court, and
8	who, independently of this Act, is legally required to
9	register in the United States with a jurisdiction, or
10	who is legally required to register outside the United
11	States with a jurisdiction in accordance with section
12	5.
13	(9) Sex offense.—
13 14	(9) SEX OFFENSE.—(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense"
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense"
14 15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense" means a criminal offense against a minor, in-
14 15 16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense" means a criminal offense against a minor, in- cluding any Federal offense, that is punishable
14 15 16 17	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense" means a criminal offense against a minor, in- cluding any Federal offense, that is punishable by statute by more than one year of imprison-
14 15 16 17 18	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense" means a criminal offense against a minor, in- cluding any Federal offense, that is punishable by statute by more than one year of imprison- ment and involves any of the following:
14 15 16 17 18 19	 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense" means a criminal offense against a minor, including any Federal offense, that is punishable by statute by more than one year of imprisonment and involves any of the following: (i) Solicitation to engage in sexual
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense" means a criminal offense against a minor, including any Federal offense, that is punishable by statute by more than one year of imprisonment and involves any of the following: (i) Solicitation to engage in sexual conduct.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense" means a criminal offense against a minor, including any Federal offense, that is punishable by statute by more than one year of imprisonment and involves any of the following: (i) Solicitation to engage in sexual conduct. (ii) Use in a sexual performance.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sex offense" means a criminal offense against a minor, in- cluding any Federal offense, that is punishable by statute by more than one year of imprison- ment and involves any of the following: (i) Solicitation to engage in sexual conduct. (ii) Use in a sexual performance. (iii) Solicitation to practice prostitu-

1	(iv) Video voyeurism as described in
2	section 1801 of title 18, United States
2	
	Code.
4	(v) Possession, production, or dis-
5	tribution of child pornography.
6	(vi) Criminal sexual conduct involving
7	a minor, or the use of the Internet to fa-
8	cilitate or attempt such conduct.
9	(vii) Conduct that would violate sec-
10	tion 1591 (relating to sex trafficking of
11	children or by force, fraud, or coercion) of
12	title 18, United States Code, if the conduct
13	had involved interstate or foreign com-
14	merce and where the person recruited, en-
15	ticed, harbored, transported, provided, or
16	obtained had not attained the age of 18
17	years at the time of the conduct.
18	(viii) Any other conduct that by its
19	nature is a sex offense against a minor.
20	(B) EXCEPTIONS.—The term "sex of-
21	fense" does not include—
22	(i) a foreign conviction, unless the
23	conviction was obtained with sufficient
24	safeguards for fundamental fairness and
25	due process for the accused; or
	- ,

- (ii) an offense involving consensual
 sexual conduct if the victim was at least 13
 years old and the offender was not more
 than 4 years older than the victim.
- 5 (C) Special rule for determining 6 WHETHER SUFFICIENT SAFEGUARDS EXIST. 7 For the purposes of subparagraph (B)(i), com-8 pliance with the guidelines or regulations estab-9 lished under section 112 of the Sex Offender 10 Registration and Notification Act (42 U.S.C. 11 16911) creates a rebuttable presumption that 12 the conviction was obtained with sufficient safe-13 guards for fundamental fairness and due proc-14 ess for the accused.

15 SEC. 4. SEX OFFENDER TRAVEL REPORTING REQUIRE-16 MENT.

17 (a) DUTY TO REPORT.—

18 (1) IN GENERAL.—A sex offender who is a 19 United States citizen or alien lawfully admitted to 20 the United States for permanent residence shall no-21 tify a jurisdiction where he or she is registered as 22 a sex offender of his or her intention to travel either 23 from the United States to another country or from 24 another country to the United States, subject to sub-25 section (f) and in accordance with the rules issued

under subsection (b). The sex offender shall provide
 notice—

3 (A) not later than 30 days before depar4 ture from or arrival in the United States; or

5 (B) in individual cases in which the Center 6 determines that a personal or humanitarian 7 emergency, business exigency, or other situation 8 renders the deadline in subparagraph (A) to be 9 impracticable or inappropriate, as early as pos-10 sible.

11 (2) TRANSMISSION OF NOTICE FROM THE JU-12 RISDICTION TO THE CENTER.—A jurisdiction so no-13 tified pursuant to paragraph (1) shall transmit such 14 notice to the Center within 24 hours or the next 15 business day, whichever is later, of receiving such 16 notice.

17 (3) PERIOD OF REPORTING REQUIREMENT.— 18 The duty of the sex offender to report required 19 under paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date 20 that is 425 days after the date of the enactment of 21 this Act or after a sex offender has been duly notified of the duty to report pursuant to subsection (d), 22 23 whichever is later, and terminate at such time as the 24 sex offender is no longer required to register in any 25 jurisdiction for a sex offense.

(4) NOTICE TO JURISDICTIONS.—Not later than
 395 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
 the Center shall provide notice to all jurisdictions of
 the requirement to receive notifications regarding
 travel from sex offenders and the means for inform ing the Center about such travel notifications pursu ant to paragraph (1).

8 (b) RULES FOR REPORTING.—Not later than one 9 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-10 retary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the At-11 torney General and the Secretary of State, shall issue 12 rules to carry out subsection (a) in accordance with the 13 purposes of this Act. Such rules—

(1) shall establish procedures for reporting by
the sex offender under subsection (a), including the
method of payment and transmission of any fee to
United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) pursuant to subsection (c);

19 (2) shall set forth the information required to20 be reported by the sex offender, including—

21 (A) complete name(s);

(B) address of residence and home and cellular numbers;

24 (C) all e-mail addresses;

25 (D) date of birth;

1	(E) social security number;
2	(F) citizenship;
3	(G) passport or passport card number,
4	date and place of issuance, and date of expira-
5	tion;
6	(H) alien registration number, where appli-
7	cable;
8	(I) information as to the nature of the sex
9	offense conviction;
10	(J) jurisdiction of conviction;
11	(K) travel itinerary, including the antici-
12	pated length of stay at each destination, and
13	purpose of the trip;
14	(L) if a plane ticket or other means of
15	transportation has been purchased, prior to the
16	submission of this information, the date of such
17	purchase;
18	(M) whether the sex offender is traveling
19	alone or as part of a group; and
20	(N) contact information prior to departure
21	and during travel; and
22	(3) in consultation with the jurisdictions, shall
23	provide appropriate transitional provisions in order
24	to make the phase-in of the requirements of this Act
25	practicable.

	_0
1	(c) FEE CHARGE.—ICE is authorized to charge a sex
2	offender a fee for the processing of a notice of intent to
3	travel submitted pursuant to subsection $(a)(1)$. Such fee—
4	(1) shall initially not exceed the amount of $$25;$
5	(2) may be increased thereafter not earlier than
6	30 days after consultation with the appropriate con-
7	gressional committees;
8	(3) shall be collected by the jurisdiction at the
9	time that the sex offender provides the notice of in-
10	tent to travel;
11	(4) shall be waived if the sex offender dem-
12	onstrates to the satisfaction of ICE, pursuant to a
13	fee waiver process established by ICE, that the pay-
14	ment of such fee would impose an undue financial
15	hardship on the sex offender;
16	(5) shall be used only for the activities specified
17	in sections 4, 6, and 7; and
18	(6) shall be shared equitably with the jurisdic-
19	tion that processes the notice of intent to travel.
20	(d) Criminal Penalty for Failure To Register
21	or Report.—
22	(1) New Offense.—Section 2250 of title 18,
23	United States Code, is amended by adding at the
24	end the following:

1 "(d) Whoever knowingly fails to register with United 2 States officials in a foreign country or to report his or 3 her travel to or from a foreign country, as required by 4 the International Megan's Law of 2010, after being duly 5 notified of the requirements shall be fined under this title 6 or imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.".

7 (2) Amendment to heading of section.— 8 The heading for section 2250 of title 18, United 9 States Code, is amended by inserting "or report 10

international travel" after "register".

11 (3) Conforming Amendment to Affirma-12 TIVE DEFENSE.—Section 2250(b) of title 18, United 13 States Code, is amended by inserting "or (d)" after "(a)". 14

15 (4) CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO FEDERAL 16 PENALTIES FOR VIOLENT CRIMES.—Section 2250(c) 17 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by in-18 serting "or (d)" after "(a)" each place it appears.

19 (5) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating 20 to section 2250 in the table of sections at the begin-21 ning of chapter 109B of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or report inter-22 23 national travel" after "register".

(e) DUTY TO NOTIFY SEX OFFENDERS OF REPORT 2 ING AND INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION REQUIRE 3 MENT.—

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—When an official is required
5 under the law of a jurisdiction or under the rules es6 tablished pursuant to subsection (b) to notify a sex
7 offender (as defined in section 3(8)) of a duty to
8 register as a sex offender under the law of such ju9 risdiction, the official shall also, at the same time—

10 (A) notify the offender of such offender's
11 duties to report international travel under this
12 section and to register as a sex offender under
13 section 5, and the procedure for fulfilling such
14 duties; and

15 (B) require such offender to read and sign 16 a form stating that such duties to report and 17 register, and the procedure for fulfilling such 18 duties, have been explained and that such of-19 fender understands such duties and such proce-20 dure.

(2) SEX OFFENDERS CONVICTED IN FOREIGN
COUNTRIES.—When a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident is convicted in a foreign
country of a sex offense and the United States diplomatic or consular mission in such country is in-

1 formed of such conviction and is informed of, or is 2 otherwise aware of, the location of the sex offender, 3 such diplomatic or consular mission shall— 4 (A) notify such sex offender of such of-5 fender's duties to report travel to the United 6 States and to register as a sex offender under 7 this Act and the procedure for fulfilling such 8 duties; and 9 (B) obtain from such offender a signed 10 form stating that such duties to report and reg-11 ister, and the procedure for fulfilling such du-12 ties, have been explained and that such offender 13 understands such duties and such procedure. 14 (3) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO FORM.—The 15 form required by paragraphs (1)(B) and (2)(B) shall 16 be maintained by the entity that maintains the sex

17 offender registry in the jurisdiction in which the sex18 offender was convicted.

19 (f) PROCEDURES WITH RESPECT TO SEX OFFEND20 ERS WHO REGULARLY TRANSIT ACROSS THE UNITED
21 STATES BORDERS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish a system
for identifying and monitoring, as appropriate and

in accordance with the purposes of this Act, sex offenders who, for legitimate business, personal, or
other reasons regularly transit across the border between the United States and Mexico or the border
between the United States and Canada.

6 (2) REPORT.—Not later than the date of the 7 establishment of the border system pursuant to 8 paragraph (1), the Secretary of Homeland Security 9 shall transmit to the appropriate congressional com-10 mittees a report on the implementation of such sys-11 tem.

12 SEC. 5. FOREIGN REGISTRATION REQUIREMENT FOR SEX 13 OFFENDERS.

14 (a) FOREIGN REGISTRATION REQUIREMENT.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 395 days 16 after the date of the enactment of this Act, a des-17 ignated United States diplomatic or consular mission 18 in each foreign country shall establish and maintain 19 a countrywide nonpublic sex offender registry for sex 20 offenders (as defined in section 3(8)) who are 21 United States citizens or aliens lawfully admitted to 22 the United States for permanent residence who re-23 main in such country for the time period specified 24 in subsection (b). Such registry shall include the in-25 formation specified in subsection (d).

1	(2) REGIONAL REGISTRIES.—If there are fewer
2	than ten sex offenders residing in a country, the
3	Secretary of State, in the Secretary's sole discretion,
4	may designate a United States diplomatic or con-
5	sular mission in the same region as such country to
6	maintain the sex offender registry for sex offenders
7	in such country.
8	(b) INTERNATIONAL REGISTRY REQUIREMENT FOR
9	Sex Offenders.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—A sex offender who is a
11	United States citizen or alien lawfully admitted to
12	the United States for permanent residence—
13	(A) who remains in a foreign country for
14	more than 30 consecutive days; or
15	(B) who remains in a foreign country for
16	more than 30 days within a six-month period,
17	shall register, and keep such registration current, at
18	the designated United States diplomatic or consular
19	mission for such country.
20	(2) PERIOD OF REGISTRATION REQUIRE-
21	MENT.—The registration requirement specified in
22	paragraph (1) shall—
23	(A) begin when the sex offender registry
24	has been established at the designated diplo-
25	matic or consular mission in the country in

which a sex offender is staying and such sex of-
fender has received notice of the requirement to
register pursuant to this section; and
(B) end on the sooner of—
(i) such time as the sex offender de-
parts such country and has provided notice
of all changes of information in the sex of-
fender registry as required under para-
graph (3);
(ii) in the case of a conviction in the
United States, such time has elapsed as
the sex offender would have otherwise been
required to register in the jurisdiction of
conviction for the applicable sex offense; or
(iii) in the case of a foreign convic-
tion, such time as the sex offender would
have otherwise been required to register
under section 115 of the Sex Offender
Registration and Notification Act (42)
U.S.C. 16915) for the applicable sex of-
fense.
(3) KEEPING THE REGISTRATION CURRENT.—
Subject to the period of registration requirement
under paragraph (2), not later than five business

days after each change of name, residence, or em-

ployment or student status, or any change in any of 1 2 the other information specified in subsection (d)(1), 3 a sex offender residing in a foreign country shall no-4 tify a United States diplomatic or consular mission 5 in such country for the purpose of providing infor-6 mation relating to such change for inclusion in the 7 sex offender registry maintained by the designated diplomatic or consular mission in such country 8 9 under subsection (a). If the diplomatic or consular 10 mission is not the mission that maintains the reg-11 istry for that country, the mission shall forward the 12 changed information to the appropriate diplomatic 13 or consular mission.

(4) REGISTRATION AND NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE.—Not later than one year after the date of
the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in
consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall issue regulations
for the establishment and maintenance of the registries described in subsection (a), including—

(A) the manner in which sex offenders who
are convicted in a foreign country of a sex offense, whose conviction and location in the foreign country are known by the United States
Government, and who are required to register

20
pursuant to United States law, including this
Act, will be notified of such requirement;
(B) the manner for registering and chang-
ing information as specified in paragraphs (1)
and (3);
(C) the manner for disclosing information
to eligible entities as specified in subsection
(h)(2); and
(D) a mechanism by which individuals list-
ed on the sex offender registry can notify the
diplomatic or consular mission of any errors
with respect to such listing and by which the
Department of State shall correct such errors.
(c) CROSS REFERENCE FOR CRIMINAL PENALTIES
FOR NONREGISTRATION.—Criminal penalties for nonreg-
istration are provided in section 2250(d) of title 18,
United States Code, which was added by section $4(d)(1)$
of this Act.
(d) Information Required in Registration.—
(1) Provided by the sex offender.—A sex
offender described in subsection (b) shall provide the
following information:
(A) Complete name (including any alias),
date of birth, and current photograph.

1	(B) Passport or passport card number,
2	date and place of issuance, date of expiration,
3	and visa type and number, if applicable.
4	(C) Alien registration number, where appli-
5	cable.
6	(D) Social Security number of the sex of-
7	fender.
8	(E) Address of each residence at which the
9	sex offender resides or will reside in that coun-
10	try, the address of any residence maintained in
11	the United States, and home and cellular phone
12	numbers.
13	(F) Purpose for the sex offender's resi-
14	dence in the country.
15	(G) Name and address of any place where
16	the sex offender is an employee or will be or has
17	applied to be an employee and will have regular
18	contact with minors.
19	(H) Name and address of any place where
20	the sex offender is a student or will be or has
21	applied to be a student and will have regular
22	contact with minors.
23	(I) All e-mail addresses.
24	(J) Most recent address in the United
25	States and State of legal residence.

1	(K) The jurisdiction in which the sex of-
2	fender was convicted and the jurisdiction or ju-
3	risdictions in which the sex offender was most
4	recently legally required to register.
5	(L) The license plate number and a de-
6	scription of any vehicle owned or operated by
7	the sex offender in the country in which the sex
8	offender is staying.
9	(M) The date or approximate date when
10	the sex offender plans to leave the country.
11	(N) Any other information required by the
12	Secretary of State.
13	(2) Provided by the attorney general
14	AND THE JURISDICTION OF CONVICTION.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The United States dip-
16	lomatic or consular mission shall notify the At-
17	torney General that a sex offender is registering
18	with such mission pursuant to subsection (b).
19	Upon receipt of such notice, the Attorney Gen-
20	eral shall obtain the information specified in
21	subparagraph (C) and transmit it to the mis-
22	sion within 15 business days.
23	(B) INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE JU-
24	RISDICTION OF CONVICTION.—If the only avail-
25	able source for any of the information specified

1	in subparagraph (C) is the jurisdiction in which
2	the conviction of the sex offender occurred, the
3	Attorney General shall request such information
4	from the jurisdiction of conviction. The jurisdic-
5	tion shall provide the information to the Attor-
6	ney General within 15 business days of receipt
7	of the request.
8	(C) INFORMATION.—The information spec-
9	ified in this subparagraph is the following:
10	(i) The sex offense history of the sex
11	offender, including—
12	(I) the text of the provision of
13	law defining the sex offense;
14	(II) the dates of all arrests and
15	convictions related to sex offenses;
16	and
17	(III) the status of parole, proba-
18	tion, or supervised release.
19	(ii) The most recent available photo-
20	graph of the sex offender.
21	(iii) The time period for which the sex
22	offender is required to register pursuant to
23	the law of the jurisdiction of conviction.
24	(3) Provided by the diplomatic or con-
25	SULAR MISSION.—The United States diplomatic or

1	consular mission at which a sex offender registers
2	shall collect and include the following information in
3	the registry maintained by such mission:
4	(A) Information provided by the sex of-
5	fender and Attorney General pursuant to para-
6	graphs (1) and (2) .
7	(B) A physical description of the sex of-
8	fender.
9	(C) Any other information required by the
10	Secretary of State.
11	(e) Periodic in Person Verification.—Not less
12	often than every six months, a sex offender who is reg-
13	istered under subsection (b) shall appear in person at a
14	United States diplomatic or consular mission in the coun-
15	try where the sex offender is staying to verify the informa-
16	tion in the sex offender registry maintained by the des-
17	ignated diplomatic or consular mission for such country
18	under subsection (a) to allow such mission to take a cur-
19	rent photograph of the sex offender if the photograph on
20	file no longer accurately depicts the sex offender. If such
21	diplomatic or consular mission is not the mission that
22	maintains the registry for such country, such mission shall
23	forward to the appropriate mission any new or changed
24	information and any new photograph.

1 (f) TRANSMISSION OF REGISTRY INFORMATION TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.—For the purposes of updating 2 3 the National Sex Offender Registry and keeping domestic 4 law enforcement informed as to the status of a sex of-5 fender required to register under this section, when a United States diplomatic or consular mission receives new 6 7 or changed information about a sex offender pursuant to 8 paragraphs (1) and (3) of subsection (b) for the sex of-9 fender registry maintained by such mission under sub-10 section (a), such mission shall, not later than 24 hours or the next business day, whichever is later, after receipt 11 12 of such new or changed information, transmit to the At-13 torney General such new or changed information. Not later than 24 hours or the next business day, whichever 14 15 is later, after the receipt of such new or changed information, the Attorney General shall transmit such new or 16 17 changed information to the State of legal residence or the 18 State of last known address, as appropriate, of such sex 19 offender.

(g) ACCESS TO REGISTRY INFORMATION BY UNITED
STATES LAW ENFORCEMENT.—Federal, State, local, tribal, and territorial law enforcement shall be afforded access
for official purposes to all information on a sex offender
registry maintained by a United States diplomatic or consular mission pursuant to subsection (a).

1	(h) Other Access to Registry Information.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—Information on a registry es-
3	tablished pursuant to subsection (a) shall not be
4	made available to the general public except as pro-
5	vided in paragraph (2).
6	(2) Exception for eligible entities.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity de-
8	scribed in subparagraph (B) may request cer-
9	tain information on the sex offender registry
10	maintained by the United States diplomatic or
11	consular mission for the country where the eli-
12	gible entity is located, in accordance with this
13	paragraph.
14	(B) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES DESCRIBED.—An
15	eligible entity referred to in subparagraph (A)
16	is—
17	(i) an entity that provides direct serv-
18	ices to minors;
19	(ii) an official law enforcement entity;
20	OF
21	(iii) an investigative entity that is af-
22	filiated with an official law enforcement
23	entity for the purpose of investigating a
24	possible sex offense.

1 (C) INFORMATION REQUEST PROCESS.— 2 An eligible entity may request information on 3 the sex offender registry from the United States 4 Government official designated for this purpose 5 by the head of the diplomatic or consular mis-6 sion in which the sex offender registry is main-7 tained. The official, in consultation with the 8 head of such diplomatic or consular mission, 9 shall have the sole discretion whether and to 10 what extent to provide information about a par-11 ticular registered sex offender on the sex of-12 fender registry as designated in subparagraph 13 (D). Before providing an eligible entity with 14 such information, the official shall first obtain 15 from the eligible entity a written certification

(i) the eligible entity shall provide access to the information only to the persons
as designated in the certificate who require
access to such information for the purpose
for which the information is provided;

(ii) the information shall be maintained and used by the eligible entity in a
confidential manner for employment or vol-

that—

1	unteer screening or law enforcement pur-
2	poses only, as applicable;
3	(iii) the information may not other-
4	wise be disclosed to the public either by the
5	eligible entity or by the employees of the
6	eligible entity who are provided access; and
7	(iv) the eligible entity shall destroy
8	the information or extract it from any doc-
9	umentation in which it is contained as soon
10	as the information is no longer needed for
11	the use for which it was obtained.
12	(D) INFORMATION TO BE DISCLOSED.—
13	(i) TO SERVICE PROVIDERS.—An eli-
14	gible entity described in paragraph $(2)(B)$
15	may request necessary and appropriate in-
16	formation on the registry with respect to
17	an individual who is listed on the registry
18	and is applying for or holds a position
19	within the entity that involves contact with
20	children.
21	(ii) TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AND IN-
22	VESTIGATIVE ENTITIES.—An eligible entity
23	described in paragraph (2)(B) may request
24	necessary and appropriate information on
25	the registry that may assist in the inves-
tigation of an alleged sex offense against a minor.

(E) FEE CHARGE.—The diplomatic or consular mission that maintains a sex offender registry from which an eligible entity seeks information may charge such eligible entity a reasonable fee for providing information pursuant to this subsection.

9 (F) NOTIFICATION OF POSSIBLE ACCESS 10 TO INFORMATION.—The diplomatic or consular 11 mission that maintains a sex offender registry 12 should make a reasonable effort to notify law 13 enforcement entities and other entities that pro-14 vide services to children, particularly schools 15 that hire foreign teachers, within the country in 16 which the mission is located, or within the 17 countries where sex offenders on the mission's 18 registry are staying, as applicable, of the possi-19 bility of limited access to registry information 20 and the process for requesting such information 21 as provided in this subsection.

(G) DENIAL OF ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—An eligible entity that fails to comply
with the certificate provisions specified in subparagraph (C) may be denied all future access

37

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

2

1

to information on a sex offender registry at the discretion of the designated official.

3 (i) ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN IF A SEX OFFENDER 4 FAILS TO COMPLY.—When a United States diplomatic or 5 consular mission determines that a sex offender has failed 6 to comply with the requirements of this section, such mis-7 sion shall notify the Attorney General and revise the sex 8 offender registry maintained by such mission under sub-9 section (a) to reflect the nature of such failure.

(j) FEDERAL ASSISTANCE REGARDING VIOLATIONS
OF REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS.—The first sentence
of subsection (a) of section 142 of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (Public Law 109–248; 42
U.S.C. 16941) is amended by inserting before the period
at the end the following: ", including under the International Megan's Law of 2010".

17 SEC. 6. INTERNATIONAL SEX OFFENDER TRAVEL CENTER.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after
the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall
establish the International Sex Offender Travel Center to
carry out the activities specified in subsection (d).

(b) PARTICIPANTS.—The Center shall include rep-resentatives from the following departments and agencies:

24 (1) The Department of Homeland Security, in-25 cluding United States Immigration and Customs

1	Enforcement, United States Customs and Border
2	Protection, and the Coast Guard.
3	(2) The Department of State, including the Of-
4	fice to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons,
5	the Bureau of Consular Affairs, the Bureau of Inter-
6	national Narcotics and Law Enforcement Affairs,
7	and the Bureau of Diplomatic Security.
8	(3) The Department of Justice, including the
9	Interpol-United States National Central Bureau, the
10	Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Office of Sex
11	Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending,
12	Registering and Tracking, the Criminal Division
13	Child Exploitation and Obscenity Section, and the
14	United States Marshals Service's National Sex Of-
15	fender Targeting Center.
16	(4) Such other officials as may be determined
17	by the President.
18	(c) LEADERSHIP.—The Center shall be headed by the
19	Assistant Secretary of Homeland Security for United
20	States Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
21	(d) ACTIVITIES.—The Center shall carry out the fol-
22	lowing activities:
23	(1) Prior to the implementation of the sex of-
24	fender travel reporting requirement under section 4,
25	cooperate with each jurisdiction to implement the

means for transmitting travel reports from that ju-
risdiction to the Center.
(2) Prior to the implementation of the sex of-
fender travel reporting system under section 4, offer
to provide training to officials within each jurisdic-
tion who will be responsible for implementing any
aspect of such system.
(3) Establish a means to receive, assess, and re-
spond to an inquiry from a sex offender as to wheth-
er he or she is required to report international travel
pursuant to this Act.
(4) Conduct assessments of sex offender travel
pursuant to section 7.
(5) Establish a panel to review and respond
within seven days to appeals from sex offenders who
are determined to be high interest registered sex of-
fenders. The panel shall consist of individuals who
are not involved in the initial assessment of high in-
terest registered sex offenders, and shall be from the
following agencies:
(A) The Department of Justice.
(B) The Department of State.
(C) The Office for Civil Rights and Civil
Liberties of the Department of Homeland Secu-
rity.

1 (6) Transmit notice of impending or current 2 international travel of high interest registered sex of-3 fenders to the Secretary of State, together with an 4 advisory regarding whether or not the period of va-5 lidity of the passport of the high interest registered 6 sex offender should be limited to one year or such period of time as the Secretary of State shall deter-7 8 mine appropriate.

9 (7) Establish a system to maintain and archive 10 all relevant information related to the assessments 11 conducted pursuant to paragraph (4) and the review 12 of appeals conducted by the panel established pursu-13 ant to paragraph (5).

14 (8) Establish an annual review process to en15 sure that the Center Sex Offender Travel Guidelines
16 issued pursuant to section 7(a) are being consist17 ently and appropriately implemented.

(9) Establish a means to identify sex offenders
who have not reported travel as required under section 4 and who are initiating travel, currently traveling, or have traveled outside the United States.

(e) ADDITIONAL ACTIVITY RELATED TO TRANSMISSION OF NOTICE.—The Center may, in its sole discretion, transmit notice of impending or current international
travel of high interest registered sex offenders to the coun-

try or countries of destination of such sex offenders as
 follows:

3 (1) If a high interest registered sex offender
4 submits an appeal to the panel established pursuant
5 to subsection (d)(5), no notice may be transmitted
6 to the destination country prior to the completion of
7 the appeal review process, including transmission of
8 the panel's decision to the sex offender.

9 (2) The notice may be transmitted through 10 such means as determined appropriate by the Cen-11 ter, including through an ICE attaché, INTERPOL, 12 or such other appropriate means as determined by 13 the Center.

14 (3) If the Center has reason to believe that 15 transmission of the notice poses a risk to the life or 16 well-being of the high interest registered sex of-17 fender, the Center shall make every reasonable effort 18 to issue a warning to the high interest registered sex 19 offender of such risk in the travel report receipt con-20 firmation provided to the high interest registered sex 21 offender pursuant to section 7(c)(2) prior to the 22 transmission of such notice to the country or coun-23 tries.

24 (f) ATTORNEY GENERAL COMPLAINT REVIEW.—The25 Attorney General, in coordination with the Center, shall

establish a mechanism to receive complaints from sex of-1 2 fenders negatively affected by the high interest registered 3 sex offender assessment process pursuant to subsection 4 (d)(4), the high interest registered sex offender determina-5 tion review process pursuant to subsection (d)(5), or the travel report confirmation process pursuant to section 6 7 7(c). A summary of these complaints shall be included in 8 the annual report to Congress required under section 9 14(c)(4).

(g) CONSULTATIONS.—The Center shall engage in
ongoing consultations with—

(1) NCMEC, ECPAT-USA, Inc., World Vision,
and other nongovernmental organizations that have
experience and expertise in identifying and preventing child sex tourism and rescuing and rehabilitating minor victims of international sexual exploitation;

(2) the governments of countries interested in
cooperating in the creation of an international sex
offender travel notification system or that are primary destination or source countries for international sex tourism; and

(3) Internet service and software providers regarding available and potential technology to facilitate the implementation of an international sex of-

fender travel notification system, both in the United
 States and in other countries.

3 (h) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of 4 Homeland Security and the Secretary of State may pro-5 vide technical assistance to foreign authorities in order to 6 enable such authorities to participate more effectively in 7 the notification program system established under this 8 section.

9 SEC. 7. CENTER SEX OFFENDER TRAVEL GUIDELINES.

(a) ISSUANCE OF CENTER SEX OFFENDER TRAVEL
GUIDELINES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of
the enactment of this Act, the Center shall issue the Center Sex Offender Travel Guidelines for the assessment of
sex offenders—

(1) who report international travel from the
United States to another country pursuant to section 4(a), or

18 (2) whose travel is reported pursuant to sub-19 section (b),

20 for purposes of determining whether such sex offenders
21 are considered high interest registered sex offenders by
22 United States law enforcement.

23 (b) Law Enforcement Notification.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Federal, State, local, tribal,
25 or territorial law enforcement entities or officials

from within the United States who have reasonable
grounds to believe that a sex offender is traveling
outside the United States and may engage in a sex
offense against a minor may notify the Center and
provide as much information as practicable in accordance with section 4(b)(2).

7 (2) NOTICE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT ENTI8 TIES.—Not later than 425 days after the date of the
9 enactment of this Act, the Center shall provide no10 tice to all known, official law enforcement entities
11 within the United States of the possibility of noti12 fying the Center of anticipated international travel
13 by a sex offender pursuant to paragraph (1).

14 (c) TRAVEL REPORT RECEIPT CONFIRMATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than seven days
before the date of departure indicated in the sex offender travel report, the Center shall provide the sex
offender with written confirmation of receipt of the
travel report. The written communication shall include the following information:

21 (A) The sex offender should have the writ22 ten communication in his or her possession at
23 the time of departure from or return to the
24 United States.

1 (B) The written communication is suffi-2 cient proof of satisfactory compliance with the 3 travel reporting requirement under this Act if 4 travel is commenced and completed within seven days before or after the dates of travel indi-5 6 cated in the travel report. 7 (C) The procedure that the sex offender 8 may follow to request a change, at the sole dis-9 cretion of the Center, of the time period covered 10 by the written confirmation in the event of an 11 emergency or other unforeseen circumstances 12 that prevent the sex offender from traveling 13 within seven days of the dates specified in the

15 (D) The requirement to register with a 16 United States diplomatic or consular mission if 17 the sex offender remains in a foreign country 18 for more than 30 consecutive days or for more 19 than 30 days within a 6-month period pursuant 20 to section 5.

sex offender's travel report.

(E) Any additional information that the
Center, in its sole discretion, determines necessary or appropriate.

(2) Departure from the united states.—

14

24

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—If the sex offender is
2	traveling from the United States, the written
3	communication shall indicate, in addition to the
4	information specified in paragraph (1), either—
5	(i) that the destination country or
6	countries indicated in the travel report are
7	not being notified of the sex offender's
8	travel; or
9	(ii)(I) that such country or countries
10	are being notified that the sex offender is
11	a high interest registered sex offender and
12	intends to travel to such countries; and
13	(II) that a review of such notification
14	is available by the panel established pursu-
15	ant to section $6(d)(5)$, together with an ex-
16	planation of the process for requesting
17	such a review, including the means for sub-
18	mitting additional information that may
19	refute the Center's determination that the
20	sex offender is a high interest registered
21	sex offender.
22	(B) CERTAIN RISK.—If the high interest
23	registered sex offender is traveling from the
24	United States and the Center has reason to be-
25	lieve that the transmission of the notice poses

1a risk to the life or well-being of the high inter-2est registered sex offender, the Center shall3warn, in the written communication provided to4the high interest registered sex offender, of5such risk if the high interest registered sex of-6fender travels as intended.

7 (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Upon the issuance of
8 the Center Sex Offender Travel Guidelines under sub9 section (a), the Center shall submit to the appropriate con10 gressional committees a report containing the guidelines
11 in a manner consistent with the protection of law enforce12 ment-sensitive information.

13 SEC. 8. AUTHORITY TO RESTRICT PASSPORTS.

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State is author-15 ized to—

16 (1) revoke the passport or passport card of an
17 individual who has been convicted by a court of com18 petent jurisdiction in a foreign country of a sex of19 fense; and

(2) limit to one year or such period of time as
the Secretary of State shall determine appropriate
the period of validity of a passport issued to an individual designated as a high interest registered sex
offender.

(b) LIMITATION FOR RETURN TO UNITED STATES.—
 Notwithstanding subsection (a), in no case shall a United
 States citizen convicted by a court of competent jurisdic tion in a foreign country of a sex offense be precluded
 from entering the United States due to a passport revoca tion under such subsection.

7 (c) REAPPLICATION.—An individual whose passport
8 or passport card was revoked pursuant to subsection
9 (a)(1) may reapply for a passport or passport card at any
10 time after such individual has returned to the United
11 States.

12 SEC. 9. IMMUNITY FOR GOOD FAITH CONDUCT.

The Federal Government, jurisdictions, political subdivisions of jurisdictions, and their agencies, officers, employees, and agents shall be immune from liability for good
faith conduct under this Act.

17 SEC. 10. SENSE OF CONGRESS PROVISIONS.

(a) BILATERAL AGREEMENTS.—It is the sense of
Congress that the President should negotiate memoranda
of understanding or other bilateral agreements with foreign governments to further the purposes of this Act and
the amendments made by this Act, including by—

23 (1) establishing systems to receive and transmit
24 notices as required by section 4;

(2) requiring Internet service providers and
 other private companies located in foreign countries
 to report evidence of child exploitation; and

4 (3) establishing mechanisms for private compa5 nies and nongovernmental organizations to report on
6 a voluntary basis suspected child pornography or ex7 ploitation to foreign governments, the nearest
8 United States embassy in cases in which a possible
9 United States citizen may be involved, or other ap10 propriate entities.

11 (b) MINIMUM AGE OF CONSENT.—In order to better 12 protect children and young adolescents from domestic and 13 international sexual exploitation, it is the sense of Congress that the President should strongly encourage those 14 15 foreign countries that have an age of consent to sexual activity below the age of 16 to raise the age of consent 16 to sexual activity to at least the age of 16 and those coun-17 tries that do not criminalize the appearance of persons 18 below the age of 18 in pornography or the engagement 19 of persons below the age of 18 in commercial sex trans-20 21 actions to prohibit such activity.

(c) NOTIFICATION TO THE UNITED STATES OF SEX
OFFENSES COMMITTED ABROAD.—It is the sense of Congress that the President should formally request foreign
governments to notify the United States when a United

State citizen has been arrested, convicted, sentenced, or
 completed a prison sentence for a sex offense against a
 minor in the foreign country.

4 SEC. 11. ENHANCING THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR THE 5 ELIMINATION OF TRAFFICKING.

6 Section 108(b)(4) of the Trafficking Victims Protec-7 tion Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7106(b)(4)) is amended by 8 adding at the end before the period the following: ", in-9 cluding cases involving nationals of that country who are 10 suspected of engaging in severe forms of trafficking of per-11 sons in another country".

12 SEC. 12. SPECIAL REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL MECHA 13 NISMS RELATED TO TRAVELING CHILD SEX 14 OFFENDERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
in consultation with the Attorney General, shall submit to
the appropriate congressional committees a report containing the following information (to the extent such information is available from the government concerned or
from other reliable sources):

(1) A list of those countries that have or could
easily acquire the technological capacity to identify
sex offenders who reside within the country.

1	(2) A list of those countries identified in para-
2	graph (1) that utilize electronic means to identify
3	and track the current status of sex offenders who re-
4	side within the country, and a summary of any addi-
5	tional information maintained by the government
6	with respect to such sex offenders.
7	(3)(A) A list of those countries identified in
8	paragraph (2) that currently provide, or may be will-
9	ing to provide, information about a sex offender who
10	is traveling internationally to the destination coun-
11	try.
12	(B) With respect to those countries identified in
13	subparagraph (A) that currently notify destination
14	countries that a sex offender is traveling to that
15	country:
16	(i) The manner in which such notice is
17	transmitted.
18	(ii) How many notices are transmitted on
19	average each year, and to which countries.
20	(iii) Whether the sex offenders whose trav-
21	el was so noticed were denied entry to the des-
22	tination country on the basis of such notice.
23	(iv) Details as to how frequently and on
24	what basis notice is provided, such as routinely
25	pursuant to a legal mandate, or by individual

1	law enforcement personnel on a case-by-case
2	basis.
3	(v) How sex offenders are defined for pur-
4	pose of providing notice of travel by such indi-
5	viduals.
6	(vi) What international cooperation or
7	mechanisms currently are unavailable and
8	would make the transmission of such notifica-
9	tions more efficacious in terms of protecting
10	children.
11	(C) With respect to those countries identified in
12	subparagraph (A) that are willing but currently do
13	not provide such information, the reason why des-
14	tination countries are not notified.
15	(4)(A) A list of those countries that have an es-
16	tablished mechanism to receive reports of sex offend-
17	ers intending to travel from other countries to that
18	country.
19	(B) A description of the mechanism identified
20	in subparagraph (A).
21	(C) The number of reports of arriving sex of-
22	fenders received in each of the past 5 years.
23	(D) What international cooperation or mecha-
24	nisms currently are unavailable and would make the

receipt of such notifications more efficacious in
 terms of protecting children.

3 (5) A list of those countries identified in para-4 graph (4) that do not provide information about a 5 sex offender who is traveling internationally to the 6 destination country, and the reason or reasons for 7 such failure. If the failure is due to a legal prohibi-8 tion within the country, an explanation of the nature 9 of the legal prohibition and the reason for such pro-10 hibition.

11 (b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "sex of-12 fender" means an individual who has been convicted of 13 a criminal offense against a minor that involves any of 14 the acts described in clauses (i) through (viii) of section 15 3(9)(A).

16SEC. 13. ASSISTANCE TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES TO MEET17MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR THE ELIMI-18NATION OF TRAFFICKING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President is strongly encouraged to exercise the authorities of section 134 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2152d) to provide
assistance to foreign countries directly, or through nongovernmental and multilateral organizations, for programs, projects, and activities, including training of law
enforcement entities and officials, designed to establish

systems to identify sex offenders and provide and receive
 notification of child sex offender international travel.

3 (b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "sex of-4 fender" means an individual who has been convicted of 5 a criminal offense against a minor that involves any of 6 the acts described in clauses (i) through (viii) of section 7 3(9)(A).

8 SEC. 14. CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS.

9 (a) INITIAL CONSULTATIONS.—Not less than 30 days 10 before the completion of the activities required pursuant 11 to sections 4(b), 5(b)(4), 6(a), and 7(a), the entities re-12 sponsible for the implementation of such sections shall 13 consult with the appropriate congressional committees 14 concerning such implementation.

15 (b) INITIAL REPORT.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
17 the date of the enactment of this Act, the President
18 shall transmit to the appropriate congressional com19 mittees a report on the implementation of this Act,
20 including—

(A) how the International Sex Offender
Travel Center has been established under section 6(a), including the role and responsibilities
of the respective departments and agencies that
are participating in the Center, and how those

1	roles are being coordinated to accomplish the
2	purposes of this Act and the amendments made
3	by this Act;
4	(B) the procedures established for imple-
5	menting section 7 regarding the Center Sex Of-
6	fender Travel Guidelines;
7	(C) the rules regarding sex offender travel
8	reports issued pursuant to section 4(b);
9	(D) the establishment of registries at
10	United States diplomatic missions pursuant to
11	section 5, including the number and location of
12	such registries and any difficulties encountered
13	in their establishment or operation;
14	(E) the consultations that are being con-
15	ducted pursuant to section 6(g), and a sum-
16	mary of the discussions that have taken place
17	in the course of those consultations; and
18	(F) what, if any, assistance has been pro-
19	vided pursuant to section 6(h) and section 13.
20	(2) FORM.—The report required under para-
21	graph (1) may be transmitted in whole or in part in
22	classified form if such classification would further
23	the purposes of this Act or the amendments made
24	by this Act.

(c) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than one year after
 the date of the enactment of this Act, and every year for
 4 years thereafter, the President shall transmit to the ap propriate congressional committees a report on the imple mentation of this Act and the amendments made by this
 Act, including—

7 (1)(A) the number of United States sex offend8 ers who have reported travel to or from a foreign
9 country pursuant to section 4(a);

10 (B) the number of sex offenders who were iden11 tified as having failed to report international travel
12 as required by section 4(a); and

13 (C) the number of those identified in each of
14 subparagraphs (A) and (B) who reported travel or
15 who traveled from the United States without pre16 viously reporting and whose travel was noticed to a
17 destination country;

(2) the number of United States sex offenders
charged, prosecuted, and convicted for failing to report travel to or from a foreign country pursuant to
section 4(a);

(3) the number of sex offenders who were determined to be high interest registered sex offenders by
the Center, the number of appeals of such determinations received by the panel established pursuant

1	to section $6(d)(5)$, the length of time between the re-
2	ceipt of each such appeal and transmission of the re-
3	sponse, the extent and nature of any information
4	provided to the sex offender in response to the ap-
5	peal, the reason for withholding any information re-
6	quested by the sex offender, and the number of high
7	interest registered sex offender determinations by
8	the Center that were reversed by the review panel;
9	(4) with respect to the complaints received by
10	the Attorney General pursuant to section 6(f)—
11	(A) the number of such complaints re-
12	ceived; and
13	(B) a summary of the nature of such com-
14	plaints;
15	(5) if ICE charges a fee pursuant to section
16	4(c)—
17	(A) the amount of the fee;
18	(B) a description of the process to collect
19	the fee and to transfer a percentage of the fee
20	to the jurisdiction that processed the report;
21	(C) the percentage of the fee that is being
22	shared with the jurisdictions, the basis for the
23	percentage determination, and which jurisdic-
24	tions received a percentage of the fees;

1	(D) how the revenues from the fee have
2	been expended by ICE; and
3	(E) the fee waiver process established pur-
4	suant to section $4(c)(4)$, how many fee waiver
5	requests were received, and how many of those
6	received were granted;
7	(6) the results of the annual review process of
8	the use of the Center Sex Offender Guidelines con-
9	ducted pursuant to section $6(d)(6)$;
10	(7) what immediate actions have been taken, if
11	any, by foreign countries and territories of destina-
12	tion following notification pursuant to section
13	6(d)(3), to the extent such information is available;
14	(8)(A) the number of United States citizens or
15	lawful permanent residents arrested overseas and
16	convicted in the United States for sex offenses, and
17	in each instance—
18	(i) the age of the suspect and the number
19	and age of suspected victims;
20	(ii) the country of arrest;
21	(iii) any prior criminal conviction or re-
22	ported criminal behavior in the United States;
23	(iv) whether the individual was required to
24	and did report pursuant to section 4; and

1	(v) if the individual reported travel pursu-
2	ant to section 4 prior to the commission of the
3	crime, whether the individual was deemed not
4	to be a high interest registered sex offender by
5	the Center; and
6	(B) for purposes of this paragraph, the term
7	"sex offense" means a criminal offense involving
8	sexual conduct against a minor or an adult, includ-
9	ing the activities listed in clauses (i) through (viii)
10	in section $3(9)(A)$;
11	(9) which countries have been requested to no-
12	tify the United States when a United States citizen
13	has been arrested, convicted, sentenced, or com-
14	pleted a prison sentence for a sex offense in that
15	country, and of those countries so requested, which
16	countries have agreed to do so, through either for-
17	mal or informal agreement;
18	(10) any memoranda of understanding or other
19	bilateral agreements that the United States has ne-
20	gotiated with a foreign government to further the
21	purposes of this Act pursuant to section 10(a); and
22	(11) recommendations as to how the United
23	States can more fully participate in international law

24 enforcement cooperative efforts to combat child sex
25 exploitation.

(d) INSPECTOR GENERAL AUDIT AND REPORT.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than three years
after the date of the enactment of this Act, the In-
spectors General of the Department of Justice and
the Department of State shall perform a comprehen-
sive audit of and submit to the appropriate congres-
sional committees a report on the implementation of
sections 4, 5, 6, and 7.
(2) CONTENTS.—The report required under
paragraph (1) shall include the following:
(A) An assessment of all the complaints re-
ceived by the Department of Justice pursuant
to section 6(f), and a description as to what, if
any, action was taken to resolve each complaint.
(B) A description of any instances in which
a United States citizen or lawful permanent
resident was mistakenly identified as a sex of-
fender who failed to comply with the require-
ments of this Act and was confronted with such
failure.
(C) A description of any instances in which
a United States citizen or lawful permanent
resident was prevented from travelling to or
from the United States as a consequence of the
implementation of this Act.

1	(D) A description of any instances in
2	which a sex offender was charged with violating
3	the travel reporting requirement under section
4	4 or the registration requirement under section
5	5 prior to such sex offender being duly noticed
6	of the relevant requirement.
7	(E) A description of any physical or sub-
8	stantial emotional harm suffered by a high in-
9	terest registered sex offender in a destination
10	country as a result of notice being given to such
11	destination country pursuant to section 6(e).
12	(F) A description of any instances in which
13	information about a sex offender on a registry
14	at a United States diplomatic or consular mis-
15	sion was disclosed in a manner not authorized
16	by this Act.
17	(G) A description and assessment of high
18	interest registered sex offender determination
19	reviews conducted pursuant to section 6(d), in-
20	cluding the number of such determinations that
21	were overturned.
22	(H) A description and assessment of any
23	other substantive or administrative challenges
24	identified in implementing and administering
25	sections 4, 5, 6, and 7.

1 SEC. 15. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

2 To carry out this Act and the amendments made by
3 this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated such
4 sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2011
5 through 2015.

6 SEC. 16. BUDGET COMPLIANCE.

7 The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purpose of 8 complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, 9 shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled "Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation" for this 10 11 Act, submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the 12 House of Representatives, provided that such statement 13 has been submitted prior to the vote on passage. 14

> Passed the House of Representatives July 27, 2010. Attest: LORRAINE C. MILLER,

Clerk.