111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 6343

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to make loans to qualified projects for the production of renewable source jet fuel.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 29, 2010

Mr. Inslee introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to make loans to qualified projects for the production of renewable source jet fuel.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Clean, Renewable Jet
- 5 Fuel Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. LOANS FOR QUALIFYING JET FUEL PRODUCTION
- 7 PROJECTS.
- 8 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- 9 (1) DIRECT LOAN.—The term "direct loan" has
- the meaning given the term in section 502(1) of the

1	Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C.
2	661a(1)).
3	(2) Lifecycle greenhouse gas emis-
4	SIONS.—The term "lifecycle greenhouse gas emis-
5	sions" means an amount of emissions determined
6	though the same methodology used by the Environ-
7	mental Protection Agency to evaluate lifecycle green-
8	house gas emissions under section 211(o) of the
9	Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545).
10	(3) Market price.—The term "market price"
11	means the weekly average closing price of the front
12	month contract for West Texas Intermediate futures
13	on the New York Mercantile Exchange.
14	(4) QUALIFYING JET FUEL PROJECT.—The
15	term "qualifying jet fuel project" means a project lo-
16	cated in the United States that produces at least
17	25,000,000 gallons per year of liquid aviation tur-
18	bine fuel or blending component that—
19	(A) as produced has at least 50 percent
20	less lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions than pe-
21	troleum;
22	(B) is produced from renewable biomass,
23	as defined in section 211(o)(1)(I) of the Clean

Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545(0)(1)(I)); and

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- 1 (C) meets, or can be blended with other 2 components to produce a fuel that meets, an 3 American Society of Testing and Materials 4 (ASTM) standard for aviation turbine fuels.
 - (5) SALES.—The term "sales" means the volume of jet fuel described in paragraph (4) that has been sold to the open market after being produced from a project, as specified in an agreement entered into under subsection (b).
 - (6) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.
 - (7) STRIKE PRICE.—The term "strike price" means a specified price below which the United States shall make payments in the form of a loan to the owner or operator of a qualified jet fuel project and above which the owner or operator of a qualified jet fuel project shall repay the loan under the terms specified by an agreement entered into under subsection (b).

20 (b) Loans.—

(1) Loan authority.—The Secretary shall enter into a standby loan agreement under this section with the owners or operators of not more than 10 qualifying jet fuel projects. Such an agreement shall—

- 1 (A) provide that the Secretary shall make 2 a direct loan for the project;
 - (B) define the primary term of the agreement, which shall not exceed the lesser of 10 years or 75 percent of the projected useful life of the project (as determined by the Secretary); and
 - (C) define the full term of the agreement, which shall not exceed the lesser of 20 years or 90 percent of the project useful life of the project (as determined by the Secretary).
 - (2) Strike price methodology.—The strike price shall be determined by an auction process. The Secretary shall conduct 3 auctions over a period of 2 years. The 3 auctions shall be structured in order to ensure, to the maximum extent possible, that number of projects awarded under each auction is the same.
 - (3) Loan disbursements.—A loan made under this section shall be disbursed during the primary term of the loan agreement whenever the market price falls below the strike price. The amount of such disbursement shall be equal to the excess of the strike price over the market price in each given week, times the sales of the project for the following

- week (but not more than a total level of disbursements specified in the agreement).
 - (4) Loan Repayments.—The Secretary shall establish terms and conditions, including interest rates and amortization schedules, for the repayment of such loan within the full term of the loan agreement, subject to the following limitations:
 - (A) In any calendar quarter during the primary term of the agreement the loan recipient may elect to defer some or all of its repayment obligations due in that quarter if any new loan disbursements have been made in that quarter. Any unpaid obligations will continue to accrue interest.
 - (B) If in any calendar quarter during the primary term of the agreement the market price is greater than the strike price, the loan recipient shall meet its scheduled repayment obligation plus deferred repayment obligations, but shall not be required to pay in that quarter an amount that is more than the excess of the market price over the strike price, times the output of the project.
 - (C) Unless the Secretary determines otherwise, at the end of the primary term of the

1	agreement, the cumulative amount of any re-
2	maining repayment obligations, together with
3	accrued interest, shall be amortized (with inter-
4	est) over the remainder of the full term of the
5	agreement.

6 (c) COMPLIANCE WITH FEDERAL CREDIT REFORM
7 ACT.—Loans under this section shall be subject to the re8 quirements of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990.

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