111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 6426

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to carry out programs and activities for connecting children and families with the outdoors.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NOVEMBER 18, 2010

Mr. KIND introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to carry out programs and activities for connecting children and families with the outdoors.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Moving Outdoors in Nature Act of 2010".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.

- Sec. 3. Grants for development or implementation of Moving Outdoors in Nature State Strategies.
- Sec. 4. National strategy for connecting children, youth, and families with the outdoors.
- Sec. 5. National evaluation of health impacts.
- Sec. 6. Technical assistance and best practices.
- Sec. 7. Definitions.
- Sec. 8. Authorization of appropriations.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds the following:
 - (1) Children today are spending less time outdoors than any generation in human history, as evidenced by studies that show children enjoy half as much time outdoors today as they did just 20 years ago and children spend more than 7½ hours every day in front of electronic media.
 - (2) Experiencing our Nation's natural splendor contributes to healthier lives for all Americans and a deeper appreciation for the outdoors, and those who take advantage of the opportunities afforded them in the outdoors generally live longer, healthier, fuller lives than those who do not.
 - (3) Hunters and anglers play a critical role in reconnecting young people with nature, protecting our natural resources, and fostering a lifelong understanding of the value of conserving the natural world. As children become more disconnected from the natural world, the hunting and angling conservation legacy of America is at risk.

- (4) Research demonstrates that hunters who become engaged in hunting as children are among the most active and interested hunters as adults. The vast majority of hunters report they were introduced to hunting between the ages of 10 and 12, and the overwhelming majority of children are introduced to hunting by an adult.
 - (5) The health of our children is at risk as evidenced by the growing obesity crisis where, over the last 20 years, the childhood obesity rate has more than doubled and the adolescent obesity rate has tripled.
 - (6) Spending time outdoors in nature is beneficial to our children's physical and mental health and has been proven to decrease symptoms of attention deficit and hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), improve motor skills, result in a better sleep, reduce stress, increase creativity, improve mood, and reduce children's risk of developing myopia.
 - (7) Kids who play outdoors are generally more physically fit than those who spend the majority of their time inside, and children who play outside in natural areas have a statistically significant improvement in motor fitness with better coordination, balance, and agility.

- 1 (8) The richness and novelty of being outdoors 2 stimulates brain development, and research indicates 3 that direct, ongoing experience of nature in relatively 4 familiar settings remains a vital source for children's 5 physical, emotional, and intellectual development.
 - (9) Research indicates that spending time outdoors reduces the severity of symptoms of children with attention deficit and hyperactivity disorder, and even short walks in urban parks increase concentration and lessen other attention deficit and hyperactivity disorder-related symptoms.
 - (10) Children who spend time playing outside are more likely to take risks, seek out adventure, develop self-confidence, and respect the value of nature, and green spaces outside the home can increase concentration, inhibition of initial impulses, and self-discipline.
 - (11) Time spent in green spaces, including parks, play areas, and gardens, has been shown to reduce stress and mental fatigue, and in one study children who were exposed to greener environments in a public housing area demonstrated less aggression and violence and less mental stress.
 - (12) Simply viewing nature reduces physiological stress response, increases levels of interest

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- and attention, and decreases feelings of fear, anger,
 and aggression.
 - (13) A direct childhood experience with nature before the age of 11 promotes a long-term connection to nature, a connection that is currently dwindling as children spend half as much time outside as they did 20 years ago.
 - (14) Resource stewardship is more challenging without a strong sense of connection to the natural world, and as visitation to public lands has declined or remained flat in recent years and children spend less time outdoors on private lands as well, that connection is being lost.
 - (15) It takes many dedicated men and women to work to preserve, protect, enhance, and restore America's natural resources, and with an aging workforce in the natural resource professions, it is critical for the next generation to have an appreciation for nature and be ready to take over these responsibilities.
 - (16) Over the past several years, urbanization, changing land use patterns, increasing road traffic, and inadequate solutions to addressing these challenges in the built environment have combined to make it more difficult for many Americans to walk

- or bike to schools, parks, and play areas or experience the natural environment in general.
 - (17) Natural play areas, greenways, accessible trails, backyard wildlife habitats, and other green features of the built environment provide children the opportunity to experience nature in their communities and close to home.
 - (18) Conservation education and outdoor recreation experiences like camping, hiking, boating, hunting, fishing, archery, recreational shooting, wild-life watching, and others are critical to engaging young people in the outdoors.
 - (19) Parks and recreation, youth-serving, conservation, health, education, and built-environment organizations, facilities, and personnel provide critical resources and infrastructure for connecting children and families with nature.
 - (20) Research has shown that military children and families are facing increased stress and mental strain and challenges due to multiple, extended deployments. Military family service organizations have developed programs that connect military children and families with positive, meaningful outdoor experiences benefiting mental and physical health, but

- they lack sufficient resources to meet increasing demand.
- 3 (21) States nationwide and their community-4 based partners have some notable programs that 5 connect children and families with nature; however, 6 most States lack sufficient resources and a com-7 prehensive strategy that effectively engages State 8 agencies across multiple fields.
- 9 (22) States need to engage in a cross-sector 10 agency and nonprofit approach that involves public 11 health and wellness, parks and recreation, transpor-12 tation and city planning, and others focused on con-13 necting children and families with the outdoors to 14 increase coordination and effective implementation 15 of the policy tools and programs that a State can 16 bring to bear to provide healthy outdoor opportuni-17 ties for children and families.

18 SEC. 3. GRANTS FOR DEVELOPMENT OR IMPLEMENTATION

- 19 OF MOVING OUTDOORS IN NATURE STATE
- 20 STRATEGIES.
- 21 (a) In General.—The Secretary may award com-
- 22 petitive grants or cooperative agreements to eligible enti-
- 23 ties to develop and implement a 5-year State strategy, to
- 24 be known as a Moving Outdoors in Nature State Strategy,
- 25 for connecting children and families with the outdoors.

1	(b) Submission and Approval of Strategies.—
2	(1) Applications.—An application for a grant
3	under subsection (a) shall—
4	(A) be submitted not later than 120 days
5	after the Secretary publishes guidelines under
6	subsection $(f)(1)$; and
7	(B) include a Moving Outdoors in Nature
8	State Strategy meeting the requirements of
9	subsection (c) or a proposal for development
10	and submission of such a strategy.
11	(2) Approval of strategy; peer review.—
12	Not later than 90 days after submission of a Moving
13	Outdoors in Nature State Strategy, the Secretary
14	shall approve or recommend changes to the strategy.
15	The Secretary shall carry out the preceding sentence
16	through a peer review process that includes partici-
17	pation from Federal, State, and local government
18	and from nongovernmental entities.
19	(3) Strategy update.—An eligible entity re-
20	ceiving funds under this section shall update its
21	Moving Outdoors in Nature State Strategy not less
22	than every 5 years to reflect any changes and modi-
23	fications.
24	(c) Comprehensive Strategy Requirements.—
25	The Secretary may approve a Moving Outdoors in Nature

1	State Strategy under subsection (b)(2) only if the strategy
2	includes the following:
3	(1) A description of how the eligible entity will
4	connect children, youth, and families to the outdoors
5	through State and local—
6	(A) public health systems;
7	(B) public parks and recreation systems;
8	(C) public transportation and city planning
9	systems; and
10	(D) other public systems that connect chil-
11	dren, youth, and families to the outdoors.
12	(2) A description of how the eligible entity will
13	connect existing governmental systems to networks
14	of nongovernmental partner organizations serving
15	children, youth, and families.
16	(3) A description of how State agencies, such as
17	State departments of health, natural resources, envi-
18	ronmental quality, fish and wildlife, national guard
19	and transportation, will collaborate with each other
20	and nongovernmental organizations and local agen-
21	cies to implement the strategy.
22	(4) A description of how funding will be spent
23	through local planning and implementation grants
24	under subsection (d).

1	(5) A description of how the eligible entity will
2	evaluate the effectiveness of, and measure the im-
3	pact of, the strategy.
4	(6) A description of how the eligible entity will
5	provide opportunities for public involvement in devel-
6	oping and implementing the strategy through a pub-
7	lic comment period, public hearings, or other means.
8	(d) Local Planning and Implementation.—
9	(1) In General.—A Moving Outdoors in Na-
10	ture State Strategy shall provide for—
11	(A) local planning; and
12	(B) subgrants by the grant recipient under
13	subsection (a) to local entities to implement the
14	strategy through one or more of the activities
15	described in paragraph (2).
16	(2) Program activities.—The activities de-
17	scribed in this paragraph are the following:
18	(A) Outdoor recreation programs and ac-
19	tivities that engage children, youth, and families
20	in healthy, active time outdoors through camp-
21	ing, hiking, wildlife watching, and other rec-
22	reational activities that teach skills for lifelong
23	participation in outdoor activities.
24	(B) Youth mentoring and outdoor recre-
25	ation programs and activities that engage par-

- ticipants in hunting, fishing, recreational shooting, and archery.
 - (C) Public health initiatives to educate parents and caregivers about the health benefits of active time outdoors to fight obesity and increase the quality of life for children, youth, and families.
 - (D) Creation of natural play areas within communities, as defined by nationally recognized guidelines, to provide opportunities for safe outdoor play in natural environments at daycare and afterschool childcare sites, schools, parks, recreation centers, camps, libraries, military installations, and other areas.
 - (E) Development of trails and greenways to safely connect parks and outdoor recreation areas with military installations, daycare and afterschool childcare sites, schools, and communities through trail systems that encourage walking, biking, and increased time outdoors by children, youth, and families.
 - (F) Creation of outdoor learning environments such as schoolyard, community, or backyard wildlife habitats or gardens.

- 1 (G) Environmental sustainability and con-2 servation education and interpretation pro-3 grams and activities that engage children, 4 youth, and families in learning and physical ac-5 tivity in the outdoors.
 - (H) Service learning and volunteer opportunities to help restore natural areas, maintain recreational assets, and engage children, youth, and families in the outdoors.
 - (I) Promotional activities that promote the benefits of time spent outdoors and invite children, youth, and families to enjoy the outdoors by visiting nearby public and private lands.
 - (J) Initiatives that engage health professionals, pediatricians, educators, daycare instructors, afterschool program providers, camp directors, community planners, local planning commissions, homeowners associations, environmental professionals, military, law enforcement, and business leaders in identifying innovative solutions to connecting children, youth, and families with nature.
- 23 (e) PRIORITY.—In making grants under subsection 24 (a) and subgrants under subsection (d)(1)(B), the Sec-25 retary and the recipient of a grant under this section shall

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- 1 give preference to entities that serve individuals who have
- 2 limited opportunities to experience nature, including those
- 3 who are socioeconomically disadvantaged or have a dis-
- 4 ability.
- 5 (f) GUIDELINES.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 6 date of the enactment of this Act, and after notice and
- 7 opportunity for public comment, the Secretary shall pub-
- 8 lish in the Federal Register guidelines on the implementa-
- 9 tion of this Act, including guidelines for—
- 10 (1) developing and submitting strategies under
- 11 subsection (b); and
- 12 (2) technical assistance and dissemination of
- best practices under section 6.
- 14 (g) REPORTING.—Not later than 2 years after the
- 15 Secretary approves the Moving Outdoors in Nature State
- 16 Strategy of an eligible entity receiving funds under this
- 17 section, and every year thereafter, the entity shall submit
- 18 to the Secretary a report on the implementation of the
- 19 strategy based on the entity's evaluation and assessment
- 20 of meeting the goals specified in the strategy.
- 21 (h) Allocation of Funds.—An eligible entity re-
- 22 ceiving a grant under subsection (a) for a fiscal year—
- (1) may use not more than 5 percent of the
- 24 grant funds for administrative expenses; and

1	(2) shall use at least 95 percent of the grant
2	funds for local planning and subgrants to local enti-
3	ties under subsection (d).
4	SEC. 4. NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR CONNECTING CHILDREN,
5	YOUTH, AND FAMILIES WITH THE OUTDOORS.
6	(a) In General.—Not later than September 30,
7	2011, the President of the United States, in cooperation
8	with Federal departments and agencies, shall develop and
9	issue a national strategy for connecting children, youth,
10	and families with the outdoors. Such strategy shall in-
11	clude, but not be limited to—
12	(1) identification of barriers to children, youth,
13	and families spending healthy time outdoors and
14	specific policy solutions to address those barriers;
15	(2) identification of opportunities for partner-
16	ships with States, cities, counties, municipalities, en-
17	tities of local government, park and recreation de-
18	partments or districts, school districts, institutions
19	of higher education, and nonprofit organizations to
20	connect children, youth, and families with the out-
21	doors;
22	(3) coordination of efforts among Federal de-
23	partments and agencies to address the impacts of
24	children and families spending less time outdoors
25	on—

1	(A) public health, including childhood obe-
2	sity and attention deficit disorders;
3	(B) the future of conservation in the
4	United States; and
5	(C) the economy;
6	(4) identification of ongoing research needs to
7	document the health, conservation, economic, and
8	other outcomes of implementing the national and
9	State strategies;
10	(5) coordination with State Moving Outdoors in
11	Nature Strategies; and
12	(6) an action plan for implementing the strat-
13	egy at the Federal level.
14	(b) Strategy Development.—
15	(1) Participants.—In developing the national
16	strategy in subsection (a), the President shall en-
17	gage—
18	(A) representatives of Federal, State, and
19	local government;
20	(B) business, industry, and military lead-
21	ers;
22	(C) representatives of nonprofit organiza-
23	tions;
24	(D) educators;
25	(E) medical professionals;

1	(F) representatives of recipients of grants
2	or subgrants under section 3; and
3	(G) such other persons as the President
4	determines appropriate.
5	(2) Public Participation.—Throughout the
6	process of developing the national strategy in sub-
7	section (a), the President shall provide for public
8	participation that includes, but not be limited to—
9	(A) a national summit of participants as
10	defined in subsection (b)(1) with demonstrated
11	expertise in connecting children and families
12	with the outdoors;
13	(B) listening sessions across the country;
14	and
15	(C) opportunities for the public to submit
16	ideas, recommendations, and comments through
17	various written and electronic methods.
18	(c) Updating the National Strategy.—The
19	President shall update the national strategy not less than
20	5 years, and every 5 years thereafter, after the date the
21	first national strategy is issued pursuant to subsection (a).
22	In updating the strategy, the President shall, among other
23	things, incorporate results of the evaluation under section
24	5.

SEC. 5. NATIONAL EVALUATION OF HEALTH IMPACTS. 2 The Secretary shall enter into an agreement with the 3 Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Director 4 of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for— 5 (1) the development of recommendations for ap-6 propriate evaluation measures and criteria for devel-7 oping a study of national significance on the health 8 impacts of the programs under this Act; and 9 (2) the administration of such a study. 10 SEC. 6. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND BEST PRACTICES. 11 The Secretary shall— 12 (1) provide technical assistance to grantees 13 under section 3 through agreements with national 14 organizations with a proven track record of con-15 necting children to the outdoors; and 16 (2) disseminate best practices that emerge from 17 strategies funded under this Act. 18 SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS. 19 In this Act: 20 (1) The term "eligible entity" means— 21 (A) a State; or 22 (B) a consortium of— 23 (i) a State, city, county, municipality, 24 entity of local government, park and recre-

ation department or district, school dis-

1	trict, institution of higher education, or
2	nonprofit organization; and
3	(ii) any combination of entities speci-
4	fied in clause (i).
5	(2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary
6	of the Interior.
7	(3) The term "State" means any of the several
8	States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth
9	of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands
10	Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the
11	Northern Mariana Islands, any other territory or
12	possession of the United States, or any Indian tribe
13	SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
14	(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
15	priated to the Secretary to carry out this Act—
16	(1) \$15,000,000 for fiscal year 2011;
17	(2) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2012;
18	(3) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2013; and
19	(4) such sums as may be necessary for subse-
20	quent fiscal years.
21	(b) Limitation.—Of the amounts made available to
22	carry out this Act for a fiscal year, not more than 5 per-
23	cent may be made available for carrying out section 6.
24	(c) Supplement, Not Supplant.—Funds made
25	available under this Act shall be used to supplement, and

- 1 not supplant, any other Federal, State, or local funds
- 2 available for activities that connect children, youth, and

3 families to the outdoors.

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