S. 30

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

 $February\ 24,\ 2010$ Referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

AN ACT

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to prohibit manipulation of caller identification information.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Truth in Caller ID
- 3 Act of 2009".
- 4 SEC. 2. PROHIBITION REGARDING MANIPULATION OF
- 5 CALLER IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION.
- 6 Section 227 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
- 7 U.S.C. 227) is amended—
- 8 (1) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and
- 9 (g) as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively; and
- 10 (2) by inserting after subsection (d) the fol-
- 11 lowing new subsection:
- 12 "(e) Prohibition on Provision of Inaccurate
- 13 Caller Identification Information.—
- 14 "(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful for any
- person within the United States, in connection with
- any telecommunications service or IP-enabled voice
- service, to cause any caller identification service to
- 18 knowingly transmit misleading or inaccurate caller
- identification information with the intent to defraud,
- cause harm, or wrongfully obtain anything of value,
- 21 unless such transmission is exempted pursuant to
- paragraph (3)(B).
- 23 "(2) Protection for blocking caller
- 24 IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION.—Nothing in this
- subsection may be construed to prevent or restrict
- any person from blocking the capability of any caller

1	identification service to transmit caller identification
2	information.
3	"(3) Regulations.—
4	"(A) In general.—Not later than 6
5	months after the date of enactment of the
6	Truth in Caller ID Act of 2009, the Commis-
7	sion shall prescribe regulations to implement
8	this subsection.
9	"(B) Content of regulations.—
10	"(i) In general.—The regulations
11	required under subparagraph (A) shall in-
12	clude such exemptions from the prohibition
13	under paragraph (1) as the Commission
14	determines is appropriate.
15	"(ii) Specific exemption for law
16	ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES OR COURT OR-
17	DERS.—The regulations required under
18	subparagraph (A) shall exempt from the
19	prohibition under paragraph (1) trans-
20	missions in connection with—
21	"(I) any authorized activity of a
22	law enforcement agency; or
23	"(II) a court order that specifi-
24	cally authorizes the use of caller iden-
25	tification manipulation.

"(4) Report.—Not later than 6 months after the enactment of the Truth in Caller ID Act of 2009, the Commission shall report to Congress whether additional legislation is necessary to prohibit the provision of inaccurate caller identification information in technologies that are successor or replacement technologies to telecommunications service or IP-enabled voice service.

"(5) Penalties.—

"(A) CIVIL FORFEITURE.—

"(i) In General.—Any person that is determined by the Commission, in accordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 503(b), to have violated this subsection shall be liable to the United States for a forfeiture penalty. A forfeiture penalty under this paragraph shall be in addition to any other penalty provided for by this Act. The amount of the forfeiture penalty determined under this paragraph shall not exceed \$10,000 for each violation, or 3 times that amount for each day of a continuing violation, except that the amount assessed for any continuing violation shall

1	not exceed a total of \$1,000,000 for any
2	single act or failure to act.
3	"(ii) Recovery.—Any forfeiture pen-
4	alty determined under clause (i) shall be
5	recoverable pursuant to section 504(a).
6	"(iii) Procedure.—No forfeiture li-
7	ability shall be determined under clause (i)
8	against any person unless such person re-
9	ceives the notice required by section
10	503(b)(3) or section $503(b)(4)$.
11	"(iv) 2-year statute of limita-
12	TIONS.—No forfeiture penalty shall be de-
13	termined or imposed against any person
14	under clause (i) if the violation charged oc-
15	curred more than 2 years prior to the date
16	of issuance of the required notice or notice
17	or apparent liability.
18	"(B) CRIMINAL FINE.—Any person who
19	willfully and knowingly violates this subsection
20	shall upon conviction thereof be fined not more
21	than \$10,000 for each violation, or 3 times that
22	amount for each day of a continuing violation,
23	in lieu of the fine provided by section 501 for
24	such a violation. This subparagraph does not

supersede the provisions of section 501 relating

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to imprisonment or the imposition of a penalty of both fine and imprisonment.

"(6) Enforcement by states.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The chief legal officer of a State, or any other State officer authorized by law to bring actions on behalf of the residents of a State, may bring a civil action, as parens patriae, on behalf of the residents of that State in an appropriate district court of the United States to enforce this subsection or to impose the civil penalties for violation of this subsection, whenever the chief legal officer or other State officer has reason to believe that the interests of the residents of the State have been or are being threatened or adversely affected by a violation of this subsection or a regulation under this subsection.

"(B) Notice.—The chief legal officer or other State officer shall serve written notice on the Commission of any civil action under subparagraph (A) prior to initiating such civil action. The notice shall include a copy of the complaint to be filed to initiate such civil action, except that if it is not feasible for the State to provide such prior notice, the State shall pro-

1	vide such notice immediately upon instituting
2	such civil action.
3	"(C) AUTHORITY TO INTERVENE.—Upon
4	receiving the notice required by subparagraph
5	(B), the Commission shall have the right—
6	"(i) to intervene in the action;
7	"(ii) upon so intervening, to be heard
8	on all matters arising therein; and
9	"(iii) to file petitions for appeal.
10	"(D) Construction.—For purposes of
11	bringing any civil action under subparagraph
12	(A), nothing in this paragraph shall prevent the
13	chief legal officer or other State officer from ex-
14	ercising the powers conferred on that officer by
15	the laws of such State to conduct investigations
16	or to administer oaths or affirmations or to
17	compel the attendance of witnesses or the pro-
18	duction of documentary and other evidence.
19	"(E) VENUE; SERVICE OR PROCESS.—
20	"(i) Venue.—An action brought
21	under subparagraph (A) shall be brought
22	in a district court of the United States
23	that meets applicable requirements relating
24	to venue under section 1391 of title 28,
25	United States Code.

1	"(ii) Service of process.—In an
2	action brought under subparagraph (A)—
3	"(I) process may be served with-
4	out regard to the territorial limits of
5	the district or of the State in which
6	the action is instituted; and
7	"(II) a person who participated
8	in an alleged violation that is being
9	litigated in the civil action may be
10	joined in the civil action without re-
11	gard to the residence of the person.
12	"(7) Effect on other laws.—This sub-
13	section does not prohibit any lawfully authorized in-
14	vestigative, protective, or intelligence activity of a
15	law enforcement agency of the United States, a
16	State, or a political subdivision of a State, or of an
17	intelligence agency of the United States.
18	"(8) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
19	section:
20	"(A) Caller Identification informa-
21	TION.—The term 'caller identification informa-
22	tion' means information provided by a caller
23	identification service regarding the telephone
24	number of, or other information regarding the

1	origination of, a call made using a telecommuni-
2	cations service or IP-enabled voice service.

- "(B) CALLER IDENTIFICATION SERVICE.—
 The term 'caller identification service' means any service or device designed to provide the user of the service or device with the telephone number of, or other information regarding the origination of, a call made using a telecommunications service or IP-enabled voice service. Such term includes automatic number identification services.
- "(C) IP-ENABLED VOICE SERVICE.—The term 'IP-enabled voice service' has the meaning given that term by section 9.3 of the Commission's regulations (47 C.F.R. 9.3), as those regulations may be amended by the Commission from time to time.
- "(9) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, subsection (f) shall not

- 1 apply to this subsection or to the regulations under
- this subsection.".

Passed the Senate February 23, 2010.

Attest: NANCY ERICKSON,

Secretary.