111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3115

To amend the National Telecommunications and Information Administration Organization Act to enhance and promote the Nation's public safety and citizen activated emergency response capabilities through the use of 9-1-1 services, to further upgrade public safety answering point capabilities and related functions in receiving 9-1-1 calls, and to support in the construction and operation of a ubiquitous and reliable citizen activated system.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 15, 2010

Ms. Klobuchar (for herself and Mr. Burr) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To amend the National Telecommunications and Information Administration Organization Act to enhance and promote the Nation's public safety and citizen activated emergency response capabilities through the use of 9-1-1 services, to further upgrade public safety answering point capabilities and related functions in receiving 9-1-1 calls, and to support in the construction and operation of a ubiquitous and reliable citizen activated system.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Next Generation 9-
- 3 1-1 Preservation Act of 2010".
- 4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 5 The Congress finds that—
- 6 (1) for the sake of our Nation's public safety,
 7 a universal emergency telephone number (9-1-1)
 8 that is enhanced with the most modern and state-of9 the-art telecommunications capabilities possible, in-
- 10 cluding voice, data, and video communications,
- should be available to all citizens where they live,
- work, and travel;
- 13 (2) a successful migration to the Next Genera-14 tion 9-1-1 communications system will require great-15 er Federal, State, and local government resources
- and coordination;
- 17 (3) any funds that are collected from fees im-
- posed on consumer bills for the purposes of funding
- 9-1-1 services or enhanced 9-1-1 services should only
- be used for the purposes for which the funds are col-
- 21 lected;
- 22 (4) it is a national priority to foster the migra-
- 23 tion from analog, voice-centric 9-1-1 and current
- 24 generation emergency communications systems to a
- 25 21st century, Next Generation, IP-based emergency

- services model that embraces a wide range of voice,
 video, and data applications;
 - (5) ensuring 9-1-1 access for all citizens includes improving access to 9-1-1 systems for the deaf, hard of hearing, deaf-blind, and individuals with speech disabilities, who are increasingly communicating with non-traditional text, video, and instant messaging communications services and who expect those services to be able to connect directly to 9-1-1 systems;
 - (6) a coordinated public educational effort on current and emerging 9-1-1 system capabilities and proper use of the 9-1-1 system is essential to the operation of an effective 9-1-1 system;
 - (7) Federal policies and funding should enable the transition to an Internet Protocol-based (IP-based) Next Generation 9-1-1 system and Federal 9-1-1 and emergency communications laws and regulations must keep pace with rapidly changing technology to ensure an open and competitive 9-1-1 environment based on the most advanced technology available; and
 - (8) Federal policies and grant programs should reflect the growing convergence and integration of emergency communications technology, such that

1	State interoperability plans and Federal funding in
2	support of such plans is made available for all as-
3	pects of Next Generation 9-1-1 and emergency com-
4	munications systems.
5	SEC. 3. PURPOSES.
6	The purposes of this Act are—
7	(1) to focus Federal policies and funding pro-
8	grams to ensure a successful migration from a voice-
9	centric 9-1-1 system to an IP-enabled, Next Genera-
10	tion 9-1-1 emergency response system that uses
11	voice, data, and video services that greatly enhance
12	the capability of 9-1-1 and emergency response serv-
13	ices;
14	(2) to ensure that technologically advanced 9-1-
15	1 and emergency communications systems are uni-
16	versally available and adequately funded to serve all
17	Americans; and
18	(3) to ensure all 9-1-1 and emergency response
19	organizations have access to—
20	(A) high-speed broadband networks;
21	(B) interconnected IP backbones; and
22	(C) innovative services and applications.

1 SEC. 4. COORDINATION OF 9-1-1 IMPLEMENTATION.

2	Section 158 of the National Telecommunications and
3	Information Administration Organization Act (47 U.S.C.
4	942) is amended to read as follows:
5	"SEC. 158. COORDINATION OF E-911 AND NEXT GENERA-
6	TION 9-1-1 IMPLEMENTATION.
7	"(a) 9-1-1 Implementation Coordination Of-
8	FICE.—
9	"(1) Establishment and continuation.—
10	The Assistant Secretary shall—
11	"(A) establish and further a program to
12	facilitate coordination and communication be-
13	tween Federal, State, and local emergency com-
14	munications systems, emergency personnel,
15	public safety organizations, telecommunications
16	carriers, and telecommunications equipment
17	manufacturers and vendors involved in the im-
18	plementation of all 9-1-1 services; and
19	"(B) create an improved 9-1-1 Implemen-
20	tation Coordination Office to implement the
21	provisions of this section.
22	"(2) Management Plan.—The Assistant Sec-
23	retary shall develop a management plan for the pro-
24	gram established under this section. Such plan shall
25	include the organizational structure and funding
26	profiles for the 5-year duration of the program. The

1	Assistant Secretary shall, within 90 days after the
2	date of enactment of the Next Generation 9-1-1
3	Preservation Act of 2010, submit the management
4	plan to the Committees on Energy and Commerce
5	and Appropriations of the House of Representatives
6	and the Committees on Commerce, Science, and
7	Transportation and Appropriations of the Senate.
8	"(3) Purpose of Office.—The Office shall—
9	"(A) take actions, in concert with coordi-
10	nators designated in accordance with subsection
11	(b)(3)(A)(ii), to improve such coordination and
12	communication;
13	"(B) develop, collect, and disseminate in
14	formation concerning practices, procedures, and
15	technology used in the implementation of E-
16	911 services and Next Generation 9-1-1 serv
17	ices;
18	"(C) advise and assist eligible entities in
19	the preparation of implementation plans re-
20	quired under subsection (b)(3)(A)(iii);
21	"(D) receive, review, and recommend the
22	approval or disapproval of applications for
23	grants under subsection (b); and

1	"(E) oversee the use of funds provided by
2	such grants in fulfilling such implementation
3	plans.
4	"(4) Reports.—The Assistant Secretary shall
5	provide an annual report to Congress by the first
6	day of October of each year on the activities of the
7	Office to improve coordination and communication
8	with respect to the implementation of E–911 serv-
9	ices and Next Generation 9-1-1 services.
10	"(b) E-911 and Next Generation 9-1-1 Imple-
11	MENTATION GRANTS.—
12	"(1) Matching grants.—The Assistant Sec-
13	retary, after consultation with the Chairman of the
14	Commission, and acting through the Office, shall
15	provide grants to eligible entities for—
16	"(A) the implementation and operation of
17	E-911 services, migration to an IP-enabled
18	emergency network, and adoption and operation
19	of Next Generation 9-1-1 services and applica-
20	tions;
21	"(B) the implementation of IP-enabled
22	emergency services and applications enabled by
23	Next Generation 9-1-1 services, including the
24	establishment of IP backbone networks and the
25	application layer software infrastructure needed

1	to interconnect the multitude of emergency re-
2	sponse organizations; and
3	"(C) training in 9-1-1 services of public
4	safety personnel, including call-takers, first re-
5	sponders, and other individuals and organiza-
6	tions who are part of the emergency response
7	chain.
8	"(2) Matching requirement.—The Federal
9	share of the cost of a project eligible for a grant
10	under this section shall not exceed 80 percent. The
11	non-Federal share of the cost shall be provided from
12	non-Federal sources unless waived by the Assistant
13	Secretary.
14	"(3) Coordination required.—In providing
15	grants under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary
16	shall require an eligible entity to certify in its appli-
17	cation that—
18	"(A) in the case of an eligible entity that
19	is a State government, the entity—
20	"(i) has coordinated its application
21	with the public safety answering points lo-
22	cated within the jurisdiction of such entity;
23	"(ii) has designated a single officer or
24	governmental body of the entity to serve as
25	the coordinator of implementation of 9-1-1

1	services, except that such designation need
2	not vest such coordinator with direct legal
3	authority to implement E-911 services or
4	Next Generation 9-1-1 services or to man-
5	age emergency communications operations;
6	"(iii) has established a plan for the
7	coordination and implementation of E–911
8	services and Next Generation 9-1-1 serv-
9	ices; and
10	"(iv) has integrated telecommuni-
11	cations services involved in the implemen-
12	tation and delivery of E-911 services and
13	Next Generation 9-1-1 services; or
14	"(B) in the case of an eligible entity that
15	is not a State, the entity has complied with
16	clauses (i), (iii), and (iv) of subparagraph (A),
17	and the State in which it is located has com-
18	plied with clause (ii) of such subparagraph.
19	"(4) Criteria.—Within 120 days after the
20	date of enactment of the Next Generation 9-1-1
21	Preservation Act of 2010, the Assistant Secretary
22	shall issue regulations, after providing the public
23	with notice and an opportunity to comment, pre-
24	scribing the criteria for selection for grants under
25	this section. The criteria shall include performance

- 1 requirements and a timeline for completion of any
- 2 project to be financed by a grant under this section.
- The Assistant Secretary shall update such regula-
- 4 tions as necessary.

- 5 "(c) Diversion of 9-1-1 Charges.—
 - "(1) Designated 9-1-1 Charges.—For the purposes of this subsection, the term 'designated 9-1-1 charges' means any taxes, fees, or other charges imposed by a State or other taxing jurisdiction that are designated or presented as dedicated to deliver or improve E-911 services or Next Generation 9-1-1 services.
 - "(2) CERTIFICATION.—Each applicant for a matching grant under this section shall certify to the Assistant Secretary at the time of application, and each applicant that receives such a grant shall certify to the Assistant Secretary annually thereafter during any period of time during which the funds from the grant are available to the applicant, that no portion of any designated 9-1-1 charges imposed by a State or other taxing jurisdiction within which the applicant is located are being obligated or expended for any purpose other than the purposes for which such charges are designated or presented during the period beginning 180 days immediately pre-

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1	ceding the date of the application and continuing
2	through the period of time during which the funds
3	from the grant are available to the applicant.
4	"(3) Condition of Grant.—Each applicant
5	for a grant under this section shall agree, as a con-
6	dition of receipt of the grant, that if the State or
7	other taxing jurisdiction within which the applicant
8	is located, during any period of time during which
9	the funds from the grant are available to the appli-
10	cant, obligates or expends designated 9-1-1 charges
11	for any purpose other than the purposes for which
12	such charges are designated or presented, all of the
13	funds from such grant shall be returned to the Of-
14	fice.
15	"(4) Penalty for providing false infor-
16	MATION.—Any applicant that provides a certification
17	under paragraph (1) knowing that the information
18	provided in the certification was false shall—
19	"(A) not be eligible to receive the grant

"(B) return any grant awarded under subsection (b) during the time that the certification was not valid; and

under subsection (b);

"(C) not be eligible to receive any subsequent grants under subsection (b).

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1	"(a) AUTHORIZATION AND TERMINATION.—
2	"(1) Authorization.—There are authorized to
3	be appropriated to the Department of Commerce, for
4	the purposes of grants under the program operated
5	under this section, not more than \$250,000,000 for
6	each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2015, not
7	more than 5 percent of which for any fiscal year
8	may be obligated or expended for administrative
9	costs.
10	"(2) Termination.—The provisions of this
11	section shall cease to be effective on October 1
12	2014.
13	"(e) Definitions.—As used in this Act—
14	"(1) 9-1-1 SERVICES.—The term 9-1-1 services
15	includes both E-911 services and Next Generation
16	9-1-1 services.
17	"(2) E–911 services.—The term 'E–911 serv-
18	ices' means both phase I and phase II enhanced 9-
19	1-1 services, as described in section 20.18 of the
20	Commission's regulations (47 CFR 20.18), as in ef-
21	fect on the date of enactment of the Next Genera-
22	tion 9-1-1 Preservation Act of 2010, or as subse-
23	quently revised by the Commission.
24	"(3) Eligible entity.—

1 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible en-2 tity' means a State or local government or a 3 tribal organization (as defined in section 4(l) of 4 the Indian Self-Determination and Education 5 Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b(l))).

"(B) Instrumentalities.—Such term includes public authorities, boards, commissions, and similar bodies created by one or more eligible entities described in subparagraph (A) to provide E-911 services or Next Generation 9-1-1 services.

"(C) EXCEPTION.—Such term does not include any entity that has failed to submit the most recently required certification under subsection (c) within 30 days after the date on which such certification is due.

"(4) EMERGENCY CALL.—The term 'emergency call' refers to any real-time communication to a public safety answering point or other emergency management or response agency, including through voice, text, or video and related data and including nonhuman-initiated automatic event alerts, such as alarms, telematics, or sensor data, which may also include real-time voice, text, or video communications.

1	"(5) Next Generation 9-1-1 services.—The
2	term 'Next Generation 9-1-1 services' means an IP-
3	based system comprised of hardware, software, data,
4	and operational policies and procedures that—
5	"(A) provides standardized interfaces from
6	emergency call and message services to support
7	emergency communications;
8	"(B) processes all types of emergency calls,
9	including voice, data, and multimedia informa-
10	tion;
11	"(C) acquires and integrates additional
12	emergency call data useful to call routing and
13	handling;
14	"(D) delivers the emergency calls, mes-
15	sages, and data to the appropriate public safety
16	answering point and other appropriate emer-
17	gency entities;
18	"(E) supports data or video communica-
19	tions needs for coordinated incident response
20	and management; or
21	"(F) provides broadband service to public
22	safety answering points or other first responder
23	entities.
24	"(6) Office.—The term 'Office' means the 9-
25	1-1 Implementation Coordination Office.

1	"(7) Public safety answering point.—The
2	term 'public safety answering point' has the meaning
3	given the term in section 222 of the Communica-
4	tions Act of 1934.
5	"(8) State.—The term 'State' means any
6	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
7	Puerto Rico, American Samoa, Guam, the United
8	States Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Is-
9	lands, and any other territory or possession of the
10	United States.".
11	SEC. 5. REQUIREMENTS FOR MULTI-LINE TELEPHONE SYS-
12	TEMS.
13	(a) In General.—Within 270 days after the date
14	of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of General
15	Services, in conjunction with the 9-1-1 Implementation
16	Coordination Office established under section 158 of the
17	National Telecommunications and Information Adminis-
18	tration Organization Act, shall issue a report to Congress
19	identifying the 9-1-1 capabilities of the multi-line tele-
20	phone system in use by all Federal agencies in all Federal
21	buildings and properties.
22	(b) Commission Action.—
23	(1) In General.—Within 90 days after the
24	date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Commu-
25	nications Commission shall issue a public notice

- 1 seeking comment on the feasibility of requiring
- 2 MLTS operators to provide a sufficiently precise in-
- dication of a 9-1-1 caller's location, while avoiding
- 4 the imposition of undue burdens on MLTS manufac-
- 5 turers, providers, and operators.
- 6 (2) Specific requirement.—The public no-
- 7 tice under paragraph (1) shall seek comment on the
- 8 National Emergency Number Association's "Tech-
- 9 nical Requirements Document On Model Legislation
- 10 E–911 for Multi-Line Telephone Systems" (NENA
- 11 06–750, Version 2).
- 12 (c) Definition.—The term "multi-line telephone
- 13 system" or "MLTS" means a system comprised of com-
- 14 mon control units, telephone sets, control hardware and
- 15 software and adjunct systems, including network and
- 16 premises based systems, such as Centrex and VoIP, as
- 17 well as PBX, Hybrid, and Key Telephone Systems (as
- 18 classified by the Federal Communications Commission
- 19 under part 68 of title 47, Code of Federal Regulations)
- 20 and includes systems owned or leased by governmental
- 21 agencies and non-profit entities, as well as for profit busi-
- 22 nesses.

1	SEC. 6. GAO STUDY OF STATE AND LOCAL USE OF 9-1-1
2	SERVICE CHARGES.
3	(a) In General.—Within 60 days after the date of
4	enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall ini-
5	tiate a study of—
6	(1) the imposition of taxes, fees, or other
7	charges imposed by States or political subdivisions
8	of States that are designated or presented as dedi-
9	cated to improve emergency communications serv-
10	ices, including 9-1-1 services or enhanced 9-1-1 serv-
11	ices, or related to emergency communications serv-
12	ices operations or improvements; and
13	(2) the use of revenues derived from such taxes,
14	fees, or charges.
15	(b) Report.—Within 18 months after initiating the
16	study required by subsection (a), the Comptroller General
17	shall transmit a report on the results of the study to the
18	Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
19	the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce
20	of the House of Representatives setting forth the findings,
21	conclusions, and recommendations, if any, of the study,
22	including—
23	(1) the identity of each State or political sub-
24	division that imposes such taxes, fees, or other
25	charges; and

1 (2) the amount of revenues obligated or ex-2 pended by that State or political subdivision for any 3 purpose other than the purposes for which such 4 taxes, fees, or charges were designated or presented.

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