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[Report No. 111-112]

To establish a fact-finding Commission to extend the study of a prior Commission to investigate and determine facts and circumstances surrounding the relocation, internment, and deportation to Axis countries of Latin Americans of Japanese descent from December 1941 through February 1948, and the impact of those actions by the United States, and to recommend appropriate remedies, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 6, 2009

Mr. Inouye (for himself, Mr. Lieberman, Mr. Carper, Ms. Murkowski, Mr. Levin, Mr. Akaka, Mr. Bennett, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Leahy, and Mr. Feingold) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

DECEMBER 23, 2009
Reported by Mr. LIEBERMAN, without amendment

A BILL

To establish a fact-finding Commission to extend the study of a prior Commission to investigate and determine facts and circumstances surrounding the relocation, internment, and deportation to Axis countries of Latin Americans of Japanese descent from December 1941 through February 1948, and the impact of those actions by the United States, and to recommend appropriate remedies, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE. 3 4 This Act may be cited as the "Commission on War-5 time Relocation and Internment of Latin Americans of Japanese Descent Act". 6 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. 8 (a) FINDINGS.—Based on a preliminary study published in December 1982 by the Commission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Civilians, Congress finds the 10 11 following: 12 (1) During World War II, the United States— 13 (A) expanded its internment program and 14 national security investigations to conduct the 15 program and investigations in Latin America; 16 and 17 financed relocation to the United 18 States, and internment, of approximately 2,300 19 Latin Americans of Japanese descent, for the 20 purpose of exchanging the Latin Americans of 21 Japanese descent for United States citizens 22 held by Axis countries. 23 (2) Approximately 2,300 men, women, and chil-

dren of Japanese descent from 13 Latin American

- countries were held in the custody of the Department of State in internment camps operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service from 1941 through 1948.
 - (3) Those men, women, and children either—
 - (A) were arrested without a warrant, hearing, or indictment by local police, and sent to the United States for internment; or
 - (B) in some cases involving women and children, voluntarily entered internment camps to remain with their arrested husbands, fathers, and other male relatives.
 - (4) Passports held by individuals who were Latin Americans of Japanese descent were routinely confiscated before the individuals arrived in the United States, and the Department of State ordered United States consuls in Latin American countries to refuse to issue visas to the individuals prior to departure.
 - (5) Despite their involuntary arrival, Latin American internees of Japanese descent were considered to be and treated as illegal entrants by the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Thus, the internees became illegal aliens in United States custody who were subject to deportation proceedings for

- immediate removal from the United States. In some cases, Latin American internees of Japanese descent were deported to Axis countries to enable the United States to conduct prisoner exchanges.
 - (6) Approximately 2,300 men, women, and children of Japanese descent were relocated from their homes in Latin America, detained in internment camps in the United States, and in some cases, deported to Axis countries to enable the United States to conduct prisoner exchanges.
 - (7) The Commission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Civilians studied Federal actions conducted pursuant to Executive Order 9066 (relating to authorizing the Secretary of War to prescribe military areas). Although the United States program of interning Latin Americans of Japanese descent was not conducted pursuant to Executive Order 9066, an examination of that extraordinary program is necessary to establish a complete account of Federal actions to detain and intern civilians of enemy or foreign nationality, particularly of Japanese descent. Although historical documents relating to the program exist in distant archives, the Commission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Civilians did not research those documents.

- 1 (8) Latin American internees of Japanese de-
- 2 scent were a group not covered by the Civil Liberties
- 3 Act of 1988 (50 U.S.C. App. 1989b et seq.), which
- 4 formally apologized and provided compensation pay-
- 5 ments to former Japanese Americans interned pur-
- 6 suant to Executive Order 9066.
- 7 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to estab-
- 8 lish a fact-finding Commission to extend the study of the
- 9 Commission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Ci-
- 10 vilians to investigate and determine facts and cir-
- 11 cumstances surrounding the relocation, internment, and
- 12 deportation to Axis countries of Latin Americans of Japa-
- 13 nese descent from December 1941 through February
- 14 1948, and the impact of those actions by the United
- 15 States, and to recommend appropriate remedies, if any,
- 16 based on preliminary findings by the original Commission
- 17 and new discoveries.
- 18 SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE COMMISSION.
- 19 (a) In General.—There is established the Commis-
- 20 sion on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Latin
- 21 Americans of Japanese descent (referred to in this Act as
- 22 the "Commission").
- 23 (b) Composition.—The Commission shall be com-
- 24 posed of 9 members, who shall be appointed not later than

1	60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, of
2	whom—
3	(1) 3 members shall be appointed by the Presi-
4	dent;
5	(2) 3 members shall be appointed by the Speak-
6	er of the House of Representatives, on the joint rec-
7	ommendation of the majority leader of the House of
8	Representatives and the minority leader of the
9	House of Representatives; and
10	(3) 3 members shall be appointed by the Presi-
11	dent pro tempore of the Senate, on the joint rec-
12	ommendation of the majority leader of the Senate
13	and the minority leader of the Senate.
14	(c) Period of Appointment; Vacancies.—Mem-
15	bers shall be appointed for the life of the Commission. A
16	vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but
17	shall be filled in the same manner as the original appoint-
18	ment was made.
19	(d) Meetings.—
20	(1) First meeting.—The President shall call
21	the first meeting of the Commission not later than
22	the later of—
23	(A) 60 days after the date of enactment of
24	this Act: or

1	(B) 30 days after the date of enactment of
2	legislation making appropriations to carry out
3	this Act.
4	(2) Subsequent meetings.—Except as pro-
5	vided in paragraph (1), the Commission shall meet
6	at the call of the Chairperson.
7	(e) Quorum.—Five members of the Commission
8	shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number of members
9	may hold hearings.
10	(f) Chairperson and Vice Chairperson.—The
11	Commission shall elect a Chairperson and Vice Chair-
12	person from among its members. The Chairperson and
13	Vice Chairperson shall serve for the life of the Commis-
14	sion.
15	SEC. 4. DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION.
16	(a) In General.—The Commission shall—
17	(1) extend the study of the Commission on
18	Wartime Relocation and Internment of Civilians, es-
19	tablished by the Commission on Wartime Relocation
20	and Internment of Civilians Act—
21	(A) to investigate and determine facts and
22	circumstances surrounding the United States'
23	relocation, internment, and deportation to Axis
24	countries of Latin Americans of Japanese de-
25	scent from December 1941 through February

1	1948, and the impact of those actions by the
2	United States; and
3	(B) in investigating those facts and cir-
4	cumstances, to review directives of the United
5	States Armed Forces and the Department of
6	State requiring the relocation, detention in in-
7	ternment camps, and deportation to Axis coun-
8	tries of Latin Americans of Japanese descent;
9	and
10	(2) recommend appropriate remedies, if any,
11	based on preliminary findings by the original Com-
12	mission and new discoveries.
13	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
14	of the first meeting of the Commission pursuant to section
15	3(d)(1), the Commission shall submit a written report to
16	Congress, which shall contain findings resulting from the
17	investigation conducted under subsection (a)(1) and rec-
18	ommendations described in subsection (a)(2).

19 SEC. 5. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.

- (a) Hearings.—The Commission or, at its direction,
 any subcommittee or member of the Commission, may, for
 the purpose of carrying out this Act—
- 23 (1) hold such public hearings in such cities and 24 countries, sit and act at such times and places, take 25 such testimony, receive such evidence, and admin-

- 1 ister such oaths as the Commission or such sub-2 committee or member considers advisable; and
- (2) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda, papers, documents, tapes, and materials as the Commission or such subcommittee or member considers advisable.
- 9 (b) Issuance and Enforcement of Sub-10 poenas.—
 - (1) Issuance.—Subpoenas issued under subsection (a) shall bear the signature of the Chairperson of the Commission and shall be served by any person or class of persons designated by the Chairperson for that purpose.
 - (2) Enforcement.—In the case of contumacy or failure to obey a subpoena issued under subsection (a), the United States district court for the judicial district in which the subpoenaed person resides, is served, or may be found may issue an order requiring such person to appear at any designated place to testify or to produce documentary or other evidence. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of that court.

- 1 (c) Witness Allowances and Fees.—Section
- 2 1821 of title 28, United States Code, shall apply to wit-
- 3 nesses requested or subpoenaed to appear at any hearing
- 4 of the Commission. The per diem and mileage allowances
- 5 for witnesses shall be paid from funds available to pay the
- 6 expenses of the Commission.
- 7 (d) Information From Federal Agencies.—The
- 8 Commission may secure directly from any Federal depart-
- 9 ment or agency such information as the Commission con-
- 10 siders necessary to perform its duties. Upon request of
- 11 the Chairperson of the Commission, the head of such de-
- 12 partment or agency shall furnish such information to the
- 13 Commission.
- 14 (e) Postal Services.—The Commission may use
- 15 the United States mails in the same manner and under
- 16 the same conditions as other departments and agencies of
- 17 the Federal Government.
- 18 SEC. 6. PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.
- 19 (a) Compensation of Members.—Each member of
- 20 the Commission who is not an officer or employee of the
- 21 Federal Government shall be compensated at a rate equal
- 22 to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay pre-
- 23 scribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under sec-
- 24 tion 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (in-
- 25 cluding travel time) during which such member is engaged

- 1 in the performance of the duties of the Commission. All
- 2 members of the Commission who are officers or employees
- 3 of the United States shall serve without compensation in
- 4 addition to that received for their services as officers or
- 5 employees of the United States.
- 6 (b) Travel Expenses.—The members of the Com-
- 7 mission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per
- 8 diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employ-
- 9 ees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title
- 10 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or
- 11 regular places of business in the performance of services
- 12 for the Commission.
- (c) Staff.—
- 14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Chairperson of the
- 15 Commission may, without regard to the civil service
- laws and regulations, appoint and terminate the em-
- ployment of such personnel as may be necessary to
- enable the Commission to perform its duties.
- 19 (2) Compensation.—The Chairperson of the
- Commission may fix the compensation of the per-
- sonnel without regard to chapter 51 and subchapter
- 22 III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, re-
- lating to classification of positions and General
- Schedule pay rates, except that the rate of pay for
- 25 the personnel may not exceed the rate payable for

1	level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316
2	of such title.
3	(d) Detail of Government Employees.—Any
4	Federal Government employee may be detailed to the
5	Commission without reimbursement, and such detail shall
6	be without interruption or loss of civil service status or
7	privilege.
8	(e) Procurement of Temporary and Intermit-
9	TENT SERVICES.—The Chairperson of the Commission
10	may procure temporary and intermittent services under
11	section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates
12	for individuals that do not exceed the daily equivalent of
13	the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the
14	Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.
15	(f) Other Administrative Matters.—The Com-
16	mission may—
17	(1) enter into agreements with the Adminis-
18	trator of General Services to procure necessary fi-
19	nancial and administrative services;
20	(2) enter into contracts to procure supplies,
21	services, and property; and
22	(3) enter into contracts with Federal, State, or
23	local agencies, or private institutions or organiza-
24	tions, for the conduct of research or surveys, the

- 1 preparation of reports, and other activities necessary
- 2 to enable the Commission to perform its duties.

3 SEC. 7. TERMINATION.

- 4 The Commission shall terminate 90 days after the
- 5 date on which the Commission submits its report to Con-
- 6 gress under section 4(b).

7 SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 8 (a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 9 priated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this
- 10 Act.
- 11 (b) AVAILABILITY.—Any sums appropriated under
- 12 the authorization contained in this section shall remain
- 13 available, without fiscal year limitation, until expended.

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December 23, 2009

Reported without amendment