- (2) to provide support for the strategic requirements of the marine transportation system and its contribution to the economic viability of the United States.
- (d) Expansion of Marine View System.—To accomplish the purposes of this section, the Secretary of Transportation shall expand the Marine View system so that such system is able to identify, collect, integrate, secure, protect, store, and securely distribute throughout the marine transportation system information that—
- (1) provides access to many disparate marine transportation system data sources;
- (2) enables a system-wide view of the marine transportation system;
- (3) fosters partnerships between the Government of the United States and private entities;
- (4) facilitates accurate and efficient modeling of the entire marine transportation system environment:
- (5) monitors and tracks threats to the marine transportation system, including areas of severe weather or reported piracy; and
- (6) provides vessel tracking and rerouting, as appropriate, to ensure that the economic viability of the United States waterways is maintained.
- (e) AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS.—The Administrator of the Maritime Administration may enter into cooperative agreements, partnerships, contracts, or other agreements with industry or other Federal agencies to carry out this section.

SEC. 6014. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2010.

- (a) In GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Transportation, for the use of the Maritime Administration, for fiscal year 2010 the following amounts:
- (1) For expenses necessary for operations and training activities, \$122,900,000, of which—
- (2) For expenses to maintain and preserve a United States-flag merchant fleet to serve the national security needs of the United States under chapter 531 of title 46, United States Code, \$174,000,000.
- (3) For paying reimbursement under section 3517 of the Maritime Security Act of 2003 (46 U.S.C. 53101 note).
- (4) For expenses to dispose of obsolete vessels in the National Defense Reserve Fleet, including provision of assistance under section 7 of Public Law 92–09402, \$15,000,000.
- (5) For the cost (as defined in section 502(5) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5))) of loan guarantees under the program authorized by chapter 537 of title 46, United States Code, \$48,000,000.
- (6) For administrative expenses related to the implementation of the loan guarantee program under chapter 537 of title 46, United States Code, administrative expenses related to implementation of the reimbursement program under section 3517 of the Maritime Security Act of 2003 (46 U.S.C. 53101 note), and administrative expenses related to the implementation of the small shipyards and maritime communities assistance program under section 54101 of title 46, United States Code, \$4,000,000.
- (b) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) shall remain available, as provided in appropriations Acts, until expended.

NATIONAL DIRECT SUPPORT PROFESSIONALS RECOGNITION WEEK

Mr. BROWN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of S. Res. 228, submitted earlier today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 228) designating the week beginning September 14, 2009, as "National Direct Support Professionals Recognition Week."

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. BROWN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table, with no intervening action or debate, and any statements relating to the resolution be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 228) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. RES. 228

Whereas direct support workers, direct care workers, personal assistants, personal attendants, in-home support workers, and paraprofessionals (referred to in this preamble as "direct support professionals") are the primary providers of publicly funded long term support and services for millions of individuals;

Whereas a direct support professional must build a close, trusted relationship with an individual with disabilities;

Whereas a direct support professional assists an individual with disabilities with the most intimate needs, on a daily basis;

Whereas direct support professionals provide a broad range of support, including—

- (1) preparation of meals;
- (2) helping with medications;
- (3) bathing;
- (4) dressing;
- (5) mobility;
- (6) getting to school, work, religious, and recreational activities: and
 - (7) general daily affairs;

Whereas a direct support professional provides essential support to help keep an individual with disabilities connected to the family and community of the individual;

Whereas direct support professionals enable individuals with disabilities to live meaningful, productive lives;

Whereas direct support professionals are the key to allowing an individual with disabilities to live successfully in the community of the individual, and to avoid more costly institutional care;

Whereas the majority of direct support professionals are female, and many are the sole breadwinners of their families;

Whereas direct support professionals work and pay taxes, but many remain impoverished and are eligible for the same Federal and State public assistance programs on which the individuals with disabilities served by the direct support professionals must depend;

Whereas Federal and State policies, as well as the Supreme Court, in Olmstead v. L.C., 527 U.S. 581 (1999), assert the right of an individual to live in the home and community of the individual:

Whereas, in 2008, the majority of direct support professionals are employed in home and community-based settings and this trend is projected to increase over the next decade:

Whereas there is a documented critical and growing shortage of direct support professionals in every community throughout the United States; and

Whereas many direct support professionals are forced to leave jobs due to inadequate wages and benefits, creating high turnover and vacancy rates that research dem-

onstrates adversely affects the quality of support to individuals with disabilities: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved. That the Senate-

- (1) designates the week beginning September 14, 2009, as "National Direct Support Professionals Recognition Week";
- (2) recognizes the dedication and vital role of direct support professionals in enhancing the lives of individuals with disabilities of all ages;
- (3) appreciates the contribution of direct support professionals in supporting the needs that reach beyond the capacities of millions of families in the United States;
- (4) commends direct support professionals as integral in supporting the long-term support and services system of the United States; and
- (5) finds that the successful implementation of the public policies of the United States depends on the dedication of direct support professionals.

NATIONAL HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES WEEK

Mr. BROWN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to the consideration of S. Res. 229.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 229) designating the week beginning August 30, 2009, as "National Historically Black Colleges and Universities Week."

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. BROWN. Mr. President, before asking unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, I wish to speak in support of S. Res. 229.

Wilberforce University, in Ohio, is one of the great historically Black colleges and universities in this country and provides terrific service and terrific education for people in my State.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 229) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. RES. 229

Whereas there are 103 historically Black colleges and universities in the United States:

Whereas historically Black colleges and universities provide the quality education essential to full participation in a complex, highly technological society;

Whereas historically Black colleges and universities have a rich heritage and have played a prominent role in the history of the United States:

Whereas historically Black colleges and universities allow talented and diverse students, many of whom represent underserved populations, to attain their full potential through higher education; and

Whereas the achievements and goals of historically Black colleges and universities are