have provided the Obama administration regarding the future of our Nation's human spaceflight program; but as we debate the future of human spaceflight, we must not overlook the present.

Last week was a wildly successful one in America's space agency. On Friday, the space shuttle *Discovery* and the crew of STS-128 returned home after a very successful mission to the international space station. Last week, NASA released new and, frankly, stunning images from the recently serviced Hubble telescope. Finally, NASA completed a successful test of the ARES I first-stage rocket motor. This is another milestone of the Constellation program, our next-generation vehicle, to take us back to the Moon.

All of these were amazing accomplishments, but it was just another week at NASA. The American people have invested in space exploration for over 50 years. We continue to reap the benefits of that investment.

HEALTH CARE

(Ms. CHU asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. CHU. Madam Speaker, opponents of the health care reform bill are trying to confuse and to scare the American people. They are trying to prey on fear of the unknown. Opponents claim that the average American will fare worse under this bill because health care will be rationed by some faceless bureaucrat in Washington, D.C., but they clearly have not traveled to my district in California or they would know that rationing is already happening to people of every age and background. Insurance companies are already denying coverage if you are sick, have a preexisting condition, or are not independently wealthy.

In my district, a healthy middle class father's care was rationed when he was told he could not have insurance when his wife was pregnant because he had asthma as a child. A hardworking man was told that, despite working 30 years in a factory, he wasn't wealthy enough to deserve the cancer treatment that he desperately needed.

Health care reform will prohibit the kind of rationing that my constituents struggle with every day.

HONORING GRAMMY WINNER AND COUNTRY MUSIC RECORDING ARTIST GRETCHEN WILSON

(Mrs. BLACKBURN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. BLACKBURN. Madam Speaker, I rise today to ask my colleagues to join me in honoring Grammy winner and country music recording artist Gretchen Wilson as she receives the 2009 National Coalition for Literacy Leadership Award. This multi-platinum, acclaimed singer/songwriter was

one of millions of Americans who had not finished her high school education.

Gretchen left high school education. Gretchen left high school to pursue her music career, and has since had three number one albums. She realized, as a mother, it was important for her to lead by example and to demonstrate to her daughter just how important it is to have an education. So last year, at the age of 34, Gretchen earned her GED. She is teaming up with the Dollar General Literacy Foundation to honor GED graduates and organizations dedicated to the achievement of literacy.

I congratulate Gretchen on her hard work, on her resilience and on her many notable achievements. I ask my colleagues to join me in recognizing her dedication and contributions to adult education and literacy awareness.

REBUILDING THE AMERICAN ECONOMY

(Ms. SPEIER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. SPEIER. Madam Speaker, yesterday, both Warren Buffett and Fed Chairman Ben Bernanke said the recession is very likely over. While most Americans are still months away from experiencing any sign of recovery firsthand, we can take heart in the fact that, as a Nation, we have just managed to avoid the economic precipice we faced just 1 year ago.

Just 200 days since the passage of the stimulus bill, 30,000 construction projects have begun. Jobs of 5,000 police officers and nurses and of 135,000 teachers have been saved; and all across our great country, Americans are working to rebuild the economy. From veterans who are going to college on the GI Bill, to entrepreneurs who are developing innovative technologies for clean energy, to the work we're doing here in Congress to reform our financial regulations and to ensure that all Americans have access to quality medical care, our job has just begun.

It is still too early to celebrate success, but it is time to encourage those policies that work and to have the courage to change those that are in need of reform.

DELAY GUIDELINES FOR THE PO-TENTIAL RELEASE OF BTIF TER-RORISTS

(Mr. KIRK asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KIRK. Madam Speaker, the administration is preparing to establish guidelines for the review and potential release of Taliban and al Qaeda terrorists held at the Bagram Theater Internment Facility, BTIF, in Afghanistan. This facility holds over 500 of the most dangerous Taliban and al Qaeda terrorists captured on the Afghan battlefield. According to The Washington Post and The New York Times, each detainee will be given a counselor to grant rights and to review their potential release procedures. The press reports that the new guidelines were approved with a brief and limited congressional review. We know over 50 detainees released from Guantanamo Bay resumed jihad against Americans. The release of terrorists from the Bagram facility will form a clear and present danger to Americans serving in Afghanistan.

I urge Members to sign our letter to Secretary Gates, asking him to delay the release of these guidelines until Congress holds hearings and especially until all of our soldiers in Afghanistan are briefed on this potential danger.

HEALTH CARE REFORM

(Mr. ELLISON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ELLISON. Madam Speaker, in America today, more than 60 percent of all bankruptcies are related to medical bills. Insurance premiums have gone up three times faster than the money people take home every year. Hundreds of thousands of Americans are denied the health care they need by insurance company bureaucrats, and millions more are holding on by the skin of their teeth to keep what insurance coverage they do have.

Yet there are still those who say that there is no problem and that nothing is wrong. I don't know who they've been listening to—maybe to the insurance company CEOs who rake in millions of dollars every year in bonuses alone or maybe to the insurance company lobbyists who have flooded Washington with millions of dollars spent on ensuring that health care reform does not happen.

Americans want progress. They want a system that delivers quality, affordable health care for them and for their families. By giving them a public option to choose from, we can keep insurance companies honest through competition, and we can provide our Nation's families with the quality health care they deserve.

\Box 1030

PUTTING PATIENTS AND DOCTORS IN CONTROL

(Mr. BOUSTANY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BOUSTANY. Madam Speaker, last week the President and the congressional Democrats began yet another drive to enact their sweeping overhaul of American health care, H.R. 3200.

Following the President's address to Congress, I urged the President to work with Republicans to lower the cost of health care for American families and small business. Commonsense solutions and common ground do exist. Let me be clear. We can lower the cost of health care. But a new governmentrun bureaucracy is not the answer.

The President last week suggested reducing the growing number of frivolous lawsuits against doctors as one way to lower costs. Thus far, the congressional Democrats' plan still fails to mention medical liability reform. Right now, H.R. 3200 fails to meet the President's requirements, and it fails to meet the American people's requirements too.

If the President and congressional Democrats are serious about working together, we need to start over. We need to start over and scrap H.R. 3200. Working together, we can achieve real results to lower the cost of health care and increase access to a doctor for millions of Americans.

SMALL BUSINESSES PROVIDE JOB-CREATION ENGINE

(Mr. POLIS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. POLIS. Madam Speaker, small businesses are the backbone of our country, providing the job-creation engine that we need to lift us out of this recession. And yet, today, small businesses across our country are at a disadvantage to their larger corporate competitors because of the higher costs of providing health care for their employees, because of smaller risk pools and less purchasing power.

By creating public exchanges, which this health bill proposes, as well as by preventing pricing discrimination based on preexisting conditions, we give small businesses access to lowcost options to provide health care benefits to their employees, increasing the competitiveness of American companies to help lift us out of this recession.

By helping small businesses succeed at what they do best, focusing on their businesses, on innovation, on job growth, and helping to make them more competitive by reducing the cost of their health care insurance, we can lift America out of this recession and make America's small businesses more competitive.

ADMINISTRATION'S PROTECTIONISM

(Mr. PITTS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PITTS. Madam Speaker, American dairy farmers are struggling, and expanding markets around the world could help them greatly. The President's placing of a 35 percent tariff on imports of Chinese tires last Friday is likely to start a trade war.

This time of recession is no time to shut down rural trade or spark wider trade wars. Instead, we should look for opportunities to open up new markets for American products.

We have three free trade agreements currently sitting on the table, South Korea, Colombia and Panama, which the administration has virtually ignored since the President took office. Combined, these agreements represent more than 100 million new customers for American products. New markets could go a long way in increasing demand for American products and saving family farms that have operated for generations.

I believe American agriculture and industry can compete worldwide, but we need to break down barriers, not create new ones.

TIME FOR HEALTH CARE REFORM IS NOW

(Mr. BRALEY of Iowa asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BRALEY of Iowa. Madam Speaker, now is the time for Americans to rise up and speak truth to fear on health care reform. Now is not the time for silence, now is not the time for doubt, and now is not the time for fear.

Recent Census data shows that the average American family spends over \$13,000 a year for health care coverage. And if we don't change what we are doing right now, in 10 years the average American family will be spending over \$25,000 a year on health care coverage.

That's why the time to act is now, and H.R. 3200 does that by expanding access to quality, affordable, coverage and bringing true health care reform to the American people.

MEDICAL LIABILITY REFORM

(Mr. BURGESS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BURGESS. Madam Speaker, the President of the United States came to this House last Wednesday night and talked about health care. At the end of his speech, he talked about how perhaps we could consider some, at least a look, at medical liability reform.

And I encouraged the President to do that. I encouraged him to look at my home State of Texas. Look what's happened in Texas since 2003. Texas has become a magnet for doctors.

Since the reforms passed in the State of Texas in 2003, charity care rendered by Texas hospitals has risen 24 percent. Texas has licensed almost 15,000 new physicians, which is a 36 percent increase from pre-reform. Thirty-three rural counties have seen a net gain in emergency room doctors, including 26 counties which previously had no emergency room doctors.

After years of decline, the ranks of medical specialists are growing in Texas. In my field of obstetrics, we had

seen a loss of obstetricians in the 2 years prior to reform.

Since the reform was passed, we have had a net gain of 192 obstetricians in the State of Texas, and 26 counties have added an obstetrician, including 10 counties where none was present before.

We have a great story to tell in Texas. I encourage the President to look at the sensible types of reforms that were enacted in Texas in 2003.

MAJOR STEP FORWARD FOR HEALTH CARE REFORM

(Mr. PALLONE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. PALLONE. Madam Speaker, health care reform in the Congress took a major step forward today with the announcement of the Senate Finance Committee proposal.

There may be differences between that proposal and the bills that we have passed in the House, but the bottom line is that we are moving forward in trying to pass crucial health care reform.

If you look at the Senate Finance proposal, it basically has the health exchange in an effort to provide choice and competition and provide affordability for those Americans who either do not have health insurance now or are afraid that they may lose their health insurance because their costs continue to go up.

The Kaiser Foundation came out yesterday with an analysis that showed that more and more employers now are passing off the cost of health insurance to their employees, either through higher costs that they have to pay or cost-sharing or deductibles or co-pays, so something has to be done. It's not just a question of those who are uninsured; it's also a question of those who have health insurance now who may lose it because their employer will not provide it or their costs continue to climb.

We need to move forward, and we are taking a major step today.

GOVERNMENT TAKEOVER OF HEALTH CARE

(Ms. FOXX asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.) $% \left({{\left({{{{\bf{n}}_{\rm{s}}}} \right)}_{\rm{s}}}} \right)$

Ms. FOXX. Madam Speaker, during a time of high unemployment, Democrats in Washington propose a government takeover of health care that will lead to even more job losses in a weaker economy.

For months, the American people have looked to Washington for policies that will do no harm to our economy and help put workers back to work. Unfortunately, all we have seen from the President and Democrat-led Congress are record spending, record deficits and record debt.

The American people are looking for real solutions to the challenges we