to, or to be made available for the functions and activities vested by law in the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science shall be transferred to the Institute of Museum and Library Services upon the date of enactment of this Act.

(d) References.—Any reference to the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science in any Federal law, Executive Order, rule, delegation of authority, or document shall be construed to refer to the Institute of Museum and Library Services when the reference regards functions transferred under subsection (b).

PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mr. BAUCUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the following staff be allowed floor privileges during consideration of the food safety bill: James Baker, Mary Baker, Will Kellogg, Nicole Lemiere, Deborah Ma, Brychan Manry, Nicole Marchman, Jack McGillis, Kane Ossorio, and Lisa Yen.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. JOUD, Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Monica Anatallo, a detaillee to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, be granted floor privileges for the reminder of this session.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUPPORTING THE GOALS AND IDEALS OF AMERICAN DIABETES MONTH

Mr. LAUTENBERG. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. Res. 676, and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 676) supporting the goals and ideals of American Diabetes Month.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. LAUTENBERG. I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table, with no intervening action or debate, and any statements related to the resolution be printed in the Record.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 676) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. Res. 676

Whereas according to the Centers for Disease Control (referred to in this preamble as the “CDC”), nearly 24,000,000 people of the United States have diabetes and 57,000,000 people of the United States have pre-diabetes;

Whereas diabetes is a serious chronic condition that affects people of every age, race, ethnicity, and income level;

Whereas the CDC reports that Hispanic, African, Asian, and Native Americans are disproportionately affected by diabetes and suffer from diabetes at rates that are much higher than the general population;

Whereas according to the CDC, 3 people are diagnosed with diabetes every minute; and

Whereas each day, approximately 4,384 people are diagnosed with diabetes;

Whereas in 2007, the CDC estimates that approximately 15,000 youth in the United States are newly diagnosed with diabetes; and

Whereas according to the CDC, 3 people are diagnosed with diabetes annually and approximately 3,700 youth are diagnosed with type 2 diabetes annually; and

Whereas according to the CDC, between 1980 and 2007, diabetes prevalence in the United States increased by more than 300 percent; and

Whereas the CDC reports that over 24 percent of individuals with diabetes are undiagnosed, a decrease from 30 percent in 2005; and

Whereas the National Diabetes Fact Sheet issued by the CDC states that more than 10 percent of adults of the United States and 22.1 percent of the United States age 60 and older have diabetes; and

Whereas the CDC estimates that 1 in 3 people of the United States born in the year 2000 will develop diabetes in the lifetime of that individual; and

Whereas the CDC estimates that 1 in 2 Hispanic, African, Asian, and Native Americans born in the year 2000 will develop diabetes in the lifetime of that individual; and

Whereas according to the American Diabetes Association, in 2007, the total cost of diagnosed diabetes in the United States was $174,000,000,000, and 1 in 10 dollars spent on health care was attributed to diabetes and its complications; and

Whereas according to a Lewin Group study, in 2007, the total cost of diabetes (including both diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes, pre-diabetes, and gestational diabetes) was $218,000,000,000; and

Whereas a Mathematica Policy study found that, for each fiscal year, total expenditures for Medicare beneficiaries with diabetes comprise 22.7 percent of the Medicare budget; and

Whereas according to the CDC, diabetes was the seventh leading cause of death in 2007 and contributed to the deaths of over 230,000 Americans in 2005; and

Whereas there is not yet a cure for diabetes; and

Whereas there are proven means to reduce the incidence of, and delay the onset of, type 2 diabetes; and

Whereas with the proper management and treatment, people with diabetes live healthy, productive lives; and

Whereas American Diabetes Month is celebrated in November; therefore, be it Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports the goals and ideals of American Diabetes Month, including—

(A) encouraging the people of the United States to fight diabetes through public awareness about prevention and treatment options; and

(B) increasing education about the disease; and

(C) recognizing the importance of early detection of diabetes, awareness of the symptoms of diabetes, and the risk factors that often lead to the development of diabetes, including—

(A) being over the age of 45; (B) having a specific racial and ethnic background; (C) being overweight; (D) having a low level of physical activity level; (E) having high blood pressure; and

(F) having a family history of diabetes or a history of diabetes during pregnancy; and

(2) supports decreasing the prevalence of obesity, including—

(A) being overweight; (B) having a specific racial and ethnic background; (C) having a low level of physical activity level; (D) having high blood pressure; and

(F) having a family history of diabetes or a history of diabetes during pregnancy.

COMMEMORATING THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE WEEKS LAW

Mr. LAUTENBERG. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Agriculture Committee be discharged from further consideration and the Senate now proceed to S. Res. 679.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 679) commemorating the 100th anniversary of the Weeks Law.

Whereas according to the Census Bureau, 7.7 million acres of forest land were committed to federal ownership or management in 1811; and

Whereas in 1811, the U.S. government committed 3.6 million acres of forest land to federal ownership or management in New Hampshire; and

Whereas according to the U.S. Forest Service, the Weeks Law is the most significant legislation in American history relating to the protection of our nation’s forests; and

Whereas the Weeks Law, a federal forestland protection law passed by the 22nd Congress of the United States in 1911, has provided crucial protection for American forests for more than a century, and has helped shape forest conservation policies and programs in the United States and around the world.

Hence, the Senate shall be in recess until 10:00 a.m., on December 1, 2010.