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111TH CONGRESS }
2d Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

{ REPORT
111-714

SURVEY OF ACTIVITIES
OF THE
HOUSE COMMITTEE ON RULES
111TH CONGRESS

R E P O R T
OF THE
COMMITTEE ON RULES
TOGETHER WITH
MINORITY VIEWS



JANUARY 3, 2011.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on
the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
COMMITTEE ON RULES,
Washington, DC, January 2, 2011.

Hon. LORRAINE C. MILLER,
Clerk, United States House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MS. MILLER: Pursuant to clause 1(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives for the 111th Congress, I present herewith a report entitled "Survey of Activities of the House Committee on Rules, 111th Congress."

Sincerely,

LOUISE M. SLAUGHTER, *Chairwoman.*

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Union Calendar No. 437

111TH CONGRESS 2d Session	} HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	{ REPORT 111-714
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REPORT ON SURVEY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON RULES, 111TH CONGRESS

JANUARY 3, 2011.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State
of the Union and Ordered to be printed.

Ms. SLAUGHTER, from the Committee on Rules,
submitted the following

R E P O R T

together with

MINORITY VIEWS

Pursuant to the provisions of Rule XI, clause 1(d) of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Rules submits the following report on its activities during the 111th Congress.

I. HISTORY, FUNCTION, AND ORGANIZATION OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

A. INTRODUCTION

In the 111th Congress, the Committee on Rules retained its traditional structure and purpose in the House of Representatives. Its size and super-majority party ratio remained the same as in previous Congresses, under both Democratic and Republican control. Its central function continued to be setting the conditions under which major legislation is considered on the House floor, particularly regarding the terms of debate and the process for consideration of amendments.

Underscoring this role, scholars of Congress and Members have described the Rules Committee as a “traffic cop,” “gatekeeper,” and “the Speaker’s Committee.” All of these terms highlight the critical role the Committee plays in the conduct of legislative business in the House. While the primary responsibility of the Committee is to be the scheduling arm of the majority leadership, it also exercises “original jurisdiction” over the rules of the House, joint rules of the

House and Senate, the order of business in the House, and the budget process. Although the principal purpose of this report is to summarize the activities of the Rules Committee in the 111th Congress, its secondary purpose is to view these activities in the context of the evolution of the Committee and the House of Representatives since the First Congress in 1789.

B. HISTORY AND FUNCTION

The Rules Committee has a long and storied history. The House established the first Rules Committee as a select committee on the second day of the First Congress, April 2, 1789, pursuant to the mandate in Article I, section 5, clause 2, of the Constitution that “[e]ach House may determine the rules of its proceedings.” The House order creating the Committee stated that a committee be appointed “to prepare and report such standing rules and orders of proceedings as may be proper to be observed in the House.” Since the moment of its inception, the Committee has followed these mandates.

From the beginning, the members serving on the Rules Committee included not only some of the most prominent members of the House but also many distinguished Founders of the nation. Among others, the first eleven Members on the Committee included: (1) Mr. James Madison of Virginia, the “Father of the Constitution” and future President of the United States; (2) Mr. Roger Sherman of Connecticut, the only one of the Founding Fathers to help prepare and sign all four of the most important documents of the early nation, namely the Articles of Association, the Articles of Confederation, the Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution; (3) Mr. Elias Boudinot of New Jersey, President of the Continental Congress from November 1782 to November 1783; and (4) Mr. Elbridge Gerry of Massachusetts, a future Vice President of the United States and a signer of the Declaration of Independence and the Articles of Confederation.

Five days after its appointment, the first Select Committee on Rules began exercising its responsibilities. It reported four rules on: (1) the duties of the Speaker, (2) decorum and debate, (3) the disposition of bills, and (4) the operations of the Committee of the Whole. Six days later, on April 13, 1789 the Select Committee reported an additional eight rules dealing with such matters as the service of Members on committees, Members’ attendance during floor proceedings, the creation of a standing Committee on Elections, the duties of the Clerk, and the duties of the Sergeant-at-Arms. With the adoption by the House of these rules, the Select Committee was dissolved.

During the first 90 years of the House, this pattern continued. At the beginning of each congress, the House would establish a Select Committee on Rules, the Select Committee would report any recommended revisions in the standing rules from those of the previous Congress, and then it would dissolve. In some Congresses, the House did not appoint a Select Committee on Rules and instead operated under the rules adopted in the preceding congress.

The status of the Select Committee changed over the next several decades. Although the House in its early years relied primarily on select committees to draft legislation, by the mid-nineteenth century the House established thirty-four standing committees that

would take over such responsibilities. In 1880, the House ultimately converted the Rules Committee into a permanent standing committee chaired by the Speaker of the House. It was this Speaker-Chairman position, combined with the newly-emerging role of the Committee to report rules managing consideration of legislation on the floor, that cemented the Committee's place in political history.

In 1883, the modern Rules Committee began to emerge when the House upheld the right of the Committee to issue "special orders of business" or "special rules" providing for the consideration of legislation from other committees. By 1890, this new role had become the exclusive prerogative of the Rules Committee.

Special rules, which were and are House resolutions reported from the Rules Committee, were important because they required only a majority vote of the House to provide for the consideration of bills out of the order in which they appeared on the floor Calendar. This is notable because, until the use of special rules, a two-thirds vote was required to suspend the general rule and consider a bill out of order. In short, a majority now could do what before required a super-majority. Special rules gained importance because they gave the House flexibility in its legislative agenda, which in turn, allowed for House leadership to respond to changing judgments about the nation's needs at any given time.

Speaker Thomas Brackett Reed of Maine was the individual most responsible for recognizing and utilizing the full potential of the combined powers of Speaker and Rules Committee Chairman; this is because he served in those two roles from 1889 to 1891 and then again from 1895 to 1899. Not only did he use his authority as Speaker to make rulings from the Chair that outlawed certain obstructionist tactics on the House floor; he also proceeded to codify these rulings, known as "Reed's Rules," in the standing rules of the House through his capacity as Rules Committee Chairman. Speaker Reed also made regular use of the Rules Committee to report special rules that enabled him to schedule bills he wanted on the floor when he wished, and under his terms of debate and amendment.

This powerful Speaker-Chairman position ended in 1910 in a revolt against Speaker Joseph Cannon of Illinois. Speaker Cannon had served as Speaker and Rules Committee Chairman since 1903. Disaffected by Speaker Cannon's autocratic rule, a group of Republican insurgents joined with the Democratic minority to bypass the Rules Committee and directly amend House Rules from the floor. The group amended the Rules to strip the Speaker of his chairmanship and membership on the Rules Committee, as well as his power to appoint Members to the Committee. They also voted to enlarge the Committee from five to ten members elected by the House. The following year, a new Democratic majority completed the revolution by taking away the Speaker's power to appoint members to all of the other committees of the House. Since then, the House has elected all members to standing committees.

This revolt had far-reaching and long-lasting consequences. While the Rules Committee continued to serve as the scheduling arm of the House leadership, it developed a more independent streak around the time of the New Deal, when many Rules Committee members were opposed to the policies of President Roo-

sevelt. Between the years of 1937 and 1961, the Committee was dominated by a conservative coalition of Southern Democrats and Republicans who sometimes would refuse to report rules on bills that the majority leadership wanted on the floor, or they would report such rules only under their own terms and timing. In 1961, Speaker Sam Rayburn of Texas and President John F. Kennedy led a successful effort to enlarge the membership of the Committee, from 12 to 15 Members, however this did not produce the desired effect. It was not until the mid-1970s, with a large influx of new Democratic members, that the Rules Committee was fully restored as an arm of the majority leadership.

The reform movement of the mid-1970s also produced further decentralization in the House with the emergence of more independent Members and the proliferation of semi-autonomous subcommittees. This decentralization soon led to pressures to give the majority leadership, in particular the Speaker acting through the Rules Committee, more authority to direct the business of the House.

In 1975, with a Democratic majority in the House, Democratic Caucus rules, which govern how the Democratic members will carry out their roles, gave the Democratic Speaker the authority to appoint all Rules Committee Democrats, subject to Caucus ratification. In 1989, with a Republican minority in the House, the Republican Conference, which governs how Republican members exercise their duties, gave the Minority Leader the same authority to appoint Republican members to the Rules Committee.

Today, the slates of appointees recommended by the majority and minority leaders are still subject to approval by the whole House in the form of a House resolution. In the 111th Congress, the Democratic Members were appointed to the Rules Committee through the adoption of H. Res. 8 and H. Res. 51. The Republican Members of the Committee were appointed through the adoption of H. Res. 12, H. Res. 38, and H. Res. 59.

While the most high-profile role of the Rules Committee is to direct legislative traffic to the House floor, the Committee is also responsible for other important business. For instance, as part of its gate-keeping work, the Committee must help resolve jurisdictional disputes between other standing committees. As is often the case, committees will report legislation with amendments that impact the jurisdiction of other committees. When legislation with such cross-jurisdictional language comes to the Committee, the Rules Committee must ensure that disputes are worked out so that legislation can reach the floor without controversy between House committees.

Finally, with the aid of the Office of the Parliamentarian, the Committee plays a role in ensuring compliance with the House Rules. Authorizing and appropriating committees often seek guidance in how to conduct their oversight and legislative responsibilities in accordance with the Rules. When questions arise regarding the propriety of certain courses of action, they turn to the Rules Committee or the Parliamentarian for the answer.

Overall, and notwithstanding changes in majority control, the Rules Committee continues its role of facilitating the deliberation and amending of legislation in the House.

C. COMMITTEE ORGANIZATION DURING THE 111TH CONGRESS

At the beginning of the 94th Congress, the Committee membership was increased from fifteen Members (ten Democrats and five Republicans) to sixteen Members (eleven Democrats and five Republicans). This ratio remained until the 98th Congress, when the membership was reduced to thirteen Members (nine Democrats and four Republicans). The membership has remained at thirteen, through the 111th Congress. The ratio of majority party Members to minority party Members also has remained the same. However, in the 104th through the 109th Congresses, Republicans were in the majority and Democrats were in the minority. During the 110th and 111th Congresses, Democrats were in the majority.

Nine of the thirteen Members of the Rules Committee in the 111th Congress served on the Committee during the previous Congress. The returning Democratic Representatives were Louise McIntosh Slaughter of New York, James McGovern of Massachusetts, Alcee Hastings of Florida, Doris Matsui of California, Dennis Cardoza of California, and Michael Arcuri of New York. The new Democratic Representatives on the Committee for the 111th Congress were Ed Perlmutter of Colorado, Chellie Pingree of Maine, and Jared Polis of Colorado. The returning Republican Representatives were David Dreier of California, Lincoln Diaz-Balart of Florida, and Pete Sessions of Texas. The new Republican Representative on the Committee for the 111th Congress was Virginia Foxx of North Carolina.

The Committee held its organizational meeting on January 7, 2009. Chairwoman Louise Slaughter of New York opened the meeting and welcomed all of the committee Members.

Chairwoman Slaughter announced that the proposed Rules Committee rules would be considered as read and open for amendment at any point. She explained that the proposal called for the adoption of the Committee's rules for the previous Congress with no modifications.

Mr. McGovern offered a motion that the Rules Committee adopt the proposed Committee rules for the 111th Congress. No amendments were offered to the Committee rules. Mr. McGovern's motion to adopt the Committee rules was agreed to by a voice vote.

By unanimous consent, the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House and the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process continued to be composed of five majority and two minority Members, identical to the ratio used in recent Congresses.

At a later meeting, Chairwoman Slaughter appointed Mr. McGovern as Chairman of the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House, and Mr. Hastings of Florida as Chairman of the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process. Chairwoman Slaughter and Ranking Member Dreier appointed the majority and minority Members of the two subcommittees as follows:

Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House: Mr. McGovern (Chairman), Ms. Matsui, Mr. Arcuri, Mr. Perlmutter, Ms. Slaughter, Mr. Sessions, and Ms. Foxx.

Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process: Mr. Hastings of Florida (Chairman), Mr. Cardoza, Ms. Pingree, Mr. Polis, Ms. Slaughter, Mr. Diaz-Balart, Mr. Dreier.

On February 3, 2009, the Rules Committee adopted by voice vote the Committee oversight plan for the 111th Congress. On February 3 Chairwoman Slaughter also submitted the Committee's budget to the Committee on House Administration.

D. RULES COMMITTEE ON THE INTERNET

In the 111th Congress, the Committee on Rules Majority website (www.rules.house.gov) continued to provide up-to-the-minute information on all legislation considered on the House Floor under a rule from the Committee. The website offered substantial resources regarding the operations of Congress such as the Rules of the House and all House committees, the House Practice Manual, Precedents of the House, Congressional Research Service reports, detailed information on the budget process, and information on Senate procedure.

The website also provided resources related to the daily activities of the Rules Committee. Bills, amendments, committee reports, amendments between the House and Senate, and conference reports were regularly posted to the site as soon as they became available. Often, the Rules Committee website was the only source for such vital information. The usefulness of the site for providing the most current legislative developments is shown by an average daily usage of 21,226 page views in the 111th Congress, with a total of 15,516,836 pages viewed. Of all of the information on the website, legislative text received the most user requests.

The website provided the Committee's schedule and announcements, text of all special rules reported, a membership list, the opening day rules package and other publications including a history of the Rules Committee. The site also facilitated the amendment process by providing the necessary forms and instructions for proper amendment filing and gave Members and staff the ability to submit amendments electronically.

In keeping with tradition, the Rules Committee website remained a non-partisan tool for legislative research and information on Rules Committee process. With minor revisions from the overhaul of the previous Congress, the Legislative Process and Procedure program section of the website continued to be a valued resource for those interested in learning about House and Senate procedure.

E. RULES OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

111TH CONGRESS

RULE 1.—GENERAL PROVISIONS

(a) The rules of the House are the rules of the Committee and its subcommittees so far as applicable, except that a motion to recess from day to day, and a motion to dispense with the first reading (in full) of a bill or resolution, if printed copies are available, are non-debatable privileged motions in the Committee. A proposed investigative or oversight report shall be considered as read if it has been available to the members of the Committee for at least

24 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays except when the House is in session on such day).

(b) Each subcommittee is a part of the Committee, and is subject to the authority and direction of the Committee and to its rules so far as applicable.

(c) The provisions of clause 2 of rule XI of the rules of the House are incorporated by reference as the rules of the Committee to the extent applicable.

(d) The Committee's rules shall be published in the Congressional Record not later than 30 days after the Committee is elected in each odd-numbered year.

RULE 2.—REGULAR, ADDITIONAL, AND SPECIAL MEETINGS

REGULAR MEETINGS

(a)(1) The Committee shall regularly meet at 10:00 a.m. on Tuesday of each week when the House is in session.

(2) A regular meeting of the Committee may be dispensed with if, in the judgment of the Chairman of the Committee (hereafter in these rules referred to as the "Chair"), there is no need for the meeting.

(3) Additional regular meetings and hearings of the Committee may be called by the Chair.

NOTICE FOR REGULAR MEETINGS

(b) The Chair shall notify in electronic or written form each member of the Committee of the agenda of each regular meeting of the Committee at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting and shall provide to each member of the Committee, at least 24 hours before the time of each regular meeting.

(1) for each bill or resolution scheduled on the agenda for consideration of a rule, a copy of—

- (A) the bill or resolution;
- (B) any committee reports thereon; and
- (C) any letter requesting a rule for the bill or resolution;

and

(2) for each other bill, resolution, report, or other matter on the agenda a copy of—

- (A) the bill, resolution, report, or materials relating to the other matter in question; and
- (B) any report on the bill, resolution, report, or any other matter made by any subcommittee of the Committee.

EMERGENCY MEETINGS

(c)(1) The Chair may call an emergency meeting of the Committee at any time on any measure or matter which the Chair determines to be of an emergency nature; provided, however, that the Chair has made an effort to consult the ranking minority member, or, in such member's absence, the next ranking minority party member of the Committee.

(2) As soon as possible after calling an emergency meeting of the Committee, the Chair shall notify each member of the Committee of the time and location of the meeting.

(3) To the extent feasible, the notice provided under paragraph (2) shall include the agenda for the emergency meeting and copies

of available materials which would otherwise have been provided under subsection (b) if the emergency meeting was a regular meeting.

SPECIAL MEETINGS

(d) Special meetings shall be called and convened as provided in clause 2(c)(2) of rule XI of the Rules of the House.

RULE 3.—MEETING AND HEARING PROCEDURES

IN GENERAL

(a)(1) Meetings and hearings of the Committee shall be called to order and presided over by the Chair or, in the Chair's absence, by the member designated by the Chair as the Vice Chair of the Committee, or by the ranking majority member of the Committee present as Acting Chair.

(2) Meetings and hearings of the committee shall be open to the public unless closed in accordance with clause 2(g) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

(3) Any meeting or hearing of the Committee that is open to the public shall be open to coverage by television, radio, and still photography in accordance with the provisions of clause 4 of rule XI of the rules of the House (which are incorporated by reference as part of these rules).

(4) When a recommendation is made as to the kind of rule which should be granted for consideration of a bill or resolution, a copy of the language recommended shall be furnished to each member of the Committee at the beginning of the Committee meeting at which the rule is to be considered or as soon thereafter as the proposed language becomes available.

QUORUM

(b)(1) For the purpose of hearing testimony on requests for rules, five members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

(2) For the purpose of taking testimony and receiving evidence on measures or matters of original jurisdiction before the Committee, three members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

(3) A majority of the members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum for the purposes of reporting any measure or matter, of authorizing a subpoena, of closing a meeting or hearing pursuant to clause 2(g) of rule XI of the Rules of the House (except as provided in clause 2(g)(2)(A) and (B), or of taking any other action.

VOTING

(c)(1) No vote may be conducted on any measure or motion pending before the Committee unless a majority of the members of the Committee is actually present for such purpose.

(2) A record vote of the Committee shall be provided on any question before the Committee upon the request of any member.

(3) No vote by any member of the Committee on any measure or matter may be cast by proxy.

(4) A record of the vote of each Member of the Committee on each record vote on any matter before the Committee shall be available for public inspection at the offices of the Committee, and

with respect to any record vote on any motion to amend or report, shall be included in the report of the Committee showing the total number of votes cast for and against and the names of those members voting for and against.

HEARING PROCEDURES

(d)(1) With regard to hearings on matters of original jurisdiction, to the greatest extent practicable:

(A) each witness who is to appear before the Committee shall file with the committee at least 24 hours in advance of the appearance a statement of proposed testimony in written and electronic form and shall limit the oral presentation to the Committee to a brief summary thereof; and

(B) each witness appearing in a non-governmental capacity shall include with the statement of proposed testimony provided in written and electronic form a curriculum vitae and a disclosure of the amount and source (by agency and program) of any Federal grant (or subgrant thereof) or contract (or sub-contract thereof) received during the current fiscal year or either of the two preceding fiscal years.

(2) The five-minute rule shall be observed in the interrogation of each witness before the Committee until each member of the Committee has had an opportunity to question the witness.

(3) The provisions of clause 2(k) of rule XI of the rules of the House shall apply to any hearing conducted by the committee.

SUBPOENAS AND OATHS

(e)(1) Pursuant to clause 2(m) of rule XI of the rules of the House of Representatives, a subpoena may be authorized and issued by the Committee or a subcommittee in the conduct of any investigation or series of investigations or activities, only when authorized by a majority of the members voting, a majority being present.

(2) The Chair may authorize and issue subpoenas under such clause during any period in which the House has adjourned for a period of longer than three days.

(3) Authorized subpoenas shall be signed by the Chair or by any member designated by the Committee, and may be served by any person designated by the Chair or such member.

(4) The Chair, or any member of the Committee designated by the Chair, may administer oaths to witnesses before the Committee.

RULE 4.—GENERAL OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITIES

(a) The Committee shall review and study, on a continuing basis, the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of those laws, or parts of laws, the subject matter of which is within its jurisdiction.

(b) Not later than February 15 of the first session of a Congress, the committee shall meet in open session, with a quorum present, to adopt its oversight plans for that Congress for submission to the Committee on House Administration and the Committee on Government Reform, in accordance with the provisions of clause 2(d) of House rule X.

RULE 5.—SUBCOMMITTEES

ESTABLISHMENT AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF SUBCOMMITTEES

(a)(1) There shall be two subcommittees of the Committee as follows:

(A) *Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process*, which shall have general responsibility for measures or matters related to relations between the Congress and the Executive Branch.

(B) *Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House*, which shall have general responsibility for measures or matters related to process and procedures of the House, relations between the two Houses of Congress, relations between the Congress and the Judiciary, and internal operations of the House.

(2) In addition, each such subcommittee shall have specific responsibility for such other measures or matters as the Chair refers to it.

(3) Each subcommittee of the Committee shall review and study, on a continuing basis, the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of those laws, or parts of laws, the subject matter of which is within its general responsibility.

REFERRAL OF MEASURES AND MATTERS TO SUBCOMMITTEES

(b)(1) In view of the unique procedural responsibilities of the Committee, no special order providing for the consideration of any bill or resolution shall be referred to a subcommittee of the Committee.

(2) The Chair shall refer to a subcommittee such measures or matters of original jurisdiction as the Chair deems appropriate given its jurisdiction and responsibilities.

(3) All other measures or matters of original jurisdiction shall be subject to consideration by the full Committee.

(4) In referring any measure or matter of original jurisdiction to a subcommittee, the Chair may specify a date by which the subcommittee shall report thereon to the Committee.

(5) The Committee by motion may discharge a subcommittee from consideration of any measure or matter referred to a subcommittee of the Committee.

COMPOSITION OF SUBCOMMITTEES

(c) The size and ratio of each subcommittee shall be determined by the Committee and members shall be elected to each subcommittee, and to the positions of chairman and ranking minority member thereof, in accordance with the rules of the respective party caucuses. The Chair of the full committee shall designate a member of the majority party on each subcommittee as its vice chairman.

SUBCOMMITTEE MEETINGS AND HEARINGS

(d)(1) Each subcommittee of the Committee is authorized to meet, hold hearings, receive testimony, mark up legislation, and report to the full Committee on any measure or matter referred to it.

(2) No subcommittee of the Committee may meet or hold a hearing at the same time as a meeting or hearing of the full Committee is being held.

(3) The chairman of each subcommittee shall schedule meetings and hearings of the subcommittee only after consultation with the Chair.

QUORUM

(e)(1) For the purpose of taking testimony, two members of the subcommittee shall constitute a quorum.

(2) For all other purposes, a quorum shall consist of a majority of the members of a subcommittee.

EFFECT OF A VACANCY

(f) Any vacancy in the membership of a subcommittee shall not affect the power of the remaining members to execute the functions of the subcommittee.

RECORDS

(g) Each subcommittee of the Committee shall provide the full Committee with copies of such records of votes taken in the subcommittee and such other records with respect to the subcommittee necessary for the Committee to comply with all rules and regulations of the House.

RULE 6.—STAFF

IN GENERAL

(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the professional and other staff of the Committee shall be appointed, by the Chair, and shall work under the general supervision and direction of the Chair.

(2) All professional, and other staff provided to the minority party members of the Committee shall be appointed, by the ranking minority member of the Committee, and shall work under the general supervision and direction of such member.

(3) The appointment of all professional staff shall be subject to the approval of the Committee as provided by, and subject to the provisions of, clause 9 of rule X of the Rules of the House.

ASSOCIATE STAFF

(b) Associate staff for members of the Committee may be appointed only at the discretion of the Chair (in consultation with the ranking minority member regarding any minority party associate staff), after taking into account any staff ceilings and budgetary constraints in effect at the time, and any terms, limits, or conditions established by the Committee on House Administration under clause 9 of rule X of the rules of the House.

SUBCOMMITTEE STAFF

(c) From funds made available for the appointment of staff, the Chair of the Committee shall, pursuant to clause 6(d) of rule X of the rules of the House, ensure that sufficient staff is made available to each subcommittee to carry out its responsibilities under

the rules of the Committee, and, after consultation with the ranking minority member of the Committee, that the minority party of the Committee is treated fairly in the appointment of such staff.

COMPENSATION OF STAFF

(d) The Chair shall fix the compensation of all professional and other staff of the Committee, after consultation with the ranking minority member regarding any minority party staff.

CERTIFICATION OF STAFF

(e)(1) To the extent any staff member of the Committee or any of its subcommittees does not work under the direct supervision and direction of the Chair, the Member of the Committee who supervises and directs the staff member's work shall file with the Chief of Staff of the Committee (not later than the tenth day of each month) a certification regarding the staff member's work for that member for the preceding calendar month.

(2) The certification required by paragraph (1) shall be in such form as the Chair may prescribe, shall identify each staff member by name, and shall state that the work engaged in by the staff member and the duties assigned to the staff member for the member of the Committee with respect to the month in question met the requirements of clause 9 of rule X of the rules of the House.

(3) Any certification of staff of the Committee, or any of its subcommittees, made by the Chair in compliance with any provision of law or regulation shall be made—

(A) on the basis of the certifications filed under paragraph (1) to the extent the staff is not under the Chair's supervision and direction, and

(B) on his own responsibility to the extent the staff is under the Chair's direct supervision and direction.

RULE 7.—BUDGET, TRAVEL, PAY OF WITNESSES

BUDGET

(a) The Chair, in consultation with other members of the Committee, shall prepare for each Congress a budget providing amounts for staff, necessary travel, investigation, and other expenses of the Committee and its subcommittees.

TRAVEL

(b)(1) The Chair may authorize travel for any member and any staff member of the Committee in connection with activities or subject matters under the general jurisdiction of the Committee. Before such authorization is granted, there shall be submitted to the Chair in writing the following:

(A) The purpose of the travel.

(B) The dates during which the travel is to occur.

(C) The names of the States or countries to be visited and the length of time to be spent in each.

(D) The names of members and staff of the Committee for whom the authorization is sought.

(2) Members and staff of the Committee shall make a written report to the Chair on any travel they have conducted under this

subsection, including a description of their itinerary, expenses, and activities, and of pertinent information gained as a result of such travel.

(3) Members and staff of the Committee performing authorized travel on official business shall be governed by applicable laws, resolutions, and regulations of the House and of the Committee on House Administration.

PAY OF WITNESSES

(c) Witnesses may be paid from funds made available to the Committee in its expense resolution subject to the provisions of clause 5 of rule XI of the rules of the House.

RULE 8.—COMMITTEE ADMINISTRATION

REPORTING

(a) Whenever the Committee authorizes the favorable reporting of a bill or resolution from the Committee—

(1) the Chair or acting Chair shall report it to the House or designate a member of the Committee to do so, and

(2) in the case of a bill or resolution in which the Committee has original jurisdiction, the Chair shall allow, to the extent that the anticipated floor schedule permits, any member of the Committee a reasonable amount of time to submit views for inclusion in the Committee report on the bill or resolution. Any such report shall contain all matters required by the rules of the House of Representatives (or by any provision of law enacted as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the House) and such other information as the Chair deems appropriate.

RECORDS

(b)(1) There shall be a transcript made of each regular meeting and hearing of the Committee, and the transcript may be printed if the Chair decides it is appropriate or if a majority of the Members of the Committee requests such printing. Any such transcripts shall be a substantially verbatim account of remarks actually made during the proceedings, subject only to technical, grammatical, and typographical corrections authorized by the person making the remarks. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require that all such transcripts be subject to correction and publication.

(2) The Committee shall keep a record of all actions of the Committee and of its subcommittees. The record shall contain all information required by clause 2(e)(1) of rule XI of the rules of the House of Representatives and shall be available for public inspection at reasonable times in the offices of the Committee.

(3) All Committee hearings, records, data, charts, and files shall be kept separate and distinct from the congressional office records of the Chair, shall be the property of the House, and all Members of the House shall have access thereto as provided in clause 2(e)(2) of rule XI of the Rules of the House.

(4) The records of the Committee at the National Archives and Records Administration shall be made available for public use in accordance with rule VII of the rules of the House. The Chair shall notify the ranking minority member of any decision, pursuant to clause 3(b)(3) or clause 4(b) of the rule, to withhold a record other-

wise available, and the matter shall be presented to the Committee for a determination on written request of any member of the Committee.

COMMITTEE PUBLICATIONS ON THE INTERNET

(c) To the maximum extent feasible, the Committee shall make its publications available in electronic form.

CALENDARS

(d)(1) The Committee shall maintain a Committee Calendar, which shall include all bills, resolutions, and other matters referred to or reported by the Committee and all bills, resolutions, and other matters reported by any other committee on which a rule has been granted or formally requested, and such other matters as the Chair shall direct. The Calendar shall be published periodically, but in no case less often than once in each session of Congress.

(2) The staff of the Committee shall furnish each member of the Committee with a list of all bills or resolutions (A) reported from the Committee but not yet considered by the House, and (B) on which a rule has been formally requested but not yet granted. The list shall be updated each week when the House is in session.

(3) For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (2), a rule is considered as formally requested when the Chairman of a committee which has reported a bill or resolution (or a member of such committee authorized to act on the Chairman's behalf):

(A) has requested, in writing to the Chair, that a hearing be scheduled on a rule for the consideration of the bill or resolution, and

(B) has supplied the Committee with an adequate number of copies of the bill or resolution, as reported, together with the final printed committee report thereon.

OTHER PROCEDURES

(e) The Chair may establish such other Committee procedures and take such actions as may be necessary to carry out these rules or to facilitate the effective operation of the Committee and its subcommittees in a manner consistent with these rules.

RULE 9.—AMENDMENTS TO COMMITTEE RULES

The rules of the Committee may be modified, amended or repealed, in the same manner and method as prescribed for the adoption of committee rules in clause 2 of rule XI of the Rules of the House, but only if written notice of the proposed change has been provided to each such Member at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting at which the vote on the change occurs. Any such change in the rules of the Committee shall be published in the Congressional Record within 30 calendar days after their approval.

II. HOUSE RULES CHANGES ADOPTED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE 111TH CONGRESS

A. INTRODUCTION

The rules for the One Hundred Eleventh Congress were called up by the Majority Leader Steny Hoyer and adopted on January 6,

2009. The Rules Committee has always played a major role in the changes to the House rules in the beginning of each new Congress pursuant to House Resolution 5. In the beginning of the 111th Congress the following reforms to the House Rules were made in the opening day rules package contained in House Resolution 5 (virtually all changes that are within the jurisdiction and oversight responsibilities of the Rules Committee):

B. SUMMARY OF SUBSTANTIVE RULES CHANGES CONTAINED IN H. RES. 5, ADOPTING HOUSE RULES FOR THE 111TH CONGRESS

SEC. 2. CHANGES TO THE STANDING RULES

(a) INSPECTOR GENERAL AUDITS.—

In response to the recommendation of the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on House Administration, this provision amends clause 6(c)(1) of rule II to clarify the non-traditional audit work that the Inspector General does in the areas of business process improvements, services to enhance the efficiency of House support operations, and risk management assessments. The change also will allow the Inspector General to implement guidance and standards published in the Government Accountability Office's Government Auditing Standards.

(b) HOMELAND SECURITY.—

This provision amends clause 3(g) of rule X to direct the Committee on Homeland Security to review and study on a primary and continuing basis all Government activities, programs, and organizations relating to homeland security within its primary legislative jurisdiction.

Nothing in this rule shall affect the oversight or legislative authority of other committees under the Rules of the House.

The change in clause 3 of rule X clarifies the Committee on Homeland Security's oversight jurisdiction over government activities relating to homeland security within its primary legislative jurisdiction, including the interaction of all departments and agencies with the Department of Homeland Security. Consistent with the designation of the Committee on Homeland Security as the committee of oversight in these vital areas, the House expects that the President and the relevant executive agencies will forward copies of all reports in this area, in addition to those already covered by clause 2(b) of rule XIV, to the Committee on Homeland Security to assist it in carrying out this important responsibility.

This change is meant to clarify that the various agencies have a reporting relationship with the Homeland Security Committee on matters within its jurisdiction in addition to the agencies' reporting relationships with other committees of jurisdiction.

(c) ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE ADMINISTRATION.—

This provision amends clause 4(d) of rule X to give the Committee on House Administration oversight of the management of services provided to the House by the Architect of the Capitol, except those services that lie within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure under clause 1(r).

(d) TERMS OF COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN.—

This provision strikes clause 5(c)(2) of rule X to eliminate term limits for committee and subcommittee chairs and includes a con-

forming amendment to clause 5(a)(2)(C) of rule X to provide an exception to the Budget Committee tenure limitations for a chair or ranking minority member serving a second consecutive term in the respective position.

(e) CALENDAR WEDNESDAY.—

This provision amends clause 6 of rule XV to require the Clerk to read only those committees where the committee chair has given notice to the House on Tuesday that he or she will seek recognition to call up a bill under the Calendar Wednesday rule. This will replace the requirement that the Clerk read the list of all committees, regardless of whether a committee intends to utilize the rule. The provision makes conforming changes to clause 6 of rule XV and clause 6 of rule XIII, including the deletion of the requirement of a two-thirds vote to dispense with the proceedings under Calendar Wednesday.

(f) POSTPONEMENT AUTHORITY.—

This provision adds a new paragraph (c) to clause 1 of rule XIX to give permanent authority to the Chair to postpone further consideration of legislation prior to final passage when the previous question is operating to adoption or passage of a measure pursuant to a special order of business. This codified a practice that had become routine during the 110th Congress.

(g) INSTRUCTIONS IN THE MOTION TO RECOMMIT.—

This provision amends clause 2(b) of rule XIX to provide that a motion to recommit a bill or joint resolution may include instructions only in the form of a direction to report a textual amendment or amendments back to the House forthwith. The provision makes no change to the straight motion to recommit.

(h) CONDUCT OF VOTES.—

In response to the bipartisan recommendation of the Select Committee to Investigate the Voting Irregularities of August 2, 2007, this provision deletes the following sentence in clause 2(a) of rule XX: “A record vote by electronic device shall not be held open for the sole purpose of reversing the outcome of such vote.”

(i) GENERAL APPROPRIATION CONFERENCE REPORTS.—

This provision codifies House Resolution 491, 110th Congress, which was adopted by unanimous consent. The provision provides a point of order against any general appropriations conference report containing earmarks that are included in conference reports but not committed to conference by either House and not in a House or Senate committee report on the legislation. A point of order under the provision would be disposed of by the question of consideration, which would be debatable for 20 minutes equally divided.

(j) PAYGO.—

This provision amends clause 10 of rule XXI to make the following changes:

- (1) A technical amendment to align the PAYGO rules of the House with those of the Senate so that both houses use the same CBO baselines;
- (2) The changes would also allow one House-passed measure to pay for spending in a separate House-passed measure if the two are linked at the engrossment stage; and
- (3) The changes would also allow for emergency exceptions to PAYGO for provisions designated as emergency spending in

a bill, joint resolution, amendment made in order as original text, conference report, or amendment between the Houses (but not other amendments).

The new clause 10(c)(3) of rule XXI provides that the Chair will put the question of consideration on a bill, joint resolution, an amendment made in order as original text by a special order of business, a conference report, or an amendment between the Houses that includes an emergency PAYGO designation. The Chair will put the question of consideration on such a measure without regard to a waiver of points of order under clause 10 of rule XXI or language providing for immediate consideration of such a measure.

The intent of this exception to pay-as-you-go principles is to allow for consideration of measures that respond to emergency situations. Provisions of legislation may receive an emergency designation if such provisions are necessary to respond to an act of war, an act of terrorism, a natural disaster, or a period of sustained low economic growth. A measure that includes any provision designated as emergency shall be accompanied by a report or a joint statement of managers, as the case may be, or include an applicable "Findings" section in the legislation, stating the reasons why such provision meets the emergency requirement according to the following criteria.

In general, the criteria to be considered in determining whether a proposed expenditure or tax change meets an emergency designation include: (1) necessary, essential, or vital (not merely useful or beneficial); (2) sudden, quickly coming into being, and not building up over time; (3) an urgent, pressing, and compelling need requiring immediate action; (4) unforeseen, unpredictable, and unanticipated; and (5) not permanent, but rather temporary in nature. With respect to the fourth criterion above, an emergency that is part of an aggregate level of anticipated emergencies, particularly when normally estimated in advance, is not "unforeseen."

(k) DISCLOSURE BY MEMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT NEGOTIATIONS.—

This provision amends clause 1 of rule XXVII to close the loophole in the rule that allowed lame-duck Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner to directly negotiate future employment or compensation without public disclosure. The rule will now apply to all current Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner requiring them, within 3 business days after the commencement of such negotiation or agreement of future employment or compensation, to file with the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct a statement regarding such negotiations or agreement.

(l) GENDER NEUTRALITY.—

This provision amends the Rules of the House to render them neutral with respect to gender. These changes are not intended to effect any substantive changes.

III. COMMITTEE OVERSIGHT PLAN

Pursuant to clause 2(d)(1) of House rule X, the Committee on Rules met in public session on February 3, 2009, and adopted by voice vote, an oversight plan for the 111th Congress for submission to the Committee on House Administration and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform in accordance with the rule. As

required by clause 1(d)(3) of rule XI, the following is a summary of that plan.

Rule X of the Rules of the House vests in the Committee on Rules broad responsibility over the House rules in general and the congressional budget process. Specifically the rule defines in clause 1(n) of rule X; (1) Rules and joint rules (other than those relating to the Code of Official Conduct) and the order of business of the House, and (2) Recesses and final adjournments of Congress.

The House rules also grant special oversight responsibility to the Rules Committee in clause 3(j) of rule X over the congressional budget process. It provides that the Committee on Rules shall review and study on a continuing basis the congressional budget process, and the committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the House periodically. The Committee has worked with the Budget Committee both formally and informally during the 111th Congress on oversight activities regarding the Congressional budget process. Specifically the Rules Committee brought to the House Floor legislation that provided for statutory pay-as-you-go (PAYGO) budget enforcement. On opening day of the 110th Congress, the House of Representatives began its commitment to responsible spending through the implementation of clause 10 of rule XXI, which precludes any direct spending or revenues from increasing the deficit (or reducing the surplus). In the 111th Congress, the Rules Committee was involved in efforts to expand the PAYGO rule even further by giving it the force of law. The House then adopted H.R. 2920, the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2009. That legislation passed the House on July 22, 2009 and was later included in H. J. Res. 45, the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, and signed into law by the President on January 12, 2010. The Rules Committee also reported H. Res. 1493 which provided for budget enforcement for FY2011 and also modified clause 10 of rule XXI to make it compatible with the newly enacted statutory PAYGO law.

In addition to the jurisdictional areas contained in the Rules of the House of Representatives, the Rules Committee has always played a major role in the changes to the House rules in the beginning of each new Congress pursuant to House Resolution 5. In the beginning of the 111th Congress a number of reforms to the House Rules were made in the opening day rules package contained in House Resolution 5. Virtually all of those changes were within the jurisdiction and oversight responsibilities of the Rules Committee. Because of its key role and involvement in advancing the ambitious agenda of the Democratic House and the new Administration, time constraints prevented the committee from playing a more active and formal role in its oversight activities. However, as in the 110th Congress, the committee staff continued to maintain constant monitoring of those areas within the oversight responsibilities of the Rules Committee and remained involved with the Leadership on several original jurisdiction measures that were brought to the House Floor by the Committee. This included an original jurisdiction measure reported from Rules on May 19, 2010 and passed by the House on May 20, 2010 which granted special, temporary deposition authority provided under clause 4(c)(3) of rule X to the Committee on Education and Labor for purposes of its investigation into underground coal mining safety.

IV. COMMITTEE JURISDICTION AND ACTIVITIES

A. INTRODUCTION

The jurisdictional mandate of the Committee on Rules is set forth in clause 1(n) of Rule X as follows:

(n) Committee on Rules—

(1) Rules and joint rules (other than those relating to the Code of Official Conduct) and the order of business of the House.

(2) Recesses and final adjournments of Congress.

The special oversight function of the Committee is outlined in clause 3(j) of Rule X as follows:

(j) The Committee on Rules shall review and study on a continuing basis the congressional budget process, and the committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the House from time to time.

The jurisdictional mandate of the Committee for the purposes of this Survey of Activities is broken down into two subcategories: original jurisdiction matters and special rules (or order of business resolutions). In practice, these subgroups are intertwined in a manner that greatly affects the way in which the House conducts its business. Original jurisdiction matters include all measures pertaining to the rules of the House, the budget process and joint rules. These measures are either referred directly to the Committee by the Speaker or originate in the Committee itself. They not only pertain to changes in House procedures, but also cover the Committee's power to establish select committees, authorize certain investigations, provide enforcement procedures for the budget process, and to establish Congressional procedures for considering certain executive branch proposals.

The Committee held four hearings and markups on matters of original jurisdiction during the 111th Congress. The measures were reported to the House for consideration, and subsequently adopted by the House.

The other subgroup of the Committee's jurisdictional mandate, referred to as order of business resolutions or 'special rules,' is used by the Committee to direct the manner in which a bill or resolution will be considered by the House. 'Special rules,' in the form of House resolutions, tailor the time allotted for debate and the process by which a bill can be amended. This is done to allow the House to consider the subject matter in a way which best suits the bill's individual issues and/or controversies. These 'rules' also may contain waivers of specific House rules or provisions in the Congressional Budget Act. It is sometimes necessary to waive the rules of the House in order to allow the House to consider all the facets of the particular issue or to facilitate the House resolving its differences with the Senate. Special rules also allow the House to consider measures according to the majority leadership's legislative scheduling priorities rather than the numerical order in which they were reported.

During the 111th Congress, the Committee received 165 written requests received from Committee chairs seeking rules. In addition, there was one formal request ultimately disposed of by procedures other than the Rules Committee (such as unanimous consent or suspension), and no formal requests were pending at the end of the

Congress. These formal requests do not reflect additional requests of an emergency nature made in person by the chairs of the various legislative committees. The Committee granted 165 rules: 109 rules provided for consideration of bills and resolutions, 38 dealt with conference reports or consideration of Senate amendments, and 42 rules provided for consideration of measures but stopped short of the amending process (e.g., providing for debate only, creating suspension days for considering specific measures, or waiving the two-thirds requirement to bring up a rule for a certain measure on the same day the rule is reported from the Committee on Rules).

The Committee granted 1 modified open rule, 73 structured rules, and 35 closed rules. The Committee granted no waivers of specific sections of the Budget Act. The Committee granted 77 rules waiving all points of order to permit consideration of either the underlying measure or matter made in order as original text, motions, or against the amendments made in order.

In summary, the Committee on Rules reported 165 rules. Of these the House adopted 156, rejected none, and tabled 9. No rules remained pending on the House Calendar when Congress adjourned in December of 2010. In addition, the Committee on Rules reported four original jurisdiction measures, which were ultimately adopted by the House and did not remain pending on the Union Calendar at the end of the 111th Congress.

B. SPECIAL ORDERS OR RULES

1. RULE REQUESTS

The process of considering requests for special orders or “rules” usually begins when the Committee on Rules receives a letter from a legislative committee chairman requesting that it hold a hearing and recommend a rule for that particular measure. The letter is signed by the full committee chairman and most often makes a specific request for the type of rule desired by the legislative committee. In some cases, the emergency nature of the legislation does not allow adequate time for a formal request to be registered. In these cases, the requests are made in person by the chairman of the committee with jurisdiction. Once a hearing has been scheduled, the Committee on Rules allows any House Member who has an interest in testifying to do so. Under normal circumstances and pursuant to Committee rules, printed copies of the legislation and accompanying committee report or conference report are provided to the Committee Members at least 24 hours in advance of the meeting on the rule request for the legislation.

The Committee gives written notice to its Members and notifies the pertinent committee of the scheduled hearing date at least 48 hours prior to the commencement of the hearing, unless an emergency situation exists.

2. HEARINGS

The Rules Committee chairman controls the order in which witnesses appear and also initiates the questioning. Typically, the chairman of the committee of jurisdiction or a designee requesting the rule makes a short statement, followed by the ranking minority member. Sometimes the subcommittee chair and ranking minority member appear on behalf of their full committee counterparts on

the rule request. It is often the case that Members wishing to testify in favor of or in opposition to a bill, amendment, or type of procedure may do so as part of a panel of witnesses.

In many cases, the components of the proposed special order form the basis for the dialogue between substantive committee leaders asking for the rule and the Rules Committee Members. More often than not, the questioning escalates into discussions about the merits of the bill itself. If the legislation is particularly wide-ranging or controversial, Representatives who do not sit on the relevant legislative committee seek to testify. (Except in the most unusual circumstances, only House Members are allowed to testify during a rule request hearing.) Questioning of each witness takes place under the five-minute rule until each Committee Member has had an opportunity to question each witness. Questioning is rather informal. The chairman rarely enforces the five-minute rule, and Committee Members yield to one another to allow their colleagues to make a specific point or follow up on a line of questioning.

A quorum, at least seven Members of the thirteen, must be present before a recommendation on a rule can be ordered reported, postponed, or tabled (killed).

After the Committee votes to approve a rule, the chairman and ranking minority member each assign one of their Members to manage the rule on the floor. The majority manager's name appears on the rule and report, and that Member usually files the rule from the House floor, at which time the resolution and report are assigned a number.

Any Member may ask for a record or a division vote. In the past, most decisions of the Committee were made by voice vote, but in the last several Congresses there has been an increase in the number of record votes demanded. For the entire 100th Congress there were 18 roll call votes demanded; in the 101st Congress there were 26; in the 102d there were 193; in the 103d there were 533; in the 104th there were 327; in the 105th there were 104; in the 106th there were 119; in the 107th there were 176; in the 108th there were 326; in the 109th there were 254; in the 110th there were 620; and in the 111th there were 517.

Once a special rule has been reported, the Majority Leader—working closely with the Speaker, the Rules Committee chairman, and the substantive committee chairman—decides upon an appropriate date and time for the consideration of the rule on the floor. Rules can be considered on the same day they are reported, if the House agrees to consideration of the rule by a two-thirds vote. After a one-day layover, rules may be considered at any time without being subject to a question of consideration. The Committee may occasionally report a rule waiving this requirement with respect to another rule.

3. TYPES OF SPECIAL ORDERS OR RULES

a. Background

Table 1 in the Appendix categorizes all special rules granted by the Committee. These special rules are broken down into a number of different categories dealing with all stages of the legislative process in the House.

During the 111th Congress, the Rules Committee granted special rules that provided for specified amendment and debate structures, which assisted floor managers in managing the schedule and consideration of legislation, that resolved differences among and responded to the legislative actions of committees, and that addressed House-Senate relations. The explanations of these types of special rules and their methods of categorization are outlined below.

b. Categories of Rules Granted with Amendment Structures

In categorizing special rules which specified an amendment structure, this report focuses only on those rules which provided for the initial consideration of bills, joint resolutions or budget resolutions and which provided for an amending process. Therefore, rules providing for general debate only, stopping short of consideration of the measure for amendment, or providing for consideration of a conference report (which are otherwise privileged and, under regular order, non-amendable) are not included in these categories. The amendment structure categories are as follows: (1) open rules, (2) modified open rules—requiring amendment pre-printing in the Congressional Record, (3) structured or modified closed rules, and (4) closed rules.

(1) *Open Rules*: Under an open rule, any Member may offer an amendment that complies with the standing rules of the House and the Budget Act. Also included in the category of open rules are those special rules that are often referred to as “open plus.” These rules allow the offering of any amendment normally in order under an open rule plus the consideration of any amendments for which waivers of points of order have been granted by the special rule.

(2) *Modified Open Rules (Required Amendment Preprinting in the Congressional Record)*: This type of rule permits the offering of only those amendments preprinted in the Congressional Record. In some cases the rule requires amendments to be printed by a specific date; in some cases the amendment must be printed before its consideration; and in other cases before the consideration of the bill for any amendment. In most cases these rules do not prohibit second degree amendments. Requiring that amendments be printed in advance of their consideration affords Members a better idea of the range of issues to be debated and voted on during consideration of the bill. This can particularly be true of bills or joint resolutions involving complex or confidential matters.

(3) *Structured or Modified Closed Rules*: Under a structured or modified closed rule, the Rules Committee limits the amendments that may be offered to only those amendments designated in the special rule or in the Rules Committee report to accompany the rule, or which precludes amendments to a particular portion of a bill, even though the rest of the bill may be completely open to amendment. A modified closed rule is one which allows the offering of only one or two amendments. A structured rule is one which allows three or more amendments. In the case of a structured or modified closed rule, the Chairman will announce through a one minute speech on the floor of the House and through a “Dear Colleague” letter the intention of the Committee to hold a hearing on a measure and to review all amendments. The Chairman requests that Members provide the Rules Committee with copies of their

proposed amendments in advance of the Committee meeting date. In some instances, the amendments made in order represent all of the amendments submitted to the Committee.

(4) *Closed Rules*: This type of rule is one under which no amendments may be offered other than amendments recommended by the committee reporting the bill. However, the Rules Committee is prohibited under the rules of the House from reporting a special rule providing for consideration of a bill or joint resolution that denies the minority the right to offer amendatory instructions in a motion to recommit if offered by the Minority Leader or a designee.

c. *Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Floor Management Tools*

During the 111th Congress, special rules often were utilized to assist the Majority Leader in setting the Floor schedule of the House, as well as to equip committee chairmen and ranking minority members with the special procedural tools necessary to efficiently manage the floor consideration of a bill. These categories include (1) expedited procedure rules, (2) suspension day rules, and (3) chairman's en bloc authority rules.

(1) *Expedited Procedure Rules*: This type of rule waives clause 6(a) of rule XIII (requiring a two-thirds vote to consider a special rule on the same day it is reported from the Rules Committee) against certain resolutions reported from the Rules Committee. These rules generally specify the resolutions to which the waiver applies, as well as a defined time period for its application.

(2) *Suspension Day Rules*: Under clause 1(a) of House Rule XV, it is in order on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of each week, and during the last six days of a session, for the Speaker to entertain motions to suspend the rules and pass legislation. This category of rule authorizes the Speaker to entertain motions to suspend the rules on days other than Mondays, Tuesdays, and Wednesdays. Generally, these rules provide that the object of any motion to suspend the rules be announced (sometimes with an hour or two notice) from the floor prior to its consideration or that the Speaker or his designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the object of any suspension considered under the rule.

(3) *Chair's En Bloc Authority Rules*: This category of rule authorizes the chairman of a committee (usually the majority floor manager of the bill under consideration) or his designee to offer amendments en bloc consisting of amendments made in order by the special rule that have not earlier been disposed of, as well as germane modifications to any such amendments. With the exception of rules on appropriations bills (which permit en bloc amendments that do not increase budget authority or outlays in the bill), a Member seeking to offer amendments en bloc must obtain unanimous consent if they amend portions of the bill not yet open to amendment, unless a special rule authorizes several amendments to be offered and considered as a group. There usually is a specified time for divided debate on the amendment and a prohibition on amendments to and demands for a division of the question on the en bloc amendment. Generally, the original sponsor of the amendment must agree to having the amendment considered en bloc, and these rules generally provide that the original proponent of an amend-

ment included in such an en bloc amendment may insert a statement in the Congressional Record immediately before the disposition of the en bloc amendment. Such a rule enables the floor manager to maximize efficiency and consensus while minimizing duplicative floor time and consideration.

d. Categories of Rules Granted To Resolve Differences Among and Responding to the Legislative Actions of Committees

As the nexus of the legislative process in the House, the Rules Committee often is the institutional mechanism used to reconcile differences in legislative recommendations among multiple committees. Two often used, and often misunderstood, special rule features utilized to achieve these goals are (1) self-executing rules and (2) original text rules.

(1) *Self-Executing Rules*: This type of rule provides that, upon the adoption of the special rule, the text of a reported or introduced bill, as the case may be, is modified or amended in some specified manner. Therefore, the House's adoption of the rule itself has the effect of amending the underlying bill. Occasionally, a self-executing rule may also provide for the adoption of other unrelated measures or actions, such as adopting another simple resolution. Self-executing rules may be utilized by the Rules Committee for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to: the correction of rule or Budget Act violations, the reconciling of multiple committee legislative recommendations, the elimination of procedural votes, the separation of policy issues or the complete redrafting of the legislation.

(2) *Original Text Rules*: When a committee reports a measure, it often will favorably report the measure with a recommendation that an amendment or amendments be adopted by the full House. These amendments reflect the collegial action of the committee on that measure. This type of rule generally provides that the committee recommended amendment be adopted by the House and become the base text for the purpose of further amendment to the bill. This is often done to acknowledge the actions of the committee at the beginning of the consideration of a bill, and also to simplify the amendment process.

e. Categories of Rules Granted Dealing with House-Senate Relations

While resolving differences with the Senate often involves privileged motions in the House, the Rules Committee is often called upon to expedite such procedural situations or to address unique procedural circumstances. The categories of such special rules are (1) Senate hook-up rules, (2) motion to go to conference rules, (3) disposition of Senate amendments rules, (4) conference report rules, and (5) engrossment of multiple measures rules.

(1) *Senate Hook-up Rules*: The rules of the House provide for three methods of getting to conference with the Senate: (1) agreeing to a motion to go to conference by unanimous consent; (2) obtaining a special rule from the Rules Committee; or (3) receiving specific authorization from each committee which received an initial referral of and reported the bill (clause 1 of Rule XXII). Most often chairmen obtain conference authority from their committee at the time a bill is ordered reported. Most special rules allowing for a Senate hook-up provide that after passage of a House bill, it shall

be in order to take a specific Senate bill from the Speaker's table, consider it in the House, and to move to strike all after the enacting clause and insert the text of the House bill as passed by the House. These special rules further provide that if the motion is adopted and the Senate bill, as amended, is passed, then it shall be in order to move that the House insist on its amendment and request a conference with the Senate. These hook-up provisions can be included either in the original rule providing for consideration of the House bill or in a separate special rule only providing for the motion to go to conference.

(2) *Motion to go to Conference Rules:* These special rules are those separate rules that only provide for the motion to go to conference with the Senate.

(3) *Disposition of Senate Amendment Rules:* This type of rule generally provides for the consideration of a Senate amendment or amendments in the House and for a motion to concur in the Senate amendment with or without an amendment. These rules also usually specify a period of time for debate on the motion equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the committee of jurisdiction, as well as any necessary waivers against consideration of either the Senate amendment or against the motion to concur.

(4) *Conference Report Rules:* Under the standing rules of the House, conference reports are privileged matters. Unless the requirement is waived, House rules require that a conference report be available for at least three calendar days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays) before it can be called up for consideration. After that time, because it is privileged, it can be called up at any time without a rule from the Rules Committee. However, if a conference report is in violation of a rule of the House or some extraordinary procedure for consideration of the report is desired, a special rule may be necessary for the conference report to be considered. Consequently, conference report rules generally provide waivers of all points of order against consideration of the conference report and provide that the conference report be considered as read, which effectively waives the three day availability requirement.

It should be noted that points of order against a conference report lie against its consideration, not against individual provisions contained within the report. A conference report represents the collective agreement of the House and the Senate. Changing individual components of the agreement violates the sanctity of the agreement itself. Consequently, agreeing to a conference report is an all-or-nothing question. This is also the reason why, even as privileged matters, conference reports are not amendable on the floor of the House (except on recommit).

(5) *Engrossment of Multiple Measures Rules:* These types of special rules generally provide for separate consideration and final passage votes on multiple bills, generally relating to a similar issue. The rule then instructs the House enrolling clerk to enroll the individually-passed bills into one bill before transmitting them to the Senate for consideration.

4. FLOOR CONSIDERATION OF A SPECIAL RULE

When the time comes to call up a special rule, the majority Member who filed the rule (a privileged House resolution), or another majority Member of the Rules Committee designated by the chairman, is recognized by the Speaker. That Member stands at the majority committee table on the House Floor. Once recognized, the Member States:

Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution _____, and ask for its immediate consideration.

Any Member of the Committee on Rules may be recognized to call up a rule that has been on the House Calendar for at least seven legislative days, and the Speaker is required to recognize the Rules Committee Member as a privilege, as long as the Member has given one day's notice of an intent to seek recognition for that purpose.

Once the Clerk has read the resolution, the Speaker recognizes the majority Rules Committee Member handling the rule for one hour. The majority floor manager then customarily yields thirty minutes to a minority counterpart for the purposes of debate only. The length of debate on the rule varies according to the complexity of the rule and the degree of controversy over the bill, but debate on most non-controversial rules is over within fifteen or twenty minutes and the rule may be adopted by voice vote.

Because a rule is considered in the House under the hour rule, no amendments are in order unless the majority floor manager offers an amendment or yields to another Member for that purpose. At the conclusion of debate on the rule, the floor manager moves the previous question. If no objection is heard, the House proceeds to vote on the rule. If objection is heard, a vote occurs on the previous question. If the previous question is rejected, however, a Member who opposed the previous question (usually the Rules Committee minority floor manager) is recognized. That Member then controls one hour of debate time on the rule. The Member controlling the time may offer an amendment to the rule and then move the previous question on the amendment and on the rule when debate has concluded. Once the rule is adopted (with or without amendments), the legislation it concerns is eligible for consideration under the terms of the rule.

5. RULES REJECTED, TABLED, OR PENDING

In the 111th Congress, the Committee on Rules reported 165 rules. The House adopted 156 of these rules and tabled 9 rules. During the 111th Congress, no rules were rejected by the House. There were no rules pending at the end of the 111th Congress.

a. *Rules Rejected by the House*

There were no rules rejected by the House during the 111th Congress.

b. *Rules Tabled by the House*

- House Resolution 158, waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions from the Committee on Rules.

- House Resolution 218, waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions from the Committee on Rules.
- House Resolution 219, providing for consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 38) making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 2009, and for other purposes.
- House Resolution 229, waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions from the Committee on Rules.
- House Resolution 289, waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions from the Committee on Rules.
- House Resolution 450, waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.
- House Resolution 618, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2701) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2010 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, the Community Management Account, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes.
- House Resolution 1392, waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions from the Committee on Rules, and providing for motions under suspension of the rules.
- House Resolution 1496, waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions from the Committee on Rules.

c. Rules Pending

There were no rules pending in the House during the 111th Congress.

6. WAIVERS OF HOUSE RULES

The following compilation identifies the Rules of the House which were waived in specific resolutions and the legislation which required the waiver. There is also an indication whether the rule was waived against the bill (B), consideration of a bill (CB), a joint resolution (JR), consideration of a joint resolution (CJR), a concurrent resolution (C. Res.), consideration of a concurrent resolution (CC. Res.) original text (OT), an amendment (A), a motion (M), a conference report (CR), consideration of a conference report (CCR), or a resolution (R).

Except for clause 9 and 10 of Rule XXI

H. Res. 52	.....	H.R. 2	.....	Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009	CB
H. Res. 62	.....	H.R. 384	.....	TARP Reform and Accountability Act of 2009	A
H. Res. 88	.....	H.R. 1	.....	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009	CB
H. Res. 184	.....	H.R. 1105	.....	Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009	CB
H. Res. 190	.....	H.R. 1106	.....	Helping Families Save Their Homes Act of 2009	A
H. Res. 235	.....	H.R. 1262	.....	Water Quality Investment Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 250	.....	H.R. 1388	.....	Generations Invigorating Volunteerism and Education (GIVE) Act	CB, A
H. Res. 281	.....	H.R. 1404	.....	Federal Land Assistance, Management and Enhancement (FLAME) Act.	CB, A
H. Res. 306	.....	H.R. 1664	.....	Amending the executive compensation provisions of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 to prohibit unreasonable and excessive compensation and compensation not based on performance standards.	CB, A
H. Res. 307	.....	H.R. 1256	.....	Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act	CB, A
H. Res. 352	.....	H.R. 1145	.....	National Water Research and Development Initiative Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 372	.....	H.R. 1913	.....	Local Law Enforcement Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 2009	CB
H. Res. 379	.....	H.R. 627	.....	Credit Cardholders' Bill of Rights Act of 2009	A
H. Res. 400	.....	H.R. 1728	.....	Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act	CB
H. Res. 406	.....	H.R. 1728	.....	Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act	A
H. Res. 427	.....	H.R. 2187	.....	21st Century Green High-Performing Public School Facilities Act	CB, A
H. Res. 434	.....	H.R. 2346	.....	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009	CB
H. Res. 457	.....	H.R. 2352	.....	Job Creation Through Entrepreneurship Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 464	.....	H.R. 915	.....	FAA Reauthorization Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 474	.....	H.R. 2200	.....	Transportation Security Administration Authorization Act	CB, A
H. Res. 490	.....	H.R. 1385	.....	Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2009.	CB, A
H. Res. 501	.....	H.R. 31	.....	Lumbee Recognition Act.	
H. Res. 522	.....	H.R. 626	.....	Federal Employees Paid Parental Leave Act of 2009	CB, A
		H.R. 1886	.....	Pakistan Enduring Assistance and Cooperation Enhancement Act of 2009.	CB, A
H. Res. 544	.....	H.R. 2410	.....	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011.	
		H.R. 2847	.....	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	CB
H. Res. 559	.....	H.R. 2918	.....	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2010	CB, A

H. Res. 572	.....	H.R. 2647	.....	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 573	.....	H.R. 2892	.....	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 578	.....	H.R. 2996	.....	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 587	.....	H.R. 2454	.....	American Clean Energy and Security Act of 2009	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 609	.....	H.R. 2997	.....	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 610	.....	H.R. 2965	.....	Enhancing Small Business Research and Innovation Act of 2009	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 617	.....	H.R. 3081	.....	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2010.	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 618	.....	H.R. 2701	.....	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	.....	A
H. Res. 622	.....	H.R. 3082	.....	Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2010	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 644	.....	H.R. 3170	.....	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2010.	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 645	.....	H.R. 3183	.....	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 653	.....	H.R. 1018	.....	Restore Our American Mustangs Act	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 665	.....	H.R. 2920	.....	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2009	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 669	.....	H.R. 3288	.....	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 673	.....	H.R. 3293	.....	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 685	.....	H.R. 3326	.....	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 691	.....	H.R. 2749	.....	Food Safety Enhancement Act of 2009	.....	CB
H. Res. 697	.....	H.R. 3269	.....	Corporate and Financial Institution Compensation Fairness Act of 2009.	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 726	.....	H.R. 965	.....	Chesapeake Bay Gateways and Watertrails Network Continuing Authorization Act.	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 745	.....	H.R. 3246	.....	Advanced Vehicle Technology Act of 2009	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 746	.....	H.R. 3221	.....	Student Aid and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2009	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 760	.....	H.R. 324	.....	Santa Cruz Valley National Heritage Area Act	.....	CB
H. Res. 830	.....	H.R. 2442	.....	Bay Area Regional Water Recycling Program Expansion Act of 2009	.....	CB
H. Res. 846	.....	H.R. 3585	.....	Solar Technology Roadmap Act	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 853	.....	H.R. 3619	.....	Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2010	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 875	.....	H.R. 3854	.....	Small Business Financing and Investment Act of 2009	.....	CB, A
H. Res. 884	.....	H.R. 3639	.....	Expedited CARD Reform for Consumers Act of 2009	.....	CB, A

H. Res. 885	H.R. 2868	Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 903	H.R. 3962	Affordable Health Care for America Act	CB
	H.R. 3961	Medicare Physician Payment Reform Act of 2009	
H. Res. 908	H.R. 2781	To amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate segments of the Molalla River in Oregon, as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, and for other purposes	CB
H. Res. 909	H.R. 3791	Fire Grants Reauthorization Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 941	H.R. 4154	Permanent Estate Tax Relief for Families, Farmers, and Small Businesses Act of 2009	CB
H. Res. 955	H.R. 4213	Tax Extenders Act of 2009	CB
H. Res. 956	H.R. 4173	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009	CB
H. Res. 964	H.R. 4173	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009	A
H. Res. 976	S.A. to H.R. 3326	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010	CB, CJR
	H.J. Res. 64	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2010, and for other purposes	
	H.R. 4314	To permit continued financing of Government operations	
	S.A. to H.R. 2847	Commerce, Justice, Science and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010	
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3254	Taos Pueblo Indian Water Rights Settlement Act	CB, A
	H.R. 3342	Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act	
	H.R. 1065	White Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act of 2009	
H. Res. 1038	H.R. 3726	Castle Nugent National Historic Site Establishment Act of 2010	CB
	H.R. 4474	Idaho Wilderness Water Facilities Act	
H. Res. 1051	H.R. 4061	Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 1083	H.R. 2314	Native Hawaiian Government Reorganization Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 1098	H.R. 4626	Health Insurance Industry Fair Competition Act	CB
H. Res. 1105	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	A
H. Res. 1126	H.R. 4247	Preventing Harmful Restraining and Seclusion in Schools Act	CB, A
H. Res. 1168	H.R. 3650	Harmful Algal Blooms and Hypoxia Research and Control Amendments Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 1192	H.R. 3644	Ocean, Coastal, and Watershed Education Act	CB, A
	H.R. 1612	Public Lands Service Corps Act of 2009	
H. Res. 1204	H.R. 4899	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2010	CB
H. Res. 1205	H.R. 4849	Small Business and Infrastructure Jobs Tax Act of 2010	CB
H. Res. 1248	H.R. 4715	Clean Estuaries Act of 2010	CB, A

H. Res. 1300	.....	H.R. 5013	.....	Implementing Management for Performance and Related Reforms to Obtain Value in Every Acquisition Act of 2010.	CB, A
H. Res. 1305	.....	H.R. 2499	.....	Puerto Rico Democracy Act of 2009	CB, A
H. Res. 1329	.....	H.R. 5019	.....	Home Star Energy Retrofit Act of 2010	CB, A
H. Res. 1344	.....	H.R. 5116	.....	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010	CB, A
H. Res. 1404	.....	H.R. 5136	.....	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011	CB, A
H. Res. 1424	.....	H.R. 5072	.....	FHA Reform Act of 2010	CB, A
H. Res. 1436	.....	H.R. 5486	.....	Small Business Jobs Tax Relief Act of 2010	CB, A
		H.R. 5297	.....	Small Business Lending Fund Act of 2010.	CB, A
H. Res. 1468	.....	H.R. 5175	.....	Democracy is Strengthened by Casting Light on Spending in Elections (DISCLOSE) Act.	CB, A
H. Res. 1495	.....	H.R. 5618	.....	Restoration of Emergency Unemployment Compensation Act of 2010	CB
H. Res. 1509	.....	H.R. 1722	.....	Telework Improvements Act of 2010	CB
H. Res. 1517	.....	H.R. 5114	.....	Flood Insurance Reform Priorities Act of 2010	CB, A
H. Res. 1549	.....	H.R. 1264	.....	Multiple Peril Insurance Act of 2009	CB
H. Res. 1559	.....	H.R. 5822	.....	Military Construction and Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2011.	CB, A
H. Res. 1568	.....	H.R. 5893	.....	Investing in American Jobs and Closing Tax Loopholes Act of 2010	CB
H. Res. 1574	.....	H.R. 3534	.....	Consolidated Land, Energy, and Aquatic Resources Act of 2009	CB, A
		H.R. 5851	.....	Offshore Oil and Gas Worker Whistleblower Protection Act of 2010.	CB, A
H. Res. 1569	.....	H.R. 5850	.....	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2011.	CB, A
H. Res. 1620	.....	H.R. 4785	.....	Rural Energy Savings Program Act	CB, A
H. Res. 1674	.....	H.R. 847	.....	James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010	CB
		H.R. 2378	.....	Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act.	
		S.A. to H.R. 2701	.....	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.	
H. Res. 1741	.....	H.J. Res. 101	.....	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.	CJR
H. Res. 1776	.....	H.J. Res. 105	.....	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.	CJR
<i>Except for clause 9 of Rule XXI</i>					
H. Res. 53	.....	H.R. 384	.....	TARP Reform and Accountability Act of 2009	CB
H. Res. 92	.....	H.R. 1	.....	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009	A
H. Res. 168	.....	H.R. 1	.....	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009	CR
H. Res. 190	.....	H.R. 1106	.....	Helping Families Save Their Homes Act of 2009	CB

H. Res. 618	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	CB
H. Res. 903	H.R. 3962	Affordable Health Care for America Act	A
	H.R. 3961	Medicare Physician Payment Reform Act of 2009	
H. Res. 1105	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	CB
H. Res. 1742	S. 3307	Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010	CB
<i>Except for clause 10 of Rule XXI</i>			
H. Res. 87	S. 181	Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009	CB
H. Res. 107	S.A. to H.R. 2	Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009	M
H. Res. 108	S. 352	DTV Delay Act	CB
H. Res. 219	H.J. Res. 38	Making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 2009, and for other purposes.	CJR
H. Res. 235	H.R. 1262	Water Quality Investment Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 250	H.R. 1388	Generations Invigorating Volunteerism and Education (GIVE) Act	OT
H. Res. 280	S.A. to H.R. 146	Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009	M
H. Res. 296	S.A. to H.R. 1388	Generations Invigorating Volunteerism and Education (GIVE) Act	M
H. Res. 306	H.R. 1664	To amend the executive compensation provisions of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 to prohibit unreasonable and excessive compensation and compensation not based on performance standards.	OT
		National Water Research and Development Initiative Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 352	H.R. 1145	Credit Cardholders' Bill of Rights Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 379	H.R. 627	Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act	OT
H. Res. 406	H.R. 1728	21st Century Green High-Performing Public School Facilities Act	OT
H. Res. 427	H.R. 2187	Credit Cardholders' Bill of Rights Act of 2009	M
H. Res. 456	S.A. to H.R. 627	Job Creation Through Entrepreneurship Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 457	H.R. 2352	Transportation Security Administration Authorization Act	OT
H. Res. 474	H.R. 2200	Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2009.	OT
H. Res. 490	H.R. 1385	Lumbee Recognition Act	OT
	H.R. 31	Pakistan Enduring Assistance and Cooperation Enhancement Act of 2009.	OT
H. Res. 522	H.R. 1886	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011	OT
	H.R. 2410	Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act	M
H. Res. 532	S.A. to H.R. 1256	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	OT
H. Res. 572	H.R. 2647	Enhancing Small Business Research and Innovation Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 610	H.R. 2965		

H. Res. 745	.....	H.R. 3246	.....	Advanced Vehicle Technology Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 746	.....	H.R. 3221	.....	Student Aid and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 846	.....	H.R. 3585	.....	Solar Technology Roadmap Act	OT
H. Res. 885	.....	H.R. 2868	.....	Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 909	.....	H.R. 3791	.....	Fire Grants Reauthorization Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 976	.....	S.A. to H.R. 3326	.....	Department of Defense Appropriations Act 2010	M
		H.J. Res. 64	.....	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2010, and for other purposes.	
		H.R. 4314	.....	To permit continued financing of Government operations.	
		S.A. to H.R. 2847	.....	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	
H. Res. 1051	.....	H.R. 4061	.....	Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2010	OT
H. Res. 1065	.....	H.J. Res. 45	.....	Increasing the statutory limit on the public debt.	M
H. Res. 1083	.....	H.R. 2314	.....	Native Hawaiian Government Reorganization Act of 2009	A
H. Res. 1109	.....	H.R. 3961	.....	To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to reform the Medicare SGR payment system for physicians and to reinstitute and update the Pay-As-You-Go requirement of budget neutrality on new tax and mandatory spending legislation, enforced by the threat of annual, automatic sequestration.	M
H. Res. 1137	.....	S.A. to H.R. 2847	.....	Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act	M
H. Res. 1203	.....	S.A. to H.R. 3590	.....	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act	CB, M
		H.R. 4872	.....	Reconciliation Act of 2010.	
H. Res. 1212	.....	S.A. to H.R. 1586	.....	Aviation Safety and Investment Act of 2010	M
H. Res. 1225	.....	S.A. to H.R. 4872	.....	Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010	M
H. Res. 1300	.....	H.R. 5013	.....	Implementing Management for Performance and Related Reforms to Obtain Value in Every Acquisition Act of 2010.	OT
H. Res. 1305	.....	H.R. 2499	.....	Puerto Rico Democracy Act of 2009	OT
H. Res. 1329	.....	H.R. 5019	.....	Home Star Energy Retrofit Act of 2010	OT
H. Res. 1344	.....	H.R. 5116	.....	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010	OT
H. Res. 1404	.....	H.R. 5136	.....	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011	OT
H. Res. 1424	.....	H.R. 5072	.....	FHA Reform Act of 2010	OT
H. Res. 1500	.....	S.A. to H.R. 4899	.....	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2010	M
H. Res. 1517	.....	H.R. 5114	.....	Flood Insurance Reform Priorities Act of 2010	OT
H. Res. 1550	.....	H.R. 4213	.....	Unemployment Compensation Extension Act of 2010	M
H. Res. 1574	.....	H.R. 3534	.....	Consolidated Land, Energy, and Aquatic Resources Act of 2010	OT
		H.R. 5851	.....	Offshore Oil and Gas Worker Whistleblower Protection Act of 2010.	

H. Res. 1620	H.R. 4785	Rural Energy Savings Program Act	OT
H. Res. 1674	H.R. 847	James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010	M
	H.R. 2378	Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act.	
	S.A. to H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.	
H. Res. 1682	S.A. to H.R. 3081	Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011	M
H. Res. 1721	S.A. to H.R. 1722	Telework Improvements Act of 2010	M
H. Res. 1745	S.A. to H.R. 4853	Middle Class Tax Relief Act of 2010	M
H. Res. 1756	S.A. to H.R. 5281	Removal Clarification Act of 2010 (Development, Relief, and Education for Alien Minors (DREAM) Act).	M
H. Res. 1764	S.A. to H.R. 2965	SBIR/STTR Reauthorization Act of 2009 (Don't Ask, Don't Tell Repeal Act of 2010).	M
H. Res. 1766	S.A. to H.R. 4853	Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010.	M
H. Res. 1776	H.J. Res. 105	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.	JR
H. Res. 1781	S.A. to H.R. 5116	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010	M
	S.A. to H.R. 2751	FDA Food Safety Modernization Act.	
	S.A. to H.R. 2142	GPRA Modernization Act of 2010.	
H. Res. 1782	S.A. to H.R. 3082	Continuing Appropriations and Surface Transportation Extensions Act, 2011.	M
<i>Rule XXI, clause 2—Prohibiting unauthorized appropriations, reapprorations or legislative provisions in a general appropriations bill</i>			
H. Res. 544	H.R. 2847	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	B
H. Res. 559	H.R. 2918	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2010	B
H. Res. 573	H.R. 2892	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010	B
H. Res. 578	H.R. 2996	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	B
H. Res. 609	H.R. 2997	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	B
H. Res. 617	H.R. 3081	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2010.	B
H. Res. 622	H.R. 3082	Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2010	B
H. Res. 644	H.R. 3170	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2010.	B

H. Res. 645	H.R. 3183	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	B
H. Res. 669	H.R. 3288	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	B
H. Res. 673	H.R. 3293	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Bill, 2010.	B
H. Res. 685	H.R. 3326	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010	B
H. Res. 1559	H.R. 5822	Military Construction and Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2011.	B
H. Res. 1569	H.R. 5850	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2011.	B

7. WAIVERS OF THE BUDGET ACT (EXCEPT FOR THE UNFUNDED MANDATE POINT OF ORDER UNDER SECTION 425 AND 426 OF THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT OF 1974)

The following compilation identifies the sections of the Budget Act that were waived in specific resolutions and the legislation that required the waiver. There is also an indication whether the rule was waived against the bill (B), consideration of a bill (CB), a joint resolution (JR), consideration of a joint resolution (CJR), a concurrent resolution (C. Res.), consideration of a concurrent resolution (CC. Res.) original text (OT), an amendment (A), a motion (M), a conference report (CR), consideration of a conference report (CCR), or a resolution (R).

There were no specific waivers of the Budget Act in the 111th Congress.

8. WAIVING ALL POINTS OF ORDER

The following compilation identifies House Resolutions reported by the Committee on Rules which waived all points of order against a bill, text, resolution, motion, or conference report, or consideration thereof. There is also an indication whether the rule was waived against the bill (B), consideration of a bill (CB), a joint resolution (JR), consideration of a joint resolution (CJR), a concurrent resolution (C. Res.), consideration of a concurrent resolution (CC. Res.) original text (OT), an amendment (A), a motion (M), a conference report (CR), consideration of a conference report (CCR), or a resolution (R).

H. Res. 52	H.R. 2	Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 62	H.R. 384	TARP Reform and Accountability Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 87	S. 181	Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 92	H.R. 1	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 108	S. 352	DTV Delay Act	B
H. Res. 168	H.R. 1	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009	CR
H. Res. 184	H.R. 1105	Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009	B
H. Res. 190	H.R. 1106	Helping Families Save Their Homes Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 219	H.J. Res. 38	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2009, and for other purposes.	JR
H. Res. 281	H.R. 1404	Federal Land Assistance, Management and Enhancement Act	B
H. Res. 294	H. Res. 279	Providing for the expenses of certain committees of the House of Representatives in the One Hundred Eleventh Congress.	R
H. Res. 305	H. Con. Res. 85	Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010 and including the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2009 and 2011 through 2014.	CC. Res.
H. Res. 307	H.R. 1256	Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act	B
H. Res. 316	H. Con. Res. 85	Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010 and including the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2009 and 2011 through 2014.	A
H. Res. 371	S. Con. Res. 13	An original concurrent resolution setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014.	CC. Res, CR, CCR
H. Res. 372	H.R. 1913	Local Law Enforcement Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 434	H.R. 2346	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009	B
H. Res. 463	S. 454	Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009	CR, CCR
H. Res. 464	H.R. 915	FAA Reauthorization Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 490	H.R. 1385	Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2009.	B
		Lumbee Recognition Act.	
H. Res. 501	H.R. 626	Federal Employees Paid Parental Leave Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 522	H.R. 1886	Pakistan Enduring Assistance and Cooperation Enhancement Act of 2009.	B

H. Res. 545	H.R. 2410	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011.	CR, CCR
H. Res. 552	H.R. 2346	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009	A
	H.R. 2847	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	
H. Res. 587	H.R. 2454	American Clean Energy and Security Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 618	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	OT
H. Res. 653	H.R. 1018	Restore Our American Mustangs Act	B
H. Res. 665	H.R. 2920	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 691	H.R. 2749	Food Safety Enhancement Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 697	H.R. 3269	Corporate and Financial Institution Compensation Fairness Act of 2009.	B
H. Res. 726	H.R. 965	Chesapeake Bay Gateways and Watertrails Network Continuing Authorization Act.	B
H. Res. 760	H.R. 324	Santa Cruz Valley National Heritage Area Act	B
H. Res. 772	H.R. 2918	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2010	CR, CCR
H. Res. 788	H.R. 3183	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	CR, CCR
H. Res. 799	H.R. 2997	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	CR, CCR
H. Res. 808	H.R. 2647	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	CR, CCR
H. Res. 829	H.R. 2892	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010	B
H. Res. 830	H.R. 2442	Bay Area Regional Water Recycling Program Expansion Act of 2009	CR
H. Res. 853	H.R. 3619	Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2010	B
H. Res. 875	H.R. 3854	Small Business Financing and Investment Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 876	H.R. 2996	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	CR, CCR
H. Res. 884	H.R. 3639	Expedited CARD Reform for Consumers Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 903	H.R. 3962	Affordable Health Care for America Act	B
H. Res. 908	H.R. 3961	Medicare Physician Payment Reform Act of 2009.	
	H.R. 2781	To amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate segments of the Molalla River in Oregon, as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, and for other purposes.	B
H. Res. 941	H.R. 4154	Permanent Estate Tax Relief for Families, Farmers, and Small Businesses Act of 2009.	B
H. Res. 955	H.R. 4213	Tax Extenders Act of 2009	B

H. Res. 961	H.R. 3288	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	CR, CCR
H. Res. 964	H.R. 4173	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 976	H.R. 3326	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010	B
	H.J. Res. 64	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2010, and for other purposes.	
	H.R. 4314	To permit continued financing of Government operations.	
	H.R. 2847	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.	
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3254	Taos Pueblo Indian Water Rights Settlement Act	B
	H.R. 3342	Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act.	
	H.R. 1065	White Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act of 2009.	
H. Res. 1038	H.R. 3726	Castle Nugent National Historic Site Establishment Act of 2010	B
	H.R. 4474	Idaho Wilderness Water Facilities Act.	
H. Res. 1083	H.R. 2314	Native Hawaiian Government Reorganization Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 1098	H.R. 4626	Health Insurance Industry Fair Competition Act	B
H. Res. 1105	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	OT
	S. 1494	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010	B, CB, M
H. Res. 1126	H.R. 4247	Preventing Harmful Restraint and Seclusion in Schools Act	B
H. Res. 1146	H. Con. Res. 248	Directing the President, pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution, to remove the United States Armed Forces from Afghanistan.	C. Res.
H. Res. 1168	H.R. 3650	Harmful Algal Blooms and Hypoxia Research and Control Amendments Act of 2009.	B
H. Res. 1192	H.R. 3644	Ocean, Coastal, and Watershed Education Act	B
	H.R. 1612	Public Lands Service Corps Act of 2009.	
H. Res. 1203	H.R. 3590	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act	B
	H.R. 4872	Reconciliation Act of 2010.	
H. Res. 1204	H.R. 4899	Disaster Relief and Summer Jobs Act of 2010	B
H. Res. 1205	H.R. 4849	Small Business and Infrastructure Jobs Tax Act of 2010	B
H. Res. 1248	H.R. 4715	Clean Estuaries Act of 2010	B
H. Res. 1403	H.R. 4213	American Workers, State, and Business Relief Act of 2010	M
H. Res. 1436	H.R. 5486	Small Business Jobs Tax Relief Act of 2010	B, A
	H.R. 5297	Small Business Lending Fund Act of 2010.	

H. Res. 1468	H.R. 5175	Democracy is Strengthened by Casting Light on Spending in Elections Act.	OT
H. Res. 1490	H.R. 4173	Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act	CR
H. Res. 1495	H.R. 5618	Restoration of Emergency Unemployment Compensation Act of 2010	B
H. Res. 1509	H.R. 1722	Telework Improvements Act of 2009	B
H. Res. 1549	H.R. 1264	Multiple Peril Insurance Act of 2009.	
H. Res. 1556	H. Con. Res. 301	Directing the President, pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution, to remove the Armed Forces from Pakistan.	CC. Res.
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 5893	Investing in American Jobs and Closing Tax Loopholes Act of 2010 ...	B
H. Res. 1574	H.R. 3534	Consolidated Land, Energy, and Aquatic Resources Act of 2009	B
	H.R. 5851	Offshore Oil and Gas Worker Whistleblower Protection Act of 2010.	
H. Res. 1606	H.R. 1586	Education Jobs and Medicaid Funding Bill	M
H. Res. 1640	H.R. 5297	Small Business Jobs and Credit Act of 2010	M
H. Res. 1674	H.R. 847	James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010	B
	H.R. 2378	Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act.	
H. Res. 1736	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for 2010.	
H. Res. 1741	H.R. 4783	Claims Resolution Act of 2010	M
	H.J. Res. 101	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.	JR
H. Res. 1742	S. 3307	Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010	B
H. Res. 1755	H.R. 3082	Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2010 (Full-Year FY11 CR and Food Safety).	M
H. Res. 1776	H.J. Res. 105	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.	JR

C. ORIGINAL JURISDICTION MATTER

1. COMMITTEE CONSIDERATION OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION MEASURES

The following is a list of original jurisdiction measures that the Committee considered during the 111th Congress. The list identifies the measures by number and title or subject and includes the action and date the action was taken by the Committee and by the House.

Measure	Title	Reported	Passed
H. Res. 62	Providing for further consideration of the bill (H.R. 384) to reform the Troubled Assets Relief Program of the Secretary of the Treasury and ensure accountability under such Program, and for other purposes.	January 14, 2009	January 15, 2009
H. Res. 544	Providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2847) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, and Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes.	June 15, 2009	June 16, 2009
H. Res. 665	Providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2920) to reinstitute and update the Pay-As-You-Go requirement of budget neutrality on new tax and mandatory spending legislation, enforced by the threat of annual, automatic sequestration.	July 21, 2009	July 22, 2009
H. Res. 1363.	Granting the authority provided under clause 4(c)(3) of rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the Committee on Education and Labor for purposes of its investigation into underground coal mining safety.	May 19, 2010	May 20, 2010

2. ORIGINAL JURISDICTION FULL COMMITTEE HEARINGS

The Committee held two full committee hearings. On July 13, 2009, the Committee held a hearing on H.R. 1549, the "Preservation of Antibiotics for Medical Treatment Act of 2009." H.R. 1549 proposed to limit the use of antibiotics for non-therapeutic uses in food-producing animals. At the hearing, the Committee heard from: (1) Dr. Joshua Sharfstein, Principal Deputy Commissioner, U.S. Food and Drug Administration; (2) Dr. Margaret Mellon, Scientist and Director, Food and Environment Program, Union of Concerned

Scientists; (3) Dr. Lance B. Price, Director, Center for Metagenomics and Human Health; (4) Mr. Robert Martin, Senior Officer, PEW Environment Group; (5) Rep. Jan Schakowsky (D-IL); (6) Rep. Leonard Boswell (D-IA); (7) Mr. Steve Ellis, Chairman and CEO, Chipotle Mexican Grill; and (8) Mr. Fedele Bauccio, President and CEO, Bon Appétit Management Company.

On May 19, 2010, the Committee held a hearing on H. Res. 1363, granting the authority provided under clause 4(c)(3) of rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the Committee on Education and Labor for purposes of its investigation into underground coal mining safety. On April 5, 2010, an explosion at the Upper Big Branch Mine killed 29 coal miners. This disaster, the worst mine disaster in the United States since 1970, compelled the Education and Labor Committee to investigate underground mine safety, specifically whether there are practices at the corporate level that are contributing to safety problems at mines.

In order to strengthen the Education and Labor Committee's investigation, the Chair of that Committee, George Miller (D-CA), introduced H. Res. 1363 on May 18, 2010. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules. That resolution granted Members of and counsels to the Committee the authority to require individuals to appear for depositions before the Committee. It further required the Education and Labor Committee, in exercising the deposition authority, to adhere to its committee rules regarding notice of depositions, the rights of Members and witnesses, and the conduct of depositions.

At the hearing, the Rules Committee heard from Rep. George Miller (D-CA). The Committee reported the resolution on May 19, 2010 and filed House Report No. 111-487. The resolution was considered on the floor as a privileged matter on May 20, 2010, and was adopted by a vote of 413-1.

3. ORIGINAL JURISDICTION MEASURES REPORTED OR DISCHARGED

a. Consideration of H.R. 384, to Reform the Troubled Assets Relief Program, and for Other Purposes

On January 14, 2009, the Rules Committee reported H. Res. 62. The resolution provided for consideration of H.R. 384, the "TARP Reform and Accountability Act of 2009." The resolution also amended the motion to proceed under section 115 of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 (Pub. L. No. 110-343) ("EESA").

Section 115 of the EESA provided the Secretary of the Treasury with authority to purchase troubled assets, as defined in the Act. Section 115 provided that the \$700 billion government investment of troubled assets would be released in three tranches. The first tranche, \$250 billion, was released upon enactment of the EESA and the second tranche, \$100 billion, was released on October 15, 2008. The third tranche, \$350 billion, would be released if (1) the President transmitted a report to Congress detailing the plan of the Secretary and (2) a joint resolution of disapproval had not been enacted within 15 calendar days after the date of the President's transmission. Section 115 provides that the joint resolution is considered under expedited "fast track" procedures in the House and Senate.

Under section 115(d), if the President submits the report while the House is otherwise adjourned, the Speaker must call Members back to convene the House within 2 calendar days. The purpose of this convening of the House is to allow any Member to introduce a joint resolution of disapproval. Any Member has 3 days after receipt of the President's report to introduce a joint resolution. Section 115 further prescribed House and Senate consideration of such joint resolutions.

H. Res. 62 made two changes to section 115. First, it provided that only the Majority Leader, or his designee, could introduce the joint resolution in the House. Second, it provided that the joint resolution could be introduced even following the sixth day after receipt of the President's report but not later than the legislative day of January 22, 2009.

The House considered H. Res. 62 as privileged matter on January 15, 2009. The resolution was agreed to by voice vote.

b. Clarification of the Earmark Rule

The House rule regarding airdropped earmarks, limited tax benefits, and limited tariff benefits was added to the standing Rules of the House through H. Res. 5 in the 111th Congress. The term "airdropped" indicates those earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits contained in a conference report but not committed by either the House or the Senate to the conference committee. The original rule, clause 9(b) of rule XXI, provided that managers of a conference report must submit a list of earmarks airdropped into the conference report or submit a statement indicating that the conference report contained no earmarks whatsoever, airdropped or otherwise. More specifically, the rule stated:

(b) It shall not be in order to consider a conference report to accompany a regular general appropriation bill unless the joint explanatory statement prepared by the managers on the part of the House and the managers on the part of the Senate includes—

(1) a list of congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, and limited tariff benefits in the conference report or joint statement (and the name of any Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, or Senator who submitted a request to the House or Senate committees of jurisdiction for each respective item included in such list) that were neither committed to the conference committee by either House nor in a report of a committee of either House on such bill or on a companion measure; or

(2) a statement that the proposition contains no congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits.

This created a problem in that a conference report might contain earmarks committed to the conference committee by a House of Congress, so the managers would not be able to comply with clause 9(b) of rule XXI.

To resolve this issue, the Rules Committee reported H. Res. 544 on June 15, 2009. This rule proposed to amend clause 9(b)(2) to insert the word "such" after "no." This would change the rule so that the managers of a conference report would submit either (1) a list of airdropped earmarks, limited tax benefits, and limited tariff ben-

efits or (2) a statement that the conference report contained no earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits. The House considered H. Res. 544 on the floor as privileged matter on June 16, 2009, and adopted it by a vote of 247–174.

c. Inquiry Into Impeachment of Samuel Kent, a Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas

On May 12, 2009, Judiciary Committee Chair John Conyers, Jr. (D–MI) introduced H. Res. 424. The resolution was referred to the Rules Committee and authorized and directed the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire whether the House should impeach U.S. District Judge Samuel B. Kent of the Southern District of Texas. On the same day, Rules Committee Chair Louise Slaughter (D–NY) moved on the House floor that the Rules Committee be discharged from consideration of the measure and that the measure be considered on the floor. The resolution was adopted by unanimous consent.

Pursuant to the authority granted to it by H. Res. 424, the Judiciary Committee investigated Judge Kent for allegations of non-consensual sexual contact, sexual assault, and false statements to Congress. On June 19, 2009, the House voted to impeach Judge Kent through the adoption of H. Res. 520. On June 30, 2009, prior to a trial in the Senate, Judge Kent resigned from the bench.

d. House Budget Enforcement and Adjustments of Direct Spending and Revenues

On April 29, 2009, the House and Senate both adopted the conference report accompanying S. Con. Res. 13, the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2010. Section 421 of the conference report permitted the chair of the House Committee on the Budget to exclude from analyses of budgetary effects the implementation of certain policies outlined in the conference report. More specifically, section 421(a)(2)(A) provided this authority for provisions in the amount of up to \$38 billion from fiscal year 2010 through fiscal year 2014 and up to \$38 billion from fiscal year 2010 through fiscal year 2019 for reforming the Medicare payment system for physicians. In addition, section 421(a)(2)(C) provided the adjustment authority for provisions in the amount of up to \$214.4 billion from fiscal year 2010 to fiscal year 2014 and from fiscal year 2010 through fiscal year 2019 for reforming the Alternative Minimum Tax.

On July 21, 2009, the Rules Committee reported H. Res. 665. This resolution proposed to amend the adjustment amounts in sections 421(a)(2)(A) and (a)(2)(C) of the budget conference report. The amounts would be changed to those contained in the original House budget, H. Con. Res. 85. For the Medicare payment system, the House budget provided adjustments for up to \$87.3 billion for fiscal year 2010 through fiscal year 2014 and up to \$285 billion for fiscal year 2010 through fiscal year 2014. For reforming the Alternative Minimum Tax, the House budget provided for adjustments of up to \$68.7 billion for fiscal year 2010 through fiscal year 2014 and fiscal year 2010 to fiscal year 2019. The House considered H. Res. 665 as a privileged matter on July 22, 2009, and adopted it by a vote of 243–182.

e. Upper Big Branch Mine Accident

As described previously, the Committee had under its consideration H. Res. 1363, which extended to the Committee on Education and Labor certain deposition authorities. On May 19, 2010, the Committee on Rules met on H. Res. 1363 in open session and ordered the resolution favorably reported by voice vote to the House without amendment. The Committee filed House Report 111-487, together with minority views, on H. Res. 1363. The next day, May 20, 2010, the House considered H. Res. 1363 as a privileged matter and agreed to it by a vote of 413-1.

f. Budget Enforcement and Paygo Alignment

On July 1, 2010, the Rules Committee reported H. Res. 1500. The resolution provided for consideration of the Senate amendments to H.R. 4899, making supplemental appropriations; considered as adopted H. Res. 1493, regarding budget enforcement; and amended the House paygo rule timelines to align with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act.

The focus of this paragraph is on the resolution's alignment of the two paygo timelines. As they were adopted, the House and statutory paygo timelines differed by one year. The House would use the periods 2010-2014 and 2010-2019, while the statute would review 2010-2015 and 2010-2020. In addition, the House rule allowed timing shifts, but the statute did not. Finally, the House rule stated that outyear changes in mandatory programs had no paygo impact, but such outyear changes did count for statutory paygo.

The different timelines and considerations complicated compliance with paygo. Both rules were designed to limit increases in direct spending and decreases in revenues but required different analyses of legislation. In order to simplify the analysis of legislation, the House elected to amend its rule to comport with the statute.

The same day it was reported, on July 1, 2010, the House considered H. Res. 1500 as privileged matter. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 215-210.

4. OTHER ORIGINAL JURISDICTION MEASURES SUBJECT TO FLOOR
CONSIDERATION

a. Inquiry Into Impeachment of G. Thomas Porteous, a Judge of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana

On January 6, 2009, Judiciary Committee Chair John Conyers, Jr. (D-MI) introduced H. Res. 15. The resolution was referred to the Rules Committee and authorized and directed the Judiciary Committee to inquire whether the House should impeach U.S. District Judge G. Thomas Porteous of the Eastern District of Louisiana. The House adopted the resolution by a voice vote under suspension of the rules on January 13, 2009.

Pursuant to the authority granted to it in H. Res. 15, the Judiciary Committee investigated whether the Judge engaged in corrupt conduct, accepted bribes in exchange for official acts, made false statements to federal investigators, and made false statements in a personal bankruptcy proceeding. On March 11, 2010, the House

voted to impeach Judge Porteous on the charges above through the adoption of H. Res. 1031.

b. Requiring Hearings on Waste, Fraud, Abuse, or Mismanagement in Government Programs

On January 9, 2009, Rep. John Tanner (D-TN) introduced H. Res. 40. The resolution was referred to the Rules Committee and amended the Rules of the House to require that congressional committees hold hearings on waste, fraud, and abuse in government programs that those committees may authorize. The House adopted the resolution by a vote of 423–0 on January 14, 2009.

c. Veterans Health Care Budget Reform and Transparency Act of 2009

On October 7, 2009, Veterans Affairs Committee Chair Bob Filner (D-CA) introduced H. Res. 804, the “Veterans Health Care Budget Reform and Transparency Act of 2009.” The resolution was referred to the Rules Committee. It proposed several changes to the process of budgeting for veterans programs: (1) the President would be required to submit a request for certain Veterans Affairs Department accounts for the “fiscal year following the fiscal year for which the budget is submitted;” (2) each July, the Department of Veterans Affairs would be required to report to Congress if it has the resources it needs in the upcoming fiscal year in order for Congress to address any funding imbalances; and (3) the Government Accountability Office would report, within 120 days of the annual budget submission, whether the Department’s advance appropriations requests are in line with workload and cost estimates and the VA’s budget model.

The same day it was introduced, on October 7, 2009, the House considered the resolution under suspension of the rules. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 419–1.

d. Budget Enforcement Resolution

On June 30, 2010, Budget Committee Chair John Spratt, Jr. (D-SC) introduced H. Res. 1493. The resolution was referred to the Budget Committee and the Rules Committee. The resolution set forth spending allocations for the Appropriations Committee and provided for enforcement of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act (Pub. L. No. 111–139). The resolution was considered as adopted on July 1, 2010, upon adoption of H. Res. 1500.

V. ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBCOMMITTEES

A. THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE AND BUDGET PROCESS

1. JURISDICTION AND PURPOSE

The Committee on Rules established its Subcommittee on Legislative Process in 1979, at the outset of the 96th Congress. The Subcommittee has been reestablished in each succeeding Congress. In early 1995, the Committee changed the name of the Subcommittee to better reflect its jurisdiction, and, since that time, the Subcommittee has been known as the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process.

In the 111th Congress, the Subcommittee maintained its previous complement of seven Members, five majority and two minority. Chaired by Rep. Alcee Hastings of Florida, the Majority membership of the Subcommittee included Reps. Dennis Cardoza of California, Chellie Pingree of Maine, Jared Polis of Colorado, and Louise M. Slaughter of New York. The Minority members of the Subcommittee include Ranking Member Lincoln Diaz-Balart of Florida and Rep. David Dreier of California.

Committee Rule 5(a)(1)(A) provides that the Subcommittee ‘shall have general responsibility for measures or matters related to relations between the Congress and the Executive Branch.’ The legislation falling within the panel’s jurisdiction includes resolutions and bills, referred at the discretion of the Chair of the Committee on Rules.

The primary statute within the Subcommittee’s jurisdiction is the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93–344 as amended). The Subcommittee also maintains jurisdiction over budget process-related provisions found in Part C of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Public Law 99–177 as amended by Public Laws 100–119, 101–508 and 103–44) and the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990 (Title XIII of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (Public Law 103–44)).

B. THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE

1. JURISDICTION AND PURPOSE

The Subcommittee was first established at the beginning of the 96th Congress as the Subcommittee on Rules of the House. After several name changes, the name of the Subcommittee in the 109th through 111th Congresses has been the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House.

In the 111th Congress, the Subcommittee maintained its previous complement of seven Members, five majority and two minority. Chaired by Rep. James McGovern of Massachusetts, the Majority membership of the Subcommittee includes Reps. Doris Matsui of California, Michael Arcuri of New York, Ed Perlmutter of Colorado, and Louise M. Slaughter of New York. The Minority membership includes Ranking Member Pete Sessions of Texas and Rep. Virginia Foxx of North Carolina.

Committee Rule 5(a)(2)(B) provides that the Subcommittee ‘shall have general responsibility for measures or matters related to process and procedures of the House, relations between the two Houses of Congress, relations between the Congress and the Judiciary, and internal operations of the House.’ Referral of matters to the Subcommittee remains within the discretion of the Chair.

2. LEGISLATION REFERRED TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE.

H.R. 2297: Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, May 7, 2009. To require the President to call a White House Conference on Food and Nutrition.

VI. STATISTICAL PROFILE OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES, 111TH CONGRESS

A. STATISTICS ON SPECIAL ORDERS OR “RULES”

1. Number of formal requests for Rules Committee hearings: 72
 - (a) Number of rules requested for original consideration of measures, rules for further consideration, rules for disposition of Senate amendments: 65
 - (b) Number of rules requested on conference reports: 6
 - (c) Number of rules requested on procedural matters: 0
 - (d) Number of formal rules requests otherwise disposed of by procedures other than the Rules committee: 1
 - (e) Number of formal requests pending at adjournment: 0
2. Number of hearings:
 - (a) 1st Session: 73
 - (1) Regular meetings: 29
 - (2) Emergency meetings: 34
 - (3) Regular/Emergency meetings: 10 ¹
 - (b) 2d Session: 62
 - (1) Regular meetings: 27
 - (2) Emergency meetings: 33
 - (3) Regular/Emergency meetings: 2
3. Number of bills, resolutions, and conference reports on which hearings were held for the purpose of considering special orders or “rules”—²
 - (a) Number of rules granted: 165
 - (1) Bills and resolutions: 109
 - (2) Conference Reports or consideration of Senate Amendments: 38
 - (3) Providing for general debate only, waiving 2/3 requirement or creating suspension days: 42
 - (b) Types of amendment structures for consideration of bills and resolutions—
 - (1) General Debate: 5
 - (2) Modified Open: 1
 - (3) Structured: 73
 - (4) Closed: 35
 - (c) Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Floor Management Tools—
 - (1) Expedited Procedures Rules: 26
 - (2) Suspension Day Rules: 23
 - (3) Chair’s en bloc authority: 4
 - (d) Categories of Rules Granted to Resolve Differences Among and Responding to the Legislative Actions of Committees—
 - (1) Self-Executing Rules: 39
 - (2) Original Text Rules: 35
 - (e) Categories of Rules Granted Dealing with House-Senate Relations—
 - (1) Senate Hook-up Rules: 2
 - (2) Disposition of Senate Amendments: 28

¹A regularly scheduled meeting to which an emergency item has been added.

²The breakdown of the total number of rules granted may not add up to the total number listed due to the consideration of multiple measures under one rule.

- (3) Conference Report Rules: 12
- (4) Engrossment of Multiple Measures Rules: 9
- (5) Motions to go to Conference: 0
- (f) Dispositions of the 165 rules granted:
 - (1) Adopted by the House: 156
 - (2) Rejected by the House: 0
 - (3) Laid on the Table: 9
 - (4) Pending on the House Calendar at Adjournment: 0
- 4. Rules of the House waivers granted (*waivers may be underlying measures, matters made in order as original text, motions, or amendments*)
 - (a) Types of waivers:
 - (1) Waivers of all points of order: 80
 - (2) Waivers of all points of order with exceptions—
 - A. Except for clauses 9 (earmark disclosure) and 10 (PAYGO) of Rule XXI: 93
 - B. Except for clauses 9 of Rule XXI (earmark disclosure): 8
 - C. Except for clause 10 of Rule XXI (PAYGO): 56
 - (3) Waivers of Clause 2 of Rule XXI (*Prohibiting unauthorized appropriations, reappropriations or legislative provisions in a general appropriations bill*): 14

B. STATISTICS ON ORIGINAL JURISDICTION MEASURES

- 1. Full Committee
 - (a) Number of bills and resolutions referred: 201
 - (b) Number of measures referred to the subcommittees: 1
 - (1) Exclusive Referrals to the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House: 1
 - (2) Exclusive Referrals to the Subcommittee on the Legislative and Budget Process: 0
 - (3) Joint referrals: 0
 - (c) Number of original jurisdiction measures heard by the full committee: 4
 - (d) Number of hearings and markups held by the full committee: 1
 - (e) Number of measures reported by the full committee: 4
 - (1) Disposition of measures reported
 - (a) Measures adopted by the House: 4
 - (b) Measures reported and pending floor action at adjournment: 0
 - (c) Measures rejected by the House: 0
 - (d) Measures tabled by the House: 0
- 2. Subcommittee on the Legislative and Budget Process
 - (a) Measures referred: 0
 - (b) Days of hearings and markups: 0
 - (c) Measures reported: 0
- 3. Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House
 - (a) Measures referred: 1
 - (b) Days of hearings and markups: 1
 - (c) Measures reported: 0

VII. APPENDICES

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED

General Debate:		
H. Res. 53	H.R. 384	TARP Reform and Accountability Act of 2009.
H. Res. 88	H.R. 1	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.
H. Res. 305	H. Con. Res. 85	Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010 and including the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2009 and 2011 through 2014.
H. Res. 400	H.R. 1728	Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act.
H. Res. 956	H.R. 4173	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009.
Modified Open:		
H. Res. 544	H.R. 2847	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.
Structured:		
H. Res. 62	H.R. 384	TARP Reform and Accountability Act of 2009.
H. Res. 92	H.R. 1	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.
H. Res. 190	H.R. 1106	Helping Families Save Their Homes Act of 2009.
H. Res. 235	H.R. 1262	Water Quality Investment Act of 2009.
H. Res. 250	H.R. 1362	Generations Invigorating Volunteerism and Education (GIVE) Act.
H. Res. 281	H.R. 1404	Federal Land Assistance, Management and Enhancement (FLAME) Act.
H. Res. 306	H.R. 1664	To amend the executive compensation provisions of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 to prohibit unreasonable and excessive compensation and compensation not based on performance standards.
H. Res. 307	H.R. 1256	Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act.
H. Res. 316	H. Con. Res. 85	Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010 and including the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2009 and 2011 through 2014.
H. Res. 352	H.R. 1145	National Water Research and Development Initiative Act of 2009.
H. Res. 379	H.R. 627	Credit Cardholders' Bill of Rights Act of 2009.
H. Res. 406	H.R. 1728	Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act.
H. Res. 427	H.R. 2187	21st Century Green High-Performing Public School Facilities Act.
H. Res. 457	H.R. 2352	Job Creation Through Entrepreneurship Act of 2009.
H. Res. 464	H.R. 915	FAA Reauthorization Act of 2009.
H. Res. 474	H.R. 2200	Transportation Security Administration Authorization Act.
H. Res. 490	H.R. 1385	Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2009.
H. Res. 501	H.R. 626	Federal Employees Paid Parental Leave Act of 2009.
H. Res. 522	H.R. 1886	Enduring Assistance and Cooperation Enhancement Act of 2009.
	H.R. 2410	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011.
H. Res. 552	H.R. 2847	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 559	H.R. 2918	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 572	H.R. 2647	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 573	H.R. 2892	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 578	H.R. 2996	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 587	H.R. 2454	American Clean Energy and Security Act of 2009.
H. Res. 609	H.R. 2997	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 610	H.R. 2965	Enhancing Small Business Research and Innovation Act of 2009.
H. Res. 617	H.R. 3081	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 618	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 622	H.R. 3082	Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 644	H.R. 3170	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2010.

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED—Continued

H. Res. 645	H.R. 3183	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 653	H.R. 1018	Restore Our American Mustangs Act.
H. Res. 665	H.R. 2920	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2009.
H. Res. 669	H.R. 3288	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 673	H.R. 3293	Department of Education Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 685	H.R. 3326	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 697	H.R. 3269	Corporate and Financial Institution Compensation Fairness Act of 2009.
H. Res. 726	H.R. 965	Chesapeake Bay Gateways and Watertrails Network Continuing Authorization Act.
H. Res. 745	H.R. 3246	Advanced Vehicle Technology Act of 2009.
H. Res. 746	H.R. 3221	Student Aid and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2009.
H. Res. 764	H.R. 505	Native Hawaiian Government Reorganization Act of 2007.
H. Res. 846	H.R. 3585	Solar Technology Roadmap Act.
H. Res. 853	H.R. 3619	Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2010.
H. Res. 875	H.R. 3854	Small Business Financing and Investment Act of 2009.
H. Res. 884	H.R. 3639	Expedited CARD Reform for Consumers Act of 2009.
H. Res. 885	H.R. 2868	Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Act of 2009.
H. Res. 903	H.R. 3962	Affordable Health Care for America Act.
H. Res. 909	H.R. 3791	Fire Grants Reauthorization Act of 2009.
H. Res. 964	H.R. 4713	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3254	Taos Pueblo Indian Water Rights Settlement Act.
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3342	Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act.
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 1065	White Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1051	H.R. 4061	Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1083	H.R. 2314	Native Hawaiian Government Reorganization Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1105	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 1126	H.R. 4247	Preventing Harmful Restraint and Seclusion in Schools Act.
H. Res. 1168	H.R. 3650	Harmful Algal Blooms and Hypoxia Research and Control Amendments Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1192	H.R. 3644	Ocean, Coastal, and Watershed Education Act.
H. Res. 1248	H.R. 1612	Public Lands Service Corps Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1300	H.R. 4715	Clean Estuaries Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1300	H.R. 5013	Implementing Management for Performance and Related Reforms to Obtain Value in Every Acquisition Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1305	H.R. 2499	Puerto Rico Democracy Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1329	H.R. 5019	Home Star Energy Retrofit Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1344	H.R. 5116	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 5136	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011.
H. Res. 1424	H.R. 5072	FHA Reform Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1436	H.R. 5297	Small Business Lending Fund Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1468	H.R. 5175	Democracy is Strengthened by Casting Light on Spending in Elections Act.
H. Res. 1517	H.R. 5114	Flood Insurance Reform Priorities Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1559	H.R. 5822	Military Construction and Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2011.
H. Res. 1574	H.R. 3534	Consolidated Land, Energy, and Aquatic Resources Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1569	H.R. 5850	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2011.
H. Res. 1620	H.R. 4785	Rural Energy Savings Program Act.
Closed: H. Res. 52	H.R. 2	Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009.
H. Res. 87	S. 181	Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009.
H. Res. 108	S. 352	DTV Delay Act.
H. Res. 184	H.R. 1105	Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009.
H. Res. 219	H.J. Res. 38	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2009, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 294	H. Res. 279	Providing for the expenses of certain committees of the House of Representatives in the One Hundred Eleventh Congress.
H. Res. 372	H.R. 1913	Local Law Enforcement Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 2009.
H. Res. 434	H.R. 2346	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009.
H. Res. 490	H.R. 31	Lumbee Recognition Act.

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED—Continued

H. Res. 691	H.R. 2749	Food Safety Enhancement Act of 2009.
H. Res. 760	H.R. 324	Santa Cruz Valley National Heritage Area Act.
H. Res. 830	H.R. 2442	Bay Area Regional Water Recycling Program Expansion Act of 2009.
H. Res. 364	H.R. 1592	Local Law Enforcement Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 2007.
H. Res. 903	H.R. 3961	Medicare Physician Payment Reform Act of 2009.
H. Res. 908	H.R. 2781	To amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate segments of the Molalla River in Oregon, as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 941	H.R. 4154	Permanent Estate Tax Relief for Families, Farmers, and Small Businesses Act of 2009.
H. Res. 955	H.R. 4213	Tax Extenders Act of 2009.
H. Res. 976	H.J. Res. 64	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2010, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 976	H.R. 4314	To permit continued financing of Government operations.
H. Res. 1038	H.R. 3726	Castle Nugent National Historic Site Establishment Act.
	H.R. 4474	Idaho Wilderness Water Facilities Act.
H. Res. 1098	H.R. 4626	Health Insurance Industry Fair Competition Act.
H. Res. 1146	H. Con. Res. 248	Directing the President, pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution, to remove the Armed Forces from Afghanistan.
H. Res. 1204	H.R. 4899	Disaster Relief and Summer Jobs Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1205	H.R. 4849	Small Business and Infrastructure Jobs Tax Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1436	H.R. 5486	Small Business Jobs Tax Relief Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1495	H.R. 5618	Restoration of Emergency Unemployment Compensation Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1509	H.R. 1722	Telework Improvements Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1549	H.R. 1264	Multiple Peril Insurance Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1556	H. Con. Res. 301	Directing the President, pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution, to remove the Armed Forces from Pakistan.
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 5893	Investing in American Jobs and Closing Tax Loopholes Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1574	H.R. 5851	Offshore Oil and Gas Worker Whistleblower Protection Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1674	H.R. 847	James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010.
	H.R. 2387	Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act.
	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for 2010.
H. Res. 1741	H.J. Res. 101	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1742	S. 3307	Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1776	H.J. 105	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.

Special Procedures

Waiving Rule XIII, clause 6(a), requiring a two-thirds vote to consider a rule on the same day it is reported from the Committee on Rules:

H. Res. 158	Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Tuesday February 11, 2009 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of February 13, 2009, providing for consideration or disposition of any measure relating to the bill (H.R. 1) making supplemental appropriations for job preservation and creation, infrastructure investment, energy efficiency and science, assistance to the unemployed, and State and local fiscal stabilization, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2009, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 218	Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Thursday March 5, 2009 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported on the legislative day of March 6, 2009, providing for consideration or disposition of any measure making appropriations for the fiscal year 2009, and for other purposes.

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED—Continued

H. Res. 229		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Tuesday March 10, 2009 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported on the legislative day of March 11, 2009, providing for consideration or disposition of any measure making appropriations for the fiscal year 2009, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 289		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Thursday March 26, 2009 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of March 30, 2009, providing for consideration or disposition of the bill (H.R. 1388) to reauthorize and reform the national service laws, an amendment thereto, or a conference report thereon.
H. Res. 365		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Monday April 27, 2009 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported on the legislative day of April 28, 2009, providing for consideration or disposition of a conference report to accompany the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 13) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014.
H. Res. 450		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Monday May 18, 2009 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported on the legislative day of May 19, 2009, providing for consideration or disposition of the bill (S. 896) to prevent mortgage foreclosures and enhance mortgage credit availability.
H. Res. 962		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Tuesday, December 9, 2009 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported on the legislative day of December 10, 2009, providing for further consideration or disposition of the bill (H.R. 4173) to provide for financial regulatory reform, to protect consumers and investors, to enhance Federal understanding of insurance issues, to regulate the over-the-counter derivatives markets, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 973		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Tuesday December 15, 2009 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported on the legislative day of December 16, 2009.
H. Res. 976	H.R. 3326 H.R. 4314 H.R. 2847 H.J. Res. 64	Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Wednesday December 16, 2009 to consider a report from the Rules Committee on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any rules reported from the Rules Committee for the remainder of the first session of the 111th Congress.
H. Res. 1105	H.R. 2701	Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Wednesday February 24, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of February 26, 2010.
H. Res. 1126		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Tuesday March 2, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of March 4, 2010.

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED—Continued

H. Res. 1212		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Monday March 24, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of March 29, 2010.
H. Res. 1248	H.R. 4715	Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Wednesday April 14, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of April 16, 2010, providing for consideration of a measure relating to the extension of unemployment insurance.
H. Res. 1392		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Tuesday May 25, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported on the legislative day of May 26, 2010, providing for consideration or disposition of the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 4213) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend certain expiring provisions, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 5136	Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Wednesday, May 26, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of June 1, 2010.
H. Res. 1436	H.R. 5486	Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Monday June 14, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of June 18, 2010, providing for consideration or disposition of any Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 4213) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend certain expiring provisions, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1468	H.R. 5175	Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Wednesday June 23, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of June 25, 2010, providing for consideration or disposition of a measure that includes a subject matter addressed by H.R. 4213.
H. Res. 1487		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Tuesday June 29, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of July 3, 2010, providing for consideration or disposition of any of the following: (1) A conference report to accompany the bill (H.R. 4173) to provide for financial regulatory reform, to protect consumers and investors, to enhance Federal understanding of insurance issues, to regulate the over-the-counter derivatives markets, and for other purposes. (2) A measure that includes a subject matter addressed by H.R. 4213 or any amendment pertaining thereto.
H. Res. 1495	H.R. 5618	Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Wednesday June 30, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of July 3, 2010.
H. Res. 1496		Special Rule Reported on the Legislative day of Wednesday June 30, to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of July 3, 2010.

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED—Continued

H. Res. 1537		Special rule reported on the Legislative day of Tuesday, July 20, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of Friday, July 23, 2010.
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 5893	Special rule reported on the Legislative day of Wednesday, July 28, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of Sunday, August 1, 2010.
H. Res. 1606	H.R. 1586	Special rule reported on the Legislative day of Monday, August 9, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of Wednesday, August 11, 2010.
H. Res. 1640	H.R. 5297	Special rule reported on the Legislative day of Wednesday, September 22, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of Friday, October 1, 2010.
H. Res. 1752		Special rule reported on the Legislative day of Tuesday, December 7, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of December 18, 2010.
H. Res. 1771		Special rule reported on the Legislative day of Thursday, December 16, 2010 to consider a report from the Committee on Rules on the same day it is presented to the House is waived with respect to any resolution reported through the legislative day of December 24, 2010.
Makes in order suspensions on special days:		
H. Res. 157		Suspensions in order on Thursday, February 13, 2008.
H. Res. 257		Suspensions in order on Thursday, March 19, 2009.
H. Res. 766		Suspensions in order on Thursday, September 24, 2009.
H. Res. 875	H.R. 3854	Suspensions in order on Friday, October 30, 2009.
H. Res. 885	H.R. 2868	Suspensions in order on Saturday, November 7, 2009.
H. Res. 976	H.R. 3326	Suspensions in order during the remainder of the first session of the 111th Congress.
	H.J. Res. 64	
	H.R. 4314	
	H. Res. 2847	
H. Res. 1105	H.R. 2701	Suspensions in order on Friday, February 26, 2010.
H. Res. 1126	H.R. 4247	Suspensions in order on Thursday, March 4, 2010.
H. Res. 1190		Suspensions in order on Sunday, March 21, 2010.
H. Res. 1212	H.R. 1586	Suspensions in order on Monday, March 28, 2010.
H. Res. 1248	H.R. 4715	Suspensions in order on Friday, April 16, 2010.
H. Res. 1392		Suspensions in order on Sunday, May 30, 2010.
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 5136	Suspensions in order on Sunday, May 30, 2010.
H. Res. 1424	H.R. 5072	Suspensions in order on Friday, June 11, 2010.
H. Res. 1436	H.R. 5486	Suspensions in order on Friday, June 18, 2010.
	H.R. 5297	
H. Res. 1468	H.R. 5175	Suspensions in order on Friday, June 25, 2010.
H. Res. 1487		Suspensions in order on Saturday, July 3, 2010.
H. Res. 1537		Suspensions in order on Friday, July 23, 2010.
H. Res. 1559	H.R. 5822	Suspensions in order on Saturday, August 1, 2010.
H. Res. 1640	H.R. 5297	Suspensions in order on Friday, October 1, 2010.
H. Res. 1721	H.R. 1722	Suspensions in order on Friday, November 19, 2010.
H. Res. 1752		Suspensions in order on Saturday, December 18, 2010.
H. Res. 1771		Suspensions in order on Friday, December 24, 2010.
Senate Hook-up:		
H. Res. 316	S. Con. Res. 13	An original concurrent resolution setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014.
H. Res. 1105	S. 1494	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED—Continued

Disposition of Senate amendments:		
H. Res. 107	H.R. 2	Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009.
H. Res. 280	H.R. 146	Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009.
H. Res. 296	H.R. 1388	Serve America Act.
H. Res. 456	H.R. 627	Credit Card Accountability Responsibility and Disclosure Act of 2009.
H. Res. 532	H.R. 1256	Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act.
H. Res. 976	H.R. 3326	Making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes.
	H.J. Res. 64	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2010, and for other purposes.
	H.R. 4314	To permit continued financing of Government operations.
	H.R. 2847	Making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, and Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes; and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1065	H.J. Res. 45	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1109	H.R. 3961	To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to reform the Medicare SGR payment system for physicians and to re-institute and update the Pay-As-You-Go requirement of budget neutrality on new tax and mandatory spending legislation, enforced by the threat of annual, automatic sequestration.
H. Res. 1137	H.R. 2847	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 1203	H.R. 3590	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.
H. Res. 1212	H.R. 1586	Reconciliation Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1225	H.R. 4872	Aviation Safety and Investment Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1403	H.R. 4213	Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010.
		To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend certain expiring provisions, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1500	H.R. 4899	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 1550	H.R. 4213	Unemployment Compensation Extension Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1606	H.R. 1586	Education Jobs and Medicaid Funding Bill.
H. Res. 1640	H.R. 5297	Small Business Jobs and Credit Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1674	H.R. 847	James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010.
	H.R. 2378	Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act.
	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 1682	H.R. 3081	Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011.
H. Res. 1721	H.R. 1722	Telework Improvements Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1736	H.R. 4783	Claims Resolution Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1745	H.R. 4853	Middle Class Tax Relief Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1755	H.R. 3082	Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2010 (Full-Year FY11 CR and Food Safety).
H. Res. 1756	H.R. 5281	Removal Clarification Act of 2010 (Development, Relief, and Education for Alien Minors (DREAM) Act).
H. Res. 1764	H.R. 2965	SBIR/STTR Reauthorization Act of 2009 (Don't Ask, Don't Tell Repeal Act of 2010).
H. Res. 1766	H.R. 4853	Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1781	H.R. 5116	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010.
	H.R. 2751	FDA Food Safety Modernization Act.
	H.R. 2142	GPRA Modernization Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1782	H.R. 3082	Continuing Appropriations and Surface Transportation Extensions Act, 2011.
Conference Reports:		
H. Res. 168	H.R. 1	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.
H. Res. 371	S. Con. Res. 13	Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 463	S. 454	Weapons Acquisition System Reform Through Enhancing Technical Knowledge and Oversight Act of 2009.
H. Res. 545	H.R. 2346	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009.
H. Res. 772	H.R. 2918	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 788	H.R. 3183	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED—Continued

H. Res. 799	H.R. 2997	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 808	H.R. 2647	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 829	H.R. 2892	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 876	H.R. 2996	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 961	H.R. 3288	Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010.
H. Res. 1490	H.R. 4173	Restoring American Financial Stability Act of 2010.
Chair's en bloc authority:		
H. Res. 572	H.R. 2647	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 964	H.R. 4173	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1344	H.R. 5116	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 5136	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011.
Self-executing amendments:		
H. Res. 92	H.R. 1	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.
H. Res. 184	H.R. 1105	Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009.
H. Res. 205	H.R. 1106	Helping Families Save Their Homes Act of 2009.
H. Res. 294	H. Res. 279	Providing for the expenses of certain committees of the House of Representatives in the One Hundred Eleventh Congress.
H. Res. 307	H.R. 1256	Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act.
H. Res. 372	H.R. 1913	Local Law Enforcement Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 2009.
H. Res. 434	H.R. 2346	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009.
H. Res. 464	H.R. 915	FAA Reauthorization Act of 2009.
H. Res. 490	H.R. 1385	Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2009.
H. Res. 522	H.R. 31	Lumbee Recognition Act.
	H.R. 1886	Pakistan Enduring Assistance and Cooperation Enhancement Act of 2009.
H. Res. 587	H.R. 2410	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011.
	H.R. 2454	American Clean Energy and Security Act of 2009.
H. Res. 653	H.R. 1018	Restore Our American Mustangs Act.
H. Res. 665	H.R. 2920	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2009.
H. Res. 691	H.R. 2749	Food Safety Enhancement Act of 2009.
H. Res. 697	H.R. 3269	Corporate and Financial Institution Compensation Fairness Act of 2009.
H. Res. 760	H.R. 324	Santa Cruz Valley National Heritage Area Act.
H. Res. 830	H.R. 2442	Bay Area Regional Water Recycling Program Expansion Act of 2009.
H. Res. 853	H.R. 3619	Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2010.
H. Res. 875	H.R. 3854	Small Business Financing and Investment Act of 2009.
H. Res. 884	H.R. 3639	Expedited CARD Reform for Consumers Act of 2009.
H. Res. 903	H.R. 3692	Affordable Health Care for America Act.
H. Res. 908	H.R. 3961	Medicare Physician Payment Reform Act of 2009.
	H.R. 2781	To amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate segments of the Molalla River in Oregon, as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 909	H.R. 3791	Fire Grants Reauthorization Act of 2009.
H. Res. 956	H.R. 4173	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3254	Taos Pueblo Indian Water Rights Settlement Act.
	H.R. 3342	Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act.
	H.R. 1065	White Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1038	H.R. 3726	Castle Nugent National Historic Site Establishment Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1126	H.R. 4474	Idaho Wilderness Water Facilities Act.
	H.R. 4247	Preventing Harmful Restraint and Seclusion in Schools Act.
H. Res. 1168	H.R. 3650	Harmful Algal Blooms and Hypoxia Research and Control Amendments Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1192	H.R. 3644	Ocean, Coastal, and Watershed Education Act.
H. Res. 1203	H.R. 1612	Public Lands Service Corps Act of 2009.
	H.R. 3590	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.
H. Res. 1205	H.R. 4872	Reconciliation Act of 2010.
	H.R. 4849	Small Business and Infrastructure Jobs Tax Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1344	H.R. 5116	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1436	H.R. 5486	Small Business Jobs Tax Relief Act of 2010.

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED—Continued

	H.R. 5297	Small Business Lending Fund Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1468	H.R. 5175	Democracy is Strengthened by Casting Light on Spending in Elections Act.
H. Res. 1495	H.R. 5618	Restoration of Emergency Unemployment Compensation Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1500	H.R. 4899	Disaster Relief and Summer Jobs Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1509	H.R. 1722	Telework Improvements Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1574	H.R. 3534	Consolidated Land, Energy, and Aquatic Resources Act of 2009.
	H.R. 5851	Offshore Oil and Gas Worker Whistleblower Protection Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1674	H.R. 847	James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010.
	H.R. 2378	Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act.
	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for 2010.
Makes in order original text:		
H. Res. 235	H.R. 1262	Water Quality Investment Act of 2009.
H. Res. 250	H.R. 1388	Generations Invigorating Volunteerism and Education Act.
H. Res. 306	H.R. 1664	To amend the executive compensation provisions of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 to prohibit unreasonable and excessive compensation and compensation not based on performance standards.
H. Res. 352	H.R. 1145	National Water Research and Development Initiative Act of 2009.
H. Res. 379	H.R. 627	Credit Cardholders' Bill of Rights Act of 2009.
H. Res. 406	H.R. 1728	Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act.
H. Res. 427	H.R. 2187	21st Century Green High-Performing Public School Facilities Act.
H. Res. 457	H.R. 2352	Job Creation Through Entrepreneurship Act of 2009.
H. Res. 464	H.R. 915	FAA Reauthorization Act of 2009.
H. Res. 474	H.R. 2200	Transportation Security Administration Authorization Act.
H. Res. 490	H.R. 1385	Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2009.
	H.R. 31	Lumbee Recognition Act.
H. Res. 522	H.R. 1886	Pakistan Enduring Assistance and Cooperation Enhancement Act of 2009.
	H.R. 2410	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011.
H. Res. 572	H.R. 2647	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 610	H.R. 2965	Enhancing Small Business Research and Innovation Act of 2009.
H. Res. 618	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 745	H.R. 3246	Advanced Vehicle Technology Act of 2009.
H. Res. 746	H.R. 3221	Student Aid and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2009.
H. Res. 846	H.R. 3585	Solar Technology Roadmap Act.
H. Res. 853	H.R. 3619	Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2010.
H. Res. 884	H.R. 3639	Expedited CARD Reform for Consumers Act of 2009.
H. Res. 885	H.R. 2868	Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Act of 2009.
H. Res. 909	H.R. 3971	Fire Grants Reauthorization Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1051	H.R. 4061	Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1105	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
H. Res. 1300	H.R. 5013	Implementing Management for Performance and Related Reforms to Obtain Value in Every Acquisition Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1305	H.R. 2499	Puerto Rico Democracy Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1329	H.R. 5019	Home Star Energy Retrofit Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1344	H.R. 5116	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 5136	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011.
H. Res. 1424	H.R. 5072	FHA Reform Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1436	H.R. 5486	Small Business Jobs Tax Relief Act of 2010.
	H.R. 5297	Small Business Lending Fund Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1468	H.R. 5175	Democracy is Strengthened by Casting Light on Spending in Elections Act.
H. Res. 1517	H.R. 5114	Flood Insurance Reform Priorities Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1574	H.R. 3534	Consolidated Land, Energy, and Aquatic Resources Act of 2009.
	H.R. 5297	Offshore Oil and Gas Worker Whistleblower Protection Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1620	H. Res. 4785	Rural Energy Savings Program Act.

A. TABLE 1.—TYPES OF RULES GRANTED—Continued

Providing for the Engrossment of Multiple Measures:		
H. Res. 307	H.R. 1256	Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act.
	H.R. 1804	Federal Retirement Reform Act of 2009.
H. Res. 522	H.R. 1886	Enduring Assistance and Cooperation Enhancement Act of 2009.
	H.R. 2410	Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011.
H. Res. 572	H.R. 2647	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010.
	H.R. 2990	Disabled Military Retiree Relief Act of 2009.
H. Res. 903	H.R. 3962	Affordable Health Care for Act.
	H.R. 3961	Medicare Physician Payment Reform Act of 2009.
	H.R. 2920	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2009.
H. Res. 941	H.R. 4154	Permanent Estate Tax Relief for Families, Farmers, and Small Businesses Act of 2009.
	H.R. 2920	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2009.
H. Res. 976	H.R. 3326	Making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes.
	H.J. Res. 64	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2010, and for other purposes.
	H.R. 4314	To permit continued financing of Government operations.
	H.R. 2847	Making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, and Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes; and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 5136	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011.
H. Res. 1436	H.R. 5486	Small Business Jobs Tax Relief Act of 2010.
	H.R. 5297	Small Business Lending Fund Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1574	H.R. 3534	Consolidated Land, Energy, and Aquatic Resources Act of 2009.
	H.R. 5851	Offshore Oil and Gas Worker Whistleblower Protection Act of 2010.
Providing for the Consideration of Multiple Measures:		
H. Res. 490	H.R. 31	Lumbee Recognition Act.
	H.R. 1385	Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2009.
H. Res. 903	H.R. 3962	Affordable Health Care for Act.
	H.R. 3961	Medicare Physician Payment Reform Act of 2009.
	H.R. 2920	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2009.
H. Res. 976	H.R. 3326	Making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes.
	H.J. Res. 64	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2010, and for other purposes.
	H.R. 4314	To permit continued financing of Government operations.
	H.R. 2847	Making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, and Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes; and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3254	Taos Pueblo Indian Water Rights Settlement Act.
	H.R. 3342	Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act.
	H.R. 1065	White Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act of 2009.
H. Res. 1038	H.R. 3726	Castle Nugent National Historic Site Establishment Act.
	H.R. 4474	Idaho Wilderness Water Facilities Act.
H. Res. 1192	H.R. 1612	Public Lands Service Corps Act of 2009.
	H.R. 3644	Ocean, Coastal, and Watershed Education Act.
H. Res. 1203	H.R. 3590	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.
	H.R. 4872	Reconciliation Act of 2010.
H. Res. 1674	H.R. 847	James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010.
	H.R. 2378	Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act.
	H.R. 2701	Intelligence Authorization Act for 2010.
H. Res. 1781	H.R. 5116	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010.
	H.R. 2751	FDA Food Safety Modernization Act.
	H.R. 2142	GPRA Modernization Act of 2010.

B. TABLE 2.—RESOLUTIONS REPORTED

Rule	Bill	Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 52, H. Rept. 111–1	H.R. 2	Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	1/13/2009	Hastings (F)/Sessions
H. Res. 53, H. Rept. 111–2	H.R. 384	Rule Adopted record vote 244–178 TARP Reform and Accountability Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	1/14/2009	
H. Res. 62, H. Rept. 111–3	H.R. 384	Rule Adopted record vote 235–191 TARP Reform and Accountability Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	1/13/2009	McGovern/Dreier
H. Res. 87, H. Rept. 111–5	S. 181	Rule Adopted record vote 235–191 Lilly Ledbetter Fair Pay Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	1/14/2009	McGovern/Dreier
H. Res. 88, H. Rept. 111–6	H.R. 1	Previous question agreed to 252–175 Rule Adopted record vote 252–174 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	1/15/2009	
H. Res. 92, H. Rept. 111–9	H.R. 1	Previous question agreed to 244–183 Rule Adopted record vote 235–191 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	1/26/2009	Pingree/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 107, H. Rept. 111–10	H.R. 2	Rule Adopted record vote 243–185 Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009—SENATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules	1/27/2009	McGovern/Dreier
H. Res. 108, H. Rept. 111–11	S. 352	Rule Adopted record vote 248–174 DTV Delay Act. Reported from Rules	1/27/2009	
H. Res. 157, H. Rept. 111–14		Rule Adopted record vote 243–185 Providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules, and for other purposes. Reported from Rules	1/27/2009	Slaughter/Dreier
H. Res. 158, H. Rept. 111–15		Rule Adopted record vote 248–174 Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules. Reported from Rules	1/28/2009	
H. Res. 168, H. Rept. 111–17	H.R. 1	Laid on the table American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.	2/3/2009	Polis/Sessions
			2/4/2009	
			2/3/2009	Cardoza/Fox
			2/4/2009	
			2/11/2009	Perlmutter/Fox
			2/12/2009	
			2/11/2009	Slaughter/Dreier
			2/25/2009	

		Reported from Rules	2/12/2009	Slaughter/Dreier
		Previous question agreed to 234–194	2/13/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 231–194	2/13/2009	
H. Res. 184, H. Rept. 111–20	H.R. 1105	Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009.		McGovern/Sessions
		Reported from Rules	2/24/2009	
		Previous question agreed to 393–25	2/25/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 398–24	2/25/2009	
H. Res. 190, H. Rept. 111–21	H.R. 1106	Helping Families Save Their Homes Act of 2009.		Hastings (FL)/Fox
		Reported from Rules	2/25/2009	
		Previous question agreed to 238–183	2/26/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 224–198	2/26/2009	
H. Res. 205, H. Rept. 111–23	H.R. 1106	Helping Families Save Their Homes Act of 2009.		Hastings (FL)/Fox
		Reported from Rules	3/4/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 239–181, 1 present	3/5/2009	
H. Res. 218, H. Rept. 111–24		Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.		McGovern/Sessions
		Reported from Rules	3/5/2009	
		Laid on the table	3/12/2009	
H. Res. 219, H. Rept. 111–25	H.J. Res. 38	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2009, and for other purposes.		McGovern/Sessions
		Reported from Rules	3/6/2009	
		Laid on the table	3/12/2009	
H. Res. 229, H. Rept. 111–35		Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.		McGovern/Sessions
		Reported from Rules	3/10/2009	
		Laid on the table	3/12/2009	
H. Res. 235, H. Rept. 111–36	H.R. 1262	Water Quality Investment Act of 2009.		Arcuri/Diaz-Balart
		Reported from Rules	3/11/2009	
		Rule Adopted voice vote	3/12/2009	
H. Res. 250, H. Rept. 111–39	H.R. 1388	Generations Invigorating Volunteerism and Education (GIVE) Act.		Matsui/Diaz-Balart
		Reported from Rules	3/17/2009	
		Previous question agreed to 221–182	3/18/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 248–174	3/18/2009	
H. Res. 257, H. Rept. 111–40		Providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules. Reported from Rules.	3/28/2009	Pingree/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 242–180	3/19/2009	
		Rule Adopted voice vote	3/19/2009	
H. Res. 280, H. Rept. 111–51	H.R. 146	Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009—SENATE AMENDMENTS.		Pingree/Fox
		Reported from Rules	3/24/2009	
		Previous question agreed to 242–180	3/25/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 247–177	3/25/2009	

B. TABLE 2.—RESOLUTIONS REPORTED—Continued

Rule	Bill	Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 281, H. Rept. 111–52	H.R. 1404	Federal Land Assistance, Management and Enhancement (FLAME) Act. Reported from Rules	3/24/2009	
H. Res. 289, H. Rept. 111–57 .....	.....	Rule Adopted record vote 248–175	3/25/2009	Polis/Diaz-Balart
		Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.		
H. Res. 294, H. Rept. 111–63	H. Res. 279	Reported from Rules	3/26/2009	Matsui/Diaz-Balart
		Laid on the table	3/31/2009	
		Providing for the expenses of certain committees of the House of Representatives in the One Hundred Eleventh Congress.		
H. Res. 296, H. Rept. 111–67	H.R. 1388	Reported from Rules	3/30/2009	Hastings (FL)/Dreier
		Rule Adopted voice vote	3/31/2009	
		Generations Invigorating Volunteerism and Education (GIVE) Act—SENATE AMEND- MENTS.		
H. Res. 305, H. Rept. 111–70	H. Con. Res. 85	Reported from Rules	3/30/2009	Matsui/Diaz-Balart
		Rule Adopted record vote 240–173	3/31/2009	
		Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2010.		
H. Res. 306, H. Rept. 111–71	H.R. 1664	Reported from Rules	3/31/2009	McGovern/Dreier
		Rule Adopted record vote 234–179	4/1/2009	
		To amend the executive compensation provisions of the Emergency Economic Sta- bilization Act of 2008 to prohibit unreasonable and excessive compensation and compensation not based on performance standards.		
H. Res. 307, H. Rept. 111–72	H.R. 1256	Reported from Rules	3/31/2009	Perlmutter/Fox
		Rule Adopted record vote 236–175, 1 present	4/1/2009	
		Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act.		
H. Res. 316, H. Rept. 111–73	H. Con. Res. 85	Reported from Rules	3/31/2009	Polis/Fox
		Rule Adopted voice vote	4/1/2009	
H. Res. 352, H. Rept. 111–82	H.R. 1145	Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2010. Reported from Rules	4/1/2009	McGovern/Dreier
		Rule Adopted record vote 242–182	4/2/2009	
		National Water Research and Development Initiative Act of 2009.		
H. Res. 365, H. Rept. 111–87 .....	.....	Reported from Rules	4/22/2009	Arco/Diaz-Balart
		Rule Adopted voice vote	4/23/2009	
		Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.		
H. Res. 371, H. Rept. 111–90	S. Con. Res. 13	Reported from Rules	4/27/2009	McGovern/Dreier
		Rule Adopted record vote 233–191	4/28/2009	
		Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2010—CONFERENCE REPORT.		

H. Res. 372, H. Rept. 111–91	H.R. 1913	Reported from Rules	4/28/2009	McGovern/Dreier
		Rule Adopted record vote 234–185	4/28/2009	
		Local Law Enforcement Hate Crimes Prevention Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules		
		Previous question agreed to 234–181	4/28/2009	Hastings (FL)/Fox
H. Res. 379, H. Rept. 111–92	H.R. 627	Rule Adopted record vote 234–190	4/29/2009	
		Credit Cardholders' Bill of Rights Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	4/29/2009	Perlmutter/Sessions
		Rule Adopted record vote 249–175	4/30/2009	
H. Res. 400, H. Rept. 111–96	H.R. 1728	Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act.		
		Reported from Rules	5/5/2009	Pingree/Sessions
		Rule Adopted voice vote	5/6/2009	
H. Res. 406, H. Rept. 111–98	H.R. 1728	Mortgage Reform and Anti-Predatory Lending Act.		
		Reported from Rules	5/6/2009	Cardoza/Sessions
		Rule Adopted record vote 247–174	5/7/2009	
H. Res. 427, H. Rept. 111–106	H.R. 2187	21st Century Green High-Performing Public School Facilities Act.		
		Reported from Rules	5/12/2009	Polis/Diaz-Balart
		Rule Adopted record vote 248–175	5/13/2009	
H. Res. 434, H. Rept. 111–107	H.R. 2346	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	5/13/2009	Perlmutter/Dreier
		Previous question agreed to 240–188	5/14/2009	
H. Res. 450, H. Rept. 111–113		Rule Adopted record vote 247–178		
		Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.		
		Reported from Rules	5/18/2009	Perlmutter/Sessions
		Laid on the table	5/20/2009	
H. Res. 456, H. Rept. 111–120	H.R. 627	Credit Cardholders' Bill of Rights Act of 2009—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
		Reported from Rules	5/19/2009	Pingree/Sessions
H. Res. 457, H. Rept. 111–121	H.R. 2352	Rule Adopted record vote 247–180	5/20/2009	Polis/Fox
		Job Creation Through Entrepreneurship Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	5/19/2009	Polis/Fox
		Previous question agreed to 244–175, 1 present	5/20/2009	
H. Res. 463, H. Rept. 111–125	S. 454	Rule Adopted record vote 247–175	5/20/2009	
		Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act of 2009—CONFERENCE REPORT.		
		Reported from Rules	5/20/2009	Pingree/Dreier
		Rule Adopted voice vote	5/21/2009	
H. Res. 464, H. Rept. 111–126	H.R. 915	FAA Reauthorization Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	5/20/2009	Arcuri/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 246–175	5/21/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 234–178	5/21/2009	

B. TABLE 2.—RESOLUTIONS REPORTED—Continued

Rule	Bill	Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 474, H. Rept. 111–127	H.R. 2200	Transportation Security Administration Authorization Act. Reported from Rules	5/21/2009	Perlmutter/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 490, H. Rept. 111–131	H.R. 31	Rule Adopted record vote 243–179	6/4/2009	
	H.R. 1385	Lumbee Recognition Act. Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	6/2/2009	Cardoza/Dreier
H. Res. 501, H. Rept. 111–133	H.R. 626	Rule Adopted record vote 231–174	6/3/2009	
		Federal Employees Paid Parental Leave Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	6/3/2009	Cardoza/Sessions
H. Res. 522, H. Rept. 111–143	H.R. 1886	Rule Adopted voice vote	6/4/2009	
	H.R. 2410	Enduring Assistance and Cooperation Enhancement Act of 2009. Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011. Reported from Rules		
H. Res. 532, H. Rept. 111–145	H.R. 1256	Rule Adopted record vote 238–183	6/9/2009	Hastings (FL)/Diaz-Balart
		Family Smoking Prevention and Tobacco Control Act—SENATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules	6/10/2009	
H. Res. 544, H. Rept. 111–155	H.R. 2847	Rule Adopted voice vote	6/11/2009	Polis/Fox
		Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	6/15/2009	
H. Res. 545, H. Rept. 111–156	H.R. 2346	Previous question agreed to 247–176	6/16/2009	Arcuri/Diaz-Balart
		Rule Adopted record vote 247–174	6/16/2009	
		Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009—CONFERENCE REPORT. Reported from Rules	6/15/2009	Slaughter/Dreier
H. Res. 552, H. Rept. 111–158	H.R. 2847	Rule Adopted record vote 238–183	6/16/2009	
		Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	6/16/2009	Slaughter/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 559, H. Rept. 111–161	H.R. 2918	Rule Adopted record vote 221–201	6/17/2009	
		Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	6/18/2009	Hastings (FL)/Fox
H. Res. 572, H. Rept. 111–182	H.R. 2647	Previous question agreed to 230–177	6/19/2009	
	H.R. 2990	Rule Adopted record vote 226–179	6/19/2009	
		National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010. Disabled Military Retiree Relief Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	6/23/2009	Pingree/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 245–181	6/24/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 222–202	6/24/2009	

H. Res. 573, H. Rept. 111–183	H.R. 2892	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	6/23/2009	Perlmuter/Dreier
		Previous question agreed to 238–174	6/24/2009	
H. Res. 578, H. Rept. 111–184	H.R. 2996	Rule Adopted record vote 239–184	6/24/2009	
		Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	6/24/2009	Polis/Fox
		Previous question agreed to 241–182	6/25/2009	
H. Res. 587, H. Rept. 111–185	H.R. 2454	Rule Adopted record vote 238–184	6/25/2009	
		American Clean Energy and Security Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	6/25/2009	Matsui/Sessions
		Previous question agreed to 232–189	6/26/2009	
H. Res. 609, H. Rept. 111–191	H.R. 2997	Rule Adopted record vote 217–205	6/26/2009	
		Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	7/7/2009	McGovern/Fox
		Previous question agreed to 239–183	7/8/2009	
H. Res. 610, H. Rept. 111–192	H.R. 2965	Rule Adopted record vote 238–186	7/8/2009	
		Enhancing Small Business Research and Innovation Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	7/7/2009	Polis/Fox
H. Res. 617, H. Rept. 111–193	H.R. 3081	Rule Adopted record vote 236–187	7/8/2009	
		Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	7/8/2009	Cardoza/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 217–187	7/9/2009	
H. Res. 618, H. Rept. 111–194	H.R. 2701	Rule Adopted record vote 223–200	7/9/2009	
		Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010. Reported from Rules	7/8/2009	Hastings (FL)/Dreier
H. Res. 622, H. Rept. 111–195	H.R. 3082	Laid on the table 7/8/2009	7/15/2009	
		Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	7/9/2009	Pingree/Sessions
		Previous question agreed to 244–174	7/10/2009	
H. Res. 644, H. Rept. 111–208	H.R. 3170	Rule Adopted record vote 241–179	7/10/2009	
		Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	7/14/2009	Perlmuter/Sessions
		Previous question agreed to 227–200	7/16/2009	
H. Res. 645, H. Rept. 111–209	H.R. 3183	Rule Adopted record vote 216–213	7/16/2009	
		Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010. Reported from Rules	7/14/2009	Matsui/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 237–177	7/15/2009	

B. TABLE 2.—RESOLUTIONS REPORTED—Continued

Rule	Bill	Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 653, H. Rept. 111–212	H.R. 1018	Rule Adopted record vote 238–185	7/15/2009	
		Restore Our American Mustangs Act.		
		Reported From Rules	7/16/2009	McGovern/Fox
		Previous question agreed to 232–188	7/17/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 236–186	7/17/2009	
H. Res. 665, H. Rept. 111–217	H.R. 2920	Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2009.		
		Reported From Rules	7/21/2009	Arcuri/Dreier
		Rule Adopted record vote 243–182	7/22/2007	
H. Res. 669, H. Rept. 111–219	H.R. 3288	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.		
		Reported From Rules	7/22/2009	Arcuri/Diaz-Balart
		Rule Adopted record vote 235–183	7/23/2009	
H. Res. 673, H. Rept. 111–222	H.R. 3293	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010.		
		Reported From Rules	7/23/2009	Hastings (FL)/Sessions
		Previous question agreed to 239–181	7/24/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 232–187	7/24/2009	
H. Res. 685, H. Rept. 111–233	H.R. 3326	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010.		
		Reported From Rules	7/28/2009	Pingree/Dreier
		Rule Adopted record vote 241–185	7/29/2009	
H. Res. 691, H. Rept. 111–235	H.R. 2749	Food Safety Enhancement Act of 2009.		
		Reported From Rules	7/29/2009	Slaughter/Fox
		Rule Adopted record vote 249–180	7/30/2009	
H. Res. 697, H. Rept. 111–237	H.R. 3269	Corporate and Financial Institution Compensation Fairness Act of 2009.		
		Reported From Rules	7/30/2009	McGovern/Sessions
		Rule Adopted voice vote	7/31/2009	
H. Res. 726, H. Rept. 111–249	H.R. 965	Chesapeake Bay Gateways and Watertrails Network Continuing Authorization Act.		
		Reported From Rules	9/9/2009	
		Rule Adopted voice vote	9/10/2009	
H. Res. 745, H. Rept. 111–255	H.R. 3246	Advanced Vehicle Technology Act of 2009.		
		Reported From Rules	9/15/2009	Matsui/Diaz-Balart
		Rule Adopted voice vote	9/16/2009	
H. Res. 746, H. Rept. 111–256	H.R. 3221	Student Aid and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2009.		
		Reported From Rules	9/15/2009	Polis/Fox
		Rule Adopted record vote 241–179	9/16/2007	
H. Res. 760, H. Rept. 111–263	H.R. 324	Santa Cruz Valley National Heritage Area Act.		

H. Res. 766, H. Rept. 111–264	Reported from Rules	9/22/2009	Cardoza/Fox
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 244–177	9/23/2009	
.....	Providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules.		
.....	Reported from Rules		
H. Res. 772, H. Rept. 111–266	Rule Adopted record vote 235–182	9/23/2009	Matsui/Diaz-Balart
.....	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2010—CONFERENCE REPORT.	9/24/2009	
.....	Reported from Rules		
H. Res. 788, H. Rept. 111–280	Rule Adopted record vote 209–189	9/24/2009	McGovern/Dreier
.....	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010—	9/25/2009	
.....	CONFERENCE REPORT.		
.....	Reported from Rules		
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 234–181	9/30/2009	Matsui/Sessions
H. Res. 799, H. Rept. 111–287	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agen-	10/1/2009	
.....	cies Appropriations Act, 2010—CONFERENCE REPORT.		
.....	Reported from Rules		
.....	Previous question agreed to 237–180	10/6/2009	McGovern/Fox
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 241–178	10/7/2009	
H. Res. 808, H. Rept. 111–289	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010—CONFERENCE REPORT.	10/7/2009	
.....	Reported from Rules		
.....	Previous question agreed to 237–187	10/7/2009	Slaughter/Diaz-Balart
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 234–188	10/8/2009	
H. Res. 829, H. Rept. 111–300	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2010—CONFERENCE RE-	10/8/2009	
.....	PORT.		
.....	Reported from Rules		
.....	Previous question agreed to 243–173	10/14/2009	Hastings (FL)/Diaz-Balart
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 239–174	10/15/2009	
H. Res. 830, H. Rept. 111–301	Bay Area Regional Water Recycling Program Expansion Act of 2009.	10/15/2009	
.....	Reported from Rules		
.....	Previous question agreed to 237–178	10/14/2009	Matsui/Diaz-Balart
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 221–193	10/15/2009	
.....	Solar Technology Roadmap Act.		
H. Res. 846, H. Rept. 111–304	Reported from Rules		
.....	Previous question agreed to 239–176	10/20/2009	Polis/Fox
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 241–178	10/22/2009	
.....	Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2010.	10/22/2009	
H. Res. 853, H. Rept. 111–311	Reported from Rules		
.....	Previous question agreed to 236–171	10/21/2009	Matsui/Diaz-Balart
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 213–192	10/22/2009	
H. Res. 875, H. Rept. 111–317	Small Business Financing and Investment Act of 2009.		
.....	Reported from Rules	10/28/2009	Pingree/Sessions

B. TABLE 2.—RESOLUTIONS REPORTED—Continued

Rule	Bill	Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 876, H. Rept. 111–318	H.R. 2996	Rule Adopted voice vote	10/29/2009	
		Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010—CONFERENCE REPORT.		
		Reported from Rules		
		Previous question agreed to 236–183	10/28/2009	Hastings (FL)/Dreier
		Rule Adopted record vote 232–184	10/29/2009	
H. Res. 884, H. Rept. 111–326	H.R. 3639	Expedited CARD Reform for Consumers Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	11/3/2009	Perlmutter/Sessions
		Previous question agreed to 228–176	11/4/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 234–175	11/4/2009	
H. Res. 885, H. Rept. 111–327	H.R. 2868	Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	11/3/2009	Hastings (FL)/Diaz Balart
		Previous question agreed to 241–180	11/5/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 233–182	11/5/2009	
H. Res. 903, H. Rept. 111–330	H.R. 3962	Affordable Health Care for America Act.		
	H.R. 3961	Medicare Physician Payment Reform Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	11/6/2009	Slaughter/Sessions
		Previous question agreed to 247–187	11/7/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 242–192	11/7/2009	
H. Res. 908, H. Rept. 111–339	H.R. 2781	To amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate segments of the Molalla River in Oregon, as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, and for other purposes.		
		Reported from Rules	11/17/2009	Cardoza/Fox
		Previous question agreed to 241–176	11/19/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 244–176	11/19/2009	
H. Res. 909, H. Rept. 111–340	H.R. 3791	Fire Grants Reauthorization Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	11/17/2009	Pingree/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 242–174	11/18/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 245–173	11/18/2009	
H. Res. 941, H. Rept. 111–350	H.R. 4154	Permanent Estate Tax Relief for Families, Farmers, and Small Businesses Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	12/2/2009	Polis/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 228–187	12/3/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 223–192	12/3/2009	
H. Res. 955, H. Rept. 111–364	H.R. 4213	Tax Extenders Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules	12/8/2009	Acurio/Diaz-Balart

H. Res. 956, H. Rept. 111–365	H.R. 4173	Previous question agreed to 239–182	12/9/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 237–182	12/9/2009	
		Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009.		
		Reported from Rules		Perlmutter/Sessions
H. Res. 961, H. Rept. 111–368	H.R. 3288	Rule Adopted record vote 235–177	12/8/2010	
		Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010—CONFERENCE REPORT.	12/9/2010	
		Reported from Rules		Slaughter/Dreier
		Previous question agreed to 227–187	12/9/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 221–200	12/10/2009	
		Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules	12/10/2009	
H. Res. 962, H. Rept. 111–369 .....	.....	Reported from Rules		Hastings (FL)/Sessions
		Rule Adopted record vote 239–183	12/9/2009	
		Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009.	12/10/2009	
H. Res. 964, H. Rept. 111–370	H.R. 4173	Reported from Rules		Perlmutter/Sessions
		Rule Adopted record vote 238–186	12/10/2009	
H. Res. 973, H. Rept. 111–379 .....	.....	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.		
		Reported from Rules		Pingree/Fox
		Previous question agreed to 226–192	12/15/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 218–202	12/16/2009	
H. Res. 976, H. Rept. 111–380	H.R. 3326	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
	H.J. Res 64	Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2010, and for other purposes.		
		To permit continued financing of Government operations.		
	H.R. 4314	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
	H.R. 2847	Reported from Rules		Pingree/Fox
		Previous question agreed to 235–193	12/16/2009	
		Rule Adopted record vote 228–201	12/16/2009	
H. Res. 1017, H. Rept. 111–399	H.R. 1065	White Mountain Apache Tribe Water Rights Quantification Act of 2009.		
	H.R. 3254	Taos Pueblo Indian Water Rights Settlement Act.		
	H.R. 3342	Aamodt Litigation Settlement Act.		
		Reported from Rules		McGovern/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 239–175	1/19/2010	
		Rule Adopted voice vote 1/19/2010	1/20/2010	
		Castle Nugent National Historic Site Establishment Act of 2009.	1/20/2010	
H. Res. 1038, H. Rept. 111–401	H.R. 3726	Idaho Wilderness Water Facilities Act.		
	H.R. 4474	Reported from Rules		Polis/Sessions
		Rule Adopted record vote 234–174	1/26/2010	
			1/27/2010	

B. TABLE 2.—RESOLUTIONS REPORTED—Continued

Rule	Bill	Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1051, H. Rept. 111-410	H.R. 4061	Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	2/2/2010 2/3/2010 2/3/2010	Arcturi/Fox
H. Res. 1065, H. Rept. 111-411	H.J. Res 45	Previous question agreed to 238-175		
		Rule Adopted record vote 237-176		
		Increasing the statutory limit on the public debt—SENATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules		McGovern/Sessions
		Previous question agreed to 233-195	2/3/2010 2/4/2010 2/4/2010	
H. Res. 1083, H. Rept. 111-413	H.R. 2314	Rule Adopted record vote 217-212		
		Native Hawaiian Government Reorganization Act of 2009. Reported from Rules	2/22/2010 2/23/2010	Polis/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 1098, H. Rept. 111-418	H.R. 4626	Rule Adopted record vote 238-165		
		Health Insurance Industry Fair Competition Act. Reported from Rules	2/23/2010 2/24/2010	Slaughter/Fox
H. Res. 1105, H. Rept. 111-419	H.R. 2701	Rule Adopted record vote 238-181		
		Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010. Reported from Rules	2/24/2010 2/25/2010	Hastings (FL)/Dreier
H. Res. 1109, H. Rept. 111-420	H.R. 3961	Rule Adopted record vote 237-176		
		Medicare Physician Payment Reform Act of 2009—SENATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules	2/25/2010 2/25/2010	Perlmutter/Sessions
H. Res. 1113, H. Rept. 111-421	H.R. 2701	Rule Adopted voice vote		
		Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010. Reported from Rules	2/25/2010 2/26/2010	Cardoza/Dreier
H. Res. 1126, H. Rept. 111-425	H.R. 4247	Rule Adopted voice vote		
		Preventing Harmful Restraint and Seclusion in Schools Act. Reported from Rules	3/2/2010 3/3/2010	Cardoza/Fox
H. Res. 1137, H. Rept. 111-426	H.R. 2847	Rule Adopted record vote 228-184		
		Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010—SEN- ATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules	3/4/2010 3/4/2010 3/4/2010	Matsui/Sessions
H. Res. 1146, H. Rept. 111-428	H. Con. Res. 248	Previous question agreed to 236-184		
		Rule Adopted record vote 212-209		
		Directing the President, pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution, to remove the United States Armed Forces from Afghanistan. Reported from Rules	3/9/2010 3/10/2010	McGovern/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 1168, H. Rept. 111-439	H.R. 3650	Rule Adopted record vote 225-195		
		Harmful Algal Blooms and Hypoxia Research and Control Amendments Act of 2009.		

H. Res. 1190, H. Rept. 111–441	Reported from Rules	3/11/2010	Pingree/Dreier
.....	Rule Adopted voice vote	3/12/2010	
.....	Providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules.		
.....	Reported from Rules		
.....	Previous question agreed to 222–203	3/17/2010	McGovern/Fox
H. Res. 1192, H. Rept. 111–445	Rule Adopted record vote 232–187	3/18/2010	
.....	Ocean, Coastal, and Watershed Education Act.	3/18/2010	
.....	Public Lands Service Corps Act of 2009.		
.....	Reported from Rules		
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 236–171	3/18/2010	Polis/Diaz-Balart
.....	Reconciliation Act of 2010.	3/19/2010	
.....	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.		
.....	Reported from Rules		
.....	Previous question agreed to 228–202	3/21/2010	Slaughter/Dreier
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 224–206	3/21/2010	
H. Res. 1204, H. Rept. 111–454	Disaster Relief and Summer Jobs Act of 2010.		
.....	Reported from Rules	3/22/2010	Perlmutter/Diaz-Balart
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 233–191	3/24/2010	
.....	Small Business and Infrastructure Jobs Tax Act of 2010.		
H. Res. 1205, H. Rept. 111–455	Reported from Rules	3/22/2010	Cardoza/Diaz-Balart
.....	Previous question agreed to 240–179	3/23/2010	
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 233–187	3/23/2010	
H. Res. 1212, H. Rept. 111–456	FAA Air Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act—SENATE	3/24/2010	
.....	AMENDMENTS		
.....	Reported from Rules	3/24/2010	Slaughter/Sessions
.....	Rule Adopted voice vote 231–190	3/24/2010	
.....	.....	3/25/2010	
H. Res. 1225, H. Rept. 111–458	Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010—SENATE AMENDMENTS.		
.....	Reported from Rules	3/25/2010	Slaughter/Dreier
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 225–199	3/25/2010	
H. Res. 1248, H. Rept. 111–463	Clean Estuaries Act of 2010.		
.....	Reported from Rules	4/14/2010	Pingree/Fox
.....	Rule Adopted record vote 235–171	4/15/2010	
1H. Res. 1300, H. Rept. 111–467	Implementing Management for Performance and Related Reforms to Obtain Value		
.....	in Every Acquisition Act of 2010.		
.....	Reported from Rules	4/27/2010	Slaughter/Fox
.....	Rule Adopted voice vote	4/28/2010	
.....	Puerto Rico Democracy Act of 2010.		
H. Res. 1305, H. Rept. 111–468	Reported from Rules	4/28/2010	Polis/Diaz-Balart
.....	Previous question agreed to 218–188	4/29/2010	

B. TABLE 2.—RESOLUTIONS REPORTED—Continued

Rule	Bill	Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1329, H. Rept. 111–475	H.R. 5019	Rule Adopted record vote 222–190	4/29/2010	
		Home Star Energy Retrofit Act of 2010.		
		Reported From Rules	5/5/2010	Matsui/Sessions
H. Res. 1344, H. Rept. 111–479	H.R. 5116	Rule Adopted record vote 229–182	5/6/2010	
		America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010.		
		Reported From Rules	5/11/2010	Perlmutter/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 1363, H. Rept. 111–487		Rule Adopted record vote 243–177	5/12/2010	Dreier/Slaughter
		Granting the authority provided under clause 4(c)(3) of rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the Committee on Education and Labor for purposes of its investigation into underground coal mining safety.		
		Reported From Rules	5/19/2010	
		Previous Question Agreed to 240–177	5/20/2010	
H. Res. 1392, H. Rept. 111–494		Rule Adopted record vote 413–1	5/20/2010	
		Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules, and providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules.		
		Reported From Rules	5/25/2010	Hastings/Fox
		Laid on the table	5/28/2010	
H. Res. 1403, H. Rept. 111–497	H.R. 4213	To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend certain expiring provisions, and for other purposes—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
		Reported From Rules	5/26/2010	Hastings (F)/Sessions
		Previous question agreed to 235–182	5/28/2010	
H. Res. 1404, H. Rept. 111–498	H.R. 5136	Rule Adopted record vote 221–199	5/28/2010	
		National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011.		
		Reported From Rules	5/26/2010	Pingree/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 1424, H. Rept. 111–503	H.R. 5072	Rule Adopted record vote 241–178	5/27/2010	
		FHA Reform Act of 2010.		
		Reported From Rules	6/8/2010	Perlmutter/Sessions
		Previous question agreed to 230–180	6/9/2010	
H. Res. 1436, H. Rept. 111–506	H.R. 5486	Rule Adopted record vote 239–172	6/9/2010	
		To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for small business job creation, and for other purposes.		
		Small Business Lending Fund Act of 2010.		
		Reported From Rules	6/14/2010	Pingree/Sessions.
H. Res. 1448, H. Rept. 111–508	H.R. 5297	Rule Adopted voice vote 228–186	6/15/2010	
		Small Business Lending Fund Act of 2010.		

H. Res. 1468, H. Rept. 111-511	Reported from Rules	6/16/2010	Perlmutter/Fox
	Previous question agreed to 241-179	6/17/2010	
H. Res. 1468, H. Rept. 111-511	Rule Adopted record vote 237-179	6/17/2010	
	Democracy is Strengthened by Casting Light on Spending in Elections Act.		
	Reported from Rules		McGovern/Fox
	Previous question agreed to 243-181	6/23/2010	
	Rule Adopted record vote 220-205	6/24/2010	
H. Res. 1487, H. Rept. 111-516	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules, and for other purposes.	6/24/2010	
	Reported from Rules		McGovern/Sessions
	Previous question agreed to 243-182	6/29/2010	
	Rule Adopted record vote 237-189	6/30/2010	
H. Res. 1490, H. Rept. 111-518	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2009—CONFERENCE REPORT.	6/30/2010	
	Reported from Rules		Perlmutter/Sessions
H. Res. 1495, H. Rept. 111-519	Rule Adopted record vote 234-189	6/30/2010	
	Restoration of Emergency Unemployment Compensation Act of 2010.		
	Reported from Rules	6/30/2010	Cardoza/Fox
H. Res. 1496, H. Rept. 111-520	Rule Adopted record vote 231-189	7/1/2010	
	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.		
	Reported from Rules	6/30/2010	Cardoza/Fox
	Laid on the table	7/14/2010	
H. Res. 1500, H. Rept. 111-522	Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2010—SENATE AMENDMENTS.		
	Reported from Rules	7/1/2010	McGovern/Dreier
	Rule Adopted record vote 215-210	7/1/2010	
H. Res. 1509, H. Rept. 111-535	Telework Improvements Act of 2010.		
	Reported from Rules	7/13/2010	McGovern/Fox
	Previous question agreed to 232-184	7/14/2010	
	Rule Adopted record vote 238-180	7/14/2010	
H. Res. 1517, H. Rept. 111-537	Flood Insurance Reform Priorities Act of 2010.		
	Reported from Rules	7/14/2010	Matsui/Diaz-Balart
	Rule Adopted record vote 239-182	7/15/2010	
	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules and providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules.		
	Reported from Rules	7/20/2010	Hastings (FL)/Fox
	Rule Adopted record vote 233-185	7/21/2010	
H. Res. 1549, H. Rept. 111-555	Multiple Peril Insurance Act of 2009.		
	Reported from Rules	7/21/2010	Slaughter/Sessions

B. TABLE 2.—RESOLUTIONS REPORTED—Continued

Rule	Bill	Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1550, H. Rept. 111–556	H.R. 4213	Previous question agreed to 234–179	7/22/2010	
		Rule Adopted record vote 228–183	7/22/2010	
		Unemployment Compensation Act of 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
		Reported from Rules		Hastings (FL)/Fox
H. Res. 1556, H. Rept. 111–566	H. Con. Res. 301	Rule Adopted record vote 237–180	7/22/2010	
		Directing the President, pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution, to	7/22/2010	
		remove the United States Armed Forces from Pakistan.		
		Reported from Rules		McGovern/Dreier
H. Res. 1559, H. Rept. 111–570	H.R. 5822	Rule Adopted record vote 222–196	7/26/2010	
		Military Construction and Veterans Affairs and Related Agencies Appropriations	7/27/2010	
		Act, 2011.		
		Reported from Rules		Pingree/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 1568, H. Rept. 111–577	H.R. 5893	Rule Adopted record vote 243–178	7/27/2010	
		Investing in American Jobs and Closing Tax Loopholes Act of 2010.	7/28/2010	
		Reported from Rules		Hastings (FL)/Fox
H. Res. 1569, H. Rept. 111–578	H.R. 5850	Rule Adopted record vote 233–182	7/28/2010	
		Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropria-	7/29/2010	
		tions Act, 2011.		
		Reported from Rules		Arcuri/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 236–179	7/28/2010	
H. Res. 1574, H. Rept. 111–582	H.R. 3534	Rule Adopted record vote 231–185	7/29/2010	
	H.R. 5851	Consolidated Land, Energy, and Aquatic Resources Act of 2009.	7/29/2010	
		Offshore Oil and Gas Worker Whistleblower Protection Act of 2010.		
		Reported from Rules		Pingree/Sessions
H. Res. 1606, H. Rept. 111–584	H.R. 1586	Rule Adopted record vote 220–194	7/29/2010	
		FAA Transportation Modernization and Safety Improvement Act—SENATE AMEND-	7/30/2010	
		MENT.		
		Reported from Rules		Slaughter/Dreier
		Previous question agreed to 244–164	8/9/2010	
H. Res. 1620, H. Rept. 111–594	H.R. 4785	Rule Adopted record vote 229–173	8/10/2010	
		Rural Energy Savings Program Act.	8/10/2010	
		Reported from Rules		McGovern/Fox
		Previous question agreed to 226–186	9/15/2010	
		Rule Adopted record vote 225–188	9/16/2010	
H. Res. 1640, H. Rept. 111–621	H.R. 5297	Small Business Jobs and Credit Act of 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT.	9/16/2010	
		Reported from Rules	9/22/2010	Pingree/Diaz-Balart

H. Res. 1674, H. Rept. 111-648	H.R. 847	Previous question agreed to 230-181	9/23/2010	
	H.R. 2378	Rule Adopted record vote 226-186	9/23/2010	
	H.R. 2701	James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act of 2010. Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act. Intelligence Authorization Act for 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules		Arcuri/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 1682, H. Rept. 111-655	H.R. 3081	Previous question agreed to 235-183	9/29/2010	
		Rule Adopted record vote 234-183	9/29/2010	
		Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011—SENATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules	9/29/2010	
		Previous question agreed to 240-186	9/29/2010	Slaughter/Dreier
		Rule Adopted record vote 233-191	9/29/2010	
H. Res. 1721, H. Rept. 111-657	H.R. 1722	Telework Enhancement Act of 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules	11/17/2010	Arcuri/Fox
		Previous question agreed to 239-171	11/18/2010	
H. Res. 1736, H. Rept. 111-660	H.R. 4783	Rule Adopted record vote 235-171	11/18/2010	
		Claims Resolution Act of 2010—SENATE AMENDMENTS. Reported from Rules	11/29/2010	Perlmutter/Fox
H. Res. 1741, H. Rept. 111-664	H.J. Res. 101	Rule Adopted record vote 223-168	11/30/2010	
		Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes. Reported from Rules	11/30/2010	Polis/Dreier
		Rule Adopted record vote 236-172	12/10/2010	
H. Res. 1742, H. Rept. 111-665	S. 3307	Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010. Reported from Rules	11/30/2010	McGovern/Diaz-Balart
		Previous question agreed to 232-180	12/1/2010	
H. Res. 1745, H. Rept. 111-671	H.R. 4853	Rule Adopted record vote 230-174	12/1/2010	
		Middle Class Tax Relief Act of 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules	12/1/2010	Pingree/Dreier
		Previous question agreed to 224-186	12/2/2010	
H. Res. 1752, H. Rept. 111-674		Rule Adopted record vote 213-203	12/2/2010	
		Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules, and providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules. Reported from Rules		Polis/Diaz-Balart
		Rule Adopted record vote 215-194	12/7/2010	
H. Res. 1755, H. Rept. 111-675	H.R. 3082	Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2011—SENATE AMENDMENT. Reported from Rules	12/8/2010	
		Rule Adopted record vote 207-206	12/8/2010	McGovern/Sessions

B. TABLE 2.—RESOLUTIONS REPORTED—Continued

Rule	Bill	Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1756, H. Rept. 111–677	H.R. 5281	Removal Clarification Act of 2010 (Development, Relief, and Education for Alien Minors (DREAM) Act)—SENATE AMENDMENTS.		
		Reported from Rules	12/8/2010	Polis/Fox
H. Res. 1764, H. Rept. 111–681	H.R. 2965	Rule Adopted record vote 211–208	12/8/2010	
		SBIR/STTR Reauthorization Act of 2009 (Don't Ask, Don't Tell Repeal Act of 2010)—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
		Reported from Rules	12/15/2010	Pingree/Diaz-Balart
H. Res. 1766, H. Rept. 111–682	H.R. 4853	Rule Adopted record vote 232–180	12/15/2010	
		Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
		Reported from Rules	12/15/2010	Slaughter/Dreier
H. Res. 1771, H. Rept. 111–684 .....	.....	Rule Adopted record vote 214–201	12/16/2010	
		Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules, and providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules.		
		Reported from Rules	12/17/2010	McGovern/Dreier
H. Res. 1776, H. Rept. 111–689	H.J. Res. 105	Rule Adopted record vote 199–151	12/21/2010	
		Making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.		
		Reported from Rules	12/17/2010	Polis/Sessions
H. Res. 1781, H. Rept. 111–692	H.R. 5116	Rule Adopted record vote 184–159	12/17/2010	
	H.R. 2751	America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
	H.R. 2142	FDA Food Safety Modernization Act—SENATE AMENDMENTS.		
		Government Efficiency, Effectiveness, and Performance Improvement Act of 2010—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
		Reported from Rules	12/21/2010	McGovern/Fox
H. Res. 1782, H. Rept. 111–694	H.R. 3082	Rule Adopted voice vote	12/21/2010	
		Continuing Appropriations and Surface Transportation Extensions Act, 2011—SENATE AMENDMENT.		
		Reported from Rules	12/21/2010	Polis/Sessions
		Rule Adopted voice vote	12/21/2010	

C. TABLE 3.—MEASURES DISCHARGED

H. Res. 424	Authorizing and directing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire whether the House should impeach Samuel B. Kent, a judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas.
H.R. 1886	Pakistan Enduring Assistance and Cooperation Enhancement Act of 2009.

D. TABLE 4.—RESOLUTIONS LAID ON THE TABLE

H. Res. 158	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions from the Committee on Rules.
H. Res. 218	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions from the Committee on Rules.
H. Res. 219 H.J. Res. 38	Providing for consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 38) making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 2009, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 229	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions from the Committee on Rules.
H. Res. 289	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.
H. Res. 450	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.
H. Res. 618 H.R. 2701	Providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2701) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2010 for intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the United States Government, the Community Management Account, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1392	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules, and providing for consideration of motions to suspend the rules.
H. Res. 1496	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules.

E. TABLE 5.—RESOLUTIONS AMENDED

H. Res. 92 H.R. 1	Providing for further consideration of the bill (H.R. 1) making supplemental appropriations for job preservation and creation, infrastructure investment, energy efficiency and science, assistance to the unemployed, and State and local fiscal stabilization, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2009, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 371 S. Con. Res. 13	Providing for consideration of the conference report to accompany the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 13) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014.
H. Res. 685 H.R. 3326	Providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 3326) making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 772 H.R. 2918	Providing for consideration of the conference report to accompany the bill (H.R. 2918) making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010, and for other purposes.

E. TABLE 5.—RESOLUTIONS AMENDED—Continued

H. Res. 808	H.R. 2647	Providing for consideration of the conference report to accompany the bill (H.R. 2647) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2010 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, to provide special pays and allowances to certain members of the Armed Forces, expand concurrent receipt of military retirement and VA disability benefits to disabled military retirees, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1403	H.R. 4213	Providing for consideration of the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 4213) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend certain expiring provisions, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1766	H.R. 4853	Providing for consideration of the Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 4853) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend the funding and expenditure authority of the Airport and Airway Trust Fund, to amend title 49, United States Code, to extend authorizations for the airport improvement program, and for other purposes.

F. TABLE 6.—LIST OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION REFERRALS

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

H. Res. 15: Representative Conyers of Michigan, January 6, 2009. A resolution authorizing and directing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire whether the House should impeach G. Thomas Porteous, a judge of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana.

H. Res. 17: Representative Campbell of California, January 6, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to abolish the Committee on Appropriations.

H. Res. 19: Representative Gerlach of Pennsylvania, January 9, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to encourage bipartisan amendments.

H. Res. 40: Representative Tanner of Tennessee, January 9, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require each standing committee to hold periodic hearings on the topic of waste, fraud, abuse, or mismanagement in Government programs which that committee may authorize, and for other purposes.

H. Res. 48: Representative Rehberg of Montana, January 9, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to establish the Committee on Indian Affairs.

H. Res. 98: Representative Barrett of South Carolina, January 28, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require a vote each year on whether to increase Members' pay.

H. Res. 100: Representative Putnam of Florida, January 28, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to provide for earmark reform.

H. Res. 111: Representative King of New York, February 3, 2009. A resolution establishing a Select Committee on POW and MIA Affairs.

H. Res. 216: Representative Paul of Texas, March 5, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to en-

sure that Members have a reasonable amount of time to read legislation that will be voted upon.

H. Res. 225: Representative Gingrey of Georgia, March 9, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require that general appropriations for military construction and veterans' affairs be considered as stand-alone measures.

H. Res. 272: Representative Lamborn of Colorado, March 19, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to strike rule XXVIII, popularly known as the "Gephardt rule", and to provide that any measure that increases the statutory limit on the public debt shall be stand alone and require a recorded vote.

H. Res. 276: Representative Nunes of California, March 23, 2009. A resolution to provide earmark reform in the House of Representatives.

H. Res. 323: Representative King of Iowa, April 2, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require that rescission bills always be considered under open rules every year, and for other purposes.

H. Res. 343: Representative Conaway of Texas, April 21, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the reduction of section 302(b) suballocations to reflect floor amendments to general appropriation bills.

H. Res. 345: Representative Dingell of Michigan, April 21, 2009. A resolution establishing a select committee to make a thorough and complete investigation of the causes of the current financial crisis and other matters.

H. Res. 359: Representative LaTourette of Louisiana, April 23, 2009. A resolution providing for the consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 251) directing the Secretary of the Treasury to transmit to the House of Representatives all information in his possession relating to specific communications with American International Group, Inc. (AIG).

H. Res. 383: Representative Lee of California, April 30, 2009. A resolution establishing a select committee to review national security laws, policies, and practices.

H. Res. 424: Representative Conyers of Michigan, May 12, 2009. A resolution authorizing and directing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire whether the House should impeach Samuel B. Kent, a judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas.

H. Res. 440: Representative Cassidy of Louisiana, May 14, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to strengthen the public disclosure of all earmark requests.

H. Res. 460: Representative Burton of Indiana, May 20, 2009. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2194) to amend the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 to enhance United States diplomatic efforts with respect to Iran by expanding economic sanctions against Iran.

H. Res. 470: Representative Bishop of Utah, May 21, 2009. A resolution raising a question of the privileges of the House.

H. Res. 554: Representative Baird of Washington, June 17, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require that legislation and conference reports be available on

the Internet for 72 hours before consideration by the House, and for other purposes.

H. Res. 597: Representative King of Iowa, June 26, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the Committee on Rules to conduct its meetings and hearings in the Hall of the House, and for other purposes.

H. Res. 614: Representative Quigley of Illinois, July 7, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit earmarks to for-profit entities.

H. Res. 643: Representative Griffith of Alabama, July 14, 2009. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that any major health care reform bill considered on the floor should be available for viewing.

H. Res. 671: Representative Whitfield of Kentucky, July 22, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to promote fiscal responsibility by requiring the application of the House PAYGO rule.

H. Res. 687: Representative Alexander of Louisiana, July 28, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to provide greater transparency on earmark requests.

H. Res. 689: Representative Posey of Florida, July 29, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to ensure that Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner have a reasonable amount of time to read legislation that will be voted upon, and for other purposes.

H. Res. 694: Representative Forbes of Virginia, July 29, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require a two-thirds vote on a rule or order that dispenses with the first reading or considers a measure as read.

H. Res. 702: Representative Reichert of Washington, July 30, 2009. A resolution directing the Comptroller General of the United States to submit reports ensuring the effectiveness of Federal programs and amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require that certain standing committees of the House hold at least one hearing on each such report that falls within their jurisdiction.

H. Res. 721: Representative Lewis of California, September 8, 2009. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that any major health care reform bill considered on the floor of the House should be available for viewing for 30 calendar days.

H. Res. 785: Representative Conyers of Michigan, September 30, 2009. A resolution authorizing the Committee on the Judiciary to inspect and receive certain tax returns and tax return information for the purposes of its investigation into whether United States District Judge G. Thomas Porteous should be impeached, and for other purposes.

H. Res. 804: Representative Filner of California, October 7, 2009. A resolution providing for the concurrence by the House in the Senate amendment to H.R. 1016, with amendment.

H. Res. 819: Representative Posey of Florida, October 8, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to provide for division of the question on the legislative proposals involved to allow separate votes on disparate matters.

H. Res. 835: Representative Jenkins of Kansas, October 15, 2009. A resolution amending the rules of the House of Representatives to provide for transparency in the committee amendment process.

H. Res. 847: Representative Buchanan of Florida, October 20, 2009. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that any conference committee or other meetings held to determine the content of national health care legislation be conducted in public under the watchful eye of the people of the United States.

H. Res. 874: Representative Reichert of Washington, October 28, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require all committees post record votes on their Web sites within 48 hours of such votes.

H. Res. 883: Representative Herger of California, November 11, 2009. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that Members of the House receive the necessary cost information regarding health care reform legislation at least 72 hours before any vote on such legislation.

H. Res. 949: Representative Neugebauer of Texas, December 3, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require a two-thirds vote on a stand-alone bill to increase the statutory limit on the public debt.

H. Res. 959: Representative Poe of Texas, December 9, 2009. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the consideration of a regulation of individual activity disguised as a tax.

H. Res. 965: Representative Bean of Illinois, December 11, 2009. A resolution repealing rule XXVIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives relating to the statutory limit on the public debt.

H. Res. 1018: Representative McDermott of Washington, January 19, 2010. A resolution requesting the Senate to adjust its rules to reflect the intent of the framers of the Constitution by amending the Senate's filibuster rule, Rule 22, to facilitate the consideration of bills and amendments.

H. Res. 1023: Representative Lance of New Jersey, January 20, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to remove the authority of the Committee on Rules to waive clause 5 of rule XVI or clause 9 of rule XXII.

H. Res. 1071: Representative Akin of Missouri, February 4, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require a three-fifths vote on a stand-alone bill to increase the statutory limit on the public debt.

H. Res. 1101: Representative Flake of Arizona, February 23, 2010. A resolution establishing an earmark moratorium for fiscal year 2011.

H. Res. 1135: Representative Broun of Georgia, March 3, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require that Members take the same annual ethics training as senior staff.

H. Res. 1176: Representative Hodes of New Hampshire, March 12, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to ban congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, and limited tariff benefits.

H. Res. 1177: Representative Minnick of Idaho, March 12, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives

to prohibit congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, and limited tariff benefits.

H. Res. 1188: Representative Parker of Alabama, March 17, 2010. A resolution ensuring an up or down vote on certain health care legislation.

H. Res. 1195: Representative Marshall of Georgia, March 18, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require a three-fifths majority to designate spending as emergency spending, except spending for the Department of Defense.

H. Res. 1221: Representative Chaffetz of Utah, March 25, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to increase openness and transparency in the annual appropriations process as it relates to earmarks.

H. Res. 1235: Representative Teague of New Mexico, March 25, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require chairs and ranking minority members of committees and subcommittees to indicate whether they have any financial interest in the employer of any witness at a hearing, any person retaining a witness, or any person represented by a witness.

H. Res. 1268: Representative Teague of New Mexico, April 15, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require chairs and ranking minority members of committees and subcommittees to indicate whether they have any financial interest in the employer of any witness at a hearing, any person retaining a witness, or any person represented by a witness.

H. Res. 1289: Representative Goodlatte of Virginia, April 22, 2010. A resolution expressing the sense of the House that Democratic Members of the House should join Republican Members of the House in a total ban on earmarks for one year, that total discretionary spending should be reduced by the amount saved by earmark moratoriums, and that a bipartisan, bicameral committee should be created to review and overhaul the budgetary, spending, and earmark processes.

H. Res. 1360: Representative Kratovil of Maryland, May 13, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to guarantee reasonable time prior to the consideration of legislation.

H. Res. 1363: Representative George Miller of California, May 18, 2010. A resolution granting the authority provided under clause 4(c)(3) of rule X of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the Committee on Education and Labor for purposes of its investigation into underground coal mining safety.

H. Res. 1386: Representative Foster of Illinois, May 24, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit Members from negotiating for a job involving lobbying activities.

H. Res. 1416: Representative Fudge of Ohio, May 28, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives regarding the public disclosure by the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct of written reports and findings of the board of the Office of Congressional Ethics, and for other purposes.

H. Res. 1441: Representative Conaway of Texas, June 15, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to curtail the growth of Government programs.

H. Res. 1469: Representative Campbell of California, June 23, 2010. A resolution providing that the House of Representatives should pass a budget resolution for a fiscal year before the House considers any appropriation bill for that year.

H. Res. 1492: Representative Spratt of South Carolina, June 30, 2010. A resolution providing for budget enforcement for fiscal year 2011.

H. Res. 1493: Representative Spratt of South Carolina, June 30, 2010. A resolution providing for budget enforcement for fiscal year 2011.

H. Res. 1502: Representative Akin of Missouri, July 1, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives respecting the treatment of earmarks in conferences between the House and the Senate.

H. Res. 1510: Representative Gohmert of Texas, July 13–27, 2010. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4636) to prohibit United States assistance to foreign countries that oppose the position of the United States in the United Nations.

H. Res. 1573: Representative Polis of Colorado, July 29, 2010. A resolution to amend the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit bills and joint resolutions from containing more than one subject.

H. Res. 1579: Representative Peters of Michigan, July 29, 2010. A resolution establishing an earmark moratorium for fiscal year 2011.

H. Res. 1632: Representative Conaway of Texas, September 16, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require officers and employees of the House to read the Constitution of the United States each year.

H. Res. 1649: Representative Posey of Florida, September 22, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to establish the Committee on Regulatory Review and American Jobs.

H. Res. 1675: Representative Bono Mack of California, September 29, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require live dissemination on the Internet of all markups of bills and resolutions that are open to the public.

H. Res. 1754: Representative Garrett of New Jersey, December 7, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the citation of the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution be included in introduced bills and joint resolutions as a basis for enacting the laws proposed by such bills and joint resolutions, including amendments and conference reports.

H. Res. 1772: Representative Garrett of New Jersey, December 16, 2010. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require House officers and employees to take annual factual training on the Constitution.

HOUSE BILLS

H.R. 107: Representative Flake of Arizona, January 6, 2009. A bill to reform Social Security retirement and Medicare by establishing a Personal Social Security Savings Program to create a safer, healthier, more secure, and more prosperous retirement for all Americans and to reduce the burden on young Americans.

H.R. 158: Representative Obey of Wisconsin, January 6, 2009. A bill to amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to provide for expenditure limitations and public financing for House of Representatives general elections, and for other purposes.

H.R. 215: Representative Wilson of South Carolina, January 6, 2009. A bill to provide that rates of pay for Members of Congress shall not be subject to automatic adjustment; and to provide that any bill or resolution, and any amendment to any bill or resolution, which would increase Members' pay may be adopted only by a recorded vote.

H.R. 236: Representative Brown-Waite of Florida, January 7, 2009. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to protect Social Security beneficiaries against any reduction in benefits.

H.R. 263: Representative Jackson-Lee of Texas, January 7, 2009. A bill to amend title 28, United States Code, to grant to the House of Representatives the authority to bring a civil action to enforce, secure a declaratory judgment concerning the validity of, or prevent a threatened refusal or failure to comply with any subpoena or order issued by the House or any committee or subcommittee of the House to secure the production of documents, the answering of any deposition or interrogatory, or the securing of testimony, and for other purposes.

H.R. 311: Representative Brady of Texas, January 8, 2009. A bill to cap discretionary spending, eliminate wasteful and duplicative agencies, reform entitlement programs, and reform the congressional earmark process.

H.R. 335: Representative Lee of California, January 8, 2009. A bill to ensure that any agreement with Iraq containing a security commitment or arrangement is concluded as a treaty or is approved by Congress.

H.R. 350: Representative Terry of Nebraska, January 8, 2009. A bill to amend the Rules of the House of Representatives to require committee reports to include domestic energy impact statements, and for other purposes.

H.R. 450: Representative Shadegg of Arizona, January 9, 2009. A bill to require Congress to specify the source of authority under the United States Constitution for the enactment of laws, and for other purposes.

H.R. 464: Representative Price of Georgia, January 13, 2009. A bill to provide for a 5-year SCHIP reauthorization for coverage of low-income children, an expansion of child health care insurance coverage through tax fairness, and a health care Federalism initiative, and for other purposes.

H.R. 471: Representative Altmire of Pennsylvania, January 13, 2009. A bill to amend the Trade Act of 1974 to provide for a limitation on presidential discretion with respect to actions to address market disruption.

H.R. 483: Representative Poe of Texas, January 13, 2009. A bill to safeguard the Crime Victims Fund.

H.R. 496: Representative Rangel of New York, January 14, 2009. A bill to amend United States trade laws to eliminate foreign barriers to exports of United States goods and services, to restore rights under trade remedy laws, to strengthen enforcement of United States intellectual property rights and health and safety laws at United States borders, and for other purposes.

H.R. 499: Representative Davis of Alabama, January 14, 2009. A bill to amend title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930 to provide that the provisions relating to countervailing duties apply to nonmarket economy countries, and for other purposes.

H.R. 534: Representative Neugebauer of Texas, January 14, 2009. A bill to improve the ability of Congress to set spending priorities and enforce spending limits.

H.R. 547: Representative Ros-Lehtinen of Florida, January 15, 2009. A bill to amend the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 to require congressional approval of agreements for peaceful nuclear cooperation with foreign countries, and for other purposes.

H.R. 654: Representative Lee of California, January 22, 2009. A bill to require poverty impact statements for certain legislation.

H.R. 797: Representative Calvert of California, February 3, 2009. A bill to greatly enhance the Nation's environmental, energy, economic, and national security by terminating long-standing Federal prohibitions on the domestic production of abundant offshore supplies of oil and natural gas, and for other purposes.

H.R. 830: Representative Norton of District of Columbia, February 3, 2009. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to eliminate Congressional review of newly-passed District laws.

H.R. 956: Representative Kaptur of Ohio, February 10, 2009. A bill to expand the number of individuals and families with health insurance coverage, and for other purposes.

H.R. 960: Representative Norton of District of Columbia, February 10, 2009. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to eliminate Congressional review of newly-passed District laws.

H.R. 982: Representative Goodlatte of Virginia, February 11, 2009. A bill to terminate the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

H.R. 1023: Representative Sullivan of Oklahoma, February 12, 2009. A bill to establish a commission to recommend the elimination or realignment of Federal agencies that are duplicative or perform functions that would be more efficient on a non-Federal level, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1040: Representative Burgess of Texas, February 12, 2009. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide taxpayers a flat tax alternative to the current income tax system.

H.R. 1294: Representative Ryan of Wisconsin, March 4, 2009. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to provide for the expedited consideration of certain proposed rescissions of budget authority.

H.R. 1390: Representative Buchanan of Florida, March 3, 2009. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to provide for the expedited consideration of certain proposed rescissions of budget authority, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1479: Representative Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, March 12, 2009. A bill to enhance the availability of capital, credit, and other banking and financial services for all citizens and communities, to ensure that community reinvestment requirements are updated to account for changes in the financial industry and that reinvestment requirements keep pace as banks, securities firms, and other financial service providers become affiliates as a result

of the enactment of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1549: Representative Slaughter of New York, March 17, 2009. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to preserve the effectiveness of medically important antibiotics used in the treatment of human and animal diseases.

H.R. 1557: Representative Cooper of Tennessee, March 17, 2009. A bill establish a commission to develop legislation designed to reform tax policy and entitlement benefit programs and ensure a sound fiscal future for the United States, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1648: Representative McCotter of Michigan, March 19, 2009. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to require that concurrent resolutions on the budget limit the growth of Federal spending to the mean of annual percentage growth of wages and gross domestic product (GDP) in the United States, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1659: Representative Maloney of New York, March 23, 2009. A bill to amend the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act to require the Presidential designee responsible for carrying out Federal functions under the Act to have experience in election administration and be approved by the Senate, to establish the Overseas Voting Advisory Board to oversee the administration of the Act so that American citizens who live overseas or serve in the military can participate in elections for public office, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1721: Representative Pallone of New Jersey, March 25, 2009. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to help individuals with functional impairments and their families pay for services and supports that they need to maximize their functionality and independence and have choices about community participation, education, and employment, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1802: Representative Tiahrt of Kansas, March 30, 2009. A bill to establish a commission to conduct a comprehensive review of Federal agencies and programs and to recommend the elimination or realignment of duplicative, wasteful, or outdated functions, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1814: Representative Barrett of South Carolina, March 31, 2009. A bill to amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to extend the discretionary spending limits through fiscal year 2014, to extend paygo for direct spending, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1886: Representative Berman of California, April 2, 2009. A bill to authorize democratic, economic, and social development assistance for Pakistan, to authorize security assistance for Pakistan, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2028: Representative Johnson of Texas, April 22, 2009. A bill amend the Social Security Act to prevent unauthorized earnings from being credited toward benefits under title II of such Act and to make improvements in provisions governing totalization agreements, to amend the Social Security Act and the Immigration and Nationality Act to prevent unauthorized employment, and to improve coordination of the provisions of such Acts, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2116: Representative Hill of Indiana, April 27, 2009. A bill to amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act

of 1985 and the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to extend the discretionary spending caps and the pay-as-you-go requirement, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2169: Representative Duncan of Tennessee, April 29, 2009. A bill to limit Federal spending to a percentage of GDP.

H.R. 2207: Representative Forbes of Virginia, April 30, 2009. A bill to establish a Commission to examine the long-term global challenges facing the United States and develop legislative and administrative proposals to improve interagency cooperation.

H.R. 2227: Representative Murphy of Pennsylvania, May 4, 2009. A bill to greatly enhance America's path toward energy independence and economic and national security, to conserve energy use, to promote innovation, to achieve lower emissions, cleaner air, cleaner water, and cleaner land, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2255: Representative Foxx of North Carolina, May 5, 2009. A bill to amend the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 to ensure that actions taken by regulatory agencies are subject to that Act, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2297: Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, May 7, 2009. A bill to require the President to call a White House Conference on Food and Nutrition.

H.R. 2300: Representative Bishop of Utah, May 7, 2009. A bill to provide the United States with a comprehensive energy package to place Americans on a path to a secure economic future through increased energy innovation, conservation, and production.

H.R. 2321: Representative Brady of Texas, May 7, 2009. A bill to continue the application of certain procedures in the House of Representatives applicable to Medicare funding legislation, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2360: Representative Kind of Wisconsin, May 12, 2009. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to establish a nationwide health insurance purchasing pool for small businesses and the self-employed that would offer a choice of private health plans and make health coverage more affordable, predictable, and accessible.

H.R. 2380: Representative Inglis of South Carolina, May 13, 2009. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to reduce social security payroll taxes and to reduce the reliance of the United States economy on carbon-based energy sources.

H.R. 2512: Representative Flake of Arizona, May 20, 2009. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to prohibit the consideration in the House of Representatives or the Senate of measures that appropriate funds for earmarks to private, for-profit entities.

H.R. 2795: Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, June 10, 2009. A bill to address global hunger and improve food security through the development and implementation of a comprehensive governmentwide global hunger reduction strategy, the establishment of the White House Office on Global Hunger and Food Security, and the creation of the Permanent Joint Select Committee on Hunger, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2817: Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, June 11, 2009. A bill to address global hunger and improve food security through the development and implementation of a comprehensive governmentwide global hunger reduction strategy, the establishment of the White House Office on Global Hunger and Food Secu-

ity, and the creation of the Permanent Joint Select Committee on Hunger, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2828: Representative Bishop of Utah, June 11, 2009. A bill to provide the United States with a comprehensive energy package to place Americans on a path to a secure economic future through increased energy innovation, conservation, and production.

H.R. 3012: Representative Michaud of Maine, June 24, 2009. A bill to require a review of existing trade agreements and renegotiation of existing trade agreements based on the review, to set terms for future trade agreements, to express the sense of the Congress that the role of Congress in trade policymaking should be strengthened, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3233: Representative Lummis of Wyoming, July 16, 2009. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to limit the annual cost of appropriation earmarks and to make them more predictable, equitable, and transparent.

H.R. 3268: Representative Reichert of Washington, July 20, 2009. A bill to amend the Rules of the House of Representatives and the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to increase earmark transparency and accountability, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3298: Representative Jordan of Ohio, July 22, 2009. A bill to amend part C of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to extend the discretionary spending limits.

H.R. 3310: Representative Bachus of Alabama, July 23, 2007. A bill to reform the financial regulatory system of the United States, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3350: Representative Jenkins of Kansas, July 27, 2009. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to require roll call votes acknowledging the effect of the costs of legislation on the National debt.

H.R. 3400: Representative Price of Georgia, July 30, 2009. A bill to provide for incentives to encourage health insurance coverage, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3518: Representative Slaughter of New York, July 31, 2009. A bill to amend the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 to provide grants for the revitalization of waterfront brownfields, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3582: Representative Bachmann of Minnesota, September 16, 2009. A bill to make organizations which have been indicted for violations of Federal or State law relating to elections for public office ineligible to participate in the Planning Partnership Program for the 2010 census of population, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3594: Representative Bachus of Alabama, September 17, 2009. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to delegate management authority over troubled assets purchased under the Troubled Asset Relief Program, to require the establishment of a trust to manage assets of certain designated TARP recipients, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3765: Representative Davis of Kentucky, October 8, 2009. A bill to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide that major rules of the executive branch shall have no force or effect unless a joint resolution of approval is enacted into law.

H.R. 3962: Representative Dingell of Michigan, October 29, 2009. A bill to provide affordable, quality health care for all Americans

and reduce the growth in health care spending, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3964: Representative Hensarling of Texas, October 29, 2009. A bill to reform Federal budget procedures, to impose spending and deficit limits, to provide for a sustainable fiscal future, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4160: Representative Slaughter of New York, December 1, 2009. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences to conduct and coordinate a research program on hormone disruption, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4161: Representative Slaughter of New York, December 1, 2009. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences to develop multidisciplinary research centers regarding women's health and disease prevention, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4173: Representative Frank of Massachusetts, December 2, 2009. A bill to provide for financial regulatory reform, to protect consumers and investors, to enhance Federal understanding of insurance issues, to regulate the over-the-counter derivatives markets, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4191: Representative DeFazio of Oregon, December 3, 2009. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to impose a tax on certain securities transactions to fund job creation and deficit reduction.

H.R. 4249: Representative McHenry of North Carolina, December 9, 2009. A bill to establish a commission to develop legislation designed to reform entitlement benefit programs and ensure a sound fiscal future for the United States, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4261: Representative Thornberry of Texas, December 10, 2009. A bill to amend the National Security Act of 1947 to provide additional procedures for congressional oversight.

H.R. 4262: Representative Scalise of Louisiana, December 10, 2009. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to require a two-thirds recorded vote in the House of Representatives and in the Senate to increase the statutory limit on the public debt, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4300: Representative Tierney of Massachusetts, December 11, 2009. A bill to amend the Truth in Lending Act to establish a national usury rate for consumer credit card accounts under open end consumer credit plans, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4481: Representative Lance of New Jersey, January 20, 2010. A bill to reduce the Federal budget deficit in a responsible manner.

H.R. 4499: Representative Hoekstra of Michigan, January 21, 2010. A bill to provide that the voters of the United States be given the right, through advisory voter initiative, to propose the enactment and repeal of Federal laws in a national election.

H.R. 4529: Representative Ryan of Wisconsin, January 27, 2010. A bill to provide for the reform of health care, the Social Security system, the tax code for individuals and business, job training, and the budget process.

H.R. 4587: Representative Neugebauer of Texas, February 3, 2010. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to re-

quire spending limits be imposed when the statutory limit on the public debt is increased.

H.R. 4625: Representative Thornberry of Texas, February 9, 2010. A bill to establish a commission to conduct a study and make recommendations concerning ways to improve the civil service and organization of the Federal Government.

H.R. 4640: Representative Lee of New York, February 22, 2010. A bill to amend title 44, United States Code, to eliminate the mandatory printing of bills and resolutions by the Government Printing Office for the use of the House of Representatives and Senate.

H.R. 4646: Representative Fattah of Pennsylvania, February 23, 2010. A bill to establish a fee on transactions which would eliminate the national debt and replace the income tax on individuals.

H.R. 4831: Representative Gingrey of Georgia, March 11, 2010. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to set a cap on allocated funds for earmarks.

H.R. 4844: Representative Boustany of Louisiana, March 15, 2010. A bill to ensure that amounts credited to the Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund are used for harbor maintenance.

H.R. 4856: Representative Donnelly of Indiana, March 16, 2010. A bill to require the President's budget and the congressional budget to disclose and display the net present value of future costs of entitlement programs.

H.R. 4871: Representative Kratovil of Maryland, March 17, 2010. A bill to amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to establish nonsecurity discretionary spending caps.

H.R. 4883: Representative Barton of Texas, March 18, 2010. A bill to amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to establish a sequestration to reduce all nonexempt programs, projects, and activities by 2 percent each fiscal year in which the Federal budget is in deficit, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4901: Representative Moran of Kansas, March 22, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

H.R. 4903: Representative Bachmann of Minnesota, March 22, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

H.R. 4910: Representative Burton of Indiana, March 22, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and enact the Empowering Patients First Act in order to provide incentives to encourage health insurance coverage.

H.R. 4919: Representative Mack of Florida, March 24, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

H.R. 4921: Representative Minnick of Indiana, March 24, 2010. A bill to establish procedures for the expedited consideration by Congress of certain proposals by the President to rescind amounts of budget authority.

H.R. 4931: Representative Klein of Florida, March 24, 2010. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to require that the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2012 include a benchmark plan to eliminate the budget deficit by fiscal year 2020 and that subsequent resolutions adhere to that plan.

H.R. 4939: Representative Murphy of Pennsylvania, March 25, 2010. A bill to establish a procedure to safeguard the surpluses of the Social Security and Medicare hospital insurance trust funds.

H.R. 4944: Representative Wilson of South Carolina, March 25, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and to replace such Act with incentives to encourage health insurance coverage, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4972: Representative King of Iowa, March 25, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

H.R. 4983: Representative Quigley of Illinois, March 25, 2010. A bill to amend the Ethics in Government Act of 1978, the Rules of the House of Representatives, the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995, and the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 to improve access to information in the legislative and executive branches of the Government, and for other purposes.

H.R. 4985: Representative Roe of Tennessee, March 25, 2010. A bill to repeal the provisions of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act providing for the Independent Payment Advisory Board.

H.R. 5005: Representative Griffith of Alabama, April 13, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

H.R. 5006: Representative Hastings of Florida, April 13, 2010. A bill to require the President to call a White House Conference on Haiti.

H.R. 5008: Representative Markey of Colorado, April 13, 2010. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to require annual progress toward meeting fiscally responsible 5- and 10-year deficit and debt targets.

H.R. 5073: Representative Broun of Georgia, April 20, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 and enact the OPTION Act of 2009.

H.R. 5109: Representative Kirk of Illinois, April 22, 2010. A bill to establish a tax, regulatory, and legal structure in the United States that encourages small businesses to expand and innovate, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5216: Representative Akin of Missouri, May 5, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

H.R. 5258: Representative Cassidy of Louisiana, May 11, 2010. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to require Congress to establish a unified and searchable database on a public website for congressional earmarks.

H.R. 5421: Representative Broun of Georgia, May 27, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, repeal the 7.5 percent threshold on the deduction for medical expenses, provide for increased funding for high-risk pools, allow acquiring health insurance across State lines, and allow for the creation of association health plans.

H.R. 5424: Representative Herger of California, May 27, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 and enact the Common Sense Health Care Reform and Affordability Act.

H.R. 5444: Representative Paul of Texas, May 27, 2010. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 and to replace it with provisions

reforming the health care system by putting patients back in charge of health care.

H.R. 5454: Representative Spratt of South Carolina, May 28, 2010. A bill to provide an optional fast-track procedure the President may use when submitting rescission requests, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5568: Representative Nye of Virginia, June 22, 2010. A bill to create a means to review and abolish Federal programs that are inefficient, duplicative, or in other ways wasteful of taxpayer funds.

H.R. 5590: Representative King from New York, June 24, 2010. A bill to strengthen measures to protect the United States from terrorist attacks and to authorize appropriations for the Department of Homeland Security for fiscal year 2011, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5752: Representative Quigley of Illinois, July 15, 2010. A bill to make the Federal budget process more transparent and to make future budgets more sustainable.

H.R. 5775: Representative Sestak of Pennsylvania, July 19, 2010. A bill to require the establishment of a commission on earmark reform, to consolidate and streamline the grants management structure of the Federal Government, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5818: Representative Garrett of New Jersey, July 22, 2010. A bill to amend title IV of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and the Rules of the House of Representatives to make Federal private sector mandates subject to a point of order, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5834: Representative Deutch of Florida, July 22, 2010. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make improvements in the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program, to provide for cash relief for years for which annual COLAs do not take effect under certain cash benefit programs, and to provide for Social Security benefit protection.

H.R. 5842: Representative Jenkins of Kansas, July 22, 2010. A bill to deem any adjournment of the House of Representatives which is in effect on the date of the regularly scheduled general election for Federal office held during a Congress to be adjournment sine die, and to amend title 31, United States Code, to provide for automatic continuing appropriations if a regular appropriation bill for a fiscal year does not become law before the date of the regularly scheduled general election for Federal office held during such fiscal year.

H.R. 5853: Representative Boustany of Louisiana, July 26, 2010. A bill to amend title XXXII of the Public Health Service Act to require review and approval by law prior to collection of premiums under the CLASS program, to require notice to individuals prior to enrollment, and to require termination of the program in the event of actuarial unsoundness, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5954: Representative Giffords of Arizona, July 29, 2010. A bill to increase the long-term fiscal accountability of direct spending legislation.

H.R. 5957: Representative Johnson of Illinois, July 29, 2010. A bill to require that any local currencies used to provide per diems to Members and employees of Congress for official foreign travel for a fiscal year be obtained by Congress and paid for using funds ap-

appropriated for salaries and expenses of Congress for the fiscal year, to enhance the disclosure of information on official foreign travel of Members, officers, and employees of the House of Representatives, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5997: Representative Turner of Ohio, July 30, 2010. A bill to amend the Rules of the House of Representatives and the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to require that public hearings be held on all earmark requests in the district of the Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner making the request, and to further increase earmark transparency and accountability.

H.R. 6019: Representative Castle of Delaware, July 30, 2010. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to extend the post-employment restrictions on certain executive and legislative branch officers and employees, and for other purposes.

H.R. 6071: Representative Sherman of California, July 30, 2010. A bill to withdraw normal trade relations treatment from the products of the People's Republic of China, to provide for a balanced trade relationship between that country and the United States, and for other purposes.

H.R. 6145: Representative Chaffetz of Utah, September 16, 2010. A bill to require Members of Congress to disclose delinquent tax liability, require an ethics inquiry, and garnish the wages of a Member with Federal tax liability.

H.R. 6186: Representative Posey of Florida, September 22, 2010. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to establish discretionary and mandatory deficit reduction accounts.

H.R. 6291: Representative Richardson of California, September 29, 2010. A bill to provide for merit-based investment in the freight transportation system of the United States to ensure economic growth, increase vitality and competitiveness in national and global markets, address goods mobility and accessibility issues, reduce air pollution and other environmental impacts of freight transportation, better public health conditions, enhance energy security, and improve the condition and connectivity of the freight transportation system, and for other purposes.

H.R. 6367: Representative Moran of Kansas, September 29, 2010. A bill to restore American jobs, and for other purposes.

H.R. 6401: Representative Dreier of California, November 15, 2010. A bill to provide a biennial budget for the United States Government.

H.R. 6448: Representative Kirk of Illinois, November 29, 2010. A bill to establish the Grace Commission II to review and make recommendations regarding cost control in the Federal Government, and for other purposes.

H.R. 6555: Representative King of Iowa, December 17, 2010. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

H. Con. Res. 22: Representative Ros-Lehtinen of Illinois, January 15, 2009. A concurrent resolution establishing the Joint Select Committee on Reorganization and Reform of Foreign Assistance Agencies and Programs.

H. Con. Res. 201: Representative Tiahrt of Kansas, October 15, 2009. A concurrent resolution to establish the Joint Select Committee on Earmark Reform, and for other purposes.

H. Con. Res. 299: Representative Castle of Delaware, July 21, 2010. A concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress regarding the establishment of committees with jurisdiction over intelligence activities.

H. Con. Res. 322: Representative Issa of California, September 29, 2010. A concurrent resolution establishing the Congressional Commission on the European Union, and for other purposes.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

H.J. Res. 27: Representative Young of Alaska, March 3, 2009. A joint resolution establishing a bipartisan Joint Select Committee on Long-Term Financial Security.

VIII. PUBLICATIONS

1. Rules of the Committee on Rules. One Hundred Eleventh Congress (2009–2010). Committee Print

2. Rules Adopted by the Committees of the House of Representatives. One Hundred Eleventh Congress (2009–2010). Committee Print

3. Journal and History of Legislation, Interim Edition. One Hundred Eleventh Congress (February 17, 2010). Committee Print

4. Original Jurisdiction Hearing on H.R. 1549—Preservation of Antibiotics for Medical Treatment Act (PAMTA) (July 13, 2009).

5. Original Jurisdiction Hearing on H.R. 2297—White House Conference on Food and Nutrition (May 18, 2009).

6. Original Jurisdiction Hearing and Markup on H. Res. 1363—Providing the Education and Labor Committee Deposition Authority for Purposes of its Investigation into Underground Coal Mining Safety (May 19, 2010).

IX. MINORITY VIEWS

Traditionally, observers and insiders alike measure the relative “openness” of a Congress by how many bills were considered under an “open” amendment process (which allows members to offer virtually any germane amendment) versus a “closed” process (which prohibits virtually all amendments). As the Majority was forced to admit, the Rules Committee failed to allow a single bill to be considered under an open rule during this Congress. This was a failure of historic proportions. The 111th Congress changed the dynamic in another important way—by reducing the use of closed rules, as well. While at first blush it might appear to have been an improvement, it did not reflect a greater degree of openness on the House floor.

In fact, this change translated into less debate, not more. Debate in the House simply became more closed to the Minority party. In instances when the Rules Committee Majority asked for and received submitted amendments, Republican amendments were far less likely to be made in order. The same standard applied when amendment deadlines were not set in place. Figure 1 demonstrates a Majority intent on controlling debate through structured rules.

Figure 1. Historical types of rules reported by the Rules Committee

Rule Type*	109th	110th	111th
Open	22	10	0
Modified Open	2	1	1
Structured	65	76	71
Structured (only Majority amendments made in order)	5	6	5
Closed	49	64	34
Conference Reports	25	15	11
Other	29	29	25

* The definitions of rules used here match the traditional definitions used in describing rules reported. For a more thorough explanation of these terms, see the survey of activities from the 109th Congress (H.Rept. 109-743).

This practice may have given the Majority a greater ability to manage the exposure of their members to difficult votes on the floor of the House, but it undermined the bipartisan credibility of the legislation that they passed. Rather than bringing the Minority party into the discussion and giving them a stake in legislative successes or failures, the Majority insisted on bearing this burden alone. The result is a Majority lost as a result of deeply unpopular legislation.

We believe the House must return to a more open, transparent legislative process. By re-introducing the concept of the open rule and allowing members of the Minority to at least have their amendments considered, all members will feel more invested in the legislative process.

Avoiding the Tough Decisions: Punting on the Budget and Eliminating Cutting Amendments

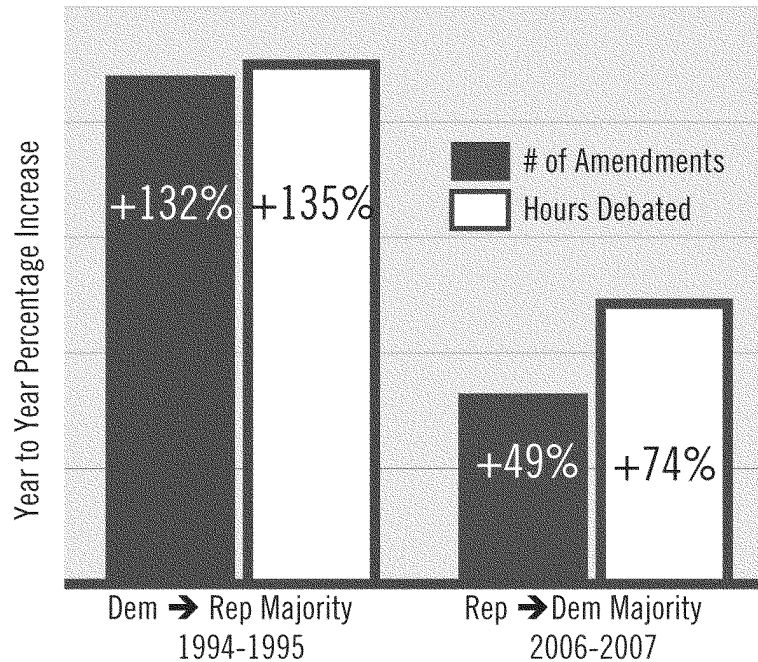
Nowhere was the lack of an open process felt more than in the consideration of appropriations bills. It was during debates on spending bills, the foremost responsibility of the Congress, that the Majority did the most to limit opportunities for debate. Open rules for appropriations bills had always been considered sacrosanct by Democratic and Republican majorities alike. As long as an amendment was germane, it could be offered on the floor of the House during debate. That practice ended in the 111th Congress. As the debate on the first fiscal year 2010 appropriations bill began in June 2009, the Majority announced their intention to impose a pre-printing requirement for all amendments to spending bills.

This change alone marked a departure from the traditionally open amendment process. The first spending bill to be considered by the 111th Congress was the FY 2010 Commerce, Justice, Science bill. After the House had considered just a single Minority amendment, the Majority decided the pre-printed list of amendments was not restrictive enough. They immediately instructed the Rules Committee to hand pick the amendments eligible for debate. There were various reasons given for this decision—protecting Majority incumbents from “politically painful” votes, time management, and previous abuse of the amendment process by Republicans. We received each of these arguments in turn in our report *Opportunities Lost: The End of the Appropriations Process* and found them to be without merit. (For the complete report, see http://rules-republicans.house.gov/media/pdf/OpportunitiesLost_fnl.pdf)

—The primary reason given by the Majority for their decision to deny an open process was the need to guard against filibuster by amendment. As Majority Leader Hoyer put it in a June 16, 2009 colloquy, “We think, in years past, there have been a lot of amendments offered, not for the purpose of the substance of the amendment but for the purpose of simply delaying the ability to get our work done.” (Cong. Rec. p. H6899.)

An examination of the appropriations process in years in which there is a Majority transition from one party to another does illustrate a significant increase in appropriations activity. Figure 2 (originally printed in *Opportunities Lost*) shows the percentage increase in the total number of amendments to appropriations bills and the total number of hours spent debating those bills in years where majority control of the House switched parties. When Republicans became the Majority party in 1995, there was a significant increase in the number of amendments offered compared with the 1994 appropriations season. Both Democrats and Republicans offered more than twice the number of amendments as in the year prior.

Figure 2. Increases in amendments and debate during new majorities



Similarly, when the Democrats regained the majority in 2007, there was another substantial increase in both the number of amendments offered and hours spent on debate over the 2006 season. However, it's worth noting that the increase was far less than when the Republicans became the Majority party in 1995. In terms of the number of amendments offered, the increase was less than 40 percent of the increase experienced in 1995; similarly, the increase in 2007 in the number of hours spent on debate was just more than half of the 1995 increase.

While the Democratic Majority is correct—there was spike both in the number of amendments and the hours spent on debate—it was substantially less than the increase experienced when the Democrats became the Minority party in 1995. In fact, in terms of raw hours spent on appropriations measures, the House actually spent 13 percent longer on appropriations bills in 1995 than it did in 2007 (205 hours versus 179.25 hours) despite processing 36 percent more amendments in 2007.

Similarly, in different years, there are different issues which drive the appropriations process. Figure 3 (also from *Opportunities Lost*) shows the absolute numbers of amendments offered from 1992–2008. While there are definite spikes in activity around Majority-Minority transition years, there are other spikes as well. It's notable that there was a large increase in appropriations activity in 2006, prior to the Democrats recapturing the Majority. Further, Democrats offered more amendments than Republicans in every year from 2000 through 2006. On average, between 1995 and 2006

(excluding 2002 as there isn't enough data to be significant), Democrats offered 15 percent more amendments than did Republicans. Even looking at years in which the Democrats were in the Majority (1992–1994), they offered an average of 6 percent more amendments than did Republicans during the same period.

While the Democratic Majority was right in its assertion that 2007 represented a significant departure from prior years' appropriations activity, the notion that the increase was unprecedented rings hollow. Taken in historical context, the increase in appropriations activity in 2007 was not so far out of the norm as to justify the Majority leadership's response—shutting down the entire appropriations process.

The Majority compounded its mistakes in the second session of the 111th Congress by failing to even propose a budget resolution. For the first time since the adoption of the 1974 Budget Act, neither the Budget Committee nor the House considered a budget resolution. This failure to act eliminated any opportunity for members on either side of the aisle to present their visions for the budget to the House for debate.

Rather than performing their fiduciary responsibility of putting forth and defending a budget, the Majority turned to a "deeming" resolution to set spending limits. Once again, it was the Rules Committee that had to cover for the Majority's inability to perform basic functions. Without any testimony, the Rules Committee Majority inserted the deeming resolution into a rule providing for consideration of a supplemental spending bill funding our troops fighting in Iraq and Afghanistan. In the end, this self-imposed limit proved to be little more than an empty gesture. The Senate never agreed to the number included in the deeming resolution and the House considered only two of the twelve appropriations bills.

The Majority's decision to shut down debate of the Congress's spending and budget priorities was not without consequence. As Figure 4 (originally published as part of our report *The Wrong Way Congress* which can be found at <http://rules-republicans.house.gov/media/PDF/WrongWayCongress-Final-WEB.pdf>) illustrates, the more debate was restricted, the more spending increased.

We believe the House must turn its focus to reducing spending rather than increasing it. In order to do that, the House must consider a budget and once again open up the consideration of appropriations bills.

Figure 3. Comparison of the total number of amendments offered during the 1992 through 2008 appropriations seasons, broken down by party

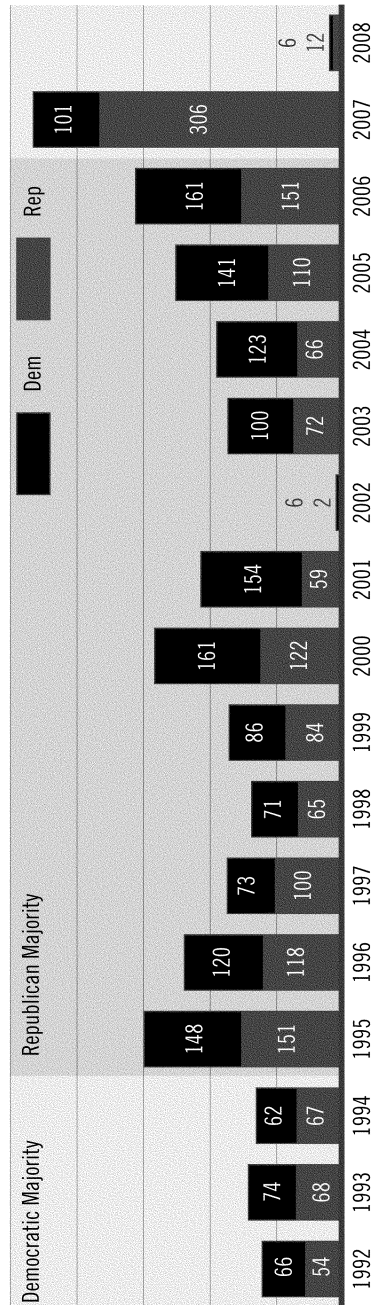
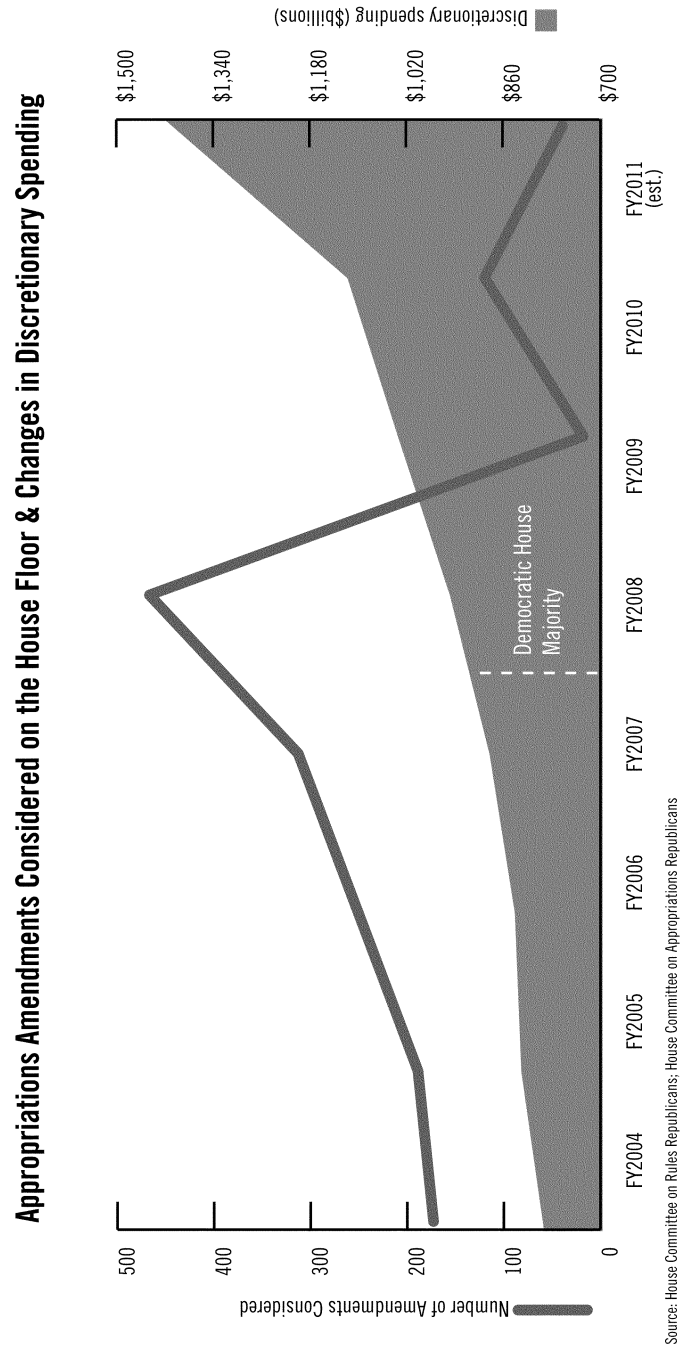


Figure 4. Comparison of changes in discretionary spending versus the number of amendments offered during consideration of appropriations bills



Martial Law Rules

Another unfortunate hallmark of the 111th Congress has been the dramatic increase in the use of “martial law,” or rules that provide for same-day consideration of legislation reported from the Rules Committee. “Martial law” authority has been used in the past by majorities of both parties. However, it has typically been restricted to specific items and only available for a day or two at the most. The Rules Committee Majority of the 111th Congress changed this practice by pursuing an unprecedented number of blanket “martial law” rules, allowing them to call up any bill with as little as an hour’s notice.

In the 109th Congress, just five blanket “martial law” rules were reported and one was tabled. Two were reported during the lame duck session following the GOP’s loss of the Majority. These two “martial law” rules lasted for one day each and were approved on the final two days of the legislative session.

In contrast, the 111th Congress has approved thirteen blanket “martial law” rules, only one of which was tabled. The most egregious use of the “martial law” rules came during the lame duck session of the 111th Congress. Following their historic losses, the Democratic Majority approved one blanket “martial law” rule covering eleven days and another covering eight days. Nearly the entire lame duck session of the 111th Congress was conducted under blanket “martial law” authority. Having lost the confidence of the American people, the Majority used blanket “martial law” authority in a lame duck Congress in order to advance an agenda that had been rejected by their constituents. With this expansion of the use of “martial law” authority, the lame duck Democratic Majority turned a scheduling tool into a way to avoid accountability.

We believe the Rules Committee should seriously limit the use of unrestricted “martial law” rather than empowering the House to abuse these procedures. While we recognize that they are sometimes necessary to manage the scheduling challenges of the conclusion of a legislative session, they should not be the “go-to” procedures for everyday management of the House.

Procedural Shortcuts

The use of unrestricted “martial law” was not the only procedural shortcut employed by the 111th Congress. Like no Congress before it, the 111th Congress made House procedure a topic of conversation for everyday Americans—and not in a good way. It was the Rules Committee that executed the procedural plans that became the Democratic Majority’s undoing.

Beginning with the rushed consideration of the stimulus bill in early 2009, continuing with the handling of the “Cap and Trade” legislation and its infamous manager’s amendment in the summer of 2009, and concluding with the failed “Slaughter Solution” during the health care debate, the Democratic Majority used procedure as a means to an end. These three bills, and the procedures used to advance them, came to define the 111th Congress: they epitomized the actions of a Majority that took procedural tools that have been used in the past and applied them in ways which ultimately damaged the institution and undermined public confidence in government.

The stimulus legislation, H.R. 1, never went through the committee process and, although a conference committee was convened, it never formally debated the legislation. When the final version of the bill reached the Rules Committee, it had only been available to Members and the public alike for an hour. Fewer than eighteen hours later, Members were on the House floor voting on the bill. This occurred despite a unanimous House vote just two days prior demanding that the bill be made available for 48 hours so that Members and the public had the opportunity to read the bill. (See roll call vote 111–54, February 10, 2009).

The procedure employed to advance H.R. 2454, the unsuccessful “Cap and Trade” legislation was just as rushed. The Rules Committee adopted a 300-page manager’s amendment at 3 a.m. on the very day of the final vote on the bill. The amendment was still warm from the copier as the Committee was voting on it. The outrage was palpable among Democrats and Republicans alike. Republican Leader Boehner used his leadership privilege to take an hour on the House floor in order to walk members through the provisions of the amendment. That simply should not have been necessary.

Passage of the Majority’s health care law proved extremely difficult and time consuming. What was supposed to have been finished in the summer of 2009 instead extended into the spring of 2010. Searching for options to pass the highly controversial and unpopular piece of legislation, Rules Committee Chairwoman Slaughter floated the concept of passing the bill without an actual up or down vote. It became known as the “Slaughter Solution” and the outcry was immediate. The Majority defended the concept by declaring previous Majorities had done the same thing. In fact, no previous Majority, of either party had ever attempted to move a similar piece of legislation in the same way. Ultimately, the Democratic Majority abandoned the “deem and pass” strategy after an open rebellion from its own Members. One Democrat on the Rules Committee even proclaimed that “sanity” had eventually prevailed. More than any other bill in recent memory, the process surrounding the health care law became as infamous as the legislation itself.

Conclusion

We recount these abuses not for the purpose of simple story telling, but rather to demonstrate how the Rules Committee's Democratic Majority employed extreme legislative maneuvers to advance an extreme, unpopular agenda. Their actions not only damaged their party politically, but damaged the House as an institution as well. These shortcuts and abuses fall far short of the promises of openness and transparency put forward by the Majority when they assumed control in 2007. They are even farther from the promised era of bipartisanship that was to have begun in 2007 and again in 2009. The facts clearly demonstrate that the Majority in the 111th Congress, and the Rules Committee specifically, put political objectives over its institutional responsibilities.

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