112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2258

To establish the National Hurricane Research Initiative to improve hurricane preparedness, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 21, 2011

Mr. Hastings of Florida (for himself, Ms. Bordallo, Ms. Wasserman Schultz, Ms. Brown of Florida, Mr. Faleomavaega, Mr. Pierluisi, and Mr. Deutch) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology

A BILL

To establish the National Hurricane Research Initiative to improve hurricane preparedness, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Hurricane
- 5 Research Initiative Act of 2011".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:
- 8 (1) Director.—The term "Director" means
- 9 the Director of the National Science Foundation.

- (2) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under
 Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Oceans
 and Atmosphere of the Department of Commerce.
- 4 (3) STATE.—The term "State" means any
 5 State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
 6 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American
 7 Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the North8 ern Mariana Islands, and any other territory or pos9 session over which the United States has jurisdic10 tion.

11 SEC. 3. NATIONAL HURRICANE RESEARCH INITIATIVE.

- 12 (a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH.—The Under Sec-13 retary and the Director shall establish an initiative known
- 14 as the National Hurricane Research Initiative for the pur-
- 15 poses described in subsection (b).
- 16 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of the National Hurri-
- 17 cane Research Initiative shall be to set research objectives
- 18 based upon the findings of the January 12, 2007, National
- 19 Science Board report entitled "Hurricane Warning: The
- 20 Critical Need for National Hurricane Research Initia-
- 21 tive"—
- 22 (1) to make recommendations to the National
- Science Board and the National Oceanic and Atmos-
- 24 pheric Administration Science Advisory Board on
- such research;

1	(2) to assemble the science and engineering ex-
2	pertise of State or local government agencies or de-
3	partments and nongovernmental entities (including
4	universities and colleges and other research and aca-
5	demic institutions), through a multi-entity effort fo-
6	cused on—
7	(A) improving hurricane and other severe
8	tropical storm forecasting capabilities, including
9	formation, track, and intensity change;
10	(B) durable and resilient infrastructure;
11	and
12	(C) mitigating impacts on coastal popu-
13	lations, the coastal built environment, and the
14	natural coastal environment, including but not
15	limited to, coral reefs, wetlands, and other nat-
16	ural systems that mitigate hurricane wind and
17	storm surge impacts; and
18	(3) to make grants to eligible entities to carry
19	out research in the following areas:
20	(A) Predicting hurricane intensity
21	CHANGE.—Research to improve understanding
22	of—
23	(i) rapid change in storm size, motion,
24	structure, and intensity;
25	(ii) storm internal dynamics: and

- 1 (iii) the interactions of the storm and 2 its environmental conditions, including the 3 atmosphere, ocean, and land surface.
 - (B) Understanding ocean-atmosphere interactions.—Observations, theory and modeling, to improve understanding of air-sea interaction in high wind speeds.
 - (C) Predicting Storm Surge, Rainfall, Inland flooding, and Strong Winds Produced by Hurricanes and Tropical Storms during and After Landfall.—Research to understand, model, and predict rainfall, flooding, high winds, the potential occurrence of tornadoes, and storm surge, including probabilistic modeling and mapping of risk.
 - (D) Improved observations of hurricanes and tropical storms.—Research to improve measurements of hurricanes and tropical storms through mobile radar platforms, Global Positioning Systems technology, unmanned vehicles, ground-based and wireless sensors, oceanic remote sensing technologies, and air-deployed ocean profilers and floats to improve our understanding of the complex na-

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ture of storms and their interaction with the ocean and land.

- (E) Assessing vulnerable infrastructure.—Research to develop a national engineering assessment of coastal infrastructure, including infrastructure related to levees, seawalls, drainage systems, bridges, water and sewage systems, power, and communications, to determine the level of vulnerability of such infrastructure to damage from hurricanes and to determine strategies to reduce such vulnerabilities.
- (F) Interaction of Hurricanes with Engineered Structures.—Research to improve understanding of the impacts of hurricanes and tropical storms on buildings, structures, and housing combined with modeling essential for guiding the creation of improved building designs and construction codes in locations particularly vulnerable to hurricanes.
- (G) RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN HURRI-CANES, CLIMATE, AND NATURAL ECO-SYSTEMS.—Research to improve the understanding of complex relationships between hurricanes and climate, including research to deter-

mine the most effective methods to use observational information and numerical model simulations to examine the impacts on ecosystems over long and short periods of time, including but not limited to impacts on coral reefs, wetlands, and other natural systems that mitigate hurricane wind and storm surge impacts.

- (H) Technologies for disaster response and recovery.—Research to improve emergency communication networks for government agencies and non-government entities and to improve communications between such networks during disaster response and recovery, including cyber-security during disaster situations and the ability to improve damage assessments during storms.
- (I) EVACUATION PLANNING.—Research to improve the manner in which hurricane-related information is provided to, and utilized by, the public and government officials, including research to assist officials of State or local government in determining the circumstances in which evacuations are required and in carrying out such evacuations.

- 1 CAPABILITY.—Re- (\mathbf{J}) COMPUTATIONAL 2 search to improve understanding of the efficient 3 utility of multiple models requiring sharing and 4 inter-operability of databases, computing environments, networks, visualization tools, and 6 analytic systems beyond what is currently avail-7 able for transitioning hurricane research assets 8 into operational practice and to provide access 9 to robust computational facilities beyond the fa-10 cilities normally accessible by the civilian re-11 search community for the hurricane research 12 enterprise, including data acquisition and mod-13 eling capability during hurricane events.
- 14 (c) Cooperation With Other Agencies.—The 15 Under Secretary and the Director shall cooperate with the head of each appropriate Federal agency or department, 16 research institute, university, and disaster-response or 17 18 nongovernmental organization to utilize the expertise and 19 capabilities of such entity to carry out the purposes of the 20 National Hurricane Research Initiative, including co-21 operation with the heads of the following entities:
- 22 (1) The National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- (2) The National Institute of Standards andTechnology.

1	(3) The Department of Homeland Security, in-
2	cluding the Federal Emergency Management Agen-
3	cy.
4	(4) The Department of Energy.
5	(5) The Defense Advanced Research Project
6	Agency.
7	(6) The Environmental Protection Agency.
8	(7) The United States Geological Survey.
9	(8) The Army Corps of Engineers.
10	(d) COORDINATION.—The White House Office of
11	Science and Technology Policy, through the National
12	Science and Technology Council, shall coordinate the ac-
13	tivities carried out by the United States related to the Na-
14	tional Hurricane Research Initiative as a formal program
15	with a well defined organizational structure and execution
16	plan.
17	(e) Grants.—
18	(1) AUTHORITY.—The Under Secretary and the
19	Director may award grants to appropriate State and
20	local governmental agencies or departments, re-
21	search universities or nongovernmental entities to
22	carry out the purposes described in subsection (b).
23	(2) Best practices.—The Under Secretary
24	and the Director shall develop and make available to
25	the public a description of best practices to be used

- 1 to carry out a project with a grant awarded under
- 2 this subsection.
- 3 (f) Research Seminars and Forums.—The Under
- 4 Secretary and the Director shall carry out a series of na-
- 5 tional seminars and forums that assemble a broad collec-
- 6 tion of scientific disciplines to direct researchers to work
- 7 collaboratively to carry out the purposes described in sub-
- 8 section (b).
- 9 (g) Initial Research To Develop Improved
- 10 Hurricane Intensity Forecasts and Impact Pro-
- 11 JECTIONS.—The Under Secretary and the Director shall
- 12 within 120 days after the enactment of this Act issue a
- 13 request for proposals to undertake the basic and applied
- 14 research with an annual budget in the amounts as deemed
- 15 appropriate by the Under Secretary and the Director to
- 16 accomplish the desired research results during a 10-year
- 17 term.
- 18 (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 19 authorized to be appropriated \$150,000,000 for each of
- 20 the fiscal years 2012 through 2016 to carry out this sec-
- 21 tion.
- 22 SEC. 4. NATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE DATABASE.
- 23 (a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH.—The Under Sec-
- 24 retary and the Director shall establish a National Infra-
- 25 structure Database for the purposes of—

1 (1) cataloging and characterizing the physical, 2 social, and natural infrastructure in order to provide 3 a baseline for developing standards, measuring modi-

fication, and determining loss;

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- (2) providing information to Federal, State, and local government officials to improve information public policy related to hurricanes and tropical storms; and
- 9 (3) providing data to researchers to improve 10 their ability to measure hurricane impacts, separate 11 such impacts from other effects, both natural and 12 anthropogenic, make effective recommendations for 13 improved building codes and urban planning prac-14 tices, and develop effective procedures for respond-15 ing to infrastructure disruption.
- 16 (b) Database Requirements.—The National In17 frastructure Database shall be a virtual, cyber environ18 ment that uses existing capabilities and facilities, and es19 tablishes new capabilities and facilities, as appropriate, to
 20 provide an interoperable environment and the necessary
 21 metadata and other resources needed by users of that
 22 Database.
- 23 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is 24 authorized to be appropriated \$10,000,000 for each of the 25 fiscal years 2012 through 2016 to carry out this section.

1 SEC. 5. NATIONAL HURRICANE RESEARCH MODEL.

2	(a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH.—The Under Sec-
3	retary and the Director shall develop a National Hurri-
4	cane Research Model to conduct integrative research and
5	to facilitate the transfer of research knowledge to oper-
6	ational applications, including linking relevant theoretical,
7	physical, and computational models from atmospheric,
8	oceanic, economic, sociological, engineered infrastructure,
9	and ecologic fields, conducting experimental research to
10	understand the extensive complexities of hurricanes, train-
11	ing of the next-generation hurricane researchers and fore-
12	casters, and obtaining measurable results in a comprehen-
13	sive framework suitable for testing end-to-end integrative
14	systems.
15	(b) System Requirements.—The National Hurri-
16	cane Research Model shall be a physically distributed and
17	highly coordinated working environment in which research
18	from the National Hurricane Research Initiative can be
19	experimentally substantiated using suitable quantitative
20	metrics, and where a culture of interaction and collabora-
21	tion can further be promoted, including in the areas of—
22	(1) facilities and cyber infrastructure;
23	(2) software integration; and
24	(3) fixed mobile data collection platforms and
25	data provisioning systems.

- 1 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 2 authorized to be appropriated \$75,000,000 for each of the
- 3 fiscal years 2012 through 2016 to carry out this section.
- 4 SEC. 6. JOINT POLAR SATELLITE SYSTEM.
- 5 There is authorized to be appropriated
- 6 \$1,070,000,000 for fiscal year 2012 to carry out the Joint
- 7 Polar Satellite System program.

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