112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.3057

To prevent the evasion of antidumping and countervailing duty orders, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 23, 2011

Mr. LONG (for himself, Mr. NUNNELEE, Mrs. EMERSON, Mr. LUETKEMEYER, Mr. AKIN, Ms. LINDA T. SÁNCHEZ OF California, Mr. BACHUS, Mr. MAN-ZULLO, Mr. CHANDLER, Mr. CRITZ, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. STARK, Mr. CARNAHAN, and Mr. LIPINSKI) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To prevent the evasion of antidumping and countervailing duty orders, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Enforcing Orders and Reducing Customs Evasion Act of
- **6** 2011".
- 7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—PROCEDURES

	Sec. 101. Procedures for investigating claims of evasion of antidumping and countervailing duty orders.Sec. 102. Application to Canada and Mexico.
	TITLE II—OTHER MATTERS
	 Sec. 201. Definitions. Sec. 202. Allocation of U.S. Customs and Border Protection personnel. Sec. 203. Regulations. Sec. 204. Annual report on prevention of evasion of antidumping and countervailing duty orders. Sec. 205. Government Accountability Office report on reliquidation authority.
1	TITLE I—PROCEDURES
2	SEC. 101. PROCEDURES FOR INVESTIGATING CLAIMS OF
3	EVASION OF ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTER-
4	VAILING DUTY ORDERS.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Tariff Act of 1930 is amend-
6	ed by inserting after section 516A (19 U.S.C. 1516a) the
7	following:
8	"SEC. 516B. PROCEDURES FOR INVESTIGATING CLAIMS OF
9	EVASION OF ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTER-
10	VAILING DUTY ORDERS.
11	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
12	"(1) Administering Authority.—The term
13	'administering authority' has the meaning given that
14	term in section $771(1)$.
15	"(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
16	TEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional com-
17	mittees' means—

1	"(A) the Committee on Finance and the
2	Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
3	and
4	"(B) the Committee on Ways and Means
5	and the Committee on Appropriations of the
6	House of Representatives.
7	"(3) Commissioner.—The term 'Commis-
8	sioner' means the Commissioner responsible for U.S.
9	Customs and Border Protection.
10	"(4) Covered Merchandise.—The term 'cov-
11	ered merchandise' means merchandise that is subject
12	to—
13	"(A) an antidumping duty order issued
14	under section 736;
15	"(B) a finding issued under the Anti-
16	dumping Act, 1921; or
17	"(C) a countervailing duty order issued
18	under section 706.
19	"(5) ENTER; ENTRY.—The terms 'enter' and
20	'entry' refer to the entry, or withdrawal from ware-
21	house for consumption, in the customs territory of
22	the United States.
23	"(6) EVADE; EVASION.—The terms 'evade' and
24	'evasion' refer to entering covered merchandise into
25	the customs territory of the United States by means

1	of any document or electronically transmitted data
2	or information, written or oral statement, or act that
3	is material and false, or any omission that is mate-
4	rial, and that results in any cash deposit or other se-
5	curity or any amount of applicable antidumping or
6	countervailing duties being reduced or not being ap-
7	plied with respect to the merchandise.
8	"(7) INTERESTED PARTY.—The term "inter-
9	ested party' has the meaning given that term in sec-
10	tion $771(9)$.
11	"(b) Procedures for Investigating Allega-
12	TIONS OF EVASION.—
13	"(1) INITIATION BY PETITION OR REFERRAL.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 10
15	days after the date on which the Commissioner
16	receives a petition described in subparagraph
17	(B) or a referral described in subparagraph (C),
18	the Commissioner shall initiate an investigation
19	pursuant to this paragraph.
20	"(B) PETITION DESCRIBED.—A petition
21	described in this subparagraph is a petition
22	that—
23	"(i) is filed with the Commissioner by
24	any party who is an interested party with
25	respect to covered merchandise;

1	"(ii) alleges that a person has entered
2	covered merchandise into the customs ter-
3	ritory of the United States through eva-
4	sion; and
5	"(iii) is accompanied by information
6	reasonably available to the petitioner sup-
7	porting the allegation.
8	"(C) Referral described.—A referral
9	described in this subparagraph is information
10	submitted to the Commissioner by any other
11	Federal agency, including the Department of
12	Commerce or the United States International
13	Trade Commission, indicating that a person has
14	entered covered merchandise into the customs
15	territory of the United States through evasion.
16	"(2) Determinations.—
17	"(A) Preliminary determination.—
18	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90
19	days after the date on which the Commis-
20	sioner initiates an investigation under
21	paragraph (1), the Commissioner shall
22	issue a preliminary determination, based
23	on information available to the Commis-
24	sioner at the time of the determination,
25	with respect to whether there is a reason-

1	able basis to believe or suspect that the
2	covered merchandise was entered into the
3	customs territory of the United States
4	through evasion.
5	"(ii) Extension.—The Commissioner
6	may extend by not more than 45 days the
7	time period specified in clause (i) if the
8	Commissioner determines that sufficient
9	information to make a preliminary deter-
10	mination under that clause is not available
11	within that time period or the inquiry is
12	unusually complex.
13	"(B) FINAL DETERMINATION.—
14	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than
15	120 days after making a preliminary deter-
16	mination under subparagraph (A), the
17	Commissioner shall make a final deter-
18	mination, based on substantial evidence,
19	with respect to whether covered merchan-
20	dise was entered into the customs territory
21	of the United States through evasion.
22	"(ii) Extension.—The Commissioner
23	may extend by not more than 60 days the
24	time period specified in clause (i) if the
25	Commissioner determines that sufficient

- information to make a final determination 1 2 under that clause is not available within 3 that time period or the inquiry is unusually 4 complex. "(iii) Opportunity for comment; 5 6 HEARING.—After making a preliminary de-7 termination under subparagraph (A) and 8 before issuing a final determination under 9 this subparagraph with respect to whether covered merchandise was entered into the 10 11 customs territory of the United States 12 through evasion, the Commissioner shall— "(I) provide any person alleged 13 14 to have entered the merchandise into 15 the customs territory of the United 16 States through evasion, and any per-17 son that is an interested party with 18 respect to the merchandise, with an 19 opportunity to be heard; 20 "(II) upon request, hold a hear-21 ing with respect to whether the cov-22 ered merchandise was entered into the customs territory of the United States 23
 - through evasion; and

"(III) provide an opportunity for
(III) provide all opportunity for
public comment.
"(C) Authority to collect and verify
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—In making a pre-
liminary determination under subparagraph (A)
or a final determination under subparagraph
(B), the Commissioner—
"(i) shall exercise all existing authori-
ties to collect information needed to make
the determination; and
"(ii) may collect such additional infor-
mation as is necessary to make the deter-
mination through such methods as the
Commissioner considers appropriate, in-
cluding by—
"(I) issuing a questionnaire with
respect to covered merchandise to—
"(aa) a person that filed a
petition under paragraph (1)(B);
"(bb) a person alleged to
have entered covered merchan-
dise into the customs territory of
the United States through an
the United States through eva-

1	"(cc) any other person that
2	is an interested party with re-
3	spect to the covered merchandise;
4	or
5	"(II) conducting verifications, in-
6	cluding on-site verifications, of any
7	relevant information.
8	"(D) Adverse inference.—
9	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Commis-
10	sioner finds that a person that filed a peti-
11	tion under paragraph (1)(B), a person al-
12	leged to have entered covered merchandise
13	into the customs territory of the United
14	States through evasion, or a foreign pro-
15	ducer or exporter, has failed to cooperate
16	by not acting to the best of the person's
17	ability to comply with a request for infor-
18	mation, the Commissioner may, in making
19	a preliminary determination under sub-
20	paragraph (A) or a final determination
21	under subparagraph (B), use an inference
22	that is adverse to the interests of that per-
23	son in selecting from among the facts oth-
24	erwise available to determine whether eva-
25	sion has occurred.

1	"(ii) Adverse inference de-
2	SCRIBED.—An adverse inference used
3	under clause (i) may include reliance on in-
4	formation derived from—
5	"(I) the petition, if any, sub-
6	mitted under paragraph (1)(B) with
7	respect to the covered merchandise;
8	"(II) a determination by the
9	Commissioner in another investigation
10	under this section;
11	"(III) an investigation or review
12	by the administering authority under
13	title VII; or
14	"(IV) any other information
15	placed on the record.
16	"(E) NOTIFICATION AND PUBLICATION.—
17	Not later than 7 days after making a prelimi-
18	nary determination under subparagraph (A) or
19	a final determination under subparagraph (B),
20	the Commissioner shall—
21	"(i) provide notification of the deter-
22	mination to—
23	"(I) the administering authority;
24	and

1	"(II) the person that submitted
2	the petition under paragraph $(1)(B)$
3	or the Federal agency that submitted
4	the referral under paragraph $(1)(C)$;
5	and
6	"(ii) provide the determination for
7	publication in the Federal Register.
8	"(3) Business proprietary information.—
9	"(A) Establishment of procedures.—
10	For each investigation initiated under para-
11	graph (1), the Commissioner shall establish
12	procedures for the submission of business pro-
13	prietary information under an administrative
14	protective order that—
15	"(i) protects against public disclosure
16	of such information; and
17	"(ii) for purposes of submitting com-
18	ments to the Commissioner, provides lim-
19	ited access to such information for—
20	"(I) the person that submitted
21	the petition under paragraph $(1)(B)$
22	or the Federal agency that submitted
23	the referral under paragraph $(1)(C)$;
24	and

1	"(II) the person alleged to have
2	entered covered merchandise into the
3	customs territory of the United States
4	through evasion.
5	"(B) Administration in accordance
6	WITH OTHER PROCEDURES.—The procedures
7	established under subparagraph (A) shall be ad-
8	ministered, to the maximum extent practicable,
9	in accordance with administrative protective
10	order procedures under section 777 by the ad-
11	ministering authority.
12	"(C) DISCLOSURE OF BUSINESS PROPRI-
13	ETARY INFORMATION.—The Commissioner
14	shall, in accordance with the procedures estab-
15	lished under subparagraph (A), make all busi-
16	ness proprietary information presented to, or
17	obtained by, the Commissioner during an inves-
18	tigation available to the persons specified in
19	subparagraph (A)(ii) under an administrative
20	protective order, regardless of when such infor-
21	mation is submitted during an investigation.
22	"(4) Referrals to other federal agen-
23	CIES.—
24	"(A) AFTER PRELIMINARY DETERMINA-
25	TION.—Notwithstanding section 777 and sub-

1	ject to subparagraph (C), when the Commis-
2	sioner makes an affirmative preliminary deter-
3	mination under paragraph (2)(A), the Commis-
4	sioner shall, at the request of the head of an-
5	other Federal agency, transmit the administra-
6	tive record to the head of that agency.
7	"(B) AFTER FINAL DETERMINATION.—
8	Notwithstanding section 777 and subject to
9	subparagraph (C), when the Commissioner
10	makes an affirmative final determination under
11	paragraph (2)(B), the Commissioner shall, at
12	the request of the head of another Federal
13	agency, transmit the complete administrative
14	record to the head of that agency.
15	"(C) PROTECTIVE ORDERS.—Before trans-
16	mitting an administrative record to the head of
17	another Federal agency under subparagraph
18	(A) or (B), the Commissioner shall verify that
19	the other agency has in effect with respect to
20	the administrative record a protective order
21	that provides the same or a similar level of pro-
22	tection for the information in the administrative
23	record as the protective order in effect with re-
24	spect to such information under this subsection.
25	"(c) Effect of Determinations.—

1	"(1) EFFECT OF AFFIRMATIVE PRELIMINARY
2	determination.—If the Commissioner makes a
3	preliminary determination in accordance with sub-
4	section $(b)(2)(A)$ that there is a reasonable basis to
5	believe or suspect that covered merchandise was en-
6	tered into the customs territory of the United States
7	through evasion, the Commissioner shall—
8	"(A) suspend the liquidation of each unliq-
9	uidated entry of the covered merchandise that
10	is subject to the preliminary determination and
11	that entered on or after the date of the initi-
12	ation of the investigation under paragraph (1)
13	and, pursuant to the Commissioner's authority
14	under section 504(b), extend liquidation of each
15	unliquidated entry of the covered merchandise
16	that is subject to the preliminary determination
17	and that entered prior to the date of the initi-
18	ation of the investigation under paragraph (1) ;
19	"(B) review and reassess the amount of
20	bond or other security the importer is required
21	to post for each entry of merchandise described
22	in subparagraph (A);
23	"(C) require the posting of a cash deposit
24	with respect to each entry of merchandise de-
25	scribed in subparagraph (A); and

"(D) take such other measures as the 2 Commissioner determines appropriate to ensure 3 the collection of any duties that may be owed 4 with respect to merchandise described in subparagraph (A) as a result of a final determina-6 tion under subsection (b)(2)(B).

7 "(2) EFFECT OF NEGATIVE PRELIMINARY DE-8 TERMINATION.—If the Commissioner makes a pre-9 liminary determination in accordance with sub-10 section (b)(2)(A) that there is not a reasonable basis 11 to believe or suspect that covered merchandise was 12 entered into the customs territory of the United 13 States through evasion, the Commissioner shall con-14 tinue the investigation and notify the administering 15 authority pending a final determination under sub-16 section (b)(2)(B).

17 "(3) EFFECT OF AFFIRMATIVE FINAL DETER-18 MINATION.-If the Commissioner makes a final de-19 termination in accordance with subsection (b)(2)(B)20 that covered merchandise was entered into the cus-21 toms territory of the United States through evasion, 22 the Commissioner shall—

"(A) suspend or continue to suspend, as 23 24 the case may be, the liquidation of each entry 25 of the covered merchandise that is subject to

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1	the determination and that enters on or after
2	the date of the determination and, pursuant to
3	the Commissioner's authority under section
4	504(b), extend or continue to extend, as the
5	case may be, the liquidation of each entry of
6	the covered merchandise that is subject to the
7	determination and that entered prior to the
8	date of the determination;
9	"(B) notify the administering authority of
10	the determination and request that the admin-
11	istering authority—
12	"(i) identify the applicable anti-
13	dumping or countervailing duty assessment
14	rate for the entries for which liquidation is
15	suspended under paragraph (1)(A) or sub-
16	paragraph (A) of this paragraph; or
17	"(ii) if no such assessment rates are
18	available at the time, identify the applica-
19	ble cash deposit rate to be applied to the
20	entries described in subparagraph (A),
21	with the applicable antidumping or coun-
22	tervailing duty assessment rates to be pro-
23	vided as soon as such rates become avail-
24	able;

- "(C) require the posting of cash deposits 1 2 and assess duties on each entry of merchandise 3 described in subparagraph (A) in accordance with the instructions received from the admin-4 5 istering authority under paragraph (5); 6 "(D) review and reassess the amount of 7 bond or other security the importer is required 8 to post for merchandise described in subpara-9 graph (A) to ensure the protection of revenue 10 and compliance with the law; and 11 "(E) take such additional enforcement 12 measures as the Commissioner determines ap-13 propriate, such as— 14 "(i) initiating proceedings under sec-15 tion 592 or 596; implementing, in consultation 16 "(ii) 17 with the relevant Federal agencies, rule 18 sets or modifications to rules sets for iden-19 tifying, particularly through the Auto-20 mated Targeting System and the Auto-21 mated Commercial Environment, import-22 ers, other parties, and merchandise that 23 may be associated with evasion; 24 "(iii) requiring, with respect to mer-
- 25 chandise for which the importer has re-

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	peatedly provided incomplete or erroneous
2	entry summary information in connection
3	with determinations of evasion, the im-
4	porter to submit entry summary docu-
5	mentation and to deposit estimated duties
6	at the time of entry;
7	"(iv) referring the record in whole or
8	in part to U.S. Immigration and Customs
9	Enforcement for civil or criminal investiga-
10	tion; and
11	"(v) transmitting the administrative
12	record to the administering authority for
13	further appropriate proceedings.
14	$\mathcal{C}(A)$ FEDERA OF NECLEMENT FINAL DEPENDATION
	"(4) Effect of negative final determina-
15	(4) EFFECT OF NEGATIVE FINAL DETERMINA- TION.—If the Commissioner makes a final deter-
15	TION.—If the Commissioner makes a final deter-
15 16	TION.—If the Commissioner makes a final determination in accordance with subsection $(b)(2)(B)$
15 16 17	TION.—If the Commissioner makes a final deter- mination in accordance with subsection (b)(2)(B) that covered merchandise was not entered into the
15 16 17 18	TION.—If the Commissioner makes a final deter- mination in accordance with subsection $(b)(2)(B)$ that covered merchandise was not entered into the customs territory of the United States through eva-
15 16 17 18 19	TION.—If the Commissioner makes a final deter- mination in accordance with subsection (b)(2)(B) that covered merchandise was not entered into the customs territory of the United States through eva- sion, the Commissioner shall terminate the suspen-
15 16 17 18 19 20	TION.—If the Commissioner makes a final deter- mination in accordance with subsection $(b)(2)(B)$ that covered merchandise was not entered into the customs territory of the United States through eva- sion, the Commissioner shall terminate the suspen- sion of liquidation pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) and
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	TION.—If the Commissioner makes a final deter- mination in accordance with subsection (b)(2)(B) that covered merchandise was not entered into the customs territory of the United States through eva- sion, the Commissioner shall terminate the suspen- sion of liquidation pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) and refund any cash deposits collected pursuant to para-

1 "(5) COOPERATION OF ADMINISTERING AU-2 THORITY.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon receiving a notification from the Commissioner under paragraph (3)(B), the administering authority shall
promptly provide to the Commissioner the applicable cash deposit rates and antidumping or
countervailing duty assessment rates and any
necessary liquidation instructions.

"(B) SPECIAL RULE FOR CASES IN WHICH 10 11 THE PRODUCER OR EXPORTER IS UNKNOWN.-12 If the Commissioner and administering author-13 ity are unable to determine the producer or ex-14 porter of the merchandise with respect to which 15 a notification is made under paragraph (3)(B), the administering authority shall identify, as 16 17 the applicable cash deposit rate or antidumping 18 or countervailing duty assessment rate, the cash 19 deposit or duty (as the case may be) in the 20 highest amount applicable to any producer or 21 exporter, including the 'all-others' rate of the 22 merchandise subject to an antidumping order or 23 countervailing duty order under section 736 or 706, respectively, or a finding issued under the 24

	20
1	Antidumping Act, 1921, or any administrative
2	review conducted under section 751.
3	"(d) Special Rules.—
4	"(1) Effect on other authorities.—Nei-
5	ther the initiation of an investigation under sub-
6	section $(b)(1)$ nor a preliminary determination or a
7	final determination under subsection $(b)(2)$ shall af-
8	fect the authority of the Commissioner—
9	"(A) to pursue such other enforcement
10	measures with respect to the evasion of anti-
11	dumping or countervailing duties as the Com-
12	missioner determines necessary, including en-
13	forcement measures described in clauses (i)
14	through (iv) of subsection $(c)(3)(E)$; or
15	"(B) to assess any penalties or collect any
16	applicable duties, taxes, and fees, including pur-
17	suant to section 592.
18	"(2) Effect of determinations on fraud
19	ACTIONS.—Neither a preliminary determination nor
20	a final determination under subsection $(b)(2)$ shall
21	be determinative in a proceeding under section 592.
22	"(3) NEGLIGENCE OR INTENT.—The Commis-
23	sioner shall investigate and make a preliminary de-
24	termination or a final determination under this sec-
25	tion with respect to whether a person has entered

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1	covered merchandise into the customs territory of
2	the United States through evasion without regard to
3	whether the person—
4	"(A) intended to violate an antidumping
5	duty order or countervailing duty order under
6	section 736 or 706, respectively, or a finding
7	issued under the Antidumping Act, 1921; or
8	"(B) exercised reasonable care with respect
9	to avoiding a violation of such an order or find-
10	ing.".
11	(b) Technical Amendment.—Clause (ii) of section
12	777(b)(1)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C.
13	1677f(b)(1)(A)) is amended to read as follows:
14	"(ii) to an officer or employee of U.S.
15	Customs and Border Protection who is di-
16	rectly involved in conducting an investiga-
17	tion regarding fraud under this title or
18	claims of evasion under section 516B.".
19	(c) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Section $516A(a)(2)$ of the
20	Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1516a(a)(2)) is amended—
21	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
22	(A) in clause (i)(III), by striking "or" at
23	the end;
24	(B) in clause (ii), by adding "or" at the
25	end; and

1	(C) by inserting after clause (ii) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(iii) the date of publication in the
4	Federal Register of a determination de-
5	scribed in clause (ix) of subparagraph
6	(B),"; and
7	(2) in subparagraph (B), by adding at the end
8	the following new clause:
9	"(ix) A determination by the Commis-
10	sioner responsible for U.S. Customs and
11	Border Protection under section 516B that
12	merchandise has been entered into the cus-
13	toms territory of the United States
14	through evasion.".
15	(d) Finality of Determinations.—Section 514(b)
16	of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1514(b)) is amended
17	by striking "section 303" and all that follows through
18	"which are reviewable" and inserting "section 516B or
19	title VII that are reviewable".
20	SEC. 102. APPLICATION TO CANADA AND MEXICO.
21	Pursuant to article 1902 of the North American Free
22	Trade Agreement and section 408 of the North American
23	Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (19 U.S.C.
24	3438), the amendments made by this title shall apply with

1 TITLE II—OTHER MATTERS

2 SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.

In this title, the terms "appropriate congressional
committees", "Commissioner", "covered merchandise",
"enter" and "entry", and "evade" and "evasion" have the
meanings given those terms in section 516B(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (as added by section 101 of this Act).

8 SEC. 202. ALLOCATION OF U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER 9 PROTECTION PERSONNEL.

(a) REASSIGNMENT AND ALLOCATION.—The Commissioner shall, to the maximum extent possible, ensure
that U.S. Customs and Border Protection—

(1) employs sufficient personnel who have expertise in, and responsibility for, preventing the
entry of covered merchandise into the customs territory of the United States through evasion; and

17 (2) on the basis of risk assessment metrics, as-18 signs sufficient personnel with primary responsibility 19 for preventing the entry of covered merchandise into 20 the customs territory of the United States through 21 evasion to the ports of entry in the United States at 22 which the Commissioner determines potential eva-23 sion presents the most substantial threats to the rev-24 enue of the United States.

1 (b) COMMERCIAL ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS.—Not 2 later than 30 days after the enactment of this Act, the 3 Secretary of Homeland Security, the Commissioner, and 4 the Assistant Secretary for U.S. Immigration and Cus-5 toms Enforcement shall assess and properly allocate the 6 resources of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and 7 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement—

8 (1) to effectively implement the provisions of,9 and amendments made by, this Act; and

10 (2) to improve efforts to investigate and combat11 evasion.

12 SEC. 203. REGULATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 240 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner shall
issue regulations to carry out this title and the amendments made by title I.

17 (b) COOPERATION BETWEEN U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION, U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS 18 ENFORCEMENT, AND DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.—Not 19 20 later than 240 days after the date of the enactment of 21 this Act, the Commissioner, the Assistant Secretary for 22 U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and the Sec-23 retary of Commerce shall establish procedures to ensure 24 maximum cooperation and communication between U.S. 25 Customs and Border Protection, U.S. Immigration and

Customs Enforcement, and the Department of Commerce
 in order to quickly, efficiently, and accurately investigate
 allegations of evasion under section 516B of the Tariff
 Act of 1930 (as added by section 101 of this Act).

5 SEC. 204. ANNUAL REPORT ON PREVENTION OF EVASION 6 OF ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTERVAILING 7 DUTY ORDERS.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than February 28 of 9 each year, beginning in 2012, the Commissioner, in con-10 sultation with the Secretary of Commerce, shall submit to 11 the appropriate congressional committees a report on the 12 efforts being taken pursuant to section 516B of the Tariff 13 Act of 1930 (as added by section 101 of this Act) to prevent the entry of covered merchandise into the customs 14 15 territory of the United States through evasion.

16 (b) CONTENTS.—Each report required under sub-17 section (a) shall include—

18 (1) for the fiscal year preceding the submission19 of the report—

20 (A) the number and a brief description of
21 petitions and referrals received pursuant to sec22 tion 516B(b)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (as
23 added by section 101 of this Act);

24 (B) the results of the investigations initi-25 ated under such section, including any related

1	enforcement actions, and the amount of anti-
2	dumping and countervailing duties collected as
3	a result of those investigations; and
4	(C) to the extent appropriate, a summary
5	of the efforts of U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
6	tection, other than efforts initiated pursuant
7	section $516B$ of the Tariff Act of 1930 (as
8	added by section 101 of this Act), to prevent
9	the entry of covered merchandise into the cus-
10	toms territory of the United States through
11	evasion; and
12	(2) for the 3 fiscal years preceding the submis-
13	sion of the report, an estimate of—
14	(A) the amount of covered merchandise
15	that entered the customs territory of the United
16	States through evasion; and
17	(B) the amount of duties that could not be
18	collected on such merchandise because the Com-
19	missioner did not have the authority to reliq-
20	uidate the entries of such merchandise.
21	SEC. 205. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REPORT
22	ON RELIQUIDATION AUTHORITY.
23	Not later than 60 days after the date of the enact-
24	ment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United
25	States shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-

mittees, and make available to the public, a report esti mating the amount of duties that could not be collected
 on covered merchandise that entered the customs territory
 of the United States through evasion during fiscal years
 2009 and 2010 because the Commissioner did not have
 the authority to reliquidate the entries of such merchan dise.

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