S. RES. 373

Recognizing February 14, 2012, as the centennial of the State of Arizona.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 14, 2012

Mr. McCain (for himself and Mr. Kyl) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to

RESOLUTION

Recognizing February 14, 2012, as the centennial of the State of Arizona.

Whereas, after many changes in government administration, territorial divisions, and additions, including lands acquired through the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo and the Gadsden Purchase, the Territory of Arizona came into existence nearly 150 years ago after serving as a sacred home to native cultures for thousands of years;

Whereas Arizona is home to many of the greatest natural treasures of the United States, including the Sedona Red Rocks, the White Mountains, the Painted Desert, the Petrified Forest, Monument Valley, Saguaro National Park, the 12,000-foot San Francisco Peaks, and the Grand Canyon, 1 of the 7 natural wonders of the world, which explorer John Wesley Powell said could not be

- "adequately represented in symbols of speech, nor by speech itself";
- Whereas Arizona is also home to man-made wonders, including innovative projects that have allowed much-needed fresh water to flow to Arizona communities for decades, such as the Hoover Dam, the Glen Canyon Dam, the Central Arizona Project, the Salt River Project, and the keystone element of the Salt River Project, the Theodore Roosevelt Dam;
- Whereas Arizona has long been recognized for being rich in natural resources, including the famous "5 C's", copper, cattle, cotton, citrus, and climate, that continue to sustain the economies of Arizona and the United States;
- Whereas Arizona is a mosaic of cultures, cuisines, and traditions, drawing continuing influence from 21 proud American Indian tribes and the early prospectors, ranchers, cowboys, adventurers, and missionaries, as well as a dynamic Latino community;
- Whereas all of these Arizonans were, and remain, bound by a strong sense of independence and a willingness to persevere against the odds, and are again picking themselves up in the wake of devastating wildfires and economic challenges;
- Whereas this unique Arizona spirit has nurtured leaders in the arts, justice, conservation, and science, as well as some of the greatest statesmen in the 20th century United States, including Senators Ernest McFarland, Carl Hayden, and Barry Goldwater, Representative Morris Udall, and Supreme Court Justices William Rehnquist and Sandra Day O'Connor;

- Whereas the many military installations in Arizona have provided valuable contributions to the defense of the United States and will continue to do so for years to come;
- Whereas, after nearly half a century as a territory of the United States, Arizona became the 48th State of the United States, and the last contiguous State, on February 14, 1912;
- Whereas the people of the United States now have the opportunity to celebrate the natural splendor, innovative spirit, and cultural diversity that have made Arizona so special for the past 100 years and will continue to make Arizona special for centuries to come: Now, therefore, be it
- 1 Resolved, That the Senate recognizes February 14,
- 2 2012 as the centennial of the State of Arizona.

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