And we think, oh, it was a good week. We had less than 400,000 new sign-ups to unemployment. And people run off the other end and they expire and they’re no longer eligible, and so that number went from around 15 million unemployed down to around 14 million unemployed, or a little more.

That’s not the number that we should be most concerned about. It is a number. We should add the 14 million that meet the definition for unemployment to the number of Americans that are out of work that are simply not in the workforce. Yes, they may be in school. A lot of us worked our way through school. And I started before that age of 16.

And then you go from 20 on up to 25 or so, there’s another chunk. Work your way on up. Americans of working age not in the workforce. A letter that I came to this Congress not that long ago were 69 million. Then it became 80 million. And about 2½ months ago the number, for the first time in the history of this country, the number of Americans of working age not in the workforce exceeded 100 million Americans—100 million. Think what you could do with the labor of 100 million Americans. And while that’s going on, now we have, what is our number, 11, 12 or more million illegals in America? I actually think it’s 20 million or more. But they keep ramping that number down. They keep coming across the border, and the number got lower instead of greater by some analysis.

But you know how this is: about seven out of every 12 illegals here in this country work. That’s marginally a little greater than the number of Americans that are working. And that seven out of 12 that are there are part of around 8 million, 7 million to 8 million documented. I’ll say studied-analyzed consensus numbers, 7 to 8 million illegals in America that were working. Now, if they all woke up tomorrow in their home country, that conceivably creates 8 million new jobs. And you know they weren’t coming into this country illegally, you wouldn’t need so many people to go guard the border either, and they could do something productive rather than something that’s not contributing economically to this country in the fashion that produces goods and services.

So there’s 8 million jobs there. But there are many other jobs out there for the people that will go out there and start a business, go ask for a job, compete in this marketplace. And every one of the 100 million Americans who are not working that puts in 1 hour’s work even a week contributes to the gross domestic product of the United States of America.

People who are not working, not producing, are not contributing, unless of course they’ve got investments that are returning, and then I’ll give them some credit for that.

But 100 million. Think if you were on a boat or a ship, and let’s say you had 300 people on that boat or ship, and you had to have some tending the sails, some pulling the oars, some swabbing the decks, the galley, some cooking, cleaning, housekeeping and somebody up there taking care of the captain.

And what if you had 100 out of those 300 people that said, I’m going to sit here in steerage. Bring me my food, clean up my mess. That’s the scope of what America is faced with today.

I’d put the people on the oars. I’d put them up there trimming the sails and swabbing the decks, and we will sail a lot smoother, we’ll be a lot stronger country, and we’ll feel better about ourselves. This dignity of work is there for every man and woman that takes that job on.

And I challenge us all: let’s step up, take the freedom we have left. Let’s grasp for more of that liberty. Let’s grasp more of that freedom, and let’s put some of these 100 million people to work so they can contribute to their gross domestic product. The rest of the world will respect us more. We’ll be stronger economically. We’ll have more prudent people that are contributing to the ideas in this Congress, and we will get to a balanced budget, and we will start to pay down this national debt, and we will enforce and respect the rule of law.

Mr. Speaker, I would go on for another hour articulating some of the other pillars of American exceptionalism, but I recognize there is no limit to your patience, but my time.

I appreciate your attention, and I would yield back the balance of my time.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. Darrell (at the request of Mr. CANTOR) for November 29 and November 30 on account of official travel.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. KING of Iowa. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn. The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 7 o’clock and 40 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow. Thursday, December 1, 2011, at 10 a.m. for morning-hour debate.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker’s table and referred as follows:

4036. A letter from the Under Secretary, Department of Defense, transmitting the Department’s quarterly report entitled, “Acceptance of contributions for defense programs projects, and the ‘Defense Cooperation Account’, for the period ending September 30, 2011; to the Committee on Armed Services.

4038. A letter from the Under Secretary, Department of Defense, transmitting a letter on the approved retirement of Lieutenant General David P. Fidrovich, United States Army, and his advancement to the grade of lieutenant general on the retired list; to the Committee on Armed Services.

4039. A letter from the Chairman and President, Export-Import Bank, transmitting a report on transactions involving U.S. exports to Ireland pursuant to Section 2(b)(3) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, as amended; to the Committee on Financial Services.

4040. A letter from the Assistant General Counsel for Regulatory Services, Department of Education, transmitting the Department’s final rule — Promote Neighborhoods Program (CPDA: 84.215P) received November 4, 2011, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

4042. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency’s final rule — Approval and Proclamation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; North Dakota; Revisions to the Air Pollution Control Rules (EPA-R08-OAR-2009-0556; FRL-9486-2) received November 4, 2011, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

4043. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency’s final rule — Approval and Proclamation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; Virginia; Revision to Nitrogen Oxides Budget Trading Program (EPA-R03-OAR-2011-0773; FRL-9487-6) received November 4, 2011, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

4044. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency’s final rule — Approval of Air Quality Implementation Plans; North Dakota; Revisions to the Air Pollution Control Rules (EPA-R08-OAR-2009-0556; FRL-9486-2) received November 4, 2011, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

4045. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency’s final rule — Revisions to the California State Implementation Plan, Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District and Imperial County Air Pollution Control District (EPA-R09-OAR-2011-0356; FRL-9479-3) received November 4, 2011, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

4046. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency’s final rule — Revisions to the California State Implementation Plan, Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District and Imperial County Air Pollution Control District (EPA-R09-OAR-2011-0356; FRL-9479-3) received November 4, 2011, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.