The chant comes in unison from the debtor nations themselves, the bailout caucuses in Brussels. An Obama White House concerned with its re-election and liberal pundits worried about their welfare-state economic model is under assault. Like the rich Americans who must pay their fair share, the Germans are supposed to pay up to save a united Europe.

"The reality is that the Germans, along with the Dutch and the Finns, are two in Europe who understand that saving the euro requires more than a blank check. It requires a new political commitment to better economic policy to fiscal discipline."

Now let me read from another article that was in the paper. I think it was this morning in this Washington Post. I will read it in part. It says: "Investors have grown wary of lending money to European banks. People who invest, they don't want to invest in European banks because they're worried that bond yields could lose vast amounts of money in their holdings of bonds issued by cash or European governments. So investors don't want to invest, and Germany does not want to invest."

So, Mr. Speaker, every day it seems like we're going home to celebrate the holidays and what will happen to them upon Greece or Italy or somewhere like that going belly-up, most Americans are fixated on one problem, ladies and gentlemen. It's a very personal problem. That problem is unemployment right here in America.

Now, while we are pondering the difficulties that investors may face because of efforts to prop up central banks in Europe, people are hurting out here. People, including wives or husbands of unemployed spouses, are suffering. They're suffering as we close in on the holiday season when they see so many out doing for their families and they themselves, having been unemployed, most of whom have been unemployed for at least 6 months, many for 2 years, they're looking, and they're feeling this cold wind out in a bad way. They're regretful of the fact that they're not able to fully participate in this part of the American Dream doing for others, buying Christmas gifts.

In fact, people are worried about whether or not their unemployment insurance will be there for them after the beginning of the year. They realize that they're closing in on the cut-off date for expiration of the long-term unemployment benefits and they're worried about that, not about investors and how they might fare in terms of European countries not being fiscally solvent, allegedly.

So, Mr. Speaker, every day it seems like I read another report from economists telling us how important it is to extend unemployment benefits to help our fragile economy recover. And there's no doubt about helping millions of unemployed Americans during the worst downturn since the Great Depression, which was caused by the very investment bankers that have been discussed today that might be hurt because of European shenanigans. It's mind-boggling.

They are the ones that actually kicked this cesspool that we're in off. And then they got bailed out, but they're not willing to allow the very Tea Party, Grover Norquist Republican parties who they control, they're not willing to allow unemployment insurance benefits for the long-term unemployed unless there's a penalty involved.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN AMERICA

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. JOHNSON) for 5 minutes.

Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia. At a time when Americans are not really deeply concerned about investors in European markets and what will happen to them upon Greece or Italy or somewhere like that going belly-up, most Americans are fixated on one problem, ladies and gentlemen. It's a very personal problem. That problem is unemployment right here in America.

Now, while we are pondering the difficulties that investors may face because of efforts to prop up central banks in Europe, people are hurting out here. People, including wives or husbands of unemployed spouses, are suffering. They're suffering as we close in on the holiday season when they see so many out doing for their families and they themselves, having been unemployed, most of whom have been unemployed for at least 6 months, many for 2 years, they're looking and feeling this cold wind out in a bad way. They're regretful of the fact that they're not able to fully participate in this part of the American Dream doing for others, buying Christmas gifts.

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So, Mr. Speaker, every day it seems like I read another report from economists telling us how important it is to extend unemployment benefits to help our fragile economy recover. And there's no doubt about helping millions of unemployed Americans during the worst downturn since the Great Depression, which was caused by the very investment bankers that have been discussed today that might be hurt because of European shenanigans. It's mind-boggling.

They are the ones that actually kicked this cesspool that we're in off. And then they got bailed out, but they're not willing to allow the very Tea Party, Grover Norquist Republican parties who they control, they're not willing to allow unemployment insurance benefits for the long-term unemployed unless there's a penalty involved.

We should not risk the American taxpayer by giving money or lending money to Europe under these circumstances. It's crazy, in my opinion.

Mr. Speaker, I hope that the President and the Fed will reconsider this and not put us into the basket with the Europeans under these circumstances right now. It makes absolutely no sense, and it risks the American taxpayer.
EXTENDING UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore, The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Alabama (Ms. SEWELL) for 5 minutes.

Ms. SEWELL. Mr. Speaker, today I rise in support of workers, families, and middle class Americans across the Seventh Congressional District of Alabama and across this entire Nation who have lost their jobs as a result of the deepest economic recession since the Great Depression.

In my district, the Seventh Congressional District of Alabama and across this Nation, the number one issue is job creation. While some progress has been made in turning our economy around, there is still so much work to be done in order to encourage job creation. Recent reports indicate that the Nation’s private employers created approximately 200,000 new jobs during November. While this number shows that our economy is slowly recovering and growing, we cannot forget about the millions of Americans who have been diligently searching for work but who have not been successful in doing so.

Congress must extend unemployment benefits for the hardworking Americans who have lost their jobs due to no fault of their own—rather, due to the economic downturn. These workers should also be given the necessary assistance to provide for their families during this difficult time. Nearly one-third of America’s 14 million unemployed have had no jobs for a year or more. In fact, long-term unemployment data suggests that about 2 million people have used up the 99 weeks of unemployment benefits, but they still cannot find work.

Congress has never allowed emergency unemployment programs to expire when the unemployment rate has exceeded 7.2 percent. With our Nation’s unemployment rate hovering around 9 percent, now is not the time to allow these essential benefits to expire.

In my home State of Alabama, unemployment and poverty rates have both increased dramatically in the wake of the most recent recession. In parts of the district that I represent, unemployment rates are as high as 19 percent. These persistently high unemployment numbers demonstrate the need for Federal unemployment assistance, and it remains a critical lifeline to many of the constituents I represent.

The Census Bureau states that unemployment benefits kept nearly 3.2 million Americans, including 900,000 children, from slipping into poverty last year. Without action, more than 2 million Americans will be cut off from unemployment insurance by mid-February of next year. The potential effects of this lapse in benefits would devastate millions of Americans and millions of households across this Nation.

We all understand that extending these unemployment insurance benefits is a temporary fix to a much larger problem. As Members of Congress, we must move quickly to adopt a comprehensive jobs plan that will aid businesses and communities in developing and growing. We must draft legislation that will promote an entrepreneurial climate and support American businesses globally. Now is the time that we must act. The American people want a comprehensive jobs plan. Until then, we have to extend unemployment benefits to help those millions of Americans who are desperately looking for work and can’t find it.

I urge my colleagues to put partisanship aside. Party politics has no place when we’re talking about the betterment and advancement of our Nation. Unemployed Americans, struggling families and communities across this Nation cannot wait. We must act now.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until noon today.

Accordingly (at 11 o’clock and 28 minutes a.m.), the House stood in recess until noon.

☐ 1200

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker at noon.

PRAYER

Reverend Dr. Cathy C. Jones, Parkwood Institutional CME Church, Charlotte, North Carolina, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God our Father, because of who You are and the glory that is revealed in Your only begotten Son, Jesus Christ, we praise Your Holy Name.

Lord, Your Word declares “if any man lack wisdom, let him ask of God that giveth to all men liberally and upbraideth not; and it shall be given him.”

We ask for Your unmerited favor upon the lives of every elected Member of the House of Representatives to provide the wisdom, knowledge, understanding, and courage that will allow their hearts to be filled with the principles of justice, loyalty, compassion, humility, and love so that we can continue to be united as one Nation under God.

In the name of Him who is able to keep us from falling and present us faultless before the presence of His glory with exceeding joy.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day’s proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER. Will the gentlewoman from New Jersey (Mr. PASCRELL) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. PASCRELL led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

WELCOMING REVEREND DR. CATHY C. JONES

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the gentlewoman from North Carolina (Mr. WATT) is recognized for 1 minute.

There was no objection.

Mr. WATT. Mr. Speaker, I’m pleased to welcome Reverend Dr. Cathy C. Jones as the guest chaplain today for the United States House of Representatives. Since July, 2009, Dr. Jones has served as pastor of Parkwood Institutional CME Church, which is located in my congressional district in Charlotte, North Carolina.

Reverend Dr. Jones is a native of Chatham County, North Carolina. She received her associates, bachelor’s, and master’s degrees from Justice Fellowship International Bible College in Raleigh, North Carolina. In May of 2010, she received her doctorate in Biblical Studies from Justice Fellowship Bible College in Jacksonville, North Carolina.

Dr. Jones has been a pastor and served on different committees at the local and district levels during her time with the CME Church. She’s married to Theodore Jones and has been blessed with 7 children, 19 grandchildren, and 3 great grandchildren.

On behalf of my constituents in the 12th Congressional District and my colleagues here in the House, I thank her for her service to her community and for her prayer this morning.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. WESTMORELAND) laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Washington, DC, December 1, 2011.

Hon. John A. Boehner
The Speaker, U.S. Capitol, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 3(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on December 1, 2011 at 9:51 a.m.:

That the Senate agreed to House amendment to Senate amendment H.R. 394.

Appointments:
National Commission for Review of Research and Development Programs of the United States Intelligence Community.