

113<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION

# H. R. 3590

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## AN ACT

To protect and enhance opportunities for recreational hunting, fishing, and shooting, and for other purposes.

1        *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2        *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Sportsmen’s Heritage  
3 And Recreational Enhancement Act” or the “SHARE  
4 Act”.

5 **SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

6 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Report on economic impact.

TITLE I—HUNTING, FISHING AND RECREATIONAL SHOOTING  
PROTECTION ACT

- Sec. 101. Short title.
- Sec. 102. Modification of definition.

TITLE II—TARGET PRACTICE AND MARKSMANSHIP TRAINING  
SUPPORT ACT

- Sec. 201. Short title.
- Sec. 202. Findings; purpose.
- Sec. 203. Definition of public target range.
- Sec. 204. Amendments to Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act.
- Sec. 205. Limits on liability.
- Sec. 206. Sense of Congress regarding cooperation.

TITLE III—PUBLIC LANDS FILMING

- Sec. 301. Purpose.
- Sec. 302. Annual permit and fee for film crews of 5 persons or fewer.

TITLE IV—POLAR BEAR CONSERVATION AND FAIRNESS ACT

- Sec. 401. Short title.
- Sec. 402. Permits for importation of polar bear trophies taken in sport hunts  
in Canada.

TITLE V—PERMANENT ELECTRONIC DUCK STAMP ACT

- Sec. 501. Short title.
- Sec. 502. Definitions.
- Sec. 503. Authority to issue electronic duck stamps.
- Sec. 504. State application.
- Sec. 505. State obligations and authorities.
- Sec. 506. Electronic stamp requirements; recognition of electronic stamp.
- Sec. 507. Termination of State participation.

TITLE VI—ACCESS TO WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT  
PROJECTS ACT

- Sec. 601. Short title.

Sec. 602. Protecting Americans from violent crime.

TITLE VII—WILDLIFE AND HUNTING HERITAGE CONSERVATION  
COUNCIL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Sec. 701. Wildlife and Hunting Heritage Conservation Council Advisory Committee.

TITLE VIII—RECREATIONAL FISHING AND HUNTING HERITAGE  
AND OPPORTUNITIES ACT

Sec. 801. Short title.

Sec. 802. Findings.

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TITLE IX—RESPECT FOR TREATIES AND RIGHTS

Sec. 901. Respect for Treaties and Rights.

TITLE X—EXEMPTIONS FOR TAKING MIGRATORY BIRDS ON  
CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL LAND

Sec. 1001. Short title.

Sec. 1002. Exemptions on certain land.

TITLE XI—SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING SNOWMOBILES ON  
NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM LANDS

Sec. 1101. Findings and purpose.

1 **SEC. 3. REPORT ON ECONOMIC IMPACT.**

2 Not later than 12 months after the date of the enact-  
3 ment of this Act, the Secretary of Interior shall submit  
4 a report to Congress that assesses expected economic im-  
5 pacts of the Act. Such report shall include—

6 (1) a review of any expected increases in ree-  
7 reational hunting, fishing, shooting, and conserva-  
8 tion activities;

9 (2) an estimate of any jobs created in each in-  
10 dustry expected to support such activities described  
11 in paragraph (1), including in the supply, manufac-  
12 turing, distribution, and retail sectors;

1           (3) an estimate of wages related to jobs de-  
2           scribed in paragraph (2); and

3           (4) an estimate of anticipated new local, State,  
4           and Federal revenue related to jobs described in  
5           paragraph (2).

6       **TITLE I—HUNTING, FISHING**  
7       **AND RECREATIONAL SHOOT-**  
8       **ING PROTECTION ACT**

9       **SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.**

10       This title may be cited as the “Hunting, Fishing, and  
11       Recreational Shooting Protection Act”.

12       **SEC. 102. MODIFICATION OF DEFINITION.**

13       Section 3(2)(B) of the Toxic Substances Control Act  
14       (15 U.S.C. 2602(2)(B)) is amended—

15           (1) in clause (v), by striking “, and” and insert-  
16           ing “, or any component of any such article includ-  
17           ing, without limitation, shot, bullets and other pro-  
18           jectiles, propellants, and primers,”;

19           (2) in clause (vi) by striking the period at the  
20           end and inserting “, and”; and

21           (3) by inserting after clause (vi) the following:

22           “(vii) any sport fishing equipment (as such  
23           term is defined in subsection (a) of section 4162 of  
24           the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) the sale of  
25           which is subject to the tax imposed by section

1 4161(a) of such Code (determined without regard to  
2 any exemptions from such tax as provided by section  
3 4162 or 4221 or any other provision of such Code),  
4 and sport fishing equipment components.”.

5 **TITLE II—TARGET PRACTICE**  
6 **AND MARKSMANSHIP TRAIN-**  
7 **ING SUPPORT ACT**

8 **SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.**

9 This title may be cited as the “Target Practice and  
10 Marksmanship Training Support Act”.

11 **SEC. 202. FINDINGS; PURPOSE.**

12 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

13 (1) the use of firearms and archery equipment  
14 for target practice and marksmanship training ac-  
15 tivities on Federal land is allowed, except to the ex-  
16 tent specific portions of that land have been closed  
17 to those activities;

18 (2) in recent years preceding the date of enact-  
19 ment of this Act, portions of Federal land have been  
20 closed to target practice and marksmanship training  
21 for many reasons;

22 (3) the availability of public target ranges on  
23 non-Federal land has been declining for a variety of  
24 reasons, including continued population growth and  
25 development near former ranges;

1           (4) providing opportunities for target practice  
2           and marksmanship training at public target ranges  
3           on Federal and non-Federal land can help—

4                   (A) to promote enjoyment of shooting, rec-  
5                   reational, and hunting activities; and

6                   (B) to ensure safe and convenient locations  
7                   for those activities;

8           (5) Federal law in effect on the date of enact-  
9           ment of this Act, including the Pittman-Robertson  
10          Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669 et seq.),  
11          provides Federal support for construction and ex-  
12          pansion of public target ranges by making available  
13          to States amounts that may be used for construc-  
14          tion, operation, and maintenance of public target  
15          ranges; and

16          (6) it is in the public interest to provide in-  
17          creased Federal support to facilitate the construction  
18          or expansion of public target ranges.

19          (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this title is to facili-  
20          tate the construction and expansion of public target  
21          ranges, including ranges on Federal land managed by the  
22          Forest Service and the Bureau of Land Management.

23          **SEC. 203. DEFINITION OF PUBLIC TARGET RANGE.**

24          In this title, the term “public target range” means  
25          a specific location that—

- 1           (1) is identified by a governmental agency for  
2 recreational shooting;
- 3           (2) is open to the public;
- 4           (3) may be supervised; and
- 5           (4) may accommodate archery or rifle, pistol, or  
6 shotgun shooting.

7 **SEC. 204. AMENDMENTS TO PITTMAN-ROBERTSON WILD-**  
8 **LIFE RESTORATION ACT.**

9           (a) **DEFINITIONS.**—Section 2 of the Pittman-Robert-  
10 son Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669a) is amend-  
11 ed—

12           (1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through  
13 (8) as paragraphs (3) through (9), respectively; and

14           (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-  
15 lowing:

16           “(2) the term ‘public target range’ means a  
17 specific location that—

18           “(A) is identified by a governmental agen-  
19 cy for recreational shooting;

20           “(B) is open to the public;

21           “(C) may be supervised; and

22           “(D) may accommodate archery or rifle,  
23 pistol, or shotgun shooting;”.

24           (b) **EXPENDITURES FOR MANAGEMENT OF WILD-**  
25 **LIFE AREAS AND RESOURCES.**—Section 8(b) of the Pitt-

1 man-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C.  
2 669g(b)) is amended—

3 (1) by striking “(b) Each State” and inserting  
4 the following:

5 “(b) EXPENDITURES FOR MANAGEMENT OF WILD-  
6 LIFE AREAS AND RESOURCES.—

7 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-  
8 graph (2), each State”;

9 (2) in paragraph (1) (as so designated), by  
10 striking “construction, operation,” and inserting  
11 “operation”;

12 (3) in the second sentence, by striking “The  
13 non-Federal share” and inserting the following:

14 “(3) NON-FEDERAL SHARE.—The non-Federal  
15 share”;

16 (4) in the third sentence, by striking “The Sec-  
17 retary” and inserting the following:

18 “(4) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary”; and

19 (5) by inserting after paragraph (1) (as des-  
20 ignated by paragraph (1) of this subsection) the fol-  
21 lowing:

22 “(2) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding the limita-  
23 tion described in paragraph (1), a State may pay up  
24 to 90 percent of the cost of acquiring land for, ex-  
25 panding, or constructing a public target range.”.

1           (c) FIREARM AND BOW HUNTER EDUCATION AND  
2 SAFETY PROGRAM GRANTS.—Section 10 of the Pittman-  
3 Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669h–1)  
4 is amended—

5           (1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the  
6 following:

7           “(3) ALLOCATION OF ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS.—  
8 Of the amount apportioned to a State for any fiscal  
9 year under section 4(b), the State may elect to allo-  
10 cate not more than 10 percent, to be combined with  
11 the amount apportioned to the State under para-  
12 graph (1) for that fiscal year, for acquiring land for,  
13 expanding, or constructing a public target range.”;

14           (2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the  
15 following:

16           “(b) COST SHARING.—

17           “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-  
18 graph (2), the Federal share of the cost of any activ-  
19 ity carried out using a grant under this section shall  
20 not exceed 75 percent of the total cost of the activ-  
21 ity.

22           “(2) PUBLIC TARGET RANGE CONSTRUCTION OR  
23 EXPANSION.—The Federal share of the cost of ac-  
24 quiring land for, expanding, or constructing a public  
25 target range in a State on Federal or non-Federal

1 land pursuant to this section or section 8(b) shall  
2 not exceed 90 percent of the cost of the activity.”;  
3 and

4 (3) in subsection (c)(1)—

5 (A) by striking “Amounts made” and in-  
6 serting the following:

7 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in  
8 subparagraph (B), amounts made”; and

9 (B) by adding at the end the following:

10 “(B) EXCEPTION.—Amounts provided for  
11 acquiring land for, constructing, or expanding a  
12 public target range shall remain available for  
13 expenditure and obligation during the 5-fiscal-  
14 year period beginning on October 1 of the first  
15 fiscal year for which the amounts are made  
16 available.”.

17 **SEC. 205. LIMITS ON LIABILITY.**

18 (a) DISCRETIONARY FUNCTION.—For purposes of  
19 chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code (commonly  
20 referred to as the “Federal Tort Claims Act”), any action  
21 by an agent or employee of the United States to manage  
22 or allow the use of Federal land for purposes of target  
23 practice or marksmanship training by a member of the  
24 public shall be considered to be the exercise or perform-  
25 ance of a discretionary function.

1 (b) CIVIL ACTION OR CLAIMS.—Except to the extent  
2 provided in chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code,  
3 the United States shall not be subject to any civil action  
4 or claim for money damages for any injury to or loss of  
5 property, personal injury, or death caused by an activity  
6 occurring at a public target range that is—

- 7 (1) funded in whole or in part by the Federal  
8 Government pursuant to the Pittman-Robertson  
9 Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 669 et seq.); or  
10 (2) located on Federal land.

11 **SEC. 206. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING COOPERATION.**

12 It is the sense of Congress that, consistent with appli-  
13 cable laws and regulations, the Chief of the Forest Service  
14 and the Director of the Bureau of Land Management  
15 should cooperate with State and local authorities and  
16 other entities to carry out waste removal and other activi-  
17 ties on any Federal land used as a public target range  
18 to encourage continued use of that land for target practice  
19 or marksmanship training.

20 **TITLE III—PUBLIC LANDS**  
21 **FILMING**

22 **SEC. 301. PURPOSE.**

23 The purpose of this title is to provide commercial film  
24 crews of 5 persons or fewer access to film in areas des-

1 ignated for public use during public hours on Federal  
2 lands and waterways.

3 **SEC. 302. ANNUAL PERMIT AND FEE FOR FILM CREWS OF**  
4 **5 PERSONS OR FEWER.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section (1)(a) of Public Law 106–  
6 206 (16 U.S.C. 4601–6d) is amended by—

7 (1) redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)  
8 as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively;

9 (2) striking “The Secretary of the Interior” and  
10 inserting “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by  
11 paragraph (3), the Secretary of the Interior”;

12 (3) inserting “(2) OTHER CONSIDERATIONS.—”  
13 before “The Secretary may include other factors”;  
14 and

15 (4) adding at the end the following new para-  
16 graph:

17 “(3) SPECIAL RULES FOR FILM CREWS OF 5  
18 PERSONS OR FEWER.—

19 “(A) For any film crew of 5 persons or  
20 fewer, the Secretary shall require a permit and  
21 assess an annual fee of \$200 for commercial  
22 filming activities or similar projects on Federal  
23 lands and waterways administered by the Sec-  
24 retary. The permit shall be valid for commercial  
25 filming activities or similar projects that occur

1 in areas designated for public use during public  
2 hours on all Federal lands waterways adminis-  
3 tered by the Secretary for a 12-month period  
4 beginning on the date of issuance of the permit.

5 “(B) For persons holding a permit de-  
6 scribed in this paragraph, the Secretary shall  
7 not assess, during the effective period of the  
8 permit, any additional fee for commercial film-  
9 ing activities and similar projects that occur in  
10 areas designated for public use during public  
11 hours on Federal lands and waterways adminis-  
12 tered by the Secretary.

13 “(C) In this paragraph, the term ‘film  
14 crew’ includes all persons present on Federal  
15 land under the Secretary’s jurisdiction who are  
16 associated with the production of a certain film.

17 “(D) The Secretary shall not prohibit, as  
18 a motorized vehicle or under any other pur-  
19 poses, use of cameras or related equipment used  
20 for the purpose of commercial filming activities  
21 or similar projects in accordance with this para-  
22 graph on Federal lands and waterways adminis-  
23 tered by the Secretary.”.

24 (b) RECOVERY OF COSTS.—Section (1)(b) of Public  
25 Law 106–206 (16 U.S.C. 460l–6d) is amended by—

1 (1) striking “collect any costs” and inserting  
2 “recover any costs”; and

3 (2) striking “similar project” and inserting  
4 “similar projects”.

5 **TITLE IV—POLAR BEAR CON-**  
6 **SERVATION AND FAIRNESS**  
7 **ACT**

8 **SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.**

9 This title may be cited as the “Polar Bear Conserva-  
10 tion and Fairness Act”.

11 **SEC. 402. PERMITS FOR IMPORTATION OF POLAR BEAR**  
12 **TROPHIES TAKEN IN SPORT HUNTS IN CAN-**  
13 **ADA.**

14 Section 104(c)(5)(D) of the Marine Mammal Protec-  
15 tion Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1374(c)(5)(D)) is amended  
16 to read as follows:

17 “(D)(i) The Secretary of the Interior shall, ex-  
18 peditiously after the expiration of the applicable 30-  
19 day period under subsection (d)(2), issue a permit  
20 for the importation of any polar bear part (other  
21 than an internal organ) from a polar bear taken in  
22 a sport hunt in Canada to any person—

23 “(I) who submits, with the permit applica-  
24 tion, proof that the polar bear was legally har-

1           vested by the person before February 18, 1997;  
2           or

3           “(II) who has submitted, in support of a  
4           permit application submitted before May 15,  
5           2008, proof that the polar bear was legally har-  
6           vested by the person before May 15, 2008, from  
7           a polar bear population from which a sport-  
8           hunted trophy could be imported before that  
9           date in accordance with section 18.30(i) of title  
10          50, Code of Federal Regulations.

11          “(ii) The Secretary shall issue permits under  
12          clause (i)(I) without regard to subparagraphs (A)  
13          and (C)(ii) of this paragraph, subsection (d)(3), and  
14          sections 101 and 102. Sections 101(a)(3)(B) and  
15          102(b)(3) shall not apply to the importation of any  
16          polar bear part authorized by a permit issued under  
17          clause (i)(I). This clause shall not apply to polar  
18          bear parts that were imported before June 12, 1997.

19          “(iii) The Secretary shall issue permits under  
20          clause (i)(II) without regard to subparagraph (C)(ii)  
21          of this paragraph or subsection (d)(3). Sections  
22          101(a)(3)(B) and 102(b)(3) shall not apply to the  
23          importation of any polar bear part authorized by a  
24          permit issued under clause (i)(II). This clause shall  
25          not apply to polar bear parts that were imported be-

1 fore the date of enactment of the Polar Bear Con-  
2 servation and Fairness Act.”.

3 **TITLE V—PERMANENT**  
4 **ELECTRONIC DUCK STAMP ACT**

5 **SEC. 501. SHORT TITLE.**

6 This title may be cited as the “Permanent Electronic  
7 Duck Stamp Act”.

8 **SEC. 502. DEFINITIONS.**

9 In this title:

10 (1) **ACTUAL STAMP.**—The term “actual stamp”  
11 means a Federal migratory-bird hunting and con-  
12 servation stamp required under the Act of March  
13 16, 1934 (16 U.S.C. 718a et seq.) (popularly known  
14 as the “Duck Stamp Act”), that is printed on paper  
15 and sold through the means established by the au-  
16 thority of the Secretary immediately before the date  
17 of enactment of this Act.

18 (2) **AUTOMATED LICENSING SYSTEM.**—

19 (A) **IN GENERAL.**—The term “automated  
20 licensing system” means an electronic, comput-  
21 erized licensing system used by a State fish and  
22 wildlife agency to issue hunting, fishing, and  
23 other associated licenses and products.

24 (B) **INCLUSION.**—The term “automated li-  
25 censing system” includes a point-of-sale, Inter-

1 net, telephonic system, or other electronic appli-  
2 cations used for a purpose described in sub-  
3 paragraph (A).

4 (3) ELECTRONIC STAMP.—The term “electronic  
5 stamp” means an electronic version of an actual  
6 stamp that—

7 (A) is a unique identifier for the individual  
8 to whom it is issued;

9 (B) can be printed on paper or produced  
10 through an electronic application with the same  
11 indicators as the State endorsement provides;

12 (C) is issued through a State automated li-  
13 censing system that is authorized, under State  
14 law and by the Secretary under this title, to  
15 issue electronic stamps;

16 (D) is compatible with the hunting licens-  
17 ing system of the State that issues the elec-  
18 tronic stamp; and

19 (E) is described in the State application  
20 approved by the Secretary under section  
21 504(b).

22 (4) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means  
23 the Secretary of the Interior.

1 **SEC. 503. AUTHORITY TO ISSUE ELECTRONIC DUCK**  
2 **STAMPS.**

3 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary may authorize any  
4 State to issue electronic stamps in accordance with this  
5 title.

6 (b) **CONSULTATION.**—The Secretary shall implement  
7 this section in consultation with State management agen-  
8 cies.

9 **SEC. 504. STATE APPLICATION.**

10 (a) **APPROVAL OF APPLICATION REQUIRED.**—The  
11 Secretary may not authorize a State to issue electronic  
12 stamps under this title unless the Secretary has received  
13 and approved an application submitted by the State in ac-  
14 cordance with this section. The Secretary may determine  
15 the number of new States per year to participate in the  
16 electronic stamp program.

17 (b) **CONTENTS OF APPLICATION.**—The Secretary  
18 may not approve a State application unless the application  
19 contains—

20 (1) a description of the format of the electronic  
21 stamp that the State will issue under this title, in-  
22 cluding identifying features of the licensee that will  
23 be specified on the stamp;

24 (2) a description of any fee the State will  
25 charge for issuance of an electronic stamp;

1           (3) a description of the process the State will  
2 use to account for and transfer to the Secretary the  
3 amounts collected by the State that are required to  
4 be transferred to the Secretary under the program;

5           (4) the manner by which the State will transmit  
6 electronic stamp customer data to the Secretary;

7           (5) the manner by which actual stamps will be  
8 delivered;

9           (6) the policies and procedures under which the  
10 State will issue duplicate electronic stamps; and

11           (7) such other policies, procedures, and infor-  
12 mation as may be reasonably required by the Sec-  
13 retary.

14       (c) PUBLICATION OF DEADLINES, ELIGIBILITY RE-  
15 QUIREMENTS, AND SELECTION CRITERIA.—Not later than  
16 30 days before the date on which the Secretary begins ac-  
17 cepting applications under this section, the Secretary shall  
18 publish—

19           (1) deadlines for submission of applications;

20           (2) eligibility requirements for submitting appli-  
21 cations; and

22           (3) criteria for approving applications.

23 **SEC. 505. STATE OBLIGATIONS AND AUTHORITIES.**

24       (a) DELIVERY OF ACTUAL STAMP.—The Secretary  
25 shall require that each individual to whom a State sells

1 an electronic stamp under this title shall receive an actual  
2 stamp—

3 (1) by not later than the date on which the  
4 electronic stamp expires under section 506(c); and

5 (2) in a manner agreed upon by the State and  
6 Secretary.

7 (b) COLLECTION AND TRANSFER OF ELECTRONIC  
8 STAMP REVENUE AND CUSTOMER INFORMATION.—

9 (1) REQUIREMENT TO TRANSMIT.—The Sec-  
10 retary shall require each State authorized to issue  
11 electronic stamps to collect and submit to the Sec-  
12 retary in accordance with this section—

13 (A) the first name, last name, and com-  
14 plete mailing address of each individual that  
15 purchases an electronic stamp from the State;

16 (B) the face value amount of each elec-  
17 tronic stamp sold by the State; and

18 (C) the amount of the Federal portion of  
19 any fee required by the agreement for each  
20 stamp sold.

21 (2) TIME OF TRANSMITTAL.—The Secretary  
22 shall require the submission under paragraph (1) to  
23 be made with respect to sales of electronic stamps  
24 by a State according to the written agreement be-  
25 tween the Secretary and the State agency.



1           (2) to specify identifying features of the licensee  
2           that are adequate to enable Federal, State, and  
3           other law enforcement officers to identify the holder.

4           (b) RECOGNITION OF ELECTRONIC STAMP.—Any  
5           electronic stamp issued by a State under this title shall,  
6           during the effective period of the electronic stamp—

7           (1) bestow upon the licensee the same privileges  
8           as are bestowed by an actual stamp;

9           (2) be recognized nationally as a valid Federal  
10          migratory bird hunting and conservation stamp; and

11          (3) authorize the licensee to hunt migratory wa-  
12          terfowl in any other State, in accordance with the  
13          laws of the other State governing that hunting.

14          (c) DURATION.—An electronic stamp issued by a  
15          State shall be valid for a period agreed to by the State  
16          and the Secretary, which shall not exceed 45 days.

17       **SEC. 507. TERMINATION OF STATE PARTICIPATION.**

18          The authority of a State to issue electronic stamps  
19          under this title may be terminated—

20          (1) by the Secretary, if the Secretary—

21                  (A) finds that the State has violated any of  
22                  the terms of the application of the State ap-  
23                  proved by the Secretary under section 504; and

1 (B) provides to the State written notice of  
2 the termination by not later than the date that  
3 is 30 days before the date of termination; or

4 (2) by the State, by providing written notice to  
5 the Secretary by not later than the date that is 30  
6 days before the termination date.

7 **TITLE VI—ACCESS TO WATER**  
8 **RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT**  
9 **PROJECTS ACT**

10 **SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE.**

11 This title may be cited as the “Recreational Lands  
12 Self-Defense Act”.

13 **SEC. 602. PROTECTING AMERICANS FROM VIOLENT CRIME.**

14 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

15 (1) The Second Amendment to the Constitution  
16 provides that “the right of the people to keep and  
17 bear Arms, shall not be infringed”.

18 (2) Section 327.13 of title 36, Code of Federal  
19 Regulations, provides that, except in special cir-  
20 cumstances, “possession of loaded firearms, ammu-  
21 nition, loaded projectile firing devices, bows and ar-  
22 rows, crossbows, or other weapons is prohibited” at  
23 water resources development projects administered  
24 by the Secretary of the Army.

1           (3) The regulations described in paragraph (2)  
2       prevent individuals complying with Federal and  
3       State laws from exercising the second amendment  
4       rights of the individuals while at such water re-  
5       sources development projects.

6           (4) The Federal laws should make it clear that  
7       the second amendment rights of an individual at a  
8       water resources development project should not be  
9       infringed.

10       (b) PROTECTING THE RIGHT OF INDIVIDUALS TO  
11   BEAR ARMS AT WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT  
12   PROJECTS.—The Secretary of the Army shall not promul-  
13   gate or enforce any regulation that prohibits an individual  
14   from possessing a firearm including an assembled or func-  
15   tional firearm at a water resources development project  
16   covered under section 327.0 of title 36, Code of Federal  
17   Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of this  
18   Act), if—

19           (1) the individual is not otherwise prohibited by  
20       law from possessing the firearm; and

21           (2) the possession of the firearm is in compli-  
22       ance with the law of the State in which the water  
23       resources development project is located.

1 **TITLE VII—WILDLIFE AND HUNT-**  
2 **ING HERITAGE CONSERVA-**  
3 **TION COUNCIL ADVISORY**  
4 **COMMITTEE**

5 **SEC. 701. WILDLIFE AND HUNTING HERITAGE CONSERVA-**  
6 **TION COUNCIL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**

7 The Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (16 U.S.C.  
8 661 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
9 lowing:

10 **“SEC. 10. WILDLIFE AND HUNTING HERITAGE CONSERVA-**  
11 **TION COUNCIL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**

12 “(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—There is hereby established  
13 the Wildlife and Hunting Heritage Conservation Council  
14 Advisory Committee (in this section referred to as the ‘Ad-  
15 visory Committee’) to advise the Secretaries of the Interior  
16 and Agriculture on wildlife and habitat conservation,  
17 hunting, and recreational shooting.

18 “(b) **DUTIES OF THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**—The  
19 Advisory Committee shall advise the Secretaries with re-  
20 gard to—

21 “(1) implementation of Executive Order No.  
22 13443: Facilitation of Hunting Heritage and Wild-  
23 life Conservation, which directs Federal agencies ‘to  
24 facilitate the expansion and enhancement of hunting

1 opportunities and the management of game species  
2 and their habitat’;

3 “(2) policies or programs to conserve and re-  
4 store wetlands, agricultural lands, grasslands, forest,  
5 and rangeland habitats;

6 “(3) policies or programs to promote opportuni-  
7 ties and access to hunting and shooting sports on  
8 Federal lands;

9 “(4) policies or programs to recruit and retain  
10 new hunters and shooters;

11 “(5) policies or programs that increase public  
12 awareness of the importance of wildlife conservation  
13 and the social and economic benefits of recreational  
14 hunting and shooting; and

15 “(6) policies or programs that encourage co-  
16 ordination among the public, the hunting and shoot-  
17 ing sports community, wildlife conservation groups,  
18 and States, tribes, and the Federal Government.

19 “(c) MEMBERSHIP.—

20 “(1) APPOINTMENT.—

21 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Com-  
22 mittee shall consist of no more than 16 discre-  
23 tionary members and 7 ex officio members.

24 “(B) EX OFFICIO MEMBERS.—The ex offi-  
25 cio members are—

1           “(i) the Director of the United States  
2 Fish and Wildlife Service or a designated  
3 representative of the Director;

4           “(ii) the Director of the Bureau of  
5 Land Management or a designated rep-  
6 resentative of the Director;

7           “(iii) the Director of the National  
8 Park Service or a designated representa-  
9 tive of the Director;

10          “(iv) the Chief of the Forest Service  
11 or a designated representative of the Chief;

12          “(v) the Chief of the Natural Re-  
13 sources Conservation Service or a des-  
14 ignated representative of the Chief;

15          “(vi) the Administrator of the Farm  
16 Service Agency or a designated representa-  
17 tive of the Administrator; and

18          “(vii) the Executive Director of the  
19 Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies.

20          “(C) DISCRETIONARY MEMBERS.—The dis-  
21 cretionary members shall be appointed jointly  
22 by the Secretaries from at least one of each of  
23 the following:

24           “(i) State fish and wildlife agencies.

1                   “(ii) Game bird hunting organiza-  
2                   tions.

3                   “(iii) Wildlife conservation organiza-  
4                   tions.

5                   “(iv) Big game hunting organizations.

6                   “(v) Waterfowl hunting organizations.

7                   “(vi) The tourism, outfitter, or guid-  
8                   ing industry.

9                   “(vii) The firearms or ammunition  
10                  manufacturing industry.

11                  “(viii) The hunting or shooting equip-  
12                  ment retail industry.

13                  “(ix) Tribal resource management or-  
14                  ganizations.

15                  “(x) The agriculture industry.

16                  “(xi) The ranching industry.

17                  “(xii) Women’s hunting and fishing  
18                  advocacy, outreach, or education organiza-  
19                  tion.

20                  “(xiii) Minority hunting and fishing  
21                  advocacy, outreach, or education organiza-  
22                  tion.

23                  “(xiv) Veterans service organization.

24                  “(D) ELIGIBILITY.—Prior to the appoint-  
25                  ment of the discretionary members, the Secre-

1           taries shall determine that all individuals nomi-  
2           nated for appointment to the Advisory Com-  
3           mittee, and the organization each individual  
4           represents, actively support and promote sus-  
5           tainable-use hunting, wildlife conservation, and  
6           recreational shooting.

7           “(2) TERMS.—

8                   “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in  
9                   subparagraph (B), members of the Advisory  
10                  Committee shall be appointed for a term of 4  
11                  years. Members shall not be appointed for more  
12                  than 3 consecutive or nonconsecutive terms.

13                  “(B) TERMS OF INITIAL APPOINTEES.—As  
14                  designated by the Secretary at the time of ap-  
15                  pointment, of the members first appointed—

16                          “(i) 6 members shall be appointed for  
17                          a term of 4 years;

18                          “(ii) 5 members shall be appointed for  
19                          a term of 3 years; and

20                          “(iii) 5 members shall be appointed  
21                          for a term of 2 years.

22           “(3) PRESERVATION OF PUBLIC ADVISORY STA-  
23           TUS.—No individual may be appointed as a discre-  
24           tionary member of the Advisory Committee while

1 serving as an officer or employee of the Federal  
2 Government.

3 “(4) VACANCY AND REMOVAL.—

4 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Any vacancy on the  
5 Advisory Committee shall be filled in the man-  
6 ner in which the original appointment was  
7 made.

8 “(B) REMOVAL.—Advisory Committee  
9 members shall serve at the discretion of the  
10 Secretaries and may be removed at any time for  
11 good cause.

12 “(5) CONTINUATION OF SERVICE.—Each ap-  
13 pointed member may continue to serve after the ex-  
14 piration of the term of office to which such member  
15 was appointed until a successor has been appointed.

16 “(6) CHAIRPERSON.—The Chairperson of the  
17 Advisory Committee shall be appointed for a 3-year  
18 term by the Secretaries, jointly, from among the  
19 members of the Advisory Committee. An individual  
20 may not be appointed as Chairperson for more than  
21 2 consecutive or nonconsecutive terms.

22 “(7) PAY AND EXPENSES.—Members of the Ad-  
23 visory Committee shall serve without pay for such  
24 service, but each member of the Advisory Committee  
25 may be reimbursed for travel and lodging incurred

1 through attending meetings of the Advisory Com-  
2 mittee approved subgroup meetings in the same  
3 amounts and under the same conditions as Federal  
4 employees (in accordance with section 5703 of title  
5 5, United States Code).

6 “(8) MEETINGS.—

7 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Com-  
8 mittee shall meet at the call of the Secretaries,  
9 the chairperson, or a majority of the members,  
10 but not less frequently than twice annually.

11 “(B) OPEN MEETINGS.—Each meeting of  
12 the Advisory Committee shall be open to the  
13 public.

14 “(C) PRIOR NOTICE OF MEETINGS.—Time-  
15 ly notice of each meeting of the Advisory Com-  
16 mittee shall be published in the Federal Reg-  
17 ister and be submitted to trade publications and  
18 publications of general circulation.

19 “(D) SUBGROUPS.—The Advisory Com-  
20 mittee may establish such workgroups or sub-  
21 groups as it deems necessary for the purpose of  
22 compiling information or conducting research.  
23 However, such workgroups may not conduct  
24 business without the direction of the Advisory

1           Committee and must report in full to the Advi-  
2           sory Committee.

3           “(9) QUORUM.—Nine members of the Advisory  
4           Committee shall constitute a quorum.

5           “(d) EXPENSES.—The expenses of the Advisory  
6           Committee that the Secretaries determine to be reasonable  
7           and appropriate shall be paid by the Secretaries.

8           “(e) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT, TECHNICAL SERV-  
9           ICES, AND ADVICE.—A designated Federal Officer shall  
10          be jointly appointed by the Secretaries to provide to the  
11          Advisory Committee the administrative support, technical  
12          services, and advice that the Secretaries determine to be  
13          reasonable and appropriate.

14          “(f) ANNUAL REPORT.—

15                 “(1) REQUIRED.—Not later than September 30  
16                 of each year, the Advisory Committee shall submit  
17                 a report to the Secretaries, the Committee on Nat-  
18                 ural Resources and the Committee on Agriculture of  
19                 the House of Representatives, and the Committee on  
20                 Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee  
21                 on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Sen-  
22                 ate. If circumstances arise in which the Advisory  
23                 Committee cannot meet the September 30 deadline  
24                 in any year, the Secretaries shall advise the Chair-  
25                 persons of each such Committee of the reasons for

1 such delay and the date on which the submission of  
2 the report is anticipated.

3 “(2) CONTENTS.—The report required by para-  
4 graph (1) shall describe—

5 “(A) the activities of the Advisory Com-  
6 mittee during the preceding year;

7 “(B) the reports and recommendations  
8 made by the Advisory Committee to the Secre-  
9 taries during the preceding year; and

10 “(C) an accounting of actions taken by the  
11 Secretaries as a result of the recommendations.

12 “(g) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The  
13 Advisory Committee shall be exempt from the Federal Ad-  
14 visory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

15 “(h) ABOLISHMENT OF THE EXISTING WILDLIFE  
16 AND HUNTING HERITAGE CONSERVATION COUNCIL ADVI-  
17 SORY COMMITTEE.—Upon publication of the first notice  
18 required under section 8(c) of the Wildlife and Hunting  
19 Heritage Conservation Council formed in furtherance of  
20 section 441 of the Revised Statutes (43 U.S.C. 1457), the  
21 Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (16 U.S.C. 742a), and other  
22 Acts applicable to specific bureaus of the Department of  
23 the Interior is hereby abolished.”

1 **TITLE**           **VIII—RECREATIONAL**  
2       **FISHING AND HUNTING HER-**  
3       **ITAGE AND OPPORTUNITIES**  
4       **ACT**

5 **SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.**

6       This title may be cited as the “Recreational Fishing  
7 and Hunting Heritage and Opportunities Act”.

8 **SEC. 802. FINDINGS.**

9       Congress finds that—

10           (1) recreational fishing and hunting are impor-  
11 tant and traditional activities in which millions of  
12 Americans participate;

13           (2) recreational anglers and hunters have been  
14 and continue to be among the foremost supporters  
15 of sound fish and wildlife management and conserva-  
16 tion in the United States;

17           (3) recreational fishing and hunting are envi-  
18 ronmentally acceptable and beneficial activities that  
19 occur and can be provided on Federal public lands  
20 and waters without adverse effects on other uses or  
21 users;

22           (4) recreational anglers, hunters, and sporting  
23 organizations provide direct assistance to fish and  
24 wildlife managers and enforcement officers of the  
25 Federal Government as well as State and local gov-

1 ernments by investing volunteer time and effort to  
2 fish and wildlife conservation;

3 (5) recreational anglers, hunters, and the asso-  
4 ciated industries have generated billions of dollars of  
5 critical funding for fish and wildlife conservation, re-  
6 search, and management by providing revenues from  
7 purchases of fishing and hunting licenses, permits,  
8 and stamps, as well as excise taxes on fishing, hunt-  
9 ing, and shooting equipment that have generated bil-  
10 lions of dollars of critical funding for fish and wild-  
11 life conservation, research, and management;

12 (6) recreational shooting is also an important  
13 and traditional activity in which millions of Ameri-  
14 cans participate, safe recreational shooting is a valid  
15 use of Federal public lands, including the establish-  
16 ment of safe and convenient shooting ranges on such  
17 lands, and participation in recreational shooting  
18 helps recruit and retain hunters and contributes to  
19 wildlife conservation;

20 (7) opportunities to recreationally fish, hunt,  
21 and shoot are declining, which depresses participa-  
22 tion in these traditional activities, and depressed  
23 participation adversely impacts fish and wildlife con-  
24 servation and funding for important conservation ef-  
25 forts; and

1           (8) the public interest would be served, and our  
2 citizens' fish and wildlife resources benefitted, by ac-  
3 tion to ensure that opportunities are facilitated to  
4 engage in fishing and hunting on Federal public  
5 land as recognized by Executive Order No. 12962,  
6 relating to recreational fisheries, and Executive  
7 Order No. 13443, relating to facilitation of hunting  
8 heritage and wildlife conservation.

9 **SEC. 803. DEFINITIONS.**

10       In this title:

11           (1) FEDERAL PUBLIC LAND.—The term “Fed-  
12 eral public land” means any land or water that is  
13 owned and managed by the Bureau of Land Man-  
14 agement or the Forest Service.

15           (2) FEDERAL PUBLIC LAND MANAGEMENT OF-  
16 FICIALS.—The term “Federal public land manage-  
17 ment officials” means—

18                   (A) the Secretary of the Interior and Di-  
19 rector of Bureau of Land Management regard-  
20 ing Bureau of Land Management lands and  
21 waters; and

22                   (B) the Secretary of Agriculture and Chief  
23 of the Forest Service regarding the National  
24 Forest System.

25           (3) HUNTING.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in  
2 subparagraph (B), the term “hunting” means  
3 use of a firearm, bow, or other authorized  
4 means in the lawful—

5 (i) pursuit, shooting, capture, collec-  
6 tion, trapping, or killing of wildlife;

7 (ii) attempt to pursue, shoot, capture,  
8 collect, trap, or kill wildlife; or

9 (iii) the training of hunting dogs, in-  
10 cluding field trials.

11 (B) EXCLUSION.—The term “hunting”  
12 does not include the use of skilled volunteers to  
13 cull excess animals (as defined by other Federal  
14 law).

15 (4) RECREATIONAL FISHING.—The term “rec-  
16 reational fishing” means the lawful—

17 (A) pursuit, capture, collection, or killing  
18 of fish; or

19 (B) attempt to capture, collect, or kill fish.

20 (5) RECREATIONAL SHOOTING.—The term  
21 “recreational shooting” means any form of sport,  
22 training, competition, or pastime, whether formal or  
23 informal, that involves the discharge of a rifle, hand-  
24 gun, or shotgun, or the use of a bow and arrow.

1 **SEC. 804. RECREATIONAL FISHING, HUNTING, AND SHOOT-**  
2 **ING.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to valid existing rights  
4 and subsection (g), and cooperation with the respective  
5 State fish and wildlife agency, Federal public land man-  
6 agement officials shall exercise authority under existing  
7 law, including provisions regarding land use planning, to  
8 facilitate use of and access to Federal public lands, includ-  
9 ing National Monuments, Wilderness Areas, Wilderness  
10 Study Areas, and lands administratively classified as wil-  
11 derness eligible or suitable and primitive or semi-primitive  
12 areas, for fishing, sport hunting, and recreational shoot-  
13 ing, except as limited by—

14 (1) statutory authority that authorizes action or  
15 withholding action for reasons of national security,  
16 public safety, or resource conservation;

17 (2) any other Federal statute that specifically  
18 precludes recreational fishing, hunting, or shooting  
19 on specific Federal public lands, waters, or units  
20 thereof; and

21 (3) discretionary limitations on recreational  
22 fishing, hunting, and shooting determined to be nec-  
23 essary and reasonable as supported by the best sci-  
24 entific evidence and advanced through a transparent  
25 public process.

1 (b) MANAGEMENT.—Consistent with subsection (a),  
2 the head of each Federal public land management agency  
3 shall exercise its land management discretion—

4 (1) in a manner that supports and facilitates  
5 recreational fishing, hunting, and shooting opportu-  
6 nities;

7 (2) to the extent authorized under applicable  
8 State law; and

9 (3) in accordance with applicable Federal law.

10 (c) PLANNING.—

11 (1) EVALUATION OF EFFECTS ON OPPORTUNI-  
12 TIES TO ENGAGE IN RECREATIONAL FISHING, HUNT-  
13 ING, OR SHOOTING.—Federal public land planning  
14 documents, including land resources management  
15 plans, resource management plans, and comprehen-  
16 sive conservation plans, shall include a specific eval-  
17 uation of the effects of such plans on opportunities  
18 to engage in recreational fishing, hunting, or shoot-  
19 ing.

20 (2) NO MAJOR FEDERAL ACTION.—No action  
21 taken under this title, or under section 4 of the Na-  
22 tional Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of  
23 1966 (16 U.S.C. 668dd), either individually or cu-  
24 mulatively with other actions involving Federal pub-  
25 lic lands or lands managed by the United States

1 Fish and Wildlife Service, shall be considered to be  
2 a major Federal action significantly affecting the  
3 quality of the human environment, and no additional  
4 identification, analysis, or consideration of environ-  
5 mental effects, including cumulative effects, is nec-  
6 essary or required.

7 (3) OTHER ACTIVITY NOT CONSIDERED.—Fed-  
8 eral public land management officials are not re-  
9 quired to consider the existence or availability of rec-  
10 reational fishing, hunting, or shooting opportunities  
11 on adjacent or nearby public or private lands in the  
12 planning for or determination of which Federal pub-  
13 lic lands are open for these activities or in the set-  
14 ting of levels of use for these activities on Federal  
15 public lands, unless the combination or coordination  
16 of such opportunities would enhance the recreational  
17 fishing, hunting, or shooting opportunities available  
18 to the public.

19 (d) FEDERAL PUBLIC LANDS.—

20 (1) LANDS OPEN.—Lands under the jurisdic-  
21 tion of the Bureau of Land Management and the  
22 Forest Service, including Wilderness Areas, Wilder-  
23 ness Study Areas, lands designated as wilderness or  
24 administratively classified as wilderness eligible or  
25 suitable and primitive or semi-primitive areas and

1 National Monuments, but excluding lands on the  
2 Outer Continental Shelf, shall be open to rec-  
3 reational fishing, hunting, and shooting unless the  
4 managing Federal agency acts to close lands to such  
5 activity. Lands may be subject to closures or restric-  
6 tions if determined by the head of the agency to be  
7 necessary and reasonable and supported by facts  
8 and evidence, for purposes including resource con-  
9 servation, public safety, energy or mineral produc-  
10 tion, energy generation or transmission infrastruc-  
11 ture, water supply facilities, protection of other per-  
12 mittees, protection of private property rights or in-  
13 terest, national security, or compliance with other  
14 law.

15 (2) SHOOTING RANGES.—

16 (A) IN GENERAL.—The head of each Fed-  
17 eral agency shall use his or her authorities in  
18 a manner consistent with this title and other  
19 applicable law, to—

20 (i) lease or permit use of lands under  
21 the jurisdiction of the agency for shooting  
22 ranges; and

23 (ii) designate specific lands under the  
24 jurisdiction of the agency for recreational  
25 shooting activities.

1           (B) LIMITATION ON LIABILITY.—Any des-  
2           ignation under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall not  
3           subject the United States to any civil action or  
4           claim for monetary damages for injury or loss  
5           of property or personal injury or death caused  
6           by any activity occurring at or on such des-  
7           ignated lands.

8           (e) NECESSITY IN WILDERNESS AREAS AND “WITH-  
9           IN AND SUPPLEMENTAL TO” WILDERNESS PURPOSES.—

10           (1) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMINIS-  
11           TRATION.—The provision of opportunities for hunt-  
12           ing, fishing and recreational shooting, and the con-  
13           servation of fish and wildlife to provide sustainable  
14           use recreational opportunities on designated Federal  
15           wilderness areas shall constitute measures necessary  
16           to meet the minimum requirements for the adminis-  
17           tration of the wilderness area, provided that the pro-  
18           vision of opportunities for hunting, fishing, and rec-  
19           reational shooting under the authority of this title  
20           shall not authorize or facilitate commodity develop-  
21           ment, use, or extraction, motorized recreational ac-  
22           cess, road construction or maintenance, or use that  
23           is not otherwise allowed under the Wilderness Act  
24           (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.) within designated wilder-  
25           ness areas.

1           (2) APPLICATION OF WILDERNESS ACT.—Provi-  
2           sions of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et  
3           seq.), stipulating that wilderness purposes are “with-  
4           in and supplemental to” the purposes of the under-  
5           lying Federal land unit are reaffirmed. When seek-  
6           ing to carry out fish and wildlife conservation pro-  
7           grams and projects or provide fish and wildlife de-  
8           pendent recreation opportunities on designated wil-  
9           derness areas, the head of each Federal agency shall  
10          implement these supplemental purposes so as to fa-  
11          cilitate, enhance, or both, but not to impede the un-  
12          derlying Federal land purposes when seeking to  
13          carry out fish and wildlife conservation programs  
14          and projects or provide fish and wildlife dependent  
15          recreation opportunities in designated wilderness  
16          areas, provided that the provision of opportunities  
17          for hunting, fishing, and recreational shooting under  
18          the authority of this title shall not authorize or fa-  
19          cilitate commodity development, use or extraction,  
20          motorized recreational access, road construction or  
21          maintenance, or use that is not otherwise allowed  
22          under the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.)  
23          within designated wilderness areas.

24          (f) REPORT.—Beginning on the second October 1  
25          after the date of the enactment of this Act and biennially

1 on October 1 thereafter, the head of each Federal agency  
2 who has authority to manage Federal public land on which  
3 fishing, hunting, or recreational shooting occurs shall sub-  
4 mit to the Committee on Natural Resources of the House  
5 of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and  
6 Natural Resources of the Senate a report that describes—

7           (1) any Federal public land administered by the  
8           agency head that was closed to recreational fishing,  
9           sport hunting, or shooting at any time during the  
10          preceding year; and

11          (2) the reason for the closure.

12          (g) CLOSURES OR SIGNIFICANT RESTRICTIONS OF  
13 640 OR MORE ACRES.—

14           (1) IN GENERAL.—Other than closures estab-  
15          lished or prescribed by land planning actions re-  
16          ferred to in subsection (d) or emergency closures de-  
17          scribed in paragraph (3) of this subsection, a perma-  
18          nent or temporary withdrawal, change of classifica-  
19          tion, or change of management status of Federal  
20          public land that effectively closes or significantly re-  
21          stricts 640 or more contiguous acres of Federal pub-  
22          lic land to access or use for fishing or hunting or ac-  
23          tivities related to fishing, hunting, or both, shall  
24          take effect only if, before the date of withdrawal or

1 change, the head of the Federal agency that has ju-  
2 risdiction over the Federal public land—

3 (A) publishes appropriate notice of the  
4 withdrawal or change, respectively;

5 (B) demonstrates that coordination has oc-  
6 curred with a State fish and wildlife agency;  
7 and

8 (C) submits to the Committee on Natural  
9 Resources of the House of Representatives and  
10 the Committee on Energy and Natural Re-  
11 sources of the Senate written notice of the with-  
12 drawal or change, respectively.

13 (2) AGGREGATE OR CUMULATIVE EFFECTS.—If  
14 the aggregate or cumulative effect of separate with-  
15 drawals or changes effectively closes or significantly  
16 restricts 1,280 or more acres of land or water, such  
17 withdrawals and changes shall be treated as a single  
18 withdrawal or change for purposes of paragraph (1).

19 (3) EMERGENCY CLOSURES.—Nothing in this  
20 title prohibits a Federal land management agency  
21 from establishing or implementing emergency clo-  
22 sures or restrictions of the smallest practicable area  
23 to provide for public safety, resource conservation,  
24 national security, or other purposes authorized by  
25 law. Such an emergency closure shall terminate after

1 a reasonable period of time unless converted to a  
2 permanent closure consistent with this title.

3 (h) NATIONAL PARK SERVICE UNITS NOT AF-  
4 FECTED.—Except as provided by subsection (l), nothing  
5 in this title shall affect or modify management or use of  
6 units of the National Park System.

7 (i) NO PRIORITY.—Nothing in this title requires a  
8 Federal land management agency to give preference to  
9 recreational fishing, hunting, or shooting over other uses  
10 of Federal public land or over land or water management  
11 priorities established by Federal law.

12 (j) CONSULTATION WITH COUNCILS.—In fulfilling  
13 the duties set forth in this title, the heads of Federal agen-  
14 cies shall consult with respective advisory councils as es-  
15 tablished in Executive Order Nos. 12962 and 13443.

16 (k) AUTHORITY OF THE STATES.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this title shall be  
18 construed as interfering with, diminishing, or con-  
19 flicting with the authority, jurisdiction, or responsi-  
20 bility of any State to exercise primary management,  
21 control, or regulation of fish and wildlife under State  
22 law (including regulations) on land or water within  
23 the State, including on Federal public land.

24 (2) FEDERAL LICENSES.—Nothing in this title  
25 shall be construed to authorize the head of a Federal

1 agency to require a license, fee, or permit to fish,  
2 hunt, or trap on land or water in a State, including  
3 on Federal public land in the States, except that this  
4 paragraph shall not affect the Migratory Bird Stamp  
5 requirement set forth in the Migratory Bird Hunting  
6 and Conservation Stamp Act (16 U.S.C. 718 et  
7 seq.).

8 (l) **MOTORIZED VESSELS IN THE OZARK NATIONAL**  
9 **SCENIC RIVERWAYS.**—The Secretary of the Interior—

10 (1) shall manage the Ozark National Scenic  
11 Riverways to allow the use of motorized vessels in a  
12 manner that is not more restrictive than the use re-  
13 strictions in effect on November 21, 2013; and

14 (2) may manage the Ozark National Scenic  
15 Riverways to allow the use of motorized vessels in a  
16 manner that is less restrictive than the use restric-  
17 tions in effect on November 21, 2013.

18 **SEC. 805. RESTRICTIONS ON HUNTING IN KISATCHIE NA-**  
19 **TIONAL FOREST.**

20 (a) **HUNTING IN KISATCHIE NATIONAL FOREST.**—  
21 Consistent with the Act of June 4, 1897 (16 U.S.C. 551),  
22 the Secretary of Agriculture may not restrict the use of  
23 dogs in deer hunting activities in Kisatchie National For-  
24 est, unless such restrictions—

1           (1) apply to the smallest practicable portions of  
2           such unit; and

3           (2) are necessary to reduce or control trespass  
4           onto land adjacent to such unit.

5           (b) PRIOR RESTRICTIONS VOID.—Any restrictions re-  
6           garding the use of dogs in deer hunting activities in  
7           Kisatchie National Forest in force on the date of the en-  
8           actment of this Act shall be void and have no force or  
9           effect.

10          (c) ADJACENT LANDOWNERS.—Landowners whose  
11          property abuts a unit of the Kisatchie National Forest  
12          may petition the Secretary of Agriculture to restrict the  
13          use of dogs in deer hunting activities that take place on  
14          such unit which abut their property. If the Secretary of  
15          Agriculture receives a petition from an adjacent land-  
16          owner, the Secretary, after notice and opportunity for a  
17          hearing, may impose restrictions on the use of dogs in deer  
18          hunting—

19                 (1) limited to those units of the Kisatchie Na-  
20                 tional Forest within 300 yards of the boundary of  
21                 the petitioning landowner's property; and

22                 (2) consistent with subsection (a).

1           **TITLE IX—RESPECT FOR**  
2           **TREATIES AND RIGHTS**

3   **SEC. 901. RESPECT FOR TREATIES AND RIGHTS.**

4           Nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this  
5 Act shall be construed to affect or modify any treaty or  
6 other right of any federally recognized Indian tribe.

7   **TITLE X—EXEMPTIONS FOR TAK-**  
8           **ING MIGRATORY BIRDS ON**  
9           **CERTAIN           AGRICULTURAL**  
10          **LAND**

11   **SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.**

12          This title may be cited as the “Hunter and Farmer  
13 Protection Act”.

14   **SEC. 1002. EXEMPTIONS ON CERTAIN LAND.**

15          Section 3 of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16  
16 U.S.C. 704) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
17 lowing:

18          “(c) EXEMPTIONS ON CERTAIN LAND.—

19                 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section pro-  
20 hibits the taking of any migratory game bird, includ-  
21 ing waterfowl, coots, and cranes, on or over land  
22 that—

23                         “(A) contains—

24                                 “(i) a standing crop or flooded stand-  
25                                 ing crop, including an aquatic crop;

1                   “(ii) standing, flooded, or manipulated  
2                   natural vegetation;

3                   “(iii) flooded harvested cropland; or

4                   “(iv) an area in a State on which seed  
5                   or grain has been scattered solely as the  
6                   result of an agricultural planting, har-  
7                   vesting, or post-harvest manipulation prac-  
8                   tice, or a soil stabilization practice, that  
9                   the head of the State office of the Coopera-  
10                  tive Extension System of the Department  
11                  of Agriculture has determined in accord-  
12                  ance with paragraph (2) to be a normal  
13                  practice in that State; and

14                  “(B) is not otherwise a baited area.

15                  “(2) STATE DETERMINATIONS.—

16                  “(A) IN GENERAL.—The head of a State  
17                  office of the Cooperative Extension System may  
18                  make a determination for purposes of para-  
19                  graph (1)(A)(iv) upon the request of the Sec-  
20                  retary of the Interior.

21                  “(B) REVISIONS.—The head of a State of-  
22                  fice of the Cooperative Extension System may  
23                  revise a determination under subparagraph (A)  
24                  as the head of a State office determines to be

1 necessary to reflect changing agricultural prac-  
2 tices.

3 “(C) CONCURRENCE REQUIRED.—A deter-  
4 mination or revision under this paragraph shall  
5 not be effective for purposes of this subsection  
6 unless the head of the State department of fish  
7 and wildlife concurs therein.”.

8 **TITLE XI—SENSE OF CONGRESS**  
9 **REGARDING SNOWMOBILES**  
10 **ON NATIONAL FOREST SYS-**  
11 **TEM LANDS**

12 **SEC. 1101. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.**

13 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

14 (1) The clear identification of roads, trails, and  
15 areas for motor vehicle use in each National Forest  
16 will improve management of National Forest System  
17 lands and protect these national treasures, enhance  
18 opportunities, and address access for motorized  
19 recreation experiences on National Forest System  
20 lands and preserve areas of opportunity in each Na-  
21 tional Forest for non-motorized travel and experi-  
22 ences.

23 (2) The sport of snowmobiling supports thou-  
24 sands of jobs across the country and provides a vari-

1 ety of enriching recreational opportunities for both  
2 families and individuals.

3 (3) In 2005, the Forest Service promulgated a  
4 Travel Management Rule that required travel man-  
5 agement plans for off-road vehicles, with the excep-  
6 tion of snowmobiles, on all lands managed by the  
7 Forest Service.

8 (4) Under the 2005 Travel Management Rule,  
9 the Department of Agriculture deemed that the use  
10 of snowmobiles on National Forest System lands  
11 presented a different set of management issues and  
12 environmental impacts on National Forest System  
13 lands than the use of other types of motor vehicles.  
14 Therefore, the final rule exempted snowmobiles from  
15 the mandatory designation scheme provided for  
16 under section 212.51 of title 36, Code of Federal  
17 Regulations, but retained the National Forest Sys-  
18 tem's ability to allow, restrict or prohibit snowmobile  
19 travel, as appropriate, on a case-by-case basis.

20 (5) In 2013, the Ninth U.S. District Court of  
21 Idaho ruled in the case captioned as Winter  
22 Wildlands Alliance v. US Forest Service, Case No.  
23 1:11-cv-00586-REB, ruled that the Forest Service  
24 must promulgate travel management rules that in-  
25 clude snowmobiles. The Ninth U.S. District Court of

1 Idaho required that the final rule be promulgated by  
2 September 14, 2014, barring no additional exten-  
3 sion.

4 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-  
5 gress that the Forest Service should continue to allow  
6 snowmobiles access to National Forest System lands at  
7 the same levels as were allowed as of March 28, 2013,  
8 subject to closures for public health and safety at the dis-  
9 cretion of the respective agencies, until a final travel man-  
10 agement rule is promulgated for snowmobiles.

Passed the House of Representatives February 5,  
2014.

Attest:

*Clerk.*

113<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION

**H. R. 3590**

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**AN ACT**

To protect and enhance opportunities for recreational hunting, fishing, and shooting, and for other purposes.