Union Calendar No. 324 H.R.4228

113TH CONGRESS 2D Session

[Report No. 113-436]

To require the Department of Homeland Security to improve discipline, accountability, and transparency in acquisition program management.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 13, 2014

Mr. DUNCAN of South Carolina (for himself, Mr. MCCAUL, Mr. BARBER, and Mr. DAINES) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security

MAY 6, 2014

Additional sponsors: Mr. HUDSON, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. O'ROURKE, Mr. PEARCE, Mrs. LUMMIS, Mr. FARENTHOLD, Mr. MATHESON, Mr. POMPEO, Mr. YOUNG of Indiana, Mr. CARTER, and Mr. BARLETTA

MAY 6, 2014

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on March 13, 2014]

A BILL

2

To require the Department of Homeland Security to improve discipline, accountability, and transparency in acquisition program management.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "DHS Acquisition Ac-
- 5 countability and Efficiency Act".

6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

7 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

Sec. 3. Findings.

Sec. 4. Definitions.

TITLE I—ACQUISITION AUTHORITIES

- Sec. 101. Acquisition authorities for Under Secretary for Management.
- Sec. 102. Acquisition authorities for Chief Financial Officer.
- Sec. 103. Acquisition authorities for Chief Information Officer.
- Sec. 104. Chief Procurement Officer.
- Sec. 105. Requirements to ensure greater accountability for acquisition programs.

TITLE II—ACQUISITION PROGRAM MANAGEMENT DISCIPLINE

- Sec. 201. Acquisition Review Board.
- Sec. 202. Requirements to reduce duplication in acquisition programs.
- Sec. 203. Government Accountability Office review of Board and of requirements to reduce duplication in acquisition programs.
- Sec. 204. Excluded Party List System waivers.
- Sec. 205. Inspector General oversight of suspension and debarment.

TITLE III—ACQUISITION PROGRAM MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY

- Sec. 301. Congressional notification and other requirements for major acquisition program breach.
- Sec. 302. Multiyear acquisition strategy.
- Sec. 303. Acquisition reports.
- Sec. 304. Government Accountability Office review of multiyear acquisition strategy.
- Sec. 305. Office of Inspector General report.

8 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

- 9 Congress finds the following:
- 10 (1) The Department of Homeland Security does
- 11 not consistently implement its policies and Govern-

ment and private sector best practices for acquisitions
 and procurement.

(2) It is difficult to determine the cost of the De-3 4 partment's major acquisition programs because the Department has not provided consistent, comparable 5 6 updates on an annual basis. As of January 2014, the 7 Department identified over 80 major acquisition pro-8 grams costing over \$300,000,000, and, based on 2011, 9 estimates it plans to spend about \$170,000,000,000 in 10 the future on major acquisition programs.

(3) Since 2005, the Government Accountability
Office has placed Department acquisition management activities on its "High-Risk List", which identifies Government operations that have greater susceptibility to fraud, waste, abuse, and mismanagement or
greater need for transformation to address economy,
efficiency, or effectiveness challenges.

18 (4) While the Department has taken actions to 19 address some high-risk acquisition program manage-20 ment issues, many programs continue to experience 21 challenges with funding instability, workforce short-22 falls, reliable cost estimates, realistic schedules, 23 agreed-upon baseline objectives, and consistent and re-24 liable data needed to accurately measure program 25 performance.

1	(5) Of the 77 Department major acquisition pro-
2	grams in 2011, the Government Accountability Office
3	identified 42 programs that experienced cost growth,
4	schedule slips, or both. The Department reported that
5	the magnitude of the cost growth for 16 of the 42 pro-
6	grams, which increased from almost \$20,000,000,000
7	to over \$50,000,000,000 in 2011, had an aggregate in-
8	crease of 166 percent.
9	(6) In 2012, the Government Accountability Of-
10	fice found that only 20 of 63 programs had Depart-
11	ment-approved acquisition program baselines. The
12	Government Accountability Office also reported that
13	the Department planned to spend more than \$105 bil-
14	lion on programs lacking acquisition program base-
15	lines.
16	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
17	(a) IN GENERAL.—In this Act:
18	(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
19	the Secretary of Homeland Security.
20	(2) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department"
21	means the Department of Homeland Security.
22	(3) Congressional homeland security com-
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23	MITTEES.—The term "congressional homeland secu-

1	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security of
2	the House of Representatives and the Committee
3	on Homeland Security and Governmental Af-
4	fairs of the Senate; and
5	(B) the Committee on Appropriations of the
6	House of Representatives and of the Senate.
7	(b) ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.—In this Act:
8	(1) ACQUISITION.—The term "acquisition" has
9	the meaning provided in section 131 of title 41,
10	United States Code.
11	(2) Best practices.—The term "best prac-
12	tices", with respect to acquisition, means a knowl-
13	edge-based approach to capability development that
14	includes identifying and validating needs; assessing
15	alternatives to select the most appropriate solution;
16	clearly establishing well-defined requirements; devel-
17	oping realistic cost assessments and schedules; secur-
18	ing stable funding that matches resources to require-
19	ments; demonstrating technology, design, and manu-
20	facturing maturity; using milestones and exit criteria
21	or specific accomplishments that demonstrate
22	progress; adopting and executing standardized proc-
23	esses with known success across programs; estab-
24	lishing an adequate workforce that is qualified and
25	sufficient to perform necessary functions; and inte-

1	grating these capabilities into the Department's mis-
2	sion and business operations.
3	(c) Amendments to Definitions in Homeland Se-
4	CURITY ACT OF 2002.—Section 2 of the Homeland Security
5	Act of 2002 is amended—
6	(1) by striking "In this Act," and inserting "(a)
7	IN GENERAL.—In this Act,";
8	(2) in paragraph (2)—
9	(A) by inserting "(A)" after "(2)"; and
10	(B) by adding at the end the following new
11	subparagraph:
12	"(B) The term 'congressional homeland security
13	committees' means—
14	"(i) the Committee on Homeland Security
15	of the House of Representatives and the Com-
16	mittee on Homeland Security and Governmental
17	Affairs of the Senate; and

"(ii) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and of the Senate, where appropriate."; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-section:

"(b) Acquisition-Related Definitions.—In this 24 Act, the following definitions apply:

1	"(1) ACQUISITION.—The term 'acquisition' has
2	the meaning provided in section 131 of title 41,
3	United States Code.
4	"(2) Acquisition decision authority.—The
5	term 'acquisition decision authority' means the au-
6	thority, held by the Secretary acting through the Dep-
7	uty Secretary or Under Secretary for Management—
8	"(A) to ensure compliance with Federal
9	law, the Federal Acquisition Regulation, and De-
10	partment acquisition management directives;
11	``(B) to review (including approving, halt-
12	ing, modifying, or cancelling) an acquisition
13	program through the life cycle of the program;
14	(C) to ensure that program managers have
15	the resources necessary to successfully execute an
16	approved acquisition program; and
17	``(D) to ensure good program management
18	of cost, schedule, risk, and system performance of
19	the acquisition, including assessing acquisition
20	program baseline breaches and directing any
21	corrective action for such breaches.
22	"(3) Acquisition decision event.—The term
23	'acquisition decision event', with respect to an invest-
24	ment or acquisition program, means a predetermined
25	point within the acquisition phases of the investment

or acquisition program at which the investment or
 acquisition program will undergo a review prior to
 commencement of the next phase.

"(4) ACQUISITION DECISION MEMORANDUM.— 4 5 The term 'acquisition decision memorandum', with 6 respect to an acquisition, means the official acquisi-7 tion decision event record that includes a documented 8 record of decisions, exit criteria, and assigned actions 9 for the acquisition as determined by the person exer-10 cising acquisition decision authority for the acquisi-11 tion.

12 "(5) ACQUISITION PROGRAM BASELINE.—The 13 term 'acquisition program baseline', with respect to 14 an acquisition program, means a summary of the 15 cost, schedule, and performance parameters, expressed 16 in standard, measurable, quantitative terms, which 17 must be met in order to accomplish the goals of the 18 program.

19 "(6) CAPABILITY DEVELOPMENT PLAN.—The
20 term 'capability development plan', with respect to a
21 proposed acquisition, means the document that the
22 Acquisition Review Board approves for the first ac23 quisition decision event related to validating the need
24 of a proposed acquisition.

1 "(7) COMPONENT ACQUISITION EXECUTIVE.—The 2 term 'Component Acquisition Executive' means the 3 senior acquisition official within a Component who is 4 designated in writing by the Under Secretary for 5 Management, in consultation with the Component 6 head, with authority and responsibility for leading a 7 process and staff to provide acquisition and program 8 management oversight, policy, and guidance to ensure 9 that statutory, regulatory, and higher level policy re-10 quirements are fulfilled, including compliance with 11 Federal law, the Federal Acquisition Regulation, and 12 Department acquisition management directives estab-13 lished by the Under Secretary for Management.

14 "(8) LIFE CYCLE COST.—The term 'life cycle 15 cost', with respect to an acquisition program, means 16 all costs associated with research, development, pro-17 curement, operation, integrated logistics support, and 18 disposal under the program, including supporting in-19 frastructure that plans, manages, and executes the 20 program over its full life, and costs of common sup-21 port items incurred as a result of the program.

22 "(9) MAJOR ACQUISITION PROGRAM.—The term
23 'major acquisition program' means a Department ac24 quisition program that is estimated by the Secretary
25 to require an eventual total expenditure of at least

	11
1	\$300,000,000 (based on fiscal year 2014 constant dol-
2	lars) over its life cycle cost.".
3	TITLE I—ACQUISITION
4	AUTHORITIES
5	SEC. 101. ACQUISITION AUTHORITIES FOR UNDER SEC-
6	RETARY FOR MANAGEMENT.
7	Section 701 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
8	U.S.C. 341) is amended—
9	(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "Procure-
10	ment" and inserting "Acquisition and procurement";
11	and
12	(2) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(d) Acquisition and Related Responsibil-
14	ITIES.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section
16	1702(b) of title 41, United States Code, the Under
17	Secretary for Management is the Chief Acquisition
18	Officer of the Department. As Chief Acquisition Offi-
19	cer, the Under Secretary shall have the authority and
20	perform the functions as specified in section 1702(b)
21	of such title, and perform all other functions and re-
22	sponsibilities delegated by the Secretary or described
23	in this subsection.
24	"(2) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—In addi-
25	tion to the authority and functions specified in sec-

1	tion 1702(b) of title 41, United States Code, the du-
2	ties and responsibilities of the Under Secretary for
3	Management related to acquisition include the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(A) Advising the Secretary regarding ac-

6 quisition management activities, taking into ac-7 count risks of failure to achieve cost, schedule, or 8 performance parameters, to ensure that the De-9 partment achieves its mission through the adop-10 tion of widely accepted program management 11 best practices and standards.

"(B) Exercising the acquisition decision authority to approve, halt, modify (including the
rescission of approvals of program milestones),
or cancel major acquisition programs, unless the
Under Secretary delegates the authority to a
Component Acquisition Executive pursuant to
paragraph (3).

19"(C) Establishing policies for acquisition20that implement an approach that takes into ac-21count risks of failure to achieve cost, schedule, or22performance parameters that all Components of23the Department shall comply with, including24outlining relevant authorities for program man-25agers to effectively manage acquisition programs.

1	"(D) Ensuring that each major acquisition
2	program has a Department-approved acquisition
3	program baseline.
4	((E) Ensuring that the heads of Compo-
5	nents and Component Acquisition Executives
6	comply with Federal law, the Federal Acquisi-
7	tion Regulation, and Department acquisition
8	management directives.
9	(F) Ensuring that grants and financial
10	assistance are provided only to individuals and
11	organizations that are not suspended or
12	debarred.
13	(G) Distributing guidance throughout the
14	Department to ensure that contractors involved
15	in acquisitions, particularly companies that ac-
16	cess the Department's information systems and
17	technologies, adhere to internal cybersecurity
18	policies established by the Department of Home-
19	land Security.
20	"(3) Delegation of acquisition decision au-
21	THORITY.—
22	"(A) LEVEL 3 ACQUISITIONS.—The Under
23	Secretary for Management may delegate acquisi-
24	tion decision authority in writing to the relevant
25	Component Acquisition Executive for an acquisi-

1	tion program that has a life cycle cost estimate
2	of less than \$300,000,000.
3	"(B) Level 2 Acquisitions.—The Under
4	Secretary for Management may delegate acquisi-
5	tion decision authority in writing to the relevant
6	Component Acquisition Executive for a major
7	acquisition program that has a life cycle cost es-
8	timate of at least \$300,000,000 but not more
9	than \$1,000,000,000 if all of the following re-
10	quirements are met:
11	"(i) The Component concerned pos-
12	sesses working policies, processes, and proce-
13	dures that are consistent with Department-
14	level acquisition policy.
15	"(ii) The Component Acquisition Exec-
16	utive has adequate, experienced, dedicated
17	program management professional staff
18	commensurate with the size of the delegated
19	portfolio.
20	"(iii) Each major acquisition program
21	concerned has written documentation show-
22	ing that it has a Department-approved ac-
23	quisition program baseline and it is meet-
24	ing agreed-upon cost, schedule, and per-
25	formance thresholds.

1 "(4) Excluded parties list system con-2 SULTATION.—The Under Secretary for Management 3 shall require that all Department contracting and 4 procurement officials consult the Excluded Parties 5 List System (or successor system) as maintained by the General Services Administration prior to award-6 7 ing a contract or grant or entering into other trans-8 actions to ascertain whether the selected contractor is 9 excluded from receiving Federal contracts, certain 10 subcontracts, and certain types of Federal financial 11 and non-financial assistance and benefits. 12 "(5) Relationship to under secretary for

13 SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY.—Nothing in this sub-14 section shall diminish the authority granted to the 15 Under Secretary for Science and Technology under this Act. The Under Secretary for Management and 16 17 the Under Secretary for Science and Technology shall 18 cooperate in matters related to the coordination of ac-19 quisitions across the Department so that investments 20 of the Directorate of Science and Technology can sup-21 port current and future requirements of the Compo-22 nents.".

1	SEC. 102. ACQUISITION AUTHORITIES FOR CHIEF FINAN-
2	CIAL OFFICER.
3	Section 702 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
4	U.S.C. 342) is amended by adding at the end of subsection
5	(b)(2) the following new subparagraph:
6	(J) Notwithstanding section 902 of title
7	31, United States Code, provide leadership over
8	financial management policy and programs for
9	the Department as they relate to the Depart-
10	ment's acquisitions programs, in consultation
11	with the Under Secretary for Management.".
12	SEC. 103. ACQUISITION AUTHORITIES FOR CHIEF INFORMA-
13	TION OFFICER.
14	Section 703 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
15	U.S.C. 343) is amended by adding at the end the following
16	new subsection:
17	"(c) Acquisition Responsibilities.—Notwith-
18	standing section 11315 of title 40, United States Code, the
19	acquisition responsibilities of the Chief Information Officer,
20	in consultation with the Under Secretary for Management,
21	shall include the following:
22	"(1) Serve as the lead technical authority for in-
23	formation technology programs and establish depart-
24	mental information technology priorities, policies,
25	processes, standards, guidelines, and procedures.

1 "(2) Oversee the management of the Homeland 2 Security Enterprise Architecture and ensure that, before each acquisition decision event, approved infor-3 4 mation technology acquisitions comply with departmental information technology management processes, 5 6 technical requirements, and the Homeland Security 7 Enterprise Architecture, and in any case in which in-8 formation technology acquisitions do not comply with 9 Departmental management directives, make rec-10 ommendations to the Acquisition Review Board re-11 garding such noncompliance.

"(3) Be responsible for providing recommendations to the Acquisition Review Board established in
section 836 of this Act on information technology programs, and be responsible for developing information
technology acquisition strategic quidance.".

17 SEC. 104. CHIEF PROCUREMENT OFFICER.

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title VII of the Homeland Security
19 Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 341 et seq.) is amended by adding
20 at the end the following new section:

21 "SEC. 708. CHIEF PROCUREMENT OFFICER.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—There is a Chief Procurement Officer of the Department, who shall report directly to the
Under Secretary for Management. The Chief Procurement
Officer is the senior procurement executive for purposes of

section 1702(c) of title 41, United States Code, and shall
 perform procurement functions as specified in such section.
 The Chief Procurement Officer also shall perform other
 functions and responsibilities set forth in this section and
 as may be assigned by the Under Secretary for Manage ment.

7 "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Chief Procurement Offi8 cer shall—

9 "(1) exercise leadership and authority to the ex-10 tent delegated by the Under Secretary for Manage-11 ment over the Department procurement function; 12 "(2) issue acquisition regulations and policies; 13 "(3) account for the integrity, performance, and 14 oversight of Department procurement and contracting 15 functions and be responsible for ensuring that a pro-16 curement's contracting strategy and plans are con-17 sistent with the intent and direction of the Acquisi-18 tion Review Board established in section 836 of this 19 Act:

"(4) serve as the Department's business advisor
and main liaison to industry on procurement-related
issues by providing advice on industry engagement,
acquisition policy, oversight of the procurement function, and development of the acquisition workforce;

1	"(5) oversee a centralized certification and train-
2	ing program, in consultation with the Under Sec-
3	retary for Management, for the entire Department ac-
4	quisition workforce while using, to the greatest extent
5	practicable, best practices and acquisitions training
6	opportunities already in existence within the Federal
7	Government, the private sector, or universities and
8	colleges, as appropriate, and including training on
9	how best to identify actions that warrant referrals for
10	suspension or debarment;
11	"(6) delegate or retain contracting authority, as
12	appropriate, except as provided in section $701(d)(3)$
13	of this Act;
14	"(7) participate in the selection, and periodic
15	performance review, of the head of each contracting
16	activity within the Department;
17	"(8) collect baseline data and establish perform-
18	ance measures on the impact of strategic sourcing ini-
19	tiatives on the private sector, including, in par-
20	ticular, small businesses; and
21	"(9) ensure that a fair proportion (as defined
22	pursuant to the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631
23	et seq.)) of Federal contract and subcontract dollars
24	are awarded to small businesses, maximize opportuni-
25	ties for small business participation, and ensure, to

1 the extent practicable, small businesses that achieve 2 qualified vendor status for security-related tech-3 nologies are provided an opportunity to compete for 4 contracts for such technology.". 5 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 6 7 101 et seq.) is amended by adding after the item relating 8 to section 707 the following new item: "Sec. 708. Chief Procurement Officer.". 9 SEC. 105. REQUIREMENTS TO ENSURE GREATER ACCOUNT-10 ABILITY FOR ACQUISITION PROGRAMS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Title VII of the Homeland Security 11 12 Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 341 et seq.) is further amended by adding at the end the following new section: 13 14 **"SEC. 709. REQUIREMENTS TO ENSURE GREATER ACCOUNT-**15 ABILITY FOR ACQUISITION PROGRAMS. 16 "(a) Requirement To Establish Mechanism.— 17 Within the Management Directorate, the Under Secretary for Management shall establish a mechanism to prioritize 18 improving the accountability, standardization, and trans-19 parency of major acquisition programs of the Department 20 in order to increase opportunities for effectiveness and effi-21 22 ciencies and to serve as the central oversight function of 23 all Department acquisition programs.

24 "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—
25 The Under Secretary for Management shall designate an
•HR 4228 RH

Executive Director to oversee the requirement under sub section (a). The Executive Director shall report directly to
 the Under Secretary and shall carry out the following re sponsibilities:

5 "(1) Monitor the performance of Department ac-6 quisition programs regularly between acquisition de-7 cision events to identify problems with cost, perform-8 ance, or schedule that Components may need to ad-9 dress to prevent cost overruns, performance issues, or 10 schedule delays.

11 "(2) Assist the Chief Acquisition Officer in man12 aging the Department's acquisition portfolio.

"(3) Conduct oversight of individual acquisition
programs to implement Department acquisition program policy, procedures, and guidance with a priority on ensuring the data it collects and maintains
from its Components is accurate and reliable.

18 "(4) Serve as the focal point within the Depart19 ment for policy, process, and procedure regarding life
20 cycle cost estimating and analysis.

21 "(5) Serve as the focal point and coordinator for
22 the acquisition life cycle review process and as the ex23 ecutive secretariat for the Acquisition Review Board
24 established under section 836 of this Act.

1	"(6) Advise the persons having acquisition deci-
2	sion authority in making acquisition decisions con-
3	sistent with all applicable laws and in establishing
4	clear lines of authority, accountability, and responsi-
5	bility for acquisition decisionmaking within the De-
6	partment.
7	"(7) Engage in the strategic planning and per-
8	formance evaluation process required under section
9	306 of title 5, United States Code, and sections
10	1105(a)(28), 1115, 1116, and 9703 of title 31, United
11	States Code, by supporting the Chief Procurement Of-
12	ficer in developing strategies and specific plans for
13	hiring, training, and professional development in
14	order to rectify any deficiency within the Depart-
15	ment's acquisition workforce.
16	"(8) Oversee the Component Acquisition Execu-
17	tive structure to ensure it has sufficient capabilities
18	and complies with Department policies.
19	"(9) Develop standardized certification stand-
20	ards in consultation with the Component Acquisition

21 Executives for all acquisition program managers.

"(10) In the event that a program manager's
certification or actions need review for purposes of
promotion or removal, provide input, in consultation
with the relevant Component Acquisition Executive,

1	into the relevant program manager's performance
2	evaluation, and report positive or negative experi-
3	ences to the relevant certifying authority.
4	"(11) Provide technical support and assistance
5	to Department acquisitions and acquisition personnel
6	in conjunction with the Chief Procurement Officer.
7	"(12) Prepare the Department's Comprehensive
8	Acquisition Status Report, as required by the Depart-
9	ment of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2013
10	(division D of Public Law 113–6; 127 Stat. 343) and
11	section 840 of this Act, and make such report avail-
12	able to congressional homeland security committees.
13	"(13) Prepare the Department's Quarterly Pro-
14	gram Accountability Report as required by section
15	840 of this Act, and make such report available to the
16	congressional homeland security committees.
17	"(c) Responsibilities of Components.—Each head
18	of a Component shall comply with Federal law, the Federal
19	Acquisition Regulation, and Department acquisition man-
20	agement directives established by the Under Secretary for
21	Management. For each major acquisition program, each
22	head of a Component shall—
23	"(1) establish a complete life cycle cost estimate
24	with supporting documentation, including an acquisi-
25	

25 tion program baseline;

1	"(2) verify each life cycle cost estimate against
2	independent cost estimates, and reconcile any dif-
3	ferences;
4	"(3) complete a cost-benefit analysis with sup-
5	porting documentation;
6	"(4) develop and maintain a schedule that is
7	consistent with scheduling best practices as identified
8	by the Comptroller General of the United States, in-
9	cluding, in appropriate cases, an integrated master
10	schedule; and
11	"(5) ensure that all acquisition program infor-
12	mation provided by the Component is complete, accu-
13	rate, timely, and valid.".
14	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents in
15	section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
16	101 et seq.) is further amended by adding after the item
17	relating to section 708 the following new item:
	"Sec. 709. Requirements to ensure greater accountability for acquisition pro- grams.".
18	TITLE II—ACQUISITION PRO-
19	GRAM MANAGEMENT DIS-
20	CIPLINE
21	SEC. 201. ACQUISITION REVIEW BOARD.
22	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title VIII of the
23	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 391 et seq.) is
24	amended by adding at the end the following new section:

1 "SEC. 836. ACQUISITION REVIEW BOARD.

2 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish an Acquisition Review Board (in this section referred to as the 3 'Board') to strengthen accountability and uniformity with-4 5 in the Department acquisition review process, review major acquisition programs, and review the use of best practices. 6 7 "(b) COMPOSITION.—The Deputy Secretary or Under 8 Secretary for Management shall serve as chair of the Board. 9 The Secretary shall also ensure participation by other relevant Department officials, including at least two Compo-10 nent heads or their designees, as permanent members of the 11 12 Board.

13 "(c) MEETINGS.—The Board shall meet every time a major acquisition program needs authorization to proceed 14 from acquisition decision events through the acquisition life 15 cycle and to consider any major acquisition program in 16 breach as necessary. The Board may also be convened for 17 non-major acquisitions that are deemed high-risk by the Ex-18 19 ecutive Director referred to in section 709(b) of this Act. The Board shall also meet regularly for purposes of ensur-20 21 ing all acquisitions processes proceed in a timely fashion 22 to achieve mission readiness.

23 "(d) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities of the
24 Board are as follows:

25 "(1) Determine whether a proposed acquisition
26 has met the requirements of key phases of the acquisi•HR 4228 RH

tion life cycle framework and is able to proceed to the
 next phase and eventual full production and deploy ment.

4 "(2) Oversee executable business strategy, re5 sources, management, accountability, and alignment
6 to strategic initiatives.

7 "(3) Support the person with acquisition deci8 sion authority for an acquisition in determining the
9 appropriate direction for the acquisition at key acqui10 sition decision events.

"(4) Conduct systematic reviews of acquisitions
to ensure that they are progressing in compliance
with the approved documents for their current acquisition phase.

15 "(5) Validate the acquisition documents of each
16 major acquisition program, including the acquisition
17 program baseline, to ensure the reliability of under18 lying data.

19 "(6) Ensure that practices are adopted and im-20 plemented to require consideration of trade-offs 21 among cost, schedule, and performance objectives as 22 part of the process for developing requirements for 23 major acquisition programs prior to the initiation of 24 the capability development plan, second acquisition 3 "(A) Department officials responsible for
4 acquisition, budget, and cost estimating func5 tions are provided with the appropriate oppor6 tunity to develop estimates and raise cost and
7 schedule matters before performance objectives
8 are established for capabilities when feasible.

9 "(B) Full consideration of possible trade-10 offs among cost, schedule, and performance objec-11 tives for each alternative is considered.

12 "(e) Acquisition Program Baseline Report Re-QUIREMENT.—If the person exercising acquisition decision 13 14 authority over a major acquisition program approves the 15 program to proceed beyond the acquisition decision event requiring a capability development plan before it has a De-16 17 partment-approved acquisition program baseline, then the 18 Under Secretary for Management shall create and approve 19 an acquisition program baseline report on the decision, and 20 the Secretary shall—

21 "(1) within seven days after an acquisition deci22 sion memorandum is signed, notify in writing the
23 congressional homeland security committees of such
24 decision; and

"(2) within 60 days after the acquisition deci sion memorandum is signed, submit a report to such
 committees stating the rationale for the decision and
 a plan of action to require an acquisition program
 baseline for the program.

6 "(f) BEST PRACTICES DEFINED.—In this section, the
7 term 'best practices' has the meaning provided in section
8 4(b) of the DHS Acquisition Accountability and Efficiency
9 Act.".

10 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in
11 section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
12 101 et seq.) is further amended by adding after the item
13 relating to section 835 the following new item:
"Sec. 836. Acquisition Review Board.".

14 SEC. 202. REQUIREMENTS TO REDUCE DUPLICATION IN AC15 QUISITION PROGRAMS.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title VIII of the
17 Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 391 et seq.) is
18 further amended by adding at the end the following new
19 section:

20 "SEC. 837. REQUIREMENTS TO REDUCE DUPLICATION IN21ACQUISITION PROGRAMS.

22 "(a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH POLICIES.—In an
23 effort to reduce duplication and inefficiency for all Depart24 ment investments, including major acquisition programs,
25 the Deputy Secretary, in consultation with the Under Sec•HR 4228 RH

retary for Management, shall establish Department-wide 1 policies to integrate all phases of the investment life cycle 2 3 and help the Department identify, validate, and prioritize 4 standards for common Component requirements for major 5 acquisition program requirements in order to increase op-6 portunities for effectiveness and efficiencies. The policies 7 shall also include strategic alternatives for developing and 8 facilitating a Department Component-driven requirements 9 process that includes oversight of a development test and evaluation capability; identification of priority gaps and 10 11 overlaps in Department capability needs; and provision of feasible technical alternatives, including innovative com-12 mercially available alternatives, to meet capability needs. 13 14 "(b) Mechanisms To Carry Out Requirement.— 15 The Deputy Secretary, in consultation with the Under Secretary for Management, shall coordinate the actions nec-16 17 essary to carry out subsection (a), using such mechanisms 18 as considered necessary by the Secretary to help the Depart-19 ment reduce duplication and inefficiency for all Department investments, including major acquisition programs. 20 21 "(c) COORDINATION.—In coordinating the actions nec-22 essary to carry out subsection (a), the Deputy Secretary 23 shall consult with the Under Secretary for Management, 24 Component Acquisition Executives, and any other Depart-

25 ment officials, including the Under Secretary for Science

and Technology or his designee, with specific knowledge of
 Department or Component acquisition capabilities to pre vent unnecessary duplication of requirements.

4 "(d) ADVISORS.—The Deputy Secretary, in consulta5 tion with the Under Secretary for Management, shall seek
6 and consider input within legal and ethical boundaries
7 from members of Federal, State, local, and tribal govern8 ments, nonprofit organizations, and the private sector, as
9 appropriate, on matters within their authority and exper10 tise in carrying out the Department's mission.

11 "(e) MEETINGS.—The Deputy Secretary, in consulta-12 tion with the Under Secretary for Management, shall meet 13 at least quarterly and communicate with Components often 14 to ensure that Components do not overlap or duplicate 15 spending or priorities on major investments and acquisi-16 tion programs within their areas of responsibility.

17 "(f) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In carrying out this section,
18 the responsibilities of the Deputy Secretary are as follows:

19 "(1) To review and validate the requirements
20 documents of major investments and acquisition pro21 grams prior to acquisition decision events of the in22 vestments or programs.

23 "(2) To ensure the requirements and scope of a
24 major investment or acquisition program are stable,

measurable, achievable, at an acceptable risk level,	
and match the resources planned to be available.	
"(3) Before any entity of the Department issues	
a solicitation for a new contract, coordinate with	
other Department entities as appropriate to prevent	
duplication and inefficiency and—	
"(A) to implement portfolio reviews to iden-	
tify common mission requirements and cross-	
cutting opportunities among Components to har-	
monize investments and requirements and pre-	
vent overlap and duplication among Compo-	
nents; and	
((R) to the extent practicable to stand-	

(B) to the extent practicable, to stand-ardize equipment purchases, streamline the ac-quisition process, improve efficiencies, and con-duct best practices for strategic sourcing.

"(4) To ensure program managers of major in-vestments and acquisition programs conduct analyses, giving particular attention to factors such as cost, schedule, risk, performance, and operational efficiency in order to determine that programs work as intended within cost and budget expectations.

"(5) To propose schedules for delivery of the operational capability needed to meet each Depart-ment investment and major acquisition program.

"(g) BEST PRACTICES DEFINED.—In this section, the
 term 'best practices' has the meaning provided in section
 4(b) of the DHS Acquisition Accountability and Efficiency
 Act.".

5 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in
6 section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
7 101 et seq.) is further amended by adding after the item
8 relating to section 836 the following new item:

"Sec. 837. Requirements to reduce duplication in acquisition programs.".

9 SEC. 203. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REVIEW
10 OF BOARD AND OF REQUIREMENTS TO RE11 DUCE DUPLICATION IN ACQUISITION PRO12 GRAMS.

13 (a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of the effectiveness 14 15 of the Acquisition Review Board established under section 836 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (as added by 16 17 section 201) and the requirements to reduce duplication in acquisition programs established under section 837 of such 18 Act (as added by section 202) in improving the Depart-19 20 ment's acquisition management process.

(b) SCOPE OF REPORT.—The review shall include the
following:

23 (1) An assessment of the effectiveness of the De24 partment in increasing program management over25 sight, best practices and standards, and discipline
•HR 4228 RH

among the Components of the Department, including
 in working together and in preventing overlap and
 duplication.

4 (2) An assessment of the effectiveness of the De5 partment in instilling program management dis6 cipline.

7 (3) A statement of how regularly each major ac-8 quisition program is reviewed by the Board, how 9 often the Board stops major acquisition programs 10 from moving forward in the phases of the acquisition 11 life cycle process, and the number of major acquisi-12 tion programs that have been halted because of prob-13 lems with operational effectiveness, schedule delays, or 14 cost overruns.

(c) REPORT REQUIRED.—The Comptroller General
shall submit to the congressional homeland security committees a report on the review required by this section not
later than one year after the date of the enactment of this
Act. The report shall be submitted in unclassified form but
may include a classified annex.

21 SEC. 204. EXCLUDED PARTY LIST SYSTEM WAIVERS.

The Secretary of Homeland Security shall provide notification to the congressional homeland security committees within five days after the issuance of a waiver by the Secretary of Federal requirements that an agency not engage in business with a contractor in the Excluded Party List
 System (or successor system) as maintained by the General
 Services Administration and an explanation for a finding
 by the Secretary that a compelling reason exists for this
 action.

6 SEC. 205. INSPECTOR GENERAL OVERSIGHT OF SUSPEN7 SION AND DEBARMENT.

8 The Inspector General of the Department of Homeland
9 Security—

(1) may audit decisions about grant and procurement awards to identify instances where a contract or grant was improperly awarded to a suspended or debarred entity and whether corrective actions were taken to prevent recurrence; and

(2) shall review the suspension and debarment
program throughout the Department of Homeland Security to assess whether suspension and debarment
criteria are consistently applied throughout the Department and whether disparities exist in the application of such criteria, particularly with respect to
business size and categories.

TITLE III—ACQUISITION PRO- GRAM MANAGEMENT AC- COUNTABILITY AND TRANS- PARENCY

5 SEC. 301. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION AND OTHER RE6 QUIREMENTS FOR MAJOR ACQUISITION PRO7 GRAM BREACH.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title VIII of the 9 Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 391 et seq.) is 10 further amended by adding at the end the following new 11 section:

12 "SEC. 838. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION AND OTHER RE-

13 QUIREMENTS FOR MAJOR ACQUISITION PRO14 GRAM BREACH.

15 "(a) BREACH DEFINED.—The term 'breach', with re16 spect to a major acquisition program, means a failure to
17 meet any cost, schedule, or performance parameter specified
18 in the acquisition program baseline.

19 "(b) REQUIREMENTS WITHIN DEPARTMENT IF
20 BREACH OCCURS.—

21 "(1) NOTIFICATIONS.—

22 "(A) NOTIFICATION OF POTENTIAL
23 BREACH.—If a major acquisition program has a
24 potential for a future breach, as determined by
25 the program manager for that program, the pro-

1 gram manager shall notify the person exercising 2 acquisition decision authority for the program. "(B) NOTIFICATION OF ACTUAL BREACH.— 3 4 If an actual breach occurs in a major acquisi-5 tion program, the program manager for that 6 program shall notify the head of the Component 7 concerned, the Component Acquisition Executive 8 for the program, the Executive Director referred 9 to in section 709(b) of this Act, the Under Sec-10 retary for Management, and the Deputy Sec-11 retary. 12 "(C) NOTIFICATION TO SECRETARY.—If a major acquisition program has an actual breach 13 14 with a cost overrun greater than 20 percent or 15 a schedule delay greater than 12 months from the 16 costs or schedule set forth in the acquisition pro-17 gram baseline for the program, the Secretary 18 and the Inspector General of the Department 19 shall be notified not later than five business days 20 after the actual breach is identified. 21 "(2) Remediation plan and root cause anal-22 YSIS.— 23 "(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an actual 24 breach with a cost overrun greater than 15 per-25 cent or a schedule delay greater than 180 days

1	from the costs or schedule set forth in the acqui-
2	sition program baseline, a remediation plan and
3	root cause analysis is required, and the Under
4	Secretary for Management or his designee shall
5	establish a date for submission within the De-
6	partment of a breach remediation plan and root
7	cause analysis in accordance with this sub-
8	section.
9	"(B) REMEDIATION PLAN.—The remedi-
10	ation plan required under this subsection shall
11	be submitted in writing to the head of the Com-
12	ponent concerned, the Executive Director referred
13	to in section 709(b) of this Act, and the Under
14	Secretary for Management. The plan shall—
15	"(i) explain the circumstances of the
16	breach;
17	"(ii) provide prior cost estimating in-
18	formation;
19	"(iii) propose corrective action to con-
20	trol cost growth, schedule delays, or per-
21	formance issues;
22	"(iv) in coordination with Component
23	Acquisition Executive, discuss all options
24	considered, including the estimated impact
25	on cost, schedule, or performance of the pro-

gram if no changes are made to current re-
quirements, the estimated cost of the pro-
gram if requirements are modified, and the
extent to which funding from other pro-
grams will need to be reduced to cover the
cost growth of the program; and
((v) explain the rationale for why the
proposed corrective action is recommended.
"(C) ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS.—The root
cause analysis required under this subsection
shall determine the underlying cause or causes of
shortcomings in cost, schedule, or performance of
the program, including the role, if any, of the
following:
"(i) Unrealistic performance expecta-
tions.
"(ii) Unrealistic baseline estimates for
cost or schedule or changes in program re-
quirements.
"(iii) Immature technologies or exces-
sive manufacturing or integration risk.
"(iv) Unanticipated design, engineer-
ing, manufacturing, or technology integra-
tion issues arising during program per-
formance.

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"(v) Changes in procurement quan-

2	tities.
3	"(vi) Inadequate program funding or
4	changes in planned out-year funding from
5	one five-year funding plan to the next five-
6	year funding plan as outlined in the Future
7	Years Homeland Security Program required
8	under section 874 of this Act.
9	"(vii) Legislative, legal, or regulatory
10	changes.
11	"(viii) Inadequate program manage-
12	ment personnel, including lack of training,
13	credentials, certifications, or use of best
14	practices.
15	"(3) Correction of breach.—The Under Sec-
16	retary for Management or his designee shall establish
17	a date for submission within the Department of a
18	program of corrective action that ensures that one of
19	the following actions has occurred:
20	"(A) The breach has been corrected and the
21	program is again in compliance with the origi-
22	nal acquisition program baseline parameters.
23	"(B) A revised acquisition program baseline
24	has been approved.

1"(C) The program has been halted or can-2celled.

3 "(c) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO CONGRESSIONAL
4 NOTIFICATION IF BREACH OCCURS.—

"(1) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—If a notifica-5 6 tion is made under subsection (b)(1)(B) for a breach 7 in a major acquisition program with a cost overrun 8 greater than 15 percent or a schedule delay greater 9 than 180 days from the costs or schedule set forth in 10 the acquisition program baseline, or with an antici-11 pated failure for any key performance threshold or 12 parameter specified in the acquisition program base-13 line, the Under Secretary for Management shall no-14 tify the congressional homeland security committees of 15 the breach in the next quarterly Comprehensive Ac-16 quisition Status Report after the Under Secretary for 17 Management receives the notification from the pro-18 gram manager under subsection (b)(1)(B).

19 "(2) SUBSTANTIAL VARIANCES IN COSTS OR
20 SCHEDULE.—If a likely cost overrun is greater than
21 20 percent or a likely delay is greater than 12 months
22 from the costs and schedule set forth in the acquisi23 tion program baseline for a major acquisition pro24 gram, the Under Secretary for Management shall in-

clude in the notification required in $(c)(1)$ a written
certification, with supporting explanation, that—
``(A) the acquisition is essential to the ac-
complishment of the Department's mission;
"(B) there are no alternatives to such capa-
bility or asset that will provide equal or greater
capability in both a more cost-effective and time-
ly manner;
``(C) the new acquisition schedule and esti-
mates for total accretion and an reasonable

10mates for total acquisition cost are reasonable;11and12"(D) the management structure for the ac-

quisition program is adequate to manage and
control performance, cost, and schedule.

15 "(3) SUBMISSIONS TO CONGRESS.—Not later
16 than 30 calendar days after submission to such com17 mittees of a breach notification under paragraph (1)
18 of this section for a major acquisition program, the
19 Under Secretary for Management shall submit to such
20 committees the following:

21 "(A) A copy of the remediation plan and
22 the root cause analysis prepared under sub23 section (b)(2) for the program.

24 "(B) A statement describing the corrective
25 action or actions that have occurred pursuant to

1	subsection (b)(3) for the program, with a jus-
2	tification for the action or actions.
3	"(d) Additional Actions if Breach Occurs.—
4	"(1) Prohibition on obligation of funds.—
5	During the 90-day period following submission under
6	subsection $(c)(3)$ of a remediation plan, root cause
7	analysis, and statement of corrective actions with re-
8	spect to a major acquisition program, the Under Sec-
9	retary for Management shall submit a certification
10	described in paragraph (2) of this subsection to the
11	congressional homeland security committees. If the
12	Under Secretary for Management does not submit
13	such certification by the end of such 90-day period,
14	then funds appropriated to the major acquisition pro-
15	gram shall not be obligated until the Under Secretary
16	for Management submits such certification.
17	"(2) CERTIFICATION.—For purposes of para-
18	graph (1), the certification described in this para-
19	graph is a certification that—
20	``(A) the Department has adjusted or re-
21	structured the program in a manner that ad-
22	dresses the root cause or causes of the cost growth
23	in the program; and
24	(B) the Department has conducted a thor-
25	ough review of the breached program's acquisi-

1	tion decision event approvals and the current ac-
2	quisition decision event approval for the
3	breached program has been adjusted as necessary
4	to account for the restructured program.".
5	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in

- 6 section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
- 7 101 et seq.) is further amended by adding after the item
- 8 relating to section 837 the following new item:

9 SEC. 302. MULTIYEAR ACQUISITION STRATEGY.

- 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 11 (1) AMENDMENT.—Subtitle D of title VIII of the
- 12 Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 391 et seq.)
- 13 is further amended by adding at the end the following
- 14 *new section:*

15 "SEC. 839. MULTIYEAR ACQUISITION STRATEGY.

16 "(a) Multiyear ACQUISITION **STRATEGY** RE-17 QUIRED.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary shall submit to the 18 19 appropriate homeland security committees a multiyear ac-20 quisition strategy to guide the overall direction of the acqui-21 sitions of the Department while allowing flexibility to deal 22 with ever-changing threats and risks and to help industry 23 better understand, plan, and align resources to meet the fu-24 ture acquisition needs of the Department. The strategy shall

[&]quot;Sec. 838. Congressional notification and other requirements for major acquisition program breach.".

be updated and included in each Future Years Homeland
 Security Program required under section 874 of this Act.
 "(b) CONSULTATION.—In developing the strategy, the
 Secretary shall consult with others as the Secretary deems
 appropriate, including headquarters, Components, employ ees in the field, and when appropriate, individuals from
 industry and the academic community.

8 "(c) FORM OF STRATEGY.—The report shall be sub-9 mitted in unclassified form but may include a classified 10 annex for any sensitive or classified information if nec-11 essary. The Department also shall publish the plan in an 12 unclassified format that is publicly available.

13 "(d) CONTENTS OF STRATEGY.—The strategy shall in14 clude the following:

15 "(1) PRIORITIZED LIST.—A systematic and inte-16 grated prioritized list developed by the Under Sec-17 retary for Management or his designee in coordina-18 tion with all of the Component Acquisition Executives 19 of Department major acquisition programs that De-20 partment and Component acquisition investments 21 seek to address, that includes the expected security 22 and economic benefit of the program or system and 23 an analysis of how the security and economic benefit 24 derived from the program or system will be measured.

"(2) INVENTORY.—A plan to develop a reliable
 Department-wide inventory of investments and real
 property assets to help the Department plan, budget,
 schedule, and acquire upgrades of its systems and
 equipment and plan for the acquisition and manage ment of future systems and equipment.

7 "(3) FUNDING GAPS.—A plan to address funding 8 gaps between funding requirements for major acquisi-9 tion programs and known available resources includ-10 ing, to the maximum extent practicable, ways of 11 leveraging best practices to identify and eliminate 12 overpayment for items to prevent wasteful pur-13 chasing, achieve the greatest level of efficiency and 14 cost savings by rationalizing purchases, aligning 15 pricing for similar items, and utilizing purchase timing and economies of scale. 16

17 "(4) IDENTIFICATION OF CAPABILITIES.—An 18 identification of test, evaluation, modeling, and sim-19 ulation capabilities that will be required to support 20 the acquisition of the technologies to meet the needs of 21 the plan and ways to leverage to the greatest extent 22 possible the emerging technology trends and research 23 and development trends within the public and private 24 sectors and an identification of ways to ensure that 25 the appropriate technology is acquired and integrated

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into the Department's operating doctrine and procured in ways that improve mission performance.

3 "(5) FOCUS ON FLEXIBLE SOLUTIONS.—An as-4 sessment of ways the Department can improve its 5 ability to test and acquire innovative solutions to 6 allow needed incentives and protections for appro-7 priate risk-taking in order to meet its acquisition 8 needs with resiliency, agility, and responsiveness to assure the Nation's homeland security and facilitate 9 10 trade.

"(6) FOCUS ON INCENTIVES TO SAVE TAXPAYER
DOLLARS.—An assessment of ways the Department
can develop incentives for program managers and
senior Department acquisition officials to prevent cost
overruns, avoid schedule delays, and achieve cost savings in major acquisition programs.

17 "(7) Focus on addressing delays and bid 18 **PROTESTS.**—An assessment of ways the Department 19 can improve the acquisition process to minimize cost 20 overruns in requirements development, procurement 21 announcements, requests for proposals, evaluation of 22 proposals, protests of decisions and awards and 23 through the use of best practices as defined in section 4(b) of the DHS Acquisition Accountability and Effi-24

3 "(8) FOCUS ON IMPROVING OUTREACH.—An identification and assessment of ways to increase op-4 5 portunities for communication and collaboration with 6 industry, small and disadvantaged businesses, intra-7 government entities, university centers of excellence. 8 accredited certification and standards development 9 organizations, and national laboratories to ensure 10 that the Department understands the market for tech-11 nologies, products, and innovation that is available to 12 meet its mission needs to inform the requirements-set-13 ting process and before engaging in an acquisition, 14 including—

15 "(A) methods designed especially to engage 16 small and disadvantaged businesses and a cost-17 benefit analysis of the tradeoffs that small and 18 disadvantaged businesses provide, barriers to 19 entry for small and disadvantaged businesses, 20 and unique requirements for small and dis-21 advantaged businesses; and

"(B) within the Department Vendor Communication Plan and Market Research Guide,
instructions for interaction by program managers with such entities to prevent misinterpreta-

1	tion of acquisition regulations and to permit
2	freedom within legal and ethical boundaries for
3	program managers to interact with such busi-
4	nesses with transparency.
5	"(9) Competition.—A plan regarding competi-
6	tion as described in subsection (e).
7	"(10) Acquisition workforce.—A plan re-
8	garding the Department acquisition workforce as de-
9	scribed in subsection (f).
10	"(11) Feasibility of workforce develop-
11	MENT FUND PILOT PROGRAM.—An assessment of the
12	feasibility of conducting a pilot program to establish
13	an acquisition workforce development fund as de-
14	scribed in subsection (g).
15	"(e) Competition Plan.—The strategy shall also in-
16	clude a plan (referred to in subsection $(d)(9)$) that shall
17	address actions to ensure competition, or the option of com-
18	petition, for major acquisition programs. The plan may in-
19	clude assessments of the following measures in appropriate
20	cases if such measures are cost effective:
21	"(1) Competitive prototyping.
22	"(2) Dual-sourcing.
23	"(3) Unbundling of contracts.
24	"(4) Funding of next-generation prototype sys-

tems or subsystems.

1	"(5) Use of modular, open architectures to enable
2	competition for upgrades.
3	"(6) Acquisition of complete technical data pack-
4	ages.
5	"(7) Periodic competitions for subsystem up-
6	grades.
7	"(8) Licensing of additional suppliers, including
8	small businesses.
9	"(9) Periodic system or program reviews to ad-
10	dress long-term competitive effects of program deci-
11	sions.
12	"(f) Acquisition Workforce Plan.—
13	"(1) Acquisition workforce.—The strategy
14	shall also include a plan (referred to in subsection
15	(d)(10)) to address Department acquisition workforce
16	accountability and talent management that identifies
17	the acquisition workforce needs of each Component
18	performing acquisition functions and develops options
19	for filling those needs with qualified individuals, in-
20	cluding a cost-benefit analysis of contracting for ac-
21	quisition assistance.
22	"(2) Additional matters covered.—The ac-
23	quisition workforce plan shall address ways to—
24	"(A) improve the recruitment, hiring, train-
25	ing, and retention of Department acquisition

1	workforce personnel, including contracting offi-
2	cer's representatives, in order to retain highly
3	qualified individuals that have experience in the
4	acquisition life cycle, complex procurements, and
5	management of large programs;
6	``(B) empower program managers to have
7	the authority to manage their programs in an
8	accountable and transparent manner as they
9	work with the acquisition workforce;
10	"(C) prevent duplication within Depart-
11	ment acquisition workforce training and certifi-
12	cation requirements through leveraging already-
13	existing training within the Federal Govern-
14	ment, academic community, or private industry;
15	``(D) achieve integration and consistency
16	with Government-wide training and accredita-
17	tion standards, acquisition training tools, and
18	training facilities;
19	``(E) designate the acquisition positions
20	that will be necessary to support the Department
21	acquisition requirements, including in the fields
22	of—
23	"(i) program management;
24	"(ii) systems engineering;

2tracting;3"(iv) test and evaluation;4"(v) life cycle logistics;5"(vi) cost estimating and program fi-6nancial management; and7"(vii) additional disciplines appro-8priate to Department mission needs;9"(F) strengthen the performance of con-10tracting officer's representatives (as defined in11Subpart 1.602-2 and Subpart 2.101 of the Fed-12eral Acquisition Regulation), including by—13"(i) assessing the extent to which con-14tracting officer's representatives are cer-15tified and receive training that is appro-16priate;17"(ii) determining what training is18most effective with respect to the type and19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including25identifying opportunities to leverage existing	1	"(iii) procurement, including con-
4"(v) life cycle logistics;5"(vi) cost estimating and program fi-6nancial management; and7"(vii) additional disciplines appro-8priate to Department mission needs;9"(F) strengthen the performance of con-10tracting officer's representatives (as defined in11Subpart 1.602-2 and Subpart 2.101 of the Fed-12eral Acquisition Regulation), including by—13"(i) assessing the extent to which con-14tracting officer's representatives are cer-15tified and receive training that is appro-16priate;17"(ii) determining what training is18most effective with respect to the type and19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including	2	tracting;
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6nancial management; and7"(vii) additional disciplines appro-8priate to Department mission needs;9"(F) strengthen the performance of con-10tracting officer's representatives (as defined in11Subpart 1.602-2 and Subpart 2.101 of the Fed-12eral Acquisition Regulation), including by—13"(i) assessing the extent to which con-14tracting officer's representatives are cer-15tified and receive training that is appro-16priate;17"(ii) determining what training is18most effective with respect to the type and19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including	4	"(v) life cycle logistics;
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9"(F) strengthen the performance of con-10tracting officer's representatives (as defined in11Subpart 1.602-2 and Subpart 2.101 of the Fed-12eral Acquisition Regulation), including by—13"(i) assessing the extent to which con-14tracting officer's representatives are cer-15tified and receive training that is appro-16priate;17"(ii) determining what training is18most effective with respect to the type and19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including	7	"(vii) additional disciplines appro-
10tracting officer's representatives (as defined in11Subpart 1.602-2 and Subpart 2.101 of the Fed-12eral Acquisition Regulation), including by—13"(i) assessing the extent to which con-14tracting officer's representatives are cer-15tified and receive training that is appro-16priate;17"(ii) determining what training is18most effective with respect to the type and19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including	8	priate to Department mission needs;
11Subpart 1.602-2 and Subpart 2.101 of the Fed-12eral Acquisition Regulation), including by—13"(i) assessing the extent to which con-14tracting officer's representatives are cer-15tified and receive training that is appro-16priate;17"(ii) determining what training is18most effective with respect to the type and19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including	9	``(F) strengthen the performance of con-
12eral Acquisition Regulation), including by—13"(i) assessing the extent to which con-14tracting officer's representatives are cer-15tified and receive training that is appro-16priate;17"(ii) determining what training is18most effective with respect to the type and19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including	10	tracting officer's representatives (as defined in
13"(i) assessing the extent to which con-14tracting officer's representatives are cer-15tified and receive training that is appro-16priate;17"(ii) determining what training is18most effective with respect to the type and19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including	11	Subpart 1.602-2 and Subpart 2.101 of the Fed-
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15tified and receive training that is appro-16priate;17"(ii) determining what training is18most effective with respect to the type and19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including	13	((i) assessing the extent to which con-
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19complexity of assignment; and20"(iii) implementing actions to improve21training based on such assessment; and22"(G) identify ways to increase training for23relevant investigators and auditors to examine24fraud in major acquisition programs, including	17	"(ii) determining what training is
 20 "(iii) implementing actions to improve 21 training based on such assessment; and 22 "(G) identify ways to increase training for 23 relevant investigators and auditors to examine 24 fraud in major acquisition programs, including 	18	most effective with respect to the type and
 21 training based on such assessment; and 22 "(G) identify ways to increase training for 23 relevant investigators and auditors to examine 24 fraud in major acquisition programs, including 	19	complexity of assignment; and
 "(G) identify ways to increase training for relevant investigators and auditors to examine fraud in major acquisition programs, including 	20	"(iii) implementing actions to improve
 relevant investigators and auditors to examine fraud in major acquisition programs, including 	21	training based on such assessment; and
24 fraud in major acquisition programs, including	22	``(G) identify ways to increase training for
	23	relevant investigators and auditors to examine
25 <i>identifying opportunities to leverage existing</i>	24	fraud in major acquisition programs, including
	25	identifying opportunities to leverage existing

Government and private sector resources in co ordination with the Inspector General of the De partment.

4 "(q) Feasibility of Workforce Development" 5 FUND PILOT PROGRAM.—The strategy shall also include an assessment (referred to in subsection (d)(11)) of the feasi-6 7 bility of conducting a pilot program to establish a Home-8 land Security Acquisition Workforce Development Fund (in 9 this subsection referred to as the 'Fund') to ensure the Department acquisition workforce has the capacity, in both 10 personnel and skills, needed to properly perform its mission 11 12 and ensure that the Department receives the best value for the expenditure of public resources. The assessment shall ad-13 14 dress the following:

15 "(1) Ways to fund the Fund, including the use 16 of direct appropriations, or the credit, transfer, or de-17 posit of unobligated or unused funds from Depart-18 ment Components into the Fund to remain available 19 for obligation in the fiscal year for which credited, 20 transferred, or deposited and to remain available for 21 successive fiscal years.

"(2) Ways to reward the Department acquisition
workforce and program managers for good program
management in controlling cost growth, limiting
schedule delays, and ensuring operational effectiveness

1	through providing a percentage of the savings or gen-
2	eral acquisition bonuses.
3	"(3) Guidance for the administration of the
4	Fund that includes provisions to do the following:
5	"(A) Describe the costs and benefits associ-
6	ated with the use of direct appropriations or
7	credit, transfer, or deposit of unobligated or un-
8	used funds to finance the Fund.
9	(B) Describe the manner and timing for
10	applications for amounts in the Fund to be sub-
11	mitted.
12	(C) Explain the evaluation criteria to be
13	used for approving or prioritizing applications
14	for amounts in the Fund in any fiscal year.
15	(D) Explain the mechanism to report to
16	Congress on the implementation of the Fund on
17	an ongoing basis.
18	``(E) Detail measurable performance metrics
19	to determine if the Fund is meeting the objective
20	to improve the acquisition workforce and to
21	achieve cost savings in acquisition manage-
22	ment.".
23	(2) Clerical Amendment.—The table of con-
24	tents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of
25	2002 (6 U.S.C. 101 et seq.) is further amended by

adding after the item relating to section 838 the fol-

2	lowing new item:
	"Sec. 839. Multiyear acquisition strategy.".
3	(b) Conforming Amendment to Future Years
4	Homeland Security Program.—Section 874(b) of the
5	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 454(b)) is
6	amended—
7	(1) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
8	(2);
9	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
10	graph (3) and inserting "; and"; and
11	(3) by adding at the end the following new para-
12	graph:
13	"(4) include the multiyear acquisition strategy
14	required under section 839 of this Act.".
15	SEC. 303. ACQUISITION REPORTS.
16	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title VIII of the
17	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 391 et seq.) is
18	further amended by adding at the end the following new
19	section:
20	"SEC. 840. ACQUISITION REPORTS.
21	"(a) Comprehensive Acquisition Status Re-
22	PORT.—
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary for
24	Management each year shall submit to the congres-
25	sional homeland security committees, at the same
	•HR 4228 RH

1	time as the President's budget is submitted for a fiscal
2	year under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States
3	Code, a comprehensive acquisition status report. The
4	report shall include the following:
5	"(A) The information required under the
6	heading 'Office of the Under Secretary for Man-
7	agement' under Title I of division D of the Con-
8	solidated Appropriations Act, 2012 (Public Law
9	112-74) (as required under the Department of
10	Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2013
11	(Public Law 113–6).
12	(B) A listing of programs that have been
13	cancelled, modified, paused, or referred to the
14	Under Secretary for Management or Deputy Sec-
15	retary for additional oversight or action by the
16	Board, Department Office of Inspector General,
17	or the Comptroller General.
18	(C) A listing of established Executive
19	Steering Committees, which provide governance
20	of a program or related set of programs and
21	lower-tiered oversight, and support between ac-
22	quisition decision events and Component re-
23	views, including the mission and membership for
24	each.

1	"(2) INFORMATION FOR MAJOR ACQUISITION
2	PROGRAMS.—For each major acquisition program, the
3	report shall include the following:
4	"(A) A narrative description, including cur-
5	rent gaps and shortfalls, the capabilities to be
6	fielded, and the number of planned increments or
7	units.
8	"(B) Acquisition Review Board (or other
9	board designated to review the acquisition) sta-
10	tus of each acquisition, including the current ac-
11	quisition phase, the date of the last review, and
12	a listing of the required documents that have
13	been reviewed with the dates reviewed or ap-
14	proved.
15	"(C) The most current, approved acquisi-
16	tion program baseline (including project sched-
17	ules and events).
18	"(D) A comparison of the original acquisi-
19	tion program baseline, the current acquisition
20	program baseline, and the current estimate.
21	``(E) Whether or not an independent
22	verification and validation has been imple-
23	mented, with an explanation for the decision and
24	a summary of any findings.

1	((F) A rating of cost risk, schedule risk,
2	and technical risk associated with the program
3	(including narrative descriptions and mitigation
4	actions).
5	``(G) Contract status (including earned
6	value management data as applicable).
7	((H) A lifecycle cost of the acquisition, and
8	time basis for the estimate.
9	"(3) UPDATES.—The Under Secretary shall sub-
10	mit quarterly updates to such report not later than
11	45 days after the completion of each quarter.
12	"(b) Quarterly Program Accountability Re-
13	PORT.—The Under Secretary for Management shall prepare
14	a quarterly program accountability report to meet the De-
15	partment's mandate to perform program health assessments
16	and improve program execution and governance. The report
17	shall be submitted to the congressional homeland security
18	committees.".
19	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents in

- 20 section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
- 21 101 et seq.) is further amended by adding after the item
- 22 relating to section 839 the following new item: "Sec. 840. Acquisition reports.".

1 SEC. 304. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REVIEW

2	OF MULTIYEAR ACQUISITION STRATEGY.
3	(a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—After submission to Congress
4	of the first multiyear acquisition strategy (pursuant to sec-
5	tion 839 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002) after the
6	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
7	of the United States shall conduct a review of the plan with-
8	in 180 days to analyze the viability of the plan's effective-
9	ness in the following:
10	(1) Complying with the requirements in section
11	839 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added
12	by section 302 of this Act.
13	(2) Establishing clear connections between De-
14	partment objectives and acquisition priorities.
15	(3) Demonstrating that Department acquisition
16	policy reflects program management best practices
17	and standards.
18	(4) Ensuring competition or the option of com-
19	petition for major acquisition programs.
20	(5) Considering potential cost savings through
21	using already-existing technologies when developing
22	acquisition program requirements.
23	(6) Preventing duplication within Department
24	acquisition workforce training requirements through
25	leveraging already-existing training within the Fed-

eral Government, academic community, or private in dustry.

3 (7) Providing incentives for program managers
4 to reduce acquisition and procurement costs through
5 the use of best practices and disciplined program
6 management.

7 (8) Assessing the feasibility of conducting a pilot
8 program to establish a Homeland Security Acquisi9 tion Workforce Development Fund.

10 (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—The Comptroller General 11 shall submit to the congressional homeland security com-12 mittees a report on the review required by this section. The 13 report shall be submitted in unclassified form but may in-14 clude a classified annex.

15 SEC. 305. OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL REPORT.

16 (a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—No later than 2 years following the submission of the report submitted by the Comp-17 troller General of the United States as required by section 18 304, the Department's Inspector General shall conduct a re-19 20 view of whether the Department has complied with the 21 multiyear acquisition strategy (pursuant to section 839 of 22 the Homeland Security Act of 2002) and adhered to the 23 strategies set forth in the plan. The review shall also con-24 sider whether the Department has complied with the requirements to provide the Acquisition Review Board with 25

a capability development plan for each major acquisition
 program.

3 (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—The Inspector General shall
4 submit to the congressional homeland security committees
5 a report of the review required by this section. The report
6 shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a
7 classified annex.

Union Calendar No. 324

113TH CONGRESS H. R. 4228 2D Session H. R. 4228

[Report No. 113-436]

A BILL

To require the Department of Homeland Security to improve discipline, accountability, and transparency in acquisition program management.

May 6, 2014

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed