

113TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 186

To award posthumously a Congressional Gold Medal to Addie Mae Collins, Denise McNair, Carole Robertson, and Cynthia Wesley, in recognition of the 50th anniversary of the bombing of the Sixteenth Street Baptist Church, where the 4 little Black girls lost their lives, which served as a catalyst for the Civil Rights Movement.

---

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JANUARY 30, 2013

Mr. SHELBY (for himself and Mr. SESSIONS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

---

## A BILL

To award posthumously a Congressional Gold Medal to Addie Mae Collins, Denise McNair, Carole Robertson, and Cynthia Wesley, in recognition of the 50th anniversary of the bombing of the Sixteenth Street Baptist Church, where the 4 little Black girls lost their lives, which served as a catalyst for the Civil Rights Movement.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. FINDINGS.**

4 Congress finds the following:

1           (1) September 15, 2013, will mark 50 years  
2 since the lives of Addie Mae Collins, Denise McNair,  
3 Carole Robertson, and Cynthia Wesley, known as  
4 the “4 little Black girls”, were suddenly taken by a  
5 bomb planted in the Sixteenth Street Baptist  
6 Church in Birmingham, Alabama.

7           (2) The senseless and premature death of the  
8 4 little Black girls sparked “The Movement that  
9 Changed the World”.

10          (3) On that tragic Sunday in September of  
11 1963, the world took notice of the violence inflicted  
12 in the struggle for equal rights.

13          (4) The fact that 4 innocent children lost their  
14 lives as they prepared for Sunday School shook the  
15 world’s conscience.

16          (5) This tragedy galvanized the Civil Rights  
17 Movement and sparked a surge of momentum that  
18 helped secure the passage of the Civil Rights Act of  
19 1964 and later the Voting Rights Act of 1965,  
20 which were signed into law by President Lyndon B.  
21 Johnson.

22          (6) Justice was delayed for these 4 little Black  
23 girls and their families until 2002, 39 years after  
24 the bombing, when the last of the Klansmen respon-  
25 sible for the bombing was convicted of the crime.

1           (7) The 4 little Black girls are emblematic of  
2           so many who have lost their lives for the cause of  
3           freedom and equality, including Virgil Ware and  
4           Johnny Robinson, who were children also killed  
5           within hours of the 1963 church bombing.

6           (8) The legacy that these 4 little Black girls left  
7           will live on in the minds and hearts of us all for gen-  
8           erations to come.

9           (9) Their extraordinary sacrifice sparked real  
10          and lasting change as Congress began to aggres-  
11          sively pass legislation that ensured equality.

12          (10) Sixteenth Street Baptist Church remains a  
13          powerful symbol of the movement for civil and  
14          human rights and will host the 50th anniversary  
15          ceremony on Sunday, September 15, 2013.

16          (11) It is befitting that Congress bestow the  
17          highest civilian honor, the Congressional Gold  
18          Medal, in 2013 to the 4 little Black girls, Addie Mae  
19          Collins, Denise McNair, Carole Robertson, and Cyn-  
20          thia Wesley, posthumously in recognition of the 50th  
21          anniversary of the historical significance of the  
22          bombing of the Sixteenth Street Baptist Church.

23 **SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.**

24          (a) PRESENTATION AUTHORIZED.—The Speaker of  
25          the House of Representatives and the President Pro Tem-

1 pore of the Senate shall make appropriate arrangements  
2 for the presentation, on behalf of Congress, of a gold  
3 medal of appropriate design to commemorate the lives of  
4 Addie Mae Collins, Denise McNair, Carole Robertson, and  
5 Cynthia Wesley.

6 (b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For purposes of the  
7 presentation referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary  
8 of the Treasury (referred to in this Act as the “Sec-  
9 retary”) shall strike a gold medal with suitable emblems,  
10 devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the Sec-  
11 retary.

12 **SEC. 3. DUPLICATE MEDALS.**

13 The Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in  
14 bronze of the gold medal struck pursuant to section 2  
15 under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, at  
16 a price sufficient to cover the cost thereof, including labor,  
17 materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses,  
18 and the cost of the gold medal.

19 **SEC. 4. STATUS OF MEDALS.**

20 (a) NATIONAL MEDALS.—The medals struck under  
21 this Act are national medals for purposes of chapter 51  
22 of title 31, United States Code.

23 (b) NUMISMATIC ITEMS.—For purposes of sections  
24 5134 and 5136 of title 31, United States Code, all medals

1 struck under this Act shall be considered to be numismatic  
2 items.

3 **SEC. 5. AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS; PROCEEDS OF**  
4 **SALE.**

5 (a) **AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.**—There is  
6 authorized to be charged against the United States Mint  
7 Public Enterprise Fund such amounts as may be nec-  
8 essary to pay for the costs of the medals struck pursuant  
9 to this Act.

10 (b) **PROCEEDS OF SALE.**—Amounts received from the  
11 sale of duplicate bronze medals authorized under section  
12 3 shall be deposited into the United States Mint Public  
13 Enterprise Fund.

○