

113TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# S. RES. 447

Recognizing the threats to freedom of the press and expression around the world and reaffirming freedom of the press as a priority in the efforts of the United States Government to promote democracy and good governance.

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## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 15, 2014

Mr. CASEY (for himself and Mr. RUBIO) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

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# RESOLUTION

Recognizing the threats to freedom of the press and expression around the world and reaffirming freedom of the press as a priority in the efforts of the United States Government to promote democracy and good governance.

Whereas Article 19 of the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights, adopted at Paris December 10, 1948, states that “everyone has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive, and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers”;

Whereas, in 1993, the United Nations General Assembly proclaimed May 3 of each year as “World Press Freedom Day” to celebrate the fundamental principles of freedom

of the press, to evaluate freedom of the press around the world, to defend the media from attacks on its independence, and to pay tribute to journalists who have lost their lives in the exercise of their profession;

Whereas, on December 18, 2013, the United Nations General Assembly adopted a resolution (A/RES/68/163) on the safety of journalists and the issue of impunity, which unequivocally condemns all attacks and violence against journalists and media workers, including torture, extrajudicial killings, enforced disappearances, arbitrary detention, and intimidation and harassment in both conflict and non-conflict situations;

Whereas 2014 is the 21st anniversary of World Press Freedom Day, which focuses on the theme “Media Freedom for a Better Future: Shaping the Post-2015 Development Agenda”;

Whereas the Daniel Pearl Freedom of the Press Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–16622; U.S.C. 2151 note), which was passed by unanimous consent in the Senate and signed into law by President Barack Obama in 2010, expanded the examination of freedom of the press around the world in the annual human rights report of the Department of State;

Whereas, according to Reporters Without Borders, 71 journalists and 39 citizen journalists were killed in 2013 in connection with their collection and dissemination of news and information;

Whereas, according to the Committee to Protect Journalists, the 3 deadliest countries for journalists on assignment in 2013 were Syria, Iraq, and Egypt, and in Syria, the

deadliest country for such journalists, an unprecedented number of journalists were abducted;

Whereas, according to the Committee to Protect Journalists, 617 journalists have been murdered since 1992 without the perpetrators of such crimes facing punishment;

Whereas, according to the Committee to Protect Journalists, the 5 countries with the highest number of unsolved journalist murders are Iraq, the Philippines, Algeria, Colombia, and Somalia;

Whereas, according to Reporters Without Borders, 826 journalists and 127 citizen journalists were arrested in 2013;

Whereas, according to the Committee to Protect Journalists, 211 journalists worldwide were in prison on December 1, 2013;

Whereas, according to Reporters Without Borders, the 5 countries with the highest number of journalists in prison are Syria, China, Eritrea, Turkey, and Iran;

Whereas, according to Reporters Without Borders, the Government of Syria and extremist rebel militias have intentionally targeted journalists, causing dramatic repercussions for the freedom of the press throughout the region;

Whereas the Government of the Russian Federation has engaged in an unprecedented campaign to silence the independent press and undermine freedom of expression, including its recent efforts to destabilize Ukraine;

Whereas freedom of the press is a key component of democratic governance, the activism of civil society, and socio-economic development; and

Whereas freedom of the press enhances public accountability, transparency, and participation: Now, therefore, be it

1       *Resolved*, That the Senate—

2               (1) expresses concern about the threats to free-  
3               dom of the press and expression around the world  
4               following World Press Freedom Day, held on May 3,  
5               2014;

6               (2) commends journalists and media workers  
7               around the world for their essential role in pro-  
8               moting government accountability, defending demo-  
9               cratic activity, and strengthening civil society, de-  
10               spite threats to their safety;

11               (3) pays tribute to the journalists who have lost  
12               their lives carrying out their work;

13               (4) calls on governments abroad to implement  
14               United Nations General Assembly Resolution (A/  
15               RES/68/163), by thoroughly investigating and seek-  
16               ing to resolve outstanding cases of violence against  
17               journalists, including murders and kidnappings,  
18               while ensuring the protection of witnesses;

19               (5) condemns all actions around the world that  
20               suppress freedom of the press, such as the recent  
21               kidnappings of journalists and media workers in  
22               eastern Ukraine by pro-Russian militant groups;

23               (6) reaffirms the centrality of freedom of the  
24               press to efforts by the United States Government to  
25               support democracy, mitigate conflict, and promote

1       good governance domestically and around the world;  
2       and

3               (7) calls on the President and the Secretary of  
4       State—

5                       (A) to improve the means by which the  
6       United States Government rapidly identifies,  
7       publicizes, and responds to threats against free-  
8       dom of the press around the world;

9                       (B) to urge foreign governments to trans-  
10     parently investigate and bring to justice the  
11     perpetrators of attacks against journalists; and

12                       (C) to highlight the issue of threats  
13     against freedom of the press year-round.

