

had just done regular order. But they haven't.

So as it relates to the issues we discuss here today, the reason these issues even come up is that the Democrat-controlled Senate has not done their job, and they have not dealt with the appropriations process.

Today, as last week, we are dealing with an important portion of this process. It is so important that the very security of our Nation depends upon a secure border. The great debate that has gone on for 3 or 4 years, recent years as we look at the overall immigration crisis, is: What about the security of our borders?

We have spent billions of dollars making it as secure as we can, and we will continue to secure those borders. All we think we should do is pay the people that are doing the job now and get the border secure. This is important to the future of our Nation.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. VAN HOLLEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in opposition to H.J. Res 79, a bill which claims to fund border security, but in reality is just a continuation of the piecemeal approach to funding government operations being used by the House Republican leadership to create political cover for their continued refusal to hold a vote to immediately reopen the entire government.

I support funding border security and appreciate greatly the dedicated men and women who work to keep our borders secure, but I do not support this bill because, in the end, it does more harm than good.

I believe the proper way to fund border security is for Congress to fulfill its responsibility to pass regular appropriations bills. The House passed a full year funding bill for the Department of Homeland Security in June that would provide \$40.1 billion more for DHS than the bill before us today.

Using a cherry-picking approach to fund selected programs within an agency neglects other important programs within that same agency. In this case, supporting H.J. Res 79 funds border security at the expense of other Homeland Security-related functions like the Secret Service, the Army Corps of Engineers, the Transportation Security Administration and the Office of Disaster Assistance at the Small Business Administration.

The fact is that by taking up the Senate's clean continuing resolution and sending it to the President for his signature tonight, we can fund border security, DHS and all the other important programs and services of the government. That is why I call on my colleagues to bring up the Senate CR so we can end this shut down and get all our federal workers back on the job.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 371, the previous question is ordered.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the joint resolution.

The joint resolution was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further

consideration of House Joint Resolution 79 is postponed.

#### RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess for a period of less than 15 minutes.

Accordingly (at 1 o'clock and 25 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1335

#### AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. BISHOP of Utah) at 1 o'clock and 35 minutes p.m.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate agreed to the following resolution.

S. RES. 267

In the Senate of the United States, October 9, 2013.

Whereas Rod Grams faithfully served the people of Minnesota with distinction in the United States Congress;

Whereas Rod Grams was elected to the United States House of Representatives in 1992 and served one term as a Representative from the State of Minnesota and later served as a chief of staff in the House of Representatives;

Whereas Rod Grams was elected to the United States Senate in 1994 and served one term as a Senator from the State of Minnesota;

Whereas as a Senator, Rod Grams served on the Senate Standing Committees on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, Energy and Natural Resources, Foreign Relations, and the Budget and on the Joint Economic Committee: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow and deep regret the announcement of the death of the Honorable Rod Grams, former member of the United States Senate.

*Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit an enrolled copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

*Resolved*, That when the Senate adjourns today, it stand adjourned as a further mark of respect to the memory of the Honorable Rod Grams.

The message also announced that the Senate has agreed to a joint resolution of the House of the following title:

H.J. Res. 91. Joint Resolution making continuing appropriations for death gratuities and related survivor benefits for survivors of deceased military service members of the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2014, and for other purposes.

#### BORDER SECURITY AND ENFORCEMENT CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS RESOLUTION, 2014

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of House Joint Resolution 79 will now be resumed.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

#### MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Ms. SHEA-PORTER. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentlewoman opposed to the joint resolution?

Ms. SHEA-PORTER. I am opposed.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Ms. Shea-Porter moves to recommit the joint resolution H.J. Res. 79 to the Committee on Appropriations with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

That upon passage of this joint resolution by the House of Representatives, the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 59) making continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2014, and for other purposes, as amended by the Senate on September 27, 2013, shall be considered to have been taken from the Speaker's table and the House shall be considered to have (1) receded from its amendment; and (2) concurred in the Senate amendment.

Ms. SHEA-PORTER (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to dispense with the reading.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from New Hampshire?

There was no objection.

Mr. CARTER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve a point of order on the gentlewoman's motion.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. A point of order is reserved.

Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from New Hampshire is recognized for 5 minutes in support of her motion.

Ms. SHEA-PORTER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to offer a motion to recommit to end this harmful and unnecessary government shutdown. I do this by offering a motion that would bring to the floor the continuing resolution that has already passed in the Senate and awaits consideration in the House.

I know that not everyone is thrilled with this level of funding. Many of us in the Democratic Caucus think it cuts too deeply into important investments, while many of our Republican colleagues feel it doesn't cut enough. The Senate bill is a compromise, but it is a compromise that is acceptable to the majority of us in order to continue the vital functioning of the government that all Americans pay for and that all Americans deserve.

Unfortunately, a small faction of the majority party continues to hold the entire government hostage while it tries to obstruct the Affordable Care Act. I understand they disagree with the Senate and the President on certain issues, but shutting the government down to try and achieve an ideological goal that could not be achieved through the legislative process, through the Supreme Court, or through the ballot box is beneath the dignity of this body. That is why I urge my colleagues to support my motion and allow us to get the government up and

running again. Then, and only then, can we resume debate and discussion on other critical issues like creating jobs, supporting our veterans, and, yes, improving the Affordable Care Act.

As of today, it has been 10 days since the government shutdown. That is 10 days where we haven't had studies going forward at the National Institutes of Health, 10 days where the Small Business Administration hasn't been lending money to entrepreneurs and small businesses, and 10 days where families haven't had access to the critical services to protect those who need it most.

In my own district, the Small Business Administration normally gives out an average of \$237,000 in loans each and every day. That is a total of \$2.37 million in loans that haven't been made to the small businesses of New Hampshire's First District.

The majority has failed my State and others. All the American people are asking for is for us to open the government. They would be happy with a clean bill. We could put people back to work with a clean bill. We could continue lending money to small businesses with a clean bill. We could fund cancer research with a clean bill.

But instead of putting an end to the government shutdown by passing the funding bill that the Senate has already agreed to, Republican leaders in the House are offering bills to open individual agencies and programs instead of the entire government. Make no mistake, that is not an honest attempt to open the government. These cherry-picked funding bills serve only to give political cover to the very people who caused the government shutdown.

As former Republican Presidential candidate and Senator Bob Dole said, along with my dear colleague, JOHN DINGELL:

Piecemeal or partial spending plans do not adequately ensure that our veterans—and, indeed, all Americans—have access to the system of self-government established to serve and protect them.

Former Republican Senator Judd Greg, who was chairman of the Senate Budget Committee, said:

A small group of Republican legislators led by the junior Senator from Texas decided to take as hostages government operations and the raising of the debt ceiling. The price of release was to be the death of ObamaCare. This approach never had a snowball's chance in Texas of succeeding.

However, here we are still shut down 10 days after the start of the new fiscal year; and, instead of voting on legislation that if brought to the floor would pass and open the government, what are we voting on? The same little, tiny piecemeal appropriations designed for messaging and attack ads that we have been voting on all week. It is Washington politics at its worst.

It has been 10 days of this sort of chicanery, and it is time to give it up. Let's stop the gamesmanship; turn the lights back on; reopen the government; and address the actual critical problems addressing the country.

We need more jobs. We need to find ways to grow the economy, make education more affordable, and invest in our decaying infrastructure. All of these are problems that our constituents sent us here to deal with, and they are what they expect us to work on.

That is probably why, yesterday, when Gallup released polling on what Americans believe is the most important problem facing our country, it should come as no surprise to find that, for the first time in history, they picked dysfunctional government. It has always been either the economy, unemployment, or jobs that were the most pressing problems. In yesterday's poll, though, it was us. I can't say that I am surprised, because I agree with them. We need to fix this, and that starts by doing the basics like funding the government and raising the debt ceiling.

I will end with one final quote from my former Republican colleague, Senator Gregg. He said:

People who have no interest in governing cannot be allowed to be the dominant voices in a major party.

I thank you for your support, and I hope you will support this critical motion.

I yield back the balance of my time.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. CARTER. Mr. Speaker, I make a point of order that the instructions contained in the motion violate clause 7 of rule XVI, which requires that the amendment be germane to the bill under consideration.

As I am sure you are aware, the Chair has ruled on October 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, and 9 of 2013, the instructions contain a special order of business within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Rules, and therefore, the amendment is not germane to the underlying bill.

Mr. Speaker, I insist on my point of order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Does the gentlewoman from New Hampshire wish to be heard on the point of order?

Ms. SHEA-PORTER. Mr. Speaker, I wish to be heard on the point of order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from New Hampshire is recognized on the point of order.

Ms. SHEA-PORTER. Mr. Speaker, doesn't the bill before us set up a commission to examine deficit reduction?

My motion to recommit would open up the entire Federal Government so that our taxpayers can receive the benefits they have already paid for, to recommit deals with government expenditures. And right now we are running a deficit. So isn't the amount the government is spending a relevant topic to the deficit reduction?

We have voted to pay workers furloughed during a shutdown. I supported that bill. But what sense does it make to have workers paid to sit at home and not be able to do their jobs? What kind of a strange House is this that would force this situation on our Federal workers?

Mr. Speaker, if you rule this motion out of order, does this not mean that

we will not have a chance to keep the entire Federal Government open today? Can the Chair please explain why we can't keep the entire Federal Government open today?

□ 1345

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair is prepared to rule.

The gentleman from Texas makes a point of order that the instructions proposed in the motion to recommit offered by the gentlewoman from New Hampshire are not germane.

The joint resolution extends funding relating to the Department of Homeland Security. The instructions in the motion propose an order of business of the House.

As the Chair most recently ruled on October 9, 2013, a motion to recommit proposing an order of business of the House is not germane to a measure providing for the appropriation of funds because such motion addresses a matter within the jurisdiction of a committee not represented in the underlying measure.

Therefore, the instructions propose a non-germane amendment. The point of order is sustained.

Ms. SHEA-PORTER. Mr. Speaker, I appeal the ruling of the Chair.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is, Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the House?

Mr. CARTER. Mr. Speaker, I move to lay the appeal on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to table.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. SHEA-PORTER. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, this 15-minute vote on the motion to table will be followed by a 5-minute vote on passage of the joint resolution, if arising without further proceedings in recommital.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 226, nays 196, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 539]

YEAS—226

Aderholt	Calvert	Denham
Amash	Camp	Dent
Amodei	Campbell	DeSantis
Bachmann	Cantor	DesJarlais
Bachus	Capito	Diaz-Balart
Barletta	Carter	Duffy
Barr	Cassidy	Duncan (SC)
Barton	Chabot	Duncan (TN)
Benishek	Chaffetz	Eilmers
Bentivolio	Coble	Farenthold
Bilirakis	Coffman	Fincher
Bishop (UT)	Cole	Fitzpatrick
Black	Collins (GA)	Fleischmann
Blackburn	Collins (NY)	Fleming
Boustany	Conaway	Flores
Brady (TX)	Cook	Forbes
Bridenstine	Cotton	Fortenberry
Brooks (AL)	Cramer	Fox
Brooks (IN)	Crawford	Franks (AZ)
Broun (GA)	Crenshaw	Frelinghuysen
Buchanan	Culberson	Gardner
Bucshon	Daines	Garrett
Burgess	Davis, Rodney	Gerlach

Gibbs Marino Roskam Neal Ruiz Swalwell (CA) Graves (MO) McHenry Royce  
 Gibson Massie Ross Negrete McLeod Ruppertsberger Takano Griffin (AR) McIntyre Ruiz  
 Gingrey (GA) McCarthy (CA) Rothfus Nolan Ryan (OH) Thompson (CA) Griffith (VA) McKeon Runyan  
 Gohmert McCaul Royce O'Rourke Sanchez, Linda Thompson (MS) Guthrie McKinley Ryan (WI)  
 Goodlatte McClintock Owens T. Sanchez, Loretta Tierney Hall McMorris Salmon  
 Gosar McHenry Ryan (WI) Pallone Sanchez, Loretta Titus Hanna Rodgers Sanford  
 Gowdy McKeon Pascrell Sarbanes Tonko Harper Meadows Scalise  
 Granger McKinley Pastor (AZ) Schakowsky Tsongas Harris Meehan Schneider  
 Graves (GA) McMorris Payne Schiff Van Hollen Hartzler Messer Schock  
 Graves (MO) Rodgers Pelosi Schneider Vargas Hastings (WA) Mica Schweikert  
 Griffin (AR) Meadows Perlmutter Schrader Veasey Heck (NV) Miller (FL) Scott, Austin  
 Griffith (VA) Meehan Peters (CA) Schwartz Vela Hensarling Miller (MI) Miller (MI)  
 Guthrie Messer Scott, Austin Peters (MI) Scott (VA) Velázquez Holding Miller, Gary  
 Hall Mica Sensenbrenner Peterson Scott, David Velázquez Hudson Mullin  
 Hanna Miller (FL) Sessions Pingree (ME) Serrano Scott, David Walz Huelskamp Mulvaney  
 Harper Miller (MI) Shimkus Pocan Sewell (AL) Walz Wasserman Huizenga (MI) Murphy (FL)  
 Harris Miller, Gary Shuster Polis Shea-Porter Schultz Hultgren Murphy (PA) Neugebauer  
 Hartzler Mullin Simpson Smith (MO) Price (NC) Sherman Waters Hunter Neugebauer  
 Hastings (WA) Mulvaney Quigley Sinema Watt Hurt Noem Smith (MO)  
 Heck (NV) Murphy (PA) Smith (NE) Rahall Sires Waxman Issa Nugent Smith (NE)  
 Hensarling Neugebauer Smith (TX) Rangel Slaughter Welch Jenkins Nunes Smith (NJ)  
 Holding Neom Stewart Southernland Richmond Smith (WA) Wilson (FL) Johnson (OH) Nunnelee  
 Hudson Nugent Stewarts Roybal-Allard Speier Yarmuth Johnson, Sam Olson  
 Huelskamp Nunes Stivers Stivers Jones Palazzio Paulsen  
 Huizenga (MI) Nunnelee Stockman Stutzman Terry Pearce  
 Hultgren Olson Stockman Stutzman Terry Pearce  
 Hunter Palazzio Terry Thompson (PA) Thornberry  
 Hurt Paulsen Thornberry  
 Issa Pearce  
 Jenkins Perry  
 Johnson (OH) Petri  
 Johnson, Sam Pittenger  
 Jones Pitts  
 Jordan Poe (TX)  
 Joyce Pompeo  
 Kelly (PA) Posey  
 King (IA) Price (GA)  
 King (NY) Radel  
 Kingston Reed  
 Kinzinger (IL) Reichert  
 Kline Renacci  
 Labrador Ribble  
 LaMalfa Rice (SC)  
 Lamborn Rigell  
 Lance Roby  
 Lankford Roe (TN)  
 Latham Rogers (AL)  
 Latta Rogers (KY)  
 LoBiondo Rogers (MI)  
 Long Rohrabacher  
 Lucas Rokita  
 Luetkemeyer Rooney  
 Marchant Ros-Lehtinen

Grimm Higgins Rush  
 Hastings (FL) Lummis Smith (NJ)  
 Herrera Beutler McCarthy (NY) Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—9

Grimm Higgins Rush  
 Hastings (FL) Lummis Smith (NJ)  
 Herrera Beutler McCarthy (NY) Young (FL)

□ 1410

Mr. CONYERS and Ms. BASS changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

So the motion to table was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:  
 Mr. LUMMIS. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 539, I was detained in a hearing and missed rollcall 539. Had I been present, I would have voted “aye.”

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the joint resolution.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. PRICE of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered. The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 249, nays 175, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 540]

YEAS—249

Andrews Delaney Keating  
 Barber DeLauro Kelly (IL)  
 Barrow (GA) DeBene Kennedy  
 Bass Deutch Kildee  
 Beatty Dingell Kilmer  
 Becerra Doggett Kind  
 Bera (CA) Doyle Kirkpatrick  
 Bishop (GA) Duckworth Kuster  
 Bishop (NY) Edwards Langevin  
 Blumenauer Ellison Larsen (WA)  
 Bonamici Engel Larson (CT)  
 Brady (PA) Enyart Lee (CA)  
 Braley (IA) Eshoo Levin  
 Brown (FL) Esty Lewis  
 Brownley (CA) Farr Lipinski  
 Bustos Fattah Loeb sack  
 Butterfield Foster Lofgren  
 Capps Frankel (FL) Lowenthal  
 Capuano Fudge Lowey  
 Cárdenas Gabbard Lujan Grisham  
 Carney Gallego (NM)  
 Carson (IN) Garamendi Luján, Ben Ray  
 Cartwright Garcia (NM)  
 Castor (FL) Grayson Lynch  
 Castro (TX) Green, Al Maffei  
 Chu Green, Gene Maloney,  
 Cicilline Grijalva Carolyn  
 Clarke Gutiérrez Maloney, Sean  
 Clay Hahn Matheson  
 Cleaver Hanabusa Matsui  
 Clyburn Heck (WA) McCollum  
 Cohen Himes McDermott  
 Connolly Hinojosa McGovern  
 Conyers Holt McIntyre  
 Cooper Honda McNerney  
 Costa Horsford Meeks  
 Courtney Hoyer Meng  
 Crowley Huffman Michaud  
 Cuellar Israel Miller, George  
 Cummings Jackson Lee Moore  
 Davis (CA) Jeffries Moran  
 Davis, Danny Johnson (GA) Murphy (FL)  
 DeFazio Johnson, E. B. Nadler  
 DeGette Kaptur Napolitano

Aderholt Camp Duncan (SC)  
 Amash Campbell Duncan (TN)  
 Amodei Cantor Ellmers  
 Bachmann Capito Farenthold  
 Bachus Carter Fincher  
 Barber Cassidy Fitzpatrick  
 Barletta Chabot Fleischmann  
 Barr Chaffetz Fleming  
 Barrow (GA) Coble Flores  
 Barton Coffman Forbes  
 Benishek Cole Fortenberry  
 Bentivolio Collins (GA) Foster  
 Bera (CA) Collins (NY) Foxx  
 Bilirakis Conaway Franks (AZ)  
 Bishop (UT) Cook Frelinghuysen  
 Black Cotton Gallego  
 Blackburn Cramer Garcia  
 Boustany Crawford Gardner  
 Brady (TX) Crenshaw Garrett  
 Braley (IA) Culbertson Gerlach  
 Bridenstine Daines Gibbs  
 Brooks (AL) Davis, Rodney Gibson  
 Brooks (IN) DelBene Gingrey (GA)  
 Broun (GA) Denham Gohmert  
 Buchanan Dent Goodlatte  
 Bucshon DeSantis Gosar  
 Burgess DesJarlais Gowdy  
 Bustos Diaz-Balart Granger  
 Calvert Duffy Graves (GA)

McHenry Griffin (AR) McIntyre  
 McKeon Griffith (VA) McKeon  
 McKinley Guthrie  
 McMorris Hall  
 Rodgers Hanna  
 Meadows Harper  
 Meehan Harris  
 Messer Hartzler  
 Miller (FL) Hastings (WA)  
 Miller (MI) Heck (NV)  
 Miller, Gary Hensarling  
 Mullin Holding  
 Mulvaney Hudson  
 Murphy (FL) Huelskamp  
 Murphy (PA) Huizenga (MI)  
 Neugebauer Hultgren  
 Smith (MO) Hunter  
 Smith (NE) Hurt  
 Smith (NJ) Issa  
 Smith (TX) Jenkins  
 Southerland Johnson (OH)  
 Stewart Johnson, Sam  
 Stivers Jones  
 Stockman Jordan  
 Stutzman Joyce  
 Terry Kelly (PA)  
 Thornberry King (IA)  
 Tiberi King (NY)  
 Tipton Kingston  
 Turner Kinzinger (IL)  
 Upton Kline  
 Valadao Labrador  
 Wagner LaMalfa  
 Walberg Lamborn  
 Walden Lance  
 Walorski Lankford  
 Weber (TX) Latham  
 Webster (FL) Reed  
 Wenstrup Latta  
 Westmoreland Lipinski  
 Whitfield LoBiondo  
 Williams Loeb sack  
 Wilson (SC) Long  
 Wittman Roby  
 Wolf Roe (TN)  
 Woodall Rogers (AL)  
 Yoder Rogers (KY)  
 Yoho Rogers (MI)  
 Young (AK) Rohrabacher  
 Young (IN) Rokita  
 Ros-Lehtinen Rooney  
 Ross Ros-Lehtinen  
 Rothfus Roskam  
 Royce Young (AK)  
 Ruiz Young (IN)

NAYS—175

Andrews Dingell Kind  
 Bass Doggett Kirkpatrick  
 Beatty Doyle Kuster  
 Becerra Duckworth Langevin  
 Bishop (GA) Edwards Larsen (WA)  
 Bishop (NY) Ellison Larson (CT)  
 Blumenauer Engel Lee (CA)  
 Bonamici Enyart Levin  
 Brady (PA) Eshoo Lewis  
 Brown (FL) Esty Lofgren  
 Brownley (CA) Farr Lowenthal  
 Butterfield Fattah Lowey  
 Capps Frankel (FL) Lujan Grisham  
 Capuano Capuano Fudge  
 Cárdenas Gabbard Luján, Ben Ray  
 Carney Garamendi (NM)  
 Carson (IN) Grayson Maffei  
 Cartwright Green, Al Maloney,  
 Castor (FL) Green, Gene Carolyn  
 Castro (TX) Grijalva Matsui  
 Chu Gutiérrez McCollum  
 Cicilline Hahn McDermott  
 Clarke Hanabusa McGovern  
 Clay Hinojosa Heck (WA) McNerney  
 Cleaver Holt Himes Meeks  
 Cohen Honda Meng  
 Connolly Conyers Miller, George  
 Cooper Horsford Moore  
 Costa Hoyer Moran  
 Courtney Hoyer Nadler  
 Crowley Huffman Israel  
 Cuellar Jackson Lee Napolitano  
 Cummings Jeffries Neal  
 Davis (CA) Johnson (GA) Negrete McLeod  
 Davis, Danny Johnson, E. B. Nolan  
 DeFazio Kaptur Owens  
 DeGette Keating Pallone  
 Deutch Kelly (IL) Pascrell  
 Kildee Kennedy  
 Kildee Kildee Pastor (AZ)  
 Kilmer Pelosi

Perlmutter	Schiff	Titus
Peterson	Schrader	Tonko
Pingree (ME)	Schwartz	Tsongas
Pocan	Scott (VA)	Van Hollen
Polis	Scott, David	Vargas
Price (NC)	Serrano	Veasey
Quigley	Sewell (AL)	Vela
Rahall	Shea-Porter	Velázquez
Rangel	Sherman	Visclosky
Richmond	Sires	Walz
Roybal-Allard	Slaughter	Wasserman
Ruppersberger	Smith (WA)	Schultz
Ryan (OH)	Speier	Waters
Sánchez, Linda	Swalwell (CA)	Watt
T.	Takano	Waxman
Sanchez, Loretta	Thompson (CA)	Welch
Sarbanes	Thompson (MS)	Wilson (FL)
Schakowsky	Tierney	Yarmuth

## NOT VOTING—7

Grimm	Higgins	Young (FL)
Hastings (FL)	McCarthy (NY)	
Herrera Beutler	Rush	

□ 1418

So the joint resolution was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## REMEMBERING ROD GRAMS

(Mrs. BACHMANN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. BACHMANN. Mr. Speaker, I come to the podium today in recognition of the passing of my predecessor and one of the Members of this body. Joining me at the podium are two members of the Minnesota delegation. Representative ERIK PAULSEN of Minnesota's Third Congressional District was a longtime friend of former United States House of Representatives Member and Senator, Rod Grams. Also joining me at the podium is United States Representative RICK NOLAN of Minnesota's Seventh Congressional District, which was also part of the territory represented by former Representative Rod Grams.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a former Member of both this House and the United States Senate from the State of Minnesota, Representative and Senator Rod Grams. Rod peacefully passed away late Tuesday evening after a lengthy battle with cancer. He was only 65 years old.

Rod Grams was a very humble man of principle. He grew up on a family farm in Crown, in eastern Minnesota, where he received his "eternal crown." It was the same farm that his father grew up on. It is the farm where Rod acquired his diligent, hardworking, Minnesota-grown work ethic.

Rod Grams worked in broadcasting for nearly 25 years in Minnesota. He earned a reputation as a positive communicator who understood how to speak with his fellow Minnesotans. He then built his own business and realized the happiness and challenges of creating jobs and making a go of his American Dream.

Rod lived life to the fullest, and he showed others how to do the same. He successfully navigated the real world, which shaped his views before serving

as Minnesota's Sixth Congressional District Representative and then the entire State of Minnesota in the United States Senate.

Rod Grams was dedicated to maintaining personal liberty and doing everything within his power to protect Americans against the constantly growing size and scope of the Federal Government's intrusion into the lives of real Americans that he represented at this great Capitol. With his keen eye and long-term vision, Minnesotans had a dedicated advocate here in the Halls of the United States Congress.

It was an honor for me and my husband, Marcus, to know Rod Grams for decades. He was a leader, an example, but, more importantly, he was my friend. My heart goes out to his wife, Christine, to his four beautiful children, and to the light of his life, his grandchildren.

While Rod Grams will be greatly missed here in this body, we take comfort in the fact that he contributed so much by way of his service to the great State of Minnesota and to our country. We all benefit from Rod Grams's monumental legacy.

Mr. Speaker, I ask now that the House of Representatives observe a moment of silence to honor the incredible life of former United States Senator Rod Grams.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. RADEL). Will all Members please rise.

## REMEMBERING ROD GRAMS

(Mr. PAULSEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. PAULSEN. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank my colleague from Minnesota for organizing this delegation, along with Congressman KLINE, who has joined us as well, and acknowledge the passing and remember a wonderful servant from Minnesota, Congressman and U.S. Senator Rod Grams, who lost a very courageous battle to cancer recently. He passed away peacefully with his wife, Christine, by his side.

I actually got to know Rod Grams first. Our families went to church together. I was just a young student, but I always remembered Rod Grams not only as a successful small businessman, but someone who was a famous anchorman on Channel 9 KMSP. That is where he got his start in politics. He left the news and actually ran for Congress back in 1992 and then the United States Senate in 1994.

The one thing I will always remember about Rod Grams is that he always maintained his small-town, rural Minnesota values. He embodied those values. He shared those values. He always lived them to the fullest, and we remember his service to our State.

## REMEMBERING ROD GRAMS

(Mr. KLINE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KLINE. Mr. Speaker, I thank my colleagues for being down here to remember somebody who was, in many ways, bigger than life: big, tall Rod Grams.

He wanted to do something for his State and his country, and he did. He came to the House of Representatives to serve one term. While he was here in his freshman term, he ran for the United States Senate and won.

Rod had a lot of things he worked on, but one of them was the child tax credit. It was a long, tough slog that he brought all the way across the finish line, and that is just who Rod was. He didn't quit. He knew what he was about. He was an independent thinker. He was unafraid to take a stand and speak up for his State and his country.

We will miss him.

□ 1430

## REMEMBERING ROD GRAMS

(Mr. NOLAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. NOLAN. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, I am proud to say that Rod was a constituent of mine in the last years of his life, running a small town radio station at which he did just a wonderfully good job.

He was always so thoughtful and so dedicated to public service and so highly regarded by all who knew him. He was a wonderful public servant. He contributed much to the well-being of Minnesota and to this Nation and to the civility of this Chamber, itself. His contributions are enormous, and his presence will be forever apparent here, and we will miss him greatly.

We extend our deepest, heartfelt sympathies to the family and to all of those who had the good fortune to know and work with Rod Grams.

## REMEMBERING ROD GRAMS

(Mr. ELLISON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. ELLISON. Mr. Speaker, I join my colleagues here to simply pay great tribute and honor to a dedicated public servant—a person who loved his country, who put it all on the line for the betterment of his neighbors and fellow Americans. Rod Grams is a proud son of Minnesota, and he will be deeply missed.

## YERTLE THE TURTLE

(Ms. FRANKEL of Florida asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. FRANKEL of Florida. Mr. Speaker, as we enter day 10 of this reckless and irresponsible government shut-down, I once again turn to Dr. Seuss, the well-known author, best known for being able to communicate well to children.