114TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 4481

## **AN ACT**

- To amend the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to provide assistance for developing countries to promote quality basic education and to establish the goal of all children in school and learning as an objective of the United States foreign assistance policy, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Education for All Act of 2016".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Sense of Congress.
  - Sec. 3. Assistance to promote sustainable, quality basic education.
  - Sec. 4. Comprehensive integrated United States strategy to promote basic education.
  - Sec. 5. Improving coordination and oversight.
  - Sec. 6. Monitoring and evaluation of programs.
  - Sec. 7. Transparency and reporting to Congress.
  - Sec. 8. Definitions.

### 6 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 7 It is the sense of Congress that—
- 8 (1) education lays the foundation for increased
- 9 civic participation, democratic governance, sustained
- 10 economic growth, and healthier, more stable soci-
- 11 eties;
- 12 (2) it is in the national interest of the United
- 13 States to promote access to sustainable, quality uni-
- versal basic education in developing countries;
- 15 (3) United States resources and leadership
- should be utilized in a manner that best ensures a
- 17 successful international effort to provide children in
- developing countries with a quality basic education
- in order to achieve the goal of quality universal basic
- 20 education; and

1	(4) promoting gender parity in basic education
2	from childhood through adolescence serves United
3	States diplomatic, economic, and security interests
4	worldwide.
5	SEC. 3. ASSISTANCE TO PROMOTE SUSTAINABLE, QUALITY
6	BASIC EDUCATION.
7	Section 105 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
8	(22 U.S.C. 2151c) is amended by adding at the end the
9	following:
10	"(c) Assistance to Promote Sustainable, Qual-
11	ITY BASIC EDUCATION.—
12	"(1) Policy.—In carrying out this section, it
13	shall be the policy of the United States to work with
14	partner countries, other donors, multilateral institu-
15	tions, the private sector, and nongovernmental and
16	civil society organizations, including faith-based or-
17	ganizations and organizations that represent teach-
18	ers, students, and parents, to promote sustainable,
19	quality basic education through programs and activi-
20	ties that, consistent with Article 26 of the Universal
21	Declaration of Human Rights—
22	"(A) align with and respond to the needs,
23	capacities, and commitment of developing coun-
24	tries to strengthen educational systems, expand
25	access to safe learning environments, ensure

1	continuity of education, measurably improve
2	teacher skills and learning outcomes, and sup-
3	port the engagement of parents in the edu-
4	cation of their children, so that all children, in-
5	cluding marginalized children and other vulner-
6	able groups, may have access to and benefit
7	from quality basic education; and
8	"(B) promote education as a foundation
9	for sustained economic growth and development
10	within a holistic assistance strategy that places
11	partner countries on a trajectory toward grad-
12	uation from assistance provided under this sec-
13	tion and contributes to improved—
14	"(i) early childhood development;
15	"(ii) life skills and workforce develop-
16	ment;
17	"(iii) economic opportunity;
18	"(iv) gender parity;
19	"(v) food and nutrition security;
20	"(vi) water, sanitation, and hygiene;
21	"(vii) health and disease prevention
22	and treatment;
23	"(viii) disaster preparedness;
24	"(ix) conflict and violence reduction,
25	mitigation, and prevention; and

1	"(x) democracy and governance; and
2	"(C) monitor and evaluate the effectiveness
3	and quality of basic education programs.
4	"(2) Principles.—In carrying out the policy
5	referred to in paragraph (1), the United States shall
6	be guided by the following principles of aid effective-
7	ness:
8	"(A) Alignment.—Assistance provided
9	under this section to support programs and ac-
10	tivities under this subsection shall be aligned
11	with and advance United States diplomatic, de-
12	velopment, and national security interests.
13	"(B) COUNTRY OWNERSHIP.—To the
14	greatest extent practicable, assistance provided
15	under this section to support programs and ac-
16	tivities under this subsection should be aligned
17	with and support the national education plans
18	and country development strategies of partner
19	countries, including activities that are appro-
20	priate for and meet the needs of local and in-
21	digenous cultures.
22	"(C) COORDINATION.—
23	"(i) In general.—Assistance pro-
24	vided under this section to support pro-
25	grams and activities under this subsection

should be coordinated with and leverage the unique capabilities and resources of local and national governments in partner countries, other donors, multilateral institutions, the private sector, and nongovernmental and civil society organizations, including faith-based organizations and organizations that represent teachers, students, and parents.

"(ii) Multilateral programs and intritives.—Assistance provided under this section to support programs and activities under this subsection should be coordinated with and support proven multilateral education programs and financing mechanisms, which may include the Global Partnership for Education, that demonstrate commitment to efficiency, effectiveness, transparency, and accountability.

"(D) Efficiency.—The President shall seek to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of assistance provided under this section to support programs and activities under this subsection by coordinating the related efforts of relevant Executive branch agencies and offi-

cials, including efforts to increase gender parity and to provide a continuity of basic education activities in humanitarian responses and other emergency settings.

- "(E) Effectiveness.—Programs and activities supported under this subsection shall be designed to achieve specific, measurable goals and objectives and shall include appropriate targets, metrics and indicators that can be applied with reasonable consistency across such programs and activities to measure progress and outcomes.
- "(F) Transparency and account-Ability.—Programs and activities supported under this subsection shall be subject to rigorous monitoring and evaluation, which may include impact evaluations, the results of which shall be made publically available in a fully searchable, electronic format.
- "(3) Priority and other requirements.—
  The President shall ensure that assistance provided under this section to support programs and activities under this subsection is aligned with the diplomatic, economic, and national security interests of the

1	United States and that priority is given to devel-
2	oping countries in which—
3	"(A) there is the greatest need and oppor-
4	tunity to expand access to basic education and
5	to improve learning outcomes, including for
6	marginalized and vulnerable groups, particu-
7	larly women and girls, or populations affected
8	by conflict or crisis; and
9	"(B) such assistance can produce a sub-
10	stantial, measurable impact on children and
11	educational systems.
12	"(4) Definitions.—In this subsection:
13	"(A) Basic education.—The term 'basic
14	education' includes—
15	"(i) all program and policy efforts
16	aimed at improving early childhood,
17	preprimary education, primary education,
18	and secondary education, which can be de-
19	livered in formal and nonformal education
20	settings, and in programs promoting learn-
21	ing for out-of-school youth and adults;
22	"(ii) capacity building for teachers,
23	administrators, counselors, and youth
24	workers;

1 "(iii) literacy, numeracy, and	other
2 basic skills development that prep	are an
3 individual to be an active, productive	e mem-
4 ber of society and the workforce; and	ł
5 "(iv) workforce development,	voca-
6 tional training, and digital literacy	that is
7 informed by real market needs and	oppor-
8 tunities.	
9 "(B) PARTNER COUNTRY.—The	term
'partner country' means a developing of	ountry
that participates in or benefits from bas	ic edu-
cation programs under this subsection pu	ırsuant
to the prioritization criteria described in	ı para-
graph (3), including level of need, oppo	rtunity
for impact, and the availability of resource	es.
16 "(C) Relevant executive b	RANCH
17 AGENCIES AND OFFICIALS.—The term 'r	elevant
Executive branch agencies and or	fficials'
19 means—	
20 "(i) the Department of Stat	te, the
United States Agency for Intern	ational
Development, the Department of	of the
Treasury, the Department of Laboratory	or, the
Department of Education, the Depa	rtment
of Health and Human Services th	ha Da-

1	partment of Agriculture, and the Depart-
2	ment of Defense;
3	"(ii) the Chief Executive Officer of
4	the Millennium Challenge Corporation, the
5	Coordinator of United States Government
6	Activities to Combat HIV/AIDS Globally,
7	the National Security Advisor, the Director
8	of the Peace Corps, and the National Eco-
9	nomic Advisor; and
10	"(iii) any other department, agency,
11	or official of the United States Govern-
12	ment that participates in activities to pro-
13	mote quality basic education pursuant to
14	the authorities of such department, agency,
15	or official or pursuant to this Act.
16	"(D) NATIONAL EDUCATION PLAN.—The
17	term 'national education plan' means a com-
18	prehensive national education plan developed by
19	partner country governments in consultation
20	with other stakeholders as a means for wide-
21	scale improvement of the country's education
22	system, including explicit, credible strategies in-
23	formed by effective practices and standards to
24	achieve quality universal basic education.

1	"(E) HIV/AIDS.—The term 'HIV/AIDS'
2	has the meaning given that term in section
3	104A(h).
4	"(F) MARGINALIZED CHILDREN AND VUL-
5	NERABLE GROUPS.—The term 'marginalized
6	children and vulnerable groups' includes girls,
7	children affected by or emerging from armed
8	conflict or humanitarian crises, children with
9	disabilities, children in remote or rural areas
10	(including those who lack access to safe water
11	and sanitation), religious or ethnic minorities,
12	indigenous peoples, orphans and children af-
13	fected by HIV/AIDS, child laborers, married
14	adolescents, and victims of trafficking.
15	"(G) GENDER PARITY IN BASIC EDU-
16	CATION.—The term 'gender parity in basic edu-
17	cation' means that girls and boys have equal ac-
18	cess to quality basic education.
19	"(H) Nonformal education.—The term
20	'nonformal education'—
21	"(i) means organized educational ac-
22	tivities outside the established formal sys-
23	tem, whether operating separately or as an
24	important feature of a broader activity,
25	that are intended to serve identifiable

1	learning clienteles and learning objectives;
2	and
3	"(ii) includes youth programs and
4	community training offered by community
5	groups and organizations.
6	"(I) Sustainability.—The term 'sustain-
7	ability' means, with respect to any basic edu-
8	cation program that receives funding pursuant
9	to this section, the ability of a service delivery
10	system, community, partner, or beneficiary to
11	maintain, over time, such basic education pro-
12	gram.''.
13	SEC. 4. COMPREHENSIVE INTEGRATED UNITED STATES
	SEC. 4. COMPREHENSIVE INTEGRATED UNITED STATES STRATEGY TO PROMOTE BASIC EDUCATION.
13 14 15	
14	STRATEGY TO PROMOTE BASIC EDUCATION.
14 15 16	STRATEGY TO PROMOTE BASIC EDUCATION.  (a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than October
14 15 16 17	STRATEGY TO PROMOTE BASIC EDUCATION.  (a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than October 1, 2016, October 1, 2021, and October 1, 2026, the Presi-
14 15 16 17	strategy to promote basic education.  (a) Strategy Required.—Not later than October 1, 2016, October 1, 2021, and October 1, 2026, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
14 15 16 17	strategy to promote basic education.  (a) Strategy Required.—Not later than October 1, 2016, October 1, 2021, and October 1, 2026, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a comprehensive United States strategy to pro-
14 15 16 17 18	strategy to promote basic education.  (a) Strategy Required.—Not later than October 1, 2016, October 1, 2021, and October 1, 2026, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a comprehensive United States strategy to promote quality basic education in partner countries by—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	strategy to promote basic education.  (a) Strategy Required.—Not later than October 1, 2016, October 1, 2021, and October 1, 2026, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a comprehensive United States strategy to promote quality basic education in partner countries by—  (1) seeking to equitably expand access to basic
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	strategy to promote basic education.  (a) Strategy Required.—Not later than October 1, 2016, October 1, 2021, and October 1, 2026, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a comprehensive United States strategy to promote quality basic education in partner countries by—  (1) seeking to equitably expand access to basic education for all children, particularly marginalized

- 1 (b) REQUIREMENT TO CONSULT.—In developing the
- 2 strategy required by subsection (a), the President shall
- 3 consult with—
- 4 (1) the appropriate congressional committees;
- 5 (2) relevant Executive branch agencies and offi-6 cials:
- 7 (3) partner country governments; and
- 8 (4) local and international nongovernmental or-
- 9 ganizations, including faith-based organizations and
- organizations representing students, teachers, and
- parents, and other development partners engaged in
- basic education assistance programs in developing
- countries.
- (c) Public Comment.—The President shall provide
- 15 an opportunity for public comment on the strategy re-
- 16 quired by subsection (a).
- 17 (d) Initial Strategy.—For the purposes of this
- 18 section, the strategy entitled "USAID education strat-
- 19 egy", as in effect on the day before the date of the enact-
- 20 ment of this Act, shall be deemed to fulfill the initial re-
- 21 quirements of subsection (a) for 2016.
- 22 (e) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection
- 23 (a) shall be developed and implemented consistent with the
- 24 principles set forth in subsection (c) of section 105 of the

- 1 Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (as added by section 3
- 2 of this Act) and shall seek to—
- 3 (1) build the capacity of relevant actors in part-
- 4 ner countries, including in government and in civil
- 5 society, to develop and implement national education
- 6 plans that are aligned with and advance country de-
- 7 velopment strategies;
- 8 (2) identify and replicate successful interven-
- 9 tions that improve access to and quality of edu-
- 10 cation;
- 11 (3) project general levels of resources needed to
- 12 achieve stated program objectives;
- 13 (4) leverage United States capabilities, includ-
- ing through technical assistance, training and re-
- search; and
- 16 (5) improve coordination and reduce duplication
- among relevant Executive branch agencies and offi-
- cials, other donors, multilateral institutions, non-
- 19 governmental organizations, and governments in
- partner countries.
- 21 (f) Activities Supported.—Assistance provided
- 22 under section 105 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
- 23 (as amended by section 3 of this Act) should advance the
- 24 strategy required by subsection (a), including through ef-
- 25 forts to—

- 1 (1) ensure an adequate supply and continued 2 support for trained, effective teachers;
  - (2) design and deliver relevant curricula, uphold quality standards, and supply appropriate teaching and learning materials;
  - (3) build the capacity of basic education systems in partner countries by improving management practices and supporting their ability to collect relevant data and monitor, evaluate, and report on the status and quality of education services, financing, and student-learning outcomes;
  - (4) help mobilize domestic resources to eliminate or offset fees for educational services, including fees for tuition, uniforms, and materials;
  - (5) support education on human rights and conflict-resolution while ensuring that schools are not incubators for violent extremism;
  - (6) work with communities to help girls overcome relevant barriers to their receiving a safe, quality basic education, including by improving girls' safety in education settings, helping girls to obtain the skills needed to find safe and legal employment upon conclusion of their education, and countering harmful practices such as child, early, and forced marriage and gender-based violence;

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- 1 (7) ensure access to education for the most 2 marginalized children and vulnerable groups, includ-3 ing through the provision of appropriate infrastruc-4 ture, flexible learning opportunities, accelerated and 5 second-chance classes, and opportunities that sup-6 port leadership development;
  - (8) make schools safe and secure learning environments without threat of physical, psychological, and sexual violence, including by supporting safe passage to and from schools and constructing separate latrines for boys and girls; and
  - (9) support a communities-of-learning approach that utilizes schools as centers of learning and development for an entire community, to leverage and maximize the impact of other development efforts, and reduce duplication and waste.
- 17 (g) Additional Activities Supported for Coun18 Tries Affected by Conflict and Crises.—In addi19 tion to the activities supported under subsection (f), as20 sistance provided under section 105 of the Foreign Assist21 ance Act of 1961 (as amended by section 3 of this Act)
  22 to foreign countries or those parts of the territories of for23 eign countries that are affected by or emerging from
  24 armed conflict, humanitarian crises, or other emergency

situations may be used to support efforts to—

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1	(1) ensure a continuity of basic education for
2	all children through appropriate formal and non-
3	formal education programs and services;
4	(2) ensure that basic education assistance of
5	the United States to countries in emergency settings
6	shall be informed by the Minimum Standards of the
7	Inter-Agency Network for Education in Emergencies
8	("INEE Minimum Standards");
9	(3) coordinate basic education programs with
10	complementary services to protect children from
11	physical harm, psychological and social distress, re-
12	cruitment into armed groups, family separation, and
13	abuses related to their displacement;

- (4) support, train, and provide professional development for educators working in emergency settings;
- (5) help build national capacity to coordinate and manage basic education during emergency response and through recovery;
- (6) promote the reintegration of teachers and students affected by conflict, whether refugees or internally displaced, into educational systems; and
- (7) ensure the safety of children in school, including through support for—

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1	(A) the provision of safe learning environ-
2	ments with appropriate facilities, especially for
3	girls;
4	(B) safe passage to and from school, in-
5	cluding landmine awareness, the designation of
6	schools as conflict-free zones, the adoption and
7	support of community-owned protective meas-
8	ures to reduce the incidence of attacks on edu-
9	cational facilities and personnel by local actors,
10	armed groups, and armed forces;
11	(C) out-of-school and flexible-hour edu-
12	cation programs in areas where security condi-
13	tions are prohibitive;
14	(D) safety plans in case of emergency with
15	clearly defined roles for school personnel; and
16	(E) appropriate infrastructure, including
17	emergency communication systems and access
18	to mobile telecommunications with local police
19	and security personnel.
20	SEC. 5. IMPROVING COORDINATION AND OVERSIGHT.
21	(a) Senior Coordinator of United States
22	INTERNATIONAL BASIC EDUCATION ASSISTANCE.—There
23	is established within the United States Agency for Inter-
24	national Development a Senior Coordinator of United
25	States International Basic Education Assistance (referred

1	to in this Act as the "Senior Coordinator"), who shall be
2	appointed by the President.
3	(b) Duties.—
4	(1) In General.—The Senior Coordinator
5	shall have primary responsibility for the oversight
6	and coordination of all resources and activities of the
7	United States Government relating to the promotion
8	of international basic education programs and activi-
9	ties.
10	(2) Specific duties.—The Senior Coordinator
11	shall—
12	(A) facilitate program and policy coordina-
13	tion of international basic education programs
14	and activities among relevant Executive branch
15	agencies and officials, partner governments
16	multilateral institutions, the private sector, and
17	nongovernmental and civil society organizations
18	(B) develop and revise the strategy re-
19	quired under section 4;
20	(C) monitor, evaluate, and report on activi-
21	ties undertaken pursuant to the strategy re-
22	quired under section 4; and
23	(D) establish due diligence criteria for al
24	recipients of funds provided by the United

1	States to carry out activities under this Act and
2	the amendments made by this Act.
3	(c) Offset.—To offset any costs incurred by the
4	United States Agency for International Development to
5	carry out the establishment and appointment of a Senior
6	Coordinator of United States International Basic Edu-
7	cation Assistance in accordance with subsection (a), the
8	President shall eliminate such positions within the United
9	States Agency for International Development, unless oth-
10	erwise authorized or required by law, as the President de-
11	termines to be necessary to fully offset such costs.
12	SEC. 6. MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF PROGRAMS.
13	The President shall seek to ensure that programs car-
14	ried out under the strategy required under section 4
15	shall—
16	(1) apply rigorous monitoring and evaluation
17	methodologies to focus on learning and account-
18	ability;
19	(2) include methodological guidance in the im-
20	plementation plan and support systemic data collec-
21	tion using internationally comparable indicators.
22	norms, and methodologies, to the extent practicable
23	and appropriate

1	(3) disaggregate all data collected and reported
2	by age, gender, marital status, disability, and loca-
3	tion, to the extent practicable and appropriate;
4	(4) be planned and budgeted to include funding
5	for both short- and long-term monitoring and eval-
6	uation to enable assessment of the sustainability and
7	scalability of assistance programs; and
8	(5) support the increased use and public avail-
9	ability of education data for improved decision mak-
10	ing, program effectiveness, and monitoring of global
11	progress.
12	SEC. 7. TRANSPARENCY AND REPORTING TO CONGRESS.
13	(a) Annual Report on the Implementation of
14	STRATEGY.—Not later than March 31 of each year
15	through 2031, the President shall submit to the appro-
16	priate congressional committees a report on the implemen-
17	tation of the strategy developed pursuant to section 4 and
18	make the report available to the public.
19	(b) Matters To Be Included.—The report re-
20	quired under subsection (a) shall include—
21	(1) a description of the efforts made by relevant
22	Executive branch agencies and officials to implement
23	the strategy developed pursuant to section 4 with a

particular focus on the activities carried out;

- 1 (2) a description of the extent to which each 2 partner country selected to receive assistance for 3 basic education meets the priority criteria specified 4 in subsection (c) of section 105 of the Foreign As-5 sistance Act (as added by section 3 of this Act); and
- 6 (3) a description of the progress achieved over 7 the reporting period toward meeting the goals, objec-8 tives, benchmarks, and timeframes specified in the 9 strategy developed pursuant to section 4 at the pro-10 gram level, as developed pursuant to monitoring and 11 evaluation specified in section 6.

### 12 SEC. 8. DEFINITIONS.

- 13 (a) Appropriate Congressional Committees.—
- 14 In this Act, the term "appropriate congressional commit-
- 15 tees" means—
- 16 (1) the Committee on Appropriations and the
- 17 Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
- 18 (2) the Committee on Appropriations and the
- 19 Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Rep-
- 20 resentatives.
- 21 (b) Other Definitions.—In this Act, the terms
- 22 "basic education", "partner country", "relevant Executive
- 23 branch agencies and officials", "national education plan",
- 24 "marginalized children and vulnerable groups", and "gen-
- 25 der parity in basic education" have the meanings given

- 1 such terms in subsection (c) of section 105 of the Foreign
- 2 Assistance Act of 1961 (as added by section 3 of this Act).

Passed the House of Representatives September 7, 2016.

Attest:

Clerk.

# 114TH CONGRESS H. R. 4481

# AN ACT

To amend the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to provide assistance for developing countries to promote quality basic education and to establish the goal of all children in school and learning as an objective of the United States foreign assistance policy, and for other purposes.