

114<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
2<sup>D</sup> SESSION

# H. R. 4979

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## AN ACT

To foster civilian research and development of advanced nuclear energy technologies and enhance the licensing and commercial deployment of such technologies.

1        *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2        *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Advanced Nuclear  
3 Technology Development Act of 2016”.

4 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

5 Congress finds the following:

6 (1) Nuclear energy generates approximately 20  
7 percent of the total electricity and approximately 60  
8 percent of the carbon-free electricity of the United  
9 States.

10 (2) Nuclear power plants operate consistently at  
11 a 90 percent capacity factor, and provide consumers  
12 and businesses with reliable and affordable elec-  
13 tricity.

14 (3) Nuclear power plants generate billions of  
15 dollars in national economic activity through nation-  
16 wide procurements and provide thousands of Ameri-  
17 cans with high paying jobs contributing substantially  
18 to the local economies in communities where they  
19 operate.

20 (4) The United States commercial nuclear in-  
21 dustry must continue to lead the international civil-  
22 ian nuclear marketplace, because it is one of our  
23 most powerful national security tools, guaranteeing  
24 the safe, secure, and exclusively peaceful use of nu-  
25 clear energy.

1           (5) Maintaining the Nation’s nuclear fleet of  
2 commercial light water reactors and expanding the  
3 use of new advanced reactor designs would support  
4 continued production of reliable baseload electricity  
5 and maintain United States global leadership in nu-  
6 clear power.

7           (6) Nuclear fusion technology also has the po-  
8 tential to generate electricity with significantly in-  
9 creased safety performance and no radioactive waste.

10           (7) The development of advanced reactor de-  
11 signs would benefit from a performance-based, risk-  
12 informed, efficient, and cost-effective regulatory  
13 framework with defined milestones and the oppor-  
14 tunity for applicants to demonstrate progress  
15 through Nuclear Regulatory Commission approval.

16 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

17 In this Act:

18           (1) **ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR.**—The term  
19 “advanced nuclear reactor” means—

20                   (A) a nuclear fission reactor with signifi-  
21 cant improvements over the most recent genera-  
22 tion of nuclear fission reactors, which may in-  
23 clude inherent safety features, lower waste  
24 yields, greater fuel utilization, superior reli-

1 ability, resistance to proliferation, and increased  
2 thermal efficiency; or

3 (B) a nuclear fusion reactor.

4 (2) DEPARTMENT.—The term “Department”  
5 means the Department of Energy.

6 (3) LICENSING.—The term “licensing” means  
7 NRC activities related to reviewing applications for  
8 licenses, permits, and design certifications, and re-  
9 quests for any other regulatory approval for nuclear  
10 reactors within the responsibilities of the NRC under  
11 the Atomic Energy Act of 1954.

12 (4) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term “Na-  
13 tional Laboratory” has the meaning given that term  
14 in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42  
15 U.S.C. 15801).

16 (5) NRC.—The term “NRC” means the Nu-  
17 clear Regulatory Commission.

18 (6) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means  
19 the Secretary of Energy.

20 **SEC. 4. AGENCY COORDINATION.**

21 The NRC and the Department shall enter into the  
22 a memorandum of understanding regarding the following  
23 topics:

24 (1) TECHNICAL EXPERTISE.—Ensuring that  
25 the Department has sufficient technical expertise to

1 support the civilian nuclear industry’s timely re-  
2 search, development, demonstration, and commercial  
3 application of safe, innovative advanced reactor tech-  
4 nology and the NRC has sufficient technical exper-  
5 tise to support the evaluation of applications for li-  
6 censes, permits, and design certifications, and other  
7 requests for regulatory approval for advanced reac-  
8 tors.

9 (2) MODELING AND SIMULATION.—The use of  
10 computers and software codes to calculate the behav-  
11 ior and performance of advanced reactors based on  
12 mathematical models of their physical behavior.

13 (3) FACILITIES.—Ensuring that the Depart-  
14 ment maintains and develops the facilities to enable  
15 the civilian nuclear industry’s timely research, devel-  
16 opment, demonstration, and commercial application  
17 of safe, innovative reactor technology and ensuring  
18 that the NRC has access to such facilities, as need-  
19 ed.

20 **SEC. 5. REPORTING TO CONGRESS.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the  
22 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consulta-  
23 tion with the National Laboratories, relevant Federal  
24 agencies, and other stakeholders, shall submit to the Com-  
25 mittee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on

1 Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Rep-  
2 resentatives and the Committee on Environment and Pub-  
3 lic Works and the Committee Energy and Natural Re-  
4 sources of the Senate a report assessing the capabilities  
5 of the Department to authorize, host, and oversee pri-  
6 vately proposed and funded experimental reactors.

7 (b) CONTENTS.—Such report shall address—

8 (1) the safety review and oversight capabilities  
9 of the Department, including options to leverage ex-  
10 pertise from the NRC and the National Labora-  
11 tories;

12 (2) options to regulate Department hosted, pri-  
13 vately proposed and funded experimental reactors;

14 (3) potential sites capable of hosting the activi-  
15 ties described in subsection (a);

16 (4) the efficacy of the available contractual  
17 mechanisms of the Department to partner with the  
18 private sector and other Federal agencies, including  
19 cooperative research and development agreements,  
20 strategic partnership projects, and agreements for  
21 commercializing technology;

22 (5) the Federal Government's liability with re-  
23 spect to the disposal of low-level radioactive waste,  
24 spent nuclear fuel, or high-level radioactive waste, as

1 defined by section 2 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act  
2 of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101);

3 (6) the impact on the Nation's aggregate inven-  
4 tory of low-level radioactive waste, spent nuclear  
5 fuel, or high-level radioactive waste;

6 (7) potential cost structures relating to physical  
7 security, decommissioning, liability, and other long-  
8 term project costs; and

9 (8) other challenges or considerations identified  
10 by the Secretary.

11 (c) UPDATES.—The Secretary shall update relevant  
12 provisions of the report submitted under subsection (a)  
13 every 2 years and submit that update to the Committee  
14 on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Science,  
15 Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives  
16 and the Committee on Environment and Public Works and  
17 the Committee Energy and Natural Resources of the Sen-  
18 ate.

19 **SEC. 6. ADVANCED REACTOR REGULATORY FRAMEWORK.**

20 (a) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 1 year after  
21 the date of enactment of this Act, the NRC shall transmit  
22 to the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Com-  
23 mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House  
24 of Representatives and the Committee on Environment  
25 and Public Works of the Senate a plan for developing an

1 efficient, risk-informed, technology-neutral framework for  
2 advanced reactor licensing. The plan shall evaluate the fol-  
3 lowing subjects, consistent with the NRC's role in pro-  
4 tecting public health and safety and common defense and  
5 security:

6           (1) The unique aspects of advanced reactor li-  
7           censing and any associated legal, regulatory, and  
8           policy issues the NRC will need to address to de-  
9           velop a framework for licensing advanced reactors.

10           (2) Options for licensing advanced reactors  
11           under existing NRC regulations in title 10 of the  
12           Code of Federal Regulations, a proposed new regu-  
13           latory framework, or a combination of these ap-  
14           proaches.

15           (3) Options to expedite and streamline the li-  
16           censing of advanced reactors, including opportunities  
17           to minimize the time from application submittal to  
18           final NRC licensing decision and minimize the  
19           delays that may result from any necessary amend-  
20           ments or supplements to applications.

21           (4) Options to expand the incorporation of con-  
22           sensus-based codes and standards into the advanced  
23           reactor regulatory framework to minimize time to  
24           completion and provide flexibility in implementation.



1           (5) Options to make the advanced reactor li-  
2           censing framework more predictable. This evaluation  
3           should consider opportunities to improve the process  
4           by which application review milestones are estab-  
5           lished and maintained.

6           (6) Options to allow applicants to use phased  
7           review processes under which the NRC issues ap-  
8           provals that do not require the NRC to re-review  
9           previously approved information. This evaluation  
10          shall consider the NRC's ability to review and condi-  
11          tionally approve partial applications, early design in-  
12          formation, and submittals that contain design cri-  
13          teria and processes to be used to develop information  
14          to support a later phase of the design review.

15          (7) The extent to which NRC action or modi-  
16          fication of policy is needed to implement any part of  
17          the plan required by this subsection.

18          (8) The role of licensing advanced reactors  
19          within NRC long-term strategic resource planning,  
20          staffing, and funding levels.

21          (9) Options to provide cost-sharing financial  
22          structures for license applicants in a phased licens-  
23          ing process.

24          (b) COORDINATION AND STAKEHOLDER INPUT RE-  
25          QUIRED.—In developing the plan required by subsection

1 (a), the NRC shall seek input from the Department, the  
2 nuclear industry, and other public stakeholders.

3 (c) **COST AND SCHEDULE ESTIMATE.**—The plan re-  
4 quired by subsection (a) shall include proposed cost esti-  
5 mates, budgets, and specific milestones for implementing  
6 the advanced reactor regulatory framework by September  
7 30, 2019.

8 (d) **DESIGN CERTIFICATION STATUS.**—In the NRC’s  
9 first budget request after the acceptance of any design cer-  
10 tification application for an advanced nuclear reactor, and  
11 annually thereafter, the NRC shall provide the status of  
12 performance metrics and milestone schedules. The budget  
13 request shall include a plan to correct or recover from any  
14 milestone schedule delays, including delays because of  
15 NRC’s inability to commit resources for its review of the  
16 design certification applications.

17 **SEC. 7. USER FEES AND ANNUAL CHARGES.**

18 Section 6101(c)(2)(A) of the Omnibus Budget Rec-  
19 onciliation Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 2214(c)(2)(A)) is  
20 amended—

21 (1) by striking “and” at the end of clause (iii);

22 (2) by striking the period at the end of clause

23 (iv) and inserting “; and”; and

24 (3) by adding at the end the following:

1                   “(v) for fiscal years ending before Oc-  
2                   tober 1, 2020, amounts appropriated to  
3                   the Commission for activities related to the  
4                   development of regulatory infrastructure  
5                   for advanced nuclear reactor tech-  
6                   nologies.”.

Passed the House of Representatives September 12,  
2016.

Attest:

*Clerk.*

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