114TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.50

### **AN ACT**

To provide for additional safeguards with respect to imposing Federal mandates, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2	This Act may be cited as the "Unfunded Mandates
3	Information and Transparency Act of 2015".
4	SEC. 2. PURPOSE.
5	The purpose of this Act is—
6	(1) to improve the quality of the deliberations
7	of Congress with respect to proposed Federal man-
8	dates by—
9	(A) providing Congress and the public with
10	more complete information about the effects of
11	such mandates; and
12	(B) ensuring that Congress acts on such
13	mandates only after focused deliberation on
14	their effects; and
14 15	<ul><li>(2) to enhance the ability of Congress and the</li></ul>
15	(2) to enhance the ability of Congress and the
15 16	(2) to enhance the ability of Congress and the public to identify Federal mandates that may impose
15 16 17	(2) to enhance the ability of Congress and the public to identify Federal mandates that may impose undue harm on consumers, workers, employers,
15 16 17 18	(2) to enhance the ability of Congress and the public to identify Federal mandates that may impose undue harm on consumers, workers, employers, small businesses, private property owners, and State,
15 16 17 18 19	(2) to enhance the ability of Congress and the public to identify Federal mandates that may impose undue harm on consumers, workers, employers, small businesses, private property owners, and State, local, and tribal governments.
15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(2) to enhance the ability of Congress and the public to identify Federal mandates that may impose undue harm on consumers, workers, employers, small businesses, private property owners, and State, local, and tribal governments.</li> <li>SEC. 3. PROVIDING FOR CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE</li> </ul>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>(2) to enhance the ability of Congress and the public to identify Federal mandates that may impose undue harm on consumers, workers, employers, small businesses, private property owners, and State, local, and tribal governments.</li> <li>SEC. 3. PROVIDING FOR CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE STUDIES ON POLICIES INVOLVING CHANGES</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(2) to enhance the ability of Congress and the public to identify Federal mandates that may impose undue harm on consumers, workers, employers, small businesses, private property owners, and State, local, and tribal governments.</li> <li>SEC. 3. PROVIDING FOR CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE STUDIES ON POLICIES INVOLVING CHANGES IN CONDITIONS OF GRANT AID.</li> </ul>

1 "(3) Additional studies.—At the request of 2 any Chairman or ranking member of the minority of 3 a Committee of the Senate or the House of Rep-4 resentatives, the Director shall conduct an assess-5 ment comparing the authorized level of funding in a 6 bill or resolution to the prospective costs of carrying 7 out any changes to a condition of Federal assistance 8 being imposed on State, local, or tribal governments 9 participating in the Federal assistance program con-10 cerned or, in the case of a bill or joint resolution 11 that authorizes such sums as are necessary, an as-12 sessment of an estimated level of funding compared 13 to such costs.". 14 SEC. 4. CLARIFYING THE DEFINITION OF DIRECT COSTS TO 15 **REFLECT CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE** 16 PRACTICE. 17 Section 421(3) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 658(3)(A)(i)) is amended— 18 (1) in subparagraph (A)(i), by inserting "incur 19 20 or" before "be required"; and

(2) in subparagraph (B), by inserting after "to
spend" the following: "or could forgo in profits, including costs passed on to consumers or other entities taking into account, to the extent practicable,
behavioral changes,".

1	SEC. 5. EXPANDING THE SCOPE OF REPORTING REQUIRE-
2	MENTS TO INCLUDE REGULATIONS IMPOSED
3	BY INDEPENDENT REGULATORY AGENCIES.
4	Paragraph (1) of section 421 of the Congressional
5	Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 658) is amended by striking
6	", but does not include independent regulatory agencies"
7	and inserting ", except it does not include the Board of
8	Governors of the Federal Reserve System or the Federal
9	Open Market Committee''.
10	SEC. 6. AMENDMENTS TO REPLACE OFFICE OF MANAGE-
11	MENT AND BUDGET WITH OFFICE OF INFOR-
12	MATION AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS.
13	The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Public
14	Law 104–4; 2 U.S.C. 1511 et seq.) is amended—
15	(1) in section 103(c) (2 U.S.C. 1511(c))—
16	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
17	"Office of Management and Budget" and
18	inserting "Office of Information and Reg-
19	ULATORY AFFAIRS"; and
20	(B) by striking "Director of the Office of
21	Management and Budget" and inserting "Ad-
22	ministrator of the Office of Information and
23	Regulatory Affairs";
24	(2) in section 205(c) (2 U.S.C. 1535(c))—
25	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
26	"OMB"; and

1	(B) by striking "Director of the Office of
2	Management and Budget" and inserting "Ad-
3	ministrator of the Office of Information and
4	Regulatory Affairs'; and
5	(3) in section 206 (2 U.S.C. 1536), by striking
6	"Director of the Office of Management and Budget"
7	and inserting "Administrator of the Office of Infor-
8	mation and Regulatory Affairs".
9	SEC. 7. APPLYING SUBSTANTIVE POINT OF ORDER TO PRI-
10	VATE SECTOR MANDATES.
11	Section $425(a)(2)$ of the Congressional Budget Act
12	of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 658d(a)(2)) is amended—
13	(1) by striking "Federal intergovernmental
14	mandates" and inserting "Federal mandates"; and
15	(2) by inserting "or $424(b)(1)$ " after "section
16	424(a)(1)".
17	SEC. 8. REGULATORY PROCESS AND PRINCIPLES.
18	Section 201 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act
19	of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1531) is amended to read as follows:
20	"SEC. 201. REGULATORY PROCESS AND PRINCIPLES.
21	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Each agency shall, unless other-
22	wise expressly prohibited by law, assess the effects of Fed-
23	eral regulatory actions on State, local, and tribal govern-
24	ments and the private sector (other than to the extent that
25	such regulatory actions incorporate requirements specifi-

1 cally set forth in law) in accordance with the following2 principles:

3 "(1) Each agency shall identify the problem
4 that it intends to address (including, if applicable,
5 the failures of private markets or public institutions
6 that warrant new agency action) as well as assess
7 the significance of that problem.

8 "(2) Each agency shall examine whether exist-9 ing regulations (or other law) have created, or con-10 tributed to, the problem that a new regulation is in-11 tended to correct and whether those regulations (or 12 other law) should be modified to achieve the in-13 tended goal of regulation more effectively.

"(3) Each agency shall identify and assess
available alternatives to direct regulation, including
providing economic incentives to encourage the desired behavior, such as user fees or marketable permits, or providing information upon which choices
can be made by the public.

"(4) If an agency determines that a regulation
is the best available method of achieving the regulatory objective, it shall design its regulations in the
most cost-effective manner to achieve the regulatory
objective. In doing so, each agency shall consider incentives for innovation, consistency, predictability,

the costs of enforcement and compliance (to the gov ernment, regulated entities, and the public), flexi bility, distributive impacts, and equity.

4 "(5) Each agency shall assess both the costs 5 and the benefits of the intended regulation and, rec-6 ognizing that some costs and benefits are difficult to 7 quantify, propose or adopt a regulation, unless ex-8 pressly prohibited by law, only upon a reasoned de-9 termination that the benefits of the intended regula-10 tion justify its costs.

"(6) Each agency shall base its decisions on the
best reasonably obtainable scientific, technical, economic, and other information concerning the need
for, and consequences of, the intended regulation.

15 "(7) Each agency shall identify and assess al-16 ternative forms of regulation and shall, to the extent 17 feasible, specify performance objectives, rather than 18 specifying the behavior or manner of compliance 19 that regulated entities must adopt.

20 "(8) Each agency shall avoid regulations that
21 are inconsistent, incompatible, or duplicative with its
22 other regulations or those of other Federal agencies.

23 "(9) Each agency shall tailor its regulations to
24 minimize the costs of the cumulative impact of regu25 lations.

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"(10) Each agency shall draft its regulations to
 be simple and easy to understand, with the goal of
 minimizing the potential for uncertainty and litiga tion arising from such uncertainty.

5 "(b) REGULATORY ACTION DEFINED.—In this sec-6 tion, the term 'regulatory action' means any substantive 7 action by an agency (normally published in the Federal 8 Register) that promulgates or is expected to lead to the 9 promulgation of a final rule or regulation, including ad-10 vance notices of proposed rulemaking and notices of pro-11 posed rulemaking.".

## 12 SEC. 9. EXPANDING THE SCOPE OF STATEMENTS TO AC-13COMPANY SIGNIFICANT REGULATORY AC-14TIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 202 of
the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
17 1532) is amended to read as follows:

18 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Unless otherwise expressly prohibited by law, before promulgating any general notice of 19 proposed rulemaking or any final rule, or within six 20 21 months after promulgating any final rule that was not pre-22 ceded by a general notice of proposed rulemaking, if the 23 proposed rulemaking or final rule includes a Federal man-24 date that may result in an annual effect on State, local, 25 or tribal governments, or to the private sector, in the aggregate of \$100,000,000 or more in any 1 year, the agency
 shall prepare a written statement containing the following:

3 "(1) The text of the draft proposed rulemaking
4 or final rule, together with a reasonably detailed de5 scription of the need for the proposed rulemaking or
6 final rule and an explanation of how the proposed
7 rulemaking or final rule will meet that need.

8 "(2) An assessment of the potential costs and 9 benefits of the proposed rulemaking or final rule, in-10 cluding an explanation of the manner in which the 11 proposed rulemaking or final rule is consistent with 12 a statutory requirement and avoids undue inter-13 ference with State, local, and tribal governments in 14 the exercise of their governmental functions.

15 "(3) A qualitative and quantitative assessment, 16 including the underlying analysis, of benefits antici-17 pated from the proposed rulemaking or final rule 18 (such as the promotion of the efficient functioning of 19 the economy and private markets, the enhancement 20 of health and safety, the protection of the natural 21 environment, and the elimination or reduction of dis-22 crimination or bias).

23 "(4) A qualitative and quantitative assessment,
24 including the underlying analysis, of costs antici25 pated from the proposed rulemaking or final rule

1	(such as the direct costs both to the Government in
2	administering the final rule and to businesses and
3	others in complying with the final rule, and any ad-
4	verse effects on the efficient functioning of the econ-
5	omy, private markets (including productivity, em-
6	ployment, and international competitiveness), health,
7	safety, and the natural environment).
8	((5) Estimates by the agency, if and to the ex-
9	tent that the agency determines that accurate esti-
10	mates are reasonably feasible, of—
11	"(A) the future compliance costs of the
12	Federal mandate; and
13	"(B) any disproportionate budgetary ef-
14	fects of the Federal mandate upon any par-
15	ticular regions of the Nation or particular
16	State, local, or tribal governments, urban or
17	rural or other types of communities, or par-
18	ticular segments of the private sector.
19	((6)(A) A detailed description of the extent of
20	the agency's prior consultation with the private sec-
21	tor and elected representatives (under section 204)
22	of the affected State, local, and tribal governments.
23	"(B) A detailed summary of the comments and
24	concerns that were presented by the private sector

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1	and State, local, or tribal governments either orally
2	or in writing to the agency.
3	"(C) A detailed summary of the agency's eval-
4	uation of those comments and concerns.
5	"(7) A detailed summary of how the agency
6	complied with each of the regulatory principles de-
7	scribed in section 201.
8	"(8) An assessment of the effects that the pro-
9	posed rulemaking or final rule are expected to have
10	on private property owners, including the use and
11	value of affected property.".
12	(b) Requirement for Detailed Summary.—Sub-
13	section (b) of section 202 of such Act is amended by in-
14	serting "detailed" before "summary".
15	SEC. 10. ENHANCED STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION.
16	Section 204 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act
17	of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1534) is amended—
18	(1) in the section heading, by inserting " $AND$
19	<b>PRIVATE SECTOR</b> " before "INPUT";
20	(2) in subsection (a)—
21	(A) by inserting ", and impacted parties
22	within the private sector (including small busi-
23	ness)," after "on their behalf)"; and

1	(B) by striking "Federal intergovernmental
2	mandates" and inserting "Federal mandates";
3	and
4	(3) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-
5	lows:
6	"(c) Guidelines.—For appropriate implementation
7	of subsections (a) and (b) consistent with applicable laws
8	and regulations, the following guidelines shall be followed:
9	"(1) Consultations shall take place as early as
10	possible, before issuance of a notice of proposed rule-
11	making, continue through the final rule stage, and
12	be integrated explicitly into the rulemaking process.
13	((2) Agencies shall consult with a wide variety
14	of State, local, and tribal officials and impacted par-
15	ties within the private sector (including small busi-
16	nesses). Geographic, political, and other factors that
17	may differentiate varying points of view should be
18	considered.
19	"(3) Agencies should estimate benefits and
20	costs to assist with these consultations. The scope of
21	the consultation should reflect the cost and signifi-
22	cance of the Federal mandate being considered.
23	"(4) Agencies shall, to the extent practicable—
24	"(A) seek out the views of State, local, and
25	tribal governments, and impacted parties within

1	the private sector (including small business), on
2	costs, benefits, and risks; and
3	"(B) solicit ideas about alternative meth-
4	ods of compliance and potential flexibilities, and
5	input on whether the Federal regulation will
6	harmonize with and not duplicate similar laws
7	in other levels of government.
8	"(5) Consultations shall address the cumulative
9	impact of regulations on the affected entities.
10	"(6) Agencies may accept electronic submis-
11	sions of comments by relevant parties but may not
12	use those comments as the sole method of satisfying
13	the guidelines in this subsection.".
14	SEC. 11. NEW AUTHORITIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR
15	OFFICE OF INFORMATION AND REGULATORY
16	AFFAIRS.
16 17	
17	AFFAIRS.
17	<b>AFFAIRS.</b> Section 208 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act
17 18	AFFAIRS. Section 208 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1538) is amended to read as follows:
17 18 19	AFFAIRS. Section 208 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1538) is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 208. OFFICE OF INFORMATION AND REGULATORY AF-
17 18 19 20	AFFAIRS. Section 208 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1538) is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 208. OFFICE OF INFORMATION AND REGULATORY AF- FAIRS RESPONSIBILITIES.
17 18 19 20 21	AFFAIRS. Section 208 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1538) is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 208. OFFICE OF INFORMATION AND REGULATORY AF- FAIRS RESPONSIBILITIES. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Office
<ol> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	AFFAIRS. Section 208 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1538) is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 208. OFFICE OF INFORMATION AND REGULATORY AF- FAIRS RESPONSIBILITIES. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs shall provide mean-

ments of this title, as well as other applicable laws, and 1 2 do not conflict with the policies or actions of another agen-3 cy. If the Administrator determines that an agency's regu-4 lations for which a written statement is required under 5 section 202 do not comply with such principles and re-6 quirements, are not consistent with other applicable laws, 7 or conflict with the policies or actions of another agency, 8 the Administrator shall identify areas of non-compliance, 9 notify the agency, and request that the agency comply be-10 fore the agency finalizes the regulation concerned.

11 "(b) ANNUAL STATEMENTS TO CONGRESS ON AGEN-CY COMPLIANCE.—The Director of the Office of Informa-12 13 tion and Regulatory Affairs annually shall submit to Congress, including the Committee on Homeland Security and 14 15 Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of 16 17 Representatives, a written report detailing compliance by each agency with the requirements of this title that relate 18 to regulations for which a written statement is required 19 by section 202, including activities undertaken at the re-20 21 quest of the Director to improve compliance, during the 22 preceding reporting period. The report shall also contain 23 an appendix detailing compliance by each agency with section 204.". 24

1 SEC. 12. RETROSPECTIVE ANALYSIS OF EXISTING FEDERAL 2 **REGULATIONS.** 3 The Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Public Law 104-4; 2 U.S.C. 1511 et seq.) is amended— 4 5 (1) by redesignating section 209 as section 210; 6 and 7 (2) by inserting after section 208 the following 8 new section 209: 9 "SEC. 209. RETROSPECTIVE ANALYSIS OF EXISTING FED-10 ERAL REGULATIONS. 11 "(a) REQUIREMENT.—At the request of the chairman or ranking minority member of a standing or select com-12 13 mittee of the House of Representatives or the Senate, an 14 agency shall conduct a retrospective analysis of an existing Federal regulation promulgated by an agency. 15 16 "(b) REPORT.—Each agency conducting a retrospec-17 tive analysis of existing Federal regulations pursuant to subsection (a) shall submit to the chairman of the relevant 18 19 committee, Congress, and the Comptroller General a re-20 port containing, with respect to each Federal regulation 21 covered by the analysis— 22 "(1) a copy of the Federal regulation; 23 "(2) the continued need for the Federal regula-

tion;

"(3) the nature of comments or complaints re-
ceived concerning the Federal regulation from the
public since the Federal regulation was promulgated;
"(4) the extent to which the Federal regulation
overlaps, duplicates, or conflicts with other Federal
regulations, and, to the extent feasible, with State
and local governmental rules;
"(5) the degree to which technology, economic
conditions, or other factors have changed in the area
affected by the Federal regulation;
"(6) a complete analysis of the retrospective di-
rect costs and benefits of the Federal regulation that
considers studies done outside the Federal Govern-
ment (if any) estimating such costs or benefits; and
"(7) any litigation history challenging the Fed-
eral regulation.".
SEC. 13. EXPANSION OF JUDICIAL REVIEW.
Section 401(a) of the Unfunded Mandates Reform
Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. 1571(a)) is amended—
(1) in paragraphs (1) and (2)(A)—
(A) by striking "sections 202 and

203(a)(1) and (2)" each place it appears and 23 inserting "sections 201, 202, 203(a)(1) and (2),

24 and 205(a) and (b)"; and

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(B) by striking "only" each place it ap pears;

3 (2) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "section" 202" and all that follows through the period at the 4 5 end and inserting the following: "section 202, pre-6 pare the written plan under section 203(a)(1) and 7 (2), or comply with section 205(a) and (b), a court may compel the agency to prepare such written 8 9 statement, prepare such written plan, or comply with 10 such section."; and

11 (3) in paragraph (3), by striking "written state-12 ment or plan is required" and all that follows through "shall not" and inserting the following: 13 14 "written statement under section 202, a written plan 15 under section 203(a)(1) and (2), or compliance with 16 sections 201 and 205(a) and (b) is required, the in-17 adequacy or failure to prepare such statement (in-18 cluding the inadequacy or failure to prepare any es-19 timate, analysis, statement, or description), to pre-20 pare such written plan, or to comply with such sec-21 tion may".

#### 22 SEC. 14. BUREAU FUNDING AUTHORITY.

The Director of the Bureau of Consumer Financial
Protection may not request, under section 1017 of the
Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010, during fiscal

year 2016 an amount that would result in the total
 amount requested by the Director during that fiscal year
 to exceed \$550,000,000.

Passed the House of Representatives February 4, 2015.

Attest:

Clerk.

114TH CONGRESS H. R. 50

# AN ACT

To provide for additional safeguards with respect to imposing Federal mandates, and for other purposes.