# 114TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.953

To authorize the Attorney General to award grants to address the national epidemics of prescription opioid abuse and heroin use.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### February 12, 2015

Mr. SENSENBRENNER (for himself, Mr. RYAN of Ohio, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. MARINO, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, and Mr. JOYCE) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

# A BILL

- To authorize the Attorney General to award grants to address the national epidemics of prescription opioid abuse and heroin use.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

## **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2015".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.

#### TITLE I—PREVENTION AND EDUCATION

- Sec. 101. Development of best prescribing practices.
- Sec. 102. National education campaign.
- Sec. 103. Community-based coalition enhancement grants to address local drug crises.

#### TITLE II—LAW ENFORCEMENT AND TREATMENT

- Sec. 201. Treatment alternative to incarceration programs.
- Sec. 202. Law enforcement naloxone training and implementation demonstration.
- Sec. 203. Prescription drug take back expansion.

#### TITLE III—TREATMENT AND RECOVERY

- Sec. 301. Evidence-based opioid and heroin treatment and interventions demonstration.
- Sec. 302. Criminal justice medication assisted treatment and interventions demonstration.
- Sec. 303. National youth recovery initiative.
- Sec. 304. Building communities of recovery.

#### TITLE IV—ADDRESSING COLLATERAL CONSEQUENCES

- Sec. 401. Correctional education demonstration grant program.
- Sec. 402. Revision of FAFSA form.
- Sec. 403. National Task Force on Recovery and Collateral Consequences.

#### TITLE V—ADDICTION AND TREATMENT SERVICES FOR WOMEN, FAMILIES, AND VETERANS

- Sec. 501. Authority to award competitive grants to address opioid and heroin abuse by pregnant and parenting female offenders.
- Sec. 502. Grants for family-based substance abuse treatment.
- Sec. 503. Veterans' treatment courts.

#### TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE COMPREHENSIVE INITIATIVES TO ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE

Sec. 601. State demonstration grants for comprehensive opioid abuse response.

#### TITLE VII—OFFSET; GAO REPORT

Sec. 701. Offset. Sec. 702. GAO report on IMD exclusion.

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds the following:
- 3 (1) The abuse of heroin and prescription pain-
- 4 killers is having a devastating effect on public health

and safety in communities across the United States.
 According to the Centers for Disease Control and
 Prevention, drug overdose deaths now surpass traffic
 crashes in the number of deaths caused by injury in
 the United States. In 2011, an average of about 110
 people in the United States died from drug overdose
 every day.

8 (2) Law enforcement officials and treatment ex-9 perts throughout the country report that many pre-10 scription opioid users have turned to heroin as a 11 cheaper or more easily obtained alternative to pre-12 scription drugs.

13 (3) Opioid pain relievers are the most widely 14 misused or abused controlled prescription drugs 15 (commonly referred to as "CPDs") and are involved 16 in most CPD-related overdose incidents. According 17 to the Drug Abuse Warning Network (commonly 18 known as "DAWN"), the estimated number of emer-19 gency department visits involving nonmedical use of 20 prescription opiates or opioids increased by 112 per-21 cent between 2006 and 2010, from 84,671 to 22 179,787.

(4) According to a report by the National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors
(commonly referred to as "NASADAD"), 37 States

reported an increase in admissions to treatment for
 heroin use during the past 2 years, while admissions
 to treatment for prescription opiates increased 500
 percent from 2000 to 2012.

5 (5) Substance use disorders are a treatable dis-6 ease. Discoveries in the science of addiction have led 7 to advances in the treatment of substance use dis-8 orders that help people stop abusing drugs and pre-9 scription medications and resume their productive 10 lives.

11 (6) According to the National Survey on Drug 12 Use and Health, approximately 22,700,000 people in 13 the United States needed substance use disorder 14 treatment in 2013, but only 2,500,000 people re-15 ceived it. Furthermore, current treatment services 16 are not adequate to meet demand. According to a re-17 port commissioned by SAMHSA, there are approxi-18 mately 32 providers for every 1,000 individuals 19 needing substance use disorder treatment. In some 20 States, the ratio is much lower.

21 (7) Effective substance abuse prevention can22 yield major economic dividends.

23 (8) According to the National Institute on Drug
24 Abuse, when schools and communities properly im25 plement science-validated substance abuse prevention

programs, abuse of alcohol, tobacco, and illicit drugs
 is reduced. Such programs help teachers, parents,
 and healthcare professionals shape the perceptions
 of youths about the risks of drug abuse.

5 (9) Diverting individuals with substance use 6 disorders from criminal justice systems into commu-7 nity-based treatment can save billions of dollars and 8 prevent sizeable numbers of crimes, arrests, and re-9 incarcerations over the course of those individuals' 10 lives.

(10) According to the Drug Enforcement Agency, more than 1,700 tons of expired, unwanted prescription medications have been collected during the
past 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> years, following the enactment of the Secure and Responsible Drug Disposal Act of 2010
(Public Law 111–273; 124 Stat. 2858).

17 (11) Research shows that combining treatment 18 medications with behavioral therapy is the best way 19 to facilitate success for most patients. Treatment ap-20 proaches must be tailored to address the drug abuse 21 patterns and drug-related medical, psychiatric, and 22 social problems of each individual. Different types of 23 medications may be useful at different stages of 24 treatment or recovery to help a patient stop using 25 drugs, stay in treatment, and avoid relapse.

1 (12) Research indicates that combating the 2 opioid crisis, including abuse of prescription pain-3 killers and, increasingly, heroin, requires a multi-4 pronged approach that involves reducing drug diver-5 sion, expanding delivery of existing treatments (in-6 cluding medication assisted treatments), expanding 7 access to overdose medications and interventions. and the development of new medications for pain 8 9 that can augment the existing treatment arsenal.

10 (13) Individuals with mental illness, especially
11 severe mental illness, are at considerably higher risk
12 for substance abuse than the general population, and
13 the presence of a mental illness complicates recovery
14 from substance abuse.

## 15 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

16 In this Act—

(1) the term "medication assisted treatment"
means the use, for problems relating to heroin and
other opioids, of medications approved by the Food
and Drug Administration in combination with counseling and behavioral therapies;

(2) the term "ONDCP Recovery Branch"
means the Recovery Branch of the Office of National Drug Control Policy;

1	(3) the term "opioid" means any drug having
2	an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability
3	similar to morphine or being capable of conversion
4	into a drug having such addiction-forming or addic-
5	tion-sustaining liability; and
6	(4) the term "State" means any State of the
7	United States, the District of Columbia, the Com-
8	monwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or pos-
9	session of the United States.
10	TITLE I—PREVENTION AND
11	EDUCATION
12	SEC. 101. DEVELOPMENT OF BEST PRESCRIBING PRAC-
13	TICES.
14	(a) INTER-AGENCY TASK FORCE.—Not later than
15	120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
16	retary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this
17	section as the "Secretary"), in cooperation with the Sec-
18	
19	retary of Veterans Affairs, the Secretary of Defense, and
	retary of Veterans Affairs, the Secretary of Defense, and the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administra-
20	
20 21	the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administra-
	the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administra- tion, shall convene a Pain Management Best Practices

24 prised of—

25 (1) representatives of—

1	(A) the Department of Health and Human
2	Services;
3	(B) the Department of Veterans Affairs;
4	(C) the Department of Defense;
5	(D) the Drug Enforcement Administration;
6	(E) the Centers for Disease Control and
7	Prevention;
8	(F) the Institute of Medicine; and
9	(G) the Office of National Drug Control
10	Policy;
11	(2) the Director of the National Institutes of
12	Health;
13	(3) physicians, dentists, and non-physician pre-
14	scribers;
15	(4) pharmacists;
16	(5) experts in the fields of pain research and
17	addiction research;
18	(6) representatives of—
19	(A) pain management professional organi-
20	zations;
21	(B) the mental health treatment commu-
22	nity;
23	(C) the addiction treatment community;
24	(D) pain advocacy groups; and

	U
1	(E) groups with expertise around overdose
2	reversal; and
3	(7) other stakeholders, as the Secretary deter-
4	mines appropriate.
5	(c) DUTIES.—The task force shall—
6	(1) not later than 180 days after the date on
7	which the task force is convened under subsection
8	(a), develop best practices for pain management (in-
9	cluding chronic and acute pain) and prescribing pain
10	medication, taking into consideration—
11	(A) existing pain management research;
12	(B) recommendations from relevant con-
13	ferences;
14	(C) ongoing efforts at the State and local
15	levels and by medical professional organizations
16	to develop improved pain management strate-
17	gies; and
18	(D) the management of high-risk popu-
19	lations, other than populations who suffer pain,
20	who—
21	(i) may use or be prescribed
22	benzodiazepines, alcohol, and diverted
23	opioids; or
24	(ii) receive opioids in the course of
25	medical care;

(2) solicit and take into consideration public
 comment on the practices developed under para graph (1), amending such best practices if appro priate; and

5 (3) develop a strategy for disseminating infor-6 mation about the best practices developed under 7 paragraphs (1) and (2) to prescribers, health profes-8 sionals, pharmacists, State medical boards, and 9 other parties, as the Secretary determines appro-10 priate.

11 (d) LIMITATION.—The task force shall not have rule-12 making authority.

(e) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date
on which the task force is convened under subsection (a),
the task force shall submit to Congress a report that includes—

17 (1) the strategy for disseminating best practices18 developed under subsection (c);

(2) the results of a feasibility study on linking
best practices developed under subsection (c) to receiving and renewing registrations under section
303(f) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
823(f)); and

24 (3) recommendations on how to apply best25 practices developed under subsection (c) to improve

prescribing practices at medical facilities, including
 medical facilities of the Veterans Health Administra tion.

## 4 SEC. 102. NATIONAL EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.

5 Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
6 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.) is amended
7 by adding at the end the following:

## 8 **"PART MM—DRUG TREATMENT GRANTS**

## 9 "SEC. 3031. DEFINITIONS.

10 "In this part—

11 "(1) the term 'civil liability protection law' 12 means a State law that protects from civil liability 13 individuals who give aid on a voluntary basis in an 14 emergency to individuals who are ill, in peril, or oth-15 erwise incapacitated;

"(2) the term 'medication assisted treatment'
means the use, for problems relating to heroin and
other opioids, of medications approved by the Food
and Drug Administration in combination with counseling and behavioral therapies;

"(3) the term 'opioid' means any drug having
an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability
similar to morphine or being capable of conversion
into a drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability; and

1	"(4) the term 'Single State Authority for Sub-
2	stance Abuse' has the meaning given the term in
3	section 201(e) of the Second Chance Act of 2007
4	(42 U.S.C. 17521(e)).
5	"SEC. 3032. NATIONAL EDUCATION CAMPAIGN.
6	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
7	"(1) the term 'eligible entity' means a State,
8	unit of local government, or nonprofit organization;
9	and
10	((2) the terms 'elementary school' and 'sec-
11	ondary school' have the meaning given those terms
12	in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary
13	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
14	"(b) Program Authorized.—The Attorney Gen-
15	eral, in coordination with the Secretary of Health and
16	Human Services, the Director of the Office of National
17	Drug Control Policy, the Secretary of Education, the Ad-
18	ministrator of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health
19	Services Administration, and the Director of the Centers
20	for Disease Control and Prevention, may make grants to
21	eligible entities to expand educational efforts to prevent
22	abuse of opioids, heroin, and other substances of abuse,
23	understand addiction as a chronic disease, and promote
	/ <b>1</b>

1	"(1) parent and caretaker-focused prevention
2	efforts, including—
3	"(A) the development of research-based
4	community education online and social media
5	materials with an accompanying toolkit that
6	can be disseminated to communities to educate
7	parents and other caretakers of teens on—
8	"(i) how to educate teens about opioid
9	and heroin abuse;
10	"(ii) how to intervene if a parent
11	thinks or knows their teen is abusing
12	opioids or heroin;
13	"(iii) signs of opioid or heroin over-
14	dose; and
15	"(iv) the use of naloxone to prevent
16	death from opioid or heroin overdose;
17	"(B) the development of detailed digital
18	and print educational materials to accompany
19	the online and social media materials and tool-
20	kit described in subparagraph (A);
21	"(C) the development and dissemination of
22	public service announcements to—
23	"(i) raise awareness of heroin and
24	opioid abuse among parents and other
25	caretakers;

1 "(ii) motivate parents and other care-2 takers to visit online educational materials 3 on heroin and opioid abuse; and "(iii) provide information for public 4 5 health agencies and nonprofit organiza-6 tions that provide overdose reversal and 7 prevention services and community refer-8 rals; and "(D) the dissemination of educational ma-9 10 terials to the media through— "(i) a town hall or panel discussion 11 12 with experts; "(ii) a press release; 13 "(iii) an online news release; 14 "(iv) a media tour; and 15 "(v) sharable infographics; 16 "(2) prevention efforts focused on teenagers, 17 18 young adults, and college students, including the de-19 velopment of— "(A) a national digital campaign; 20 "(B) a community education toolkit for use 21 22 by community coalitions; "(C) evidence-based resources for preven-23 24 tion and treatment professionals targeting indi-

1	viduals who are between 18 and 24 years of
2	age, including college students; and
3	"(D) technical support centers for preven-
4	tion and treatment professionals, elementary
5	and secondary school-based professionals, and
6	college-based professionals, including recovery
7	staff, to implement and sustain evidence-based
8	educational and prevention programs;
9	"(3) campaigns to inform individuals about
10	available resources to aid in recovery from substance
11	use disorder;
12	"(4) encouragement of individuals in or seeking
13	recovery from substance use disorder to enter the
14	health care system; or
15	"(5) adult-focused awareness efforts, including
16	efforts focused on older adults, relating to prescrip-
17	tion medication disposal, opioid and heroin abuse,
18	signs of overdose, and the use of naloxone for rever-
19	sal.
20	"(c) Application.—
21	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
22	grant under this section shall submit an application
23	to the Attorney General—
24	"(A) that meets the criteria under para-
25	graph $(2)$ ; and

1	"(B) at such time, in such manner, and
2	accompanied by such information as the Attor-
3	ney General may require.
4	"(2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submit-
5	ting an application under paragraph (1), shall—
6	"(A) describe the evidence-based method-
7	ology and outcome measurements that will be
8	used to evaluate the program funded with a
9	grant under this section;
10	"(B) specifically explain how the measure-
11	ments described in subparagraph (A) will pro-
12	vide valid measures of the impact of the pro-
13	gram described in subparagraph (A);
14	"(C) describe how the program described
15	in subparagraph (A) could be broadly replicated
16	if demonstrated to be effective;
17	"(D) demonstrate that all planned services
18	will be research-informed, which may include
19	evidence-based practices documented in—
20	"(i) the report of the Institute of
21	Medicine entitled 'Preventing Mental,
22	Emotional, and Behavioral Disorders
23	Among Young People'; or
24	"(ii) the National Registry of Effec-
25	tive Programs and Practices (commonly re-

1	ferred to as 'NREPP') of the Substance
2	Abuse and Mental Health Administration;
3	and
4	"(E) demonstrate that the eligible entity
5	will effectively integrate and sustain the pro-
6	gram described in subparagraph (A) into cur-
7	riculum or community outreach efforts.
8	"(d) USE OF FUNDS.—A grantee shall use a grant
9	received under this section for expenses of educational ef-
10	forts to—
11	"(1) prevent abuse of opioids, heroin, alcohol,
12	and other drugs; or
13	"(2) promote treatment and recovery.
13 14	"(2) promote treatment and recovery. "(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award
14 15	"(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award
14 15	"(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award grants under this section for a period not to exceed 2
14 15 16	"(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award grants under this section for a period not to exceed 2 years.
14 15 16 17	<ul><li>"(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award grants under this section for a period not to exceed 2 years.</li><li>"(f) PRIORITY CONSIDERATION WITH RESPECT TO</li></ul>
14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>"(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award grants under this section for a period not to exceed 2 years.</li> <li>"(f) PRIORITY CONSIDERATION WITH RESPECT TO STATES.—In awarding grants to States under this sec-</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>"(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award grants under this section for a period not to exceed 2 years.</li> <li>"(f) PRIORITY CONSIDERATION WITH RESPECT TO STATES.—In awarding grants to States under this section, the Attorney General shall give priority to a State</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>"(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award grants under this section for a period not to exceed 2 years.</li> <li>"(f) PRIORITY CONSIDERATION WITH RESPECT TO STATES.—In awarding grants to States under this section, the Attorney General shall give priority to a State that provides civil liability protection for first responders,</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>"(e) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall award grants under this section for a period not to exceed 2 years.</li> <li>"(f) PRIORITY CONSIDERATION WITH RESPECT TO STATES.—In awarding grants to States under this section, the Attorney General shall give priority to a State that provides civil liability protection for first responders, health professionals, and family members administering</li> </ul>

1	((2)) providing a certification by the attorney
2	general of the State that the attorney general has—
3	"(A) reviewed any applicable civil liability
4	protection law to determine the applicability of
5	the law with respect to first responders, health
6	care professionals, family members, and other
7	individuals who may administer naloxone to in-
8	dividuals reasonably believed to be suffering
9	from opioid overdose; and
10	"(B) concluded that the law described in
11	subparagraph (A) provides adequate civil liabil-
12	ity protection applicable to such persons.
13	"(g) INFORMATION SHARING.—The Office of the At-
14	torney General, in coordination with the Substance Abuse
15	and Mental Health Services Administration and the De-
16	partment of Education, shall review existing evidence-
17	based programs and emerging practices and programs and
18	provide information to schools and communities about
19	such programs and practices.
20	"(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
21	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section

 $22\ \$2,500,000$  for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".

1	SEC. 103. COMMUNITY-BASED COALITION ENHANCEMENT
2	GRANTS TO ADDRESS LOCAL DRUG CRISES.
3	Part MM of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control
4	and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as added by section 102,
5	is amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"SEC. 3033. COMMUNITY-BASED COALITION ENHANCEMENT
7	GRANTS TO ADDRESS LOCAL DRUG CRISES.
8	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
9	"(1) the term 'Drug-Free Communities Act of
10	1997' means chapter 2 of the National Narcotics
11	Leadership Act of 1988 (21 U.S.C. 1521 et seq.);
12	((2) the term 'eligible entity' means an organi-
13	zation that—
14	"(A) on or before the date of submitting
15	an application for a grant under this section,
16	receives or has received a grant under the
17	Drug-Free Communities Act of 1997; and
18	"(B) has documented, using local data,
19	rates of abuse of opioids at levels that are—
20	"(i) significantly higher than the na-
21	tional average as determined by the Attor-
22	ney General (including appropriate consid-
23	eration of the Monitoring the Future Sur-
24	vey published by the National Institute on
25	Drug Abuse and the National Survey on
26	Drug Use and Health by the Substance

1	Abuse and Mental Health Service Adminis-
2	tration); or
3	"(ii) higher than the national average,
4	as determined by the Attorney General (in-
5	cluding appropriate consideration of the
6	surveys described in clause (i)), over a sus-
7	tained period of time; and
8	"(3) the term 'local drug crisis' means, with re-
9	spect to the area served by an eligible entity—
10	"(A) a sudden increase in the abuse of
11	opioids, as documented by local data; or
12	"(B) the abuse of prescription medications,
13	specifically opioids, that is significantly higher
14	than the national average, over a sustained pe-
15	riod of time, as documented by local data.
16	"(b) Program Authorized.—The Attorney Gen-
17	eral, in coordination with the Director, may make grants
18	to eligible entities to implement comprehensive commu-
19	nity-wide strategies that address local drug crises within
20	the area served by the eligible entity.
21	"(c) Application.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
23	grant under this section shall submit an application
24	to the Attorney General at such time, in such man-

1 ner, and accompanied by such information as the 2 Attorney General may require. "(2) CRITERIA.—As part of an application for 3 4 a grant under this section, the Attorney General 5 shall require an eligible entity to submit a detailed, 6 comprehensive, multi-sector plan for addressing the 7 local drug crisis within the area served by the eligi-8 ble entity. 9 "(d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a 10 grant received under this section— 11 "(1) for programs designed to implement com-12 prehensive community-wide prevention strategies to 13 address local drug crisis in the area served by the 14 eligible entity, in accordance with the plan submitted 15 under subsection (c)(2); and "(2) to obtain specialized training and technical 16 17 assistance from the organization funded under sec-18 tion 4 of Public Law 107–82 (21 U.S.C. 1521 note). "(e) GRANT AMOUNTS AND DURATION.— 19 20 "(1) AMOUNTS.—The Attorney General may 21 not award a grant under this section for a fiscal 22 year in an amount that exceeds— "(A) the amount of non-Federal funds 23 24 raised by the eligible entity, including in-kind 25

"(B) \$75,000.

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2 "(2) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall
3 award grants under this section for a period not to
4 exceed 4 years.

5 "(f) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—An eligible enti-6 ty shall use Federal funds received under this section only 7 to supplement the funds that would, in the absence of 8 those Federal funds, be made available from other Federal 9 and non-Federal sources for the activities described in this 10 section, and not to supplant those funds.

"(g) EVALUATION.—A grant under this section shall
be subject to the same evaluation requirements and procedures as the evaluation requirements and procedures imposed on the recipient of a grant under the Drug-Free
Communities Act of 1997.

16 "(h) LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—
17 Not more than 8 percent of the amounts made available
18 pursuant to subsection (i) for a fiscal year may be used
19 by the Attorney General to pay for administrative ex20 penses.

21 "(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
22 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
23 \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".

1	TITLE II—LAW ENFORCEMENT
2	AND TREATMENT
3	SEC. 201. TREATMENT ALTERNATIVE TO INCARCERATION
4	PROGRAMS.
5	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
6	Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 103, is amend-
7	ed by adding at the end the following:
8	"SEC. 3034. TREATMENT ALTERNATIVE TO INCARCERATION
9	PROGRAMS.
10	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
11	"(1) the term 'eligible entity' means a State,
12	unit of local government, Indian tribe, or nonprofit
13	organization; and
14	((2) the term 'eligible participant' means an in-
15	dividual who—
16	"(A) comes into contact with the juvenile
17	justice system or criminal justice system or is
18	arrested or charged with an offense;
19	"(B) has a history of or a current—
20	"(i) substance use disorder;
21	"(ii) mental illness; or
22	"(iii) co-occurring mental illness and
23	substance use disorders; and
24	"(C) has been approved for participation in
25	a program funded under this section by, as ap-

1	plicable depending on the stage of the criminal
2	justice process, the relevant law enforcement
3	agency or prosecuting attorney, defense attor-
4	ney, probation or corrections official, judge, or
5	representative from the relevant mental health
6	or substance abuse agency.
7	"(b) Program Authorized.—The Attorney General
8	may make grants to eligible entities to develop, implement,
9	or expand a treatment alternative to incarceration pro-
10	gram for eligible participants, including—
11	"(1) pre-booking treatment alternative to incar-
12	ceration programs, including—
13	"(A) law enforcement training on sub-
14	stance use disorders, mental illness, and co-oc-
15	curring mental illness and substance use dis-
16	
17	orders;
17	orders; "(B) receiving centers as alternatives to in-
17 18	
	"(B) receiving centers as alternatives to in-
18	"(B) receiving centers as alternatives to in- carceration of eligible participants;
18 19	<ul><li>"(B) receiving centers as alternatives to in- carceration of eligible participants;</li><li>"(C) specialized response units for calls re-</li></ul>
18 19 20	<ul><li>"(B) receiving centers as alternatives to in- carceration of eligible participants;</li><li>"(C) specialized response units for calls re- lated to substance use disorders, mental illness,</li></ul>
18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>"(B) receiving centers as alternatives to in- carceration of eligible participants;</li> <li>"(C) specialized response units for calls re- lated to substance use disorders, mental illness, and co-occurring mental illness and substance</li> </ul>

1	"(2) post-booking treatment alternative to in-
2	carceration programs, including—
3	"(A) specialized clinical case management;
4	"(B) pre-trial services related to sub-
5	stances use disorders, mental illness, and co-oc-
6	curring mental illness and substance use dis-
7	orders;
8	"(C) prosecutor and defender based pro-
9	grams;
10	"(D) specialized probation;
11	"(E) programs utilizing the American So-
12	ciety of Addiction Medicine patient placement
13	criteria;
14	"(F) treatment and rehabilitation pro-
15	grams and recovery support services; and
16	"(G) drug courts, DWI courts, and vet-
17	erans treatment courts.
18	"(c) Application.—
19	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
20	grant under this section shall submit an application
21	to the Attorney General—
22	"(A) that meets the criteria under para-
23	graph $(2)$ ; and

1	"(B) at such time, in such manner, and
2	accompanied by such information as the Attor-
3	ney General may require.
4	"(2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submit-
5	ting an application under paragraph (1), shall—
6	"(A) provide extensive evidence of collabo-
7	ration with State and local government agencies
8	overseeing health, community corrections,
9	courts, prosecution, substance abuse, mental
10	health, victims services, and employment serv-
11	ices, and with local law enforcement agencies;
12	"(B) demonstrate consultation with the
13	Single State Authority for Substance Abuse;
14	"(C) demonstrate that evidence-based
15	treatment practices will be utilized; and
16	"(D) demonstrate that evidenced-based
17	screening and assessment tools will be utilized
18	to place participants in the treatment alter-
19	native to incarceration program.
20	"(d) REQUIREMENTS.—Each eligible entity awarded
21	a grant for a treatment alternative to incarceration pro-
22	gram under this section shall—
23	((1) determine the terms and conditions of par-
24	ticipation in the program by eligible participants,

1	taking into consideration the collateral consequences
2	of an arrest, prosecution, or criminal conviction;
3	"(2) ensure that each substance abuse and
4	mental health treatment component is licensed and
5	qualified by the relevant jurisdiction;
6	"(3) for programs described in subsection
7	(b)(2), organize an enforcement unit comprised of
8	appropriately trained law enforcement professionals
9	under the supervision of the State, tribal, or local
10	criminal justice agency involved, the duties of which
11	shall include—
12	"(A) the verification of addresses and
13	other contacts of each eligible participant who
14	participates or desires to participate in the pro-
15	gram; and
16	"(B) if necessary, the location, apprehen-
17	sion, arrest, and return to court of an eligible
18	participant in the program who has absconded
19	from the facility of a treatment provider or has
20	otherwise violated the terms and conditions of
21	the program, consistent with Federal and State
22	confidentiality requirements;
23	"(4) notify the relevant criminal justice entity if
24	any eligible participant in the program absconds
25	from the facility of the treatment provider or other-

1	wise violates the terms and conditions of the pro-
2	gram, consistent with Federal and State confiden-
3	tiality requirements;
4	"(5) submit periodic reports on the progress of
5	treatment or other measured outcomes from partici-
6	pation in the program of each eligible offender par-
7	ticipating in the program to the relevant State, trib-
8	al, or local criminal justice agency;
9	"(6) describe the evidence-based methodology
10	and outcome measurements that will be used to
11	evaluate the program, and specifically explain how
12	such measurements will provide valid measures of
13	the impact of the program; and
14	((7) describe how the program could be broadly
15	replicated if demonstrated to be effective.
16	"(e) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a
17	grant received under this section for expenses of a treat-
18	ment alternative to incarceration program, including—
19	"(1) salaries, personnel costs, equipment costs,
20	and other costs directly related to the operation of
21	the program, including the enforcement unit;
22	"(2) payments for treatment providers that are
23	approved by the relevant State or tribal jurisdiction
24	and licensed, if necessary, to provide needed treat-
25	ment to eligible offenders participating in the pro-

gram, including medication assisted treatment,
 aftercare supervision, vocational training, education,
 and job placement; and

4 "(3) payments to public and nonprofit private
5 entities that are approved by the State or tribal ju6 risdiction and licensed, if necessary, to provide alco7 hol and drug addiction treatment and mental health
8 treatment to eligible offenders participating in the
9 program.

10 "(f) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—An eligible enti-11 ty shall use Federal funds received under this section only 12 to supplement the funds that would, in the absence of 13 those Federal funds, be made available from other Federal 14 and non-Federal sources for the activities described in this 15 section, and not to supplant those funds.

16 "(g) GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.—The Attorney
17 General shall ensure that, to the extent practicable, the
18 geographical distribution of grants under this section is
19 equitable and includes a grant to an eligible entity in—
20 "(1) each State;

21 "(2) rural, suburban, and urban areas; and
22 "(3) tribal jurisdictions.

23 "(h) PRIORITY CONSIDERATION WITH RESPECT TO
24 STATES.—In awarding grants to States under this sec25 tion, the Attorney General shall give priority to a State

that provides civil liability protection for first responders, 1 2 health professionals, and family members administering 3 naloxone to counteract opioid overdoses by-"(1) enacting legislation that provides such civil 4 5 liability protection; or 6 "(2) providing a certification by the attorney 7 general of the State that the attorney general has— "(A) reviewed any applicable civil liability 8 9 protection law to determine the applicability of 10 the law with respect to first responders, health 11 care professionals, family members, and other 12 individuals who may administer naloxone to in-13 dividuals reasonably believed to be suffering 14 from opioid overdose; and

15 "(B) concluded that the law described in
16 subparagraph (A) provides adequate civil liabil-

17 ity protection applicable to such persons.

18 "(i) REPORTS AND EVALUATIONS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each fiscal year, each recipient of a grant under this section during that fiscal year shall submit to the Attorney General a report on the outcomes of activities carried out using
that grant in such form, containing such information, and on such dates as the Attorney General
shall specify.

1	"(2) CONTENTS.—A report submitted under
2	paragraph (1) shall—
3	"(A) describe best practices for treatment
4	alternatives; and
5	"(B) identify training requirements for law
6	enforcement officers who participate in treat-
7	ment alternative to incarceration programs.
8	"(j) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
9	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
10	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".
11	SEC. 202. LAW ENFORCEMENT NALOXONE TRAINING AND
12	IMPLEMENTATION DEMONSTRATION.
13	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
13 14	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 201, is amend-
14	Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 201, is amend-
14 15	Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 201, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16	Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 201, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 3035. LAW ENFORCEMENT NALOXONE TRAINING AND
14 15 16 17	Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 201, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 3035. LAW ENFORCEMENT NALOXONE TRAINING AND IMPLEMENTATION DEMONSTRATION.
14 15 16 17 18	Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 201, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: <b>"SEC. 3035. LAW ENFORCEMENT NALOXONE TRAINING AND</b> <b>IMPLEMENTATION DEMONSTRATION.</b> "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'eligible
14 15 16 17 18 19	Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 201, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: <b>"SEC. 3035. LAW ENFORCEMENT NALOXONE TRAINING AND</b> <b>IMPLEMENTATION DEMONSTRATION.</b> "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'eligible entity' means a State, local, or tribal law enforcement
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 201, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: <b>"SEC. 3035. LAW ENFORCEMENT NALOXONE TRAINING AND</b> <b>IMPLEMENTATION DEMONSTRATION.</b> "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'eligible entity' means a State, local, or tribal law enforcement agency.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 201, is amended by adding at the end the following: <b>"SEC. 3035. LAW ENFORCEMENT NALOXONE TRAINING AND IMPLEMENTATION DEMONSTRATION.</b> "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'eligible entity' means a State, local, or tribal law enforcement agency. "(b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Attorney Gen-

1	to create a demonstration law enforcement program to
2	prevent opioid and heroin overdose death.
3	"(c) Application.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
5	grant under this section shall submit an application
6	to the Attorney General—
7	"(A) that meets the criteria under para-
8	graph $(2)$ ; and
9	"(B) at such time, in such manner, and
10	accompanied by such information as the Attor-
11	ney General may require.
12	"(2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submit-
13	ting an application under paragraph (1), shall—
14	"(A) describe the evidence-based method-
15	ology and outcome measurements that will be
16	used to evaluate the program funded with a
17	grant under this section, and specifically ex-
18	plain how such measurements will provide valid
19	measures of the impact of the program;
20	"(B) describe how the program could be
21	broadly replicated if demonstrated to be effec-
22	tive;
23	"(C) identify the governmental and com-
24	munity agencies that the program will coordi-
25	nate; and

1	"(D) describe how law enforcement agen-
2	cies will coordinate with their corresponding
3	State substance abuse and mental health agen-
4	cies to identify protocols and resources that are
5	available to victims and families, including in-
6	formation on treatment and recovery resources.
7	"(d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a
8	grant received under this section to—
9	"(1) make naloxone available to be carried and
10	administered by law enforcement officers;
11	"(2) train and provide resources for law en-
12	forcement officers on carrying and administering
13	naloxone for the prevention of opioid and heroin
14	overdose death; and
15	"(3) establish processes, protocols, and mecha-
16	nisms for referral to treatment.
17	"(e) Grant Amounts and Duration.—
18	"(1) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The Attorney Gen-
19	eral may not award a grant under this section in an
20	amount that exceeds \$500,000.
21	"(2) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall
22	award grants under this section for a period not to
23	exceed 2 years.
24	"(f) Technical Assistance Grants.—The Attor-
25	ney General shall make a grant for the purpose of pro-

viding technical assistance and training on the use of
 naloxone to reverse overdose deaths and mechanisms for
 referral to treatment for an eligible entity receiving a
 grant under this section.

5 "(g) EVALUATION.—The Attorney General shall con6 duct an evaluation of grants made under this section to
7 determine—

8 "(1) the number of officers equipped with
9 naloxone for the prevention of fatal opioid and her10 oin overdose;

11 "(2) the number of opioid and heroin overdoses
12 reversed by officers receiving training and supplies
13 of naloxone through a grant received under this sec14 tion;

15 "(3) the number of calls for service related to16 opioid and heroin overdose;

17 "(4) the extent to which overdose victims and
18 families receive information about treatment services
19 and available data describing treatment admissions;
20 and

"(5) the research, training, and naloxone supply
needs of law enforcement and first responder agencies, including those agencies that are not receiving
grants under this section.

"(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
 \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".

## 4 SEC. 203. PRESCRIPTION DRUG TAKE BACK EXPANSION.

5 Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
6 Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 202, is amend7 ed by adding at the end the following:

## 8 "SEC. 3036. PRESCRIPTION DRUG TAKE BACK EXPANSION.

9 "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'eligible10 entity' means—

11 "(1) a State, local, or tribal law enforcement12 agency;

13 "(2) a manufacturer, distributor, or reverse dis14 tributor of prescription medications;

15 "(3) a retail pharmacy;

16 "(4) a registered narcotic treatment program;

17 "(5) a hospital or clinic with an on-site phar-18 macy;

19 "(6) an eligible long-term care facility; or

20 "(7) any other entity authorized by the Drug
21 Enforcement Administration to dispose of prescrip22 tion medications.

23 "(b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Attorney Gen24 eral, in coordination with the Administrator of the Drug
25 Enforcement Administration, the Secretary of Health and

1	Human Services, and the Director of the Office of Na-
2	tional Drug Control Policy, may make grants to eligible
3	entities to expand or make available disposal sites for un-
4	wanted prescription medications.
5	"(c) Application.—
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
7	grant under this section shall submit an application
8	to the Attorney General—
9	"(A) that meets the criteria under para-
10	graph $(2)$ ; and
11	"(B) at such time, in such manner, and
12	accompanied by such information as the Attor-
13	ney General may require.
14	"(2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submit-
15	ting an application under paragraph (1), shall—
15 16	ting an application under paragraph (1), shall— "(A) describe the evidence-based method-
16	"(A) describe the evidence-based method-
16 17	"(A) describe the evidence-based method- ology and outcome measurements that will be
16 17 18	"(A) describe the evidence-based method- ology and outcome measurements that will be used to evaluate the program funded with a
16 17 18 19	"(A) describe the evidence-based method- ology and outcome measurements that will be used to evaluate the program funded with a grant under this section, and specifically ex-
16 17 18 19 20	"(A) describe the evidence-based method- ology and outcome measurements that will be used to evaluate the program funded with a grant under this section, and specifically ex- plain how such measurements will provide valid
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	"(A) describe the evidence-based method- ology and outcome measurements that will be used to evaluate the program funded with a grant under this section, and specifically ex- plain how such measurements will provide valid measures of the impact of the program;
1	"(C) identify the governmental and com-
----	--
2	munity agencies that will coordinate the pro-
3	gram.
4	"(d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a
5	grant received under this section for—
6	"(1) expenses of a prescription drug disposal
7	site, including materials and resources;
8	"(2) implementing disposal procedures and
9	processes;
10	"(3) implementing community education strate-
11	gies, including community education materials and
12	resources;
13	"(4) replicating a prescription drug take back
14	initiative throughout multiple jurisdictions; and
15	"(5) training of law enforcement officers and
16	other community participants.
17	"(e) Grant Amounts and Duration.—
18	"(1) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The Attorney Gen-
19	eral may not award a grant under this section in an
20	amount that exceeds \$250,000.
21	"(2) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall
22	award grants under this section for a period not to
23	exceed 2 years.
24	"(f) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE GRANT.—The Attorney
25	General shall make a grant to a national nonprofit organi-

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1	zation to provide technical assistance and training for an
2	eligible entity receiving a grant under this section.
3	"(g) EVALUATION.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall
5	make a grant for evaluation of the performance of
6	each eligible entity receiving a grant under this sec-
7	tion.
8	"(2) REPORTS.—Each fiscal year, the recipient
9	of a grant under this subsection shall submit to the
10	Attorney General a report that evaluates—
11	"(A) the effectiveness of the prescription
12	drug take back program of each eligible entity
13	receiving a grant under this section; and
14	"(B) the effect of disposal efforts on drug
15	circulation.
16	"(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
17	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
18	\$2,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".
19	TITLE III—TREATMENT AND
20	RECOVERY
21	SEC. 301. EVIDENCE-BASED OPIOID AND HEROIN TREAT-
22	MENT AND INTERVENTIONS DEMONSTRA-
23	TION.
24	Subpart 1 of part B of title V of the Public Health
25	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290bb et seq.) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating section $514$ (42 U.S.C.
2	290bb-9), as added by section 3632 of the Meth-
3	amphetamine Anti-Proliferation Act of 2000 (Public
4	Law 106–310; 114 Stat. 1236), as section 514B;
5	and
6	(2) by adding at the end the following:
7	"SEC. 514C. EVIDENCE-BASED OPIOID AND HEROIN TREAT-
8	MENT AND INTERVENTIONS DEMONSTRA-
9	TION.
10	"(a) GRANTS.—
11	"(1) AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS.—The Di-
12	rector of the Center for Substance Abuse Treatment
13	(referred to in this section as the 'Director') may
14	award grants to State substance abuse agencies,
15	units of local government, nonprofit organizations,
16	and Indian tribes or tribal organizations (as defined
17	in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement
18	Act (25 U.S.C. 1603)) that have a high rate, or
19	have had a rapid increase, in the use of heroin or
20	other opioids, in order to permit such entities to ex-
21	pand activities, including an expansion in the avail-
22	ability of medication assisted treatment, with respect
23	to the treatment of addiction in the specific geo-
24	graphical areas of such entities where there is a rate

or rapid increase in the use of heroin or other
 opioids.

3 "(2) RECIPIENTS.—The entities receiving
4 grants under paragraph (1) shall be selected by the
5 Director.

6 "(3) NATURE OF ACTIVITIES.—The grant funds 7 awarded under paragraph (1) shall be used for ac-8 tivities that are based on reliable scientific evidence 9 of efficacy in the treatment of problems related to 10 heroin or other opioids.

11 "(b) GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.—The Director 12 shall ensure that grants awarded under subsection (a) are 13 distributed equitably among the various regions of the Na-14 tion and among rural, urban, and suburban areas that are 15 affected by the use of heroin or other opioids.

16 "(c) ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES.—The Director shall—
17 "(1) evaluate the activities supported by grants
18 awarded under subsection (a);

"(2) disseminate widely such significant information derived from the evaluation as the Director
considers appropriate;

"(3) provide States, Indian tribes and tribal organizations, and providers with technical assistance
in connection with the provision of treatment of
problems related to heroin and other opioids; and

"(4) fund only those applications that specifi cally support recovery services as a critical compo nent of the grant program.

4 "(d) DEFINITION.—The term 'medication assisted
5 treatment' means the use, for problems relating to heroin
6 and other opioids, of medications approved by the Food
7 and Drug Administration in combination with counseling
8 and behavioral therapies.

9 "(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—

10 "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be 11 appropriated to carry out this section \$12,000,000 12 for fiscal year 2016 and such sums as may be nec-13 essary for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020. 14 "(2) USE OF CERTAIN FUNDS.—Of the funds 15 appropriated to carry out this section in any fiscal 16 year, the lesser of 5 percent of such funds or 17 \$1,000,000 shall be available to the Director for 18 purposes of carrying out subsection (c).".

19 SEC. 302. CRIMINAL JUSTICE MEDICATION ASSISTED20TREATMENT AND INTERVENTIONS DEM-21ONSTRATION.

22 Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
23 Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 203, is amend24 ed by adding at the end the following:

1	"SEC. 3037. CRIMINAL JUSTICE MEDICATION ASSISTED
2	TREATMENT AND INTERVENTIONS DEM-
3	ONSTRATION.
4	"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
5	"(1) the term 'criminal justice agency' means a
6	State, local, or tribal—
7	"(A) court;
8	"(B) prison;
9	"(C) jail; or
10	"(D) other agency that performs the ad-
11	ministration of criminal justice, including pros-
12	ecution, pretrial services, and community super-
13	vision; and
14	"(2) the term 'eligible entity' means a State,
15	unit of local government, or Indian tribe.
16	"(b) Program Authorized.—The Attorney Gen-
17	eral, in coordination with the Secretary of Health and
18	Human Services and the Director of the Office of National
19	Drug Control Policy, may make grants to eligible entities
20	to implement medication assisted treatment programs
21	through criminal justice agencies.
22	"(c) Application.—
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity desiring a
24	grant under this section shall submit an application
25	to the Attorney General—

1	"(A) that meets the criteria under para-
2	graph $(2)$ ; and
3	"(B) at such time, in such manner, and
4	accompanied by such information as the Attor-
5	ney General may require.
6	"(2) CRITERIA.—An eligible entity, in submit-
7	ting an application under paragraph (1), shall—
8	"(A) certify that each medication assisted
9	treatment program funded with a grant under
10	this section has been developed in consultation
11	with the Single State Authority for Substance
12	Abuse; and
13	"(B) describe how data will be collected
14	and analyzed to determine the effectiveness of
15	the program described in subparagraph (A).
16	"(d) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity shall use a
17	grant received under this section for expenses of—
18	"(1) a medication assisted treatment program,
19	including the expenses of prescribing medications
20	recognized by the Food and Drug Administration for
21	opioid treatment in conjunction with psychological
22	and behavioral therapy;
23	"(2) training criminal justice agency personnel
24	and treatment providers on medication assisted
25	treatment;

"(3) cross-training personnel providing behav-
ioral health and health services, administration of
medicines, and other administrative expenses, includ-
ing required reports; and
"(4) the provision of recovery coaches who are
responsible for providing mentorship and transition
plans to individuals reentering society following in-
carceration or alternatives to incarceration.
"(e) Grant Amounts and Duration.—
"(1) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The Attorney Gen-
eral may not award a grant under this section in an
amount that exceeds \$750,000.
"(2) DURATION.—The Attorney General shall
award grants under this section for a period not to
exceed 2 years.
"(f) Priority Consideration With Respect to
STATES.—In awarding grants to States under this sec-
tion, the Attorney General shall give priority to a State
that provides civil liability protection for first responders,
health professionals, and family members administering
naloxone to counteract opioid overdoses by—
"(1) enacting legislation that provides such civil
liability protection; or
((2)) providing a certification by the attorney
general of the State that the attorney general has—

"(A) reviewed any applicable civil liability 1 2 protection law to determine the applicability of 3 the law with respect to first responders, health 4 care professionals, family members, and other 5 individuals who may administer naloxone to individuals reasonably believed to be suffering 6 7 from opioid overdose; and "(B) concluded that the law described in 8 9 subparagraph (A) provides adequate civil liabil-10 ity protection applicable to such persons. "(g) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Attorney Gen-11 12 eral, in coordination with the Director of the National Institute on Drug Abuse and the Secretary of Health and 13

45

- 14 Human Services, shall provide technical assistance and15 training for an eligible entity receiving a grant under this16 section.
- 17 "(h) REPORTS.—

18 "(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity receiving
19 a grant under this subsection shall submit a report
20 to the Attorney General on the outcomes of each
21 grant received under this section for individuals re22 ceiving medication assisted treatment, based on—
23 "(A) the recidivism of the individuals;

24 "(B) the treatment outcomes of the indi-25 viduals, including maintaining abstinence from

1	illegal, unauthorized, and unprescribed or
2	undispensed opioids and heroin;
3	"(C) a comparison of the cost of providing
4	medication assisted treatment to the cost of in-
5	carceration or other participation in the crimi-
6	nal justice system;
7	"(D) the housing status of the individuals;
8	and
9	"(E) the employment status of the individ-
10	uals.
11	"(2) CONTENTS AND TIMING.—Each report de-
12	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be submitted annually
13	in such form, containing such information, and on
14	such dates as the Attorney General shall specify.
15	"(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
16	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
17	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".
18	SEC. 303. NATIONAL YOUTH RECOVERY INITIATIVE.
19	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
20	(1) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible enti-
21	ty" means—
22	(A) a high school that has been accredited
23	as a recovery high school by the Association of
24	Recovery Schools;

1	(B) an accredited high school that is seek-
2	ing to establish or expand recovery support
3	services;
4	(C) an institution of higher education;
5	(D) a recovery program at a nonprofit col-
6	legiate institution; or
7	(E) a nonprofit organization.
8	(2) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The
9	term "institution of higher education" has the
10	meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher
11	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
12	(3) Recovery program.—The term "recovery
13	program"—
14	(A) means a program to help individuals
15	who are recovering from substance use dis-
16	orders to initiate, stabilize, and maintain
17	healthy and productive lives in the community;
18	and
19	(B) includes peer-to-peer support and com-
20	munal activities to build recovery skills and
21	supportive social networks.
22	(b) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—The ONDCP Recovery
23	Branch, in consultation with the Secretary of Education,
24	may award grants to eligible entities to enable the entities
25	to—

1	(1) provide substance use recovery support serv-
2	ices to young people in high school and enrolled in
3	institutions of higher education;
4	(2) help build communities of support for young
5	people in recovery through a spectrum of activities
6	such as counseling and healthy and wellness-oriented
7	social activities; and
8	(3) encourage initiatives designed to help young
9	people achieve and sustain recovery from substance
10	use disorders.
11	(c) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants awarded under sub-
12	section (b) may be used for activities to develop, support,
13	and maintain youth recovery support services, including—
14	(1) the development and maintenance of a dedi-
15	cated physical space for recovery programs;
16	(2) dedicated staff for the provision of recovery
17	programs;
18	(3) healthy and wellness-oriented social activi-
19	ties and community engagement;
20	(4) establishment of recovery high schools;
21	(5) coordination of recovery programs with—
22	(A) substance use disorder treatment pro-
23	grams and systems;
24	(B) providers of mental health services;
25	(C) primary care providers;

1	(D) the criminal justice system, including
2	the juvenile justice system;
3	(E) employers;
4	(F) housing services;
5	(G) child welfare services;
6	(H) institutions of secondary higher edu-
7	cation and institutions of higher education; and
8	(I) other programs or services related to
9	the welfare of an individual in recovery from a
10	substance use disorder;
11	(6) the development of peer-to-peer support
12	programs or services; and
13	(7) additional activities that help youths and
14	young adults to achieve recovery from substance use
15	disorders.
16	(d) RESOURCE CENTER.—The ONDCP Recovery
17	Branch shall establish a resource center to provide tech-
18	nical support to recipients of grants under this section.
19	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
20	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
21	\$3,000,000 for fiscal year 2016 and each of the 5 suc-
22	ceeding fiscal years.

# 1 SEC. 304. BUILDING COMMUNITIES OF RECOVERY.

2 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "recovery
3 community organization" means an independent nonprofit
4 organization that—

5 (1) mobilizes resources within and outside of
6 the recovery community to increase the prevalence
7 and quality of long-term recovery from substance
8 use disorders; and

9 (2) is wholly or principally governed by people
10 in recovery for substance use disorders who reflect
11 the community served.

12 (b) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—The ONDCP Recovery 13 Branch, in consultation with the Substance Abuse and 14 Mental Health Services Administration, may award grants 15 to recovery community organizations to enable such orga-16 nizations to develop, expand, and enhance recovery serv-17 ices.

(c) MAXIMUM GRANT AMOUNT.—The ONDCP Recovery Branch may not award a grant under this section
in an amount that exceeds \$200,000.

(d) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of the
costs of a program funded by a grant under this section
may not exceed 50 percent.

24 (e) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants awarded under sub-25 section (b)—

1	(1) shall be used to develop, expand, and en-
2	hance community and statewide recovery support
3	services; and
4	(2) may be used to—
5	(A) advocate for individuals in recovery
6	from substance use disorders;
7	(B) build connections between recovery
8	networks, between recovery community organi-
9	zations, and with other recovery support serv-
10	ices, including—
11	(i) substance use disorder treatment
12	programs and systems;
13	(ii) providers of mental health serv-
14	ices;
15	(iii) primary care providers;
16	(iv) the criminal justice system;
17	(v) employers;
18	(vi) housing services;
19	(vii) child welfare agencies; and
20	(viii) other recovery support services
21	that facilitate recovery from substance use
22	disorders;
23	(C) reduce the stigma associated with sub-
24	stance use disorders;

1	(D) conduct public education and outreach
2	on issues relating to substance use disorders
3	and recovery, including—
4	(i) how to identify the signs of addic-
5	tion;
6	(ii) the resources that are available
7	for individuals struggling with addiction;
8	(iii) the resources that are available to
9	help support individuals in recovery; and
10	(iv) information on the medical con-
11	sequences of substance use disorders, in-
12	cluding neonatal abstinence syndrome and
13	potential infection with human immuno-
14	deficiency virus and viral hepatitis; and
15	(E) carry out other activities that
16	strengthen the network of community support
17	for individuals in recovery.
18	(f) RESOURCE CENTER.—The ONDCP Recovery
19	Branch shall establish a resource center to provide tech-
20	nical assistance to recipients of grants under this section
21	and to provide information to individuals seeking to sup-
22	port people in recovery from substance use disorders.
23	(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
24	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section

\$5,700,000 in fiscal year 2016 and each of the 3 suc-1 2 ceeding fiscal years. TITLE IV—ADDRESSING 3 **COLLATERAL CONSEQUENCES** 4 5 SEC. 401. CORRECTIONAL EDUCATION DEMONSTRATION 6 **GRANT PROGRAM.** 7 Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe 8 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.) is amend-9 ed— 10 (1) by redesignating part KK as part LL; 11 (2) by redesignating sections 3011 and 3012 as sections 3021 and 3022, respectively; and 12 13 (3) by inserting before part LL, as redesig-14 nated, the following: 15 **"PART KK—CORRECTIONAL EDUCATION** 16 **DEMONSTRATION GRANT PROGRAM** 17 **"SEC. 3011. CORRECTIONAL EDUCATION DEMONSTRATION** 18 **GRANT PROGRAM.** 19 "(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'eligible entity' means a State, unit of local government, nonprofit 20 21 organization, or Indian tribe. 22 "(b) GRANT PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Attorney 23 General may make grants of not more than \$750,000 to 24 eligible entities to design, implement, and expand educational programs for offenders in prisons, jails, and juve nile facilities, including to pay for—

3 "(1) basic education, secondary level academic
4 education, high school equivalency examination prep5 aration, career technical education, and English as
6 a second language instruction at the basic, sec7 ondary, or post-secondary levels, for adult and juve8 nile populations;

9 "(2) screening and assessment of inmates to as-10 sess education level, needs, occupational interest or 11 aptitude, risk level, and other needs, and case man-12 agement services;

"(3) hiring and training of instructors and
aides, reimbursement of non-corrections staff and
experts, reimbursement of stipends paid to inmate
tutors or aides, and the costs of training inmate tutors and aides;

"(4) instructional supplies and equipment, including occupational program supplies and equipment to the extent that the supplies and equipment
are used for instructional purposes;

"(5) partnerships and agreements with community colleges, universities, and career technology education program providers, including tuition payments;

1	"(6) certification programs providing recognized
2	high school equivalency certificates and industry rec-
3	ognized credentials; and
4	"(7) technology solutions to—
5	"(A) meet the instructional, assessment,
6	and information needs of correctional popu-
7	lations; and
8	"(B) facilitate the continued participation
9	of incarcerated students in community-based
10	education programs after the students are re-
11	leased from incarceration.
12	"(c) Application.—An eligible entity desiring a
13	grant under this section shall submit to the Attorney Gen-
14	eral an application in such form and manner, at such time,
15	and accompanied by such information as the Attorney
16	General specifies.
17	"(d) Priority Considerations.—In awarding
18	grants under this section, the Attorney General shall give
19	priority to applicants that—
20	"(1) assess the level of risk and need of in-
21	mates, including by—
22	"(A) assessing the need for English as a
23	second language instruction;
24	"(B) conducting educational assessments;
25	and

1	"(C) assessing occupational interests and
2	aptitudes;
3	"(2) target educational services to assessed
4	needs, including academic and occupational at the
5	basic, secondary, or post-secondary level;
6	"(3) target career technology education pro-
7	grams to—
8	"(A) areas of identified occupational de-
9	mand; and
10	"(B) employment opportunities in the com-
11	munities in which students are reasonably ex-
12	pected to reside post-release;
13	"(4) include a range of appropriate educational
14	opportunities at the basic, secondary, and post-sec-
15	ondary levels;
16	"(5) include opportunities for students to attain
17	industry recognized credentials;
18	"(6) include partnership or articulation agree-
19	ments linking institutional education programs with
20	community sited programs provided by adult edu-
21	cation program providers and accredited institutions
22	of higher education, community colleges, and voca-
23	tional training institutions; and
24	"(7) explicitly include career pathways models
25	offering opportunities for incarcerated students to

1 develop academic skills, in-demand occupational 2 skills and credentials, occupational experience in in-3 stitutional work programs or work release programs, 4 and linkages with employers in the community, so 5 that incarcerated students have opportunities to em-6 bark on careers with strong prospects for both post-7 release employment and advancement in a career 8 ladder over time.

9 "(e) REQUIREMENTS.—An eligible entity desiring a
10 grant under this section shall—

11 "(1) describe the evidence-based methodology 12 and outcome measurements that will be used to 13 evaluate each program funded with a grant under 14 this section, and specifically explain how such meas-15 urements will provide valid measures of the impact 16 of the program; and

17 "(2) describe how the program described in
18 paragraph (1) could be broadly replicated if dem19 onstrated to be effective.

20 "(f) CONTROL OF INTERNET ACCESS.—An entity
21 that receives a grant under this section shall restrict ac22 cess to the Internet by prisoners, as appropriate, to ensure
23 public safety.

### 1 **"SEC. 3012. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

2 "There are authorized to be appropriated \$5,000,000 3 to carry out this part for fiscal years 2016 through 4 2020.".

### 5 SEC. 402. REVISION OF FAFSA FORM.

6 Section 483 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20) 7 U.S.C. 1090) is amended by adding at the end the fol-8 lowing:

"(i) CONVICTIONS.—The Secretary shall not include 9 any question about the conviction of an applicant for the 10 possession or sale of illegal drugs on the FAFSA (or any 11 other form developed under subsection (a)).". 12

### 13 SEC. 403. NATIONAL TASK FORCE ON RECOVERY AND COL-14

# LATERAL CONSEQUENCES.

15 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "collateral consequence" means a penalty, disability, or dis-16 17 advantage-

18 (1) imposed on an individual as a result of a 19 criminal conviction but not as part of the judgment 20 of the court that imposes the conviction; or

21 (2) that an administrative agency, official, or 22 civil court is authorized, but not required, to impose 23 on an individual convicted of a felony, misdemeanor, 24 or other criminal offense.

(b) ESTABLISHMENT.— 25

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
Health and Human Services (in this section referred
to as the "Secretary") shall establish a bipartisan
task force to be known as the Task Force on Recov-
ery and Collateral Consequences (in this section re-
ferred to as the "Task Force").
(2) Membership.—
(A) TOTAL NUMBER OF MEMBERS.—The
Task Force shall include 10 members, who shall
be appointed by the Secretary in accordance
with subparagraphs (B) and (C).
(B) Members of the task force.—The
Task Force shall include—
(i) members who have national rec-
ognition and significant expertise in areas
such as health care, housing, employment,
substance use disorder, mental health, law
enforcement, and law;
(ii) not fewer than 2 members—
(I) who have personally experi-
enced substance abuse or addiction
and are in recovery; and

1	(II) not fewer than 1 one of
2	whom has benefited from medication
3	assisted treatment; and
4	(iii) to the extent practicable, mem-
5	bers who formerly served as elected offi-
6	cials at the State and Federal levels.
7	(C) TIMING.—The Secretary shall appoint
8	the members of the Task Force not later than
9	60 days after the date on which the Task Force
10	is established under paragraph (1).
11	(3) CHAIRPERSON.—The Task Force shall se-
12	lect a chairperson or co-chairpersons from among
13	the members of the Task Force.
14	(c) Duties of the Task Force.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall—
16	(A) identify collateral consequences for in-
17	dividuals with Federal or State drug convictions
18	who are in recovery for substance use disorder;
19	and
20	(B) determine whether the collateral con-
21	sequences identified under subparagraph (A)
22	unnecessarily delay individuals in recovery from
23	resuming their personal and professional activi-
24	ties.

1	(2) Recommendations.—Not later than 180
2	days after the date of the first meeting of the Task
3	Force, the Task Force shall develop recommenda-
4	tions for proposed legislative and regulatory changes
5	to reduce and, to the extent practicable, eliminate
6	the collateral consequences identified by the Task
7	Force under paragraph (1).
8	(3) Collection of information.—The Task
9	Force shall hold hearings, require the testimony and
10	attendance of witnesses, and secure information
11	from any department or agency of the United States
12	in performing the duties under paragraphs $(1)$ and
13	(2).
14	(4) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the
15	date of the first meeting of the Task Force, the
16	Task Force shall submit a report detailing the find-
17	ings and recommendations of the Task Force to—
18	(A) each relevant committee of Congress;
19	(B) the head of each relevant department
20	or agency of the United States;
21	(C) the President; and
22	(D) the Vice President.

# 1 TITLE V—ADDICTION AND 2 TREATMENT SERVICES FOR 3 WOMEN, FAMILIES, AND VET 4 ERANS

5 SEC. 501. AUTHORITY TO AWARD COMPETITIVE GRANTS TO
6 ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE BY
7 PREGNANT AND PARENTING FEMALE OF8 FENDERS.

9 Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
10 Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 302, is amend11 ed by adding at the end the following:

12 "SEC. 3038. AUTHORITY TO AWARD COMPETITIVE GRANTS
13 TO ADDRESS OPIOID AND HEROIN ABUSE BY
14 PREGNANT AND PARENTING FEMALE OF15 FENDERS.

16 "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

"(1) the term 'State criminal justice agency'
means the agency of the State responsible for administering criminal justice funds, including the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program under subpart 1 of part E; and

"(2) the term 'State substance abuse agency'
means the agency of the State responsible for the
State prevention, treatment, and recovery system,
including management of the Substance Abuse Pre-

1	vention and Treatment Block Grant under subpart
2	II of part B of title XIX of the Public Health Serv-
3	ice Act (42 U.S.C. 300x–21 et seq.).
4	"(b) Purpose and Program Authority.—
5	"(1) GRANT AUTHORIZATION.—The Attorney
6	General, in coordination with the Secretary of
7	Health and Human Services, may award competitive
8	grants jointly to a State substance abuse agency and
9	a State criminal justice agency to address the use of
10	opioids and heroin among pregnant and parenting
11	female offenders in the State to promote public safe-
12	ty, public health, family permanence, and well-being.
13	"(2) Purposes and program authority.—A
14	grant under this section shall be used to facilitate or
15	enhance collaboration between the State criminal
16	justice and State substance abuse systems in order
17	to carry out programs to address the use of opioid
18	and heroin abuse by pregnant and parenting female
19	offenders.
20	"(c) Applications.—
21	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A State substance abuse

21 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A State substance abuse
22 agency and State criminal justice agency desiring a
23 grant under this section shall jointly submit to the
24 Attorney General an application in such form, and

1	containing such information, as the Attorney Gen-
2	eral may prescribe by regulation or guidelines.
3	"(2) CONTENTS.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each application for a
5	grant under this section shall contain a plan to
6	expand the services of the State for pregnant
7	and parenting female offenders for the use of
8	opioids, heroin, and other drugs, which shall be
9	in accordance with regulations or guidelines es-
10	tablished by the Attorney General, in consulta-
11	tion with the Secretary of Health and Human
12	Services.
13	"(B) PLAN.—A plan submitted under sub-
13 14	"(B) PLAN.—A plan submitted under sub- paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include—
14	paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include—
14 15	paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include— "(i) a description of how the appli-
14 15 16	paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include— "(i) a description of how the appli- cants will work jointly to address the needs
14 15 16 17	paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include— "(i) a description of how the appli- cants will work jointly to address the needs associated with the use of opioids or heroin
14 15 16 17 18	paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include— "(i) a description of how the appli- cants will work jointly to address the needs associated with the use of opioids or heroin by pregnant and parenting female offend-
14 15 16 17 18 19	paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include— "(i) a description of how the appli- cants will work jointly to address the needs associated with the use of opioids or heroin by pregnant and parenting female offend- ers to promote family stability and perma-
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include— "(i) a description of how the appli- cants will work jointly to address the needs associated with the use of opioids or heroin by pregnant and parenting female offend- ers to promote family stability and perma- nence;
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	paragraph (A) shall, at a minimum, include— "(i) a description of how the appli- cants will work jointly to address the needs associated with the use of opioids or heroin by pregnant and parenting female offend- ers to promote family stability and perma- nence; "(ii) a description of the nature and

1	"(iii) a certification that the State has
2	involved counties and other units of local
3	government, when appropriate, in the de-
4	velopment, expansion, modification, oper-
5	ation, or improvement of proposed pro-
6	grams to address the problems associated
7	with opioid and heroin use;
8	"(iv) a certification that funds re-
9	ceived under this section will be used to
10	supplement, not supplant, other Federal,
11	State, and local funds; and
12	"(v) a description of clinically appro-
13	priate practices and procedures to—
14	"(I) screen and assess pregnant
15	and parenting female offenders for
16	problems associated with opioids and
17	heroin;
18	"(II) screen and assess pregnant
19	and parenting female offenders dem-
20	onstrating problems associated with
21	opioids and heroin for co-occurring
22	mental disorders;
23	"(III) provide clinically appro-
24	priate services, including medication
25	assisted treatment, for female offend-

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1 "(2) EVALUATION.—Not later than 1 year after 2 the end of the period of a grant under this section, 3 the Attorney General shall submit a report to each 4 committee of Congress with jurisdiction of the pro-5 gram under this section that summarizes the reports 6 of the recipients of the grant and provides rec-7 ommendations, if any, for further legislative action. 8 "(f) TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The 9 Attorney General shall support State substance abuse and 10 State criminal justice agencies by developing, in consultation with State substance abuse and State criminal justice 11 12 agencies, and offering a program of training and technical 13 assistance to assist the agencies in developing programs 14 and protocols— 15 "(1) to implement this section; and "(2) for effectively working across the Federal 16 17 and State criminal and substance abuse systems. 18 "(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 19 20 \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.". 21 SEC. 502. GRANTS FOR FAMILY-BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE

22

## TREATMENT.

23 Section 2925 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
24 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797s-4) is amended—

	00
1	(1) by striking "An entity" and inserting "(a)
2	ENTITY REPORTS.—An entity"; and
3	(2) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(b) ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORT ON FAMILY-
5	BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT.—The Attorney
6	General shall submit to Congress an annual report that
7	describes the number of grants awarded under section
8	2921(1) and how such grants are used by the recipients
9	for family-based substance abuse treatment programs that
10	serve as alternatives to incarceration for custodial parents
11	to receive treatment and services as a family.".
12	SEC. 503. VETERANS' TREATMENT COURTS.
13	Section 2991 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
14	Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797aa) is amended—
15	(1) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection
16	(j);
17	(2) by inserting after subsection (h) the fol-
18	lowing:
19	"(i) Assisting Veterans.—
20	"(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
21	"(A) PEER TO PEER SERVICES OR PRO-
22	GRAMS.—The term 'peer to peer services or
23	programs' means services or programs that con-
24	nect qualified veterans with other veterans for
25	the purpose of providing support and

1	mentorship to assist qualified veterans in ob-
2	taining treatment, recovery, stabilization, or re-
3	habilitation.
4	"(B) QUALIFIED VETERAN.—The term
5	'qualified veteran' means a preliminarily quali-
6	fied offender who—
7	"(i) has served on active duty in any
8	branch of the Armed Forces, including the
9	National Guard and reserve components;
10	and
11	"(ii)(I) was discharged or released
12	from such service under conditions other
13	than dishonorable; or
14	"(II) was discharged or released from
15	such service under dishonorable conditions,
16	if the reason for that discharge or release,
17	if known, is attributable to drug use.
18	"(C) VETERANS TREATMENT COURT PRO-
19	GRAM.—The term 'veterans treatment court
20	program' means a court program involving col-
21	laboration among criminal justice, veterans, and
22	mental health and substance abuse agencies
23	that provides qualified veterans with—
24	"(i) intensive judicial supervision and
25	case management, which may include ran-

1	dom and frequent drug testing where ap-
2	propriate;
3	"(ii) a full continuum of treatment
4	services, including mental health services,
5	substance abuse services, medical services,
6	and services to address trauma;
7	"(iii) alternatives to incarceration;
8	and
9	"(iv) other appropriate services, in-
10	cluding housing, transportation, mentoring,
11	employment, job training, education, and
12	assistance in applying for and obtaining
13	available benefits.
14	"(2) Veterans assistance program.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General,
16	in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans
17	Affairs, may award grants under this sub-
18	section to applicants to establish or expand—
19	"(i) veterans treatment court pro-
20	grams;
21	"(ii) peer to peer services or programs
22	for qualified veterans;
23	"(iii) practices that identify and pro-
24	vide treatment, rehabilitation, legal, transi-
25	tional, and other appropriate services to

1	qualified veterans who have been incarcer-
2	ated; and
3	"(iv) training programs to teach
4	criminal justice, law enforcement, correc-
5	tions, mental health, and substance abuse
6	personnel how to identify and appro-
7	priately respond to incidents involving
8	qualified veterans.
9	"(B) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants
10	under this subsection, the Attorney General
11	shall give priority to applications that—
12	"(i) demonstrate collaboration be-
13	tween and joint investments by criminal
14	justice, mental health, substance abuse,
15	and veterans service agencies;
16	"(ii) promote effective strategies to
17	identify and reduce the risk of harm to
18	qualified veterans and public safety; and
19	"(iii) propose interventions with em-
20	pirical support to improve outcomes for
21	qualified veterans."; and
22	(3) in subsection (j), as so redesignated—
23	(A) by redesignating paragraph $(2)$ as
24	paragraph (3); and

1	(B) by inserting after paragraph $(1)$ the
2	following:
3	"(2) Veterans treatment courts.—In addi-
4	
	tion to the amounts authorized under paragraph (1),
5	there are authorized to be appropriated to the Attor-
6	ney General \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years
7	2016 through 2020 to carry out subsection (i).".
8	TITLE VI—INCENTIVIZING STATE
9	COMPREHENSIVE INITIA-
10	TIVES TO ADDRESS OPIOID
11	AND HEROIN ABUSE
12	SEC. 601. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM-
13	PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE.
13 14	<b>PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE.</b> Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
14	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
14 15	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 501, is amend-
14 15 16	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 501, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following:
14 15 16 17	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 501, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 3039. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM-
14 15 16 17 18	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 501, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 3039. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM- PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE.
14 15 16 17 18 19	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 501, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: <b>"SEC. 3039. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM-</b> <b>PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE.</b> "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 501, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: <b>*SEC. 3039. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM-</b> <b>PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE.</b> "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— "(1) the term 'dispenser' has the meaning given
<ol> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	Part MM of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended by section 501, is amend- ed by adding at the end the following: <b>"SEC. 3039. STATE DEMONSTRATION GRANTS FOR COM-</b> <b>PREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE RESPONSE.</b> "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section— "(1) the term 'dispenser' has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the Controlled Substances
1	scriber of a schedule II, III, or IV controlled sub-
----	---
2	stance that dispenses the substance—
3	"(A) for use on the premises on which the
4	substance is dispensed;
5	"(B) in a hospital emergency room, when
6	the substance is in short supply;
7	"(C) for a certified opioid treatment pro-
8	gram; or
9	"(D) in other situations as the Attorney
10	General may reasonably determine;
11	"(3) the term 'prescriber' means a dispenser
12	who prescribes a controlled substance, or the agent
13	of such a dispenser; and
14	"(4) the term 'schedule II, III, or IV controlled
15	substance' means a controlled substance that is list-
16	ed on schedule II, schedule III, or schedule IV of
17	section 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21
18	U.S.C. 812(c)).
19	"(b) Planning and Implementation Grants.—
20	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General, in
21	coordination with the Secretary of Health and
22	Human Services and the Director of the Office of
23	National Drug Control Policy, may award grants to
24	States, and combinations thereof, to prepare a com-

1	prehensive plan for and implement an integrated
2	opioid abuse response initiative.
3	"(2) PURPOSES.—A State receiving a grant
4	under this section shall establish a comprehensive
5	response to opioid abuse, which shall include—
6	"(A) prevention and education efforts
7	around heroin and opioid use, treatment, and
8	recovery;
9	"(B) a comprehensive prescription drug
10	monitoring program to track dispensing of
11	schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances,
12	which shall include—
13	"(i) data sharing with other States by
14	statute, regulation, or interstate agree-
15	ment; and
16	"(ii) educating physicians, residents,
17	medical students, and other prescribers of
18	Schedule II, III, or IV controlled sub-
19	stances on the prescription drug moni-
20	toring program of the State;
21	"(C) developing, implementing, or expand-
22	ing the prescription drug and opioid addiction
23	treatment program of the State by—
24	"(i) expanding programs for medica-
25	tion assisted treatment of prescription

drug	g and	d opioid ad	dictio	n, includii	ng train-
ing	for	treatment	and	recovery	support
prov	vider	s;			

4 "(ii) developing, implementing, or ex-5 panding programs for behavioral health 6 therapy for individuals who are in treat-7 ment for prescription drug and opioid ad-8 diction, including contingency manage-9 ment, cognitive behavioral therapy, and 10 motivational enhancements;

"(iii) developing, implementing, or expanding programs to screen individuals
who are in treatment for prescription drug
and opioid addiction for hepatitis C and
HIV, and provide treatment for those individuals if clinically appropriate; or

17 "(iv) developing, implementing, or ex-18 panding programs that provide screening, 19 early intervention, and referral to treat-20 ment (commonly referred to as 'SBIRT') 21 to teenagers and young adults in primary 22 care, middle schools, high schools, univer-23 sities, school-based health centers, and 24 other community-based health care settings

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1	frequently accessed by teenagers or young
2	adults; and
3	"(D) developing, implementing, and ex-
4	panding programs to prevent overdose death of
5	prescription medications and opioids.
6	"(3) Planning grant applications.—
7	"(A) APPLICATION.—
8	"(i) IN GENERAL.—A State desiring a
9	planning grant under this section to pre-
10	pare a comprehensive plan for an inte-
11	grated opioid abuse response initiative
12	shall submit to the Attorney General an
13	application in such form, and containing
14	such information, as the Attorney General
15	may prescribe by regulation or guidelines.
16	"(ii) Requirements.—An application
17	for a planning grant under this section
18	shall, at a minimum, include—
19	"(I) a budget and a budget jus-
20	tification for the activities to be car-
21	ried out using the grant;
22	"(II) a description of the activi-
23	ties proposed to be carried out using
24	the grant, including a schedule for
25	completion of such activities;

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1	"(III) outcome measures that will
2	be used to measure the effectiveness
3	of the programs and initiatives to ad-
4	dress opioids; and
5	"(IV) a description of the per-
6	sonnel necessary to complete such ac-
7	tivities.
8	"(B) PERIOD; NONRENEWABILITY.—A
9	planning grant under this section shall be for a
10	period of 1 year. A State may not receive more
11	than 1 planning grant under this section.
12	"(C) AMOUNT.—A planning grant under
13	this section may not exceed \$100,000, except
14	that the Attorney General may, for good cause,
15	approve a grant in a higher amount.
16	"(D) STRATEGIC PLAN AND PROGRAM IM-
17	PLEMENTATION PLAN.—A State receiving a
18	planning grant under this section shall develop
19	a strategic plan and a program implementation
20	plan.
21	"(4) Implementation grants.—
22	"(A) APPLICATION.—A State desiring an
23	implementation grant under this section to im-
24	plement a comprehensive strategy for address-
25	ing opioid abuse shall submit to the Attorney

General an application in such form, and con- taining such information, as the Attorney Gen- eral may prescribe by regulation or guidelines. "(B) USE OF FUNDS.—A State that re-
eral may prescribe by regulation or guidelines. "(B) USE OF FUNDS.—A State that re-
"(B) USE OF FUNDS.—A State that re-
ceives an implementation grant under this sec-
tion shall use the grant for the cost of carrying
out an integrated opioid abuse response pro-
gram in accordance with this section, including
for technical assistance, training, and adminis-
trative expenses.
"(C) REQUIREMENTS.—An integrated
opioid abuse response program carried out
using an implementation grant under this sec-
tion shall—
"(i) ensure that each prescriber of a
schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance
schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance in the State—
in the State—
in the State— "(I) registers with the prescrip-
in the State— "(I) registers with the prescrip- tion drug monitoring program of the
in the State— "(I) registers with the prescrip- tion drug monitoring program of the State; and
in the State— "(I) registers with the prescrip- tion drug monitoring program of the State; and "(II) consults the prescription

"(ii) ensure that each dispenser of a 1 2 schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance 3 in the State— "(I) registers with the prescrip-4 5 tion drug monitoring program of the 6 State; 7 "(II) consults the prescription 8 drug monitoring program database of 9 the State before dispensing a schedule 10 II, III, or IV controlled substance; 11 and 12 "(III) reports to the prescription 13 drug monitoring program of the 14 State, at a minimum, each instance in 15 which a schedule II, III, or IV con-16 trolled substance is dispensed, with 17 limited exceptions, as defined by the 18 State, which shall indicate the pre-19 scriber by name and National Pro-20 vider Identifier;

21 "(iii) require that, not fewer than 4
22 times each year, the State agency or agen23 cies that administer the prescription drug
24 monitoring program of the State prepare
25 and provide to each prescriber of a sched-

- ule II, III, or IV controlled substance an informational report that shows how the prescribing patterns of the prescriber compare to prescribing practices of the peers of the prescriber and expected norms; "(iv) if informational reports provided to a prescriber under clause (iii) indicate that the prescriber is repeatedly falling outside of expected norms or standard practices for the prescriber's field, direct the prescriber to educational resources on appropriate prescribing of controlled sub-
- 14 "(v) ensure that the prescriber licens15 ing board of the State receives a report de16 scribing any prescribers that repeatedly
  17 fall outside of expected norms or standard
  18 practices for the prescriber's field, as de19 scribed in clause (iii);

stances;

20 "(vi) require consultation with the
21 Single State Authority for Substance
22 Abuse; and

23 "(vii) establish requirements for how
24 data will be collected and analyzed to de25 termine the effectiveness of the program.

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"(D) PERIOD.—An implementation grant under this section shall be for a period of 2 years. "(E) AMOUNT.—The amount of an imple-

4 "(E) AMOUNT.—The amount of an imple5 mentation grant under this section may not ex6 ceed \$5,000,000 except that the Attorney Gen7 eral may, for good cause, approve a grant in a
8 higher amount.

9 "(5) PRIORITY CONSIDERATIONS.—In awarding
10 planning and implementation grants under this sec11 tion, the Attorney General shall give priority to a
12 State that—

"(A) provides civil liability protection for
first responders, health professionals, and family members administering naloxone to counteract opioid overdoses by—

17 "(i) enacting legislation that provides18 such civil liability protection; or

19 "(ii) providing a certification by the
20 attorney general of the State that the at21 torney general has—

22 "(I) reviewed any applicable civil
23 liability protection law to determine
24 the applicability of the law with re25 spect to first responders, health care

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1	professionals, family members, and
2	other individuals who may administer
3	naloxone to individuals reasonably be-
4	lieved to be suffering from opioid
5	overdose; and
6	"(II) concluded that the law de-
7	scribed in subclause (I) provides ade-
8	quate civil liability protection applica-
9	ble to such persons;
10	"(B) have in effect legislation or imple-
11	ment a policy under which the State shall not
12	terminate, but may suspend, enrollment under
13	the State plan for medical assistance under title
14	XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396
15	et seq.) for an individual who is incarcerated for
16	a period of fewer than 2 years;
17	"(C) have a process for enrollment in serv-
18	ices and benefits necessary by criminal justice
19	agencies to initiate or continue treatment in the
20	community, under which an individual who is
21	incarcerated may, while incarcerated, enroll in
22	services and benefits that are necessary for the
23	individual to continue treatment upon release
24	from incarceration;

1	"(D) ensures the capability of data sharing
2	with other States, such as by making data
3	available to a prescription monitoring hub;
4	"(E) ensures that data recorded in the
5	prescription drug monitoring program database
6	of the State is available within 24 hours, to the
7	extent possible; and
8	"(F) ensures that the prescription drug
9	monitoring program of the State notifies pre-
10	scribers and dispensers of schedule II, III, or
11	IV controlled substances when overuse or mis-
12	use of such controlled substances by patients is
13	suspected.
14	"(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
15	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
16	\$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".
17	TITLE VII—OFFSET; GAO
18	REPORT

83

19 SEC. 701. OFFSET.

It is the sense of Congress that the amounts expended to carry out this Act and the amendments made
by this Act should be offset by a corresponding reduction
in Federal non-defense discretionary spending.

84

## 1 SEC. 702. GAO REPORT ON IMD EXCLUSION.

2 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "Med-3 icaid Institutions for Mental Disease exclusion" means the prohibition on Federal matching payments under Medicaid 4 5 for patients who have attained age 22, but have not attained age 65, in an institution for mental diseases under 6 7 subparagraph (B) of the matter following subsection (a) 8 of section 1905 of the Social Security Act and subsection 9 (i) of such section (42 U.S.C. 1396d).

10 (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days 11 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller 12 General of the United States shall submit to Congress a 13 report on the impact that the Medicaid Institutions for 14 Mental Disease exclusion has on access to treatment for 15 individuals with a substance use disorder.

16 (c) ELEMENTS.—The report required under sub-17 section (b) shall include the following:

(1) An analysis of whether the following policy
changes to the Medicaid Institutions for Mental Disease exclusion would enhance access to treatment for
individuals with a substance use disorder:

(A) Removing substance use disorder
treatment and facilities from the Medicaid Institutions for Mental Disease exclusion.

25 (B) Amending section 1905(i) of the Social
26 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(i)) to modestly

1	raise the 16-bed limit in the definition of an in-
2	stitution for mental diseases under that section.
3	(C) Repealing the Medicaid Institutions for
4	Mental Disease exclusion.
5	(2) An analysis of whether and to what extent
6	the quality of care for substance use disorder treat-
7	ment is impacted by the Medicaid Institutions for
8	Mental Disease exclusion.
9	(3) An analysis of barriers in accessing State-
10	specific information related to the impact of the
11	Medicaid Institutions for Mental Disease exclusion
12	on access to treatment.
13	(4) An analysis of the difference in cost be-
14	tween treatment for a substance use disorder in a
15	hospital setting compared to a community-based
16	care setting.
17	(5) An analysis of the characteristics of institu-
18	tions for mental diseases (as defined in section
19	1905(i) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
20	1396d(i))), including the patient capacity of such in-
21	stitutions as well as the type of care setting, among
22	other characteristics.

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