In the House of Representatives, U.S.,

June 8, 2016.

Resolved, That the bill from the Senate (S. 2276) entitled "An Act to amend title 49, United States Code, to provide enhanced safety in pipeline transportation, and for other purposes.", do pass with the following

AMENDMENT:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Pro-
- 3 tecting our Infrastructure of Pipelines and Enhancing Safe-
- 4 ty Act of 2016" or the "PIPES Act of 2016".
- 5 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of this

6 Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 3. Regulatory updates.
- Sec. 4. Natural gas integrity management review.
- Sec. 5. Hazardous liquid integrity management review.
- Sec. 6. Technical safety standards committees.
- Sec. 7. Inspection report information.
- Sec. 8. Improving damage prevention technology.
- Sec. 9. Workforce management.
- Sec. 10. Information-sharing system.
- Sec. 11. Nationwide integrated pipeline safety regulatory database.
- Sec. 12. Underground gas storage facilities.
- Sec. 13. Joint inspection and oversight.
- Sec. 14. Safety data sheets.
- Sec. 15. Hazardous materials identification numbers.
- Sec. 16. Emergency order authority.
- Sec. 17. State grant funds.
- Sec. 18. Response plans.
- Sec. 19. Unusually sensitive areas.
- Sec. 20. Pipeline safety technical assistance grants.

Sec. 21. Study of materials and corrosion prevention in pipeline transportation.

- Sec. 22. Research and development.
- Sec. 23. Active and abandoned pipelines.
- Sec. 24. State pipeline safety agreements.
- Sec. 25. Requirements for certain hazardous liquid pipeline facilities.
- Sec. 26. Study on propane gas pipeline facilities.
- Sec. 27. Standards for certain liquefied natural gas pipeline facilities.
- Sec. 28. Pipeline odorization study.
- Sec. 29. Report on natural gas leak reporting.
- Sec. 30. Review of State policies relating to natural gas leaks.
- Sec. 31. Aliso Canyon natural gas leak task force.

1 SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 2 (a) GAS AND HAZARDOUS LIQUID.—Section 60125(a)
 3 of title 49, United States Code is amended—
- 4 (1) in paragraph (1) by striking "there is au-5 thorized to be appropriated to the Department of 6 Transportation for each of fiscal years 2012 through 7 2015, from fees collected under section 60301, 8 \$90,679,000, of which \$4,746,000 is for carrying out 9 such section 12 and \$36,194,000 is for making 10 grants." and inserting the following: "there is author-11 ized to be appropriated to the Department of Trans-12 portation from fees collected under section 60301—
- "(A) \$124,500,000 for fiscal year 2016, of
 which \$9,000,000 shall be expended for carrying
 out such section 12 and \$39,385,000 shall be expended for making grants;
- "(B) \$128,000,000 for fiscal year 2017 of
 which \$9,000,000 shall be expended for carrying
 out such section 12 and \$41,885,000 shall be expended for making grants;

1	"(C) \$131,000,000 for fiscal year 2018, of
2	which \$9,000,000 shall be expended for carrying
3	out such section 12 and \$44,885,000 shall be ex-
4	pended for making grants; and
5	"(D) \$134,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, of
6	which \$9,000,000 shall be expended for carrying
7	out such section 12 and \$47,885,000 shall be ex-
8	pended for making grants.";
9	(2) in paragraph (2) by striking "there is au-
10	thorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal years
11	2012 through 2015 from the Oil Spill Liability Trust
12	Fund to carry out the provisions of this chapter re-
13	lated to hazardous liquid and section 12 of the Pipe-
14	line Safety Improvement Act of 2002 (49 U.S.C.
15	60101 note; Public Law 107–355), \$18,573,000, of
16	which \$2,174,000 is for carrying out such section 12
17	and \$4,558,000 is for making grants." and inserting
18	the following: "there is authorized to be appropriated
19	from the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund to carry out
20	the provisions of this chapter related to hazardous liq-
21	uid and section 12 of the Pipeline Safety Improve-
22	ment Act of 2002 (49 U.S.C. 60101 note; Public Law
23	107–355)—
24	"(A) \$22,123,000 for fiscal year 2016, of

24 "(A) \$22,123,000 for fiscal year 2016, of
25 which \$3,000,000 shall be expended for carrying

3

1	out such section 12 and \$8,067,000 shall be ex-
2	pended for making grants;
3	``(B) \$22,123,000 for fiscal year 2017, of
4	which \$3,000,000 shall be expended for carrying
5	out such section 12 and \$8,067,000 shall be ex-
6	pended for making grants;
7	"(C) \$23,000,000 for fiscal year 2018, of
8	which \$3,000,000 shall be expended for carrying
9	out such section 12 and \$8,067,000 shall be ex-
10	pended for making grants; and
11	"(D) \$23,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, of
12	which \$3,000,000 shall be expended for carrying
13	out such section 12 and \$8,067,000 shall be ex-
14	pended for making grants."; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(3) UNDERGROUND NATURAL GAS STORAGE FA-
17	CILITY SAFETY ACCOUNT.—To carry out section
18	60141, there is authorized to be appropriated to the
19	Department of Transportation from fees collected
20	under section 60302 \$8,000,000 for each of fiscal
21	years 2017 through 2019.".
22	(b) Operational Expenses.—There are authorized
23	to be appropriated to the Secretary of Transportation for
24	the necessary operational expenses of the Pipeline and Haz-

ardous Materials Safety Administration the following
 amounts:

- 3 (1) \$21,000,000 for fiscal year 2016.
- 4 (2) \$22,000,000 for fiscal year 2017.
- 5 (3) \$22,000,000 for fiscal year 2018.
- 6 (4) \$23,000,000 for fiscal year 2019.
- 7 (c) ONE-CALL NOTIFICATION PROGRAMS.—
- 8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 6107 of title 49,
- 9 United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

10 *"§6107. Funding*

11 "Of the amounts made available under section
12 60125(a)(1), the Secretary shall expend \$1,058,000 for each
13 of fiscal years 2016 through 2019 to carry out section
14 6106.".

15 (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for
16 chapter 61 of title 49, United States Code, is amended
17 by striking the item relating to section 6107 and in18 serting the following:
"6107. Funding.".

(d) PIPELINE SAFETY INFORMATION GRANTS TO COMMUNITIES.—The first sentence of section 60130(c) of title
49, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "Of
the amounts made available under section 2(b) of the
PIPES Act of 2016, the Secretary shall expend \$1,500,000
for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2019 to carry out this
section.".

(e) PIPELINE INTEGRITY PROGRAM.—Section 12(f) of
 the Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2002 (49 U.S.C.
 60101 note) is amended by striking "2012 through 2015"
 and inserting "2016 through 2019".

5 SEC. 3. REGULATORY UPDATES.

6 (a) PUBLICATION.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transpor-8 tation shall publish an update on a publicly available 9 Web site of the Department of Transportation regard-10 ing the status of a final rule for each outstanding reg-11 ulation, and upon such publication notify the Com-12 mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and 13 Infrastructure and the Committee on Energy and 14 15 Commerce of the House of Representatives that such 16 publication has been made.

17 (2) DEADLINES.—The Secretary shall publish an
18 update under this subsection not later than 120 days
19 after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 90
20 days thereafter until a final rule has been published
21 in the Federal Register for each outstanding regula22 tion.

23 (b) CONTENTS.—The Secretary shall include in each
24 update published under subsection (a)—

1	(1) a description of the work plan for each out-
2	standing regulation;
3	(2) an updated rulemaking timeline for each out-
4	standing regulation;
5	(3) current staff allocations with respect to each
6	outstanding regulation;
7	(4) any resource constraints affecting the rule-
8	making process for each outstanding regulation;
9	(5) any other details associated with the develop-
10	ment of each outstanding regulation that affect the
11	progress of the rulemaking process; and
12	(6) a description of all rulemakings regarding
13	gas or hazardous liquid pipeline facilities published
14	in the Federal Register that are not identified under
15	subsection (c).
16	(c) OUTSTANDING REGULATION DEFINED.—In this
17	section, the term "outstanding regulation" means—
18	(1) a final rule required under the Pipeline Safe-
19	ty, Regulatory Certainty, and Job Creation Act of
20	2011 (Public Law 112–90) that has not been pub-
21	lished in the Federal Register; and
22	(2) a final rule regarding gas or hazardous liq-
23	uid pipeline facilities required under this Act or an
24	Act enacted prior to the date of enactment of this Act
25	(other than the Pipeline Safety, Regulatory Certainty,

and Job Creation Act of 2011 (Public Law 112–90))
 that has not been published in the Federal Register.

3 SEC. 4. NATURAL GAS INTEGRITY MANAGEMENT REVIEW.

4 (a) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date 5 of publication in the Federal Register of a final rule regarding the safety of gas transmission pipelines related to the 6 7 notice of proposed rulemaking issued on April 8, 2016, ti-8 tled "Pipeline Safety: Safety of Gas Transmission and Gathering Pipelines" (81 Fed. Reg. 20721), the Comptroller 9 General of the United States shall submit to the Committee 10 11 on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee 12 on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives 13 and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report regarding the integrity man-14 15 agement programs for gas pipeline facilities required under section 60109(c) of title 49, United States Code. 16

17 (b) CONTENTS.—The report required under subsection
18 (a) shall include—

(1) an analysis of stakeholder perspectives, taking into consideration technical, operational, and economic feasibility, regarding ways to enhance pipeline
facility safety, prevent inadvertent releases from pipeline facilities, and mitigate any adverse consequences
of such inadvertent releases, including changes to the

1	definition of high consequence area, or expanding in-
2	tegrity management beyond high consequence areas;
3	(2) a review of the types of benefits, including
4	safety benefits, and estimated costs of the legacy class
5	location regulations;
6	(3) an analysis of the impact pipeline facility
7	features, including the age, condition, materials, and
8	construction of a pipeline facility, have on safety and
9	risk analysis of a particular pipeline facility;
10	(4) a description of any challenges affecting Fed-
11	eral or State regulators in the oversight of gas trans-
12	mission pipeline facilities and how the challenges are
13	being addressed; and
14	(5) a description of any challenges affecting the
15	natural gas industry in complying with the pro-
16	grams, and how the challenges are being addressed,
17	including any challenges faced by publicly owned nat-
18	ural gas distribution systems.
19	(c) Definition of High Consequence Area.—In
20	this section, the term "high consequence area" has the
21	meaning given the term in section 192.903 of title 49, Code
22	of Federal Regulations.

VIEW.

1

2

3 (a) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of publication in the Federal Register of a final rule regard-4 5 ing the safety of hazardous liquid pipeline facilities related to the notice of proposed rulemaking issued on October 13, 6 7 2015, titled "Pipeline Safety: Safety of Hazardous Liquid Pipelines" (80 Fed. Reg. 61610), the Comptroller General 8 9 of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on 10 11 Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation 12 13 of the Senate a report regarding the integrity management programs for hazardous liquid pipeline facilities, as requ-14 lated under sections 195.450 and 195.452 of title 49, Code 15 of Federal Regulations. 16

17 (b) CONTENTS.—The report required under subsection
18 (a) shall include—

19 (1) taking into consideration technical, oper20 ational, and economic feasibility, an analysis of
21 stakeholder perspectives on—

22 (A) ways to enhance hazardous liquid pipe23 line facility safety;

24 (B) risk factors that may warrant more fre25 quent inspections of hazardous liquid pipeline
26 facilities: and

1 (C) changes to the definition of high con-2 sequence area;

3 (2) an analysis of how surveying, assessment,
4 mitigation, and monitoring activities, including real5 time hazardous liquid pipeline facility monitoring
6 during significant flood events and information shar7 ing with Federal agencies, are being used to address
8 risks associated with rivers, flood plains, lakes, and
9 coastal areas;

10 (3) an analysis of the impact pipeline facility 11 features, including the age, condition, materials, and 12 construction of a pipeline facility, have on safety and 13 risk analysis of a particular pipeline facility and 14 what changes to the definition of high consequence 15 area could be made to improve pipeline facility safe-16 ty; and

(4) a description of any challenges affecting Federal or State regulators in the oversight of hazardous
liquid pipeline facilities and how those challenges are
being addressed.

(c) DEFINITION OF HIGH CONSEQUENCE AREA.—In
this section, the term "high consequence area" has the
meaning given the term in section 195.450 of title 49, Code
of Federal Regulations.

1 SEC. 6. TECHNICAL SAFETY STANDARDS COMMITTEES.

2 (a)*Appointment* Members.—Section OF3 60115(b)(4)(A) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "State commissioners. The Secretary shall con-4 5 sult with the national organization of State commissions before selecting those 2 individuals." and inserting "State 6 7 officials. The Secretary shall consult with national organi-8 zations representing State commissioners or utility requ-9 lators before making a selection under this subparagraph.". 10 (b) VACANCIES.—Section 60115(b) of title 49, United 11 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: 12 "(5) Within 90 days of the date of enactment of the 13 PIPES Act of 2016, the Secretary shall fill all vacancies on the Technical Pipeline Safety Standards Committee, the 14 Technical Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Standards 15 16 Committee, and any other committee established pursuant to this section. After that period, the Secretary shall fill a 17 vacancy on any such committee not later than 60 days after 18 19 the vacancy occurs.".

20 SEC. 7. INSPECTION REPORT INFORMATION.

(a) INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE.—Section 60108
of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at
the end the following:

24 "(e) IN GENERAL.—After the completion of a Pipeline
25 and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration pipeline
26 safety inspection, the Administrator of such Administra•S 2276 EAH

tion, or the State authority certified under section 60105
 of title 49, United States Code, to conduct such inspection,
 shall—

4 "(1) within 30 days, conduct a post-inspec5 tion briefing with the owner or operator of the
6 gas or hazardous liquid pipeline facility in7 spected outlining any concerns; and

8 "(2) within 90 days, to the extent prac9 ticable, provide the owner or operator with writ10 ten preliminary findings of the inspection.".

11 (b) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than October 1, 2017, 12 and each fiscal year thereafter for 2 years, the Adminis-13 trator shall notify the Committee on Transportation and 14 Infrastructure and the Committee on Energy and Com-15 merce of the House of Representatives and the Committee 16 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate 17 of—

18 (1) the number of times a deadline under section
19 60108(e) of title 49, United States Code, was exceeded
20 in the prior fiscal year; and

21 (2) in each instance, the length of time by which
22 the deadline was exceeded.

23 SEC. 8. IMPROVING DAMAGE PREVENTION TECHNOLOGY.

24 (a) STUDY.—The Secretary of Transportation, in con25 sultation with stakeholders, shall conduct a study on im-

proving existing damage prevention programs through tech nological improvements in location, mapping, excavation,
 and communications practices to prevent excavation dam age to a pipe or its coating, including considerations of
 technical, operational, and economic feasibility and exist ing damage prevention programs.

7 (b) CONTENTS.—The study under subsection (a) shall
8 include—

9 (1) an identification of any methods to improve 10 existing damage prevention programs through loca-11 tion and mapping practices or technologies in an ef-12 fort to reduce releases caused by excavation;

13 (2) an analysis of how increased use of global 14 positioning system digital mapping technologies, pre-15 dictive analytic tools, public awareness initiatives in-16 cluding one-call initiatives, the use of mobile devices, 17 and other advanced technologies could supplement ex-18 isting one-call notification and damage prevention 19 programs to reduce the frequency and severity of inci-20 dents caused by excavation damage:

21 (3) an identification of any methods to improve
22 excavation practices or technologies in an effort to re23 duce pipeline damage;

24 (4) an analysis of the feasibility of a national
25 data repository for pipeline excavation accident data

1 that creates standardized data models for storing and 2 sharing pipeline accident information; and (5) an identification of opportunities for stake-3 4 holder engagement in preventing excavation damage. 5 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the 6 7 Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of 8 the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and In-9 frastructure and the Committee on Energy and Commerce 10 of the House of Representatives a report containing the results of the study conducted under subsection (a), including 11 recommendations, that include the consideration of tech-12 nical, operational, and economic feasibility, on how to in-13 corporate into existing damage prevention programs tech-14 15 nological improvements and practices that help prevent excavation damage. 16

17 SEC. 9. WORKFORCE MANAGEMENT.

(a) REVIEW.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
the enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Department of Transportation shall submit to the Committee
on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee
on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives
and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, a review of Pipeline and Hazardous

Materials Safety Administration staff resource manage ment, including—

3 (1) geographic allocation plans, hiring and time4 to-hire challenges, and expected retirement rates and
5 recruitment and retention strategies;

6 (2) an identification and description of any pre-7 vious periods of macroeconomic and pipeline industry 8 conditions under which the Pipeline and Hazardous 9 Materials Safety Administration has encountered dif-10 ficulty in filling vacancies, and the degree to which 11 special hiring authorities, including direct hiring au-12 thority authorized by the Office of Personnel Manage-13 ment, could have ameliorated such difficulty; and

14 (3) recommendations to address hiring chal15 lenges, training needs, and any other identified staff
16 resource challenges.

17 (b) DIRECT HIRING.—Upon identification of a period described in subsection (a)(2), the Administrator of the 18 19 Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration may apply to the Office of Personnel Management for the 20 21 authority to appoint qualified candidates to any position 22 relating to pipeline safety, as determined by the Administrator, without regard to sections 3309 through 3319 of title 23 5. United States Code. 24

(c) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall
 preclude the Administrator of the Pipeline and Hazardous
 Materials Safety Administration from applying to the Of fice of Personnel Management for the authority described
 in subsection (b) prior to the completion of the report re quired under subsection (a).

7 SEC. 10. INFORMATION-SHARING SYSTEM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the 8 9 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transpor-10 tation shall convene a working group to consider the development of a voluntary information-sharing system to en-11 courage collaborative efforts to improve inspection informa-12 tion feedback and information sharing with the purpose of 13 improving gas transmission and hazardous liquid pipeline 14 15 facility integrity risk analysis.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The working group convened pursuant to subsection (a) shall include representatives from—

18 (1) the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety
19 Administration;

20 (2) industry stakeholders, including operators of
21 pipeline facilities, inspection technology, coating, and
22 cathodic protection vendors, and pipeline inspection
23 organizations;

24 *(3) safety advocacy groups;*

25 (4) research institutions;

18

3 (6) State pipeline safety inspectors;

4 (7) labor representatives; and

1

2

5 (8) other entities, as determined appropriate by
6 the Secretary.

7 (c) CONSIDERATIONS.—The working group convened
8 pursuant to subsection (a) shall consider and provide rec9 ommendations to the Secretary on—

10 (1) the need for, and the identification of, a sys-11 tem to ensure that dig verification data are shared 12 with in-line inspection operators to the extent con-13 sistent with the need to maintain proprietary and se-14 curity-sensitive data in a confidential manner to im-15 prove pipeline safety and inspection technology;

16 (2) ways to encourage the exchange of pipeline
17 inspection information and the development of ad18 vanced pipeline inspection technologies and enhanced
19 risk analysis;

20 (3) opportunities to share data, including dig
21 verification data between operators of pipeline facili22 ties and in-line inspector vendors to expand knowl23 edge of the advantages and disadvantages of the dif24 ferent types of in-line inspection technology and
25 methodologies;

1	(4) options to create a secure system that pro-
2	tects proprietary data while encouraging the exchange
3	of pipeline inspection information and the develop-
4	ment of advanced pipeline inspection technologies and
5	enhanced risk analysis;
6	(5) means and best practices for the protection of
7	safety- and security-sensitive information and propri-
8	etary information; and
9	(6) regulatory, funding, and legal barriers to
10	sharing the information described in paragraphs (1)
11	through (4).
12	(d) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall publish the
13	recommendations provided under subsection (c) on a pub-
14	licly available Web site of the Department of Transpor-
15	tation.
16	SEC. 11. NATIONWIDE INTEGRATED PIPELINE SAFETY REG-
17	ULATORY DATABASE.
18	(a) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
19	enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall
20	submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastruc-
21	ture and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the
22	House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
23	Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the
24	feasibility of establishing a national integrated pipeline
25	safety regulatory inspection database to improve commu-

nication and collaboration between the Pipeline and Haz ardous Materials Safety Administration and State pipeline
 regulators.

4 (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted under sub-5 section (a) shall include—

6 (1) a description of any efforts underway to test
7 a secure information-sharing system for the purpose
8 described in subsection (a);

9 (2) a description of any progress in establishing 10 common standards for maintaining, collecting, and 11 presenting pipeline safety regulatory inspection data, 12 and a methodology for sharing the data;

(3) a description of any inadequacies or gaps in
State and Federal inspection, enforcement, geospatial,
or other pipeline safety regulatory inspection data;

16 (4) a description of the potential safety benefits
17 of a national integrated pipeline safety regulatory in18 spection database; and

19 (5) recommendations, including those of stake20 holders for how to implement a secure information21 sharing system that protects proprietary and security
22 sensitive information and data for the purpose de23 scribed in subsection (a).

24 (c) CONSULTATION.—In implementing this section, the
25 Secretary shall consult with stakeholders, including each

State authority operating under a certification to regulate
 intrastate pipelines under section 60105 of title 49, United
 States Code.

4 (d) ESTABLISHMENT OF DATABASE.—The Secretary
5 may establish, if appropriate, a national integrated pipe6 line safety regulatory database—

7 (1) after submission of the report required under
8 subsection (a); or

9 (2) upon notification to the Committee on 10 Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee 11 on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representa-12 tives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and 13 Transportation of the Senate of the need to establish 14 such database prior to the submission of the report 15 under subsection (a).

16 SEC. 12. UNDERGROUND GAS STORAGE FACILITIES.

17 (a) DEFINED TERM.—Section 60101(a) of title 49,
18 United States Code, is amended—

- 19 (1) in paragraph (21)(B) by striking the period
 20 at the end and inserting a semicolon;
- 21 (2) in paragraph (22)(B)(iii) by striking the pe22 riod at the end and inserting a semicolon;
- 23 (3) in paragraph (24) by striking "and" at the
 24 end;

1	(4) in paragraph (25) by striking the period at
2	the end and inserting "; and"; and
3	(5) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(26) 'underground natural gas storage facility'
5	means a gas pipeline facility that stores natural gas
6	in an underground facility, including—
7	"(A) a depleted hydrocarbon reservoir;
8	"(B) an aquifer reservoir; or
9	"(C) a solution-mined salt cavern res-
10	ervoir.".
11	(b) Standards for Underground Gas Storage
12	FACILITIES.—Chapter 601 of title 49, United States Code,
12	is amonded by adding at the end the following.
13	is amended by adding at the end the following:
13 14	"\$60141. Standards for underground natural gas
14	"§60141. Standards for underground natural gas
14 15	"\$60141. Standards for underground natural gas storage facilities "(a) MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS.—Not later than
14 15 16 17	"\$60141. Standards for underground natural gas storage facilities "(a) MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS.—Not later than
14 15 16 17	 "\$60141. Standards for underground natural gas storage facilities "(a) MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the PIPES Act of
14 15 16 17 18	 "§60141. Standards for underground natural gas storage facilities "(a) MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the PIPES Act of 2016, the Secretary, in consultation with the heads of other
14 15 16 17 18 19	 "§60141. Standards for underground natural gas storage facilities "(a) MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the PIPES Act of 2016, the Secretary, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall issue minimum safety
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 "§60141. Standards for underground natural gas storage facilities "(a) MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of the PIPES Act of 2016, the Secretary, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall issue minimum safety standards for underground natural gas storage facilities.

1	"(1) consider consensus standards for the oper-
2	ation, environmental protection, and integrity man-
3	agement of underground natural gas storage facilities;
4	"(2) consider the economic impacts of the regula-
5	tions on individual gas customers;
6	(3) ensure that the regulations do not have a
7	significant economic impact on end users; and
8	"(4) consider the recommendations of the Aliso
9	Canyon natural gas leak task force established under
10	section 31 of the PIPES Act of 2016.
11	"(c) Federal-State Cooperation.—The Secretary
12	may authorize a State authority (including a munici-
13	pality) to participate in the oversight of underground nat-
14	ural gas storage facilities in the same manner as provided
15	in sections 60105 and 60106.
16	"(d) Rules of Construction.—
17	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section may
18	be construed to affect any Federal regulation relating
19	to gas pipeline facilities that is in effect on the day
20	before the date of enactment of the PIPES Act of
21	2016.
22	"(2) LIMITATIONS.—Nothing in this section may
23	be construed to authorize the Secretary—
24	"(A) to prescribe the location of an under-
25	ground natural gas storage facility; or

"(B) to require the Secretary's permission
 to construct a facility referred to in subpara graph (A).

4 "(e) PREEMPTION.—A State authority may adopt ad5 ditional or more stringent safety standards for intrastate
6 underground natural gas storage facilities if such standards
7 are compatible with the minimum standards prescribed
8 under this section.

9 "(f) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-10 tion shall be construed to affect the Secretary's authority 11 under this title to regulate the underground storage of gas 12 that is not natural gas.".

13 (c) USER FEES.—Chapter 603 of title 49, United
14 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 60301
15 the following:

16 "§60302. User fees for underground natural gas stor17 age facilities

18 "(a) IN GENERAL.—A fee shall be imposed on an entity operating an underground natural gas storage facility 19 subject to section 60141. Any such fee imposed shall be col-20 21 lected before the end of the fiscal year to which it applies. 22 "(b) MEANS OF COLLECTION.—The Secretary of 23 Transportation shall prescribe procedures to collect fees 24 under this section. The Secretary may use a department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States Government 25

2	reimburse the department, agency, or instrumentality a
3	reasonable amount for its services.
4	"(c) Use of Fees.—
5	"(1) Account.—There is established an Under-
6	ground Natural Gas Storage Facility Safety Account
7	in the Pipeline Safety Fund established in the Treas-
8	ury of the United States under section 60301.
9	"(2) USE OF FEES.—A fee collected under this
10	section—
11	"(A) shall be deposited in the Underground
12	Natural Gas Storage Facility Safety Account;
13	and
14	((B) if the fee is related to an underground
15	natural gas storage facility subject to section
16	60141, the amount of the fee may be used only
17	for an activity related to underground natural
18	gas storage facility safety.
19	"(3) LIMITATION.—No fee may be collected under
20	this section, except to the extent that the expenditure
21	of such fee to pay the costs of an activity related to
22	underground natural gas storage facility safety for
23	which such fee is imposed is provided in advance in
24	an appropriations Act.".
25	(d) Clerical Amendments.—

1 (1) CHAPTER 601.—The table of sections for 2 chapter 601 of title 49, United States Code, is amend-3 ed by adding at the end the following: "60141. Standards for underground natural gas storage facilities.". 4 (2) CHAPTER 603.—The table of sections for 5 chapter 603 of title 49, United States Code, is amend-6 ed by inserting after the item relating to section 7 60301 the following: "60302. User fees for underground natural gas storage facilities.".

8 SEC. 13. JOINT INSPECTION AND OVERSIGHT.

9 Section 60106 of title 49, United States Code, is
10 amended by adding at the end the following:

"(f) JOINT INSPECTORS.—At the request of a State authority, the Secretary shall allow for a certified State authority under section 60105 to participate in the inspection
of an interstate pipeline facility.".

15 SEC. 14. SAFETY DATA SHEETS.

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each owner or operator of a hazardous liquid pipeline facility, following an accident in-17 volving such pipeline facility that results in a hazardous 18 19 liquid spill, shall provide safety data sheets on any spilled 20 hazardous liquid to the designated Federal On-Scene Coor-21 dinator and appropriate State and local emergency responders within 6 hours of a telephonic or electronic notice 22 23 of the accident to the National Response Center.

24 (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1	(1) FEDERAL ON-SCENE COORDINATOR.—The
2	term "Federal On-Scene Coordinator" has the mean-
3	ing given such term in section 311(a) of the Federal
4	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1321(a)).
5	(2) NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER.—The term
6	"National Response Center" means the center de-
7	scribed under section 300.125(a) of title 40, Code of
8	Federal Regulations.
9	(3) SAFETY DATA SHEET.—The term "safety
10	data sheet" means a safety data sheet required under
11	section 1910.1200 of title 29, Code of Federal Regula-
12	tions.
13	SEC. 15. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION NUM-
13 14	SEC. 15. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION NUM- BERS.
14	BERS.
14 15 16	BERS. Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of
14 15 16	BERS. Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue an ad-
14 15 16 17	BERS. Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue an ad- vanced notice of proposed rulemaking to take public com-
14 15 16 17 18	BERS. Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue an ad- vanced notice of proposed rulemaking to take public com- ment on the petition for rulemaking dated October 28, 2015,
14 15 16 17 18 19	BERS. Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue an ad- vanced notice of proposed rulemaking to take public com- ment on the petition for rulemaking dated October 28, 2015, titled "Corrections to Title 49 CFR 172.336 Identification
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	BERS. Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue an ad- vanced notice of proposed rulemaking to take public com- ment on the petition for rulemaking dated October 28, 2015, titled "Corrections to Title 49 CFR 172.336 Identification numbers; special provisions" (P–1667).
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	BERS. Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue an ad- vanced notice of proposed rulemaking to take public com- ment on the petition for rulemaking dated October 28, 2015, titled "Corrections to Title 49 CFR 172.336 Identification numbers; special provisions" (P–1667). SEC. 16. EMERGENCY ORDER AUTHORITY.

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary determines
2	that an unsafe condition or practice, or a combina-
3	tion of unsafe conditions and practices, constitutes or
4	is causing an imminent hazard, the Secretary may
5	issue an emergency order described in paragraph (3)
6	imposing emergency restrictions, prohibitions, and
7	safety measures on owners and operators of gas or
8	hazardous liquid pipeline facilities without prior no-
9	tice or an opportunity for a hearing, but only to the
10	extent necessary to abate the imminent hazard.
11	"(2) Considerations.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Before issuing an emer-
13	gency order under paragraph (1), the Secretary
14	shall consider, as appropriate, the following fac-
15	tors:
16	"(i) The impact of the emergency order
17	on public health and safety.
18	"(ii) The impact, if any, of the emer-
19	gency order on the national or regional
20	economy or national security.
21	"(iii) The impact of the emergency
22	order on the ability of owners and operators
23	of pipeline facilities to maintain reliability
24	and continuity of service to customers.

1	"(B) CONSULTATION.—In considering the
2	factors under subparagraph (A), the Secretary
3	shall consult, as the Secretary determines appro-
4	priate, with appropriate Federal agencies, State
5	agencies, and other entities knowledgeable in
6	pipeline safety or operations.
7	"(3) WRITTEN ORDER.—An emergency order
8	issued by the Secretary pursuant to paragraph (1)
9	with respect to an imminent hazard shall contain a
10	written description of—
11	"(A) the violation, condition, or practice
12	that constitutes or is causing the imminent haz-
13	ard;
14	"(B) the entities subject to the order;
15	``(C) the restrictions, prohibitions, or safety
16	measures imposed;
17	(D) the standards and procedures for ob-
18	taining relief from the order;
19	((E) how the order is tailored to abate the
20	imminent hazard and the reasons the authorities
21	under section 60112 and 60117(l) are insuffi-
22	cient to do so; and
23	``(F) how the considerations were taken into
24	account pursuant to paragraph (2).

1	"(4) Opportunity for review.—Upon receipt
2	of a petition for review from an entity subject to, and
3	aggrieved by, an emergency order issued under this
4	subsection, the Secretary shall provide an opportunity
5	for a review of the order under section 554 of title 5
6	to determine whether the order should remain in ef-
7	fect, be modified, or be terminated.
8	"(5) Expiration of effectiveness order.—
9	If a petition for review of an emergency order is filed
10	under paragraph (4) and an agency decision with re-
11	spect to the petition is not issued on or before the last
12	day of the 30-day period beginning on the date on
13	which the petition is filed, the order shall cease to be
14	effective on such day, unless the Secretary determines
15	in writing on or before the last day of such period
16	that the imminent hazard still exists.
17	"(6) Judicial review of orders.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—After completion of the
19	review process described in paragraph (4), or the
20	issuance of a written determination by the Sec-
21	retary pursuant to paragraph (5), an entity sub-
22	ject to, and aggrieved by, an emergency order
23	issued under this subsection may seek judicial re-
24	view of the order in a district court of the United

States and shall be given expedited consideration. ((B) LIMITATION The filing of a petition

5	(b) LIMITATION.—Ine juing of a periion
4	for review under subparagraph (A) shall not stay
5	or modify the force and effect of the agency's
6	final decision under paragraph (4), or the writ-
7	ten determination under paragraph (5), unless
8	stayed or modified by the Secretary.

"(7) Regulations.—

1

2

2

9

10 "(A) TEMPORARY REGULATIONS.—Not later 11 than 60 days after the date of enactment of the 12 PIPES Act of 2016, the Secretary shall issue 13 such temporary regulations as are necessary to 14 carry out this subsection. The temporary regula-15 tions shall expire on the date of issuance of the 16 final regulations required under subparagraph 17 (B).

18 "(B) FINAL REGULATIONS.—Not later than 19 270 days after such date of enactment, the Sec-20 retary shall issue such regulations as are nec-21 essary to carry out this subsection. Such regula-22 tions shall ensure that the review process de-23 scribed in paragraph (4) contains the same pro-24 cedures as subsections (d) and (q) of section 25 109.19 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations,

and is otherwise consistent with the review proc	-
ess developed under such section, to the greates	t
extent practicable and not inconsistent with this	S
section.	
"(8) Imminent hazard defined.—In this sub	-
section, the term 'imminent hazard' means the exist	-
ence of a condition relating to a gas or hazardous liq	_
uid pipeline facility that presents a substantial likeli	-
hood that death, serious illness, severe personal in	_
jury, or a substantial endangerment to health, prop	-
erty, or the environment may occur before the reason	-
ably foreseeable completion date of a formal pro	-
ceeding begun to lessen the risk of such death, illness	,
injury, or endangerment.	
"(9) LIMITATION AND SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Ar	ı
emergency order issued under this subsection may no	t
be construed to—	

18 "(A) alter, amend, or limit the Secretary's
19 obligations under, or the applicability of, section
20 553 of title 5; or

21 "(B) provide the authority to amend the
22 Code of Federal Regulations.".

23 SEC. 17. STATE GRANT FUNDS.

24 Section 60107 of title 49, United States Code, is 25 amended—

(1) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
 following:

3 "(b) PAYMENTS.—After notifying and consulting with 4 a State authority, the Secretary may withhold any part 5 of a payment when the Secretary decides that the authority is not carrying out satisfactorily a safety program or not 6 7 acting satisfactorily as an agent. The Secretary may pay 8 an authority under this section only when the authority 9 ensures the Secretary that it will provide the remaining 10 costs of a safety program, except when the Secretary waives 11 this requirement."; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

13 "(e) REPURPOSING OF FUNDS.—If a State program's 14 certification is rejected under section 60105(f) or such pro-15 gram is otherwise suspended or interrupted, the Secretary 16 may use any undistributed, deobligated, or recovered funds 17 authorized under this section to carry out pipeline safety 18 activities for that State within the period of availability 19 for such funds.".

20 SEC. 18. RESPONSE PLANS.

12

Each owner or operator of a hazardous liquid pipeline
facility required to prepare a response plan pursuant to
part 194 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, shall—
(1) consider the impact of a discharge into or on
navigable waters or adjoining shorelines, including

those that may be covered in whole or in part by ice;
 and

3 (2) include procedures and resources for respond4 ing to such discharge in the plan.

5 SEC. 19. UNUSUALLY SENSITIVE AREAS.

6 (a) AREAS TO BE INCLUDED AS UNUSUALLY SEN7 SITIVE.—Section 60109(b)(2) of title 49, United States
8 Code, is amended by striking "have been identified as" and
9 inserting "are part of the Great Lakes or have been identi10 fied as coastal beaches, marine coastal waters,".

11 (b) UNUSUALLY SENSITIVE AREAS (USA) ECOLOGI-12 CAL RESOURCES.—The Secretary of Transportation shall 13 revise section 195.6(b) of title 49, Code of Federal Regula-14 tions, to explicitly state that the Great Lakes, coastal beach-15 es, and marine coastal waters are USA ecological resources 16 for purposes of determining whether a pipeline is in a high 17 consequence area (as defined in section 195.450 of such 18 title).

19 SEC.20.PIPELINESAFETYTECHNICALASSISTANCE20GRANTS.

(a) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION LIMITATION.—Section
60130(a)(4) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by
inserting "on technical pipeline safety issues" after "public
participation".

1	(b) AUDIT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of
2	enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Depart-
3	ment of Transportation shall submit to the Secretary of
4	Transportation, the Committee on Transportation and In-
5	frastructure and the Committee on Energy and Commerce
6	of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Com-
7	merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report
8	evaluating the grant program under section 60130 of title
9	49, United States Code. The report shall include—
10	(1) a list of the recipients of all grant funds dur-
11	ing fiscal years 2010 through 2015;
12	(2) a description of how each grant was used;
13	(3) an analysis of the compliance with the terms
14	of grant agreements, including subsections (a) and (b)
15	of such section;
16	(4) an evaluation of the competitive process used
17	to award the grant funds; and
18	(5) an evaluation of—
19	(A) the ability of the Pipeline and Haz-
20	ardous Materials Safety Administration to over-
21	see grant funds and usage; and
22	(B) the procedures used for such oversight.

1SEC. 21. STUDY OF MATERIALS AND CORROSION PREVEN-2TION IN PIPELINE TRANSPORTATION.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of 4 5 the United States shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Energy 6 7 and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of 8 9 the Senate a study on materials, training, and corrosion prevention technologies for gas and hazardous liquid pipe-10 11 line facilities.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The study required under subsection (a) shall include—

14 (1) an analysis of—

(A) the range of piping materials, including
plastic materials, used to transport hazardous
liquids and natural gas in the United States and
in other developed countries around the world;

19 (B) the types of technologies used for corro20 sion prevention, including coatings and cathodic
21 protection;

(C) common causes of corrosion, including
interior and exterior moisture buildup and impacts of moisture buildup under insulation; and
(D) the training provided to personnel responsible for identifying and preventing corro-
1 sion in pipelines, and for repairing such pipe-2 lines; 3 (2) the extent to which best practices or guidance 4 relating to pipeline facility design, installation, oper-5 ation, and maintenance, including training, are 6 available to recognize or prevent corrosion; 7 (3) an analysis of the estimated costs and antici-8 pated benefits, including safety benefits, associated 9 with the use of such materials and technologies; and (4) stakeholder and expert perspectives on the ef-10 11 fectiveness of corrosion control techniques to reduce 12 the incidence of corrosion-related pipeline failures. 13 SEC. 22. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the 15 date of enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Department of Transportation shall submit to the Com-16 17 mittee on Transportation and Infrastructure, the Com-18 mittee on Energy and Commerce, and the Committee on

19 Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representa20 tives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans21 portation of the Senate a report regarding the Pipeline and
22 Hazardous Materials Safety Administration's research and
23 development program carried out under section 12 of the
24 Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2002 (49 U.S.C. 60101

25 note). The report shall include an evaluation of—

1	(1) compliance with the consultation requirement
2	under subsection $(d)(2)$ of such section;
3	(2) the extent to which the Pipeline and Haz-
4	ardous Materials Safety Administration enters into
5	joint research ventures with Federal and non-Federal
6	entities, and benefits thereof;
7	(3) the policies and procedures the Pipeline and
8	Hazardous Materials Safety Administration has put
9	in place to ensure there are no conflicts of interest
10	with administering grants pursuant to the program,
11	and whether those policies and procedures are being
12	followed; and
13	(4) an evaluation of the outcomes of research
14	conducted with Federal and non-Federal entities and
15	the degree to which such outcomes have been adopted
16	or utilized.
17	(b) Collaborative Safety Research Report.—
18	(1) BIENNIAL REPORTS.—Section 60124(a)(6) of
19	title 49, United States Code, is amended—
20	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and"
21	at the end;
22	(B) in subparagraph (B) , by striking the
23	period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
24	(C) by adding at the end the following:

1	``(C) a summary of each research and devel-
2	opment project carried out with Federal and
3	non-Federal entities pursuant to section 12 of the
4	Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2002 and a
5	review of how the project affects safety.".
6	(2) PIPELINE SAFETY IMPROVEMENT ACT.—Sec-
7	tion 12 of the Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of
8	2002 (49 U.S.C. 60101 note) is amended—
9	(A) by striking subsection $(d)(3)(C)$ and in-
10	serting the following:
11	"(C) Funding from non-federal
12	SOURCES.—The Secretary shall ensure that—
13	"(i) at least 30 percent of the costs of
14	technology research and development activi-
15	ties may be carried out using non-Federal
16	sources;
17	"(ii) at least 20 percent of the costs of
18	basic research and development with univer-
19	sities may be carried out using non-Federal
20	sources; and
21	"(iii) up to 100 percent of the costs of
22	research and development for purely govern-
23	mental purposes may be carried out using
24	Federal funds."; and
25	(B) by adding at the end the following:

"(h) INDEPENDENT EXPERTS.—Not later than 180
 days after the date of enactment of the PIPES Act of 2016,
 the Secretary shall—

4 "(1) implement processes and procedures to en-5 sure that activities listed under subsection (c), to the 6 greatest extent practicable, produce results that are peer-reviewed by independent experts and not by per-7 8 sons or entities that have a financial interest in the 9 pipeline, petroleum, or natural gas industries, or that 10 would be directly impacted by the results of the 11 projects; and

12 "(2) submit to the Committee on Transportation 13 and Infrastructure, the Committee on Energy and 14 Commerce, and the Committee on Science, Space, and 15 Technology of the House of Representatives and the 16 Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-17 tation of the Senate a report describing the processes 18 and procedures implemented under paragraph (1).

19 "(i) CONFLICT OF INTEREST.—The Secretary shall
20 take all practical steps to ensure that each recipient of an
21 agreement under this section discloses in writing to the Sec22 retary any conflict of interest on a research and develop23 ment project carried out under this section, and includes
24 any such disclosure as part of the final deliverable pursuant
25 to such agreement. The Secretary may not make an award

under this section directly to a pipeline owner or operator
 that is regulated by the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials
 Safety Administration or a State-certified regulatory au thority if there is a conflict of interest relating to such
 owner or operator.".

6 SEC. 23. ACTIVE AND ABANDONED PIPELINES.

7 Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of 8 this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue an ad-9 visory bulletin to owners and operators of gas or hazardous liquid pipeline facilities and Federal and State pipeline 10 safety personnel regarding procedures of the Pipeline and 11 Hazardous Materials Safety Administration required to 12 change the status of a pipeline facility from active to aban-13 doned, including specific guidance on the terms recognized 14 15 by the Secretary for each pipeline status referred to in such advisory bulletin. 16

17 SEC. 24. STATE PIPELINE SAFETY AGREEMENTS.

(a) STUDY.—Not later than 2 years after the date of
enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United
States shall complete a study on State pipeline safety agreements made pursuant to section 60106 of title 49, United
States Code. Such study shall consider the following:

(1) The integration of Federal and State or local
authorities in carrying out activities pursuant to an
agreement under such section.

(2) The estimated staff and other resources used
 by Federal and State authorities in carrying out in spection activities pursuant to agreements under such
 section.

5 (3) The estimated staff and other resources used
6 by the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Ad7 ministration in carrying out interstate inspections in
8 areas where there is no interstate agreement with a
9 State pursuant to such section.

(b) NOTICE REQUIREMENT FOR DENIAL.—Section
60106(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by
adding at the end the following:

"(4) NOTICE UPON DENIAL.—If a State authority requests an interstate agreement under this section
and the Secretary denies such request, the Secretary
shall provide written notification to the State authority of the denial that includes an explanation of the
reasons for such denial.".

19 SEC. 25. REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN HAZARDOUS LIQUID

20

PIPELINE FACILITIES.

21 Section 60109 of title 49, United States Code, is
22 amended by adding at the end the following:

23 "(g) HAZARDOUS LIQUID PIPELINE FACILITIES.—

24 "(1) INTEGRITY ASSESSMENTS.—Notwith25 standing any pipeline integrity management program

1	or integrity assessment schedule otherwise required by
2	the Secretary, each operator of a pipeline facility to
3	which this subsection applies shall ensure that pipe-
4	line integrity assessments—
5	"(A) using internal inspection technology
6	appropriate for the integrity threat are com-
7	pleted not less often than once every 12 months;
8	and
9	"(B) using pipeline route surveys, depth of
10	cover surveys, pressure tests, external corrosion
11	direct assessment, or other technology that the
12	operator demonstrates can further the under-
13	standing of the condition of the pipeline facility
14	are completed on a schedule based on the risk
15	that the pipeline facility poses to the high con-
16	sequence area in which the pipeline facility is lo-
17	cated.
18	"(2) APPLICATION.—This subsection shall apply
19	to any underwater hazardous liquid pipeline facility
20	located in a high consequence area—
21	"(A) that is not an offshore pipeline facil-
22	ity; and
23	``(B) any portion of which is located at
24	depths greater than 150 feet under the surface of
25	the water.

"(3) HIGH CONSEQUENCE AREA DEFINED.—For
 purposes of this subsection, the term 'high consequence
 area' has the meaning given that term in section
 195.450 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.

5 "(4) INSPECTION AND ENFORCEMENT.—The Sec6 retary shall conduct inspections under section
7 60117(c) to determine whether each operator of a
8 pipeline facility to which this subsection applies is
9 complying with this section.".

10 SEC. 26. STUDY ON PROPANE GAS PIPELINE FACILITIES.

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation 12 shall enter into an agreement with the Transportation Research Board of the National Academies to conduct a study 13 examining the safety, regulatory requirements, techniques, 14 15 and best practices applicable to pipeline facilities that transport or store only petroleum gas or mixtures of petro-16 leum gas and air to 100 or fewer customers, in accordance 17 18 with the requirements of this section.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In conducting the study pursuant to subsection (a), the Transportation Research Board
shall analyze—

(1) Federal, State, and local regulatory requirements applicable to pipeline facilities described in
subsection (a);

(2) techniques and best practices relating to the
 design, installation, operation, and maintenance of
 such pipeline facilities; and

4 (3) the costs and benefits, including safety bene5 fits, associated with such applicable regulatory re6 quirements and the use of such techniques and best
7 practices.

8 (c) PARTICIPATION.—In conducting the study pursu-9 ant to subsection (a), the Transportation Research Board 10 shall consult with Federal, State, and local governments, 11 private sector entities, and consumer and pipeline safety 12 advocates, as appropriate.

13 (d) DEADLINE.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the 14 15 Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Rep-16 17 resentatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and 18 Transportation of the Senate the results of the study conducted pursuant to subsection (a) and any recommenda-19 tions for improving the safety of such pipeline facilities. 20

(e) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "petroleum
gas" has the meaning given that term in section 192.3 of
title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on the
date of enactment of this Act.

1 SEC. 27. STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN LIQUEFIED NATURAL 2 GAS PIPELINE FACILITIES. 3 (a) NATIONAL SECURITY.—Section 60103(a) of title 49. United States Code, is amended— 4 5 (1) in paragraph (5), by striking "; and" and 6 inserting a semicolon; 7 (2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and 8 9 (3) by inserting after paragraph (6) the fol-10 lowing: 11 "(7) national security.". 12 (b) UPDATE TO MINIMUM SAFETY STANDARDS.—The 13 Secretary of Transportation shall review and update the minimum safety standards prescribed pursuant to section 14 60103 of title 49, United States Code, for permanent, small 15 scale liquefied natural gas pipeline facilities. 16 17 (c) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the Secretary's authority under chapter 18 19 601 of title 49, United States Code, to regulate liquefied 20 natural gas pipeline facilities. 21 SEC. 28. PIPELINE ODORIZATION STUDY. 22 Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment 23 of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States 24 shall submit a report to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-25 26 mittee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Represent atives that assesses—

3 (1) the feasibility, costs, and benefits of odorizing 4 all combustible gas in pipeline transportation; and (2) the affects of the odorization of all combus-5 6 tible gas in pipeline transportation on— 7 (A) manufacturers, agriculture, and other 8 end users; and 9 (B) public health and safety. 10 SEC. 29. REPORT ON NATURAL GAS LEAK REPORTING. 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date 12 of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration shall 13 submit to Congress a report on the metrics provided to the 14 15 Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration and other Federal and State agencies related to lost and 16 unaccounted for natural gas from distribution pipelines 17 18 and systems. 19

19 (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection
20 (a) shall include the following elements:

(1) An examination of different reporting requirements or standards for lost and unaccounted for
natural gas to different agencies, the reasons for any
such discrepancies, and recommendations for harmonizing and improving the accuracy of reporting.

(2) An analysis of whether separate or alter-
native reporting could better measure the amounts
and identify the location of lost and unaccounted for
natural gas from natural gas distribution systems.
(3) A description of potential safety issues asso-
ciated with natural gas that is lost and unaccounted
for from natural gas distribution systems.
(4) An assessment of whether alternate reporting
and measures will resolve any safety issues identified
under paragraph (3), including an analysis of the po-
tential impact, including potential savings, on rate
payers and end users of natural gas products of such
reporting and measures.
(c) Consideration of Recommendations.—If the
Administrator determines that alternate reporting struc-
tures or recommendations included in the report required
under subsection (a) would significantly improve the re-
porting and measurement of lost and unaccounted for gas
and safety of natural gas distribution systems, the Adminis-
trator shall, not later than 1 year after making such deter-
mination, issue regulations, as the Administrator deter-
mines appropriate, to implement the recommendations.

1SEC. 30. REVIEW OF STATE POLICIES RELATING TO NAT-2URAL GAS LEAKS.

3 (a) REVIEW.—The Administrator of the Pipeline and
4 Hazardous Materials Safety Administration shall conduct
5 a State-by-State review of State-level policies that—

6 (1) encourage the repair and replacement of 7 leaking natural gas distribution pipelines or systems 8 that pose a safety threat, such as timelines to repair 9 leaks and limits on cost recovery from ratepayers; 10 and

(2) may create barriers for entities to conduct
work to repair and replace leaking natural gas pipelines or distribution systems.

14 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit 15 to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and 16 17 the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, 18 19 and Transportation of the Senate a report containing the findings of the review conducted under subsection (a) and 20 21 recommendations on Federal or State policies or best prac-22 tices to improve safety by accelerating the repair and re-23 placement of natural gas pipelines or systems that are leak-24 ing or releasing natural gas. The report shall consider the potential impact, including potential savings, of the imple-25

mentation of such recommendations on ratepayers or end
 users of the natural gas pipeline system.

3 (c) IMPLEMENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS.—If the 4 Administrator determines that the recommendations made under subsection (b) would significantly improve pipeline 5 safety, the Administrator shall, not later than 1 year after 6 7 making such determination, and in coordination with the 8 heads of other relevant agencies as appropriate, issue regu-9 lations, as the Administrator determines appropriate, to 10 implement the recommendations.

11 SEC. 31. ALISO CANYON NATURAL GAS LEAK TASK FORCE.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TASK FORCE.—Not later than
13 15 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec14 retary of Energy shall lead and establish an Aliso Canyon
15 natural gas leak task force.

(b) MEMBERSHIP OF TASK FORCE.—In addition to the
Secretary, the task force established under subsection (a)
shall be composed of—

19 (1) 1 representative from the Department of
20 Transportation;

21 (2) 1 representative from the Department of
22 Health and Human Services;

23 (3) 1 representative from the Environmental
24 Protection Agency;

1	(4) 1 representative from the Department of the
2	Interior;
3	(5) 1 representative from the Department of
4	Commerce;
5	(6) 1 representative from the Federal Energy
6	Regulatory Commission; and
7	(7) representatives of State and local govern-
8	ments, as determined appropriate by the Secretary
9	and the Administrator.
10	(c) Report.—
11	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after
12	the date of enactment of this Act, the task force estab-
13	lished under subsection (a) shall submit a final report
14	that contains the information described in paragraph
15	(2) to—
16	(A) the Committee on Energy and Natural
17	Resources of the Senate;
18	(B) the Committee on Natural Resources of
19	the House of Representatives;
20	(C) the Committee on Environment and
21	Public Works of the Senate;
22	(D) the Committee on Transportation and
23	Infrastructure of the House of Representatives;
24	(E) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
25	and Transportation of the Senate;

1	(F) the Committee on Energy and Com-
2	merce of the House of Representatives;
3	(G) the Committee on Health, Education,
4	Labor, and Pensions of the Senate;
5	(H) the Committee on Education and the
6	Workforce of the House of Representatives;
7	(I) the President; and
8	(J) relevant Federal and State agencies.
9	(2) INFORMATION INCLUDED.—The report sub-
10	mitted under paragraph (1) shall include—
11	(A) an analysis and conclusion of the cause
12	and contributing factors of the Aliso Canyon
13	natural gas leak;
14	(B) an analysis of measures taken to stop
15	the natural gas leak, with an immediate focus on
16	other, more effective measures that could be
17	taken;
18	(C) an assessment of the impact of the nat-
19	ural gas leak on—
20	(i) health, safety, and the environment;
21	(ii) wholesale and retail electricity
22	prices; and
23	(iii) the reliability of the bulk-power
24	system;

1	(D) an analysis of how Federal, State, and
2	local agencies responded to the natural gas leak;
3	(E) in order to lessen the negative impacts
4	of leaks from underground natural gas storage
5	facilities, recommendations on how to improve—
6	(i) the response to a future leak; and
7	(ii) coordination between all appro-
8	priate Federal, State, and local agencies in
9	the response to the Aliso Canyon natural
10	gas leak and future natural gas leaks;
11	(F) an analysis of the potential for a simi-
12	lar natural gas leak to occur at other under-
13	ground natural gas storage facilities in the
14	United States;
15	(G) recommendations on how to prevent
16	any future natural gas leaks;
17	(H) recommendations regarding Aliso Can-
18	yon and other underground natural gas storage
19	facilities located in close proximity to residential
20	populations;
21	(I) any recommendations on information
22	that is not currently collected but that would be
23	in the public interest to collect and distribute to
24	agencies and institutions for the continued study

1	and monitoring of natural gas storage infra-
2	structure in the United States; and
3	(J) any other recommendations, as appro-
4	priate.
5	(3) PUBLICATION.—The final report under para-
6	graph (1) shall be made available to the public in an
7	electronically accessible format.
8	(4) FINDINGS.—If, before the final report is sub-
9	mitted under paragraph (1), the task force established
10	under subsection (a) finds methods to solve the nat-
11	ural gas leak at Aliso Canyon, finds methods to better
12	protect the affected communities, or finds methods to
13	help prevent other leaks, the task force shall imme-
14	diately submit such findings to the entities described
15	in subparagraphs (A) through (J) of paragraph (1).
	Attest:

Clerk.

114TH CONGRESS S. 2276

AMENDMENT