States Code, the Commission shall be considered to be an agency for purposes of section 552 of such title.".

(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Section 207(a) of the International Religious Freedom Act of 1998 (22 U.S.C. 6435(a)) is amended by striking "2015" and inserting "2017".

(g) TERMINATION.—Section 209 of the International Religious Freedom Act of 1998 (22 U.S.C. 6436) is amended by striking "September 30, 2015" and inserting "September 30, 2017".

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 228—DESIGNATING SEPTEMBER 2015 AS "NATIONAL OVARIAN CANCER AWARENESS MONTH"

Ms. AYOTTE (for herself, Ms. STABENOW, Ms. BALDWIN, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. BROWN, Mr. BURR, Mr. COONS, Mr. DURBIN, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. MORAN, Mr. PETERS, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. SCHUMER, and Mr. MENENDEZ) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 228

Whereas ovarian cancer is the deadliest of all gynecologic cancers;

Whereas ovarian cancer is the fifth leading cause of cancer deaths among women in the United States;

Whereas, in 2015, approximately 21,290 new cases of ovarian cancer will be diagnosed, and 14,180 women will die of ovarian cancer in the United States;

Whereas the mortality rate for ovarian cancer has not significantly decreased since the "War on Cancer" was declared more than 40 years ago;

Whereas 25 percent of women will die within 1 year of diagnosis with ovarian cancer and over 50 percent will die within 5 years;

Whereas while there is the mammogram to detect breast cancer and the Pap smear to detect cervical cancer, there is no reliable early detection test for ovarian cancer;

Whereas the lack of an early detection test means that approximately 80 percent of cases of ovarian cancer are detected at an advanced stage;

Whereas all women are at risk for ovarian cancer, and approximately 20 percent of women diagnosed with ovarian cancer have a hereditary predisposition to ovarian cancer, which places them at even higher risk:

Whereas scientists and physicians have uncovered changes in the BRCA genes that some women inherit from their parents, which may make them 30 times more likely to develop ovarian cancer:

Whereas the family history of a woman has been found to play an important role in accurately assessing the risk of that woman of developing ovarian cancer and medical experts believe that family history should be taken into consideration during the annual well woman visit of any woman;

Whereas many experts in health prevention now recommend genetic testing for young women with a family history of breast and ovarian cancer;

Whereas women who know they are at high risk of breast and ovarian cancer may undertake prophylactic measures to help reduce the risk of developing these diseases;

Whereas the Society of Gynecologic Oncology now recommends that all women diagnosed with ovarian cancer receive counseling and genetic testing;

Whereas many people are unaware that the symptoms of ovarian cancer often include

bloating, pelvic or abdominal pain, difficulty eating or feeling full quickly, urinary symptoms, and several other symptoms that are easily confused with other diseases;

Whereas awareness of the symptoms of ovarian cancer by women and health care providers can lead to a quicker diagnosis;

Whereas, in June 2007, the first national consensus statement on ovarian cancer symptoms was developed to provide consistency in describing symptoms to make it easier for women to learn and remember the symptoms; and

Whereas each year during the month of September, the Ovarian Cancer National Alliance and partner members hold a number of events to increase public awareness of ovarian cancer: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved. That the Senate-

(1) designates September 2015 as "National Ovarian Cancer Awareness Month"; and

(2) supports the goals and ideals of National Ovarian Cancer Awareness Month.

SENATE RESOLUTION 229—DESIGNATING JULY 26, 2015, AS "UNITED STATES INTELLIGENCE PROFESSIONALS DAY"

Mr. WARNER (for himself, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. BURR, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. RISCH, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. KAINE, Mr. KING, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. LANKFORD, Mr. HEINRICH, Mr. COTTON, and Ms. HIRONO) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 229

Whereas on July 26, 1908, Attorney General Charles Bonaparte ordered newly-hired Federal investigators to report to the Office of the Chief Examiner of the Department of Justice, which subsequently was renamed the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

Whereas on July 26, 1947, President Truman signed the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.), creating the Department of Defense, the National Security Council, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Joint Chiefs of Staff, thereby laying the foundation for today's intelligence community;

Whereas the National Security Act of 1947, which appears in title 50 of the United States Code, governs the definition, composition, responsibilities, authorities, and oversight of the intelligence community of the United States:

Whereas the intelligence community is defined by section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)) to include the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Security Agency, the Defense Intelligence Agency, the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, the National Reconnaissance Office, other offices within the Department of Defense for the collection of specialized national intelligence through reconnaissance programs, the intelligence elements of the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine Corps, the Coast Guard, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Drug Enforcement Administration, and the Department of Energy, the Bureau of Intelligence and Research of the Department of State, the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury, the elements of the Department of Homeland Security concerned with the analysis of intelligence information, and other elements as may be designated:

Whereas July 26, 2015, is the 68th anniversary of the signing of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.);

Whereas the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (Public Law 108-458; 118 Stat. 3638) created the position of the Director of National Intelligence to serve as the head of the intelligence community and to ensure that national intelligence be timely, objective, independent of political considerations, and based upon all sources available:

Whereas Congress has previously passed joint resolutions, signed by the President, to designate Peace Officers Memorial Day on May 15, Patriot Day on September 11, and other commemorative occasions, to honor the sacrifices of law enforcement officers and of those who lost their lives on September 11, 2001:

Whereas the United States has increasingly relied upon the men and women of the intelligence community to protect and defend the security of the United States in the decade since the attacks of September 11, 2001:

Whereas the men and women of the intelligence community, both civilian and military, have been increasingly called upon to deploy to theaters of war in Iraq, Afghanistan, and elsewhere since September 11, 2001;

Whereas numerous intelligence officers of the elements of the intelligence community have been injured or killed in the line of duty:

Whereas intelligence officers of the United States are routinely called upon to accept personal hardship and sacrifice in the furtherance of their mission to protect the United States, to undertake dangerous assignments in the defense of the interests of the United States, to collect reliable information within prescribed legal authorities upon which the leaders of the United States rely in life-and-death situations, and to "speak truth to power." by providing their best assessments to decision makers, regardless of political and policy considerations;

Whereas the men and women of the intelligence community have on numerous occasions succeeded in preventing attacks upon the United States and allies of the United States, saving numerous innocent lives; and

Whereas intelligence officers of the United States must of necessity often remain unknown and unrecognized for their substantial achievements and successes: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) designates July 26, 2015, as "United States Intelligence Professionals Day";
- (2) acknowledges the courage, fidelity, sacrifice, and professionalism of the men and women of the intelligence community of the United States; and
- (3) encourages the people of the United States to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 2284. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Mr. KAINE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2285. Mr. WICKER (for himself, Mr. Cochran, and Mrs. Feinstein) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2286. Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. Nelson, and Mr. Blumenthal) submitted an



amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2287. Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. Nelson, and Mr. Blumenthal) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

to lie on the table. SA 2288. Mr. MARKEY (for himself and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2289. Mr. WICKER (for himself and Mr. BOOKER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. McConnell and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2290. Mr. BROWN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2291. Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. Nelson, and Mr. Blumenthal) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2292. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2293. Mrs. FISCHER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2294. Ms. AYOTTE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2295. Mr. RUBIO (for himself and Mr. LEE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table

SA 2296. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. McConnell and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2297. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table

SA 2298. Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Mr. Rubio, and Mr. Vitter) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2299. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2300. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2301. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2302. Mr. ROBERTS (for himself, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. BURR, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. COTTON, Mr. GARDNER, Mr. RISCH, Mr. SASSE, Mr. TILLIS, Mr. BOOZMAN, and Mr. PERDUE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2303. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself and Mr. Crapo) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. McConnell and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2304. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2305. Mr. FLAKE (for himself and Mr. ALEXANDER) submitted an amendment in-

tended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2306. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2307. Mr. FLAKE (for himself and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra: which was ordered to lie on the table.

\$A 2308. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra: which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2309. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. McConnell and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

\$A 2310. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. McConnell and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

\$A 2311. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2312. Mr. FLAKE (for himself and Mr. McCAIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2313. Mr. MANCHIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. McCOnnell and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2314. Mrs. SHAHEEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. McConnell and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2315. Ms. STABENOW (for herself, Mr.

SA 2315. Ms. STABENOW (for herself, Mr. Brown, Mr. Peters, Mr. Reed, and Mr. Mended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2316. Mr. TOOMEY (for himself and Mr. MERKLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2317. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2318. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2319. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2320. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2321. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

which was ordered to lie on the table. SA 2322. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2323. Mr. WYDEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2324. Mr. PERDUE (for himself and Mr. SCOTT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2325. Mrs. GILLIBRAND submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2326. Mr. SULLIVAN (for Mr. VITTER (for himself, Mrs. Shaheen, Mr. Risch, Mr. Coons, and Mr. Peters)) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 2499, to amend the Small Business Act to increase access to capital for veteran entrepreneurs, to help create jobs, and for other purposes.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 2284. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Mr. KAINE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of division F, insert the following:

SEC. ___. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON SEQUESTRATION.

It is the Sense of the Senate that-

(1) the Nation's fiscal challenges are a top priority for Congress, and sequestration, non-strategic, across-the-board budget cuts, remains an unreasonable and inadequate budgeting tool to address the Nation's deficits and debt:

- (2) sequestration relief must be accomplished for fiscal years 2016 and 2017;
- (3) sequestration relief should include equal defense and non-defense relief; and
- (4) sequestration relief should be offset through targeted changes in mandatory and discretionary categories and revenues.

SA 2285. Mr. WICKER (for himself, Mr. Cochran, and Mrs. Feinstein) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ______, DISBURSEMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 1552 of title 31, United States Code, funds made available for the Broadband Technology Opportunities Program (including funds that have expired, but have not been cancelled) under title II of division A of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–5) shall remain available for expenditure through fiscal year 2020 for the purpose of liquidating valid obligations of active grants under such program.

(b) DEFINED TERM.—In this section, the term "active grants" means grants for which the period of performance has expired but are not finally closed out.

SA 2286. Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. Nelson, and Mr. Blumenthal) submitted an amendment intended to be