

115TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1172

To require the President to disclose income, assets, and liabilities associated with countries with which the United States is negotiating a trade or investment agreement, countries subject to Presidential determinations in trade enforcement actions, and countries eligible for trade preference programs, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 16, 2017

Mr. NEAL (for himself, Mr. PASCRELL, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. KIND, Mr. CROWLEY, Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Ms. DELBENE, Ms. SEWELL of Alabama, Ms. JUDY CHU of California, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. CICILLINE, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Ms. DELAUBO, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. HIMES, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. NADLER, Mr. POCAN, Mr. POLIS, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Ms. TSONGAS, and Ms. MAXINE WATERS of California) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To require the President to disclose income, assets, and liabilities associated with countries with which the United States is negotiating a trade or investment agreement, countries subject to Presidential determinations in trade enforcement actions, and countries eligible for trade preference programs, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2   *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3   **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Presidential Trade  
5   Transparency Act of 2017”.

6   **SEC. 2. DISCLOSURE BY PRESIDENT OF INCOME, ASSETS,**

7                   **AND LIABILITIES ASSOCIATED WITH COUN-**  
8                   **TRIES WITH WHICH THE UNITED STATES IS**  
9                   **NEGOTIATING A TRADE OR INVESTMENT**  
10                  **AGREEMENT.**

11       (a) IN GENERAL.—Before initiating or continuing ne-  
12 gotiations with a country for a trade or investment agree-  
13 ment, the President shall submit to Congress a report, in  
14 accordance with subsection (b) or (c), containing a full  
15 and complete statement of income earned, assets held, and  
16 liabilities owed by the President and associated with the  
17 country in the 12-month period preceding the submission  
18 of the report.

19       (b) TIMING OF REPORT FOR NEW NEGOTIATIONS.—  
20 In the case of negotiations for a trade or investment agree-  
21 ment with a country initiated on or after the date of the  
22 enactment of this Act, the President shall submit the re-  
23 port required by subsection (a)—

24                  (1) in the case of negotiations subject to the Bi-  
25 partisan Congressional Trade Priorities and Ac-

1       countability Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4201 et seq.)  
2       with respect to which the President is required to  
3       submit a notification under section 103(a)(2) or  
4       105(a)(1)(A) of that Act (19 U.S.C. 4202(a)(2) and  
5       4204(a)(1)(A)), not later than the date on which the  
6       President submits the notification;

7               (2) in the case of negotiations subject to the  
8       Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3501 et  
9       seq.), not later than the date on which the President  
10      submits the report required by section 115(2) of  
11      that Act (19 U.S.C. 3524(2));

12               (3) in the case of negotiations subject to the  
13       North American Free Trade Agreement Implemen-  
14       tation Act (19 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.), not later than  
15       the date on which the President submits the report  
16       required by section 103(a)(2) of that Act (19 U.S.C.  
17       3313(a)(2)); or

18               (4) in the case of negotiations for a trade or in-  
19       vestment agreement not covered by paragraph (1),  
20       (2), or (3), not less than 60 days before initiating  
21       the negotiations.

22               (c) TIMING OF REPORT FOR PENDING NEGOTIA-  
23       TIONS.—In the case of negotiations for a trade or invest-  
24       ment agreement with a country initiated before the date  
25       of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit

1 the report required by subsection (a) with respect to that  
2 country not later than 90 days after such date of enact-  
3 ment.

4 **SEC. 3. DISCLOSURE BY PRESIDENT OF INCOME, ASSETS,**  
5 **AND LIABILITIES ASSOCIATED WITH COUN-**  
6 **TRIES SUBJECT TO PRESIDENTIAL DETER-**  
7 **MINATIONS IN TRADE ENFORCEMENT AC-**  
8 **TIONS.**

9 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Before taking a covered action  
10 under a trade enforcement law with respect to a country,  
11 the President shall submit to Congress, in accordance with  
12 subsection (b), a report containing a full and complete  
13 statement of income earned, assets held, and liabilities  
14 owed by the President and associated with the country in  
15 the 12-month period preceding the submission of the re-  
16 port.

17 (b) **TIMING OF REPORT.**—The President shall submit  
18 the report required by subsection (a)—

19 (1) in the case of a covered action under section  
20 201 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2251) with  
21 respect to which a document is required to be trans-  
22 mitted to Congress under section 203(b) of that Act  
23 (19 U.S.C. 2253(b)), not less than 30 days before  
24 the President transmits the document;

1                         (2) in the case of a covered action under section  
2                         301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2411) that  
3                         is the subject of a direction of the President as de-  
4                         scribed in subsection (a)(1) or (b)(2) of that section,  
5                         not less than 30 days before making that direction;

6                         (3) in the case of a covered action under section  
7                         337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1337), not  
8                         later than 30 days after the date on which a copy  
9                         of the determination of the United States Inter-  
10                         national Trade Commission is transmitted to the  
11                         President under subsection (j) of that section;

12                         (4) in the case of a covered action under section  
13                         701(b)(2) of the Trade Facilitation and Trade En-  
14                         forcement Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4421(b)(2)), not  
15                         later than the date on which the report required  
16                         under subparagraph (B) of that section is submitted  
17                         to Congress; or

18                         (5) in the case of a covered action not covered  
19                         by paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4), not less than 30  
20                         days before taking such action.

21                         (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

22                         (1) COVERED ACTION.—The term “covered ac-  
23                         tion” means—

(A) the modification under a trade enforcement law of a duty imposed with respect to articles imported from a country; or

(B) waiving action, or declining to exercise authority to take action, under a trade enforcement law in a trade enforcement matter with respect to a country.

(2) TRADE ENFORCEMENT LAW.—The term “trade enforcement law” means—

(A) chapter I of title II of the Trade Act  
of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2251 et seq.);

(E) sections 337 and 338(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1337 and 1338(a));

20 (F) section 232 of the Trade Expansion  
21 Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1862);

(G) section 701 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4421);

7 SEC. 4. DISCLOSURE BY PRESIDENT OF INCOME, ASSETS,  
8 AND LIABILITIES ASSOCIATED WITH COUN-  
9 TRIES ELIGIBLE FOR TRADE PREFERENCE  
10 PROGRAMS.

11       (a) IN GENERAL.—Before taking a covered action  
12 under a trade preference program with respect to a coun-  
13 try or an article imported from a country, the President  
14 shall submit to Congress, in accordance with subsection  
15 (b), a report containing a full and complete statement of  
16 income earned, assets held, and liabilities owed by the  
17 President and associated with the country in the 12-month  
18 period preceding the submission of the report.

19           (b) TIMING OF REPORT.—The President shall submit  
20 the report required by subsection (a)—

1 under section 506A(a)(2) of that Act (19 U.S.C.  
2 2466a(a)(2)), at the time the President submits the  
3 notification or report;

4 (2) in the case of a covered action under the  
5 Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C.  
6 2701 et seq.) with respect to which the President is  
7 required to submit a notification under paragraph  
8 (1) or (2) of section 212(a) of that Act (19 U.S.C.  
9 2702(a)) or a report under section  
10 213(b)(2)(A)(v)(II)(cc) of that Act (19 U.S.C.  
11 2703(b)(2)(A)(v)(II)(cc)), at the time the President  
12 submits the notification or report; or

13 (3) in the case of a covered action not covered  
14 by paragraph (1) or (2), not later than 60 days be-  
15 fore taking the action.

16 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

17 (1) COVERED ACTION.—The term “covered ac-  
18 tion” means—

19 (A) the designation of a country as eligible  
20 for preferential treatment under a trade pref-  
21 erence program;

22 (B) the termination of such a designation;

23 (C) any determination with respect to the  
24 eligibility of an article for preferential treat-  
25 ment under a trade preference program;

(D) the withdrawal, suspension, or limitation of preferential treatment under a trade preference program with respect to a country or

(E) the exercise of the authority to waive the competitive need limitation with respect to an article under section 503(d) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463(d)).

(2) TRADE PREFERENCE PROGRAM.—The term  
“trade preference program” means—

16 (C) the Caribbean Basin Economic Recov-  
17 ery Act (19 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.); or

(D) section 915 of the Trade Facilitation and Trade Enforcement Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4454).

## 21 SEC. 5. CONTENTS OF DISCLOSURE REPORTS.

22 The President shall include in a report required  
23 under section 2, 3, or 4 with respect to a country—

1       App. 102(a)), with respect to each source of income,  
2       each asset, and each liability associated with the  
3       country; and

4               (2) a detailed description of the nature of the  
5       association of each such source of income, asset, or  
6       liability with the country.

7 **SEC. 6. EFFECT OF FAILURE TO TIMELY DISCLOSE.**

8       (a) **TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.**—If the President fails  
9       to submit a report required by this Act with respect to  
10      an action modifying tariff treatment with respect to arti-  
11      cles imported from a country by the time required by this  
12      Act, any instrument providing for the modification of such  
13      tariff treatment shall have no force or effect.

14       (b) **TRADE AND INVESTMENT AGREEMENTS.**—If the  
15      President fails to submit a report required by section 2  
16      with respect to negotiations for a trade or investment  
17      agreement with a country by the time required by that  
18      section, the implementing bill submitted to Congress with  
19      respect to that agreement shall not be eligible for the trade  
20      authorities procedures under section 103 of the Bipartisan  
21      Congressional Trade Priorities and Accountability Act of  
22      2015 (19 U.S.C. 4202).

23 **SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.**

24       In this Act:

1                     (1) ASSOCIATED WITH A COUNTRY.—The term  
2         “associated with a country” or “associated with the  
3         country”—

4                     (A) with respect to an asset, means—

5                         (i) any financial account maintained  
6         by a financial institution that is a person  
7         of the country;

8                         (ii) any stock or security issued by a  
9         person of the country;

10                         (iii) any financial instrument or con-  
11         tract held for investment that has an  
12         issuer or counterparty that is a person of  
13         the country;

14                         (iv) any interest in a person of the  
15         country; or

16                         (v) any real property located in the  
17         country or in which a person of the coun-  
18         try, including any representative or agent  
19         of the government of the country, has a fi-  
20         nancial interest;

21                     (B) with respect to income, includes divi-  
22         dends, rents, interest, or capital gains or any  
23         other income (as defined in section 61 of the  
24         Internal Revenue Code of 1986) received di-  
25         rectly or indirectly from an asset associated

1       with the country or any gift or reimbursement  
2       received from a person of the country, including  
3       any representative or agent of the government  
4       of the country; and

5               (C) with respect to a liability, refers to any  
6       liability owed to any creditor that is a person of  
7       the country, including an enterprise owned or  
8       controlled by the government of the country.

9               (2) PERSON OF THE COUNTRY.—

10               (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in  
11       subparagraph (B), with respect to a country,  
12       the term “person of the country” means—

13                       (i) an individual who is a citizen of  
14       the country; or

15                       (ii) a branch, partnership, group or  
16       subgroup, association, estate, trust, cor-  
17       poration or division of a corporation, or  
18       other organization if—

19                               (I) it is organized under the laws  
20       of the country;

21                               (II) its principal place of business  
22       is in the country; or

23                               (III) its equity securities are pri-  
24       marily traded on one or more ex-  
25       changes of the country.

