H. R. 170

To amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to modify the definition of “exempt H–1B nonimmigrant”.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 3, 2017

Mr. ISSA (for himself, Mr. PETERS, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. FARENTHOLD, Mr. LABRADOR, Mr. SMITH of Texas, and Mr. POLIS) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to modify the definition of “exempt H–1B nonimmigrant”.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Protect and Grow American Jobs Act”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

The Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The H–1B visa program allows businesses temporarily to hire highly skilled foreign workers
with specialized knowledge, where a qualified worker in the United States cannot be found.

(2) In 1990, the Congress created the H–1B visa program to help ensure that access to qualified highly skilled professionals was not an obstacle to economic growth and job creation in the United States.

(3) The H–1B visa program was never intended to be used as a catalyst for laying off workers in the United States and replacing them with H–1B workers.

(4) The unintended consequences of the H–1B visa program enabled a small number of companies to hire large numbers of H–1B workers relative to their United States worker populations.

(5) In 1998, Congress passed new enforcement provisions to the H–1B program in order to prevent companies from displacing United States workers with lower-cost foreign professionals.

(6) The 1998 revisions defined a new class of H–1B-dependent employers and established additional conditions on their business and hiring practices unless they paid sufficiently high wages.

(7) The 1998 revisions, however, did not index wage requirements to keep pace with wage growth,
and, as a result, the strength of provisions designed
to protect workers and employers committed to hir-
ing United States workers was reduced significantly.

SEC. 3. PURPOSE.

The purpose of this Act is to close a loophole in the
H–1B visa program by requiring H–1B-dependent em-
ployers once again to pay sufficiently high wages to ensure
the protection of the workforce in the United States and
to remove other impediments to proper H–1B visa en-
forcement.

SEC. 4. EXEMPT H–1B NONIMMIGRANT DEFINED.

Section 212(n)(3)(B) of the Immigration and Nation-
ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(n)(3)(B)) is amended—

(1) by striking clause (i) and inserting the fol-
lowing:

“(i) the term ‘exempt H–1B nonimmigrant’
means an H–1B nonimmigrant who receives wages
(including cash bonuses) at an annual rate equal to
at least the greater of $100,000 or the applicable
adjusted amount under clause (iii);”;

(2) in clause (ii), by striking the period at the
end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(iii) the amount described in clause
(i) (as of the last increase to such amount)
shall be increased, effective for the third fiscal year that begins after the date of the enactment of this clause and for every third fiscal year thereafter, by the percentage (if any) by which the Consumer Price Index for the month of June preceding the date on which such increase takes effect exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the same month of the third preceding calendar year."