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AN ACT

To provide for the reform and continuation of agricultural and other programs of the Department of Agriculture through fiscal year 2023, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

2 (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the
3 “Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”.

4 (b) **TABLE OF CONTENTS.**—The table of contents for
5 this Act is as follows:

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SEC. 2. DEFINITION OF SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

In this Act, the term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture.

TITLE I—COMMODITIES
Subtitle A—Commodity Policy

SEC. 1111. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle and subtitle B:

(1) Actual Crop Revenue.—The term “actual crop revenue”, with respect to a covered commodity for a crop year, means the amount determined by the Secretary under section 1117(b).

(2) Agriculture Risk Coverage.—The term “agriculture risk coverage” means coverage provided under section 1117.

(3) Agriculture Risk Coverage Guarantee.—The term “agriculture risk coverage guarantee”, with respect to a covered commodity for a crop year, means the amount determined by the Secretary under section 1117(c).

(4) Base Acres.—The term “base acres” has the meaning given the term in section 1111(4)(A) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9011(4)(A)),

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subject to any reallocation, adjustment, or reduction under section 1112.

(5) COVERED COMMODITY.—The term "covered commodity" means wheat, oats, and barley (including wheat, oats, and barley used for haying and grazing), corn, grain sorghum, long grain rice, medium grain rice, pulse crops, soybeans, other oilseeds, seed cotton, and peanuts.

(6) EFFECTIVE PRICE.—The term "effective price", with respect to a covered commodity for a crop year, means the price calculated by the Secretary under section 1116(b) to determine whether price loss coverage payments are required to be provided for that crop year.

(7) EFFECTIVE REFERENCE PRICE.—The term "effective reference price", with respect to a covered commodity for a crop year, means the lesser of the following:

(A) An amount equal to 115 percent of the reference price for such covered commodity.

(B) An amount equal to the greater of—

(i) the reference price for such covered commodity; or

(ii) 85 percent of the average of the marketing year average price of the cov-
ered commodity for the most recent 5 crop years, excluding each of the crop years with the highest and lowest marketing year average price.

8) EXTRA LONG STAPLE COTTON.—The term “extra long staple cotton” means cotton that—

(A) is produced from pure strain varieties of the barbadense species or any hybrid of the species, or other similar types of extra long staple cotton, designated by the Secretary, having characteristics needed for various end uses for which United States upland cotton is not suitable and grown in irrigated cotton-growing regions of the United States designated by the Secretary or other areas designated by the Secretary as suitable for the production of the varieties or types; and

(B) is ginned on a roller-type gin or, if authorized by the Secretary, ginned on another type gin for experimental purposes.

9) MARKETING YEAR AVERAGE PRICE.—The term “marketing year average price” means the national average market price received by producers during the 12-month marketing year for a covered commodity, as determined by the Secretary.
(10) **MEDIUM GRAIN RICE.**—The term “medium grain rice” includes short grain rice and temperate japonica rice.

(11) **OTHER OILSEED.**—The term “other oilseed” means a crop of sunflower seed, rapeseed, canola, safflower, flaxseed, mustard seed, crambe, sesame seed, or any oilseed designated by the Secretary.

(12) **PAYMENT ACRES.**—The term “payment acres”, with respect to the provision of price loss coverage payments and agriculture risk coverage payments, means the number of acres determined for a farm under section 1114.

(13) **PAYMENT YIELD.**—The term “payment yield”, for a farm for a covered commodity—

(A) means the yield used to make payments pursuant to section 1116 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9016); or

(B) means the yield established under section 1113.

(14) **PRICE LOSS COVERAGE.**—The term “price loss coverage” means coverage provided under section 1116.

(15) **PRODUCER.**—
(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “producer” means an owner, operator, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper that shares in the risk of producing a crop and is entitled to share in the crop available for marketing from the farm, or would have shared had the crop been produced.

(B) HYBRID SEED.—In determining whether a grower of hybrid seed is a producer, the Secretary shall—

(i) not take into consideration the existence of a hybrid seed contract; and

(ii) ensure that program requirements do not adversely affect the ability of the grower to receive a payment under this title.

(16) PULSE CROP.—The term “pulse crop” means dry peas, lentils, small chickpeas, and large chickpeas.

(17) REFERENCE PRICE.—The term “reference price”, with respect to a covered commodity for a crop year, means the following:

(A) For wheat, $5.50 per bushel.

(B) For corn, $3.70 per bushel.

(C) For grain sorghum, $3.95 per bushel.

(D) For barley, $4.95 per bushel.
(E) For oats, $2.40 per bushel.

(F) For long grain rice, $14.00 per hundredweight.

(G) For medium grain rice, $14.00 per hundredweight.

(H) For soybeans, $8.40 per bushel.

(I) For other oilseeds, $20.15 per hundredweight.

(J) For peanuts, $535.00 per ton.

(K) For dry peas, $11.00 per hundredweight.

(L) For lentils, $19.97 per hundredweight.

(M) For small chickpeas, $19.04 per hundredweight.

(N) For large chickpeas, $21.54 per hundredweight.

(O) For seed cotton, $0.367 per pound.

18) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture.

19) SEED COTTON.—The term “seed cotton” means unginned upland cotton that includes both lint and seed.

20) STATE.—The term “State” means—

(A) a State;

(B) the District of Columbia;
(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and
(D) any other territory or possession of the
United States.

(21) TEMPERATE JAPONICA RICE.—The term “temperate japonica rice” means rice that is grown in high altitudes or temperate regions of high latitudes with cooler climate conditions, in the Western United States, as determined by the Secretary, for the purpose of—

(A) the establishment of a reference price (as required under section 1116(g)) and an effective price pursuant to section 1116; and

(B) the determination of the actual crop revenue and agriculture risk coverage guarantee pursuant to section 1117.

(22) TRANSITIONAL YIELD.—The term “transitional yield” has the meaning given the term in section 502(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1502(b)).

(23) UNITED STATES.—The term “United States”, when used in a geographical sense, means all of the States.

(24) UNITED STATES PREMIUM FACTOR.—The term “United States Premium Factor” means the
percentage by which the difference in the United States loan schedule premiums for Strict Middling (SM) 1½-inch upland cotton and for Middling (M) 1¾-inch upland cotton exceeds the difference in the applicable premiums for comparable international qualities.

SEC. 1112. BASE ACRES.

(a) ADJUSTMENT OF BASE ACRES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide for an adjustment, as appropriate, in the base acres for covered commodities for a farm whenever any of the following circumstances occur:

(A) A conservation reserve contract entered into under section 1231 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831) with respect to the farm expires or is voluntarily terminated.

(B) Cropland is released from coverage under a conservation reserve contract by the Secretary.

(C) The producer has eligible oilseed acreage as the result of the Secretary designating additional oilseeds, which shall be determined in the same manner as eligible oilseed acreage under section 1101(a)(1)(D) of the Food, Con-
servation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 8711(a)(1)(D)).

(2) Special conservation reserve acreage payment rules.—For the crop year in which a base acres adjustment under subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) is first made, the owner of the farm shall elect to receive price loss coverage or agriculture risk coverage with respect to the acreage added to the farm under this subsection or a pro-rated payment under the conservation reserve contract, but not both.

(b) Prevention of excess base acres.—

(1) Required reduction.—If the sum of the base acres for a farm and the acreage described in paragraph (2) exceeds the actual cropland acreage of the farm, the Secretary shall reduce the base acres for 1 or more covered commodities for the farm so that the sum of the base acres and the acreage described in paragraph (2) does not exceed the actual cropland acreage of the farm.

(2) Other acreage.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the Secretary shall include the following:

(A) Any acreage on the farm enrolled in the conservation reserve program or wetlands reserve program (or successor programs) under
title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3801 et seq.).

(B) Any other acreage on the farm enrolled in a Federal conservation program for which payments are made in exchange for not producing an agricultural commodity on the acreage.

(C) If the Secretary designates additional oilseeds, any eligible oilseed acreage, which shall be determined in the same manner as eligible oilseed acreage under subsection (a)(1)(C).

(3) Selection of Acres.—The Secretary shall give the owner of the farm the opportunity to select the base acres for a covered commodity for the farm against which the reduction required by paragraph (1) will be made.

(4) Exception for Double-Cropped Acreage.—In applying paragraph (1), the Secretary shall make an exception in the case of double cropping, as determined by the Secretary.

(c) Reduction in Base Acres.—

(1) Reduction at Option of Owner.—

(A) In General.—The owner of a farm may reduce, at any time, the base acres for any covered commodity for the farm.
(B) Effect of reduction.—A reduction under subparagraph (A) shall be permanent and made in a manner prescribed by the Secretary.

(2) Required action by Secretary.—

(A) In general.—The Secretary shall proportionately reduce base acres on a farm for land that has been subdivided and developed for multiple residential units or other nonfarming uses if the size of the tracts and the density of the subdivision is such that the land is unlikely to return to the previous agricultural use, unless the producers on the farm demonstrate that the land—

(i) remains devoted to commercial agricultural production; or

(ii) is likely to be returned to the previous agricultural use.

(B) Requirement.—The Secretary shall establish procedures to identify land described in subparagraph (A).

(3) Treatment of unplanted base.—In the case of a farm on which no covered commodities (including seed cotton) were planted or prevented from being planted during the period beginning on Janu-
ary 1, 2009, and ending on December 31, 2017, the Secretary shall allocate all base acres on the farm to unassigned crop base for which no payment shall be made under section 1116 or 1117.

(4) Prohibition on reconstitution of farm.—The Secretary shall ensure that producers on a farm do not reconstitute the farm to void or change the treatment of base acres under this section.

SEC. 1113. PAYMENT YIELDS.

(a) Treatment of designated oilseeds.—

(1) In general.—For the purpose of making price loss coverage payments under section 1116, the Secretary shall provide for the establishment of a yield for each farm for any designated oilseed for which a payment yield was not established under section 1113 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9013) in accordance with this section.

(2) Payment yields for designated oilseeds.—In the case of designated oilseeds, the payment yield shall be equal to 90 percent of the average of the yield per planted acre for the most recent five crop years, as determined by the Secretary, excluding any crop year in which the acreage planted to the covered commodity was zero.
(3) Application.—This subsection shall apply to oilseeds designated after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) Effect of Lack of Payment Yield.—

(1) Establishment by Secretary.—In the case of a covered commodity on a farm for which base acres have been established, if no payment yield is otherwise established for the covered commodity on the farm, the Secretary shall establish an appropriate payment yield for the covered commodity on the farm under paragraph (2).

(2) Use of Similarly Situated Farms.—To establish an appropriate payment yield for a covered commodity on a farm as required by paragraph (1), the Secretary shall take into consideration the farm program payment yields applicable to that covered commodity for similarly situated farms. The use of such data in an appeal, by the Secretary or by the producer, shall not be subject to any other provision of law.

(c) Single Opportunity to Update Yields in Counties Affected by Drought.—

(1) Election to Update.—In the case of a farm that is physically located in a county in which any area of the county was rated by the U.S.
Drought Monitor as having a D4 (exceptional drought) intensity for 20 or more consecutive weeks during the period beginning January 1, 2008, and ending December 31, 2012, at the sole discretion of the owner of such farm, the owner of a farm shall have a 1-time opportunity to update, on a covered-commodity-by-covered-commodity basis, the payment yield that would otherwise be used in calculating any price loss coverage payment for each covered commodity on the farm for which the election is made.

(2) Method of updating yields for covered commodities.—If the owner of a farm elects to update yields under paragraph (1), the payment yield for covered commodities on the farm, for the purpose of calculating price loss coverage payments only, shall be equal to 90 percent of the average of the yield per planted acre for the crop of covered commodities on the farm for the 2013 through 2017 crop years, as determined by the Secretary, excluding any crop year in which the acreage planted to the covered commodity was zero.

(3) Use of county average yield.—For the purposes of determining the average yield under paragraph (2), if the yield per planted acre for a crop of a covered commodity for a farm for any of
the crop years specified in paragraph (2) was less than 75 percent of the average of county yields for those same years for that commodity, the Secretary shall assign a yield for that crop year equal to 75 percent of the average of the 2013 though 2017 county yield for the covered commodity.

(4) Upland Cotton Conversion.—In the case of seed cotton, for purposes of determining the average of the yield per planted acre under paragraph (2), the average yield for seed cotton per planted acre shall be equal to 2.4 times the average yield for upland cotton per planted acre.

(5) Time for Election.—An election under this subsection shall be made at a time and manner so as to be in effect beginning with the 2019 crop year, as determined by the Secretary.

SEC. 1114. PAYMENT ACRES.

(a) Determination of Payment Acres.—Subject to subsection (d), for the purpose of price loss coverage and agriculture risk coverage, the payment acres for each covered commodity on a farm shall be equal to 85 percent of the base acres for the covered commodity on the farm.

(b) Effect of Minimal Payment Acres.—

(1) Prohibition on Payments.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a producer
on a farm may not receive price loss coverage pay-
ments or agriculture risk coverage payments if the
sum of the base acres on the farm is 10 acres or
less, as determined by the Secretary, unless the sum
of the base acres on the farm, when combined with
the base acres of other farms in which the producer
has an interest, is more than 10 acres.

(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) does not
apply to a producer that is—

(A) a socially disadvantaged farmer or
rancher (as defined in section 355(e) of the
Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act
(7 U.S.C. 2003(e))); or

(B) a limited resource farmer or rancher,
as defined by the Secretary.

(e) EFFECT OF PLANTING FRUITS AND VEGETA-
BLES.—

(1) REDUCTION REQUIRED.—In the manner
provided in this subsection, payment acres on a farm
shall be reduced in any crop year in which fruits,
vegetables (other than mung beans and pulse crops),
or wild rice have been planted on base acres on a
farm.

(2) PRICE LOSS COVERAGE AND AGRICULTURAL
RISK COVERAGE.—In the case of price loss coverage
payments and agricultural risk coverage payments, the reduction under paragraph (1) shall be the amount equal to the base acres planted to crops referred to in such paragraph in excess of 15 percent of base acres.

(3) REDUCTION EXCEPTIONS.—No reduction to payment acres shall be made under this subsection if—

(A) cover crops or crops referred to in paragraph (1) are grown solely for conservation purposes and not harvested for use or sale, as determined by the Secretary; or

(B) in any region in which there is a history of double-cropping covered commodities with crops referred to in paragraph (1) and such crops were so double-cropped on the base acres, as determined by the Secretary.

(4) EFFECT OF REDUCTION.—For each crop year for which fruits, vegetables (other than mung beans and pulse crops), or wild rice are planted to base acres on a farm for which a reduction in payment acres is made under this subsection, the Secretary shall consider such base acres to be planted, or prevented from planting, to a covered commodity
for purposes of any adjustment or reduction of base
acres for the farm under section 1112.

(d) UNASSIGNED CROP BASE.—The Secretary shall
maintain information on base acres allocated as unass-
signed crop base pursuant to—

(1) section 1112(c)(3); or

(2) section 1112(a) of the Agricultural Act of

2014 (7 U.S.C. 9012(a)).

SEC. 1115. PRODUCER ELECTION.

(a) ELECTION REQUIRED.—For the 2019 through
2023 crop years, all of the producers on a farm shall make
a 1-time, irrevocable election to obtain on a covered-com-
modity-by-covered-commodity basis—

(1) price loss coverage under section 1116; or

(2) agriculture risk coverage under section

1117.

(b) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO MAKE UNANIMOUS
ELECTION.—If all the producers on a farm fail to make
a unanimous election under subsection (a) for the 2019
crop year—

(1) the Secretary shall not make any payments
with respect to the farm for the 2019 crop year
under section 1116 or 1117; and

(2) the producers on the farm shall be deemed
to have elected price loss coverage under section
1116 for all covered commodities on the farm for the
2020 through 2023 crop years.

(c) Prohibition on Reconstitution.—The Secretary shall ensure that producers on a farm do not reconstitute the farm to void or change an election made under this section.

SEC. 1116. PRICE LOSS COVERAGE.

(a) Price Loss Coverage Payments.—If all of the producers on a farm make the election under subsection (a) of section 1115 to obtain price loss coverage or, subject to subsection (b)(1) of such section, are deemed to have made such election under subsection (b)(2) of such section, the Secretary shall make price loss coverage payments to producers on the farm on a covered-commodity-by-covered-commodity basis if the Secretary determines that, for any of the 2019 through 2023 crop years—

(1) the effective price for the covered commodity for the crop year; is less than

(2) the effective reference price for the covered commodity for the crop year.

(b) Effective Price.—The effective price for a covered commodity for a crop year shall be the higher of—

(1) the marketing year average price; or
(2) the national average loan rate for a marketing assistance loan for the covered commodity in effect for such crop year under subtitle B.

(c) PAYMENT RATE.—The payment rate shall be equal to the difference between—

(1) the effective reference price for the covered commodity; and

(2) the effective price determined under subsection (b) for the covered commodity.

(d) PAYMENT AMOUNT.—If price loss coverage payments are required to be provided under this section for any of the 2019 through 2023 crop years for a covered commodity, the amount of the price loss coverage payment to be paid to the producers on a farm for the crop year shall be equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

(1) the payment rate for the covered commodity under subsection (c);

(2) the payment yield for the covered commodity; and

(3) the payment acres for the covered commodity determined under section 1114.

(e) TIME FOR PAYMENTS.—If the Secretary determines under this section that price loss coverage payments are required to be provided for the covered commodity, the payments shall be made beginning October 1, or as
soon as practicable thereafter, after the end of the applicable marketing year for the covered commodity.

(f) Effective Price for Barley.—In determining the effective price for barley under subsection (b), the Secretary shall use the all-barley price.

(g) Reference Price for Temperate Japonica Rice.—In order to reflect price premiums, the Secretary shall provide a reference price with respect to temperate japonica rice in an amount equal to the amount established under subparagraph (F) of section 1111(17), as adjusted by paragraph (7) of such section, multiplied by the ratio obtained by dividing—

(1) the simple average of the marketing year average price of medium grain rice from the 2012 through 2016 crop years; by

(2) the simple average of the marketing year average price of all rice from the 2012 through 2016 crop years.

SEC. 1117. AGRICULTURE RISK COVERAGE.

(a) Agriculture Risk Coverage Payments.—If all of the producers on a farm make the election under section 1115(a) to obtain agriculture risk coverage, the Secretary shall make agriculture risk coverage payments to producers on the farm if the Secretary determines that, for any of the 2019 through 2023 crop years—
(1) the actual crop revenue determined under subsection (b) for the crop year; is less than
(2) the agriculture risk coverage guarantee determined under subsection (c) for the crop year.

(b) Actual Crop Revenue.—The amount of the actual crop revenue for a county for a crop year of a covered commodity shall be equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

(1) the actual average county yield per planted acre for the covered commodity, as determined by the Secretary; and
(2) the higher of—
    (A) the marketing year average price; or
    (B) the national average loan rate for a marketing assistance loan for the covered commodity in effect for such crop year under subtitle B.

(c) Agriculture Risk Coverage Guarantee.—

(1) In general.—The agriculture risk coverage guarantee for a crop year for a covered commodity shall equal 86 percent of the benchmark revenue.

(2) Benchmark revenue.—The benchmark revenue shall be equal to the product obtained by multiplying—
(A) subject to paragraph (3), the average historical county yield as determined by the Secretary for the most recent 5 crop years, excluding each of the crop years with the highest and lowest yields; and

(B) subject to paragraph (4), the marketing year average price for the most recent 5 crop years, excluding each of the crop years with the highest and lowest prices.

(3) Yield Conditions.—If the yield per planted acre for the covered commodity or historical county yield per planted acre for the covered commodity for any of the 5 most recent crop years, as determined by the Secretary, is less than 70 percent of the transitional yield, as determined by the Secretary, the amounts used for any of those years in paragraph (2)(A) shall be 70 percent of the transitional yield.

(4) Reference Price.—If the marketing year average price for any of the 5 most recent crop years is lower than the reference price for the covered commodity, the Secretary shall use the reference price for any of those years for the amounts in paragraph (2)(B).
(d) Payment Rate.—The payment rate for a covered commodity in a county shall be equal to the lesser of—

(1) the amount that—

(A) the agriculture risk coverage guarantee for the crop year applicable under subsection (c); exceeds

(B) the actual crop revenue for the crop year applicable under subsection (b); or

(2) 10 percent of the benchmark revenue for the crop year applicable under subsection (c).

(e) Payment Amount.—If agriculture risk coverage payments are required to be paid for any of the 2019 through 2023 crop years, the amount of the agriculture risk coverage payment for the crop year shall be determined by multiplying—

(1) the payment rate for the covered commodity determined under subsection (d); and

(2) the payment acres for the covered commodity determined under section 1114.

(f) Time for Payments.—If the Secretary determines that agriculture risk coverage payments are required to be provided for the covered commodity, payments shall be made beginning October 1, or as soon as
practicable thereafter, after the end of the applicable mar-
keting year for the covered commodity.

(g) ADDITIONAL DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY.—In
providing agriculture risk coverage, the Secretary shall—

(1) to the maximum extent practicable, use all
available information and analysis, including data
mining, to check for anomalies in the determination
of agriculture risk coverage payments;

(2) calculate a separate actual crop revenue and
agriculture risk coverage guarantee for irrigated and
nonirrigated covered commodities;

(3) assign an actual or benchmark county yield
for each planted acre for the crop year for the cov-
ered commodity—

(A) for a county for which county data col-
lected by the Risk Management Agency is suffi-
cient for the Secretary to offer a county-wide
insurance product using the actual average
county yield determined by the Risk Manage-
ment Agency; or

(B) for a county not described in subpara-
graph (A) using—

(i) other sources of yield information,
as determined by the Secretary; or
(ii) the yield history of representative farms in the State, region, or crop reporting district, as determined by the Secretary; and

(4) make payments, as applicable, to producers using the payment rate of the county of the physical location of the base acres of a farm.

SEC. 1118. PRODUCER AGREEMENTS.

(a) Compliance With Certain Requirements.—

(1) Requirements.—Before the producers on a farm may receive payments under this subtitle with respect to the farm, the producers shall agree, during the crop year for which the payments are made and in exchange for the payments—

(A) to comply with applicable conservation requirements under subtitle B of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3811 et seq.);

(B) to comply with applicable wetland protection requirements under subtitle C of title XII of that Act (16 U.S.C. 3821 et seq.);

(C) to effectively control noxious weeds and otherwise maintain the land in accordance with sound agricultural practices, as determined by the Secretary; and
(D) to use the land on the farm, in a quantity equal to the attributable base acres for the farm and any base acres for an agricultural or conserving use, and not for a nonagricultural commercial, industrial, or residential use, as determined by the Secretary.

(2) Compliance.—The Secretary may issue such rules as the Secretary considers necessary to ensure producer compliance with the requirements of paragraph (1).

(3) Modification.—At the request of the transferee or owner, the Secretary may modify the requirements of this subsection if the modifications are consistent with the objectives of this subsection, as determined by the Secretary.

(b) Transfer or Change of Interest in Farm.—

(1) Termination.—

(A) In general.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a transfer of (or change in) the interest of the producers on a farm for which payments under this subtitle are provided shall result in the termination of the payments, unless the transferee or owner of the acreage
agrees to assume all obligations under subsection (a).

(B) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The termination shall take effect on the date determined by the Secretary.

(2) EXCEPTION.—If a producer entitled to a payment under this subtitle dies, becomes incompetent, or is otherwise unable to receive the payment, the Secretary shall make the payment in accordance with rules issued by the Secretary.

(c) ACREAGE REPORTS.—As a condition on the receipt of any benefits under this subtitle or subtitle B, the Secretary shall require producers on a farm to submit to the Secretary annual acreage reports with respect to all cropland on the farm.

(d) EFFECT OF INACCURATE REPORTS.—No penalty with respect to benefits under this subtitle or subtitle B shall be assessed against a producer on a farm for an inaccurate acreage report unless the Secretary determines that the producer on the farm knowingly and willfully falsified the acreage report.

(e) TENANTS AND SHARECROPPERS.—In carrying out this subtitle, the Secretary shall provide adequate safeguards to protect the interests of tenants and sharecroppers.
(f) Sharing of Payments.—The Secretary shall provide for the sharing of payments made under this subtitle among the producers on a farm on a fair and equitable basis.

Subtitle B—Marketing Loans

SEC. 1201. Availability of Nonrecourse Marketing Assistance Loans for Loan Commodities.

(a) Definition of Loan Commodity.—In this subtitle, the term “loan commodity” means wheat, corn, grain sorghum, barley, oats, upland cotton, extra long staple cotton, long grain rice, medium grain rice, peanuts, soybeans, other oilseeds, graded wool, nongraded wool, mohair, honey, dry peas, lentils, small chickpeas, and large chickpeas.

(b) Nonrecourse Loans Available.—

(1) In general.—For each of the 2019 through 2023 crops of each loan commodity, the Secretary shall make available to producers on a farm nonrecourse marketing assistance loans for loan commodities produced on the farm.

(2) Terms and Conditions.—The marketing assistance loans shall be made under terms and conditions that are prescribed by the Secretary and at
the loan rate established under section 1202 for the
loan commodity.

(c) ELIGIBLE PRODUCTION.—The producers on a
farm shall be eligible for a marketing assistance loan
under subsection (b) for any quantity of a loan commodity
produced on the farm.

(d) COMPLIANCE WITH CONSERVATION AND WET-
LANDS REQUIREMENTS.—As a condition of the receipt of
a marketing assistance loan under subsection (b), the pro-
ducer shall comply with applicable conservation require-
ments under subtitle B of title XII of the Food Security
Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3811 et seq.) and applicable wet-
land protection requirements under subtitle C of title XII
of that Act (16 U.S.C. 3821 et seq.) during the term of
the loan.

(e) SPECIAL RULES FOR PEANUTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—This subsection shall apply
only to producers of peanuts.

(2) OPTIONS FOR OBTAINING LOAN.—A mar-
keting assistance loan under this section, and loan
deficiency payments under section 1205, may be ob-
tained at the option of the producers on a farm
through—
(A) a designated marketing association or marketing cooperative of producers that is approved by the Secretary; or

(B) the Farm Service Agency.

(3) Storage of Loan Peanuts.—As a condition on the approval by the Secretary of an individual or entity to provide storage for peanuts for which a marketing assistance loan is made under this section, the individual or entity shall agree—

(A) to provide the storage on a nondiscriminatory basis; and

(B) to comply with such additional requirements as the Secretary considers appropriate to accomplish the purposes of this section and promote fairness in the administration of the benefits of this section.

(4) Storage, Handling, and Associated Costs.—

(A) In General.—To ensure proper storage of peanuts for which a loan is made under this section, the Secretary shall pay handling and other associated costs (other than storage costs) incurred at the time at which the peanuts are placed under loan, as determined by the Secretary.
(B) Redemption and forfeiture.—The Secretary shall—

(i) require the repayment of handling and other associated costs paid under subparagraph (A) for all peanuts pledged as collateral for a loan that is redeemed under this section; and

(ii) pay storage, handling, and other associated costs for all peanuts pledged as collateral that are forfeited under this section.

(5) Marketing.—A marketing association or cooperative may market peanuts for which a loan is made under this section in any manner that conforms to consumer needs, including the separation of peanuts by type and quality.

(6) Reimbursable agreements and payment of administrative expenses.—The Secretary may implement any reimbursable agreements or provide for the payment of administrative expenses under this subsection only in a manner that is consistent with those activities in regard to other loan commodities.
SEC. 1202. LOAN RATES FOR NONRECOUSE MARKETING ASSISTANCE LOANS.

(a) In General.—For purposes of each of the 2019 through 2023 crop years, the loan rate for a marketing assistance loan under section 1201 for a loan commodity shall be equal to the following:

(1) In the case of wheat, $2.94 per bushel.

(2) In the case of corn, $1.95 per bushel.

(3) In the case of grain sorghum, $1.95 per bushel.

(4) In the case of barley, $1.95 per bushel.

(5) In the case of oats, $1.39 per bushel.

(6)(A) Subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C), in the case of base quality of upland cotton, the simple average of the adjusted prevailing world price for the 2 immediately preceding marketing years, as determined by the Secretary and announced October 1 preceding the next domestic planting.

(B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the loan rate determined under subparagraph (A) may not equal less than an amount equal to 98 percent of the loan rate for base quality of upland cotton for the preceding year.

(C) The loan rate determined under subparagraph (A) may not be equal to an amount—

(i) less than $0.45 per pound; or
(ii) more than $0.52 per pound.

(7) In the case of extra long staple cotton, $0.95 per pound.

(8) In the case of long grain rice, $6.50 per hundredweight.

(9) In the case of medium grain rice, $6.50 per hundredweight.

(10) In the case of soybeans, $5.00 per bushel.

(11) In the case of other oilseeds, $10.09 per hundredweight for each of the following kinds of oilseeds:

(A) Sunflower seed.

(B) Rapeseed.

(C) Canola.

(D) Safflower.

(E) Flaxseed.

(F) Mustard seed.

(G) Crambe.

(H) Sesame seed.

(I) Other oilseeds designated by the Secretary.

(12) In the case of dry peas, $5.40 per hundredweight.

(13) In the case of lentils, $11.28 per hundredweight.
(14) In the case of small chickpeas, $7.43 per hundredweight.

(15) In the case of large chickpeas, $11.28 per hundredweight.

(16) In the case of graded wool, $1.15 per pound.

(17) In the case of nongraded wool, $0.40 per pound.

(18) In the case of mohair, $4.20 per pound.

(19) In the case of honey, $0.69 per pound.

(20) In the case of peanuts, $355 per ton.

(b) Single County Loan Rate for Other Oilseeds.—The Secretary shall establish a single loan rate in each county for each kind of other oilseeds described in subsection (a)(11).

(e) Rule for Seed Cotton.—

(1) In general.—For purposes of sections 1116(b)(2) and 1117(b)(2)(B) only, seed cotton shall be deemed to have a loan rate equal to $0.25 per pound.

(2) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize non-recourse marketing assistance loans under this subtitle for seed cotton.
SEC. 1203. TERM OF LOANS.

(a) TERM OF LOAN.—In the case of each loan commodity, a marketing assistance loan under section 1201 shall have a term of 9 months beginning on the first day of the first month after the month in which the loan is made.

(b) EXTENSIONS PROHIBITED.—The Secretary may not extend the term of a marketing assistance loan for any loan commodity.

SEC. 1204. REPAYMENT OF LOANS.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—The Secretary shall permit the producers on a farm to repay a marketing assistance loan under section 1201 for a loan commodity (other than upland cotton, long grain rice, medium grain rice, extra long staple cotton, peanuts and confectionery and each other kind of sunflower seed (other than oil sunflower seed)) at a rate that is the lesser of—

(1) the loan rate established for the commodity under section 1202, plus interest (determined in accordance with section 163 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7283));

(2) a rate (as determined by the Secretary) that—
(A) is calculated based on average market prices for the loan commodity during the pre-
ceding 30-day period; and

(B) will minimize discrepancies in mar-
ket loan benefits across State boundaries
and across county boundaries; or

(3) a rate that the Secretary may develop using
alternative methods for calculating a repayment rate
for a loan commodity that the Secretary determines
will—

(A) minimize potential loan forfeitures;

(B) minimize the accumulation of stocks of
the commodity by the Federal Government;

(C) minimize the cost incurred by the Fed-
eral Government in storing the commodity;

(D) allow the commodity produced in the
United States to be marketed freely and com-
petitively, both domestically and internationally;
and

(E) minimize discrepancies in marketing
loan benefits across State boundaries and
across county boundaries.

(b) REPAYMENT RATES FOR UPLAND COTTON, LONG
GRAIN RICE, AND MEDIUM GRAIN RICE.—The Secretary
shall permit producers to repay a marketing assistance
loan under section 1201 for upland cotton, long grain rice, and medium grain rice at a rate that is the lesser of—

(1) the loan rate established for the commodity under section 1202, plus interest (determined in accordance with section 163 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7283)); or

(2) the prevailing world market price for the commodity, as determined and adjusted by the Secretary in accordance with this section.

(c) Repayment Rates for Extra Long Staple Cotton.—Repayment of a marketing assistance loan for extra long staple cotton shall be at the loan rate established for the commodity under section 1202, plus interest (determined in accordance with section 163 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7283)).

(d) Prevailing World Market Price.—For purposes of this section and section 1207, the Secretary shall prescribe by regulation—

(1) a formula to determine the prevailing world market price for each of upland cotton, long grain rice and medium grain rice; and
(2) a mechanism by which the Secretary shall announce periodically those prevailing world market prices.

(e) ADJUSTMENT OF PREVAILING WORLD MARKET PRICE FOR UPLAND COTTON, LONG GRAIN RICE, AND MEDIUM GRAIN RICE.—

(1) RICE.—The prevailing world market price for long grain rice and medium grain rice determined under subsection (d) shall be adjusted to United States quality and location.

(2) COTTON.—The prevailing world market price for upland cotton determined under subsection (d)—

(A) shall be adjusted to United States quality and location, with the adjustment to include—

(i) a reduction equal to any United States Premium Factor for upland cotton of a quality higher than Middling (M) 13⁄32-inch; and

(ii) the average costs to market the commodity, including average transportation costs, as determined by the Secretary; and
(B) may be further adjusted, during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on July 31, 2024, if the Secretary determines the adjustment is necessary—

(i) to minimize potential loan forfeitures;

(ii) to minimize the accumulation of stocks of upland cotton by the Federal Government;

(iii) to ensure that upland cotton produced in the United States can be marketed freely and competitively, both domestically and internationally; and

(iv) to ensure an appropriate transition between current-crop and forward-crop price quotations, except that the Secretary may use forward-crop price quotations prior to July 31 of a marketing year only if—

(I) there are insufficient current-crop price quotations; and

(II) the forward-crop price quotation is the lowest such quotation available.
(3) Guidelines for Additional Adjustments.—In making adjustments under this subsection, the Secretary shall establish a mechanism for determining and announcing the adjustments in order to avoid undue disruption in the United States market.

(f) Repayment Rates for Confectionery and Other Kinds of Sunflower Seeds.—The Secretary shall permit the producers on a farm to repay a marketing assistance loan under section 1201 for confectionery and each other kind of sunflower seed (other than oil sunflower seed) at a rate that is the lesser of—

(1) the loan rate established for the commodity under section 1202, plus interest (determined in accordance with section 163 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7283)); or

(2) the repayment rate established for oil sunflower seed.

(g) Payment of Cotton Storage Costs.—Effective for each of the 2019 through 2023 crop years, the Secretary shall make cotton storage payments available in the same manner, and at the same rates as the Secretary provided storage payments for the 2006 crop of cotton, except that the rates shall be reduced by 10 percent.
(h) **Repayment Rate for Peanuts.**—The Secretary shall permit producers on a farm to repay a marketing assistance loan for peanuts under section 1201 at a rate that is the lesser of—

1. the loan rate established for peanuts under section 1202(a)(20), plus interest (determined in accordance with section 163 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7283)); or

2. a rate that the Secretary determines will—
   - (A) minimize potential loan forfeitures;
   - (B) minimize the accumulation of stocks of peanuts by the Federal Government;
   - (C) minimize the cost incurred by the Federal Government in storing peanuts; and
   - (D) allow peanuts produced in the United States to be marketed freely and competitively, both domestically and internationally.

(i) **Authority to Temporarily Adjust Repayment Rates.**—

1. **Adjustment Authority.**—In the event of a severe disruption to marketing, transportation, or related infrastructure, the Secretary may modify the repayment rate otherwise applicable under this sec-
tion for marketing assistance loans under section 1201 for a loan commodity.

(2) DURATION.—Any adjustment made under paragraph (1) in the repayment rate for marketing assistance loans for a loan commodity shall be in effect on a short-term and temporary basis, as determined by the Secretary.

SEC. 1205. LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENTS.

(a) AVAILABILITY OF LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (d), the Secretary may make loan deficiency payments available to producers on a farm that, although eligible to obtain a marketing assistance loan under section 1201 with respect to a loan commodity, agree to forgo obtaining the loan for the commodity in return for loan deficiency payments under this section.

(2) UNSHORN PELTS, HAY, AND SILAGE.—

(A) MARKETING ASSISTANCE LOANS.—

Subject to subparagraph (B), nongraded wool in the form of unshorn pelts and hay and silage derived from a loan commodity are not eligible for a marketing assistance loan under section 1201.
(B) LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENT.—Effective for each of the 2019 through 2023 crop years, the Secretary may make loan deficiency payments available under this section to producers on a farm that produce unshorn pelts or hay and silage derived from a loan commodity.

(b) COMPUTATION.—A loan deficiency payment for a loan commodity or commodity referred to in subsection (a)(2) shall be equal to the product obtained by multiplying—

(1) the payment rate determined under subsection (c) for the commodity; by

(2) the quantity of the commodity produced by the eligible producers, excluding any quantity for which the producers obtain a marketing assistance loan under section 1201.

(c) PAYMENT RATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a loan commodity, the payment rate shall be the amount by which—

(A) the loan rate established under section 1202 for the loan commodity; exceeds

(B) the rate at which a marketing assistance loan for the loan commodity may be repaid under section 1204.
(2) **Unshorn pelts.**—In the case of unshorn pelts, the payment rate shall be the amount by which—

(A) the loan rate established under section 1202 for ungraded wool; exceeds

(B) the rate at which a marketing assistance loan for ungraded wool may be repaid under section 1204.

(3) **Hay and silage.**—In the case of hay or silage derived from a loan commodity, the payment rate shall be the amount by which—

(A) the loan rate established under section 1202 for the loan commodity from which the hay or silage is derived; exceeds

(B) the rate at which a marketing assistance loan for the loan commodity may be repaid under section 1204.

(d) **Exception for Extra Long Staple Cotton.**—This section shall not apply with respect to extra long staple cotton.

(e) **Effective Date for Payment Rate Determination.**—The Secretary shall determine the amount of the loan deficiency payment to be made under this section to the producers on a farm with respect to a quantity of a loan commodity or commodity referred to in subsection
SEC. 1206. PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF LOAN DEFICIENCY PAYMENTS FOR GRAZED ACREAGE.

(a) Eligible Producers.—

(1) In general.—Effective for each of the 2019 through 2023 crop years, in the case of a producer that would be eligible for a loan deficiency payment under section 1205 for wheat, barley, or oats, but that elects to use acreage planted to the wheat, barley, or oats for the grazing of livestock, the Secretary shall make a payment to the producer under this section if the producer enters into an agreement with the Secretary to forgo any other harvesting of the wheat, barley, or oats on that acreage.

(2) Grazing of triticale acreage.—Effective for each of the 2019 through 2023 crop years, with respect to a producer on a farm that uses acreage planted to triticale for the grazing of livestock, the Secretary shall make a payment to the producer under this section if the producer enters into an agreement with the Secretary to forgo any other harvesting of triticale on that acreage.

(b) Payment Amount.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—The amount of a payment made under this section to a producer on a farm described in subsection (a)(1) shall be equal to the amount determined by multiplying—

(A) the loan deficiency payment rate determined under section 1205(e) in effect, as of the date of the agreement, for the county in which the farm is located; by

(B) the payment quantity determined by multiplying—

(i) the quantity of the grazed acreage on the farm with respect to which the producer elects to forgo harvesting of wheat, barley, or oats; and

(ii)(I) the payment yield in effect for the calculation of price loss coverage under section 1116 with respect to that loan commodity on the farm;

(II) in the case of a farm for which agriculture risk coverage is elected under section 1117, the payment yield that would otherwise be in effect with respect to that loan commodity on the farm in the absence of such election; or
(III) in the case of a farm for which no payment yield is otherwise established for that loan commodity on the farm, an appropriate yield established by the Secretary in a manner consistent with section 1113(b).

(2) Grazing of triticale acreage.—The amount of a payment made under this section to a producer on a farm described in subsection (a)(2) shall be equal to the amount determined by multiplying—

(A) the loan deficiency payment rate determined under section 1205(c) in effect for wheat, as of the date of the agreement, for the county in which the farm is located; by

(B) the payment quantity determined by multiplying—

(i) the quantity of the grazed acreage on the farm with respect to which the producer elects to forgo harvesting of triticale; and

(ii)(I) the payment yield in effect for the calculation of price loss coverage under subtitle A with respect to wheat on the farm;
(II) in the case of a farm for which agriculture risk coverage is elected under section 1117, the payment yield that would otherwise be in effect for wheat on the farm in the absence of such election; or

(III) in the case of a farm for which no payment yield is otherwise established for wheat on the farm, an appropriate yield established by the Secretary in a manner consistent with section 1113(b).

(c) TIME, MANNER, AND AVAILABILITY OF PAYMENT.—

(1) TIME AND MANNER.—A payment under this section shall be made at the same time and in the same manner as loan deficiency payments are made under section 1205.

(2) AVAILABILITY.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish an availability period for the payments authorized by this section.

(B) CERTAIN COMMODITIES.—In the case of wheat, barley, and oats, the availability period shall be consistent with the availability period for the commodity established by the Sec-
retary for marketing assistance loans authorized by this subtitle.

(d) Prohibition on Crop Insurance Indemnity or Noninsured Crop Assistance.—A 2019 through 2023 crop of wheat, barley, oats, or triticale planted on acreage that a producer elects, in the agreement required by subsection (a), to use for the grazing of livestock in lieu of any other harvesting of the crop shall not be eligible for an indemnity under a policy or plan of insurance authorized under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) or noninsured crop assistance under section 196 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7333).

SEC. 1207. SPECIAL MARKETING LOAN PROVISIONS FOR UPLAND COTTON.

(a) Special Import Quota.—

(1) Definition of special import quota.—In this subsection, the term “special import quota” means a quantity of imports that is not subject to the over-quota tariff rate of a tariff-rate quota.

(2) Establishment.—

(A) In general.—The President shall carry out an import quota program beginning on August 1, 2019, as provided in this subsection.
(B) PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.—Whenever
the Secretary determines and announces that
for any consecutive 4-week period, the Friday
through Thursday average price quotation for
the lowest priced United States growth, as
quoted for Middling (M) 1\(\frac{3}{32}\)-inch upland cot-
ton, delivered to a definable and significant
international market, as determined by the Sec-
retary, exceeds the prevailing world market
price, there shall immediately be in effect a spe-
cial import quota.

(3) QUANTITY.—The quota shall be equal to
the consumption during a 1-week period of cotton by
domestic mills at the seasonally adjusted average
rate of the most recent 3 months for which official
data of the Department of Agriculture are available
or, in the absence of sufficient data, as estimated by
the Secretary.

(4) APPLICATION.—The quota shall apply to
upland cotton purchased not later than 90 days
after the date of the Secretary’s announcement
under paragraph (2) and entered into the United
States not later than 180 days after that date.

(5) OVERLAP.—A special quota period may be
established that overlaps any existing quota period if
required by paragraph (2), except that a special quota period may not be established under this subsection if a quota period has been established under subsection (b).

(6) Preferential Tariff Treatment.—The quantity under a special import quota shall be considered to be an in-quota quantity for purposes of—

(A) section 213(d) of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C. 2703(d));

(B) section 204 of the Andean Trade Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3203);

(C) section 503(d) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463(d)); and

(D) General Note 3(a)(iv) to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule.

(7) Limitation.—The quantity of cotton entered into the United States during any marketing year under the special import quota established under this subsection may not exceed the equivalent of 10 weeks’ consumption of upland cotton by domestic mills at the seasonally adjusted average rate of the 3 months immediately preceding the first special import quota established in any marketing year.

(b) Limited Global Import Quota for Upland Cotton.—
(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A) DEMAND.—The term “demand” means—

(i) the average seasonally adjusted annual rate of domestic mill consumption of cotton during the most recent 3 months for which official data of the Department of Agriculture are available or, in the absence of sufficient data, as estimated by the Secretary; and

(ii) the larger of—

(I) average exports of upland cotton during the preceding 6 marketing years; or

(II) cumulative exports of upland cotton plus outstanding export sales for the marketing year in which the quota is established.

(B) LIMITED GLOBAL IMPORT QUOTA.—The term “limited global import quota” means a quantity of imports that is not subject to the over-quota tariff rate of a tariff-rate quota.

(C) SUPPLY.—The term “supply” means, using the latest official data of the Department of Agriculture—
(i) the carry-over of upland cotton at
the beginning of the marketing year (ad-
justed to 480-pound bales) in which the
quota is established;

(ii) production of the current crop;
and

(iii) imports to the latest date avail-
able during the marketing year.

(2) PROGRAM.—The President shall carry out
an import quota program that provides that when-
ever the Secretary determines and announces that
the average price of the base quality of upland cot-
tton, as determined by the Secretary, in the des-
ignated spot markets for a month exceeded 130 per-
cent of the average price of the quality of cotton in
the markets for the preceding 36 months, notwith-
standing any other provision of law, there shall im-
mediately be in effect a limited global import quota
subject to the following conditions:

(A) QUANTITY.—The quantity of the quota
shall be equal to 21 days of domestic mill con-
sumption of upland cotton at the seasonally ad-
justed average rate of the most recent 3 months
for which official data of the Department of Ag-
riculture are available or, in the absence of sufficient data, as estimated by the Secretary.

(B) QUANTITY OF PRIOR QUOTA.—If a quota has been established under this subsection during the preceding 12 months, the quantity of the quota next established under this subsection shall be the smaller of 21 days of domestic mill consumption calculated under subparagraph (A) or the quantity required to increase the supply to 130 percent of the demand.

(C) PREFERENTIAL TARIFF TREATMENT.—The quantity under a limited global import quota shall be considered to be an import quota quantity for purposes of—

(i) section 213(d) of the Caribbean Basin Economic Recovery Act (19 U.S.C. 2703(d));

(ii) section 204 of the Andean Trade Preference Act (19 U.S.C. 3203);

(iii) section 503(d) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2463(d)); and

(iv) General Note 3(a)(iv) to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule.
(D) QUOTA ENTRY PERIOD.—When a quota is established under this subsection, cotton may be entered under the quota during the 90-day period beginning on the date the quota is established by the Secretary.

(3) NO OVERLAP.—Notwithstanding paragraph (2), a quota period may not be established that overlaps an existing quota period or a special quota period established under subsection (a).

(c) ECONOMIC ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE FOR TEXTILE MILLS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall, on a monthly basis, make economic adjustment assistance available to domestic users of upland cotton in the form of payments for all documented use of that upland cotton during the previous monthly period regardless of the origin of the upland cotton.

(2) VALUE OF ASSISTANCE.—The value of the assistance provided under paragraph (1) shall be 3.15 cents per pound.

(3) ALLOWABLE PURPOSES.—Economic adjustment assistance under this subsection shall be made available only to domestic users of upland cotton that certify that the assistance shall be used only to
acquire, construct, install, modernize, develop, convert, or expand land, plant, buildings, equipment, facilities, or machinery.

(4) Review or Audit.—The Secretary may conduct such review or audit of the records of a domestic user under this subsection as the Secretary determines necessary to carry out this subsection.

(5) Improper Use of Assistance.—If the Secretary determines, after a review or audit of the records of the domestic user, that economic adjustment assistance under this subsection was not used for the purposes specified in paragraph (3), the domestic user shall be—

(A) liable for the repayment of the assistance to the Secretary, plus interest, as determined by the Secretary; and

(B) ineligible to receive assistance under this subsection for a period of 1 year following the determination of the Secretary.

SEC. 1208. SPECIAL COMPETITIVE PROVISIONS FOR EXTRA LONG STAPLE COTTON.

(a) Competitiveness Program.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act through July 31, 2024, the Secretary shall carry out a program—
(1) to maintain and expand the domestic use of extra long staple cotton produced in the United States;

(2) to increase exports of extra long staple cotton produced in the United States; and

(3) to ensure that extra long staple cotton produced in the United States remains competitive in world markets.

(b) Payments Under Program; Trigger.—Under the program, the Secretary shall make payments available under this section whenever—

(1) for a consecutive 4-week period, the world market price for the lowest priced competing growth of extra long staple cotton (adjusted to United States quality and location and for other factors affecting the competitiveness of such cotton), as determined by the Secretary, is below the prevailing United States price for a competing growth of extra long staple cotton; and

(2) the lowest priced competing growth of extra long staple cotton (adjusted to United States quality and location and for other factors affecting the competitiveness of such cotton), as determined by the Secretary, is less than 113 percent of the loan rate for extra long staple cotton.
(c) Eligible Recipients.—The Secretary shall make payments available under this section to domestic users of extra long staple cotton produced in the United States and exporters of extra long staple cotton produced in the United States that enter into an agreement with the Commodity Credit Corporation to participate in the program under this section.

(d) Payment Amount.—Payments under this section shall be based on the amount of the difference in the prices referred to in subsection (b)(1) during the fourth week of the consecutive 4-week period multiplied by the amount of documented purchases by domestic users and sales for export by exporters made in the week following such a consecutive 4-week period.

SEC. 1209. Availability of Recourse Loans.

(a) High Moisture Feed Grains.—

(1) Definition of high moisture state.—In this subsection, the term “high moisture state” means corn or grain sorghum having a moisture content in excess of Commodity Credit Corporation standards for marketing assistance loans made by the Secretary under section 1201.

(2) Recourse loans available.—For each of the 2019 through 2023 crops of corn and grain sorghum, the Secretary shall make available recourse
loans, as determined by the Secretary, to producers on a farm that—

(A) normally harvest all or a portion of their crop of corn or grain sorghum in a high moisture state;

(B) present—

(i) certified scale tickets from an inspected, certified commercial scale, including a licensed warehouse, feedlot, feed mill, distillery, or other similar entity approved by the Secretary, pursuant to regulations issued by the Secretary; or

(ii) field or other physical measurements of the standing or stored crop in regions of the United States, as determined by the Secretary, that do not have certified commercial scales from which certified scale tickets may be obtained within reasonable proximity of harvest operation;

(C) certify that the producers on the farm were the owners of the feed grain at the time of delivery to, and that the quantity to be placed under loan under this subsection was in fact harvested on the farm and delivered to, a feedlot, feed mill, or commercial or on-farm
high-moisture storage facility, or to a facility maintained by the users of corn and grain sorghum in a high moisture state; and

(D) comply with deadlines established by the Secretary for harvesting the corn or grain sorghum and submit applications for loans under this subsection within deadlines established by the Secretary.

(3) **Eligibility of Acquired Feed Grains.**—A loan under this subsection shall be made on a quantity of corn or grain sorghum of the same crop acquired by the producer equivalent to a quantity determined by multiplying—

(A) the acreage of the corn or grain sorghum in a high moisture state harvested on the farm of the producer; by

(B) the lower of—

(i) the payment yield in effect for the calculation of price loss coverage under section 1116, or the payment yield deemed to be in effect or established under subclause (II) or (III) of section 1206(b)(1)(B)(ii), with respect to corn or grain sorghum on a field that is similar to the field from which the corn or grain sor-
ghum referred to in subparagraph (A) was obtained; or

(ii) the actual yield of corn or grain sorghum on a field, as determined by the Secretary, that is similar to the field from which the corn or grain sorghum referred to in subparagraph (A) was obtained.

(b) Recourse Loans Available for Seed Cotton.—For each of the 2019 through 2023 crops of upland cotton and extra long staple cotton, the Secretary shall make available recourse seed cotton loans, as determined by the Secretary, on any production.

(c) Recourse Loans Available for Contaminated Commodities.—In the case of a loan commodity that is ineligible for 100 percent of the nonrecourse marketing loan rate in the county due to a determination that the commodity is contaminated yet still merchantable, for each of the 2019 through 2023 crops of such loan commodity, the Secretary shall make available recourse commodity loans, at the rate provided under section 1202, on any production.

(d) Repayment Rates.—Repayment of a recourse loan made under this section shall be at the loan rate established for the commodity by the Secretary, plus interest (determined in accordance with section 163 of the Federal...
Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7283)).

SEC. 1210. ADJUSTMENTS OF LOANS.

(a) ADJUSTMENT AUTHORITY.—Subject to subsection (e), the Secretary may make appropriate adjustments in the loan rates for any loan commodity (other than cotton) for differences in grade, type, quality, location, and other factors.

(b) MANNER OF ADJUSTMENT.—The adjustments under subsection (a) shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be made in such a manner that the average loan level for the commodity will, on the basis of the anticipated incidence of the factors, be equal to the level of support determined in accordance with this subtitle and subtitle C.

(e) COST SAVING OPTION.—In carrying out this title, the Secretary shall consider methods to enhance the support, loan, or assistance provided under this title in a manner that further minimizes the potential for forfeitures.

(d) ADJUSTMENT ON COUNTY BASIS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may establish loan rates for a crop for producers in individual counties in a manner that results in the lowest loan rate being 95 percent of the national average loan
rate, if those loan rates do not result in an increase in outlays.

(2) Prohibition.—Adjustments under this subsection shall not result in an increase in the national average loan rate for any year.

(c) Adjustment in Loan Rate for Cotton.—

(1) In general.—The Secretary may make appropriate adjustments in the loan rate for cotton for differences in quality factors.

(2) Types of Adjustments.—Loan rate adjustments under paragraph (1) may include—

(A) the use of non-spot market price data, in addition to spot market price data, that would enhance the accuracy of the price information used in determining quality adjustments under this subsection;

(B) adjustments in the premiums or discounts associated with upland cotton with a staple length of 33 or above due to micronaire with the goal of eliminating any unnecessary artificial splits in the calculations of the premiums or discounts; and

(C) such other adjustments as the Secretary determines appropriate, after consulta-
tions conducted in accordance with paragraph (3).

(3) CONSULTATION WITH PRIVATE SECTOR.—

(A) PRIOR TO REVISION.—In making adjustments to the loan rate for cotton (including any review of the adjustments) as provided in this subsection, the Secretary shall consult with representatives of the United States cotton industry.

(B) INAPPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to consultations under this subsection.

(4) REVIEW OF ADJUSTMENTS.—The Secretary may review the operation of the upland cotton quality adjustments implemented pursuant to this subsection and may make further adjustments to the administration of the loan program for upland cotton, by revoking or revising any adjustment taken under paragraph (2).

(f) RICE.—The Secretary shall not make adjustments in the loan rates for long grain rice and medium grain rice, except for differences in grade and quality (including milling yields).
(g) Continuation of Authority.—Section 166 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7286) is amended by striking “and Subtitle B of title I of the Agricultural Act of 2014” each place it appears and inserting “subtitle B of title I of the Agricultural Act of 2014, and subtitle B of title I of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”.

Subtitle C—Sugar

Sec. 1301. Sugar Policy.

(a) Continuation of Current Program and Loan Rates.—

(1) Sugarcane.—Section 156(a)(4) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7272(a)(4)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(2) Sugar beets.—Section 156(b)(2) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7272(b)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(3) Effective Period.—Section 156(i) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7272(i)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(b) Flexible Marketing Allotments for Sugar.—
(1) Sugar estimates.—Section 359b(a)(1) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359bb(a)(1)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(2) Effective period.—Section 359l(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1359ll(a)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

Subtitle D—Dairy Risk Management Program and Other Dairy Programs

SEC. 1401. DAIRY RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM FOR DAIRY PRODUCERS.

(a) Review of data used in calculation of average feed cost.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report evaluating the extent to which the average cost of feed used by a dairy operation to produce a hundredweight of milk calculated by the Secretary as required by section 1402(a) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9052(a)) is representative of actual dairy feed costs.
(b) Corn Silage Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report detailing the costs incurred by dairy operations in the use of corn silage as feed, and the difference between the feed cost of corn silage and the feed cost of corn.

(c) Collection of Alfalfa Hay Data.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the National Agricultural Statistics Service, shall revise monthly price survey reports to include prices for high-quality alfalfa hay in the top five milk producing States, as measured by volume of milk produced during the previous month.

(d) Registration of Multiproducer Dairy Operations.—Section 1404(b) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9054(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3), by striking “If” and inserting “Subject to paragraph (5), if”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(5) Certain Multiproducer Dairy Operation Exclusions.—
“(A) Exclusion of Low-Percentage Owners.—To promote administrative efficiency in the dairy risk management program, a multi-producer dairy operation covered by paragraph (3) may elect, at the option of the multi-producer dairy operation, to exclude information from the registration process regarding any individual owner of the multi-producer dairy operation that—

“(i) holds less than a five percent ownership interest in the multi-producer dairy operation; or

“(ii) is entitled to less than five percent of the income, revenue, profit, gain, loss, expenditure, deduction, or credit of the multi-producer dairy operation for any given year.

“(B) Effect of Exclusion on Dairy Risk Management Payments.—To the extent that an individual owner of a multi-producer dairy operation is excluded under subparagraph (A) from the registration of the multi-producer dairy operation, any dairy risk management payment made to the multi-producer dairy oper-
ation shall be reduced by an amount equal to
the greater of the following:

“(i) The amount determined by multi-
plying the dairy risk management payment
otherwise determined under section 1406
by the total percentage of ownership inter-
ests represented by the excluded owners.

“(ii) The amount determined by mul-
tiplying the dairy risk management pay-
ment otherwise determined under section
1406 by the total percentage of the in-
come, revenue, profit, gain, loss, expendi-
ture, deduction, or credit of the multipro-
ducer dairy operation represented by the
excluded owners.”.

(e) Relation to Livestock Gross Margin for Dairy Program.—Section 1404(d) of the Agricultural
Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9054(d)) is amended—

(1) by striking “but not both” and inserting
“but not on the same production”;

(2) by striking “or the” and inserting “and
the”; and

(3) by striking “margin protection program”
and inserting “dairy risk management program”.
(f) Production History of Participating Dairy Operators.—

(1) Continued Use of Prior Dairy Operation Production History.—Section 1405(a)(1) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9055(a)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: “The production history of a participating dairy operation shall continue to be based on annual milk marketings during the 2011, 2012, or 2013 calendar year notwithstanding the operation of the dairy risk management program through 2023.”.

(2) Adjustment.—Section 1405(a) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9055(a)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking “In subsequent years” and inserting “In the subsequent calendar years ending before January 1, 2019”; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting “, as applicable” after “paragraph (2)”.

(3) Limitation on Changes to Business Structure.—Section 1405 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9055) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
“(d) Limitation on Changes to Business Structure.—The Secretary may not make dairy risk management payments to a participating dairy operation if the Secretary determines that the participating dairy operation has reorganized the structure of such operation solely for the purpose of qualifying as a new operation under subsection (b).”.

(g) Dairy Risk Management Payments.—

(1) Election of Coverage Level Threshold and Coverage Percentage.—Section 1406 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9056) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “annually”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) Deadline for Election; Duration.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, each participating dairy operation shall elect a coverage level threshold under subsection (a)(1) and a coverage percentage under subsection (a)(2) to be used to determine dairy risk management payments. This election shall remain in effect for the participating dairy operation for the duration of the dairy risk management program, as specified in section 1409.”.
(2) Additional coverage level thresholds for certain producers.—Section 1406(a)(1) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9056(a)(1)) is amended by inserting after “or $8.00” the following: “(and in the case of production subject to premiums under section 1407(b), also $8.50 or $9.00)”.

(3) Election of production history coverage percentage.—Section 1406(a)(2) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9056(a)(2)) is amended by striking “beginning with 25 percent and not exceeding” and inserting “but not to exceed”.

(h) Premiums for Participation in Dairy Risk Management Program.—

(1) Premium per hundredweight for first 5 million pounds of production.—Section 1407(b) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9057(b)) is amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(2) Producer premiums.—The following annual premiums apply:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coverage Level</th>
<th>Premium per Cwt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$4.00</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$4.50</td>
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<td>Premium per Cwt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>$0.120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9.00</td>
<td>$0.170</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(B) by striking paragraph (3).

(2) TECHNICAL CORRECTION.—Section 1407(d) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9057(d)) is amended in the subsection heading by striking “TIME FOR” and inserting “METHOD OF”.

(i) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS RELATED TO PROGRAM NAME.—

(1) HEADING.—The heading of part I of subtitle D of title I of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Public Law 113–79; 128 Stat. 688) is amended to read as follows:

“PART I—DAIRY RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM FOR DAIRY PRODUCERS”.

(2) DEFINITIONS.—Section 1401 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9051) is amended—

(A) by striking paragraphs (5) and (6) and inserting the following new paragraphs:

“(5) DAIRY RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM.—The terms ‘dairy risk management program’ and ‘program’ mean the dairy risk management program required by section 1403.
“(6) **Dairy Risk Management Payment.**—

The term ‘dairy risk management payment’ means a payment made to a participating dairy operation under the program pursuant to section 1406.”; and

(B) in paragraphs (7) and (8), by striking “margin protection” both places it appears.

(3) **Calculation of Actual Dairy Production Margin.**—Section 1402(b)(1) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9052(b)(1)) is amended by striking “margin protection” and inserting “dairy risk management”.

(4) **Program Operation.**—Section 1403 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9053) is amended—

(A) in the section heading, by striking “**Establishment of Margin Protection**” and inserting “**Dairy Risk Management**”;

(B) by striking “Not later than September 1, 2014, the Secretary shall establish and administer a margin protection program” and inserting “The Secretary shall continue to administer a dairy risk management program”; and
(5) PARTICIPATION.—Section 1404 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9054) is amended—

(A) in the section heading, by striking “MARGIN PROTECTION”;

(B) in subsection (a), by striking “margin protection program to receive margin protection payments” and inserting “dairy risk management program to receive dairy risk management payments”; and

(C) in subsections (b) and (c), by striking “margin protection” each place it appears.

(6) PRODUCTION HISTORY.—Section 1405 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9055) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)(1)—

(i) by striking “margin protection program” the first place it appears and inserting “dairy risk management program”;

and

(ii) by striking “margin protection” the second place it appears; and
(7) PAYMENTS.—Section 1406 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9056) is amended—

(A) in the section heading, by striking “MARGIN PROTECTION” and inserting “DAIRY RISK MANAGEMENT”; and

(C) in the heading of subsection (c), by striking “MARGIN PROTECTION”.

(8) PREMIUMS.—Section 1407 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9057) is amended—

(A) in the section heading, by striking “MARGIN PROTECTION” and inserting “DAIRY RISK MANAGEMENT”; and

(C) in subsection (a), by striking “margin protection program” and inserting “dairy risk management program”; and

(C) in subsection (e), by striking “margin protection” both places it appears.

(9) PENALTIES.—Section 1408 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9058) is amended by
striking “margin protection” both places it appears
and inserting “dairy risk management”.

(10) Administration and Enforcement.—
Section 1410 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7
U.S.C. 9060) is amended by striking “margin pro-
tection” each place it appears and inserting “dairy
risk management”.

(j) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
this section shall take effect 60 days after the date of the
enactment of this Act.

(k) Duration.—Section 1409 of the Agricultural
Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9059) is amended—

(1) by striking “margin protection” and insert-
ing “dairy risk management”; and

(2) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 1402. CLASS I SKIM MILK PRICE.

(a) Class I Skim Milk Price.—Section 8c(5)(A) of
the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(5)(A)),
reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing
Agreement Act of 1937, is amended by striking “Throughout-
out the 2-year period” and all that follows through “such
handlers.” and inserting the following new sentence:

“Throughout the 2-year period beginning on the effective
date of this sentence (and subsequent to such 2-year pe-
riod unless modified by amendment to the order involved),
for purposes of determining prices for milk of the highest
use classification, the Class I skim milk price per hundred-
weight specified in section 1000.50(b) of title 7, Code of
Federal Regulations (or successor regulation), shall be the
sum of the adjusted Class I differential specified in section
1000.52 of such title 7, plus the adjustment to Class I
prices specified in sections 1005.51(b), 1006.51(b), and
1007.51(b) of such title 7 (or successor regulation), plus
the simple average of the advanced pricing factors com-
puted in sections 1000.50(q)(1) and 1000.50(q)(2) of such
title 7 (or successor regulation), plus $0.74.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE AND IMPLEMENTATION.—

(1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made
by subsection (a) shall take effect on the first day
of the first month beginning more than 120 days
after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—Implementation of the
amendment made by subsection (a) is not subject to
any of the following:

(A) The notice and comment provisions of
section 553 of title 5, United States Code.

(B) The notice and hearing requirements
of paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 8c of the
Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c),
reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937.

(C) The order amendment requirements of section 8c(17) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(17)).

(D) A referendum under section 8c(19) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 608c(19)).

SEC. 1403. EXTENSION OF DAIRY FORWARD PRICING PROGRAM.

Section 1502(e) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 8772(e)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “2021” and inserting “2026”.

SEC. 1404. EXTENSION OF DAIRY INDEMNITY PROGRAM.

Section 3 of Public Law 90–484 (7 U.S.C. 450l) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 1405. EXTENSION OF DAIRY PROMOTION AND RESEARCH PROGRAM.

Section 113(e)(2) of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 4504(e)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.
SEC. 1406. REPEAL OF DAIRY PRODUCT DONATION PROGRAM.

Section 1431 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9071) is repealed.

Subtitle E—Supplemental Agricultural Disaster Assistance Programs

SEC. 1501. MODIFICATION OF SUPPLEMENTAL AGRICULTURAL DISASTER ASSISTANCE.

(a) COVERED LIVESTOCK LOSSES FOR LIVESTOCK INDEMNITY PAYMENTS.—Section 1501(b) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9081(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “or” at the end of subparagraph (A);

(B) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting “; or”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) disease that, as determined by the Secretary—

“(i) is caused or transmitted by a vector; and

“(ii) is not susceptible to control by vaccination or acceptable management practices.”; and
(2) in paragraph (4), by striking “A payment” and inserting “PAYMENT REDUCTIONS.—A payment”.

(b) PAYMENT LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSION OF GROSS INCOME LIMITATION.—Section 1501(f) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9081(f)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by striking “this section (excluding payments received under subsections (b) and (e))” and inserting “subsection (c)”); and

(B) by striking “joint venture or general partnership” and inserting “qualified pass through entity (as such term is defined in paragraph (5) of section 1001(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308(a)))”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) EXCLUSION OF GROSS INCOME LIMITATION.—For purposes of this section only, subsection (b) of section 1001D of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308–3a) shall not apply to a person or legal entity if 75 percent or greater of the average adjusted gross income (as such term is defined in subsection (a) of such section) of such person or
legal entity derives from farming, ranching, or silviculture activities.”.

(c) Application of Amendments.—Section 1501 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9081), as amended by this section, shall apply with respect to losses described in such section 1501 incurred on or after January 1, 2017.

Subtitle F—Administration

Sec. 1601. Administration Generally.

(a) Use of Commodity Credit Corporation.—The Secretary shall use the funds, facilities, and authorities of the Commodity Credit Corporation to carry out this title.

(b) Determinations by Secretary.—A determination made by the Secretary under this title shall be final and conclusive.

(c) Regulations.—

(1) In general.—Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Commodity Credit Corporation, as appropriate, shall promulgate such regulations as are necessary to implement this title and the amendments made by this title.
(2) **PROCEDURE.**—The promulgation of the regulations and administration of this title and the amendments made by this title shall be made without regard to—

(A) the notice and comment provisions of section 553 of title 5, United States Code; and

(B) chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code (commonly known as the “Paperwork Reduction Act”).

(3) **CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW OF AGENCY RULE-MAKING.**—In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall use the authority provided under section 808 of title 5, United States Code.

(d) **ADJUSTMENT AUTHORITY RELATED TO TRADE AGREEMENTS COMPLIANCE.**—

(1) **REQUIRED DETERMINATION; ADJUSTMENT.**—If the Secretary determines that expenditures under this title that are subject to the total allowable domestic support levels under the Uruguay Round Agreements (as defined in section 2 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3501)) will exceed such allowable levels for any applicable reporting period, the Secretary shall, to the maximum extent practicable, make adjustments in the amount of such expenditures during that period to
ensure that such expenditures do not exceed the allowable levels.

(2) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—Before making any adjustment under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report describing the determination made under that paragraph and the extent of the adjustment to be made.

SEC. 1602. SUSPENSION OF PERMANENT PRICE SUPPORT AUTHORITY.

(a) AGRICULTURAL ADJUSTMENT ACT OF 1938.—The following provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 shall not be applicable to the 2019 through 2023 crops of covered commodities (as defined in section 1111), cotton, and sugar and shall not be applicable to milk during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act through December 31, 2023:

(1) Parts II through V of subtitle B of title III (7 U.S.C. 1326 et seq.).

(2) In the case of upland cotton, section 377 (7 U.S.C. 1377).

(3) Subtitle D of title III (7 U.S.C. 1379a et seq.).
(4) Title IV (7 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.).

(b) AGRICULTURAL ACT OF 1949.—

(1) APPLICABILITY.—The following provisions of the Agricultural Act of 1949 shall not be applicable to the 2019 through 2023 crops of covered commodities (as defined in section 1111), cotton, and sugar and shall not be applicable to milk during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act through December 31, 2023:

(A) Section 101 (7 U.S.C. 1441).

(B) Section 103(a) (7 U.S.C. 1444(a)).

(C) Section 105 (7 U.S.C. 1444b).

(D) Section 107 (7 U.S.C. 1445a).

(E) Section 110 (7 U.S.C. 1445e).

(F) Section 112 (7 U.S.C. 1445g).

(G) Section 115 (7 U.S.C. 1445k).

(H) Section 201 (7 U.S.C. 1446).

(I) Title III (7 U.S.C. 1447 et seq.).

(J) Title IV (7 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.), other than sections 404, 412, and 416 (7 U.S.C. 1424, 1429, and 1431).

(K) Title V (7 U.S.C. 1461 et seq.).

(L) Title VI (7 U.S.C. 1471 et seq.).
(2) Clarifying Amendments.—Section 201(a) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1446(a)) is amended—

(A) by inserting “, crambe, cottonseed, sesame seed” after “mustard seed”;

(B) by inserting “dry peas, lentils, small chickpeas, large chickpeas, graded wool, non-graded wool, mohair, peanuts,” after “honey,”;

and

(C) by striking “in accordance with this title” and inserting “consistent with the percentage levels of support provided under subsection (c), except as otherwise provided for under subsection (b)”.

(c) Suspension of Certain Quota Provisions.—

The joint resolution entitled “A joint resolution relating to corn and wheat marketing quotas under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended”, approved May 26, 1941 (7 U.S.C. 1330 and 1340), shall not be applicable to the crops of wheat planted for harvest in the calendar years 2019 through 2023.

Sec. 1603. Payment Limitations.

(a) In General.—Section 1001 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—
(A) in paragraph (1) by striking “section 1001 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008” and inserting “section 1111 of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”; 

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting “first cousin, niece, nephew,” after “sibling,”; 

(C) by redesignating paragraph (5) as (6); and 

(D) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph:

“(5) QUALIFIED PASS THROUGH ENTITY.—The term ‘qualified pass through entity’ means a partnership (within the meaning of subchapter K of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and including a limited liability company that does not affirmatively elect to be treated as a corporation), an S corporation (as defined in section 1361 of such Code), or a joint venture.”;

(2) in subsections (b) and (c) by striking “entity” through “Agricultural Act of 2014” in each place it appears and inserting “entity (except a qualified pass through entity) for any crop year under sections 1116 and 1117 of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”;

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in subsection (d) by striking “associated” and all that follows through the end of the sentence and inserting “associated with subtitle B of title I of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018.”; and

(4) in subsection (f), by adding the end the following new paragraph:

“(9) ADMINISTRATION OF REDUCTION.—The Secretary shall apply any order described in section 1614(d)(1) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9097(d)(1)) to payments under sections 1116 and 1117 of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018 prior to applying payment limitations under this section.”.


(1) in the heading, by striking “JOINT VENTURES AND GENERAL PARTNERSHIPS” and inserting “QUALIFIED PASS THROUGH ENTITIES”;

(2) by striking “joint venture or a general partnership” and inserting “qualified pass through entity”;

(3) by striking “joint ventures and general partnerships” and inserting “qualified pass through entities”; and
(4) by striking “joint venture or general partnership” and inserting “qualified pass through entity”.

(c) Conforming Amendments.—

(1) Treatment of Federal Agencies and State and Local Governments.—Section 1001(f) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308(f)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (5)(A), by striking “or title XII” and inserting “title I of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018, or title XII”; and

(B) in paragraph (6)(A), by striking “or title XII” and inserting “title I of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018, or title XII”.

(2) Foreign Persons Ineligible.—Section 1001C(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308–3(a)) is amended by inserting “title I of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018,” after “2014,”.

(d) Application.—The amendments made by this section shall apply beginning with the 2019 crop year.
SEC. 1604. ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME LIMITATION.

(a) LIMITATIONS.—Section 1001D(b)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308–3a(b)(2)) is amend—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “title I of the Agricultural Act of 2014” and inserting “title I of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”; (2) by striking subparagraphs (B) and (D); and (3) by redesignating subparagraphs (C) and (E) as subparagraphs (B) and (C), respectively.

(b) EXCEPTIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1001D(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308–3a(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) EXCEPTIONS.—

“(A) EXCEPTION FOR QUALIFIED PASS THROUGH ENTITIES.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to a qualified pass through entity (as such term is defined in section 1001(a)(5)).

“(B) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive the limitation established by paragraph (1) with respect to a payment pursuant to a covered benefit described in paragraph (2)(B), on a case-by-case basis, if the Secretary determines that environmentally sensitive land of special...
significance would be protected as a result of such waiver.”.

(2) Conforming Amendments.—Section 1001D of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308–3a) is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)(1), by inserting “subject to paragraph (3),” after “of law,”; and

(B) in subsection (d), by striking “, general partnership, or joint venture” both places it appears.

(c) Transition.—Section 1001D of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308–3a), as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, shall apply with respect to the 2018 crop, fiscal, or program year, as appropriate, for each program described in subsection (b)(2) of that section (as so in effect on that day).

SEC. 1605. PREVENTION OF DECEASED INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING PAYMENTS UNDER FARM COMMODITY PROGRAMS.

(a) Reconciliation.—At least twice each year, the Secretary shall reconcile Social Security numbers of all individuals who receive payments under this title, whether directly or indirectly, with the Commissioner of Social Security to determine if the individuals are alive.
(b) Preclusion.—The Secretary shall preclude the issuance of payments to, and on behalf of, deceased individuals that were not eligible for payments.

SEC. 1606. ASSIGNMENT OF PAYMENTS.

(a) In General.—The provisions of section 8(g) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h(g)), relating to assignment of payments, shall apply to payments made under this title.

(b) Notice.—The producer making the assignment, or the assignee, shall provide the Secretary with notice, in such manner as the Secretary may require, of any assignment made under this section.

SEC. 1607. TRACKING OF BENEFITS.

As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary may track the benefits provided, directly or indirectly, to individuals and entities under titles I and II and the amendments made by those titles.

SEC. 1608. SIGNATURE AUTHORITY.

(a) In General.—In carrying out this title and title II and amendments made by those titles, if the Secretary approves a document, the Secretary shall not subsequently determine the document is inadequate or invalid because of the lack of authority of any person signing the document on behalf of the applicant or any other individual, entity, or qualified pass through entity (as such term is
defined in paragraph (5) of section 1001(a) of the Food
Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1308(a)) or the docu-
ments relied upon were determined inadequate or invalid,
unless the person signing the program document know-
ingly and willfully falsified the evidence of signature au-
thority or a signature.

(b) AFFIRMATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this section pro-
hibits the Secretary from asking a proper party to
affirm any document that otherwise would be consid-
ered approved under subsection (a).

(2) NO RETROACTIVE EFFECT.—A denial of
benefits based on a lack of affirmation under para-
graph (1) shall not be retroactive with respect to
third-party producers who were not the subject of
the erroneous representation of authority, if the
third-party producers—

(A) relied on the prior approval by the Sec-
retary of the documents in good faith; and

(B) substantively complied with all pro-
gram requirements.

SEC. 1609. PERSONAL LIABILITY OF PRODUCERS FOR DEFI-
CIENCIES.

Section 164(a) of the Federal Agriculture Improve-
ment and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7284(a)) is

SEC. 1610. IMPLEMENTATION.

(a) MAINTENANCE OF BASE ACRES AND PAYMENT YIELDS.—The Secretary shall maintain, for each covered commodity, base acres and payment yields on a farm established under sections 1001 and 1301 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 8702, 8751), as adjusted pursuant to sections 1101, 1102, 1108, and 1302 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 8711, 8712, 8718, 8752), as in effect on September 30, 2013, and as adjusted pursuant to sections 1112 and 1113 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9012, 9013).

(b) STREAMLINING.—In implementing this title and amendments made by this title, the Secretary shall—

(1) continue to reduce administrative burdens and costs to producers by streamlining and reducing paperwork, forms, and other administrative requirements, including through the continuation of the Acreage Crop Reporting and Streamlining Initiative that, in part, shall ensure that—
(A) a producer (or an agent of a producer) may report information, electronically (including geospatial data) or conventionally, to the Department;

(B) upon the request of the producer (or agent thereof), the Department of Agriculture electronically shares with the producer (or agent) in real time and without cost to the producer (or agent) the common land unit data, related farm level data, and other information of the producer; and

(C) no agent, approved insurance provider, or employee or contractor of an agency or approved insurance provider, bears responsibility or liability under the Acreage Crop Reporting and Streamlining Initiative for the eligibility of a producer for programs administered by the Department of Agriculture that are not policies or plans of insurance offered under the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1501 et. seq.) except in cases of misrepresentation, fraud, or scheme and device;

(2) continue to improve coordination, information sharing, and administrative work with the Farm
Service Agency, Risk Management Agency, and the Natural Resources Conservation Service;

    (3) continue to take advantage of new technologies to enhance efficiency and effectiveness of program delivery to producers; and

    (4) reduce administrative burdens on producers by offering such producers an option to remotely and electronically sign annual contracts for participation in coverage under sections 1116 and 1117.

(c) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary shall make available to the Farm Service Agency to carry out this title and amendments made by this title, $25,000,000.

(d) LOAN IMPLEMENTATION.—

    (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1614(d)(1) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9097(d)(1)) is amended—

        (A) by inserting “or subtitles B and C of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018” after “this title”;

        (B) by striking “made by subtitles B or C” and inserting “made by such subtitles”; and

        (C) by inserting “of this title, and sections 1207(c) and 1208 of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018” after “1208”.

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(2) Repayment.—Section 1614(d)(2) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9097(d)(2)) is amended—

(A) by striking “of subtitles B or C” and inserting “of subtitle B or C of this title, or subtitle B or C of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”; and

(B) by striking “under subtitles B or C” and inserting “of subtitle B or C of this title, or subtitle B or C of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”.

SEC. 1611. EXEMPTION FROM CERTAIN REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN PRODUCERS.

(a) Definition of Exempted Producer.—In this section, the term “exempted producer” means a producer or landowner eligible to participate in any conservation or commodity program administered by the Secretary, or eligible for indemnity or compensation payments through programs administered by the Secretary.

(b) Exemption.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–282; 31 U.S.C. 6101 note), the requirements of parts 25 and 170 of title 2, Code of Federal Regulations (and any successor regulations), shall not apply with respect to assistance re-
received by an exempted producer from the Secretary, acting
through the Natural Resources Conservation Service, the
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, or the Farm
Service Agency.

SEC. 1612. ONE-TIME FILING FOR ARC AND PLC.

(a) One-time Filing.—Except as provided in sub-
section (b), during the first enrollment period announced
by the Farm Service Agency after the date of the enact-
ment of this Act, producers on a farm may file a one-
time program contract with the Secretary to enroll in agri-
cultural risk coverage or price loss coverage through crop
year 2023.

(b) Updated Program Contract Required.—In
the case of a change in a farming operation for which pro-
ducers on a farm have filed a one-time program contract
pursuant to subsection (a), such producers shall file an
updated program contract with the Secretary not later
than one year after such change in the farming operation
occurs.

(c) Notice of Other Annual Reporting.—The
Secretary shall provide to each producer that files a one-
time program contract pursuant to subsection (a) a notice
that includes the annual and other periodic reporting re-
quirements applicable to such producer, as determined by
the Secretary.
(d) **Regulations Revised.**—The Secretary shall—

(1) issue such regulations as are necessary to carry out this section; and

(2) revise section 1412.41 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, in accordance with this section.

**TITLE II—Conservation**

**Subtitle A—Wetland Conservation**

**SEC. 2101. PROGRAM INELIGIBILITY.**

Section 1221(d) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3821(d)) is amended—

(1) by striking “Except as provided” and inserting the following:

“(A) **In General.**—Except as provided”;

and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) **Duty of the Secretary.**—Before determining that a person is ineligible for program benefits under this subsection, the Secretary shall determine that no exemption under section 1222 applies.”.

**SEC. 2102. MINIMAL EFFECT REGULATIONS.**

(a) **Identification of Minimal Effect Exemptions.**—Section 1222(d) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3822(d)) is amended by inserting “not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the

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Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018,” before “the Sec- 
retary shall identify”.

(b) MITIGATION BANKING.—Section 1222(k)(1)(B) 
of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 
3822(k)(1)(B)) is amended to read as follows:

“(B) FUNDING.—

“(i) FUNDS OF COMMODITY CREDIT 
corporation.—To carry out this para-
graph, the Secretary shall use $10,000,000 
of the funds of the Commodity Credit Cor-
poration beginning in fiscal year 2019, 
which funds shall remain available until ex-

““(ii) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-
tions.—In addition to amounts made 
available under clause (i), there are au-

$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 
through 2023.”.
Subtitle B—Conservation Reserve Program

SEC. 2201. CONSERVATION RESERVE.

(a) In General.—Section 1231(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831(a)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(b) Enrollment.—Section 1231(d) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in subparagraph (D), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon;

and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(F) fiscal year 2019, no more than 25,000,000 acres;

“(G) fiscal year 2020, no more than 26,000,000 acres;

“(H) fiscal year 2021, no more than 27,000,000 acres;

“(I) fiscal year 2022, no more than 28,000,000 acres; and

“(J) fiscal year 2023, no more than 29,000,000 acres.”;
(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) LIMITATION.—For purposes of applying the limitations in paragraph (1)—

“(i) no more than 2,000,000 acres of the land described in subsection (b)(3) may be enrolled in the program at any one time during the 2014 through 2018 fiscal years;

“(ii) the Secretary shall enroll and maintain in the conservation reserve not fewer than 3,000,000 acres of the land described in subsection (b)(3) by September 30, 2023; and

“(iii) in carrying out clause (ii), to the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary shall maintain in the conservation reserve at any one time during—

“(I) fiscal year 2019, 1,000,000 acres;

“(II) fiscal year 2020, 1,500,000 acres;

“(III) fiscal year 2021, 2,000,000 acres;
“(IV) fiscal year 2022, 2,500,000 acres; and

“(V) fiscal year 2023, 3,000,000 acres.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) Reservation of unenrolled acres.—If the Secretary is unable in a fiscal year to enroll enough acres of land described in subsection (b)(3) to meet the number of acres described in clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (A) for the fiscal year, the Secretary shall re-serve the remaining number of acres for that fiscal year for the enrollment of land described in subsection (b)(3), and that number of acres shall not be available for the enrollment of any other type of eligible land.”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) State enrollment rates.—During each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, to the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary shall carry out this subchapter in such a manner as to enroll and maintain acreage in the conservation reserve in accordance with historical State enrollment rates, considering—
“(A) the average number of acres of all lands enrolled in the conservation reserve in each State during each of fiscal years 2007 through 2016;

“(B) the average number of acres of all lands enrolled in the conservation reserve nationally during each of fiscal years 2007 through 2016; and

“(C) the acres available for enrollment during each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, excluding acres described in paragraph (2).

“(4) FREQUENCY.—In carrying out this subchapter, for contracts that are not available on a continuous enrollment basis, the Secretary shall hold a signup not less often than once every other year.”.

(e) DURATION OF CONTRACT.—Section 1231(e) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831(e)) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) DURATION OF CONTRACT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), for the purpose of carrying out this subchapter, the Secretary shall enter into contracts of not less than 10, nor more than 15, years.

“(2) CERTAIN CONTINUOUS CONTRACTS.—With respect to contracts under this subchapter for the
enrollment of land described in paragraph (4) or (5) of subsection (b), the Secretary shall enter into contracts of a period of 15 or 30 years.”.

(d) Eligibility for Consideration.—Section 1231(h) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831(h)) is amended—

(1) by striking “On the expiration” and inserting the following:

“(1) In general.—On the expiration”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) Reenrollment limitation for certain land.—Land subject to a contract entered into under this subchapter shall be eligible for only one reenrollment in the conservation reserve under paragraph (1) if the land is devoted to hardwood trees.”.

SEC. 2202. FARMABLE WETLAND PROGRAM.

(a) Program Required.—Section 1231B(a)(1) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831b(a)(1)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(b) Eligible Acreage.—Section 1231B(b)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831b(b)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

“(2) Buffer acreage.—Subject to subsections (c) and (d), an owner or operator may en-
roll in the conservation reserve, pursuant to the pro-
gram established under this section, buffer acreage
that, with respect to land described in subparagraph
(A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (1)—

“(A) is contiguous to such land;

“(B) is used to protect such land; and

“(C) is of such width as the Secretary de-
dtermines is necessary to protect such land, tak-
ing into consideration and accommodating the
farming practices (including the straightening
of boundaries to accommodate machinery) used
with respect to the cropland that surrounds
such land.”.

(c) Program Limitations.—Section 1231B(c) of
the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831b(c)) is
amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking “750,000”
and inserting “500,000”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “Subject to
paragraph (3), any acreage” and inserting “Any
acreage”; and

(3) by striking paragraphs (3) and (4).

(d) Duties of Owners and Operators.—Section
1231B(e) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C.
3831b(e)) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (2), by striking the semicolon and inserting “; and”;
(2) by striking paragraph (3); and
(3) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3).

(e) DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY.—Section 1231B(f) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3831b(f)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “paragraphs (2) and (3)” and inserting “paragraph (2)”;
(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “section 1234(d)(2)(A)(ii)” and inserting “section 1234(d)(2)(A)”; and
(3) by striking paragraph (3).

SEC. 2203. DUTIES OF OWNERS AND OPERATORS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1232(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3832(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5), by inserting “, which may include the use of grazing in accordance with paragraph (8),” after “management on the land”; and
(2) by redesignating paragraphs (10) and (11) as paragraphs (11) and (12), respectively, and inserting after paragraph (9) the following:
“(10) on land devoted to hardwood or other trees, excluding windbreaks and shelterbelts, to
carry out proper thinning and other practices to improve the condition of resources, promote forest management, and enhance wildlife habitat on the land;”.

(b) CONSERVATION PLANS.—Section 1232(b)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3832(b)(2)) is amended by striking “, if any, ”.

SEC. 2204. DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY.

(a) COST-SHARE AND RENTAL PAYMENTS.—Section 1233(a)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3833(a)(2)) is amended by striking “pay an annual rental payment in an amount necessary to compensate for” and inserting “pay an annual rental payment, in accordance with section 1234(d), for”.

(b) SPECIFIED ACTIVITIES PERMITTED.—Section 1233(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3833(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A)—

(i) by striking “not less than 25 percent” and inserting “25 percent”; and

(ii) by inserting “(except that vegetative cover may not be harvested for seed)” after “managed harvesting”;
(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking “is at least every 5 but not more than once every 3 years;” and inserting “contributes to the health and vigor of the established cover, and is not more than once every 3 years; and”; and

(D) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) shall ensure that 25 percent of the acres covered by the contract are not harvested, in accordance with an approved plan that provides for wildlife cover and shelter;”;

(2) in paragraph (3)—

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “not less than 25 percent” and inserting “25 percent”; and

(B) in subparagraph (B)—

(i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking “routine grazing, except that in permitting such routine grazing” and inserting “grazing, except that in permitting such grazing”;

(ii) in clause (i), by striking “continued routine grazing; and” and inserting “grazing;”;

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(iii) in clause (ii)—

(I) in the matter preceding subclause (I), by striking “routine grazing may be conducted, such that the frequency is not more than once every 2 years” and inserting “grazing may be conducted, such that the frequency contributes to the health and vigor of the established cover”;

(II) in subclause (II), by striking “the number of years that should be required between routine” and inserting “the appropriate frequency and duration of”; and

(III) in subclause (III), by striking “routine” each place it appears; and

(iv) by adding at the end the following:

“(iii) shall ensure that the grazing is conducted in accordance with an approved plan that does not restrict grazing during the primary nesting season and will reduce the stocking rate determined under clause (i) by 50 percent; and”;

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(3) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively;

(4) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following:

“(4) grazing during the applicable normal grazing period determined under subclause (I) of section 1501(c)(3)(D)(i) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 9081(c)(3)(D)(i)), without any restriction on grazing during the primary nesting period, subject to the condition that the grazing shall be at 50 percent of the normal carrying capacity determined under that subclause.”;

(5) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated, by striking “; and” and inserting “and retains suitable vegetative structure for wildlife cover and shelter;”;

(6) in paragraph (6)(C), as so redesignated, by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

and

(7) by adding at the end the following:

“(7) grazing pursuant to section 1232(a)(5), without any reduction in the rental rate, if the grazing is consistent with the conservation of soil, water quality, and wildlife habitat.”.

(c) NATURAL DISASTER OR ADVERSE WEATHER AS MID-CONTRACT MANAGEMENT.—Section 1233 of the
Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3833) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) Natural Disaster or Adverse Weather as Mid-Contract Management.—In the case of a natural disaster or adverse weather event that has the effect of a management practice consistent with the conservation plan, the Secretary shall not require further management practices pursuant to section 1232(a)(5) that are intended to achieve the same effect.”.

SEC. 2205. PAYMENTS.

(a) Cost Sharing Payments.—Section 1234(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3834(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “50 percent” and inserting “not more than 40 percent”;

(2) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:

“(2) Limitations.—

“(A) Exception for Seed Costs.—In the case of seed costs related to the establishment of cover, cost share shall not exceed 25 percent of the total cost of the seed mixture.

“(B) Additional Incentive Payments.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary may not make additional incen-
tive payments beyond the actual cost of install-
ing measures and practices described in para-
graph (1).

“(C) MID-CONTRACT MANAGEMENT GRAZ-
ing.—The Secretary may not make any cost
sharing payment to an owner or operator under
this subchapter pursuant to section
1232(a)(5).”; and

(3) by striking paragraphs (3) and (4) and re-
designating paragraph (5) as paragraph (3).

(b) INCENTIVE PAYMENTS.—Section 1234(e) of the
Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3834(e)) is amend-
ed—

(1) in the subsection heading, by striking “IN-
CENTIVE” and inserting “FOREST MANAGEMENT
PAYMENT”;

(2) in paragraph (1), by striking “The Sec-
retary” and inserting “Using funds made available
under section 1241(a)(1)(A), the Secretary”; and

(3) in paragraph (2), by striking “150 percent”
and inserting “100 percent”.

(c) ANNUAL RENTAL PAYMENTS.—Section 1234(d)
of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3834(d))
is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—
(A) by striking “less intensive use, the Secretary may consider” and inserting the following: “less intensive use—

“(A) the Secretary may consider”;

(B) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) the Secretary shall consider the impact on the local farmland rental market.”;

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—

“(i) INITIAL ENROLLMENT.—The amounts payable to an owner or operator in the form of annual rental payments under a contract entered into under this subchapter with respect to land that has not previously been subject to such a contract shall be not more than 80 percent of the applicable estimated average county rental rate published pursuant to paragraph (4) for the year in which the contract is entered into.
“(ii) MULTIPLE ENROLLMENTS.—If land subject to a contract entered into under this subchapter is reenrolled in the conservation reserve under section 1231(h)(1)—

“(I) for the first such reenrollment, the annual rental payment shall be in an amount that is not more than 65 percent of the applicable estimated average county rental rate published pursuant to paragraph (4) for the year in which the reenrollment occurs;

“(II) for the second such reenrollment, the annual rental payment shall be in an amount that is not more than 55 percent of the applicable estimated average county rental rate published pursuant to paragraph (4) for the year in which the reenrollment occurs;

“(III) for the third such reenrollment, the annual rental payment shall be in an amount that is not more than 45 percent of the applicable esti-
mated average county rental rate published pursuant to paragraph (4) for the year in which the reenrollment occurs; and

“(IV) for the fourth such reenrollment, the annual rental payment shall be in an amount that is not more than 35 percent of the applicable estimated average county rental rate published pursuant to paragraph (4) for the year in which the reenrollment occurs.”; and

(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking “In the case” and inserting “Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), in the case”;

(3) by striking paragraph (4) and redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (4); and

(4) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated—

(A) by striking “cash” each place it appears;

(B) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) by striking “, not less frequently than once every other year,” and inserting “annually”; and
(ii) by inserting ‘‘, and shall publish the estimates derived from such survey not later than September 15 of each year’’ before the period at the end; and

(C) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) by striking ‘‘may’’ and inserting ‘‘shall’’; and

(ii) by striking ‘‘as a factor in determining’’ and inserting ‘‘to determine’’.

(d) Payment Limitation for Rental Payments.—Section 1234(g)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3834(g)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(C) Limitation on Payments.—Payments under subparagraph (B) shall not exceed 50 percent of the cost of activities carried out under the applicable agreement entered into under such subparagraph.”.

SEC. 2206. CONTRACTS.

(a) Early Termination by Owner or Operator.—Section 1235(e)(1)(A) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3835(e)(1)(A)) is amended by striking “2015” and inserting “2019”.

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(b) Transition Option for Certain Farmers or Ranchers.—Section 1235(f) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3835(f)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) beginning on the date that is 1 year before the date of termination of the contract, allow the covered farmer or rancher, in conjunction with the retired or retiring owner or operator, to make conservation and land improvements, including preparing to plant an agricultural crop;”;

(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) through (E) as subparagraphs (C) through (F), respectively, and inserting after subparagraph (A) the following:

“(B) beginning on the date that is 3 years before the date of termination of the contract, allow the covered farmer or rancher to begin the certification process under the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6501 et seq.);”;

(C) in subparagraph (D), as so redesignated, by inserting “, and provide to such farm-
er or rancher technical and financial assistance
to carry out the requirements of the plan, if
any” before the semicolon at the end; and

(D) in subparagraph (E), as so redesign-
nated, by striking “the conservation steward-
ship program or”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph
(A), by striking “The Secretary” and inserting
“To the extent the maximum number of acres
permitted to be enrolled under the program has
not been met, the Secretary”; and

(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking “el-
gible for enrollment under the continuous
signup option pursuant to section
1234(d)(2)(A)(ii)” and inserting “is carried out
on land described in paragraph (4) or (5) of
section 1231(b)”.

(c) END OF CONTRACT CONSIDERATIONS.—Section
1235(g) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C.
3835(g)) is amended to read as follows:

“(g) END OF CONTRACT CONSIDERATIONS.—The
Secretary shall not consider an owner or operator to be
in violation of a term or condition of the conservation re-
serve contract if—
“(1) during the year prior to expiration of the contract, the owner or operator—

“(A) enters into an environmental quality incentives program contract; and

“(B) begins the establishment of an environmental quality incentives practice; or

“(2) during the three years prior to the expiration of the contract, the owner or operator begins the certification process under the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990.”.

Subtitle C—Environmental Quality Incentives Program

SEC. 2301. DEFINITIONS.

(a) PRACTICE.—Section 1240A(4)(B) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–1(4)(B)) is amended—

(1) in clause (i), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon; and

(2) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iv) and inserting after clause (i) the following:

“(ii) precision conservation management planning;

“(iii) the use of cover crops and resource conserving crop rotations; and”.

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(b) **Priority Resource Concern.**—Section 1240A
of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–1)
is amended by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph
(6) and inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

“(5) **Priority Resource Concern.**—The
term ‘priority resource concern’ means a natural re-
source concern or problem, as determined by the
Secretary, that—

“(A) is identified at the national, State, or
local level as a priority for a particular area of
a State; and

“(B) represents a significant concern in a
State or region.”.

(e) **Stewardship Practice.**—Section 1240A of the
Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–1) is
amended by adding at the end the following:

“(7) **Stewardship Practice.**—The term
‘stewardship practice’ means a practice or set of
practices approved by the Secretary that, when im-
plemented and maintained on eligible land, address
1 or more priority resource concerns.”.

**SEC. 2302. Establishment and Administration.**

(a) **Establishment.**—Section 1240B(a) of the
Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–2(a)) is
amended by striking “2019” and inserting “2023”.
(b) ALLOCATION OF FUNDING.—Section 1240B(f) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–2(f)) is amended to read as follows:

“(f) ALLOCATION OF FUNDING.—For each of fiscal years 2014 through 2023, at least 5 percent of the funds made available for payments under the program shall be targeted at practices benefitting wildlife habitat under subsection (g).”.

(e) WATER CONSERVATION OR IRRIGATION EFFICIENCY PRACTICE.—Section 1240B(h) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–2(h)) is amended—

(1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:

“(1) AVAILABILITY OF PAYMENTS.—The Secretary may provide water conservation and system efficiency payments under this subsection to a producer for—

“(A) a water conservation scheduling technology or water conservation scheduling management;

“(B) irrigation-related structural practices;

“(C) the use of existing drainage systems, or to upgrade drainage systems, to provide irrigation or water efficiency; or
“(D) a transition to water-conserving crops or water-conserving crop rotations.”;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3) and inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

“(2) LIMITED ELIGIBILITY OF IRRIGATION DISTRICTS, IRRIGATION ASSOCIATIONS, DRAINAGE DISTRICTS, AND ACEQUIAS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 1001(f)(6), the Secretary may enter into a contract under this subsection with an irrigation district, irrigation association, drainage district, or acequia to implement water conservation or irrigation practices pursuant to a watershed-wide project that will effectively conserve water, as determined by the Secretary.

“(B) IMPLEMENTATION.—Water conservation or irrigation practices that are the subject of a contract entered into under this paragraph shall be implemented on—

“(i) eligible land of a producer; or

“(ii) land that is under the control of the irrigation district, irrigation association, drainage district, or acequia, and ad-
jacent to such eligible land, as determined by the Secretary.

“(C) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may waive the applicability of the limitations in section 1001D(b)(2) or section 1240G of this Act for a payment made under a contract entered into under this paragraph if the Secretary determines that such a waiver is necessary to fulfill the objectives of the project.

“(D) CONTRACT LIMITATIONS.—If the Secretary grants a waiver under subparagraph (C), the Secretary may impose a separate payment limitation for the contract with respect to which the waiver applies.”; and

(3) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated—

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “to a producer” and inserting “under this subsection”;

(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking “the eligible land of the producer is located, there is a reduction in water use in the operation of the producer” and inserting “the land on which the practices will be implemented is located, there is a reduction in water use in the operation on such land”; and
(C) in subparagraph (B), by inserting

“with respect to an application under paragraph (1),” before “the producer agrees”.

(d) STEWARDSHIP CONTRACTS.—Section 1240B of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–2) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(j) STEWARDSHIP CONTRACTS.—

“(1) IDENTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE PRIORITY RESOURCE CONCERNS FOR STATES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the State technical committee, shall identify priority resource concerns within a State that are eligible to be the subject of a stewardship contract under this subsection.

“(B) LIMITATION.—The Secretary shall identify not more than 3 eligible priority resource concerns under subparagraph (A) within each area of a State.

“(2) CONTRACTS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall enter into contracts with producers under this subsection that—

“(i) provide incentives, through annual payments, to producers to attain in-
increased conservation stewardship on eligible land;

“(ii) adopt and install a stewardship practice to effectively address a priority resource concern identified as eligible under paragraph (1); and

“(iii) require management and maintenance of such stewardship practice for the term of the contract.

“(B) TERM.—A contract under this subsection shall have a term of not less than 5, nor more than 10, years.

“(C) PRIORITIZATION.—Section 1240C(b) shall not apply to applications for contracts under this subsection.

“(3) STEWARDSHIP PAYMENTS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide payments to producers through contracts entered into under paragraph (2) for—

“(i) adopting and installing stewardship practices; and

“(ii) managing, maintaining, and improving the stewardship practices for the duration of the contract, as determined appropriate by the Secretary.
“(B) PAYMENT AMOUNTS.—In determining the amount of payments under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall consider, to the extent practicable—

“(i) the level and extent of the stewardship practice to be installed, adopted, completed, maintained, managed, or improved;

“(ii) the cost of the installation, adoption, completion, management, maintenance, or improvement of the stewardship practice;

“(iii) income foregone by the producer; and

“(iv) the extent to which compensation would ensure long-term continued maintenance, management, and improvement of the stewardship practice.

“(C) LIMITATION.—The total amount of payments a person or legal entity receives pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall not exceed $50,000 for any fiscal year.

“(4) RESERVATION OF FUNDS.—The Secretary may use not more than 50 percent of the funds made available under section 1241 to carry out this
chapter for payments made pursuant to this subsection.”.

SEC. 2303. LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS.

Section 1240G of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–7) is amended by inserting “or the period of fiscal years 2019 through 2023,” after “2018,”.

SEC. 2304. CONSERVATION INNOVATION GRANTS AND PAYMENTS.

(a) COMPETITIVE GRANTS FOR INNOVATIVE CONSERVATION APPROACHES.—Section 1240H(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–8(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “use not more than $25,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023 to” after “the Secretary may”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting “or persons participating in an educational activity through an institution of higher education, including by carrying out demonstration projects on lands of the institution” before the semicolon at the end.

(b) AIR QUALITY CONCERNS FROM AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS.—Section 1240H(b)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–8(b)(2)) is amended by inserting “, and $37,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023” after “2018”.

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Reporting and Database.—Section 1240H of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839aa–8) is amended by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:

“(c) On-Farm Conservation Innovation Trials.—

“(1) In general.—Using not more than $25,000,000 of the funds made available to carry out this chapter in each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, the Secretary shall carry out on-farm conservation innovation trials, on eligible land of producers, to test new or innovative conservation approaches—

“(A) directly with producers; or

“(B) through eligible entities.

“(2) Incentive Payments.—

“(A) Agreements.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary shall enter into agreements with producers on whose land an on-farm conservation innovation trial is being carried out to provide payments (including payments to compensate for foregone income, as appropriate to address the increased economic risk potentially associated with new or innovative conservation approaches) to the producers to assist
with adopting and evaluating new or innovative conservation approaches.

“(B) LENGTH OF INCENTIVES.—An agreement entered into under subparagraph (A) shall be for a period determined by the Secretary that is—

“(i) not less than 3 years; and

“(ii) if appropriate, more than 3 years, including if such a period is appropriate to support—

“(I) adaptive management over multiple crop years; and

“(II) adequate data collection and analysis to report the natural resource and agricultural production benefits of the new or innovative conservation approaches.

“(3) FLEXIBLE ADOPTION.—A producer or eligible entity participating in an on-farm conservation innovation trial under paragraph (1) may determine the scale of adoption of the new or innovative conservation approaches in the on-farm conservation innovation trial, which may include multiple scales on an operation, including whole farm, field-level, or sub-field scales.
“(4) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall provide technical assistance—

“(A) to a producer or eligible entity participating in an on-farm conservation innovation trial under paragraph (1), with respect to the design, installation, and management of the new or innovative conservation approaches; and

“(B) to an eligible entity participating in an on-farm conservation innovation trial under paragraph (1), with respect to data analyses of the on-farm conservation innovation trial.

“(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

“(A) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term ‘eligible entity’ means a third-party private entity the primary business of which is related to agriculture.

“(B) NEW OR INNOVATIVE CONSERVATION APPROACHES.—The term ‘new or innovative conservation approaches’ means—

“(i) new or innovative—

“(I) precision agriculture technologies;

“(II) enhanced nutrient management plans, nutrient recovery systems, and fertilization systems;
“(II) soil health management systems; 
“(IV) water management systems; 
“(V) resource-conserving crop rotations; 
“(VI) cover crops; and 
“(VII) irrigation systems; and 
“(ii) any other conservation approach approved by the Secretary as new or innovative.

“(d) REPORTING AND DATABASE.—

“(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than December 31, 2014, and every two years thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives a report on the status of activities funded under this section, including—

“(A) funding awarded; 
“(B) results of the activities; and 
“(C) incorporation of findings from the activities, such as new technology and innovative approaches, into the conservation efforts implemented by the Secretary.
“(2) **CONSERVATION PRACTICE DATABASE.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall use the data reported under paragraph (1) to establish and maintain a publicly available conservation practice database that provides—

“(i) a compilation and analysis of effective conservation practices for soil health, nutrient management, and source water protection in varying soil compositions, cropping systems, slopes, and landscapes; and

“(ii) a list of recommended new and effective conservation practices.

“(B) **PRIVACY.**—Information provided under subparagraph (A) shall be transformed into a statistical or aggregate form so as to not include any identifiable or personal information of individual producers.”.

**Subtitle D—Other Conservation Programs**

**SEC. 2401. CONSERVATION OF PRIVATE GRASSING LAND.**

Section 1240M(e) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb(e)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.
SEC. 2402. GRASSROOTS SOURCE WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM.


(b) Availability of Funds.—Section 1240O(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb–2(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) Additional Funding.—In addition to any other funds made available under this subsection, of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall use $5,000,000 beginning in fiscal year 2019, to remain available until expended.”.

SEC. 2403. VOLUNTARY PUBLIC ACCESS AND HABITAT INCENTIVE PROGRAM.


(1) by striking “2012 and” and inserting “2012,”; and

(2) by inserting “, and $50,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2019 through 2023” before the period at the end.
SEC. 2404. WATERSHED PROTECTION AND FLOOD PREVENTION.


(b) Funds of Commodity Credit Corporation.—The Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (16 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 15. FUNDING.

“In addition to any other funds made available by this Act, of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall make available to carry out this Act $100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, to remain available until expended.”.

SEC. 2405. FERAL SWINE ERADICATION AND CONTROL PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall establish a feral swine eradication and control pilot program to respond to the threat feral swine pose to agriculture, native ecosystems, and human and animal health.

(b) Duties of the Secretary.—In carrying out the pilot program, the Secretary shall—

(1) study and assess the nature and extent of damage to the pilot areas caused by feral swine;
(2) develop methods to eradicate or control feral swine in the pilot areas;
(3) develop methods to restore damage caused by feral swine; and
(4) provide financial assistance to agricultural producers in pilot areas.

(c) ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary may provide financial assistance to agricultural producers under the pilot program to implement methods to—

(1) eradicate or control feral swine in the pilot areas; and

(2) restore damage caused by feral swine.

(d) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service coordinate for purposes of this section through State technical committees established under section 1261 of the Food Security Act of 1985.

(e) PILOT AREAS.—The Secretary shall carry out the pilot program in areas of States in which feral swine have been identified as a threat to agriculture, native ecosystems, or human or animal health, as determined by the Secretary.

(f) COST SHARING.—
(1) **FEDERAL SHARE.**—The Federal share of the costs activities under the pilot program may not exceed 75 percent of the total costs of such activities.

(2) **IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS.**—The non-Federal share of the costs of activities under the pilot program may be provided in the form of in-kind contributions of materials or services.

(g) **FUNDING.**—

(1) **MANDATORY FUNDING.**—Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall use to carry out this section $100,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.

(2) **DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.**—Of the funds made available under paragraph (1)—

(A) 50 percent shall be allocated to the Natural Resources Conservation Service to carry out the pilot program, including the provision of financial assistance to producers for on-farm trapping and technology related to capturing and confining feral swine; and

(B) 50 percent shall be allocated to the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service to carry out the pilot program, including the use
of established, and testing of innovative, popula-

(3) Limitation on administrative exp-

enses.—Not more than 10 percent of funds made
available under this section may be used for admin-

istrative expenses of the pilot program.

SEC. 2406. EMERGENCY CONSERVATION PROGRAM.

(a) Repair or Replacement of Fencing.—

(1) In general.—Section 401 of the Agricul-
tural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2201) is

amended—

(A) by striking the section designation and

all that follows through “The Secretary of Agri-
culture” and inserting the following:

“SEC. 401. PAYMENTS TO PRODUCERS.

“(a) In general.—The Secretary of Agriculture
(referred to in this title as the ‘Secretary’);”;

(B) in subsection (a), as so designated, by

inserting “wildfires,” after “hurricanes,”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(b) Repair or Replacement of Fencing.—With

respect to a payment to an agricultural producer under

subsection (a) for the repair or replacement of fencing,

the Secretary shall give the agricultural producer the op-

tion of receiving the payment, determined based on the
applicable percentage of the fair market value of the cost
doing the repair or replacement, as determined by the Sec-
larly, before the agricultural producer carries out the re-
pair or replacement.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(A) Sections 402, 403, 404, and 405 of the
Agricultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C.
2202, 2203, 2204, 2205) are amended by strik-
ing “Secretary of Agriculture” each place it ap-
pears and inserting “Secretary”.

(B) Section 407(a) of the Agricultural
Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2206(a)) is
amended by striking paragraph (4).

(b) COST SHARE PAYMENTS.—Title IV of the Agri-
cultural Credit Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2201 et seq.) is
amended by inserting after section 402 the following:

“SEC. 402A. COST SHARE REQUIREMENT.

“(a) COST-SHARE RATE.—The maximum cost-share
payment under section 401 and section 402 shall not ex-
ceed 75 percent of the total allowable cost, as determined
by the Secretary.

“(b) EXCEPTION.—Not withstanding subsection (a),
a qualified limited resource, socially disadvantaged, or be-

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402 shall not exceed 90 percent of the total allowable cost, as determined by the Secretary.

“(c) LIMITATION.—In no case shall the total payment under section 401 and 402 for a single event exceed 50 percent of what the Secretary has determined to be the agriculture value of the land.”.

SEC. 2407. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON INCREASED WATERSHED-BASED COLLABORATION.

It is the sense of Congress that the Federal Government should recognize and encourage partnerships at the watershed level between nonpoint sources and regulated point sources to advance the goals of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and provide benefits to farmers, landowners, and the public.

SEC. 2408. SOIL AND WATER RESOURCES CONSERVATION.


(1) in section 5(e), by striking “and December 31, 2015” and inserting “December 31, 2015, and December 31, 2022”;

(2) in section 6(d), by striking “, respectively” and inserting “, and a program update shall be completed by December 31, 2023”;  

(3) in section 7—
(A) in subsection (a), by striking “and 2016” and inserting “, 2016, and 2022”; and

(B) in subsection (b), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “and 2017” and inserting “, 2017, and 2023”;

(4) in section 10, by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; 

(5) by redesignating sections 8 through 10 as sections 9 though 11, respectively; and

(6) by inserting after section 7 the following:

“SEC. 8. CONSERVATION PROGRAMS ASSESSMENT.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—In coordination with the appraisal of soil, water, and related resources and with the national soil and water conservation program established under this Act, the Secretary may carry out a conservation effects assessment project to quantify the environmental and economic effects of conservation practices, develop the science base for managing the agricultural landscape for environmental quality and sustainable productive capacity, and improve the efficacy of conservation practices and programs by evaluating conservation effects.

“(b) SCOPE.—The project under this subsection may be carried out at national, regional, and watershed scales, and may include cropland, grazing lands, wetlands, for-
ests, and such other lands as the Secretary may determine appropriate.

“(c) Activities.—The project under this subsection may include research, literature reviews and bibliographies, modeling, assessment, monitoring and data collection, outreach, extension education, and such other activities as the Secretary may determine appropriate.

“SEC. 9. GOALS AND ASSESSMENT PROCESS FOR CONSERVATION PROGRAMS.

“(a) Natural Resource and Environmental Objectives and Outcomes.—

“(1) In general.—In coordination with the appraisal of soil, water, and related resources, the soil and water conservation program, and the conservation effects assessment project established by this Act, the Secretary shall identify, and periodically revise, specific natural resource and environmental objectives and anticipated conservation outcomes and results, by resource concern, for the conservation programs established under subtitles D and H of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 and the landscape conservation initiatives developed by the Secretary.

“(2) Assessments.—To help measure outcomes and results, the Secretary shall, to the max-
imum extent practicable, make assessments of changes in the status and conditions of natural resources and the environment that result from the application of conservation activities supported directly by such conservation programs and initiatives.

“(3) Monitoring and Program Evaluation.—The Secretary shall establish a coordinated monitoring and evaluation process for programs and initiatives to assess progress toward the identified objectives, to gather information to improve program and initiative implementation in accordance with desired program and initiative outcomes and results, and to assess the need for modifications to program or initiative rules or statutes.

“(b) Monitoring and Program Evaluation.—

“(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a comprehensive monitoring and program evaluation process to assess progress in reaching natural resource and environmental objectives identified in accordance with subsection (a) and the contribution of individual programs and initiatives, as well as the programs and initiatives collectively, to that progress.

“(2) Implementation.—In implementing the monitoring and program evaluation process under
paragraph (1), the Secretary may consider and in-
corporate resource concern inventories, quality cri-
teria, conservation practices and enhancements, and
such other information as the Secretary determines
relevant for applying the monitoring and program
evaluation process across each of the major land
uses identified by the Secretary.

“(3) MONITORING AND EVALUATION PROC-
ESS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than two
years after the date of enactment of this sec-
tion, the Secretary shall issue a design for the
comprehensive monitoring and evaluation proc-
cess, a schedule for implementing the process,
and a plan for coordinating the process with the
national soil and water conservation program
and conservation effects assessment project es-
tablished under this Act.

“(B) METHODOLOGY.—The design for the
monitoring and evaluation process shall—

“(i) include detailed information con-
cerning the requisite frequency of the mon-
itoring process at the field, water body,
habitat, or other level and the manner in
which the data will be aggregated at the
landscape or watershed level, county or local level, State level, national level, and any other level the Secretary determines necessary; and

“(ii) take into account the cumulative nature of conservation over time, the interactions and sequencing effects between conservation activities, the differing times for conservation effects to be realized, and other related measurement challenges.

“(C) Public research.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in order to facilitate implementation of the monitoring and evaluation process, the Secretary shall make available conservation activity and program data to cooperators and researchers engaged in public research and evaluation activities to improve conservation outcomes under this subsection, provided that—

“(i) adequate assurances are provided to the Secretary that any resulting research or information will be made publicly available and in a form that protects personally identifiable information; and
“(ii) the National Technical Committee finds that any such research is likely to generate information that furthers the purpose of this section.

“(4) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary may implement the monitoring evaluation process in part through cooperative or contribution agreements with Federal, State, and local agencies, universities and colleges, nongovernmental organizations with requisite expertise, as determined by the Secretary in consultation with the National Technical Committee.

“(5) NATIONAL TECHNICAL COMMITTEE.—

“(A) COMPOSITION.—The monitoring and evaluation process shall be administered by the Natural Resources Conservation Service with assistance from a national technical committee appointed by the Secretary and composed of individuals with relevant technical and scientific expertise representing—

“(i) the Agricultural Research Service of the Department of Agriculture;

“(ii) the Economic Research Service of the Department of Agriculture;
“(iii) the Farm Service Agency of the Department of Agriculture;

“(iv) the Forest Service;

“(v) the National Institute for Food and Agriculture;

“(vi) the United States Geological Survey;

“(vii) State and tribal agencies;

“(viii) land grant university natural resource research programs;

“(ix) nongovernmental organizations with expertise in the full array of conservation issues and measurement and evaluation of conservation outcomes; and

“(x) such other agencies, institutions, or organizations as the Secretary may determine appropriate.

“(B) FACA EXEMPTION.—The national technical committee shall be exempt from the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

“(C) TRANSPARENCY.—The Secretary shall ensure the proceedings and recommendations of the national technical committee are available to the public.
“(6) VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION.—In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall ensure that any on-farm monitoring activities that may be included as part of the monitoring and program evaluation process are voluntary on the part of the producer, and may include appropriate compensation, as determined by the Secretary.

“(7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection, for each fiscal year, the amount that is equal to one percent of the total annual funding from the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation made available in the preceding fiscal year for the conservation programs established under subtitles D and H of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985, excluding the conservation reserve program.

“(c) REPORTING.—

“(1) REPORT ON OBJECTIVES AND METHODS.—Beginning in the fiscal year that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this subsection, and periodically thereafter, as determined by the Secretary, the Secretary shall submit to Congress, and make publicly available, a report that includes—

“(A) a description of conservation outcome objectives that are, to the maximum extent
practicable, quantitative, measurable, and time-
bound for each program established under sub-
title D or H of the Food Security Act of 1985
and the landscape conservation initiatives devel-
oped by the Secretary;

“(B) a description of the approaches, tools,
and methods used to measure or model the con-
servation outcomes and results and to estimate
the cost-effectiveness of each such program; and

“(C) guidance to the conservation project
partners working to implement conservation
programs within a landscape-level project that
provides a description of the approaches, tools,
and methods the partners might consider using
to measure and model the conservation out-
comes and results of their projects.

“(2) REPORT ON OUTCOMES.—In conjunction
with each of the reports to Congress pursuant to
section 7, the Secretary shall submit to Congress,
and make publicly available, a report that includes—

“(A) an assessment of progress made to-
wards achieving conservation program objec-
tives and anticipated outcomes and results for
each conservation program established under
subtitle D or H of title XII of the Food Secu-
rity Act of 1985, as well as for such programs collectively, and the landscape conservation initiatives developed by the Secretary;

“(B) an evaluation of the cost-effectiveness of each such conservation program and initiative; and

“(C) recommendations, in light of the assessment and evaluation, to improve program implementation and improve the scientific and economic tools (including any new or revised conservation practices, conservation enhancements, or conservation planning tools) used to achieve stated natural resource conservation and environmental objectives.

“(3) COORDINATION.—The Secretary may coordinate the reports required under paragraphs (1) and (2) with any reports developed as part of the conservation effects assessment project authorized by section 8, whenever such coordination is feasible and warranted, as determined by the Secretary.”.

Subtitle E—Funding and Administration

SEC. 2501. COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION.

(a) ANNUAL FUNDING.—Section 1241(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3841(a)) is amended—
(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “2018 (and fiscal year 2019 in the case of the program specified in paragraph (5))” and inserting “2023”;

(2) in paragraph (1), by striking “2018” each place it appears and inserting “2023”;

(3) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (D), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(F) $500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”;

(4) by striking paragraph (3) and redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively;

(5) in paragraph (3) (as so redesignated), by inserting “, as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018, using such sums as are necessary to administer contracts entered into before the earlier of September 30, 2018, or such date of enactment” before the period at the end; and

(6) in paragraph (4) (as so redesignated)—
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(A) in subparagraph (D), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking “each of fiscal years 2018 through 2019.” and inserting “fiscal year 2018;”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(F) $2,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2019;
(G) $2,500,000,000 for fiscal year 2020;
(H) $2,750,000,000 for fiscal year 2021;
(I) $2,935,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
and

“(J) $3,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.”.

(b) Availability of Funds.—Section 1241(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3841(b)) is amended by striking “2018 (and fiscal year 2019 in the case of the program specified in subsection (a)(5))” and inserting “2023”.

(c) Technical Assistance.—Section 1241(c) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3841(c)) is amended—

(1) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:

“(2) Priority.—In the delivery of technical assistance under the Soil Conservation and Domestic
Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590a et seq.), the Secretary shall give priority to producers who request technical assistance from the Secretary in order to comply for the first time with the requirements of subtitle B and subtitle C of this title as a result of the amendments made by section 2611 of the Agricultural Act of 2014.”; and

(2) by striking paragraph (3) and redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3).

(d) REGIONAL EQUITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1241 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3841) is amended by striking subsection (e) and redesignating subsections (f) through (i) as subsections (e) through (h), respectively.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 1221(c) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3821(c)) is amended by striking “1241(f)” and inserting “1241(e)” each place it appears.

(e) RESERVATION OF FUNDS TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE TO CERTAIN FARMERS OR RANCHERS FOR CONSERVATION ACCESS.—Section 1241(g) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “2018 to carry out the environmental quality incentives program and the acres made available for each of such fiscal years to carry out the conservation stewardship program” and inserting “2023 to carry out the environmental quality incentives program”; and

(2) by striking paragraph (3) and redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3).

(f) REPORT ON PROGRAM ENROLLMENTS AND ASSISTANCE.—Section 1241(h) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (as redesignated by subsection (d) of this section) is amended to read as follows:

“(h) REPORT ON PROGRAM ENROLLMENTS AND ASSISTANCE.—Not later than December 15 of each of calendar years 2018 through 2023, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate an annual report containing statistics by State related to enrollments in conservation programs under this subtitle, as follows:

“(1) The annual and current cumulative activity reflecting active agreement and contract enrollment statistics.

“(2) Secretarial exceptions, waivers, and significant payments, including—
“(A) payments made under the agricultural conservation easement program for easements valued at $250,000 or greater;

“(B) payments made under the regional conservation partnership program subject to the waiver of adjusted gross income limitations pursuant to section 1271C(e)(3);

“(C) waivers granted by the Secretary under section 1001D(b)(3) of this Act;

“(D) exceptions and activity associated with section 1240B(h)(2); and

“(E) exceptions provided by the Secretary under section 1265B(b)(2)(C).”.

SEC. 2502. DELIVERY OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 1242(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3842(a)) is amended to read as follows:

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) ELIGIBLE PARTICIPANT.—The term ‘eligible participant’ means a producer, landowner, or entity that is participating in, or seeking to participate in, programs in which the producer, landowner, or entity is otherwise eligible to participate under this title.
“(2) **THIRD-PARTY PROVIDER.**—The term ‘third-party provider’ means a commercial entity (including a farmer cooperative, agriculture retailer, or other commercial entity (as defined by the Secretary)), a nonprofit entity, a State or local government (including a conservation district), or a Federal agency, that has expertise in the technical aspect of conservation planning, including nutrient management planning, watershed planning, or environmental engineering.”.

(b) **CERTIFICATION OF THIRD-PARTY PROVIDERS.**—

Section 1242(e) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3842(e)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

““(4) **ALTERNATIVE CERTIFICATION.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary shall approve any qualified certification that the Secretary determines meets or exceeds the national criteria provided under paragraph (3)(B).

“(B) **QUALIFIED CERTIFICATION.**—In this paragraph, the term ‘qualified certification’ means a professional certification that is established by the Secretary, an agriculture retailer, a farmer cooperative, the American Society of
Agronomy, or the National Alliance of Independent Crop Consultants, including certification—

“(i) as a Certified Crop Advisor by the American Society of Agronomy;

“(ii) as a Certified Professional Agronomist by the American Society of Agronomy; and

“(iii) as a Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan Specialist by the Secretary.”.

SEC. 2503. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSERVATION PROGRAMS.

Section 1244 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3844) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (m);

(2) by redesignating subsections (i) through (l) as subsections (j) through (m), respectively, and inserting after subsection (h) the following:

“(i) SOURCE WATER PROTECTION THROUGH TARGETING OF AGRICULTURAL PRACTICES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out any conservation program administered by the Secretary, the Secretary shall encourage practices that relate to water quality and water quantity that protect source
waters for drinking water (including protecting against public health threats) while also benefitting agricultural producers.

“(2) COLLABORATION WITH WATER SYSTEMS AND INCREASED INCENTIVES.—In encouraging practices under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—

“(A) work collaboratively with community water systems and State technical committees established under section 1261 to identify, in each State, local priority areas for the protection of source waters for drinking water; and

“(B) offer to producers increased incentives and higher payment rates than are otherwise statutorily authorized through conservation programs administered by the Secretary for practices that result in significant environmental benefits that the Secretary determines—

“(i) relate to water quality or water quantity; and

“(ii) occur primarily outside of the land on which the practices are implemented.

“(3) RESERVATION OF FUNDS.—In each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, the Secretary shall use, to carry out this subsection, not less than 10
percent of any funds available with respect to each
conservation program administered by the Secretary
under this title except the conservation reserve pro-
gram.”; and

(3) in subsection (m), as so redesignated, by
striking “the conservation stewardship program
under subchapter B of chapter 2 of subtitle D and”.

SEC. 2504. ESTABLISHMENT OF STATE TECHNICAL COM-
MITTEES.

Section 1261(c) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16
U.S.C. 3861(c)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
lowing:

“(14) The State 1862 Institution (as defined in
section 2(1) of the Agricultural Research, Extension,
and Education Reform Act of 1998).”.

Subtitle F—Agricultural
Conservation Easement Program

SEC. 2601. ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSES.

Section 1265(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985
(16 U.S.C. 3865(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3), by inserting “that nega-
tively affect the agricultural uses and conservation
values” after “that land”; and

(2) in paragraph (4), by striking “restoring
and” and inserting “restoring or”.

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SEC. 2602. DEFINITIONS.

(a) AGRICULTURAL LAND EASEMENT.—Section 1265A(1)(B) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865a(1)(B)) is amended by striking “subject to an agricultural land easement plan, as approved by the Secretary”.

(b) ELIGIBLE LAND.—Section 1265A(3) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865a(3)) is amended—

(1) by amending subparagraph (A)(iii)(VI) to read as follows:

“(VI) nonindustrial private forest land that contributes to the economic viability of an offered parcel, or serves as a buffer to protect such land from development, which may include up to 100 percent of the parcel if the Secretary determines enrolling the land is important to protect a forest to provide significant conservation benefits;”; and

(2) in subparagraph (B)(i)(II), by striking “, as determined by the Secretary in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior at the local level”.

(c) MONITORING REPORT.—Section 1265A of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865a) is amended by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs...
(5) and (6), respectively, and inserting after paragraph (3) the following:

“(4) Monitoring report.—The term ‘monitoring report’ means a report, the contents of which are formulated and prepared by the holder of an agricultural land easement, that documents whether the land subject to the agricultural land easement is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the agricultural land easement.”.

SEC. 2603. AGRICULTURAL LAND EASEMENTS.

(a) Availability of Assistance.—Section 1265B(a)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865b(a)(2)) is amended by striking "provide for the conservation of natural resources pursuant to an agricultural land easement plan" and inserting "implement the program".

(b) Cost-Share Assistance.—

(1) Scope of assistance available.—Section 1265B(b)(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865b(b)(2)) is amended by striking subparagraphs (B) and (C) and inserting the following:

“(B) Non-federal share.—An eligible entity may use for any part of its share—

“(i) a cash contribution;
“(ii) a charitable donation or qualified conservation contribution (as defined by section 170(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) from the landowner from which the agricultural land easement will be purchased; or

“(iii) funding from a Federal source other than the Department of Agriculture.

“(C) GRASSLANDS EXCEPTION.—In the case of grassland of special environmental significance, as determined by the Secretary, the Secretary may provide an amount not to exceed 75 percent of the fair market value of the agricultural land easement.”

(2) EVALUATION AND RANKING OF APPLICATIONS.—Section 1265B(b)(3) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865b(b)(3)) is amended by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D) and inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:

“(C) ACCOUNTING FOR GEOGRAPHIC DIFFERENCES.—The Secretary shall, in coordination with State technical committees, adjust the criteria established under subparagraph (A) to
account for geographic differences among States, if such adjustments—

“(i) meet the purposes of the pro-
gram; and

“(ii) continue to maximize the benefit of the Federal investment under the pro-
gram.”.

(3) AGREEMENTS WITH ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—

Section 1265B(b)(4) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865b(b)(4)) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) in clause (i), by inserting “and the agricultural use of the land that is subject to the agricultural land easement” after “the program”; and

(ii) by striking clauses (iii) and (iv) and inserting the following:

“(iii) include a right of enforcement for the Secretary that—

“(I) may be used only if the terms and conditions of the easement are not enforced by the eligible entity; and

“(II) does not extend to a right of inspection unless the holder of the
easement fails to provide monitoring reports in a timely manner;

“(iv) include a conservation plan only for any portion of the land subject to the agricultural land easement that is highly erodible cropland; and”;

(B) in subparagraph (E)(ii), by inserting “in the case of fraud or gross negligence,” before “the Secretary may require”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(F) MINERAL DEVELOPMENT.—Upon request by an eligible entity, the Secretary shall allow, under an agreement under this subsection, mineral development on land subject to the agricultural land easement, if the Secretary determines that the mineral development—

“(i) has limited and localized effects;

“(ii) is not irremediably destructive of significant conservation interests; and

“(iii) would not alter or affect the topography or landscape.

“(G) ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES MARKETS.—The Secretary may not prohibit, through an agreement under this subsection, an owner of land subject to the agricultural land
easement from participating in, and receiving compensation from, an environmental services market if a purpose of the market is the facilitation of additional conservation benefits that are consistent with the purposes of the program.”.

(4) CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—

Section 1265B(b)(5) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865b(b)(5)) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) in clause (ii), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(ii) in clause (iii), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

“(iv) allow a certified eligible entity to use its own terms and conditions, notwithstanding paragraph (4)(C), as long as the terms and conditions are consistent with the purposes of the program.”; and

(B) by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:
“(B) CERTIFICATION CRITERIA.—In order to be certified, an eligible entity shall demonstrate to the Secretary that the entity—

“(i) is a land trust that has—

“(I) been accredited by the Land Trust Accreditation Commission, or by an equivalent accrediting body (as determined by the Secretary); and

“(II) acquired not fewer than five agricultural land easements under the program; or

“(ii) will maintain, at a minimum, for the duration of the agreement—

“(I) a plan for administering easements that is consistent with the purpose of the program;

“(II) the capacity and resources to monitor and enforce agricultural land easements; and

“(III) policies and procedures to ensure—

“(aa) the long-term integrity of agricultural land easements on land subject to such easements;
“(bb) timely completion of acquisitions of such easements; and

“(cc) timely and complete evaluation and reporting to the Secretary on the use of funds provided under the program.”.

(c) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Section 1265B(d) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865b(d)) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary may provide technical assistance, if requested, to assist in compliance with the terms and conditions of easements.”.

SEC. 2604. WETLAND RESERVE EASEMENTS.

Section 1265C(b)(5)(D)(i)(III) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865c(b)(5)(D)(i)(III)) is amended by inserting after “under subsection (f)” the following:

“or a grazing management plan that is consistent with the wetland reserve easement plan and has been reviewed, and modified as necessary, at least every five years”.

SEC. 2605. ADMINISTRATION.

(a) INELIGIBLE LAND.—Section 1265D(a)(4) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865d(a)(4)) is amended—

(1) by striking “or off-site”; and
(2) by striking “proposed or” and inserting “permitted or”.

(b) Subordination, Exchange, Modification, and Termination.—

(1) Subordination and exchange.—Section 1265D(c)(1) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865d(c)(1)) is amended—

(A) in the paragraph heading, by striking “IN GENERAL” and inserting “SUBORDINATION AND EXCHANGE”;

(B) by striking “subordinate, exchange, modify, or terminate” each place it appears and inserting “subordinate or exchange”; and

(C) by striking “subordination, exchange, modification, or termination” each place it appears and inserting “subordination or exchange”.

(2) Modification; termination.—Section 1265D(c) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865d(c)) is amended—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively;

(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

“(2) Modification.—
“(A) Authority.—The Secretary may modify any interest in land, or portion of such interest, administered by the Secretary, either directly or on behalf of the Commodity Credit Corporation under the program if the modification—

“(i) has a neutral effect on, or increases, the conservation values;

“(ii) is consistent with the original intent of the easement; and

“(iii) is consistent with the purposes of the program.

“(B) Limitation.—In modifying an interest in land, or portion of such interest, under this paragraph, the Secretary may not increase any payment to an eligible entity.

“(3) Termination.—The Secretary may terminate any interest in land, or portion of such interest, administered by the Secretary, either directly or on behalf of the Commodity Credit Corporation under the program if—

“(A) the current owner of the land that is subject to the easement and the holder of the easement agree to the termination; and
“(B) the Secretary determines that the termination would be in the public interest.”; and
(C) in paragraph (5) (as so redesignated), by striking “paragraph (1)” and inserting “paragraph (3)”.

(c) LANDOWNER ELIGIBILITY.—Section 1265D of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3865d) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) LANDOWNER ELIGIBILITY.—The limitation described in paragraph (1) of section 1001D(b) shall not apply to a landowner from which an easement under the program is to be purchased with respect to any benefit described in paragraph (2)(B) of such section related to the purchase of such easement.”.

Subtitle G—Regional Conservation Partnership Program

SEC. 2701. DEFINITIONS.

(a) COVERED PROGRAM.—Section 1271A(1) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871a(1)) is amended—

(1) by striking subparagraph (C) and redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (C); and

(2) by adding at the end the following:
“(D) The conservation reserve program established under subchapter B of chapter 1 of subtitle D.

“(E) Programs provided for in the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (16 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.), other than section 14 of such Act (16 U.S.C. 1012).”.

(b) Eligible Activity.—Section 1271A(2) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871a(2)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B), by inserting “resource-conserving crop rotations,” before “or dryland farming”; and

(2) by redesignating subparagraphs (C) through (J) as subparagraphs (D) through (K), respectively, and inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:

“(C) Protection of source waters for drinking water.”.

SEC. 2702. REGIONAL CONSERVATION PARTNERSHIPS.

(a) Length.—Section 1271B(b) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871b(b)) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Length.—A partnership agreement, including a renewal of a partnership agreement under subsection (d)(5), shall be—
“(1) for a period not to exceed 5 years, which period the Secretary may extend one time for up to 12 months; or

“(2) for a period that is longer than 5 years, if such longer period is necessary to meet the objectives of the program, as determined by the Secretary.”.

(b) DUTIES OF PARTNERS.—Section 1271B(c)(1)(E) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871b(c)(1)(E)) is amended by inserting “, including quantification of the project’s environmental outcomes” before the semicolon.

(c) APPLICATIONS.—Section 1271B(d) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871b(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “simplified” before “competitive process to select”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(5) RENEWALS.—If a project that is the subject of a partnership agreement has met or exceeded the objectives of the project, as determined by the Secretary, the eligible partners may submit, through an expedited program application process, an application to—
“(A) continue to implement the project under a renewal of the partnership agreement;
or
“(B) expand the scope of the project under a renewal of the partnership agreement.”.

SEC. 2703. ASSISTANCE TO PRODUCERS.

Section 1271C(e) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871c(e)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “a period of 5 years” and inserting “the applicable period under section 1271B(b)”;

(2) in paragraph (3), by striking “the Secretary may waive the applicability of the limitation in section 1001D(b)(2) of this Act for participating producers” and inserting “notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (3) of section 1001D(b), the Secretary may waive the applicability of the limitation in paragraph (2) of such section, and any limitation on the maximum amount of payments related to the covered programs, for participating producers”.

SEC. 2704. FUNDING.

Section 1271D(a) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871d(a)) is amended to read as follows:
“(a) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Of the funds of the
Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall use,
to carry out the program—

“(1) $100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014
through 2018; and

“(2) $250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019
through 2023.”.

SEC. 2705. ADMINISTRATION.

Section 1271E of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16
U.S.C. 3871e) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
section (c) and inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
lowing:

“(b) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall provide eligible
partners and producers participating in the partnership
agreements with guidance on how to quantify and report
on environmental outcomes associated with the adoption
of conservation practices under the program.”; and

(2) in subsection (c), as so redesignated—

(A) in paragraph (3), by striking “; and”
and inserting a semicolon;

(B) in paragraph (4)(C), by striking the
period and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:
“(5) the progress that eligible partners and producers participating in the partnership agreements are making in quantifying and reporting on environmental outcomes associated with the adoption of conservation practices under the program.”

SEC. 2706. CRITICAL CONSERVATION AREAS.

Section 1271F(e) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3871f(e)) is amended by striking paragraph (3).

Subtitle H—Repeals and Transitional Provisions; Technical Amendments

SEC. 2801. REPEAL OF CONSERVATION SECURITY AND CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAMS.

(a) REPEAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), chapter 2 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3838d et seq.) is repealed.

(b) TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS FOR CONSERVATION STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM.—

(1) EFFECT ON EXISTING CONTRACTS.—The amendment made by this section shall not affect the validity or terms of any contract entered into by the Secretary of Agriculture under subchapter B of chapter 2 of subtitle D of title XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3838d et seq.) before
the date of enactment of this Act, or any payments
required to be made in connection with the contract.

(2) No renewals.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Secretary may not renew a contract
described in such paragraph.

SEC. 2802. REPEAL OF TERMINAL LAKES ASSISTANCE.

Section 2507 of the Farm Security and Rural Invest-
ment Act of 2002 (16 U.S.C. 3839bb–6) is repealed.

SEC. 2803. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

(a) Delineation of Wetlands; Exemptions.—
Section 1222(j) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (16
U.S.C. 3822(j)) is amended by striking “National Re-
sources Conservation Service” and inserting “Natural Re-
sources Conservation Service”.

(b) Delivery of Technical Assistance.—Section
is amended by striking “third party” each place it appears
and inserting “third-party”.

(c) Administrative Requirements for Con-
servation Programs.—Section 1244(b)(4)(B) of the
Food Security Act of 1985 (16 U.S.C. 3844(b)(4)(B)) is
amended by striking “General Accounting Office” and in-
serting “General Accountability Office”.

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(d) **Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act.**—Section 5(4) of the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act (16 U.S.C. 1005(4)) is amended—

1. by striking “goodwater” and inserting “floodwater”; and
2. by striking “Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare” each place it appears and inserting “Secretary of Health and Human Services”.

**TITLE III—TRADE**

**Subtitle A—Food for Peace Act**

**SEC. 3001. FINDINGS.**

(a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress finds the following:

1. The United States has long been the world’s largest donor of international food assistance.
2. American farmers have been instrumental in the success of United States international food assistance programs by providing an affordable, safe, and reliable source of nutritious agricultural commodities.
3. Through the efforts of the United States maritime industry and private voluntary organizations, agricultural commodities grown in the United States have been delivered to millions of people in need around the globe.
(4) The United States should continue to use its abundant agricultural productivity to promote the foreign policy of the United States by enhancing the food security of the developing world through the timely provision of agricultural commodities.

SEC. 3002. LABELING REQUIREMENTS.

Subsection (g) of section 202 of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1722) is amended to read as follows:

“(g) LABELING OF ASSISTANCE.—Agricultural commodities and other assistance provided under this title shall, to the extent practicable, be clearly identified with appropriate markings on the package or container of such commodities and food procured outside of the United States, or on printed material that accompanies other assistance, in the language of the locality in which such commodities and other assistance are distributed, as being furnished by the people of the United States of America.”.

SEC. 3003. FOOD AID QUALITY ASSURANCE.

Section 202(h)(3) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1722(h)(3)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 3004. LOCAL SALE AND BARTER OF COMMODITIES.

Section 203 of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1723) is amended—
(1) in subsection (a), by inserting “to generate proceeds to be used as provided in this section” before the period at the end;

(2) by striking subsection (b); and

(3) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (b) and (c), respectively.

SEC. 3005. MINIMUM LEVELS OF ASSISTANCE.

Section 204(a) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1724(a)) is amended in paragraphs (1) and (2) by striking “2018” both places it appears and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 3006. EXTENSION OF TERMINATION DATE OF FOOD AID CONSULTATIVE GROUP.

Section 205(f) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1725(f)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 3007. ISSUANCE OF REGULATIONS.

Section 207(c)(1) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1726a(c)(1)) is amended by striking “the Agricultural Act of 2014” and inserting “the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”.

SEC. 3008. FUNDING FOR PROGRAM OVERSIGHT, MONITORING, AND EVALUATION.

Section 207(f)(4) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1726a(f)(4)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—
(A) by striking “$17,000,000” and inserting “1.5 percent”; and

(B) by striking “2014 through 2018” the first place it appears and inserting “2019 through 2023”; and

(C) by striking “2018” the second place it appears and inserting “2023”; and

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) in clause (i), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(B) in clause (ii), by striking “chapter 1 of part I of”.

SEC. 3009. ASSISTANCE FOR STOCKPILING AND RAPID TRANSPORTATION, DELIVERY, AND DISTRIBUTION OF SHELF-STABLE PREPACKAGED FOODS.

Section 208 the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1726b) is amended—

(1) by amending the section heading to read as follows: “INTERNATIONAL FOOD RELIEF PARTNERSHIP”; and

(2) in subsection (f), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 3010. CONSIDERATION OF IMPACT OF PROVISION OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES AND OTHER ASSISTANCE ON LOCAL FARMERS AND ECONOMY.

(a) INCLUSION OF ALL MODALITIES.—Section 403(a) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1733(a)) is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting “, food procured outside of the United States, food voucher, or cash transfer for food,” after “agricultural commodity”; and

(2) in paragraph (1), by inserting “in the case of the provision of an agricultural commodity,” before “adequate”; and

(3) in paragraph (2), by striking “commodity” and inserting “agricultural commodity or use of the food procured outside of the United States, food vouchers, or cash transfers for food”.

(b) AVOIDANCE OF DISRUPTIVE IMPACT.—Section 403(b) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1733(b)) is amended—

(1) in the first sentence, by inserting “, food procured outside of the United States, food vouchers, and cash transfers for food” after “agricultural commodities”; and
(2) in the second sentence, by striking “of sales of agricultural commodities”.

SEC. 3011. PREPOSITIONING OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.

Section 407(c)(4)(A) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1736a(c)(4)(A)) is amended by striking “2018” each place it appears and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 3012. ANNUAL REPORT REGARDING FOOD AID PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.

(a) In General.—Section 407(f) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1736a(f)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

“(f) Annual Report Regarding Food Aid Programs and Activities.—

“(1) In General.—Not later than April 1 of each fiscal year, the Administrator and the Secretary shall prepare, either jointly or separately, a report regarding each program and activity carried out under this Act during the prior fiscal year. If the report for a fiscal year will not be submitted to the appropriate committees of Congress by the date specified in this subparagraph, the Administrator and the Secretary shall promptly notify such committees about the delay, including the reasons for
the delay, the steps being taken to complete the report, and an estimated submission date.

“(2) CONTENTS.—An annual report described in paragraph (1) shall include, with respect to the prior fiscal year, the following:

“(A) A list that contains a description of each country and organization that receives food and other assistance under this Act (including the quantity of food and assistance provided to each country and organization).

“(B) A general description of each project and activity implemented under this Act (including each activity funded through the use of local currencies) and the total number of beneficiaries of the project.

“(C) A statement describing the quantity of agricultural commodities made available to, and the total number of beneficiaries in, each country pursuant to—

“(i) this Act;

“(ii) section 416(b) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431(b));

“(iii) the Food for Progress Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 1736o); and

“(D) An assessment of the progress made through programs under this Act towards reducing food insecurity in the populations receiving food assistance from the United States.

“(E) A description of efforts undertaken by the Food Aid Consultative Group under section 205 to achieve an integrated and effective food assistance program.

“(F) An assessment of—

“(i) each program oversight, monitoring, and evaluation system implemented under section 207(f); and

“(ii) the impact of each program oversight, monitoring, and evaluation system on the effectiveness and efficiency of assistance provided under this title.

“(G) An assessment of the progress made by the Administrator in addressing issues relating to quality with respect to the provision of food assistance.
“(H) A statement of the amount of funds (including funds for administrative costs, indirect cost recovery, internal transportation, storage and handling, and associated distribution costs) provided to each eligible organization that received assistance under this Act, that further describes the following:

“(i) How such funds were used by the eligible organization.

“(ii) The actual rate of return for each commodity made available under this Act, including factors that influenced the rate of return, and, for the commodity, the costs of bagging or further processing, ocean transportation, inland transportation in the recipient country, storage costs, and any other information that the Administrator and the Secretary determine to be necessary.

“(iii) For each instance in which a commodity was made available under this Act at a rate of return less than 70 percent, the reasons for the rate of return realized.
“(I) For funds expended for the purposes of section 202(e), 406(b)(6), and 407(e)(1)(B), a detailed accounting of the expenditures and purposes of such expenditures with respect to each section.

“(3) Rate of return described.—For purposes of applying subparagraph (H), the rate of return for a commodity shall be equal to the proportion that—

“(A) the proceeds the implementing partners generate through monetization; bears to

“(B) the cost to the Federal Government to procure and ship the commodity to a recipient country for monetization.”.

(b) Conforming Repeal.—Subsection (m) of section 403 of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1733) is repealed.

SEC. 3013. DEADLINE FOR AGREEMENTS TO FINANCE SALES OR TO PROVIDE OTHER ASSISTANCE.

Section 408 of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1736b) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 3014. MINIMUM LEVEL OF NONEMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE.

Subsection (e) of section 412 of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1736f) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) MINIMUM LEVEL OF NONEMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—For each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, not less than $365,000,000 of the amounts made available to carry out emergency and nonemergency food assistance programs under title II, nor more than 30 percent of such amounts, shall be expended for nonemergency food assistance programs under such title.

“(2) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUNDS.—Funds appropriated each year to carry out part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) that are made available through grants or cooperative agreements to strengthen food security in developing countries and that are consistent with section 202(e)(1)(C) may be deemed to be expended on nonemergency food assistance programs for purposes of this section.”.
SEC. 3015. TERMINATION DATE FOR MICRONUTRIENT FOR-

IFICATION PROGRAMS.

Section 415(c) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C.

1736g–2(c)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting

“2023”.

SEC. 3016. JOHN OGONOWSKI AND DOUG BEREUTER FARM-

ER-TO-FARMER PROGRAM.

(a) Statement of Policy.—

(1) In general.—It is in the national interests

of the United States to advance food security in de-

veloping countries and open new markets for agricul-

tural trade through programs that leverage the

unique capabilities of Federal departments and

agencies, and improve coordination between donors,

beneficiaries, and the private sector.

(2) Role of Department of Agri-

culture.—The Department of Agriculture plays an

important role in establishing trade between the

United States and other nations and should enhance

its role in facilitating the transfer of the knowledge,

skills, and experience of American farmers, land-

grant universities, and extension services through

the John Ogonowski and Doug Bereuter Farmer-To-

Farmer Program under title V of the Food for

(b) Clarification of Nature of Assistance.—

Section 501(b)(1) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1737(b) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1) by inserting “technical” before “assistance”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)(A)—

(A) by striking “; and” at the end of clause (viii); and

(B) by striking clause (ix) and inserting the following:

“(ix) agricultural education and extension;

“(x) selection of seed varieties and plant stocks;

“(xi) knowledge of insecticide and sanitation procedures to prevent crop destruction;

“(xii) use and maintenance of agricultural equipment and irrigation systems; and

“(xiii) selection of fertilizers and methods of soils treatment; and”.

(e) Eligible Participants.—Section 501(b)(2) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1737(b)(2)) is amended
by inserting “retired extension staff of the Department of
Agriculture,” after “private corporations,”.

(d) ADDITIONAL PURPOSE.—Section 501(b) of the
Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1737(b)) is amended—
(1) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph
(5);
(2) by redesignating paragraph (6) as para-
graph (7); and
(3) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
lowing new paragraph:
“(6) foster appropriate investments in institu-
tional capacity-building and allow longer-term and
sequenced assignments and partnerships to provide
deeper engagement and greater continuity on such
projects; and”.

(e) MINIMUM FUNDING.—Subsection (d) of section
501 of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1737) is amend-
ed to read as follows:
“(d) MINIMUM FUNDING.—
“(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
provision of law, in addition to any funds that may
be specifically appropriated to carry out this section,
not less than the greater of $15,000,000 or 0.6 per-
cent of the amounts made available for each of fiscal
years 2014 through 2023, to carry out this Act shall
be used to carry out programs under this section, of which—

“(A) not less than 0.2 percent to be used for programs in developing countries; and

“(B) not less than 0.1 percent to be used for programs in sub-Saharan African and Carribean Basin countries.

“(2) Treatment of expenditures.—Funds used to carry out programs under this section shall be counted towards the minimum level of non-emergency food assistance specified in section 412(e).”.

(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 501(e)(1) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1737(e)(1)) is amended in by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(g) Crop Yields and Innovative Partnerships.—Section 501 of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1737) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) Establishment of a Geographically Defined Crop Yield Metrics.—The Secretary of Agriculture, in cooperation with the Administrator of the Agency for International Development, should—

“(1) establish a geographically defined crop yield metrics system to assess improvements in crop
yields in countries and areas receiving assistance under this title; and

“(2) store the data resulting from such geographically defined crop yield metrics system in a publicly available Internet database system.

“(g) GRANT PROGRAM TO CREATE NEW PARTNERS AND INNOVATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the Agency for International Development shall develop a grant program for fiscal years 2019 through 2023 to facilitate new and innovative partnerships and activities under this title.

“(2) USE OF FUNDS.—Grant recipients under this subsection shall use such funds—

“(A) to prioritize new implementing partners;

“(B) on innovative volunteer models;

“(C) on strategic partnerships with other United States development programs; and

“(D) on expanding the footprint and impact of the programs and activities under this title, and diversity among program participants, including land grant colleges or universities and extension services.
“(h) APPROPRIATIONS.—None of the amounts made available to carry out this title may be used to carry out subsections (f) and (g) of this section except to the extent that such subsections are carried out using authorities otherwise provided by this title.”.

Subtitle B—Agricultural Trade Act of 1978

SEC. 3101. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) United States export development programs significantly increase demand for United States agriculture products within foreign markets, boosting agricultural export volume and overall farm income, and generating a net return of $28 in added export revenue for each invested program dollar.

(2) Our global competitors provide substantially more public support for export promotion than is provided to United States agricultural exporters. The Market Access Program and Foreign Market Development Program receive combined annual funding of approximately $234,500,000. In comparison, the European Union allocates $255,000,000 annually for the international promotion of wine alone.

(3) The preservation and streamlining of United States export market development programs
complements the recent reorganization within the
Department of Agriculture by ensuring the newly es-
tablished Under Secretary for Trade and Foreign
Agricultural Affairs has the tools necessary to en-
hance the competitiveness of the United States agri-
cultural industry on the global stage.

SEC. 3102. CONSOLIDATION OF CURRENT PROGRAMS AS
NEW INTERNATIONAL MARKET DEVELOP-
MENT PROGRAM.

(a) INTERNATIONAL MARKET DEVELOPMENT Pro-
gram.—Section 205 of the Agricultural Trade Act of
1978 (7 U.S.C. 5625) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 205. INTERNATIONAL MARKET DEVELOPMENT PRO-
GRAM.

“(a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Secretary and the
Commodity Credit Corporation shall establish and carry
out a program, to be known as the ‘International Market
Development Program’, to encourage the development,
maintenance, and expansion of commercial export markets
for United States agricultural commodities.

“(b) MARKET ACCESS PROGRAM COMPONENT.—
“(1) IN GENERAL.—As one of the components
of the International Market Development Program,
the Commodity Credit Corporation shall carry out a
program to encourage the development, mainte-
nance, and expansion of commercial export markets for United States agricultural commodities through cost-share assistance to eligible trade organizations that implement a foreign market development program.

“(2) TYPES OF ASSISTANCE.—Assistance under this subsection may be provided in the form of funds of, or commodities owned by, the Commodity Credit Corporation, as determined appropriate by the Secretary.

“(3) PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS.—

“(A) MARKETING PLAN AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—To be eligible for cost-share assistance under this subsection, an eligible trade organization shall—

“(i) prepare and submit a marketing plan to the Secretary that meets the guidelines governing such a marketing plan specified in this paragraph or otherwise established by the Secretary;

“(ii) meet any other requirements established by the Secretary; and

“(iii) enter into an agreement with the Secretary.
“(B) Purpose of marketing plan.—A marketing plan submitted under this paragraph shall describe the advertising or other market oriented export promotion activities to be carried out by the eligible trade organization with respect to which assistance under this subsection is being requested.

“(C) Specific elements.—To be approved by the Secretary, a marketing plan submitted under this paragraph shall—

"(i) specifically describe the manner in which assistance received by the eligible trade organization, in conjunction with funds and services provided by the eligible trade organization, will be expended in implementing the marketing plan;

“(ii) establish specific market goals to be achieved under the marketing plan; and

“(iii) contain whatever additional requirements are determined by the Secretary to be necessary.

“(D) Branded promotion.—A marketing plan approved by the Secretary may provide for the use of branded advertising to promote the sale of United States agricultural
commodities in a foreign country under such
terms and conditions as may be established by
the Secretary.

“(E) AMENDMENTS.—An approved mar-
keting plan may be amended by the eligible
trade organization at any time, subject to the
approval by the Secretary of the amendments.

“(4) LEVEL OF ASSISTANCE AND COST-SHARE
REQUIREMENTS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
justify in writing the level of assistance to be
provided to an eligible trade organization under
this subsection and the level of cost sharing re-
quired of the organization.

“(B) LIMITATION ON BRANDED PRO-
mOTION.—Assistance provided under this sub-
section for activities described in paragraph
(3)(D) shall not exceed 50 percent of the cost
of implementing the marketing plan, except
that the Secretary may determine not to apply
such limitation in the case of United States ag-
gicultural commodities with respect to which
there has been a favorable decision by the
United States Trade Representative under sec-
tion 301 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
213
2411). Criteria used by the Secretary for determining that the limitation shall not apply shall be consistent and documented.

“(5) OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—

“(A) MULTI-YEAR BASIS.—The Secretary may provide assistance under this subsection on a multi-year basis, subject to annual review by the Secretary for compliance with the approved marketing plan.

“(B) TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary may terminate any assistance made, or to be made, available under this subsection if the Secretary determines that—

“(i) the eligible trade organization is not adhering to the terms and conditions applicable to the provision of the assistance;

“(ii) the eligible trade organization is not implementing the approved marketing plan or is not adequately meeting the established goals of the plan;

“(iii) the eligible trade organization is not adequately contributing its own resources to the implementation of the plan; or
“(iv) the Secretary determines that termination of assistance in a particular instance is in the best interests of the program.

“(C) Evaluations.—Beginning not later than 15 months after the initial provision of assistance under this subsection to an eligible trade organization, the Secretary shall monitor the expenditures by the eligible trade organization of such assistance, including the following:

“(i) An evaluation of the effectiveness of the marketing plan of the eligible trade organization in developing or maintaining markets for United States agricultural commodities.

“(ii) An evaluation of whether assistance provided under this subsection is necessary to maintain such markets.

“(iii) A thorough accounting of the expenditure by the eligible trade organization of the assistance provided under this subsection.

“(6) Restrictions on Use of Funds.—Assistance provided under this subsection to an eligible trade organization shall not be used—
“(A) to provide direct assistance to any foreign for-profit corporation for the corporation’s use in promoting foreign-produced products; or

“(B) to provide direct assistance to any for-profit corporation that is not recognized as a small business concern, excluding a cooperative, an association described in the first section of the Act entitled ‘An Act To authorize association of producers of agricultural products’, approved February 18, 1922 (7 U.S.C. 291), or a nonprofit trade association.

“(7) PERMISSIVE USE OF FUNDS.—Assistance provided under this subsection to a United States agricultural trade association, cooperative, or small business may be used for individual branded promotional activity related to a United States branded product, if the beneficiaries of the activity have provided funds for the activity in an amount that is at least equivalent to the amount of assistance provided under this subsection.

“(8) PROGRAM CONSIDERATIONS AND PRIORITIES.—In providing assistance under this subsection, the Secretary, to the maximum extent practicable, shall—
“(A) give equal consideration to—

“(i) proposals submitted by organizations that were participating organizations in prior fiscal years; and

“(ii) proposals submitted by eligible trade organizations that have not previously participated in the program established under this title;

“(B) give equal consideration to—

“(i) proposals submitted for activities in emerging markets; and

“(ii) proposals submitted for activities in markets other than emerging markets.

“(9) PRIORITY.—In providing assistance for branded promotion, the Secretary should give priority to small-sized entities.

“(10) CONTRIBUTION LEVEL.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary should require a minimum contribution level of 10 percent from an eligible trade organization that receives assistance for nonbranded promotion.

“(B) INCREASES IN CONTRIBUTION LEVEL.—The Secretary may increase the contribution level in any subsequent year that an
eligible trade organization receives assistance for nonbranded promotion.

“(11) ADDITIONALITY.—The Secretary should require each participant in the program to certify that any Federal funds received supplement, but do not supplant, private or third party participant funds or other contributions to program activities.

“(12) INDEPENDENT AUDITS.—If as a result of an evaluation or audit of activities of a participant under the program, the Secretary determines that a further review is justified in order to ensure compliance with the requirements of the program, the Secretary should require the participant to contract for an independent audit of the program activities, including activities of any subcontractor.

“(13) TOBACCO.—No funds made available under the market promotion program may be used for activities to develop, maintain, or expand foreign markets for tobacco.

“(c) FOREIGN MARKET DEVELOPMENT COOPERATOR COMPONENT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—As one of the components of the International Market Development Program, the Secretary shall carry out a foreign market development cooperator program to maintain and develop...
foreign markets for United States agricultural commodities.

“(2) COOPERATION.—The Secretary shall carry out the foreign market development cooperator program in cooperation with eligible trade organizations.

“(3) ADMINISTRATION.—Funds made available to carry out the foreign market development cooperator program shall be used only to provide—

“(A) cost-share assistance to an eligible trade organization under a contract or agreement with the organization; and

“(B) assistance for other costs that are necessary or appropriate to carry out the foreign market development cooperator program, including contingent liabilities that are not otherwise funded.

“(4) PROGRAM CONSIDERATIONS.—In providing assistance under this subsection, the Secretary, to the maximum extent practicable, shall—

“(A) give equal consideration to—

“(i) proposals submitted by eligible trade organizations that were participating organizations in the foreign market develop-
opment cooperator program in prior fiscal years; and

“(ii) proposals submitted by eligible trade organizations that have not previously participated in the foreign market development cooperator program; and

“(B) give equal consideration to—

“(i) proposals submitted for activities in emerging markets; and

“(ii) proposals submitted for activities in markets other than emerging markets.

“(d) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR SPECIALTY CROPS COMPONENT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—As one of the components of the International Market Development Program, the Secretary shall carry out an export assistance program to address existing or potential barriers that prohibit or threaten the export of United States specialty crops.

“(2) PURPOSE.—The export assistance program required by this subsection shall provide direct assistance through public and private sector projects and technical assistance to remove, resolve, or mitigate existing or potential sanitary and phytosanitary and technical barriers to trade.
“(3) PRIORITY.—The export assistance program required by this subsection shall address time sensitive and strategic market access projects based on—

“(A) trade effect on market retention, market access, and market expansion; and

“(B) trade impact.

“(4) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an annual report that contains, for the period covered by the report, a description of each factor that affects the export of specialty crops, including each factor relating to any significant sanitary or phytosanitary issue or trade barrier.

“(e) E. (Kika) De La Garza Emerging Markets Program Component.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—

“(A) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary, in order to develop, maintain, or expand export markets for United States agricultural commodities, is directed—

“(i) to make available to emerging markets the expertise of the United States to make assessments of the food and rural
business systems needs of such emerging markets;

“(ii) to make recommendations on measures necessary to enhance the effectiveness of the systems, including potential reductions in trade barriers; and

“(iii) to identify and carry out specific opportunities and projects to enhance the effectiveness of those systems.

“(B) EXTENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall implement this paragraph with respect to at least 3 emerging markets in each fiscal year.

“(2) IMPLEMENTATION OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary may implement the requirements of paragraph (1)—

“(A) by providing assistance to teams consisting primarily of agricultural consultants, farmers, other persons from the private sector and government officials expert in assessing the food and rural business systems of other countries to enable such teams to conduct the assessments, make the recommendations, and identify the opportunities and projects specified in such paragraph in emerging markets; and
“(B) by providing for necessary subsistence and transportation expenses of—

“(i) United States food and rural business system experts, including United States agricultural producers and other United States individuals knowledgeable in agricultural and agribusiness matters, to enable such United States food and rural business system experts to assist in transferring knowledge and expertise to entities in emerging markets; and

“(ii) individuals designated by emerging markets to enable such designated individuals to consult with such United States experts to enhance food and rural business systems of such emerging markets and to transfer knowledge and expertise to such emerging markets.

“(3) COST-SHARING.—The Secretary shall encourage the nongovernmental experts described in paragraph (2) to share the costs of, and otherwise assist in, the participation of such experts in the program under this paragraph.

“(4) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary is authorized to provide, or pay the necessary costs
for, technical assistance (including the establishment
of extension services) necessary to enhance the effec-
tiveness of food and rural business systems needs of
emerging markets, including potential reductions in
trade barriers.

“(5) REPORTS TO SECRETARY.—A team that
receives assistance under paragraph (2) shall pre-
pare such reports with respect to the use of such as-
sistance as the Secretary may require.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) ELIGIBLE TRADE ORGANIZATION.—

“(A) MARKET ACCESS PROGRAM COMPO-
ONENT.—In subsection (b), the term ‘eligible
trade organization’ means—

“(i) a United States agricultural trade
organization or regional State-related orga-
nization that promotes the export and sale
of United States agricultural commodities
and that does not stand to profit directly
from specific sales of United States agri-
cultural commodities;

“(ii) a cooperative organization or
State agency that promotes the sale of
United States agricultural commodities; or
“(iii) a private organization that promotes the export and sale of United States agricultural commodities if the Secretary determines that such organization would significantly contribute to United States export market development.

“(B) FOREIGN MARKET DEVELOPMENT COOPERATOR COMPONENT.—In subsection (c), the term ‘eligible trade organization’ means a United States trade organization that—

“(i) promotes the export of one or more United States agricultural commodities; and

“(ii) does not have a business interest in or receive remuneration from specific sales of United States agricultural commodities.

“(2) EMERGING MARKET.—The term ‘emerging market’ means any country that the Secretary determines—

“(A) is taking steps toward a market-oriented economy through the food, agriculture, or rural business sectors of the economy of the country; and
“(B) has the potential to provide a viable and significant market for United States agricultural commodities.

“(3) SMALL-BUSINESS CONCERN.—The term ‘small-business concern’ has the meaning given that term in section 3(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a)).

“(4) UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY.—The term ‘United States agricultural commodity’ has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the Agriculture Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602) and includes commodities that are organically produced (as defined in section 2103 of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6502)).”.

(b) FUNDING PROVISION.—Subsection (c) of section 211 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5641) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) INTERNATIONAL MARKET DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall make available for the International Market Development Program under section 205 $255,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2019 through 2023. Such amounts shall remain available until expended.
“(2) Set-asides.—

“(A) Market access program component.—Of the funds made available under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year, not less than $200,000,000 shall be used for the market access program component of the International Market Development Program under subsection (b) of section 205.

“(B) Foreign market development cooperator component.—Of the funds made available under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year, not less than $34,500,000 shall be used for the foreign market development cooperator component of the International Market Development Program under subsection (c) of section 205.

“(C) Technical assistance for specialty crops component.—Of the funds made available under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year, not more than $9,000,000, shall be used for the specialty crops component of the International Market Development Program under subsection (d) of section 205.

“(D) Agricultural exports to emerging markets component.—Of the funds made available under paragraph (1) for a fiscal
year, not more than $10,000,000 shall be used
to promote agricultural exports to emerging
markets under the International Market Devel-
opment Program under subsection (e) of section
205.”.

(c) Repeal of Superseded Programs.—

(1) Market Access Program.—Section 203 of
the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5623)
is repealed.

(2) Promotional Assistance.—Section 1302
of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993
is repealed.

(3) Foreign Market Development Cooper-
ator Program.—Title VII of the Agricultural
Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5721–5723) is re-
pealed.

(4) Export Assistance Program for Spe-
cialty Crops.—Section 3205 of the Farm Security
and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 5680)
is repealed.

(5) Emerging Markets Program.—Section
1542 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and
Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5622 note; Public Law
101–624) is amended by striking subsection (d) and
by redesignating subsection (e) and (f) as sub-
sections (d) and (e), respectively.

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) AGRICULTURAL TRADE ACT OF 1978.—The
Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 is amended—

(A) in section 202 (7 U.S.C. 5622), by
adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(k) COMBINATION OF PROGRAMS.—The Commodity
Credit Corporation may carry out a program under which
commercial export credit guarantees available under this
section are combined with direct credits from the Com-
modity Credit Corporation under section 201 to reduce the
effective rate of interest on export sales of United States
agricultural commodities.”; and

(B) in section 402(a)(1) (7 U.S.C.
5662(a)(1)), by striking “203” and inserting
“205(b)”.

(2) AGRICULTURAL MARKETING ACT OF 1946.—
Section 282(f)(2)(C) of the Agricultural Marketing
Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1638a(f)(2)(C)) is amended
by striking “section 203 of the Agricultural Trade
Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5623)” and inserting “section
205 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978”.

(3) FOOD, AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION, AND
TRADE ACT OF 1990.—Section 1543(b)(5) of the
Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 3293(b)(5)) is amended by striking “1542(f)” and inserting “1542(e)”.  

Subtitle C—Other Agricultural Trade Laws

SEC. 3201. LOCAL AND REGIONAL FOOD AID PROCUREMENT PROJECTS.

Section 3206(e)(1) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 1726c(e)(1)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 3202. PROMOTION OF AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS TO EMERGING MARKETS.

Section 1542(a) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5622 note; Public Law 101–624) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 3203. BILL EMERSON HUMANITARIAN TRUST ACT.

Section 302 of the Bill Emerson Humanitarian Trust Act (7 U.S.C. 1736f–1) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(2)(B)(i), by striking “2018” each place it appears and inserting “2023”;

and

(2) in subsection (h), by striking “2018” each place it appears and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 3204. FOOD FOR PROGRESS ACT OF 1985.

(a) EXTENSION.—Section 1110 of the Food Security Act of 1985 (also known as the Food for Progress Act of 1985; 7 U.S.C. 1736o) is amended—

(1) in subsection (f)(3), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”;

(2) in subsection (g), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”;

(3) in subsection (k), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(4) in subsection (l)(1), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—Section 1110(b)(5) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (also known as the Food for Progress Act of 1985; 7 U.S.C. 1736o(b)(5)) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of subparagraph (E);

(2) by redesignating subparagraph (F) as subparagraph (G); and

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (E) the following new subparagraph:

“(F) a college or university (as such terms are defined in section 1404(4) of the Food and Agriculture Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(4)); and’’.
(c) Private Voluntary Organizations and Other Private Entities.—Section 1110(o) of the Food Security Act of 1985 is amended in paragraph (1) by striking “(F)” and inserting “(G)”.

SEC. 3205. MCGOVERN-DOLE INTERNATIONAL FOOD FOR EDUCATION AND CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM.

(a) Consideration of Proposals.—Section 3107(f)(1)(B) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 1736o–1(f)(1)(B)) is amended by inserting before the semicolon the following: “and, to the extent practicable, that assistance will be provided on a timely basis so as to coincide with the beginning of and when needed during the relevant school year”.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 3107(l)(2) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 1736o–1(l)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 3206. COCHRAN FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.

(a) Authorized Locations for Training.—Section 1543(a) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 3293(a)) is amended by striking “for study in the United States.” and inserting the following: “for study—

“(1) in the United States; or
“(2) at a college or university located in an eligible country that the Secretary determines—

“(A) has sufficient scientific and technical facilities;

“(B) has established a partnership with at least one college or university in the United States; and

“(C) has substantial participation by faculty members of the United States college or university in the design of the fellowship curriculum and classroom instruction under the fellowship.”.

(b) FELLOWSHIP PURPOSES.—Section 1543(c)(2) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 3293(c)(2)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, including trade linkages involving regulatory systems governing sanitary and phyto-sanitary standards for agricultural products”.

SEC. 3207. BORLAUG FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.

Section 1473G of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3319j) is amended to read as follows:
(a) Fellowship Program.—

(1) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish a fellowship program, to be known as the ‘Borlaug International Agricultural Science and Technology Fellowship Program’.

(2) Fellowships to Individuals from Eligible Countries.—As part of the fellowship program, the Secretary shall provide fellowships to individuals from eligible countries as described in subsection (b) who specialize in agricultural education, research, and extension for scientific training and study designed to assist individual fellowship recipients, including the following 3 programs:

(A) A graduate studies program in agriculture to assist individuals who participate in graduate agricultural degree training at a United States institution.

(B) An individual career improvement program to assist agricultural scientists from developing countries in upgrading skills and understanding in agricultural science and technology.
“(C) A Borlaug agricultural policy executive leadership course to assist senior agricultural policy makers from eligible countries, with an initial focus on individuals from sub-Saharan Africa and the independent states of the former Soviet Union.

“(3) Fellowships to United States Citizens.—As part of the fellowship program, the Secretary shall provide fellowships to citizens of the United States to assist eligible countries in developing school-based agricultural education and youth extension programs.

“(b) Eligible Country Described.—For purposes of this section, an eligible country is a developing country, as determined by the Secretary using a gross national income per capita test selected by the Secretary.

“(c) Purpose of Fellowships.—

“(1) Fellowships to Individuals from Eligible Countries.—A fellowship provided under subsection (a)(2) shall—

“(A) promote food security and economic growth in eligible countries by—

“(i) educating a new generation of agricultural scientists;
“(ii) increasing scientific knowledge and collaborative research to improve agricultural productivity; and
“(iii) extending that knowledge to users and intermediaries in the marketplace; and
“(B) support—
“(i) training and collaborative research opportunities through exchanges for entry level international agricultural research scientists, faculty, and policymakers from eligible countries;
“(ii) collaborative research to improve agricultural productivity;
“(iii) the transfer of new science and agricultural technologies to strengthen agricultural practice; and
“(iv) the reduction of barriers to technology adoption.
“(2) Fellowships to United States Citizens.—A fellowship provided under subsection (a)(3) shall—
“(A) develop globally minded United States agriculturists with experience living abroad;
“(B) focus on meeting the food and fiber needs of the domestic population of eligible countries; and

“(C) strengthen and enhance trade linkages between eligible countries and the United States agricultural industry.

“(d) FELLOWSHIP RECIPIENTS.—

“(1) FELLOWSHIPS TO INDIVIDUALS FROM ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES.—

“(A) ELIGIBLE CANDIDATES.—The Secretary may provide fellowships under subsection (a)(2) to individuals from eligible countries who specialize or have experience in agricultural education, research, extension, or related fields, including—

“(i) individuals from the public and private sectors; and

“(ii) private agricultural producers.

“(B) CANDIDATE IDENTIFICATION.—For fellowships under subsection (a)(2), the Secretary shall use the expertise of United States land-grant colleges and universities and similar universities, international organizations working in agricultural research and outreach, and national agricultural research organizations to
help identify program candidates for fellowships from the public and private sectors of eligible countries.

“(C) LOCATION OF TRAINING.—The scientific training or study of fellowship recipients under subsection (a)(2) shall occur—

“(i) in the United States; or

“(ii) at a college or university located in an eligible country that the Secretary determines—

“(I) has sufficient scientific and technical facilities;

“(II) has established a partnership with at least one college or university in the United States; and

“(III) has substantial participation by faculty members of the United States college or university in the design of the fellowship curriculum and classroom instruction under the fellowship.

“(2) FELLOWSHIPS TO UNITED STATES CITIZENS.—
“(A) ELIGIBLE CANDIDATES.—The Secretary may provide fellowships under subsection (a)(3) to citizens of the United States who—

“(i) hold at least a bachelor’s degree in an agricultural related field of study; and

“(ii) have an understanding of United States school-based agricultural education and youth extension programs, as determined by the Secretary.

“(B) CANDIDATE IDENTIFICATION.—For fellowships under subsection (a)(3), the Secretary shall consult with the National FFA Organization, the National 4–H Council, and other entities as the Secretary deems appropriate to identify candidates for fellowships.

“(e) PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary shall provide for the management, coordination, evaluation, and monitoring of the Borlaug International Agricultural Science and Technology Fellowship Program and for the individual programs described in subsection (a), except that—

“(1) the Secretary may contract out to 1 or more collaborating universities the management of 1
or more of the fellowship programs under subsection (a)(2); and

“(2) the Secretary may contract out the management of the fellowship program under subsection (a)(3) to an outside organization with experience in implementing fellowship programs focused on building capacity for school-based agricultural education and youth extension programs in developing countries.

“(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated $6,000,000 to carry out this section.

“(2) SET-ASIDES.—Of any funds made available pursuant to paragraph (1), not less than $2,800,000 shall be used to carry out the fellowship program for individuals from eligible countries under subsection (a)(2).

“(3) DURATION.—Any funds made available pursuant to paragraph (1) shall remain available until expended.”.

SEC. 3208. GLOBAL CROP DIVERSITY TRUST.

(a) UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTION LIMIT.—Section 3202(b) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (22 U.S.C. 2220a note; Public Law 110–246(b)) is
amended by striking “25 percent” and inserting “33 percent”.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 3202(c) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–246; 22 U.S.C. 2220a note) is amended by striking “for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2018” and inserting “for the period of fiscal years 2019 through 2023”.

SEC. 3209. GROWING AMERICAN FOOD EXPORTS ACT OF 2018.

Section 1543A of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5679) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 1543A. BIOTECHNOLOGY AND AGRICULTURAL TRADE PROGRAM.

“(a) Establishment.—There is established in the Department of Agriculture a program to be known as the ‘Biotechnology and Agricultural Trade Program’.

“(b) Purpose.—The purpose of the program established under this section shall be to remove, resolve, or mitigate significant regulatory nontariff barriers to the export of United States agricultural commodities into foreign markets through policy advocacy and targeted projects that address—
“(1) issues relating to United States agricultural commodities produced with the use of biotechnology or new agricultural production technologies;

“(2) advocacy for science-based regulation in foreign markets of biotechnology or new agricultural production technologies; or

“(3) quick-response intervention regarding non-tariff barriers to United States exports produced through biotechnology or new agricultural production technologies.

“(c) ELIGIBLE PROGRAMS.—Depending on need, as determined by the Secretary, activities authorized under this section may be carried out through—

“(1) this section;

“(2) the emerging markets program under section 1542; or

“(3) the Cochran Fellowship Program under section 1543.”.

TITLE IV—NUTRITION
Subtitle A—Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

SEC. 4001. DUPLICATIVE ENROLLMENT DATABASE.

(a) EXPANSION OF THE DUPLICATIVE ENROLLMENT DATABASE.—The Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7
U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 30. DUPLICATIVE ENROLLMENT DATABASE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish an interstate database, or system of databases, of supplemental nutrition assistance program information to be known as the Duplicative Enrollment Database that shall include the data submitted by each State pursuant to section 11(e)(26) and that shall meet security standards as determined by the Secretary.

"(b) PURPOSE.—Any database, or system of databases, established pursuant to subsection (a) shall be used by States when making eligibility determinations to prevent supplemental nutrition assistance program participants from receiving duplicative benefits in multiple States.

"(c) IMPLEMENTATION.—

“(1) ISSUANCE OF INTERIM FINAL REGULATIONS.—Not later than 18 months after the effective date of this section, the Secretary shall issue interim final regulations to carry out this section that—

“(A) incorporate best practices and lessons learned from the regional pilot project referenced in section 4032(c) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 2036e(e));
“(B) protect the privacy of supplemental nutrition assistance program participants and applicants consistent with section 11(e)(8); and

“(C) detail the process States will be required to follow for—

“(i) conducting initial and ongoing matches of participant and applicant data;

“(ii) identifying and acting on all apparent instances of duplicative participation by participants or applicants in multiple States;

“(iii) disenrolling an individual who has applied to participate in another State in a manner sufficient to allow the State in which the individual is currently applying to comply with sections 11(e)(3) and (9); and

“(iv) complying with such other rules and standards the Secretary determines appropriate to carry out this section.

“(2) TIMING.—The initial match and corresponding actions required by paragraph (1)(C) shall occur within 3 years after the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018.
“(d) REPORTS.—Using the data submitted to the Duplicative Enrollment Database, the Secretary shall publish an annual report analyzing supplemental nutrition assistance program participant characteristics, including participant tenure on the program. The report shall be made available to the public in a manner that prevents identification of participants that receive supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits.”.

(b) STATE DATA COLLECTION AND SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS.—Section 11(e) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (24) by striking “and” at the end,

(2) in paragraph (25) by striking the period at the end and inserting “a semicolon”, and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(26) that the State agency shall collect and submit supplemental nutrition assistance program data to the Duplicative Enrollment Database established in section 30, in accordance with guidance or rules issued by the Secretary establishing a uniform method and format for the collection and submission of data, including for each member of a participating household—
“(A) the social security number or the social security number substitute;

“(B) the employment status of such member;

“(C) the amount of income and whether that income is earned or unearned;

“(D) that member’s portion of the household monthly allotment; and

“(E) the portion of the aggregate value of household assets attributed to that member;

and”.

SEC. 4002. RETAILER-FUNDED INCENTIVES PILOT.

The Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.), as amended by section 4001, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 31. RETAILER-FUNDED INCENTIVES PILOT.

“(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a pilot project in accordance with subsection (d) through which participating retail food stores provide bonuses to participating households based on household purchases of fruits, vegetables, and fluid milk.

“(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—

“(1) The term ‘bonus’ means a financial incentive provided at the point of sale to a participating
household that expends a portion of its allotment for
the purchase of fruits, vegetables, or fluid milk.

“(2) The term ‘fluid milk’ means cow milk
without flavoring or sweeteners and packaged in liq-
uid form.

“(3) The term ‘fruits’ means minimally proc-
essed fruits.

“(4) The term ‘retail food store’ means a retail
food store as defined in section 3(o)(1) that is au-
thorized to accept and redeem benefits under the
supplemental nutrition assistance program.

“(5) The term ‘vegetables’ means minimally
processed vegetables.

“(c) PROJECT PARTICIPANT PLANS.—To participate
in the pilot project established under subsection (a), a re-
tail food store shall submit to the Secretary for approval
a plan that includes—

“(1) a method of quantifying the cost of fruits,
vegetables, and fluid milk, that will earn households
a bonus;

“(2) a method of providing bonuses to partici-
pating households and adequately testing such meth-
od;

“(3) a method of ensuring bonuses earned by
households may be used only to purchase food eligi-
ble for purchase under the supplemental nutrition assistance program;

“(4) a method of educating participating households about the availability and use of a bonus;

“(5) a method of providing data and reports, as requested by the Secretary, for purposes of analyzing the impact of the pilot project established under subsection (a) on household access, ease of bonus use, and program integrity; and

“(6) such other criteria, including security criteria, as established by the Secretary.

“(d) PILOT PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.—Retail food stores with plans approved under subsection (c) to participate in the pilot project established under subsection (a) shall—

“(1) provide a bonus in a dollar amount not to exceed 10 percent of the price of the purchased fruits, vegetables, and fluid milk;

“(2) fund the dollar amount of bonuses used by households, and pay for administrative costs, such as fees and system costs, associated with providing such bonuses;

“(3) ensure that bonuses earned by households may be used only to purchase food eligible for pur-
chase under the supplemental nutrition assistance program; and

“(4) provide data and reports as requested by the Secretary for purposes of analyzing the impact of the pilot project established under subsection (a) on household access, ease of bonus use, and program integrity.

“(e) LIMITATION.—A retail food store participating in a project under section 4405 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 7517) shall not be eligible to participate in the pilot project established under subsection (a).

“(f) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018, the Secretary shall solicit and approve plans submitted under subsection (c) that satisfy the requirements of such subsection.

“(g) REIMBURSEMENTS.—

“(1) RATE OF REIMBURSEMENT.—Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), the Secretary shall reimburse retail food stores with plans approved under subsection (f) in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of the dollar value of bonuses earned by households and used to purchase food eligible for purchase
under the supplemental nutrition assistance pro-
gram.

“(2) AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF REIMBURSE-
MENTS.—The aggregate amount of reimbursements
paid in a fiscal year to all retail food stores that par-
ticipate in the pilot project established under sub-
section (a) in such fiscal year shall not exceed
$120,000,000.

“(3) REQUIREMENTS.—

“(A) TIMELINE.—Not later than 1 year
after the date of the enactment of the Agri-
culture and Nutrition Act of 2018, the Sec-
retary shall establish requirements to imple-
ment this section, including criteria for
prioritizing reimbursements to such stores with-
in the limit established in paragraph (2) and
subject to subparagraph (B).

“(B) DISTRIBUTION OF REIMBURSE-
MENTS.—

“(i) MONTHLY PAYMENTS.—Reim-
bursements payable under this subsection
shall be paid on a monthly basis.

“(ii) PRORATED PAYMENTS.—If funds
made available under subsection (h) are in-
sufficient to pay in full reimbursements
payable for a month because of the operation of paragraph (2), such reimbursements shall be paid on a pro rata basis to the extent funds remain available for payment.

“(h) FUNDING.—From funds made available under section 18(a)(1) for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall allocate not to exceed $120,000,000 for reimbursements payable under this section for such fiscal year.”.

SEC. 4003. GUS SCHUMACHER FOOD INSECURITY NUTRITION INCENTIVE PROGRAM.

(a) AMENDMENTS.—Section 4405 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 7517) is amended—

(1) by striking the heading and inserting “GUS SCHUMACHER FOOD INSECURITY NUTRITION INCENTIVE PROGRAM”,

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in subparagraph (A)(ii)—

(I) in subclause (II) by inserting “financial” after “providing”,

(II) by amending subclause (III)

to read as follows:
“(III) has adequate plans to collect data for reporting and agrees to participate in a program evaluation; and”.

(III) in subclause (IV) by striking “; and” at the end and inserting a period, and

(IV) by striking subclause (V), and

(ii) by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:

“(B) PRIORITIES.—In awarding grants under this section—

“(i) the Secretary shall give priority to projects that—

“(I) maximize the share of funds used for direct incentives to participants;

“(II) include coordination with multiple stakeholders, such as farm organizations, nutrition education programs, cooperative extension service programs, public health departments, health providers, private and public health insurance agencies, cooperative
grocers, grocery associations, and community-based and non-governmental organizations; and

“(III) have the capacity to generate sufficient data and analysis to demonstrate effectiveness of program incentives; and

“(ii) the Secretary may also give priority to projects that—

“(I) are located in underserved communities;

“(II) use direct-to-consumer sales marketing;

“(III) demonstrate a track record of designing and implementing successful nutrition incentive programs that connect low-income consumers and agricultural producers;

“(IV) provide locally or regionally produced fruits and vegetables;

“(V) offer supplemental services in high-need communities, including online ordering, transportation between home and store, and delivery services;
“(VI) provide year-round access to program incentives; or
“(VII) address other criteria as established by the Secretary.”,

(B) by amending paragraph (4) to read as follows:
“(4) TRAINING, EVALUATION, AND INFORMATION CENTER.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Director of the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, shall establish a Food Insecurity Nutrition Incentive Program Training, Evaluation, and Information Center capable of providing services related to grants under subsection (b), including—
“(i) offering incentive program training and technical assistance to applicants and grantees to the extent practicable;
“(ii) collecting, evaluating, and sharing information on best practices on common incentive activities;
“(iii) assisting with collaboration among grantee projects, State agencies, and nutrition education programs;
“(iv) facilitating communication between grantees and the Department of Agriculture; and

“(v) compiling program data from grantees and generating an annual report to Congress on grant outcomes.

“(B) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—To carry out subparagraph (A), the Secretary may enter into a cooperative agreement with an organization with expertise in the supplemental nutrition assistance program incentive programs, including—

“(i) nongovernmental organizations;

“(ii) State cooperative extension services;

“(iii) regional food system centers;

“(iv) Federal and State agencies;

“(v) public, private, and land-grant colleges and universities; and

“(vi) other appropriate entities as determined by the Secretary.

“(C) FUNDING LIMITATION.—Of the funds made available under subsection (c), the Secretary may use to carry out this paragraph not more than—
“(i) $2,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and

“(ii) $1,000,000 for each fiscal year thereafter.”, and

(3) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (1) by striking “2014 through 2018” and inserting “2019 through 2023”, and

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in subparagraph (B) by striking “and” at the end;

(ii) in subparagraph (C) by striking the period at the end and inserting “;”, and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) $45,000,000 for fiscal year 2019;

“(E) $50,000,000 for fiscal year 2020;

“(F) $55,000,000 for fiscal year 2021;

“(G) $60,000,000 for fiscal year 2022; and

“(H) $65,000,000 for fiscal year 2023 and each fiscal year thereafter.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 is
amended by striking the item relating to section 4405 by inserting the following:

“Sec. 4405. Gus Schumacher food insecurity nutrition incentive program.”.

SEC. 4004. RE-EVALUATION OF THRIFTY FOOD PLAN.

Section 3(u) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012(u)) is amended by inserting after the 1st sentence the following:

“By 2022 and at 5-year intervals thereafter, the Secretary shall re-evaluate and publish the market baskets of the thrifty food plan based on current food prices, food composition data, and consumption patterns.”.

SEC. 4005. FOOD DISTRIBUTION PROGRAMS ON INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

Section 4(b) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2013(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (6)—

(A) in the heading by striking “LOCALLY-GROWN” and inserting “LOCALLY- AND REGIONALLY-GROWN”,

(B) in subparagraph (A) by striking “locally-grown” and inserting “locally- and regionally-grown”,

(C) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) by striking “LOCALLY GROWN” and inserting “LOCALLY- AND REGIONALLY-GROWN”, and
(ii) by striking “locally-grown” and inserting “locally- and regionally-grown”,

(D) by amending subparagraph (D) to read as follows:

“(D) PURCHASE OF FOODS.—In carrying out this paragraph, the Secretary shall purchase or offer to purchase those traditional foods that may be procured cost-effectively.”;

(E) by striking subparagraph (E), and

(F) in subparagraph (F)—

(i) by striking “(F)” and inserting “(E)”, and

(ii) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”, and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(7) FUNDS AVAILABILITY.—Funds made available for a fiscal year to carry out this subsection shall remain available for obligation for a period of 2 fiscal years.”.

SEC. 4006. UPDATE TO CATEGORICAL ELIGIBILITY.

Effective October 1, 2020, section 5 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended—

(1) in the 2d sentence of subsection (a)—
(A) by striking “receives benefits” and inserting “(1) receives cash assistance or ongoing and substantial services”,

(B) by striking “, supplemental security” and inserting “with an income eligibility limit of not more than 130 percent of the poverty line as defined in section 5(c)(1), (2) is elderly or disabled and receives cash assistance or ongoing and substantial services under a State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) with an income eligibility limit of not more than 200 percent of the poverty line as defined in section 5(c)(1), (3) receives supplemental security”, and

(C) by striking “or aid” and inserting “or (4) receives aid”, and

(2) in subsection (j)—

(A) by striking “or who receives benefits” and inserting “cash assistance or ongoing and substantial services” and

(B) by striking “to have” and inserting “with an income eligibility limit of not more than 130 percent of the poverty line as defined in section 5(c)(1), or who is elderly or disabled
and receives cash assistance or ongoing and substantial services under a State program funded under part A of title IV of the Act (42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) with an income eligibility limit of not more than 200 percent of the poverty line as defined in section 5(c)(1), to have”.

SEC. 4007. BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR HOUSING.

(a) Exclusion of Basic Allowance for Housing.—Section 5(d) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (18) by striking “and” at the end,

(2) in paragraph (19)(B) by striking the period and inserting “; and”, and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(20) the value of an allowance received under section 403 of title 37 of the United States Code that does not exceed $500 monthly.”.

(b) Update to Excess Shelter Expense Deduction.—Section 5(e)(6)(A) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(e)(6)(A)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following:

“, except that for a household that receives the allowance under section 403 of title 37, United States Code, only the expenses in excess of that
allowance shall be counted towards a household’s expenses for the calculation of the excess shelter deduction”.

SEC. 4008. EARNED INCOME DEDUCTION.

Section 5(e)(2)(B) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(e)(2)(B)) is amended by striking “20” and inserting “22”.

SEC. 4009. SIMPLIFIED HOMELESS HOUSING COSTS.

Section 5(e)(6)(D) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(e)(6)(D)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iii), and

(2) by striking clause (i) and inserting the following:

“(i) ALTERNATIVE DEDUCTION.—The State agency shall allow a deduction of $143 a month for households—

“(I) in which all members are homeless individuals;

“(II) that are not receiving free shelter throughout the month; and

“(III) that do not opt to claim an excess shelter expense deduction under subparagraph (A).
“(ii) ADJUSTMENT.—For fiscal year 2019 and each subsequent fiscal year the amount of the homeless shelter deduction specified in clause (i) shall be adjusted to reflect changes for the 12-month period ending the preceding November 30 in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.”.

SEC. 4010. AVAILABILITY OF STANDARD UTILITY ALLOWANCES BASED ON RECEIPT OF ENERGY ASSISTANCE.

(a) ALLOWANCE TO RECIPIENTS OF ENERGY ASSISTANCE.—


(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 2605(f)(2)(A) of the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act is amended by inserting “received by a household with an elderly or disabled member” before “, consistent with section 5(e)(6)(C)(iv)(I)”.

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(b) **THIRD-PARTY ENERGY ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS.**—Section 5(k)(4) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(k)(4)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A) by inserting “without an elderly or disabled member” after “household” the 1st place it appears; and

(2) in subparagraph (B) by inserting “with an elderly or disabled member” after “household” the 1st place it appears.

**SEC. 4011. CHILD SUPPORT; COOPERATION WITH CHILD SUPPORT AGENCIES.**

(a) **DEDUCTIONS FOR CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS.**—

(1) **AMENDMENTS.**—Section 5(e) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(e)) is amended—

(A) by striking paragraph (4), and

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (5) and (6) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively.

(2) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—Section 5 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended—

(A) in subsection (k)(4)(B) by striking “(e)(6)” and inserting “(e)(5)”, and

(B) in subsection (n) by striking “Regardless of whether a State agency elects to provide
a deduction under subsection (e)(4), the” and inserting “The”.

(b) COOPERATION WITH CHILD SUPPORT AGENCIES.—

(1) AMENDMENTS.—Section 6 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2015) is amended—

(A) in subsection (l)(1) by striking “At the option of a State agency, subject” and inserting “Subject”,

(B) in subsection (m)(1) by striking “At the option of a State agency, subject” and inserting “Subject”, and

(C) by striking subsection (n).

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 5(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(a)) is amended by striking “and (r)” and inserting “and (p)”.

SEC. 4012. ADJUSTMENT TO ASSET LIMITATIONS.

Section 5(g)(1) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(g)(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by striking “$2,000” and inserting “$7,000”, and
(B) by striking “$3,000” and inserting “$12,000”, and—

(2) in subparagraph (B) by striking “2008” and inserting “2019”.

SEC. 4013. UPDATED VEHICLE ALLOWANCE.

Section 5(g) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(g)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(B)(i)—

(A) by striking “(i) IN GENERAL.—Beginning” and inserting the following:

“(i) IN GENERAL.—

“(I) Beginning”, and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(II) Beginning on October 1, 2019, and each October 1 thereafter, the amount specified in paragraph (2)(B)(iv) shall be adjusted in the manner described in subclause (I).”,

and

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by amending subparagraph (B)(iv) to read as follows:

“(iv) subject to subparagraph (C), with respect to any licensed vehicle that is
used for household transportation or to obtain or continue employment—

“(I) 1 vehicle for each licensed driver who is a member of such household to the extent that the fair market value of the vehicle exceeds $12,000; and

“(II) each additional vehicle; and”, and

(B) by striking subparagraph (D).

SEC. 4014. SAVINGS EXCLUDED FROM ASSETS.

Section 5(g) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014(g)), as amended by section 4013, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(B)(i) by adding at the end the following:

“(III) Beginning on October 1, 2019, and each October 1 thereafter, the amount specified in paragraph (2)(B)(v) shall be adjusted in the manner described in subclause (I).”, and

(2) in paragraph (2)(B)(v) by inserting “to the extent that the value exceeds $2,000” after “account”.
SEC. 4015. WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS.

(a) CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION.—Section 6(d) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2015(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) by striking “No” and inserting “Subject to subparagraph (C), no”,

(ii) by striking “over the age of 15 and under the age of 60” and inserting “at least 18 years of age and less than 60 years of age”,

(iii) by amending clause (i) to read as follows:

“(i) without good cause, fails to work (including volunteer work that is limited to 6 months out of a 12-month period) or refuses to participate in either an employment and training program established in paragraph (4), a work program, or any combination of work, an employment and training program, or work program—

“(I) a minimum of 20 hours per week, averaged monthly in fiscal years 2021 through 2025; or

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“(II) a minimum of 25 hours per week, averaged monthly in fiscal years 2026 and each fiscal year thereafter;”.

(iv) by striking clauses (ii) and (vi),

(v) in clause (iv) by adding “or” at the end,

(vi) in clause (v)(II) by striking “30 hours per week; or” and inserting “the hourly requirements applicable under paragraph (1)(B)(i).”, and

(vii) by redesignating clauses (iii), (iv), and (v) as clauses (ii), (iii), and (iv), respectively,

(B) by striking subparagraph (B),

(C) by amending subparagraph (C) to read as follows:

“(C) LIMITATION.—Subparagraph (B) shall not apply to an individual during the first month that individual would otherwise become subject to subparagraph (B) and be found in noncompliance with such subparagraph.”,

(D) in subparagraph (D)—

(i) in clause (iii)(I) by striking “(A)” each place it appears and inserting “(B)”,
(ii) in clause (iv) by striking “(A)(v)” and inserting “(B)(iv)”, and

(iii) by striking clauses (v) and (vi),

(E) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (D) as subparagraphs (B) and (J), respectively,

(F) by inserting before subparagraph (B), as so redesignated, the following:

“(A) DEFINITION OF WORK PROGRAM.—In this subsection, the term ‘work program’ means—

“(i) a program under title I of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act;

“(ii) a program under section 236 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2296);

“(iii) a program of employment and training operated or supervised by a State or political subdivision of a State that meets standards approved by the chief executive officer of the State and the Secretary, other than a program under paragraph (4);

“(iv) a program of employment and training for veterans operated by the De-
1 department of Labor or the Department of
2 Veterans Affairs, and approved by the Sec-
3 retary.”, and
4 
5 (G) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following:
6 “(D) TRANSITION PERIOD.—During each
7 of the fiscal years 2019 and 2020, States shall
8 continue to implement and enforce the work
9 and employment and training program require-
10 ments consistent with this subsection, sub-
11 section (e), subsection (o) excluding paragraphs
12 (4) and (6)(F), section 7(i), section 11(e)(19),
13 and section 16 (excluding subparagraphs (A),
14 (B), (C), and (D) of subsection (h)(1)) as those
15 provisions were in effect on the day before the
effective date of this subparagraph.
16 “(E) INELIGIBILITY.—
17 “(i) NOTIFICATION OF FAILURE TO
18 MEET WORK REQUIREMENTS.—The State
19 agency shall issue a notice of adverse ac-
20 tion to an individual not later than 10 days
21 after the State agency determines that the
22 individual has failed to meet the require-
23 ments applicable under subparagraph (B).
“(ii) FIRST VIOLATION.—The 1st time an individual receives a notice of adverse action issued under clause (i), the individual shall remain ineligible to participate in the supplemental nutrition assistance program until—

“(I) the date that is 12 months after the date the individual became ineligible;

“(II) the date the individual obtains employment sufficient to meet the hourly requirements applicable under subparagraph (B)(i); or

“(III) the date that the individual is no longer subject to the requirements of subparagraph (B); whichever is earliest.

“(iii) SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT VIOLATION.—The 2d or subsequent time an individual receives a notice of adverse action issued under clause (i), the individual shall remain ineligible to participate in the supplemental nutrition assistance program until—
“(I) the date that is 36 months after the date the individual became ineligible;

“(II) the date the individual obtains employment sufficient to meet the hourly requirements applicable under subparagraph (B)(i); or

“(III) the date the individual is no longer subject to the requirements of subparagraph (B); whichever is earliest.

“(F) WAIVER.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—On the request of a State agency and with the approval of the chief executive officer of the State, the Secretary may waive the applicability of subparagraph (B) to individuals in the State if the Secretary makes a determination that the area in which the individuals reside—

“(I) has an unemployment rate of over 10 percent;

“(II) is designated as a Labor Surplus Area by the Employment and Training Administration of the De-
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department of Labor for the current fiscal year based on the criteria for exceptional circumstances as described in section 654.5 of title 20 of the Code of Federal Regulations;

“(III) has a 24-month average unemployment rate 20 percent or higher than the national average for the same 24-month period unless the 24-month average unemployment rate of the area is less than 7 percent, except that the 24-month period shall begin no earlier than the most recent 24-month period for which Department of Labor unemployment rates are available, nor earlier than the 24-month period the Employment and Training Administration of the Department of Labor uses to designate Labor Surplus Areas for the current fiscal year; or

“(IV) is in a State——

“(aa) that is in an extended benefit period (within the meaning of section 203 of the Federal-
State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970); or

“(bb) in which temporary or emergency unemployment compensation is being provided under any Federal law.

“(ii) JURISDICTIONS WITH LIMITED DATA.—In carrying out clause (i), in the case of a jurisdiction for which Bureau of Labor Statistics unemployment data is limited or unavailable, such as an Indian Reservation or a territory of the United States, a State may support its request based on other economic indicators as determined by the Secretary.

“(iii) LIMIT ON COMBINING JURISDICTIONS.—In carrying out clause (i), the Secretary may waive the applicability of subparagraph (B) only to a State or individual jurisdictions within a State, except in the case of combined jurisdictions that are designated as Labor Market Areas by the Department of Labor.

“(iv) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of
the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, and shall make available to the public, an annual report on the basis for granting a waiver under clause (i).

"(G) PERCENTAGE EXEMPTION.—

"(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this subparagrap:

"(I) CASELOAD.—The term ‘caseload’ means the average monthly number of individuals receiving supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits during the 12-month period ending the preceding June 30.

"(II) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—
The term ‘covered individual’ means a member of a household that receives supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits, or an individual denied eligibility for supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits solely due to the applicability of subparagraph (B), who—
“(aa) is not eligible for an exception under paragraph (2);

“(bb) does not reside in an area covered by a waiver granted under subparagraph (F).

“(ii) General rule.—Subject to clauses (iii) through (v), a State agency may provide an exemption from the requirements of subparagraph (B) for covered individuals.

“(iii) Fiscal years 2021 through 2025.—Subject to clauses (v) and (vi), for each of the fiscal years 2021 through 2025, a State agency may provide a number of exemptions such that the average monthly number of the exemptions in effect during the fiscal year does not exceed 15 percent of the number of covered individuals in the State in fiscal year 2019, as estimated by the Secretary, based on the survey conducted to carry out section 16(c) for the most recent fiscal year and such other factors as the Secretary considers appropriate due to the timing and limitations of the survey.
“(iv) Fiscal year 2026 and thereafter.—Subject to clauses (v) and (vi), for fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year thereafter, a State agency may provide a number of exemptions such that the average monthly number of the exemptions in effect during the fiscal year does not exceed 12 percent of the number of covered individuals in the State in fiscal year 2019, as estimated by the Secretary, based on the survey conducted to carry out section 16(c) for the most recent fiscal year and such other factors as the Secretary considers appropriate due to the timing and limitations of the survey.

“(v) Caseload adjustments.—The Secretary shall adjust the number of individuals estimated for a State under clause (iii) during a fiscal year if the number of members of households that receive supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits in the State varies from the State’s caseload by more than 10 percent, as determined by the Secretary.

“(vi) Reporting requirements.—
“(I) Reports by State Agencies.—A State agency shall submit such reports to the Secretary as the Secretary determines are necessary to ensure compliance with this paragraph.

“(II) Annual Report by the Secretary.—The Secretary shall annually compile and submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, and shall make available to the public, an annual report that contains the reports submitted under subclause (I) by State agencies.

“(H) Other Program Rules.—Nothing in this subsection shall make an individual eligible for benefits under this Act if the individual is not otherwise eligible for benefits under the other provisions of this Act.

“(I) Household Ineligibility.—If an individual becomes ineligible to participate in the supplemental nutrition assistance program as a
household member due to failure to meet the
requirements under subparagraph (B), the re-
main ing household members (including chil-
dren), shall not become ineligible to apply to
participate in the supplemental nutrition assis-
tance program due to such individual’s inelig-
ibility.”.

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in the 1st sentence—

(i) by striking “paragraph (1)” and
inserting “paragraph (1)(B)”, and

(ii) by striking “(E)” and all that fol-
 lows through the period at the end, and in-
serting the following:

“(E) receiving weekly earnings which equal the minimum
hourly rate under section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Stan-
dards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1)), multiplied by the
hourly requirement as specified in subparagraph (B); (F)
medically certified as mentally or physically unfit for em-
ployment; or (G) a pregnant woman.”, and

(B) by striking the last sentence,

(3) in paragraph (3) by striking “registration
requirements” and inserting “requirement”,

(4) in paragraph (4)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—
(i) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iii), and

(ii) by inserting after clause (i) the following:

“(ii) MANDATORY MINIMUM SERVICES.—Each State agency shall offer employment and training program services sufficient for all individuals subject to the requirements of paragraph (1)(B)(i) who are not currently ineligible pursuant to paragraph (1)(E), exempt pursuant to subparagraphs (F) and (G) or paragraph (2) of subsection (d), and for all individuals covered by paragraph (1)(C), to meet the hourly requirements specified in paragraph (1)(B)(i) to the extent that such requirements will not be satisfied by hours of work or participation in a work program.”,

and

(B) in subparagraph (B)—

(i) by inserting after “contains” the following:

“case management services consisting of comprehensive intake assessments, individualized service plans, progress monitoring, and coordination with service providers, and”,
(ii) by amending clause (i) to read as follows:

“(i) Supervised job search programs that occur at State-approved locations in which the activities of participants shall be directly supervised and the timing and activities of participants tracked in accordance with guidelines set forth by the State,”,

(iii) in clause (ii) by striking “jobs skills assessments, job finding clubs, training in techniques for” and inserting “employability assessments, training in techniques to increase”,

(iv) in clause (iv) in the 1st sentence by inserting “, including subsidized employment, apprenticeships, and other work experience” before the period at the end,

(v) in clause (v) by inserting “, including family literacy and financial literacy,” after “literacy”, and

(vi) in clause (vii) by striking “not more than”,

(C) in subparagraph (F)—

(i) clause (ii) by striking “one hundred and twenty hours per month” and in-
serting “the hours required under section 6(d)(1)(B)”, and

(ii) by striking clause (iii),

(D) by striking subparagraphs (D) and (E), and inserting the following:

“(D) Each State agency shall establish requirements for participation by non-exempt individuals in the employment and training program components listed in clauses (i) through (vii) of subparagraph (B). Such requirements may vary among participants,”,

(E) in subparagraph (H) by striking “(B)(v)” and inserting “(B)(iv)”, and

(F) by redesignating subparagraphs (F) through (M) as subparagraphs (E) through (L), respectively.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) AMENDMENTS TO THE FOOD AND NUTRITION ACT OF 2008.—The Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) is amended—

(A) in section 5(d)(14) by striking “6(d)(4)(I)” and inserting “6(d)(4)(G)”, and

(B) in section 17(b)(1)(B)(iv)(III)(dd) by striking “(4)(F)(i), or (4)(K)” and inserting “(4)(A)(ii), (4)(E)(i), or (4)(J)”.

(2) AMENDMENT TO OTHER LAWS.—
(A) INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986.—


(i) in subclause (I) by striking “, or” and inserting a period,

(ii) by striking “family—” and all that follows through “(I) receiving” and inserting “family receiving”, and

(iii) by striking subclause (II).

(B) WORKFORCE INNOVATION AND OPPORTUNITY ACT.—The Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (Public Law 113–128; 128 Stat. 1425) is amended—

(i) in section 103(a)(2) by striking subparagraph (D), and

(ii) in section 121(b)(2)(B) by striking clause (iv).

(c) RELATED REQUIREMENTS.—Section 6 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2015) is amended—

(1) by amending subsection (e)(5) to read as follows:

“(5) is—
“(A) a parent or other household member with responsibility for the care of a dependent child under age 6 or of an incapacitated person; or

“(B) a parent or other household member with responsibility for the care of a dependent child above the age of 5 and under the age of 12 for whom adequate child care is not available to enable the individual to attend class and satisfy the requirements of paragraph (4); and”.

(2) by striking subsection (o).

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 6, as amended by section 4011 and subsection (c), by redesignating subsections (p) through (s) as subparagraphs (n) through (q), respectively, and

(2) in section 7(i)(1) by striking “6(o)(2)” and inserting “6(d)(1)(B)”.

(e) STATE PLAN.—Section 11(e)(19) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(19)) is amended by striking “geographic areas and households to be covered under such program, and the basis, including any
cost information,” and inserting “extent to which such
programs will be carried out in coordination with the ac-
tivities carried out under title I of the Workforce Innova-
tion and Opportunity Act, the plan for meeting the min-
imum services requirement under section 6(d)(4)(A)(ii) in-
cluding any cost information, and the basis”.

(f) FUNDING OF EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING PRO-
GRAMS.—Section 16(h) of the Food and Nutrition Act of
2008 (7 U.S.C. 2025(h)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in subparagraph (A) by striking
“$90,000,000” and all that follows through the
period at the end and inserting the following:
“under section 18(a)(1)—

“(i) $90,000,000 for fiscal year 2019;
“(ii) $250,000,000 for fiscal year
2020; and
“(iii) $1,000,000,000 for each fiscal
year thereafter.”,

(B) by amending subparagraph (B)(ii) to
read as follows:

“(ii) takes into account—

“(I) for fiscal years 2019 and
2020, the number of individuals who
are not exempt from the work require-
ment under section 6(o) as that section existed on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018; and

“(II) for fiscal years 2021 and each fiscal year thereafter, the number of individuals who are not exempt from the requirements under section 6(d)(1)(B).”,

(C) by amending subparagraph (C) to read as follows:

“(C) RETURN OF UNUSED EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING FUNDS TO THE TREASURY.—If a State agency will not expend all of the funds allocated to the State agency for a fiscal year under subparagraph (B), the Secretary shall deposit such unused funds in the general receipts of the Treasury.”,

(D) in subparagraph (D) by striking “$50,000” and inserting “$100,000”, and

(E) by amending subparagraph (E) to read as follows:

“(E) RESERVATION OF FUNDS.—Of the funds made available under this paragraph for fiscal year 2021 and for each fiscal year there-
after, not more than $150,000,000 shall be re-
served for allocation to States to provide train-
ing services by eligible providers identified
under section 122 of the Workforce Innovation
and Opportunity Act for participants in the
supplemental nutrition assistance program to
meet the hourly requirements under section
6(d)(1)(B) of this Act.”, and
(2) in paragraph (5)(C)—
(A) in clause (ii) by adding “and” at the
end,
(B) in clause (iii) by striking “; and” and
inserting a period, and
(C) by striking clause (iv).
(g) WORKFARE.—
(1) AMENDMENTS.—Section 20(b) of the Food
and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 3029(b) is
amended—
(A) in paragraph (1)—
(i) by striking “6(d)(1)” and inserting
“6(d)(1)(B)”, and
(ii) by striking “or (F)” and inserting
“(F), or (G)”, and
(B) in paragraph (4) by striking “sixteen”
and inserting “18”.

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(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) is amended—

(A) in section 16(h)—

(i) in paragraph (1)(F)—

(I) in clause (i)—

(aa) in subclause (I) by inserting ``(as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018)'' after ``this Act'', and

(bb) in subclause (II)(bb) by inserting ``(as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018)'' before the period at the end,

(II) in clause (ii)—

(aa) in subclause (II)(cc) by inserting ``(as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018)'' before the period at the end,
(bb) in subclause (III)(ee)(AA) by inserting “as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018” after “6(o)”, and

(III) in clause (vi)(I) by inserting “as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018” after “6(d)”, and

(ii) in paragraph (3) by striking “under section 6(d)(4)(I)(i)(II)” and inserting “for dependent care expenses under section 6(d)(4)”, and

(B) in section 17(b) by striking paragraph (2).

(h) Equitable Treatment of Households.—Section 11(e) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)), as amended by section 4001, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(27) that the State agency may, for purposes of ensuring equitable treatment among all households (including those containing a married couple), request earned income data from the Internal Rev-
enue Service relevant to determining eligibility to receive supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits and determining the correct amount of such benefits at the time of household certification.”

SEC. 4016. MODERNIZATION OF ELECTRONIC BENEFIT TRANSFER REGULATIONS.

Section 7(h)(2) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2016(h)(2)) is amended—

(1) in the 1st sentence by inserting “and shall periodically review such regulations and modify such regulations to take into account evolving technology and comparable industry standards” before the period at the end, and

(2) in subparagraph (C)—

(A) by striking “(C)(i)” and all that follows through “abuse; and”, by inserting the following:

“(C)(i) risk-based measures to maximize the security of a system using the most effective technology available that the State agency considers appropriate and cost effective including consideration of recipient access and ease of use and which may include personal identification numbers, photographic identification on electronic benefit transfer cards, alternatives for securing transactions, and
other measures to protect against fraud and abuse;

and”, and

(B) by moving the left margin of clause (ii)

4 ems to the left.

SEC. 4017. MOBILE TECHNOLOGIES.

Section 7(h)(14) of the Food and Nutrition Act of
2008 (7 U.S.C. 2016(h)(14) is amended—

(1) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as

follows:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
graph (B), the Secretary shall authorize the use
of mobile technologies for the purpose of access-
ing supplemental nutrition assistance program
benefits.”,

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) by striking the heading and inserting

“DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS ON ACCESS OF

BENEFITS THROUGH MOBILE TECHNOLOGIES”,

(B) by amending clause (i) to read as fol-

lows:

“(i) DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.—

Before authorizing implementation of sub-
paragraph (A) in all States, the Secretary
shall approve not more than 5 demonstra-
tion project proposals submitted by State
agencies that will pilot the use of mobile
technologies for supplemental nutrition as-
sistance program benefits access.”,

(C) in clause (ii)—

(i) in the heading by striking “DEM-
ONSTRATION PROJECTS” and inserting
“PROJECT REQUIREMENTS”,

(ii) by striking “retail food store” the
first place it appears and inserting “State
agency”,

(iii) by striking “includes”,

(iv) by striking subclauses (I), (II),
(III), and (IV), and inserting the following:

“(I) provides recipient protec-
tions regarding privacy, ease of use,
household access to benefits, and sup-
port similar to the protections pro-
vided under existing methods;

“(II) ensures that all recipients,
including those without access to mo-
bile payment technology and those
who shop across State borders, have a
means of benefit access;

“(III) requires retail food stores,
unless exempt under section
7(f)(2)(B), to bear the costs of acquiring and arranging for the implementation of point-of-sale equipment and supplies for the redemption of benefits that are accessed through mobile technologies;

“(IV) requires that foods purchased with benefits issued under this section through mobile technologies are purchased at a price not higher than the price of the same food purchased by other methods used by the retail food store, as determined by the Secretary;

“(V) ensures adequate documentation for each authorized transaction, adequate security measures to deter fraud, and adequate access to retail food stores that accept benefits accessed through mobile technologies, as determined by the Secretary;

“(VI) provides for an evaluation of the demonstration project, including, but not limited to, an evaluation of household access to benefits;
“(VII) requires that the State demonstration projects are voluntary for all retail food stores and that all recipients are able to use benefits in non-participating retail food stores; and

“(VIII) meets other criteria as established by the Secretary.”,

(D) by amending clause (iii) to read as follows:

“(iv) Date of Project Approval.—The Secretary shall solicit and approve the qualifying demonstration projects required under subparagraph (B)(i) not later than January 1, 2020.”, and

(E) by inserting after clause (ii) the following:

“(iii) Priority.—The Secretary may prioritize demonstration project proposals that would—

“(I) reduce fraud;

“(II) encourage positive nutritional outcomes; and

“(III) meet such other criteria as determined by the Secretary.”, and
(3) in subparagraph (C)(i)—

(A) by striking “2017” and inserting “2022”, and

(B) by inserting “requires further study by way of an extended pilot period or” after “States” the 2d place it appears.

SEC. 4018. PROHIBITED FEES.

(a) LIMITATION.—Section 7(h)(13) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2016(h)(13)) is amended to read as follows:

“(13) FEES.—No interchange fees shall apply to electronic benefit transfer transactions under this subsection. Neither a State, nor any agent, contractor, or subcontractor of a State who facilitates the provision of supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits in such State may impose a fee for switching (as defined in subsection (j)(1)(H) or routing such benefits.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 7(j)(1)(H) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2014) is amended to read as follows:

“(H) SWITCHING.—The term ‘switching’ means the routing of an intrastate or interstate transaction that consists of transmitting the details of a transaction electronically recorded
through the use of an electronic benefit transfer card in one State to the issuer of the card that may be in the same or different State.”.

SEC. 4019. REPLACEMENT OF EBT CARDS.

Section 7(h)(8)(B)(ii) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2016(h)(8)(B)(ii)) is amended by striking “an excessive number of lost cards” and inserting “2 lost cards in a 12-month period”.

SEC. 4020. BENEFIT RECOVERY.

Section 7(h)(12) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2016(h)(12)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A) by inserting “, or due to the death of all members of the household” after “inactivity”,

(2) in subparagraph (B) by striking “6” and inserting “3”, and

(3) in subparagraph (C) by striking “12 months” and inserting “6 months, or upon verification that all members of the household are deceased”.

SEC. 4021. REQUIREMENTS FOR ONLINE ACCEPTANCE OF BENEFITS.

(a) DEFINITION.—Section 3(o)(1) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012(o)(1)) is amended
by striking “or house-to-house trade route” and inserting “, house-to-house trade route, or online entity”.

(b) Acceptance of Benefits.—Section 7(k) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2016(k)) is amended—

(1) by striking the heading and inserting “Acceptance of Program Benefits Through Online Transactions”,

(2) in paragraph (4) by striking subparagraph (C), and

(3) by striking paragraph (5).

SEC. 4022. NATIONAL GATEWAY.

(a) Issuance of Benefits.—Section 7 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2016) is amended—

(1) in subsection (d) by striking “benefits by benefit issuers” and inserting “benefit issuers and other independent sales organizations, third-party processors, and web service providers that provide electronic benefit transfer services or equipment to retail food stores and wholesale food concerns,”, and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(l) Requirement to Route All Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Benefit Transfer Transactions Through a National Gateway.—
“(1) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

“(A) The term ‘independent sales organization’ means a person or entity that—

“(i) is not a third-party processor; and

“(ii) engages in sales or service to retail food stores with respect to point-of-sale equipment necessary for electronic benefit transfer transaction processing.

“(B) The term ‘third-party processor’ means an entity, including a retail food store operating its own point-of-sale terminals, that is capable of routing electronic transfer benefit transactions for authorization.

“(C) The term ‘web service provider’ means an entity that operates a generic online purchasing website that can be customized for online electronic benefit transfer transactions for authorized retail food stores.

“(2) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (5), the Secretary shall establish a national gateway for the purpose of routing all supplemental nutrition assistance program benefit transfer transactions (in this subsection referred to as ‘transactions’ unless
the context specifies otherwise) to the appropriate benefit issuers for purposes of transaction validation and settlement.

“(3) REQUIREMENTS TO ROUTE TRANSACTIONS.—The Secretary shall—

“(A) ensure that protections regarding privacy, security, ease of use, and access relating to supplemental nutrition assistance benefits are maintained for benefit recipients and retail food stores;

“(B) ensure redundancy for processing of transactions;

“(C) ensure real-time monitoring of transactions;

“(D) ensure that all entities that connect to such gateway, and all others that connect to such entities, meet and follow transaction messaging standards, and other requirements, established by the Secretary;

“(E) ensure the security of transactions by using the most effective technology available that the Secretary considers to be appropriate and cost-effective; and

“(F) ensure that all transactions are routed through such gateway.
“(4) **State Agency Action.**—Each State agency shall ensure that all of its benefit issuers connect to such gateway. A State agency may opt to require its benefit issuer to route cash transactions through such gateway, subject to terms established by the Secretary.

“(5) **Routing of Transactions Through a National Gateway.**—

“(A) **In General.**—Before the Secretary implements in all the States a national gateway established under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall conduct a feasibility study to assess the feasibility of routing transactions through such gateway.

“(B) **Feasibility Study.**—The feasibility study conducted under subparagraph (A) shall provide, at a minimum, all of the following:

“(i) A comprehensive analysis of opportunities and challenges presented by implementation of such gateway.

“(ii) One or more options for carrying forward each of such opportunities and for mitigating each of such challenges.
“(iii) Data for purposes of analyzing the implementation of, and on-going cost of managing, such gateway.

“(iv) One or more models for cost-neutral on-going operation of a national gateway.

“(v) Other criteria, including security criteria, established by the Secretary.

“(C) DATE OF COMPLETION OF STUDY.—The Secretary shall complete the feasibility study required by subparagraph (B) not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018.

“(D) IMPLEMENTATION OF A NATIONAL GATEWAY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the completion of such study, the Secretary shall complete the nationwide implementation of a national gateway established under paragraph (2) unless the Secretary determines, based on such study, that more time is needed to implement such gateway nationwide or that nationwide implementation of such gateway is not in the best interest of the operation of the supplemental nutrition assistance program.
“(E) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—If the Secretary makes a determination described in sub-paragraph (D), the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report that includes the basis of such determination.

“(F) NONDISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.—Any information collected through such gateway about a specific retail food store, wholesale food concern, person, or other entity, and any investigative methodology or criteria used for program integrity purposes that operates at or in conjunction with such gateway, shall be exempt from the disclosure requirements of section 552(a) of title 5 of the United States Code pursuant to section 552(b)(3)(B) of title 5 of the United States Code. The Secretary shall limit the use or disclosure of information obtained under this subsection in a manner consistent with section 9(c).

“(6) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated $10,500,000 for fiscal year 2019, and $9,500,000
for each of the fiscal years 2020 through 2023, to
carry out this subsection. Not more than $1,000,000
of the funds appropriated under this paragraph may
be used for the feasibility study under paragraph
(5)(B).

“(7) Gateway sustainability.—Benefit
issuers and third-party processors shall pay fees to
the gateway operator, in a manner prescribed by the
Secretary, to directly access and route transactions
through the national gateway.

“(A) Purpose.—The Secretary shall en-
sure that fees are collected and used solely for
the operation of the gateway.

“(B) Amount.—Fees shall be established
by the Secretary in amounts proportionate to
the number of transactions routed through the
gateway by each benefit issuer and third-party
processor, and based on the cost of operating
the gateway in a fiscal year.

“(C) Adjustment.—The Secretary shall
evaluate annually the cost of operating such
gateway and shall adjust the fee in effect for a
fiscal year to reflect the cost of operating such
gateway, except that an adjustment under this
subparagraph for any fiscal year may not ex-
ceed 10 percent of the fee charged under this paragraph in the preceding fiscal year.”.

(b) APPROVAL OF RETAIL FOOD STORES AND WHOLESALE FOOD CONCERNS.—The 1st sentence of section 9(c) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2018(c)) is amended by inserting “contracts for electronic benefit transfer services and equipment, records necessary to validate the FNS authorization number to accept and redeem benefits,” after “invoices,”.

SEC. 4023. ACCESS TO STATE SYSTEMS.


(1) by striking “Records described” and inserting “All records, and the entire information systems in which records are contained, that are covered”,

and

(2) by amending clause (i) to read as follows:

“(i) be made available for inspection and audit by the Secretary, subject to data and security protocols agreed to by the State agency and Secretary,”.

(b) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 16 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2025) is amended—
(1) in the last sentence of subsection (c)(4) by inserting “including providing access to applicable State records and the entire information systems in which the records are contained,” after “Secretary,”, and

(2) in subsection (g)(1)—

(A) in subparagraph (E) by striking “and” at the end,

(B) in subparagraph (F) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”, and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(G) would be accessible by the Secretary for the purposes of program oversight and would be used by the State agency to make available all records required by the Secretary.”.

SEC. 4024. TRANSITIONAL BENEFITS.

Section 11(s) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2020(s)) is amended—

(1) by striking the heading and inserting “TRANSITIONAL BENEFITS”,

(2) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “may” and inserting “shall”, and
(B) in subparagraph (B) by striking “at
the option of the State,”, and
(3) in paragraph (2)—
(A) by striking “may” and inserting
“shall”, and
(B) by striking “not more than”.

SEC. 4025. INCENTIVIZING TECHNOLOGY MODERNIZATION.

Section 11(t) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008
(7 U.S.C. 2020(t)) is amended—
(1) by striking the heading and inserting
“GRANTS FOR SIMPLIFIED SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRI-
TION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM APPLICATION AND ELI-
GIBILITY DETERMINATION SYSTEMS”,
(2) in paragraph (1) by striking “implement—
” and all that follows through the period at the end,
and inserting “implement simplified supplemental
nutrition assistance program application and eligi-
bility determination systems.”, and
(3) in paragraph (2)—
(A) by amending subparagraph (B) to read
as follows:
“(B) establishing enhanced technological
methods for applying for benefits and deter-
mining eligibility that improve the administra-
tive infrastructure used in processing applica-
tions and determining eligibility; or”,

(B) by striking subparagraphs (C) and
(D), and

(C) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as
paragraph (C).

SEC. 4026. SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PRO-
GRAM BENEFIT TRANSFER TRANSACTION

DATA REPORT.

Section 9 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7
U.S.C. 2018) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2)—

(A) in subparagraph (A) by striking “and”
at the end,

(B) in subparagraph (B) by striking the
period at the end and inserting “; and”, and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) parameters for retail food store coopera-
tion with the Secretary sufficient to carry out sub-
section (i).”.

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(i) DATA COLLECTION FOR RETAIL FOOD STORE
TRANSACTIONS.—

“(1) COLLECTION OF DATA.—To assist in mak-
ing improvements to supplemental nutrition assist-
ance program design, for each interval not greater than a 2-year period, the Secretary shall—

“(A) collect a statistically significant sample of retail food store transaction data, including the cost and description of items purchased with supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits, to the extent practicable and without affecting retail food store document retention practices; and

“(B) make a summarized report of aggregated data collected under subparagraph (A) available to the public in a manner that prevents identification of individual retail food stores, individual retail food store chains, and individual members of households that use such benefits.

“(2) NONDISCLOSURE.—Any transaction data that contains information specific to a retail food store, a retail food store location, a person, or other entity shall be exempt from the disclosure requirements of Section 552(a) of title 5 of the United States Code pursuant to section 552(b)(3)(B) of title 5 of the United States Code. The Secretary shall limit the use or disclosure of information ob-
tained under this subsection in a manner consistent
with sections 9(e) and 11(e)(8).”.

SEC. 4027. ADJUSTMENT TO PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERED
FUNDS RETAINED BY STATES.
Section 16(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008
(7 U.S.C. 2025(a) is amended—
(1) in the 1st sentence by striking “35 percent”
and inserting “50 percent”, and
(2) by inserting after the 1st sentence the fol-
lowing:
“A State agency may use such funds retained only to
carry out the supplemental nutrition assistance program,
including investments in technology, improvements in ad-
ministration and distribution, and actions to prevent
fraud.”.

SEC. 4028. TOLERANCE LEVEL FOR PAYMENT ERRORS.
Section 16(c)(1) of the Food and Nutrition Act of
2008 (7 U.S.C. 2025(c)(1)) is amended—
(1) in subparagraph (A)(ii)—
(A) in subclause (I) by striking “and” at
the end,
(B) in subclause (II)—
(i) by striking “fiscal year thereafter”
and inserting “of the fiscal years 2015
through 2017”, and
(ii) by striking the period at the end
and inserting “; and”, and
(C) by adding at the end the following:
“(III) for each fiscal year there-
after, $0.”, and
(2) in subparagraph (C) by striking “fiscal year
2004” and all that follows through “second”, and
inserting “any of the fiscal years 2004 through 2018
for which the Secretary determines that for the sec-
ond or subsequent consecutive fiscal year, and with
respect to fiscal year 2019 and any fiscal year there-
after for which the Secretary determines that for the
third”.

SEC. 4029. STATE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS.

Section 16(d) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008
(7 U.S.C. 2025(d)) is amended—
(1) by striking the heading and inserting
“STATE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS”,
(2) in paragraph (2)—
(A) in the heading by striking “AND
THEREAFTER” and inserting “THROUGH 2017”,
(B) in subparagraph (A) by striking “and
each fiscal year thereafter” and inserting
“through fiscal year 2017”, and
(C) in subparagraph (B) by striking “and each fiscal year thereafter” and inserting “through fiscal year 2017”, and (3) by adding at the end the following: “(6) FISCAL YEAR 2018 AND FISCAL YEARS THEREAFTER.—With respect to fiscal year 2018 and each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary shall establish, by regulation, performance criteria relating to—“(A) actions taken to correct errors, reduce rates of error, and improve eligibility determinations; and “(B) other indicators of effective administration determined by the Secretary.”.

SEC. 4030. PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS.

Section 17 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2026) is amended by adding at the end the following: “(m) PILOT PROJECTS TO ENCOURAGE THE USE OF PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS COMMITTED TO ADDRESSING FOOD INSECURITY.—“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may, on application, permit not more than 10 eligible entities to carry out pilot projects to support public-private
partnerships that address food insecurity and poverty.

“(2) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this subsection, an ‘eligible entity’ means—

“(A) a State;
“(B) a unit of local government;
“(C) a nonprofit organization;
“(D) a community-based organization; and
“(E) an institution of higher education.

“(3) PROJECT REQUIREMENTS.—Projects approved under this subsection shall be limited to 2 years in length and evaluate the impact of the ability of eligible entities to—

“(A) improve the effectiveness and impact of the supplemental nutrition assistance program;
“(B) develop food security solutions that are contextualized to the needs of a community or region; and
“(C) strengthen the capacity of communities to address food insecurity and poverty.

“(4) REPORTING.—Participating entities shall report annually to the Secretary who shall submit a final report to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Ag-

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riculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

Such report shall include—

“(A) a summary of the activities conducted under the pilot projects;

“(B) an assessment of the effectiveness of the pilot projects; and

“(C) best practices regarding the use of public-private partnerships to improve the effectiveness of public benefit programs to address food insecurity and poverty.

“(5) AUTHORIZATION AND ADVANCE AVAILABILITY OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

“(A) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection $5,000,000 to remain available until expended.

“(B) APPROPRIATION IN ADVANCE.—Only funds appropriated under subparagraph (A) in advance specifically to carry out this subsection shall be available to carry out this subsection.”.

SEC. 4031. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

The 1st sentence of section 18(a)(1) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2027(a)(1)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 4032. EMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE.

Section 27(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2036(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”,

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (C) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”,

(B) in subparagraph (D)—

(i) by striking “2018” the 1st place it appears and inserting “2019”,

(ii) in clause (iii) by striking “and” at the end, and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

“(v) for fiscal year 2019, $60,000,000; and”, and

(C) in subparagraph (E)—

(i) by striking “2019” and inserting “2020”,

(ii) by striking “(D)(iv)” and inserting “(D)(v)”, and

(iii) by striking “2017” and inserting “2018”, and

(3) by adding at the end the following:
“(4) **Farm-to-Food-Bank Fund.**—From amounts made available under subparagraphs (D) and (E) of paragraph (2), the Secretary shall distribute $20,000,000 in accordance with section 214 of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 7515) that States shall use to procure or enter into agreements with a food bank to procure excess fresh fruits and vegetables grown in the State, or surrounding regions in the United States, to be provided to eligible recipient agencies as defined in section 201A(3) of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 7501(3)).”.

**SEC. 4033. Nutrition Education.**

(a) **Nutrition Education and Obesity Prevention Grant Program.**—Section 28 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2036a) is amended—

(1) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

“(a) **Definitions.**—As used in this section:

“(1) **Eligible Individual.**—The term ‘eligible individual’ means an individual who is eligible to receive benefits under a nutrition education and obesity prevention program under this section as a result of being—
“(A) an individual eligible for benefits under—

“(i) this Act;

“(ii) sections 9(b)(1)(A) and 17(e)(4) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1758(b)(1)(A), 1766(e)(4)); or


“(B) an individual who resides in a community with a significant low-income population, as determined by the Secretary; or

“(C) such other low-income individual as is determined to be eligible by the Secretary.

“(2) ELIGIBLE INSTITUTION.—The term ‘eligible institution’ includes any ‘1862 Institution’ or ‘1890 Institution’, as defined in section 2 of the Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7601).”,

(2) in subsection (b) by striking “Consistent with the terms and conditions of grants awarded under this section, State agencies may” and inserting “The Secretary, acting through the Director of the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, in
consultation with the Administrator of the Food and Nutrition Service, shall”,

(3) in subsection (c)—

(A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with the terms and conditions of grants awarded under this section, eligible institutions shall deliver nutrition education and obesity prevention services under a program described in subsection (b) that—

“(A) to the extent practicable, provide for the employment and training of professional and paraprofessional aides from the target population to engage in direct nutrition education; and

“(B) partner with other public and private entities as appropriate to optimize program delivery.”,

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—A State agency, in consultation with eligible institutions that provide nutrition education and obesity prevention services under this subsection, shall submit to
the Secretary for approval a nutrition education State plan.”,

(ii) in subparagraph (B) by striking “Except as provided in subparagraph (C), a” and inserting “A”, and

(iii) by striking subparagraph (C),

(C) in paragraph (3)—

(i) in subparagraph (A)—

(I) by striking “A State agency” and inserting “An eligible institution”, and

(II) by inserting “the Director of the National Institute of Food and Agriculture and” after “by”, and

(ii) in subparagraph (B) by inserting “the Director of the National Institute of Food and Agriculture and” after “education,”, and

(D) in paragraph (4) by inserting “and eligible institutions” after “agencies”, and

(E) in paragraph (5) by striking “State agency” and inserting “eligible institutions”,

(4) in subsection (d)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—
(i) in the heading by striking “IN GENERAL” and inserting “BASIC FUNDING”,

(ii) by striking “to State agencies”,

(iii) in subparagraph (E) by striking “and” at the end,

(iv) in subparagraph (F)—

(I) by striking “year 2016 and each subsequent fiscal year” and inserting “years 2016 through 2018”, and

(II) by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon, and

(v) by adding at the end the following:

“(G) for fiscal year 2019, $485,000,000; and

“(H) for fiscal year 2020 and each subsequent fiscal year, the applicable amount during the preceding fiscal year, as adjusted to reflect any increases for the 12-month period ending the preceding June 30 in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.”,

(B) in paragraph (2)—
(i) in subparagraph (A)—

  (I) by inserting “and appropriated under the authority of paragraph (2)” after “paragraph (1)”, and

  (II) in clause (ii)—

    (aa) by inserting “(as that section existed on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018)” after “(B)” and

    (bb) in subclause (V) by striking “and each fiscal year thereafter”, and

(ii) by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:

“(C) REALLOCATION.—If the Secretary determines that an eligible institution will not expend all of the funds allocated to the eligible institution for a fiscal year under paragraph (1) or in the case of an eligible institution that elects not to receive the entire amount of funds allocated to the eligible institution for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall reallocate the unexpended funds to other eligible institutions during the fiscal year or the subsequent fiscal year (as determined by the Secretary) that have ap-
proved State plans under which the eligible institutions may expend the reallocated funds.”,
and
(iii) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following:
“(B) SUBSEQUENT ALLOCATION.—Of the funds set aside under paragraph (1) and appropriated under the authority of paragraph (2) for fiscal year 2019 and each fiscal year thereafter, 100 percent shall be allocated to eligible institutions pro rata based on the respective share of each State of the number of individuals participating in the supplemental nutrition assistance program during the 12-month period ending the preceding January 31, as determined by the Secretary.”,
(C) in paragraph (3)(B) by inserting “, other than those incurred by State agencies in preparing State plans pursuant to subsection (c)(2) and notifying applicants, participants, and eligible individuals pursuant to subsection (c)(4),” after “this section”,
(D) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively,
(E) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

“(2) Authorization and advance availability of appropriations.—

“(A) Authorization of appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $65,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2019 through 2023.

“(B) Appropriation in advance.—Except as provided in subparagraph (C), only funds appropriated under subparagraph (A) in advance specifically to carry out this section shall be available to carry out this section.

“(C) Other funds.—Funds appropriated under this paragraph shall be in addition to funds made available under paragraph (1).

“(D) Funds availability.—Funds appropriated under this paragraph shall remain available for obligation for a period of 2 fiscal years.”, and

(F) by inserting after paragraph (4), as so redesignated, the following:

“(5) Administrative costs.—Not more than 10 percent of the funds allocated to eligible institu-
tions may be used by the eligible institutions for ad-
ministrative costs.”, and

(5) in subsection (e) by striking “January 1, 2012” and inserting “18 months after the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”.

(b) RELATED AMENDMENT.—Section 18(a)(3)(A)(ii) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2027(a)(3)(A)(ii)) is amended by striking “, such as the expanded food and nutrition education program”.

SEC. 4034. RETAIL FOOD STORE AND RECIPIENT TRAF-
FICKING.

Section 29(c)(1) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2036b(c)(1)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 4035. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.

The Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 3—

(A) in subsections (d) and (i) by striking “7(i)” and inserting “7(h)”, and

(B) in subsection (o)(1)(A) by striking “(r)(1)” and inserting “(q)(1)”,

(2) in section 5(a) by striking “and section” each place it appears and all that follows through

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“households” the respective next place it appears, and inserting “and section 3(m)(4), households”,

(3) in subsections (e)(1) and (f)(1)(A)(i) of section 8 by striking “3(n)(5)” and inserting “3(m)(5))”,

(4) in the 1st sentence of section 10—

(A) by striking “or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation” each place it appears, and

(B) by striking “3(p)(4)” and inserting “3(o)(4))”,

(5) in section 11—

(A) in subsection (a)(2) by striking “3(t)(1)” and inserting “3(s)(1)” and (B) in subsection (d)—

(i) by striking “3(t)(1)” each place it appears and inserting “3(s)(1)” and

(ii) by striking “3(t)(2)” each place it appears and inserting “3(s)(2))”,

(C) in subsection (e)—

(i) in paragraph (17) by striking “3(t)(1)” inserting “3(s)(1)” and

(ii) in paragraph (23) by striking “Simplified Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program” and inserting “simplified
supplemental nutrition assistance program”,

(6) in section 15(e) by striking “exchange” and all that follows through “anything”, and inserting “exchange for benefits, or anything”,

(7) in section 17(b)(1)(B)(iv)(III)(aa) by striking “3(n)” and inserting “3(m)”,

(8) in section 25(a)(1)(B)(i)(I) by striking the 2d semicolon at the end, and

(9) in section 26(b) by striking “out” and all that follows through “(referred”, and inserting “out a simplified supplemental nutrition assistance program (referred”.

SEC. 4036. IMPLEMENTATION FUNDS.

Out of any funds made available under section 18(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2027(a)) for fiscal year 2019, the Secretary shall use to carry out the amendments made by this subtitle $150,000,000, to remain available until expended.

SEC. 4037. MULTIVITAMIN-MINERAL DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS ELIGIBLE FOR PURCHASE WITH SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE BENEFITS.

Section 3 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012) is amended—
(1) in subsection (k) by—

(A) striking “and (9)” and inserting “(9),” and

(B) inserting before the period at the end the following: “, and (10) a multivitamin-mineral dietary supplement for home consumption”,

(2) by inserting after subsection (m) the following:

“(m–1) ‘Multivitamin-mineral dietary supplement’ means a substance that—

“(1) provides at least half of the vitamins and minerals for which the National Academy of Medicine establishes dietary reference intakes, at 50 percent or more of the daily value for the intended life stage per daily serving as determined by the Food and Drug Administration; and

“(2) does not exceed the tolerable upper intake levels for those nutrients for which an established tolerable upper intake level is determined by the National Academy of Medicine.”, and

(3) in subsection (q)(2) by striking “and spices” and inserting “spices, and multivitamin-mineral dietary supplements”.

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SEC. 4038. REVIEW OF SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSIST-
ANCE PROGRAM OPERATIONS.

Section 9 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7
U.S.C. 2018), as amended by section 4026, is amended
by adding at the end the following:

“(j) Review of Program Operations.—

“(1) The Secretary—

“(A) shall review a representative sample
of currently authorized retail food stores as de-
dined in subsections (o)(2) and (k)(3) of section
3 to determine whether benefits are properly
used by or on behalf of participating households
residing in such facilities and whether such fa-
cilities are using more than one source of Fed-
eral or State funding to meet the food needs of
residents;

“(B) may carry out similar reviews for cur-
cently participating residential drug and alcohol
treatment and rehabilitation programs, and
group living arrangements for the blind and
disabled;

“(C) shall gather information and these
entities shall be required to submit information
deemed necessary for a full and thorough re-
view; and
“(D) shall report the results of these re-
views to the Committee on Agriculture of the
House of Representatives and the Committee
on Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry of the
Senate not later than 3 years after the date of
the enactment of the Food and Nutrition Act of
2018, along with recommendations as to any
additional requirements or oversight that would
be appropriate for such facilities and retailers,
and whether these entities should continue to be
authorized to participate in the supplemental
nutrition assistance program.

“(2) Nothing in this section shall authorize the
Secretary to deny any application for continued au-
thorization, any application for authorization, or any
request to withdraw the authorization of any facility
or entity referenced in subsections (o)(2) and (k)(3)
of section 3 based on a determination that residents
of any such facility or entity are residents of an in-
stitution prior to—

“(A) the submission of the report de-
scribed in paragraph (1)(D); or

“(B) 3 years after the date of enactment
of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2018;

 whichever is earlier.”.
SEC. 4039. DISQUALIFICATION OF CERTAIN CONVICTED FELONS.

Section 6 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2015), as amended by section 4015, is amended in subsection (p)(1)—

(1) in subparagraph (A) by striking “: and” at the end and inserting a period, and

(2) by striking subparagraph (B).

SEC. 4040. DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF BLOCK GRANT PAYABLE TO PUERTO RICO.

(a) Study.—With funds appropriated to carry out this subsection, the Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a study to determine the feasibility and impact of using a thrifty food plan developed exclusively to apply under section 19(a)(2)(A)(ii) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2028(a)(2)(A)) to calculate the amount of the block grant payable to Puerto Rico.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out subsection (a).

(c) Appropriation in Advance.—Only funds appropriated under subsection (b) in advance specifically to carry out subsection (a) shall be available to carry out such subsection.
SEC. 4041. SERVICE OF TRADITIONAL FOODS IN PUBLIC FACILITIES.

Section 4033 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (128 STAT. 818) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c) —

(A) by inserting “, a State, a country equivalent, or a local education agency,” after “programs” the 1st place it appears,

(B) by striking “and facilities operated by tribal organizations, that primarily serve Indians” and inserting “and federally funded child nutrition and senior meal programs,”, and

(2) in subsection (d)(1) —

(A) by striking “and” the 1st place it appears, and

(B) by inserting “, a State, a county or county equivalent, a local educational agency, and an entity or person authorized to facilitate the donation, storage, preparation, or serving of traditional food by the operator of a food service program” after “organization”.

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SEC. 4042. EXTENSION OF STUDY ON COMPARABLE ACCESS TO SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE FOR PUERTO RICO.

(a) Amendments.—Section 4142 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–246; 122 STAT. 1881) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b) by striking “this Act” and inserting “Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018”, and

(2) in subsection (d)(1) by striking “2008” and inserting “2018”.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out section 4142 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–246; 122 STAT. 1881) as amended by subsection (a).

(e) Appropriation in Advance.—Only funds appropriated under subsection (b) in advance specifically to carry out section 4142 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–246; 122 STAT. 1881) as amended by subsection (a) shall be available to carry out such section as so amended.

SEC. 4043. ADMINISTRATIVE FLEXIBILITY FOR STATES.

Section 11(e)(6)(B) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2020(e)(6)(B)) is amended to read as follows:
“(B) personnel of the State agency or, at the option of the State agency and by contract with the State agency, personnel of an entity that has no direct or indirect financial interest in an approved retail food store, may undertake such certification or carry out any other function of the State agency under the supplemental nutrition assistance program and without restriction by the Secretary on the State agency’s use of nongovernmental employees to perform program eligibility or any other administrative function to carry out such program;”.

**Subtitle B—Commodity Distribution Programs**

**SEC. 4101. COMMODITY DISTRIBUTION PROGRAM.**

The 1st sentence of section 4(a) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

**SEC. 4102. COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM.**

Section 5 of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”, and
(B) in paragraph (2) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”, and
(2) in subsection (d)(2) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 4103. ELIGIBILITY FOR COMMODITY SUPPLEMENTAL FOOD PROGRAM.

Section 5(g) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973 (7 U.S.C. 612c note) is amended—
(1) by striking “Except” and inserting the following:
“(1) IN GENERAL.—Except”, and
(2) by adding at the end the following:
“(2) CERTIFICATION.—
“(A) DEFINITION OF CERTIFICATION PERIOD.—In this paragraph, the term ‘certification period’ means the period that a participant in the commodity supplemental food program may continue to receive benefits under that program without a formal review of the eligibility of the participant.
“(B) MINIMUM CERTIFICATION PERIOD.—Subject to subparagraph (C), a State shall establish a certification period of not less than 1 year.
“(C) EXTENSIONS.—On the request of a State, the Secretary shall approve a State certification period of more than 1 year on the condition that, on an annual basis, the local agency in the State administering the commodity supplemental food program—

“(i) verifies the address and continued interest of each participant in receiving program benefits; and

“(ii) has sufficient reason to determine that the participant still meets the income eligibility standards, which may include a determination that the participant has a fixed income.”.

SEC. 4104. DISTRIBUTION OF SURPLUS COMMODITIES TO SPECIAL NUTRITION PROJECTS.


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Subtitle C—Miscellaneous

SEC. 4201. PURCHASE OF FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES FOR DISTRIBUTION TO SCHOOLS AND SERVICE INSTITUTIONS.

Section 10603(b) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 612c-4(b)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 4202. SENIORS FARMERS’ MARKET NUTRITION PROGRAM.

Section 4402(a) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 3007(a)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 4203. HEALTHY FOOD FINANCING INITIATIVE.

Section 243(d) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6953) is amended by striking “until expended” and inserting “until October 1, 2023”.

SEC. 4204. AMENDMENTS TO THE FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PROGRAM.

Section 19 of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1769a) is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “FRESH”;

(2) in subsection (a), by inserting “, canned, dried, frozen, or pureed” after “fresh”;
(3) in subsection (b), by inserting “, canned, dried, frozen, or pureed” after “fresh”; and

(4) in subsection (e), by inserting “, canned, dried, frozen, or pureed” after “fresh”.

SEC. 4205. REVIEW AND REVISION OF CERTAIN NUTRITION REGULATIONS.

(a) Review of Existing Regulations.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and for the purposes described in subsection (b), the Secretary shall review—

(1) the final regulations on “National School Lunch Program and School Breakfast Program: Nutrition Standards for All Foods Sold in School as Required by the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010” published by the Department of Agriculture in the Federal Register on July 29, 2016 (81 Fed. Reg. 50123 et seq.); and

(2) the final regulations on “Nutrition Standards in the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Programs” published by the Department of Agriculture in the Federal Register on January 26, 2012 (77 Fed. Reg. 4088 et seq.).

(b) Finalizing New Regulations.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with school nutrition personnel
and school leaders (including school administrators, school boards, and parents), shall finalize new regulations that revise the regulations described in subsection (a) based on the review of such regulations under such subsection, including any requirements for milk, to ensure that the requirements of such regulations—

(1) are based on research based on school-age children;

(2) do not add costs in addition to the reimbursements required to carry out the school lunch program authorized under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.) or the school breakfast program established by section 4 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1773); and

(3) maintain healthy meals for students.

**TITLE V—CREDIT**

**Subtitle A—Farm Ownership Loans**

**SEC. 5101. MODIFICATION OF THE 3-YEAR EXPERIENCE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENT FOR FARM OWNERSHIP LOANS.**

Section 302(b) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1922(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
“(4) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—In the case of a qualified beginning farmer or rancher, the Secretary may—

“(A) reduce the 3-year requirement in paragraph (1) to—

“(i) 2 years, if the farmer or rancher has—

“(I) 16 credit hours of post-secondary education in a field related to agriculture;

“(II) at least 1 year of direct substantive management experience in a business;

“(III) been honorably discharged from the armed forces of the United States;

“(IV) successfully repaid a youth loan made under section 311(b); or

“(V) an established relationship with an individual participating as a counselor in a Service Corps of Retired Executives program authorized under section 8(b)(1)(B) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(b)(1)(B)), or with a local farm or
ranch operator or organization, approved by the Secretary, that is committed to mentoring the farmer or rancher; or

“(ii) 1 year, if the farmer or rancher has military leadership or management experience from having completed an acceptable military leadership course; or

“(B) waive the 3-year requirement in paragraph (1) if the farmer or rancher—

“(i) meets a requirement of subparagraph (A)(i) (other than subclause (V) thereof) and meets the requirement of subparagraph (A)(ii); and

“(ii) meets the requirement of subparagraph (A)(i)(V).”.

SEC. 5102. CONSERVATION LOAN AND LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM.

Section 304(h) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1924(h)) is amended—

(1) by striking “$150,000,000” and inserting “$75,000,000”; and

(2) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 5103. FARM OWNERSHIP LOAN LIMITS.

Section 305(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1925(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “$700,000” and inserting “$1,750,000”; and

(2) by striking “2000” and inserting “2019”.

Subtitle B—Operating Loans

SEC. 5201. LIMITATIONS ON AMOUNT OF OPERATING LOANS.

Section 313(a)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1943(a)(1)) is amended—

(1) by striking “$700,000” and inserting “$1,750,000”; and

(2) by striking “2000” and inserting “2019”.

SEC. 5202. MICROLOANS.

Section 313(c)(2) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1943(c)(2)) is amended by striking “title” and inserting “subsection”.

Subtitle C—Administrative Provisions

SEC. 5301. BEGINNING FARMER AND RANCHER INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNTS PILOT PROGRAM.

Section 333B(h) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1983b(h)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 5302. LOAN AUTHORIZATION LEVELS.

Section 346(b)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1994(b)(1)) is amended in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 5303. LOAN FUND SET-ASIDES.


Subtitle D—Technical Corrections to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act

SEC. 5401. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE CONSOLIDATED FARM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT ACT.

(a)(1) Section 310E(d)(3) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1935(d)(3)) is amended by inserting “and socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers” after “ranchers” the second place it appears.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 5004(4)(A)(i) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (Public Law 110–246) in lieu of the amendment made by such section.
(b)(1) Section 321(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961(a)) is amended in the second sentence by striking “and limited liability companies” and inserting “limited liability companies, and such other legal entities”.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 5201 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Public Law 113–79) in lieu of the amendment made by such section.

(c)(1) Section 331D(e) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1981d(e)) is amended by inserting after “within 60 days after receipt of the notice required in this section” the following: “or, in extraordinary circumstances as determined by the applicable State director, after the 60-day period”.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 10 of the Agricultural Credit Improvement Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–554).

(d)(1) Section 333A(f)(1)(A) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1983a(f)(1)(A)) is amended by striking “114” and inserting “339”.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 14

(e) Section 339(d)(3) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1989(d)(3)) is amended by striking “preferred certified lender” and inserting “Preferred Certified Lender”.

(f)(1) Section 343(a)(11)(C) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991(a)(11)(C)) is amended by striking “or joint operators” and inserting “joint operator, or owners”.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall take effect as of the effective date of section 5303(a)(2) of the Agricultural Act of 2014.

(g)(1) Section 343(b) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991(b)) is amended by striking “307(e)” and inserting “307(d)”.

(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 5004 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Public Law 113–79).

(h) Section 346(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1994(a)) is amended by striking the last comma.
Subtitle E—Amendments to the
Farm Credit Act of 1971

SEC. 5501. ELIMINATION OF OBSOLETE REFERENCES.

(a) Section 1.2(a) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2002(a)) is amended to read as follows:

“(a) COMPOSITION.—The Farm Credit System shall include the Farm Credit Banks, banks for cooperatives, Agricultural Credit Banks, the Federal land bank associations, the Federal land credit associations, the production credit associations, the Agricultural Credit Associations, the Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation, the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation, service corporations established pursuant to section 4.25 of this Act, and such other institutions as may be made a part of the System, all of which shall be chartered by and subject to regulation by the Farm Credit Administration.”.

(b) Section 2.4 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2075) is amended by striking subsection (d).

(c) Section 3.0 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2121) is amended—

(1) in the 3rd sentence, by striking “and a Central Bank for Cooperatives”; and

(2) by striking the 5th sentence.

(d) Section 3.2(a)(1) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2123(a)(1)) is amended—
(1) by striking “not merged into the United Bank for Cooperatives or the National Bank for Cooperatives”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following: “Section 7.12(e) shall apply to the board of directors of a merged bank for cooperatives.”.

(e) Section 3.2(a)(2)(A) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2123(a)(2)(A)) is amended by striking “(other than the National Bank for Cooperatives)”.

(f) Section 3.2 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2123) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (b);

(2) in subsection (a)(2)(B), by striking “paragraph” and inserting “subsection”;

(3) by striking “(a)(1)” and inserting “(a)”;

(4) by striking “(2)(A)” and inserting “(b)(1)”;

(5) by striking “(i)” and inserting “(A)”;

(6) by striking “(ii)” and inserting “(B)”;

(7) by striking “(B)” and inserting “(2)”.

(g) Section 3.5 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2126) is amended by striking “district”.

(h) Section 3.7(a) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2128(a)) is amended by striking the second sentence.
(i) Section 3.8(b)(1)(A) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2129(b)(1)(A)) is amended by inserting "(or successor agency)" after "Rural Electrification Administration".

(j) Section 3.9(a) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2130(a)) is amended by striking the 3rd sentence.

(k) Section 3.10(c) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2131(c)) is amended by striking the second sentence.

(l) Section 3.10(d) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2131(d)) is amended—

(1) by striking "district" each place it appears;

and

(2) by inserting "for cooperatives or successor bank" before "on account of such indebtedness".

(m) Section 3.11 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2132) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking "subsections (b) and (c)" and inserting "subsection (b)";

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking "district"; and

(B) by striking "Except as provided in subsection (c) below, all" and inserting "All";

and

(3) by striking subsection (e) and redesignating subsections (d) through (f) as subsections (e) through (e), respectively.
(n) The heading for part B of title III of such Act is amended by striking “UNITED AND”.
(o) Section 3.20(a) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2141(a)) is amended by striking “or the United Bank for Cooperatives, as the case may be”.
(p) Section 3.20(b) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2141(b)) is amended by striking “the district banks for cooperatives and the Central Bank for Cooperatives” and inserting “all constituent banks referred to in section 413 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1987”.
(q) Section 3.21 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2142) is repealed.
(r) Section 3.28 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2149) is amended by striking “a district bank for cooperatives and the Central Bank for Cooperatives” and inserting “its constituent banks referred to in section 413 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1987”.
(s) Section 3.29 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2150) is repealed.
(t)(1) Section 4.0 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2151) is repealed.
(2) Section 5.60(b) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2277a-9(b)) is amended to read as follows:
347
1

‘‘(b) AMOUNTS

IN

FUND.—The Corporation shall de-

2 posit in the Insurance Fund all premium payments re3 ceived by the Corporation under this part.’’.
4

(u)(1) Section 4.8 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2159) is

5 amended—
6

(A) by striking ‘‘(a)’’; and

7

(B) by striking subsection (b).

8

(2) Section 1.1(c) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2001(c))

9 is amended by striking ‘‘including any costs of defeasance
10 under section 4.8(b),’’.
11

(v) Section 4.9(d)(2) of such Act (12 U.S.C.

12 2160(d)(2)) is amended to read as follows:
13

‘‘(2) REPRESENTATION

ON BOARD.—The

Farm

14

Credit System Insurance Corporation shall have no

15

representation on the board of directors of the Cor-

16

poration.’’.

17

(w) Section 4.9 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2160) is

18 amended by striking subsection (e) and redesignating sub19 section (f) as subsection (e).
20

(x) Section 4.9A(c) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2162(c))

21 is amended to read as follows:
22

‘‘(c) INABILITY

TO

RETIRE STOCK

AT

PAR VALUE.—

23 If an institution is unable to retire eligible borrower stock
24 at par value due to the liquidation of the institution, the
25 Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation, acting as re-

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ceiver, shall retire such stock at par value as would have
been retired in the ordinary course of business of the insti-
tution. The Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation
shall make use of sufficient funds from the Farm Credit
Insurance Fund to carry out this section.”.

(y) Section 4.12A(a)(1) of such Act (12 U.S.C.
2184(a)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Every Farm Credit System
bank or association shall provide a current list of its
stockholders, within 7 calendar days after receipt of
a written request by a stockholder, to the requesting
stockholder.”.

(z) Section 4.14A(a) of such Act (12 U.S.C.
2202a(a)) is amended by inserting “and section 4.36”
after “As used in this part”.

(aa)(1) Section 4.14A of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2202a)
is amended—

(A) in subsection (l), by striking “production
credit”; and

(B) by striking subsection (h) and redesign-
nating subsections (i) through (l) as subsections (h)
through (k), respectively.

(2)(A) Section 5.31 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2267) is
amended by striking “4.14A(i)” and inserting
“4.14A(h)”.

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(B) Section 5.32(h) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2268(h)) is amended by striking “4.14A(i)” and inserting “4.14A(h)”.

(bb)(1) Section 4.14C of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2202e) is repealed.


(B) Section 8.9 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279aa–9) is amended by striking “4.14C,” each place it appears.

(cc) Section 4.17 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2205) is amended by striking “Federal intermediate credit banks and”.

(dd) Section 4.19(a) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2207(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “district”;

(2) by striking “Federal land bank association and production credit”; and

(3) by striking “units” and inserting “institutions”.

(ee) Section 4.38 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2219c) is amended by striking “The Assistance Board established under section 6.0 and all” and inserting “All”.

349
(ff) Section 5.17(a)(2) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2252(a)(2)) is amended by striking the second and 3rd sentences.

(gg) Section 5.18 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2253) is repealed.

(hh) Section 5.19(a) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2254(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “Except for Federal land bank associations, each” and inserting “Each”; and

(2) by striking the second sentence.

(ii) Section 5.19(b) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2254(b)) is amended—

(1) in the second sentence of paragraph (1), by striking “except with respect to any actions taken by any banks of the System under section 4.8(b),”;

(2) by striking the third sentence of paragraph (1);

(3) by striking “(b)(1)” and inserting “(b)”;

and

(4) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3).

(jj) Section 5.35(4) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2271(4)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (C)—

(A) by striking “after December 31, 1992,”; and
(B) by striking “by the Farm Credit System Assistance Board under section 6.6 or”;
and
(2) by striking subparagraph (B) and redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (B).

(kk) Section 5.38 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2274) is amended by striking “a farm credit district board, bank board, or bank officer or employee shall not remove any director or officer of any production credit association or Federal land bank association” and inserting “a Farm Credit Bank board, officer, or employee shall not remove any director or officer of any association”.

(ll) Section 5.44 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2275) is repealed.

(mm) Section 5.58(2) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2278a–7) is amended by striking the second sentence.

(nn) Subtitle A of title VI of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2278a-2278a–11) is repealed.

(oo) Title VI of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2278a-2278b–11) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 6.32. TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.

“The authority provided in this subtitle shall terminate on December 31, 2018.”.

(pp) Section 7.9 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279e–2) is amended by striking subsection (e).
(qq) Section 7.10(a)(4) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279d(a)(4)) is amended to read as follows:

“(4) the institution pays to the Farm Credit Insurance Fund the amount by which the total capital of the institution exceeds 6 percent of the assets;”.

(rr) Section 8.0(2) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279aa(2)) is amended to read as follows:

“(2) BOARD.—The term ‘Board’ means the board of directors established under section 8.2.”.

(ss)(1) Section 8.0 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279aa) is amended by striking paragraphs (6) and (8), and redesignating paragraphs (7), (9), and (10) as paragraphs (6) through (8), respectively.

(A) Section 4.39 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2219d) is amended by striking “8.0(7)” and inserting “8.0(6)”.

(B) Section 8.6(e)(2) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279aa–6(e)(2)) is amended by striking “8.0(9)” and inserting “8.0(7)”.

(C) Section 8.11(e) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279aa–11(e)) is amended by striking “8.0(7)” and inserting “8.0(6)”.

(D) Section 8.32(a)(1)(B) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279bb–1(a)(1)(B)) is amended by striking “8.0(9)(C)” and inserting “8.0(7)(C)”.

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(tt)(1) Section 8.2 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279aa-2) is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)—

(i) in the subsection heading, by striking "PERMANENT BOARD" and inserting "BOARD OF DIRECTORS";

(ii) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Corporation shall be under the management of the Board of Directors."

(iii) by striking paragraph (3) and redesignating paragraphs (4) through (10) as paragraphs (3) through (9), respectively; and

(iv) by striking "permanent" each place it appears in paragraphs (2), and (3) through (9) (as so redesignated); and

(B) by striking subsection (a) and redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as subsections (a) and (b), respectively.

(2) Section 8.4(a)(1) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279aa–4) is amended—

(A) by striking the 3rd sentence;

(B) by inserting after the 1st sentence the following: "Voting common stock shall be offered to
banks, other financial entities, insurance companies, and System institutions under such terms and conditions as the Board may adopt. The voting stock shall be fairly and broadly offered to ensure that no institution or institutions acquire a disproportionate amount of the total amount of voting common stock outstanding of a class and that capital contributions and issuances of voting common stock for the contributions are fairly distributed between entities eligible to hold Class A and Class B stock, as provided under this paragraph.”;

(C) by striking “8.2(b)(2)(A)” and inserting “8.2(a)(2)(A)”;

and

(D) by striking “8.2(b)(2)(B)” and inserting “8.2(a)(2)(B)”.

(uu)(1) Section 8.6 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279aa–6) is amended by striking subsection (d) and redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (d).

(2)(A) Paragraph (7)(B)(i) of section 8.0 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279aa), as redesignated by subsection (ss)(1), is amended by striking “through (d)” and inserting “and (e)”.

(B) Section 8.33(b)(2)(A) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279bb–2(b)(2)(A)) is amended by striking “8.6(e)” and inserting “8.6(d)”.

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(vv) Section 8.32(a) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279bb–1(a)) is amended by striking “Not sooner than the expiration of the 3-year period beginning on the date of enactment of the Farm Credit System Reform Act of 1996, the” and inserting “The”.

(ww) Section 8.35 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279bb–4) is amended by striking subsection (e).

(xx) Section 8.38 of such Act (12 U.S.C. 2279bb–7) is repealed.

SEC. 5502. CONFORMING REPEALS.

(a) Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 14, and 15 of the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C. 1141b, 1141e, 1141d, 1141e, 1141f, 1141i, and 1141j) are repealed.


(c) Section 201 of the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932 (12 U.S.C. 1148) is repealed.

(d) Section 2 of the Act of July 14, 1953, (Chapter 192; 67 Stat. 150; 12 U.S.C. 1148a–4) is repealed.

(e) Sections 32 through 34 of the Farm Credit Act of 1937 (12 U.S.C. 1148b, 1148c, and 1148d) are repealed.

(f) Sections 1 through 4 of the Act of March 3, 1932, (12 U.S.C. 1401 through 1404) are repealed.
SEC. 5503. FACILITY HEADQUARTERS.

Section 5.16 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2251) is amended by striking all that precedes “to the rental of quarters” and inserting the following:

“SEC. 5.16. QUARTERS AND FACILITIES FOR THE FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION.

“(a) The Farm Credit Administration shall maintain its principal office within the Washington D.C.-Maryland-Virginia standard metropolitan statistical area, and such other offices within the United States as in its judgment are necessary.

“(b) As an alternate”.

SEC. 5504. SHARING PRIVILEGED AND CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.

Section 5.19 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2254) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) A System institution shall not be considered to have waived the confidentiality of a privileged communication with an attorney or accountant if the institution provides the content of the communication to the Farm Credit Administration pursuant to the supervisory or regulatory authorities of the Farm Credit Administration.”.
SEC. 5505. SCOPE OF JURISDICTION.

Part C of title V of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2261–2274) is amended by inserting after section 5.31 the following:

"SEC. 5.31A. SCOPE OF JURISDICTION.

"(a) For purposes of sections 5.25, 5.26, and 5.33, the jurisdiction of the Farm Credit Administration over parties, and the authority of the Farm Credit Administration to initiate actions, shall include enforcement authority over institution-affiliated parties.

"(b) The resignation, termination of employment or participation, or separation of an institution-affiliated party (including a separation caused by the merger, consolidation, conservatorship, or receivership of a System institution) shall not affect the jurisdiction and authority of the Farm Credit Administration to issue any notice or order and proceed under this part against any such party, if the notice or order is served before the end of the 6-year period beginning on the date the party ceased to be such a party with respect to the System institution (whether the date occurs before, on, or after the date of the enactment of this section).".

SEC. 5506. DEFINITION.

Section 5.35 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2271) is amended—
(1) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph (3); and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (5) and inserting after paragraph (3) the following:

“(4) the term ‘institution-affiliated party’ means—

“(A) any director, officer, employee, shareholder, or agent of a System institution;

“(B) any independent contractor (including any attorney, appraiser, or accountant) who knowingly or recklessly participates in—

“(i) any violation of law (including regulations) that is associated with the operations and activities of 1 or more institutions;

“(ii) any breach of fiduciary duty; or

“(iii) any unsafe or unsound practice, which caused or is likely to cause more than a minimal financial loss to, or a significant adverse effect on, a System institution; and

“(C) any other person, as determined by the Farm Credit Administration (by regulation or on a case-by-case basis) who participates in
the conduct of the affairs of a System institution; and”.

SEC. 5507. EXPANSION OF ACREAGE EXCEPTION TO LOAN AMOUNT LIMITATION.

(a) In General.—Section 8.8(c)(2) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2279aa–8(c)(2)) is amended by striking “1,000” and inserting “2,000”.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect 1 year after the date a report submitted in accordance with section 5602 of this Act indicates that it is feasible to increase the acreage limitation in section 8.8(c)(2) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 to 2,000 acres.

SEC. 5508. COMPENSATION OF BANK DIRECTORS.

Section 4.21 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2209) is repealed.

SEC. 5509. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS.

Section 5.65 of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2277a–14) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) Prohibition on Uses of Funds Related to Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation.— No funds from administrative accounts or from the Farm Credit System Insurance Fund may be used by the Corporation to provide assistance to the Federal Agricultural
Subtitle F—Miscellaneous

SEC. 5601. STATE AGRICULTURAL MEDIATION PROGRAMS.

Section 506 of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1987 (7 U.S.C. 5106) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 5602. STUDY ON LOAN RISK.

(a) Study.—The Farm Credit Administration shall conduct a study that—

(1) analyzes and compares the financial risks inherent in loans made, held, securitized, or purchased by Farm Credit banks, associations, and the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation and how such risks are required to be capitalized under statute and regulations in effect as of the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(2) assesses the feasibility of increasing the acreage exception provided in section 8.8(c)(2) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 to 2,000 acres.

(b) Timeline.—The Farm Credit Administration shall provide the results of the study required by subsection (a) to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nu-
trition, and Forestry of the Senate no later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 5603. GAO REPORT ON ABILITY OF THE FARM CREDIT SYSTEM TO MEET THE AGRICULTURAL CREDIT NEEDS OF INDIAN TRIBES AND THEIR MEMBERS.

(a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall—

(1) study the agricultural credit needs of farms, ranches, and related agricultural businesses that are owned or operated by—

(A) Indian tribes on tribal lands; or

(B) enrolled members of Indian tribes on Indian allotments; and

(2) determine whether the institutions of the Farm Credit System have sufficient authority and resources to meet the needs.

(b) Definition of Indian Tribe.—In subsection (a), the term “Indian tribe” means an Indian tribal entity that is eligible for funding and services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs by virtue of the status of the entity as an Indian tribe.

c) Report to the Congress.—Within 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall prepare and sub-
mit to the Committees on Agriculture and on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a written report that contains the findings of the study conducted under subsection (a). If the Comptroller General finds that the institutions of the Farm Credit System do not have sufficient authority or resources to meet the needs referred to in subsection (a), the report shall include such legislative and other recommendations as the Comptroller General determines would result in a system under which the needs are met in an equitable and effective manner.

TITLE VI—RURAL INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Subtitle A—Improving Health Outcomes in Rural Communities

SEC. 6001. PRIORITIZING PROJECTS TO MEET HEALTH CRISIS IN RURAL AMERICA.

(a) Temporary Prioritization of Rural Health Assistance.—Title VI of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2204a–2204b) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 608. TEMPORARY PRIORITIZATION OF RURAL HEALTH ASSISTANCE.

“(a) Authority to Prioritize Certain Rural Health Applications.—The Secretary, after consulta-
tion with such public health officials as may be necessary, may announce a temporary reprioritization for certain rural development loan and grant applications to assist rural communities in responding to a specific health emergency.

“(b) CONTENT OF ANNOUNCEMENT.—In the announcement, the Secretary shall—

“(1) specify the nature of the emergency affecting the health of rural Americans;

“(2) describe the actual and potential effects of the emergency on the rural United States;

“(3) identify the services and treatments which can be used to reduce those effects; and

“(4) publish the specific temporary changes needed to assist rural communities in responding to the emergency.

“(c) NOTICE.—Not later than 48 hours after making or extending an announcement under this section, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, and transmit to the Secretary of Health and Human Services, a written notice of the declaration or extension.

“(d) EXTENSION.—The Secretary may extend an announcement under subsection (a) if the Secretary deter-
mines that the emergency will continue after the declaration would otherwise expire.

“(e) Expiration.—An announcement under subsection (a) shall expire on the earlier of—

“(1) the date the Secretary determines that the emergency has ended; or

“(2) the end of the 360-day period beginning with the later of—

“(A) the date the announcement was made; or

“(B) the date the announcement was most recently extended.”.

(b) Distance Learning and Telemedicine.—

Section 2333(c) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 950aaa–2(c)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(5) Procedure during temporary reprioritizations.—

“(A) In General.—While a temporary reprioritization announced under section 608 of the Rural Development Act of 1972 is in effect, the Secretary shall make available not less than 10 percent of the amounts made available under section 2335A for financial assistance under this chapter, for telemedicine services to
identify and treat individuals affected by the emergency, subject to subparagraph (B).

“(B) Exception.—In the case of a fiscal year for which the Secretary determines that there are not sufficient qualified applicants to receive financial assistance to reach the 10-percent requirement under subparagraph (A), the Secretary may make available less than 10 percent of the amounts made available under section 2335A for those services.”.

(c) Community Facilities Direct Loans and Grants.—Section 306(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(27) Procedure during temporary reprioritizations.—

“(A) Selection priority.—While a temporary reprioritization announced under section 608 of the Rural Development Act of 1972 is in effect, in selecting recipients of loans, loan guarantees, or grants for the development of essential community facilities under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to entities eligible for those loans or grants—
“(i) to develop facilities to provide services related to reducing the effects of the health emergency, including—

“(I) prevention services;
“(II) treatment services;
“(III) recovery services; or
“(IV) any combination of those services; and

“(ii) that employ staff that have appropriate expertise and training in how to identify and treat individuals affected by the emergency.

“(B) Use of Funds.—An eligible entity described in subparagraph (A) that receives a loan or grant described in that subparagraph may use the loan or grant funds for the development of telehealth facilities and systems to provide for treatment directly related to the emergency involved.”.

(d) Rural Health and Safety Education Programs.—

(1) In General.—Section 502(i) of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2662(i)) is amended—
(A) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6); and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

“(5) Procedure during temporary reprioritizations.—While a temporary reprioritization announced under section 608 of the Rural Development Act of 1972 is in effect, in making grants under this subsection, the Secretary shall give priority to an applicant that will use the grant to address the announced emergency.”.

(2) Technical amendments.—Title V of the Rural Development Act of 1972 (7 U.S.C. 2661 et seq.), as amended by paragraph (1) of this subsection, is amended—

(A) in section 502, in the matter preceding subsection (a), by inserting “(referred to in this title as the ‘Secretary’)” after “Agriculture”; and

(B) by striking “Secretary of Agriculture” each place it appears (other than in section 502 in the matter preceding subsection (a)) and inserting “Secretary”.

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SEC. 6002. DISTANCE LEARNING AND TELEMEDICINE.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 2335A of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 950aaa–5) is amended by striking “$75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2018” and inserting “$82,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023”.

(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1(b) of Public Law 102–551 (7 U.S.C. 950aaa note) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6003. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE FARM AND RANCH STRESS ASSISTANCE NETWORK.

Section 7522 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 5936) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “coordination with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall make competitive grants to support cooperative programs between State cooperative extension services and nonprofit organizations” and inserting “consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall make competitive grants to State cooperative extension services and Indian Tribes to support programs with nonprofit organizations in order”;

(2) in subsection (b)—
(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “Internet” before “websites”;

(B) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) training for individuals who may assist farmers in crisis, including programs and workshops;”;

and

(C) in paragraph (4), by inserting “, including the dissemination of information and materials” before the semicolon at the end;

(3) in subsection (c), by striking “to enable the State cooperative extension services” and inserting “or Indian Tribes, as applicable,”;

(4) in subsection (d), by striking “fiscal years” and all that follows and inserting “fiscal years 2018 through 2023”;

and

(5) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e) and inserting after subsection (c) the following:

“(d) OVERSIGHT AND EVALUATION.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall review and evaluate the stress assistance programs carried out pursuant to this section.

“(1) PROGRAM REVIEW.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which a grant is first pro-
vided under this section, and annually thereafter, the
Secretary shall—

“(A) review the programs funded under a
grant made under this section to evaluate the
effectiveness of the services offered through
such a program, and suggest alternative serv-
ices not offered by such a grant recipient that
would be appropriate for behavioral health serv-
ices; and

“(B) submit to the Congress, and make
available on the public Internet website of the
Department of Agriculture, a report containing
the results of the review conducted under sub-
paragraph (A) and a description of the services
provided through programs funded under such
a grant.

“(2) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—In making the re-
port under paragraph (1) publicly available, the Sec-
retary shall take such steps as may be necessary to
ensure that the report does not contain any informa-
tion that would identify any person who received
services under a program funded under a grant
made under this section.”.
SEC. 6004. SUPPORTING AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION HEALTH PLANS.

(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture may establish a loan program and a grant program to assist in the establishment of agricultural association health plans, in order to help bring new health options and lower priced health care coverage to rural Americans.

(b) Loans.—

(1) In General.—With respect to plan years 2019 through 2022, the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, may make not more than 10 loans under this section, for purposes of establishing agricultural association health plans, to qualified agricultural associations that have not received a loan under this section.

(2) Use of Funds.—The proceeds of a loan made under this section may only be used to finance costs associated with establishing and carrying out an agricultural association health plan.

(3) Loan Terms.—A loan made under this section shall—

(A) bear interest at an annual rate equivalent to the cost of borrowing to the Department of the Treasury for obligations of comparable maturities;
(B) have a term of such length, not exceeding 20 years, as the borrower may request;

(C) be in an amount not to exceed $15,000,000;

(D) require that the borrower submit annual audited financial statements to the Secretary; and

(E) include any other requirements or documentation the Secretary deems necessary to carry out this section.

(c) Grants.—The Secretary may make grants to agricultural trade associations or industry associations which have been in existence for at least three years prior to applying for such a grant to provide for technical assistance in establishing an agricultural association health plan.

(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—

(1) In general.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $65,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2019 through 2022, to be available until expended.

(2) Reservation of funds.—Of the funds made available under paragraph (1), not more than 15 percent of such funds shall be made available to make grants under subsection (e).
(c) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) Agricultural association health plan.—The term “agricultural association health plan” means a group health plan within the meaning of section 733(a)(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 1191b)—

(A) that is sponsored by a qualified agricultural association; and

(B) with respect to which the Secretary has received a letter from the relevant State insurance commissioner certifying that such association may offer such plan in such State.

(2) Qualified agricultural association.—The term “qualified agricultural association” means an association—

(A) composed of members that operate a farm or ranch or operate an agribusiness;

(B) that qualifies as an association health plan within the meaning of guidance or regulation issued by the Department of Labor;

(C) that acts directly or indirectly in the interest of its members in relation to the plan;

(D) that is able to demonstrate an ability to implement and manage a group health plan; and
(E) that meets any other criteria the Secretary deems necessary to meet the intent of this section.

SEC. 6005. REFINANCING OF CERTAIN RURAL HOSPITAL DEBT.

Subtitle D of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1981 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 341 the following:

"SEC. 342. REFINANCING OF CERTAIN RURAL HOSPITAL DEBT.

"Assistance under section 306(a) for a community facility or under section 310B may include the refinancing of a debt obligation of a rural hospital as an eligible loan or loan guarantee purpose if the assistance would help preserve access to a health service in a rural community and meaningfully improve the financial position of the hospital.".

Subtitle B—Connecting Rural Americans to High Speed Broadband

SEC. 6101. ESTABLISHING FORWARD-LOOKING BROADBAND STANDARDS.

(a) In General.—Section 601 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb) is amended—
(1) in subsection (d)(1)(A), by striking clause (i) and inserting the following:

“(i) demonstrate the ability to furnish or improve service in order to meet the broadband service standards established under subsection (e)(1) in all or part of an unserved or underserved rural area;”;

(2) in subsection (e)—

(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting the following:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), for purposes of this section, the Secretary shall establish broadband service standards for rural areas which provide for—

“(A) a minimum acceptable standard of service that requires the speed to be at least 25 megabits per second downstream transmission capacity and 3 megabits per second upstream transmission capacity; and

“(B) projections of minimum acceptable standards of service for 5, 10, 15, 20, and 30 years into the future.

“(2) ADJUSTMENTS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—At least once every 2 years, the Secretary shall review, and may ad-
just through notice published in the Federal Register, the broadband service standards in effect under paragraph (1) to encourage the delivery of high quality, cost-effective broadband service in rural areas.

“(B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In establishing and adjusting the broadband service standards in effect under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider—

“(i) the broadband service needs of rural families and businesses;

“(ii) broadband service available to urban and suburban areas;

“(iii) future technology needs of rural residents;

“(iv) advances in broadband technology; and

“(v) other relevant factors as determined by the Secretary.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(4) AGREEMENT.—The Secretary shall not provide a loan or loan guarantee under this section for a project unless the Secretary determines, at the time the agreement to provide the loan or loan guarantee is entered into, that, at any time while the
loan or loan guarantee is outstanding, the project will be capable of providing broadband service at not less than the minimum acceptable standard of service established under paragraph (1)(B) for that time.

“(5) SUBSTITUTE SERVICE STANDARDS FOR UNIQUE SERVICE TERRITORIES.—If an applicant shows that it would be cost prohibitive to meet the minimum acceptable level of broadband service established under paragraph (1)(B) for the entirety of a proposed service territory due to the unique characteristics of the proposed service territory, the Secretary and the applicant may agree to utilize substitute standards for any unserved portion of the project. Any substitute service standards should continue to consider the matters described in paragraph (2)(B) and reflect the best technology available to meet the needs of the residents in the unserved area.”; and

(3) in subsection (g)—

(A) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking “level of broadband service established under subsection (e)” and inserting “standard of service established under subsection (e)(1)(A)” ; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:
“(4) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—To the extent possible, the terms and conditions under which a loan or loan guarantee is provided to an applicant for a project shall require that, at any time while the loan or loan guarantee is outstanding, the broadband network provided by the project will meet the lower of—

“(A) the minimum acceptable standard of service projected under subsection (e)(1)(B) for that time, as agreed to by the applicant at the time the loan or loan guarantee is provided; or

“(B) the minimum acceptable standard of service in effect under subsection (e)(1)(A) for that time.”.

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Within 12 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Rural Utilities Service (in this subsection referred to as the “RUS”) shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a written report on the effectiveness of RUS loan and loan guarantee programs for the purpose of expanding broadband to rural areas (as defined in RUS regulations), which shall—
(1) identify administrative and legislative options for incentivizing private investment by utilizing RUS loan guarantee programs for the purpose of expanding broadband to rural areas;

(2) evaluate the existing borrower and lending guidelines for RUS loan and loan guarantee applicants to incentivize participation in both programs;

(3) evaluate the loan and loan guarantee application processes for lenders and borrowers by eliminating burdensome and unnecessary steps in the application process and providing a more streamlined process to decrease the complexity of the application and the timeline from application to approval or denial;

(4) identify opportunities to provide technical assistance and pre-development planning activities to assist rural counties and communities to assess current and future broadband needs; and

(5) identify and evaluate emerging technologies, including next-generation satellite technologies, and ways to leverage the technologies to provide high-speed, low-latency internet connectivity to rural areas.
SEC. 6102. INCENTIVES FOR HARD TO REACH COMMUNITIES.

Title VI of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 604. INCENTIVES FOR HARD TO REACH COMMUNITIES.

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) ASSOCIATED LOAN.—The term ‘associated loan’ means a loan or loan guarantee to finance all or part of a project under title I or II or this title for which an application has been submitted under such title and for which an application has also been submitted for a grant under this section.

“(2) DENSITY.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘density’ means service points per road-mile.

“(B) METHOD OF CALCULATION.—The Secretary shall further define, by rule, a method for calculating service points per road-mile, where appropriate by geography, which—

“(i) divides the total number of service points by the total number of road-miles in a proposed service territory;
“(ii) requires an applicant to count all
potential service points in a proposed serv-

ice territory; and

“(iii) includes any other requirements
the Secretary deems necessary to protect
the integrity of the program.

“(3) ELIGIBLE PROJECT.—The term ‘eligible
project’ means any project for which the applicant—
“(A) has submitted an application for an
associated loan;

“(B) does not receive any other broadband
grant administered by the Rural Utilities Serv-

ice; and

“(C) proposes to—

“(i) offer retail broadband service to
rural households;

“(ii) serve an area with a density of
less than 12;

“(iii) provide service that meets the
standard that would apply under section
601(c)(4) if the associated loan had been
applied for under section 601;

“(iv) provide service in an area where
no incumbent provider delivers fixed ter-
restrial broadband service at or above the
minimum broadband speed described in
section 601(e)(1); and

“(v) provide service in an area where
no eligible borrower, other than the appli-
cant, has outstanding Rural Utilities Serv-
vice telecommunications debt or is subject
to a current Rural Utilities Service tele-
communications grant agreement.

“(4) SERVICE POINT.—The term ‘service point’
means a home, business, or institution in a proposed
service area.

“(5) ROAD-MILE.—The term ‘road-mile’ means
a mile of road in a proposed service area.

“(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF GRANT PROGRAM.—The
Secretary shall establish a competitive grant program to
provide applicants funds to carry out eligible projects for
the purposes of construction, improvement, or acquisition
of facilities for the provision of broadband service in rural
areas.

“(c) APPLICATIONS.—The Secretary shall establish
an application process for grants under this section that—
“(1) has 1 application window per year;
“(2) permits a single application for the grant
and the associated loan; and
“(3) provides a single decision to award the
grant and the associated loan.
“(d) PRIORITY.—In making grants under this sec-
tion, the Secretary shall prioritize applications in which
the applicant proposes to—
“(1) provide the highest quality of service as
measured by—
“(A) network speed;
“(B) network latency; and
“(C) data allowances;
“(2) serve the greatest number of service
points; and
“(3) use the greatest proportion of non-Federal
dollars.
“(e) AMOUNT.—The Secretary shall make each grant
under this section in an amount that is—
“(1) not greater than 75 percent of the total
project cost with respect to an area with a density
of less than 4;
“(2) not greater than 50 percent of the total
project cost with respect to an area with a density
of 4 or more and not more than 9; and
“(3) not greater than 25 percent of the total
project cost with respect to an area with a density
of more than 9 and not more than 12.
“(f) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—With respect to a
grant provided under this section, the Secretary shall re-
quire that—

“(1) the associated loan is secured by the assets
purchased with funding from the grant and from the
loan;

“(2) the agreement in which the terms of the
grant are established is for a period equal to the du-
ration of the associated loan; and

“(3) at any time at which the associated loan
is outstanding, the broadband service provided by
the project will meet the lower of the standards that
would apply under section 601(g)(4) if the associ-
ated loan had been made under section 601.

“(g) PAYMENT ASSISTANCE FOR CERTAIN APPLI-
CANTS UNDER THIS TITLE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the grant pro-
gram under this section, the Secretary, at the sole
discretion of the Secretary, may provide to appli-
cants who are eligible borrowers under this title and
not eligible borrowers under title I or II all or a por-
tion of the grant funds in the form of payment as-
stance.

“(2) PAYMENT ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary
may provide payment assistance under paragraph
(1) by reducing a borrower’s interest rate or periodic principal payments or both.

“(3) AGREEMENT ON MILESTONES AND OBJECTIVES.—With respect to payment assistance provided under paragraph (1), before entering into the agreement for the grant and associated loan under which the payment assistance will be provided, the applicant and the Secretary shall agree to milestones and objectives of the project.

“(4) CONDITION.—The Secretary shall condition any payment assistance provided under paragraph (1) on—

“(A) the applicant fulfilling the terms and conditions of the grant agreement under which the payment assistance will be provided; and

“(B) completion of the milestones and objectives agreed to under paragraph (3).

“(5) AMENDMENT OF MILESTONES AND OBJECTIVES.—The Secretary and the applicant may jointly agree to amend the milestones and objectives agreed to under paragraph (3).

“(h) EXISTING PROJECTS.—The Secretary may not provide a grant under this section to an applicant for a project that was commenced before the date of the enactment of this section.
“(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $350,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 to 2023.”.

SEC. 6103. REQUIRING GUARANTEED BROADBAND LENDING.

Section 601(c)(1) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb(c)(1)) is amended by striking “shall make or guarantee loans” and inserting “shall make loans and shall guarantee loans”.

SEC. 6104. SMART UTILITY AUTHORITY FOR BROADBAND.

(a) Section 331 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1981) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary may allow a recipient of a grant, loan, or loan guarantee provided by the Office of Rural Development under this title to use not more than 10 percent of the amount so provided—

“(A) for any activity for which assistance may be provided under section 601 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936; or

“(B) to construct other broadband infrastructure.

“(2) Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not apply to a recipient who is seeking to provide retail broadband
service in any area where retail broadband service is available at the minimum broadband speeds, as defined under section 601(e) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936.”.

(b) Title I of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 901–918a) is amended by inserting after section

7 the following:

“SEC. 8. LIMITATIONS ON USE OF ASSISTANCE.

“(a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the Secretary may allow a recipient of a grant, loan, or loan guarantee under this title to set aside not more than 10 percent of the amount so received to provide retail broadband service.

“(b) A recipient who sets aside funds under subsection (a) of this section may use the funds only in an area that is not being provided with the minimum acceptable level of broadband service established under section 601(e), unless the recipient meets the requirements of section 601(d).

“(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of any borrower to finance or deploy services authorized under this title.”.

SEC. 6105. MODIFICATIONS TO THE RURAL GIGABIT PROGRAM.

Section 603 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb–2) is amended—
(1) in the section heading, by striking “RURAL GIGABIT NETWORK PILOT” and inserting “INNOVATIVE BROADBAND ADVANCEMENT”;

(2) in subsection (d), by striking “2014 through 2018” and inserting “2019 through 2023”;

(3) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(4) by striking subsections (a) through (c) and inserting the following:

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a program to be known as the ‘Innovative Broadband Advancement Program’, under which the Secretary may provide a grant, a loan, or both to an eligible entity for the purpose of demonstrating innovative broadband technologies or methods of broadband deployment that significantly decrease the cost of broadband deployment, and provide substantially faster broadband speeds than are available, in a rural area.

“(b) RURAL AREA.—In this section, the term ‘rural area’ has the meaning provided in section 601(b)(3).

“(c) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to obtain assistance under this section for a project, an entity shall—

“(1) submit to the Secretary an application—

“(A) that describes a project designed to decrease the cost of broadband deployment, and
substantially increase broadband speed to not less than the 20-year broadband speed established by the Rural Utilities Service under this title, in a rural area to be served by the project; and

“(B) at such time, in such manner, and containing such other information as the Secretary may require;

“(2) demonstrate that the entity is able to carry out the project; and

“(3) agree to complete the project build-out within 5 years after the date the assistance is first provided for the project.

“(d) PRIORITIZATION.—In awarding assistance under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to proposals for projects that—

“(1) involve partnerships between or among multiple entities;

“(2) would provide broadband service to the greatest number of rural residents at or above the minimum broadband speed referred to in subsection (c)(1)(A); and

“(3) the Secretary determines could be replicated in rural areas described in paragraph (2).”
SEC. 6106. UNIFIED BROADBAND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

Section 601 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb) is amended—

(1) in subsection (j)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “Not later than” and all that follows through “section” and inserting “Each year, the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a report that describes the extent of participation in the broadband loan, loan guarantee, and grant programs administered by the Secretary”;

(B) in paragraph (1), by striking “loans applied for and provided under this section” and inserting “loans, loan guarantees, and grants applied for and provided under the programs”;

(C) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “loan”; and

(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking “loans and loan guarantees provided under this section” and inserting “loans, loan guarantees, and grants provided under the programs”;

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(D) in paragraph (3), by striking “loan application under this section” and inserting “application under the programs”; 

(E) in each of paragraphs (4) and (6), by striking “this section” and inserting “the programs”; and 

(F) in paragraph (5)—

(i) by striking “service” and inserting “technology”; and 

(ii) by striking “(b)(1)” and inserting “(c)(1)”;

(2) in subsection (k)(2), in each of subparagraphs (A)(i) and (C), by striking “loans” and inserting “grants, loans,”.

SEC. 6107. IMPROVING ACCESS BY PROVIDING CERTAINTY TO BROADBAND BORROWERS.

(a) TELEPHONE LOAN PROGRAM.—Title II of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 922–928) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 208. AUTHORITY TO OBLIGATE, BUT NOT DISBURSE, FUNDS BEFORE THE COMPLETION OF REVIEWS.

“(a) In general.—The Secretary may obligate, but shall not disburse, funds under this title for a project be-
fore the completion of any otherwise required environ-
mental, historical, or other review of the project.

“(b) Authority to Deobligate Funds.—The Sec-
retary may deobligate funds under this title for a project
if any such review will not be completed within a reason-
able period of time.”.

(b) Rural Broadband Program.—Section 601(d)
of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C.
950bb(d)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(11) Authority to Obligate, but Not Dis-
burse, Funds Before Completion of Reviews;
Authority to Deobligate Funds.—The Secretary
may obligate, but shall not disburse, funds under
this section for a project before the completion of
any otherwise required environmental, historical, or
other review of the project. The Secretary may
deobligate funds under this section for a project if
any such review will not be completed within a rea-
sonable period of time.”.

SEC. 6108. SIMPLIFIED APPLICATION WINDOW.

Section 601(c)(2)(A) of the Rural Electrification Act
of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb(c)(2)(A)) is amended by striking
“not less than 2 evaluation periods” and inserting “1 eval-
uation period”.

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SEC. 6109. ELIMINATION OF REQUIREMENT TO GIVE PRIORITY TO CERTAIN APPLICANTS.

Section 601(c)(2) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb(c)(2)) is amended—

(1) by striking “; and” at the end of subparagraph (C) and inserting a period; and

(2) by striking subparagraph (D).

SEC. 6110. MODIFICATION OF BUILDOUT REQUIREMENT.


(1) by striking “service” and inserting “infrastructure”; and

(2) by striking “3” and inserting “5”.

SEC. 6111. IMPROVING BORROWER REFINANCING OPTIONS.

(a) Refinancing of Broadband Loans.—Section 201 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 922) is amended by inserting “including indebtedness on a loan made under section 601” after “furnishing telephone service in rural areas”.

(b) Refinancing of Other Loans.—Section 601(i) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 950bb(i)) is amended by inserting “, or on any other loan if the purpose for which such other loan was made is a telecommunications purpose for which assistance may be provided under this Act,” before “if the use of”.
SEC. 6112. ELIMINATION OF UNNECESSARY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.


(1) in subclause (I), by striking “and location”;

and

(2) in subclause (IV), by striking “any changes in broadband service adoption rates, including”.

SEC. 6113. ACCESS TO BROADBAND TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES IN RURAL AREAS.

Section 601 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb) is amended—

(1) in subsection (k), by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

“(1) LIMITATIONS ON AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For loans and loan guarantees under this section, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary $150,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, to remain available until expended.”; and

(2) in subsection (l), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6114. MIDDLE MILE BROADBAND INFRASTRUCTURE.

Section 601 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb) is amended—
(1) in subsection (a), by inserting “or middle mile infrastructure” before “in rural areas”;

(2) in subsection (b), by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4) and inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

“(2) MIDDLE MILE INFRASTRUCTURE. — The term ‘middle mile infrastructure’ means any broadband infrastructure that does not connect directly to end user locations (including anchor institutions) and may include interoffice transport, backhaul, Internet connectivity, data centers, or special access transport to rural areas.”;

(3) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “and to construct, improve, or acquire middle mile infrastructure” before “in rural areas”;

(B) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting “, or in the case of middle mile infrastructure, offer the future ability to link,” before “the greatest proportion”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) LIMITATION ON MIDDLE MILE INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS. — The Secretary shall limit loans or loan guarantees for middle mile infrastruc-
ture projects to no more than 20 percent of the
amounts made available to carry out this section.”;

(4) in subsection (d)—

(A) in paragraph (1)(A)—

(i) in clause (i) (as amended by sec-
tion 6101(1) of this Act), by inserting “or
extend middle mile infrastructure” before
“in all”; and

(ii) in clause (iii), by inserting “or
middle mile infrastructure” before “de-
scribed”; 

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in subparagraph (B), by inserting
“or install middle mile infrastructure” be-
fore “in the proposed”;

(ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
clause (ii) and inserting the following:

“(ii) EXCEPTION.—Clause (i) shall
not apply with respect to a project if the
project is eligible for funding under an-
other title of this Act.”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
lowing:

“(D) EXCEPTION FOR MIDDLE MILE IN-
FRASTRUCTURE.—Portions of a middle mile in-

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frasstructure project that ultimately meet the rural service requirements of this section may traverse an area not described in subsection (b)(4) when necessary.”;

(C) in paragraph (4), by inserting “, or construct, improve, or acquire middle mile infra-
structure in,” before “a rural area”;

(D) in paragraph (5)(A)(v), by inserting “or, in the case of middle mile infrastructure, connect” before the semicolon; and

(E) in paragraph (8)(A)(ii)—

(i) in subclause (I), by inserting “or may” before “receive”;

(ii) in subclause (II), by inserting “or capability of middle mile infrastructure” before the semicolon; and

(iii) in subclause (III), by inserting “, if applicable” before the semicolon;

(5) in subsection (i)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by inserting “OR MIDDLE MILE INFRASTRUCTURE” after “SERVICE”; and

(B) by inserting “or middle mile infra-
structure” before “in rural areas”; and
(6) in subsection (j)(6), by inserting “or middle
mile infrastructure” after “service” the 1st and 3rd
places it appears.

SEC. 6115. OUTDATED BROADBAND SYSTEMS.

Title VI of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7
U.S.C. 950bb et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
the following:

“SEC. 605. OUTDATED BROADBAND SYSTEMS.

“Beginning October 1, 2020, the Secretary shall con-
sider any portion of a service territory subject to an out-
standing grant agreement between the Secretary and a
broadband provider in which broadband service is not pro-
vided at at least 10 megabits per second download and
at least 1 megabit per second upload as unserved for the
purposes of all broadband loan programs under this Act,
unless the broadband provider has constructed or begun
to construct broadband facilities in the service territory
that meet the minimum acceptable standard of service es-
tablished under section 601(e)(1) for the area in which
the service territory is located.”.

SEC. 6116. FEDERAL BROADBAND PROGRAM COORDINA-
TION.

(a) Consultation Between USDA and NTIA.—
The Secretary shall consult with the Assistant Secretary
to assist in the verification of eligibility of the broadband
loan and grant programs of the Department of Agriculture. In providing assistance under the preceding sentence, the Assistant Secretary shall make available the broadband assessment and mapping capabilities of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration.

(b) Consultation Between USDA and FCC.—

(1) By USDA.—The Secretary shall consult with the Commission before making a broadband loan or grant for a project to serve an area with respect to which another entity is receiving Connect America Fund or Mobility Fund support under the Federal universal service support mechanisms established under section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254).

(2) By FCC.—The Commission shall consult with the Secretary before offering or providing Connect America Fund or Mobility Fund support under the Federal universal service support mechanisms established under section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254) to serve an area with respect to which another entity has received an award under a broadband loan or grant program of the Department of Agriculture.
(c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, the Commission, and the Assistant Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on how best to coordinate federally supported broadband programs and activities in order to achieve the following objectives:

(1) Promote high-quality broadband service that meets the long-term needs of rural residents and businesses, by evaluating the broadband service needs in rural areas for each decade through 2050.

(2) Support the long-term viability, sustainability, and utility of federally supported rural broadband infrastructure, by analyzing the technical capabilities of the technologies currently available and reasonably expected to be available by 2035 to meet the broadband service needs of rural residents identified under paragraph (1), including by analyzing the following:

(A) The real-world performance of such technologies, including data rates, latency, data
usage restrictions, and other aspects of service quality, as defined by the Commission.

(B) The suitability of each such technology for residential, agricultural, educational, healthcare, commercial, and industrial purposes in rural areas.

(C) The cost to deploy and support such technologies in several rural geographies.

(D) The costs associated with online platforms, specifically the resulting constraints on rural network bandwidth.

(3) Identify and quantify the availability of broadband service and ongoing broadband deployment in rural areas, including ways to do the following:

(A) Harmonize broadband notification and reporting requirements and develop common verification procedures across all federally supported broadband programs.

(B) Consolidate and utilize the existing broadband service data.

(C) Collect and share data on those projects in rural areas where Federal programs are currently supporting broadband deployment,
including areas with respect to which an entity is receiving—

(i) support under a broadband loan or grant program of the Department of Agriculture; or

(ii) Connect America Fund or Mobility Fund support under the Federal universal service support mechanisms established under section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254).

(D) Leverage support technologies and services from online platforms for providers of broadband service in rural areas.

(d) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) Assistant Secretary.—The term “Assistant Secretary” means the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information.

(2) Commission.—The term “Commission” means the Federal Communications Commission.

(3) Rural Area.—The term “rural area” has the meaning given the term in section 601(b)(3) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936.

SEC. 6117. EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) In General.—The amendments made by this subtitle shall not take effect until the Secretary of Agri-
culture has issued final regulations to implement the amendments.

(b) **Deadline for Issuing Regulations.**—Within 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall prescribe final regulations to implement the amendments made by sections 6101 and 6102.

**Subtitle C—Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act**

**SEC. 6201. STRENGTHENING REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES.**

Section 379H of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008v) is amended to read as follows:

“**SEC. 379H. STRATEGIC ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT.**

“(a) **In General.**—In the case of any program as determined by the Secretary, the Secretary shall give priority to an application for a project that, as determined and approved by the Secretary—

“(1) meets the applicable eligibility requirements of this title or other applicable authorizing law; and

“(2) will be carried out in a rural area; and
“(3) supports the implementation of a strategic community investment plan described in subsection (d) on a multisectoral and multijurisdictional basis.

“(b) Reserve.—

“(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall reserve a portion of the funds made available for a fiscal year for programs as determined by the Secretary, for projects that support the implementation of a strategic community investment plan described in subsection (d) on a multisectoral and multijurisdictional basis.

“(2) Period.—The reservation of funds described in paragraph (1) may only extend through a date of the fiscal year in which the funds were first made available, as determined by the Secretary.

“(c) Approved applications.—

“(1) In general.—Any applicant who submitted a funding application that was approved before the date of enactment of this section may amend the application to qualify for the funds reserved under subsection (b).

“(2) Rural utilities.—Any rural development application authorized under section 306(a)(2), 306(a)(14), 306(a)(24), 306A, or 310B(b) and approved by the Secretary before the date of enact-
ment of this section shall be eligible for the funds
reserved under subsection (b) on the same basis as
the applications submitted under this section, until
September 30, 2019.

“(d) STRATEGIC COMMUNITY INVESTMENT PLANS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide
assistance to rural communities for developing stra-
tegic community investment plans.

“(2) PLANS.—A strategic community invest-
ment plan described in paragraph (1) shall include—

“(A) a variety of activities designed to fa-
cilitate a rural community’s vision for its fu-
ture;

“(B) participation by multiple stake-
holders, including local and regional partners;

“(C) leverage of applicable regional re-
sources;

“(D) investment from strategic partners,
such as—

“(i) private organizations;

“(ii) cooperatives;

“(iii) other government entities;

“(iv) Tribes; and

“(v) philanthropic organizations;
“(E) clear objectives with the ability to establish measurable performance metrics;

“(F) action steps for implementation; and

“(G) any other elements necessary to ensure that the plan results in a comprehensive and strategic approach to rural economic development, as determined by the Secretary.

“(3) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall coordinate with tribes and local, State, regional, and Federal partners to develop strategic community investment plans under this subsection.

“(4) LIMITATIONS ON AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated $5,000,000 for fiscal years 2018 through 2023 to carry out this subsection.

“(B) AVAILABILITY.—The amounts made available to carry out this subsection are authorized to remain available until expended.”.

SEC. 6202. EXPANDING ACCESS TO CREDIT FOR RURAL COMMUNITIES.

(a) CERTAIN PROGRAMS UNDER THE CONSOLIDATED FARM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT ACT.—Section 343(a)(13) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991(a)(13)) is amended—
(1) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) in the heading, by striking “AND GUARANTEED”; and

(B) in the text—

(i) by striking “and guaranteed”; and

(ii) by striking “(1), (2), and (24)” and inserting “(1) and (2)”;

(2) in subparagraph (C)—

(A) by striking “and guaranteed”; and

(B) by striking “(21), and (24)” and inserting “and (21)”.

(b) RURAL BROADBAND PROGRAM.—Paragraph (4)(A)(ii) of section 601(b) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb(b)), as redesignated by section 6114(2), is amended by inserting “in the case of a direct loan,” before “a city”.

SEC. 6203. PROVIDING FOR ADDITIONAL FEES FOR GUARANTEED LOANS.

(a) CERTAIN PROGRAMS UNDER THE CONSOLIDATED FARM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT ACT.—Section 333 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1983) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph (5);
(2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (6) and inserting ‘‘; and’’; and
(3) by adding at the end the following:

‘‘(7) in the case of an insured or guaranteed loan issued or modified under section 306(a), charge and collect from the recipient of the insured or guaranteed loan fees in such amounts as are necessary so that the sum of the total amount of fees so charged in each fiscal year and the total of the amounts appropriated for all such insured or guaranteed loans for the fiscal year equals the subsidy cost for the insured or guaranteed loans in the fiscal year.’’.

(b) RURAL BROADBAND PROGRAM.—Section 601(c) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb(c)), as amended by section 6114, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

‘‘(4) FEES.—In the case of a loan guarantee issued or modified under this section, the Secretary shall charge and collect from the recipient of the guarantee fees in such amounts as are necessary so that the sum of the total amount of fees so charged in each fiscal year and the total of the amounts appropriated for all such loan guarantees for the fiscal
year equals the subsidy cost for the loan guarantees in the fiscal year.”.

SEC. 6204. WATER, WASTE DISPOSAL, AND WASTEWATER FACILITY GRANTS.

Section 306(a)(2)(B) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)(2)(B)) is amended—

(1) in clause (iii), by striking “$100,000” each place it appears and inserting “$200,000”; and

(2) in clause (vii), by striking “$30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2018” and inserting “$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023”.

SEC. 6205. RURAL WATER AND WASTEWATER TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND TRAINING PROGRAMS.

(a) Section 306(a)(14)(A) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)(14)(A)) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of clause (ii);

(2) by striking the period at the end of clause (iii) and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(iv) identify options to enhance long-term sustainability of rural water and waste systems to include operational prac-
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tices, revenue enhancements, policy revi-

visions, partnerships, consolidation, regional-

ization, or contract services.”.

(b) Section 306(a)(14)(C) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)(14)(C)) is amended by striking “1 nor more than

3” and inserting “3 nor more than 5”.

SEC. 6206. RURAL WATER AND WASTEWATER CIRCUIT

RIDER PROGRAM.

Section 306(a)(22)(B) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)(22)(B)) is amended by striking “$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2014” and inserting “$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2018”.

SEC. 6207. TRIBAL COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY ESSENTIAL

COMMUNITY FACILITIES.

Section 306(a)(25)(C) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)(25)(C)) is amended by striking “$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2018” and inserting “$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023”.

SEC. 6208. EMERGENCY AND IMMINENT COMMUNITY

WATER ASSISTANCE GRANT PROGRAM.

Section 306A(i) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926a(i)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking subparagraph

(B) and inserting the following:
“(B) Release.—

“(i) In general.—Except as provided in clause (ii), funds reserved under subparagraph (A) for a fiscal year shall be reserved only until July 1 of the fiscal year.

“(ii) Exception.—In response to an eligible community where the drinking water supplies are inadequate due to a natural disaster, as determined by the Secretary, including drought or severe weather, the Secretary may provide potable water under this section for an additional period not to exceed 120 days beyond the established period otherwise provided under this section, in order to protect public health.’’; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking ‘‘$35,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2018’’ and inserting ‘‘$27,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023’’.
SEC. 6209. WATER SYSTEMS FOR RURAL AND NATIVE VILLAGES IN ALASKA.

Section 306D(d)(1) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926d(d)(1)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6210. HOUSEHOLD WATER WELL SYSTEMS.

Section 306E(d) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926e(d)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6211. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT GRANTS.

Section 310B(b)(2) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(b)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6212. RURAL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.

Section 310B(c)(4)(A) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(c)(4)(A)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6213. RURAL COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.

(a) In General.—Section 310B(e)(13) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(e)(13)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(b) Technical Correction.—Section 310B(e)(11)(B)(i) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(e)(11)(B)(i)) is amended by striking “(12)” and inserting “(13)”. 
SEC. 6214. LOCALLY OR REGIONALLY PRODUCED AGRICULTURAL FOOD PRODUCTS.


SEC. 6215. APPROPRIATE TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER FOR RURAL AREAS PROGRAM.

Section 310B(i)(4) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(i)(4)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6216. RURAL ECONOMIC AREA PARTNERSHIP ZONES.

Section 310B(j) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(j)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6217. INTERMEDIARY RELENDING PROGRAM.

Section 310H(e) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1936b(e)) is amended by striking “$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2018” and inserting “$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023”.

SEC. 6218. EXCLUSION OF PRISON POPULATIONS FROM DEFINITION OF RURAL AREA.

Section 343(a)(13) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991(a)(13) is amended—
(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “(G)” and inserting “(H)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(H) EXCLUSION OF POPULATIONS INCARCERATED ON A LONG-TERM BASIS.—Populations of individuals incarcerated on a long-term or regional basis shall not be included in determining whether an area is ‘rural’ or a ‘rural area’.”.

SEC. 6219. NATIONAL RURAL DEVELOPMENT PARTNERSHIP.

Section 378 of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008m) is amended—

(1) in subsection (g)(1), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(2) in subsection (h), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6220. GRANTS FOR NOAA WEATHER RADIO TRANSMITTERS.

Section 379B(d) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008p(d)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.
SEC. 6221. RURAL MICROENTREPRENEUR ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 379E(d) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008s(d)) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) FUNDING.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $4,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.

SEC. 6222. HEALTH CARE SERVICES.

Section 379G(e) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2008u(e)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6223. DELTA REGIONAL AUTHORITY.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 382M(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2009aa–12(a)) is amended by striking “2008 through 2018” and inserting “2019 through 2023”.

(b) Termination of Authority.—Section 382N of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2009aa–13) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6224. NORTHERN GREAT PLAINS REGIONAL AUTHORITY.

(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 383N(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2009bb–12(a)) is amended by striking
“$30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2018” and inserting “$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023”.

(b) Termination of Authority.—Section 383O of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2009bb–13) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6225. RURAL BUSINESS INVESTMENT PROGRAM.

Section 384S of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2009cc–18) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

Subtitle D—Rural Electrification Act of 1936

SEC. 6301. GUARANTEES FOR BONDS AND NOTES ISSUED FOR ELECTRIFICATION OR TELEPHONE PURPOSES.

Section 313A(f) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 940c–1(f)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6302. EXPANSION OF 911 ACCESS.

Section 315(d) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 940e(d)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.
SEC. 6303. IMPROVEMENTS TO THE GUARANTEED UNDERWRITER PROGRAM.

(a) Section 313A of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 940c–1) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“(a) GUARANTEES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary shall guarantee payments on bonds or notes issued by cooperative or other lenders organized on a not-for-profit basis, if the proceeds of the bonds or notes are used to make utility infrastructure loans, or refinance bonds or notes issued for such purposes, to a borrower that has at any time received, or is eligible to receive, a loan under this Act.

“(2) TERMS.—A bond or note guaranteed under this section shall—

“(A) have a term of 35 years; and

“(B) by agreement between the Secretary and the borrower, be repaid by the borrower by—

“(i) periodic installments of principal and interest;

“(ii) periodic installments of interest and, at the end of the term of the bond or
note, by the repayment of the outstanding principal; or

“(iii) a combination of the methods for repayment provided under clauses (i) and (ii).”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “for eligible electrification or telephone purposes consistent with this Act” and inserting “to borrowers described in subsection (a)”;

(B) in paragraph (3)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “for electrification or telephone purposes” and inserting “to borrowers under this Act”;

(ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking “for eligible purposes described in subsection (a)” and inserting “to borrowers described in subsection (a)”.

(b)(1) The Secretary shall carry out section 313A of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 940c–1), including the amendments made by this section, under a Notice of Solicitation of Applications until all regulations necessary to carry out the amendments made by this section are fully implemented.
(2) Paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 6304. EXTENSION OF THE RURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LOAN AND GRANT PROGRAM.


(b) Section 313(b)(2) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 940c(b)(2)) is amended—

(1) by striking all that precedes “shall maintain” and inserting the following:

“(2) RURAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SUBACCOUNT.—The Secretary”; and

(2) by striking subparagraphs (B) through (E).

(c) Title III of such Act (7 U.S.C. 931–940h) is amended by inserting after section 313A the following:

“SEC. 313B. RURAL DEVELOPMENT LOANS AND GRANTS.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide grants or zero interest loans to borrowers under this Act for the purpose of promoting rural economic development and job creation projects, including funding for project feasibility studies, start-up costs, incubator projects, and other reasonable expenses for the purpose of fostering rural development.
“(b) Repayments.—In the case of zero interest loans, the Secretary shall establish such reasonable repayment terms as will encourage borrower participation.

“(c) Proceeds.—All proceeds from the repayment of such loans made under this section shall be returned to the subaccount that the Secretary shall maintain in accordance with sections 313(b)(2) and 313B(f).

“(d) Number of Grants.—Loans and grants required under this section shall be made during each fiscal year to the full extent of the amounts made available under subsection (e).

“(e) Funding.—

“(1) Discretionary Funding.—In addition to other funds that are available to carry out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated not more than $10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023 to carry out this section, to remain available until expended.

“(2) Other Funds.—In addition to the funds described in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall use to provide grants and loans under this section—

“(A) the interest differential sums credited to the subaccount described in subsection (e); and
“(B) subject to section 313A(e)(2), the fees described in subsection (c)(4) of such section.

“(f) MAINTENANCE OF ACCOUNT.—The Secretary shall maintain the subaccount described in section 313(b)(2), as in effect in fiscal year 2017, for purposes of carrying out this section.”.

(d) Section 313A of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 940c–1) is amended—

(1) in subsection (e)(4)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “maintained under section 313(b)(2)(A)” and inserting “that shall be maintained as required by sections 313(b)(2) and 313B(f)”;

(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking “313(b)(2)(B)” and inserting “313(b)(2)”;

(2) in subsection (e)(2), by striking “maintained under section 313(b)(2)(A)” and inserting “required to be maintained by sections 313(b)(2) and 313B(f)”.

(e)(1) Subject to section 313B(e) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (as added by this section), the Secretary of Agriculture shall carry out the loan and grant program required under such section in the same manner as the loan and grant program under section 313(b)(2)
of such Act is carried out on the day before the date of
the enactment of this Act, until such time as any regula-
tions necessary to carry out the amendments made by this
section are fully implemented.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date of the
enactment of this Act.

Subtitle E—Farm Security and
Rural Investment Act of 2002

SEC. 6401. RURAL ENERGY SAVINGS PROGRAM.

Section 6407 of the Farm Security and Rural Invest-
ment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8107a) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (4)
through (7) as paragraphs (5) through (8), re-
spectively;

(B) by inserting after paragraph (3) the
following:

“(4) ELIGIBILITY FOR OTHER LOANS.—The
Secretary shall not include any debt incurred under
this section in the calculation of a borrower’s debt-
equity ratio for purposes of eligibility for loans made
pursuant to the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7
U.S.C. 901 et. seq.).”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:
“(9) ACCOUNTING.—The Secretary shall take appropriate steps to streamline the accounting requirements imposed on borrowers under this section while maintaining adequate assurances of repayment of the loan.”;

(2) in subsection (d)(1)(A), by striking “3 percent” and inserting “5 percent”;

(3) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (i);

(4) by inserting after subsection (g) the following:

“(h) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Agriculture and Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and Appropriations of the Senate a report that describes—

“(1) the number of applications received under this section in such fiscal year;

“(2) the number of loans made to eligible entities under this section in such fiscal year; and

“(3) the recipients of such loans.”; and

(5) in subsection (i), as so redesignated, by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 6402. BIOBASED MARKETS PROGRAM.

Section 9002 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8102) is amended—

(1) by amending subsection (i) to read as follows:

“(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.”;

and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(k) WOOD AND WOOD-BASED PRODUCTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a Federal agency may not place limitations on the procurement of wood and wood-based products that are more limiting than those in this section.”.

SEC. 6403. BIOREFINERY, RENEWABLE, CHEMICAL, AND BIOBASED PRODUCT MANUFACTURING ASSISTANCE.

Section 9003 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8103) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(3)(A), by striking “and” at the end and inserting “or”; and

(2) by amending subsection (g) to read as follows:
“(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $75,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.”.

SEC. 6404. REPOWERING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 9004(d) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8104(d)) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.”.

SEC. 6405. BIOENERGY PROGRAM FOR ADVANCED BIOFUELS.

Section 9005 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8105) is amended—

(1) in subsection (e)—

(A) by striking “The Secretary may” and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(1) Amount.—The Secretary shall”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) Feedstock.—The total amount of payments made in a fiscal year under this section to one or more eligible producers for the production of advanced biofuels derived from a single eligible commodity shall not exceed one-third of the total
amount of funds made available under subsection (g).”; and

(2) in subsection (g)—

(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”; and

(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2).

SEC. 6406. BIODIESEL FUEL EDUCATION PROGRAM.

Section 9006(d) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8106(d)) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.

SEC. 6407. RURAL ENERGY FOR AMERICA PROGRAM.

Section 9007(g) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8107(g)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(E), by striking “for fiscal year 2014 and each fiscal year thereafter” and inserting “for each of the fiscal years 2014 through 2018”; and
(2) in paragraph (3), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6408. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION FOR GRANTS AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE MADE UNDER THE RURAL ENERGY FOR AMERICA PROGRAM.

Section 9007 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8107) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION.—The provision of a grant or financial assistance under this section to any electric generating facility, including one fueled with wind, solar, or biomass, that has a rating of 10 average megawatts or less is a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from any requirement to prepare an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).”.

SEC. 6409. RURAL ENERGY SELF-SUFFICIENCY INITIATIVE.

Section 9009 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8109) is repealed.

SEC. 6410. FEEDSTOCK FLEXIBILITY.

Section 9010(b) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8110(b)) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6411. BIOMASS CROP ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 9011(f) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8111(f)) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.

Subtitle F—Miscellaneous

SEC. 6501. VALUE-ADDED AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT MARKET DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.

Section 231(b)(7) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 1632a(b)(7)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking “$40,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2018” and inserting “$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023”; and

(2) by striking subparagraph (A) and redesignating subparagraphs (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively.
SEC. 6502. AGRICULTURE INNOVATION CENTER DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.

Section 6402(i) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 1632b(i)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6503. REGIONAL ECONOMIC AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT COMMISSIONS.

Section 15751(a) of title 40, United States Code, is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 6504. DEFINITION OF RURAL AREA FOR PURPOSES OF THE HOUSING ACT OF 1949.

The second sentence of section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1490) is amended—

(1) by striking “or 2010 decennial census” and inserting “2010, or 2020 decennial census”;

(2) by striking “December 31, 2010,” and inserting “December 31, 2020,”; and

(3) by striking “year 2020” and inserting “year 2030”.

SEC. 6505. LIMITED EXCLUSION OF MILITARY BASE RESIDENTS FROM DEFINITION OF RURAL AREA.

(a) Programs Under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act.—Section 343(a)(13) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1991(a)(13)), as amended by section 6218 of this Act, is amended—
(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking ``(H)'' and inserting ``(I)''; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

``(I) LIMITED EXCLUSION OF MILITARY BASE POPULATIONS.—The first 1,500 individuals who reside in housing located on a military base shall not be included in determining whether an area is `rural' or a `rural area'.''.

(b) RURAL BROADBAND LOANS AND GUARANTEE PROGRAM.—Section 601(b)(3) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950bb(b)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(C) EXCLUSION OF MILITARY BASE POPULATIONS.—The first 1,500 individuals who reside in housing located on a military base shall not be included in determining whether an area is a `rural area'.''.

(c) DISTANCE LEARNING AND TELEMEDICINE LOANS AND GRANTS.—Section 2332 of the Food Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 950aaa–1) is amended by adding at the end the following:

``(4) RURAL AREA.—The term `rural area' has the meaning given the term in section 601(b)(3) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936.''.

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Subtitle G—Program Repeals

SEC. 6601. ELIMINATION OF UNFUNDED PROGRAMS.

(a) Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act.—

(1) Repealers.—The following provisions of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act are hereby repealed:

(A) Section 306(a)(23) (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)(23)).

(B) Section 310B(f) (7 U.S.C. 1932(f)).

(C) Section 379 (7 U.S.C. 2008n).

(D) Section 379A (7 U.S.C. 2008o).

(E) Section 379C (7 U.S.C. 2008q).

(F) Section 379D (7 U.S.C. 2008r).

(G) Section 379F (7 U.S.C. 2008t).


(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section 333A(h) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1983a(h)) is amended by striking “310B(f),”.

(b) Rural Electrification Act of 1936.—

(1) In general.—The following provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 are hereby repealed:

(A) Section 314 (7 U.S.C. 940d).
(B) Section 602 (7 U.S.C. 950bb–1).

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Sections 604 and 605 of such Act, as added by sections 6102 and 6115 of this Act, are redesignated as sections 602 and 604, respectively, and section 602 (as so redesignated) is transferred to just after section 601 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936.

SEC. 6602. REPEAL OF RURAL TELEPHONE BANK.

(a) REPEAL.—Title IV of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 941–950b) is repealed.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 18 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 918) is amended in each of subsections (a) and (b) by striking “and the Governor of the telephone bank”.

(2) Section 204 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 925) is amended by striking “and the Governor of the telephone bank”.

(3) Section 205(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 926) is amended—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “and the Governor of the telephone bank”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “or the Governor of the telephone bank”.

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(4) Section 206(a) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 927(a)) is amended—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “and the Governor of the telephone bank”; and

(B) in paragraph (4), by striking “or 408”.

(5) Section 206(b) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 927(b)) is amended—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “and the Governor of the telephone bank”;

(B) in paragraph (1), by striking “, or a Rural Telephone Bank loan,”; and

(C) in paragraph (2), by striking “, the Rural Telephone Bank,”.

(6) Section 207(1) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 928(1)) is amended—

(A) by striking “305,” and inserting “305 or”; and

(B) by striking “, or a loan under section 408,”.

(7) Section 301 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 931) is amended—
(A) in paragraph (3), by striking “except for net collection proceeds previously appropriated for the purchase of class A stock in the Rural Telephone Bank,”;

(B) by adding “or” at the end of paragraph (4);

(C) by striking “; and” at the end of paragraph (5) and inserting a period; and

(D) by striking paragraph (6).

(8) Section 305(d)(2)(B) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 935(d)(2)(B)) is amended—

(A) in clause (i), by striking “and a loan under section 408”; and

(B) in clause (ii), by striking “and under section 408” each place it appears.

(9) Section 305(d)(3)(C) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 935(d)(3)(C)) is amended by striking “and section 408(b)(4)(C), the Secretary and the Governor of the telephone bank” and inserting “the Secretary”.

(10) Section 306 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 936) is amended by striking “the Rural Telephone Bank, National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corporation,” and inserting “the National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corporation”.

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(11) Section 309 of such Act (7 U.S.C. 739) is amended by striking the last sentence.

(12) Section 2352(b) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 901 note) is amended by striking “the Rural Telephone Bank and”.

(13) The first section of Public Law 92–12 (7 U.S.C. 921a) is repealed.

(14) The first section of Public Law 92–324 (7 U.S.C. 921b) is repealed.

(15) Section 1414 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (7 U.S.C. 944a) is repealed.

(16) Section 1411 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987 (7 U.S.C. 948 notes) is amended by striking subsections (a) and (b).

(17) Section 3.8(b)(1)(A) of the Farm Credit Act of 1971 (12 U.S.C. 2129(b)(1)(A)) is amended by striking “or a loan or loan commitment from the Rural Telephone Bank,.”.

(18) Section 105(d) of the National Consumer Cooperative Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 3015(d)) is amended by striking “the Rural Telephone Bank,.”.

(19) Section 9101 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
(A) in paragraph (2), by striking subparagraph (H) and redesignating subparagraphs (I), (J), and (K) as subparagraphs (H), (I), and (J), respectively; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking subparagraph (K) and redesignating subparagraphs (L) through (R) as subparagraphs (K) through (P), respectively.

(20) Section 9108(d)(2) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking “the Rural Telephone Bank (when the ownership, control, and operation of the Bank are converted under section 410(a) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 950(a))),”.

SEC. 6603. AMENDMENTS TO LOCAL TV ACT.

The Launching Our Communities’ Access to Local Television Act of 2000 (title X of H.R. 5548 of the 106th Congress, as enacted by section 1(a)(2) of Public Law 106–553; 114 Stat. 2762A–128) is amended—

(1) by striking the title heading and inserting the following:

“TITLE X—SATELLITE CARRIER RETRANSMISSION ELIGIBILITY”; 

(2) by striking sections 1001 through 1007 and 1009 through 1012; and
(3) by redesignating section 1008 as section 1001.

Subtitle H—Technical Corrections

SEC. 6701. CORRECTIONS RELATING TO THE CONSOLIDATED FARM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT ACT.

(a)(1) Section 306(a)(19)(A) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1926(a)(19)(A)) is amended by inserting after “nonprofit corporations” the following: “, Indian Tribes (as defined in section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act)”.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall take effect as if included in section 773 of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001 (H.R. 5426 of the 106th Congress, as enacted by Public Law 106–387 (114 Stat. 1549A–45)) in lieu of the amendment made by such section.

(b)(1) Section 309A(b) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1929a(b)) is amended by striking “and section 308”.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section
661(c)(2) of the Federal Agricultural Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–127).

(c) Section 310B(c)(3)(A)(v) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(c)(3)(A)(v)) is amended by striking “and” after the semicolon and inserting “or”.

(d)(1) Section 310B(e)(5)(F) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1932(e)(5)(F)) is amended by inserting “, except that the Secretary shall not require non-Federal financial support in an amount that is greater than 5 percent in the case of a 1994 institution (as defined in section 532 of the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note; Public Law 103–382))” before the period at the end.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 6015 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–171).

(e)(1) Section 381E(d)(3) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2009d(d)(3)) is amended by striking subparagraph (A) and redesignating subparagraphs (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively.
(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 6012(b) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Public Law 113–79).

(f)(1) Section 382A of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2009aa) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the State of Alabama shall be a full member of the Delta Regional Authority and shall be entitled to all rights and privileges that said membership affords to all other participating States in the Delta Regional Authority.”.

(2) The amendment made by this subsection shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 153(b) of division B of H.R. 5666, as introduced in the 106th Congress, and as enacted by section 1(4) of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2001 (Appendix D of Public Law 106–554; 114 Stat. 2763A–252).

(g) Section 382E(a)(1)(B) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C.2009aa-4(a)(1)(B)) is amended by moving clause (iv) 2 ems to the right.

(h) Section 383G(c) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2009bb-5(c)) is amend—
(1) in the subsection heading by striking “TELECOMMUNICATION RENEWABLE ENERGY,” and inserting “TELECOMMUNICATION, RENEWABLE ENERGY,”; and

(2) in the text, by striking “,” and inserting a comma.

SEC. 6702. CORRECTIONS RELATING TO THE RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ACT OF 1936.

(a) Section 201 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7 U.S.C. 922) is amended in the 3rd sentence by striking “wildest” and inserting “widest”.


(2) The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 6104(a)(2)(E) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (Public Law 113–79).

Subtitle I—Precision Agriculture Connectivity

SEC. 6801. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) Precision agriculture technologies and practices allow farmers to significantly increase crop yields, eliminate overlap in operations, and reduce
inputs such as seed, fertilizer, pesticides, water, and fuel.

(2) These technologies allow farmers to collect data in real time about their fields, automate field management, and maximize resources.

(3) Studies estimate that precision agriculture technologies can reduce agricultural operation costs by up to 25 dollars per acre and increase farm yields by up to 70 percent by 2050.

(4) The critical cost savings and productivity benefits of precision agriculture cannot be realized without the availability of reliable broadband Internet access service delivered to the agricultural land of the United States.

(5) The deployment of broadband Internet access service to unserved and underserved agricultural land is critical to the United States economy and to the continued leadership of the United States in global food production.

(6) Despite the growing demand for broadband Internet access service on agricultural land, broadband Internet access service is not consistently available where needed for agricultural operations.

(7) The Federal Communications Commission has an important role to play in the deployment of
broadband Internet access service on unserved and underserved agricultural land to promote precision agriculture.

SEC. 6802. TASK FORCE FOR REVIEWING THE CONNECTIVITY AND TECHNOLOGY NEEDS OF PRECISION AGRICULTURE.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term “broadband Internet access service” has the meaning given the term in section 8.2 of title 47, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regulation;

(2) the term “Commission” means the Federal Communications Commission;

(3) the term “Department” means the Department of Agriculture; and

(4) the term “Task Force” means the Task Force for Reviewing the Connectivity and Technology Needs of Precision Agriculture in the United States established under subsection (b).

(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall establish the Task Force for Reviewing the Connectivity and Technology Needs of Precision Agriculture in the United States.

(c) DUTIES.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—The Task Force shall consult with the Secretary, or a designee of the Secretary, and collaborate with public and private stakeholders in the agriculture and technology fields to—

(A) identify and measure current gaps in the availability of broadband Internet access service on agricultural land;

(B) develop policy recommendations to promote the rapid, expanded deployment of broadband Internet access service on unserved agricultural land, with a goal of achieving reliable capabilities on 95 percent of agricultural land in the United States by 2025;

(C) promote effective policy and regulatory solutions that encourage the adoption of broadband Internet access service on farms and ranches and promote precision agriculture;

(D) recommend specific new rules or amendments to existing rules of the Commission that the Commission should issue to achieve the goals and purposes of the policy recommendations described in subparagraph (B);

(E) recommend specific steps that the Commission should take to obtain reliable and
standardized data measurements of the availability of broadband Internet access service as may be necessary to target funding support, from existing or future programs of the Commission dedicated to the deployment of broadband Internet access service, to unserved agricultural land in need of broadband Internet access service; and

(F) recommend specific steps that the Commission should consider to ensure that the expertise of the Secretary and available farm data are reflected in existing or future programs of the Commission dedicated to the infrastructure deployment of broadband Internet access service and to direct available funding to unserved agricultural land where needed.

(2) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary, or a designee of the Secretary, shall explain and make available to the Task Force the expertise, data mapping information, and resources of the Department that the Department uses to identify cropland, ranchland, and other areas with agricultural operations that may be helpful in developing the recommendations required under paragraph (1).
(3) **LIST OF AVAILABLE FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND RESOURCES.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Commission shall jointly submit to the Task Force a list of all Federal programs or resources available for the expansion of broadband Internet access service on unserved agricultural land to assist the Task Force in carrying out the duties of the Task Force.

(d) **MEMBERSHIP.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Task Force shall be—

(A) composed of not more than 15 voting members who shall—

(i) be selected by the Chairman of the Commission, in consultation with the Secretary; and

(ii) include—

(I) agricultural producers representing diverse geographic regions and farm sizes, including owners and operators of farms of less than 100 acres;

(II) Internet service providers, including regional or rural fixed and mobile broadband Internet access
service providers and telecommunications infrastructure providers;

(III) representatives from the electric cooperative industry;

(IV) representatives from the satellite industry;

(V) representatives from precision agriculture equipment manufacturers, including drone manufacturers, manufacturers of autonomous agricultural machinery, and manufacturers of farming robotics technologies; and

(VI) representatives from State and local governments; and

(B) fairly balanced in terms of technologies, points of view, and fields represented on the Task Force.

(2) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT; VACANCIES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A member of the Committee appointed under paragraph (1)(A) shall serve for a single term of 2 years.

(B) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy in the Task Force—
(i) shall not affect the powers of the
Task Force; and

(ii) shall be filled in the same manner
as the original appointment.

(3) Ex-officio member.—The Secretary, or a
designee of the Secretary, shall serve as an ex-offi-
cio, nonvoting member of the Task Force.

(e) Reports.—Not later than 1 year after the date
on which the Commission establishes the Task Force, and
annually thereafter, the Task Force shall submit to the
Chairman of the Commission a report, which shall be
made public not later than 30 days after the date on which
the Chairman receives the report, that details—

(1) the status of fixed and mobile broadband
Internet access service coverage of agricultural land;

(2) the projected future connectivity needs of
agricultural operations, farmers, and ranchers; and

(3) the steps being taken to accurately measure
the availability of broadband Internet access service
on agricultural land and the limitations of current,
as of the date of the report, measurement processes.

(f) Termination.—The Commission shall renew the
Task Force every 2 years until the Task Force terminates
on January 1, 2025.
TITLE VII—RESEARCH, EXTENSION, AND RELATED MATTERS


SEC. 7101. INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURE RESEARCH.

Section 1402 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3101) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (7), by striking “and” at the end;

(2) in paragraph (8), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(9) support international scientific collaboration that leverages resources and advances the food and agricultural interests of the United States.”.

SEC. 7102. MATTERS RELATED TO CERTAIN SCHOOL DESIGNATIONS AND DECLARATIONS.

(a) STUDY OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES.—

(1) AMENDMENT.—Section 1404(14) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and
Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(14)) is amended—

(A) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—

“(i) DEFINITION.—The terms ‘NLGCA Institution’ and ‘non-land-grant college of agriculture’ mean a public college or university offering a baccalaureate or higher degree in the study of agricultural sciences, forestry, or both in any area of study specified in clause (ii).

“(ii) CLARIFICATION.—For purposes of clause (i), an area of study specified in this clause is any of the following:

“(I) Agriculture.

“(II) Agricultural business and management.

“(III) Agricultural economics.

“(IV) Agricultural mechanization.

“(V) Agricultural production operations.

“(VI) Aquaculture.
“(VII) Agricultural and food products processing.

“(VIII) Agricultural and domestic animal services.

“(IX) Equestrian or equine studies.

“(X) Applied horticulture or horticulture operations.

“(XI) Ornamental horticulture.

“(XII) Greenhouse operations and management.

“(XIII) Turf and turfgrass management.

“(XIV) Plant nursery operations and management.

“(XV) Floriculture or floristry operations and management.

“(XVI) International agriculture.

“(XVII) Agricultural public services.

“(XVIII) Agricultural and extension education services.

“(XIX) Agricultural communication or agricultural journalism.

“(XX) Animal sciences.
“(XXI) Food science.
“(XXII) Plant sciences.
“(XXIII) Soil sciences.
“(XXIV) Forestry.
“(XXV) Forest sciences and biology.
“(XXVI) Natural resources or conservation.
“(XXVII) Natural resources management and policy.
“(XXVIII) Natural resource economics.
“(XXIX) Urban forestry.
“(XXX) Wood science and wood products or pulp or paper technology.
“(XXXI) Range science and management.
“(XXXII) Agricultural engineering.”; and

(B) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting “any institution designated under” after “include”;
(ii) by striking clause (i); and
(iii) in clause (ii)—
(I) by striking “(ii) any institution designated under—”;

(II) by striking subclause (IV);

(III) in subclause (II), by adding “or” at the end;

(IV) in subclause (III), by striking “; or” at the end and inserting a period; and

(V) by redesignating subclauses (I), (II), and (III) (as so amended) as clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), respectively, and by moving the margins of such clauses (as so redesignated) two ems to the left.

(2) Designation review.—

(A) In general.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish a process to review each designated NLGCA Institution (as defined in section 1404(14)(A) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103(14)(A))) to ensure compliance with such section, as amended by this subsection.
(B) VIOLATION.—An NLGCA Institution that the Secretary determines under subpara-
graph (A) to be not in compliance shall have the designation of such institution revoked.

(b) TERMINATION OF CERTAIN DECLARATIONS OF INTENT.—Section 1404 of the National Agricultural Re-
search, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5)(B), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and
(2) in paragraph (10)(C), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7103. NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH, EXTEN-
SION, EDUCATION, AND ECONOMICS ADVI-
SORY BOARD.

Section 1408 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3123) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “25” and inserting “15”; and

(B) by amending paragraph (3) to read as follows:
“(3) MEMBERSHIP CATEGORIES.—The Advisory Board shall consist of members from each of the following categories:

“(A) 3 members representing national farm or producer organizations, which may include members—

“(i) representing farm cooperatives;

“(ii) who are producers actively engaged in the production of a food animal commodity and who are recommended by a coalition of national livestock organizations;

“(iii) who are producers actively engaged in the production of a plant commodity and who are recommended by a coalition of national crop organizations; or

“(iv) who are producers actively engaged in aquaculture and who are recommended by a coalition of national aquacultural organizations.

“(B) 2 members representing academic or research societies, which may include members representing—

“(i) a national food animal science society;
“(ii) a national crop, soil, agronomy, horticulture, plant pathology, or weed science society;

“(iii) a national food science organization;

“(iv) a national human health association; or

“(v) a national nutritional science society.

“(C) 5 members representing agricultural research, extension, and education, which shall include each of the following:

“(i) 1 member representing the land-grant colleges and universities eligible to receive funds under the Act of July 2, 1862 (7 U.S.C. 301 et seq.).

“(ii) 1 member representing the land-grant colleges and universities eligible to receive funds under the Act of August 30, 1890 (7 U.S.C. 321 et seq.), including Tuskegee University.

“(iii) 1 member representing the 1994 Institutions (as defined in section 532 of the Equity in Educational Land-Grant
Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note; Public Law 103–382)).

“(iv) 1 member representing NLGCA Institutions or Hispanic-serving institutions.

“(v) 1 member representing the American Colleges of Veterinary Medicine.

“(D) 5 members representing industry, consumer, or rural interests, including members representing—

“(i) entities engaged in transportation of food and agricultural products to domestic and foreign markets;

“(ii) food retailing and marketing interests;

“(iii) food and fiber processors;

“(iv) rural economic development interests;

“(v) a national consumer interest group;

“(vi) a national forestry group;

“(vii) a national conservation or natural resource group;

“(viii) a national social science association; or
“(ix) private sector organizations involved in international development.”;

(2) in subsection (e)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “review and” and inserting “make recommendations, review, and”;

(ii) by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following new subparagraph:

“(A) long-term and short-term national policies and priorities consistent with the—

“(i) purposes specified in section 1402 for agricultural research, extension, education, and economies; and

“(ii) priority areas of the Agriculture and Food Research Initiative specified in subsection (b)(2) of the Competitive, Special, and Facilities Research Grant Act (7 U.S.C. 3157(b)(2));”; and

(iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking clause (i) and inserting the following new clause:

“(i) are in accordance with the—
“(I) purposes specified in a provision of a covered law (as defined in subsection (d) of section 1492) under which competitive grants (described in subsection (c) of such section) are awarded; and

“(II) priority areas of the Agriculture and Food Research Initiative specified in subsection (b)(2) of the Competitive, Special, and Facilities Research Grant Act (7 U.S.C. 3157(b)(2)); and’’;

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting “and make recommendations to the Secretary based on such evaluation” after “priorities”; and

(C) in paragraph (4), by inserting “and make recommendations on” after “review”; and

(3) in subsection (h), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7104. SPECIALTY CROP COMMITTEE.

Section 1408A(a)(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3123a(a)(2)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “speciality” and inserting “specialty”;
(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) in the matter preceding clause (i), by
striking “9” and inserting “11”; and

(B) in clause (i), by striking “Three” and
inserting “Five”; and

(3) in subparagraph (D), by striking “2018”
and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7105. RENEWABLE ENERGY COMMITTEE DISCONTINUED.

Subtitle B of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3121 et seq.) is amended by striking section 1408B.

SEC. 7106. REPORT ON ALLOCATIONS AND MATCHING FUNDS FOR 1890 INSTITUTIONS.

The Secretary of Agriculture shall annually transmit to Congress a report on the allocations made to, and matching funds received by, eligible institutions pursuant to sections 1444 and 1445 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3221, 3222).

SEC. 7107. GRANTS AND FELLOWSHIPS FOR FOOD AND AGRICULTURE SCIENCES EDUCATION.

Section 1417(m)(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7
U.S.C. 3152(m)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7108. AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD POLICY RESEARCH CENTERS.

Section 1419A(e) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3155(e)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7109. EDUCATION GRANTS TO ALASKA NATIVE SERVING INSTITUTIONS AND NATIVE HAWAIIAN SERVING INSTITUTIONS.

Section 1419B of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3156) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(3), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(2) in subsection (b)(3), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7110. REPEAL OF NUTRITION EDUCATION PROGRAM.

SEC. 7111. CONTINUING ANIMAL HEALTH AND DISEASE RESEARCH PROGRAMS.

Section 1433(c)(1) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3195(c)(1)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7112. EXTENSION CARRYOVER AT 1890 LAND-GRANT COLLEGES, INCLUDING TUSKEGEE UNIVERSITY.

Effective on October 1, 2018, section 1444(a) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3221(a)) is amended by striking paragraph (4).

SEC. 7113. RESEARCH AND EXTENSION FUNDING EQUITY FOR RECENTLY DESIGNATED 1890 INSTITUTIONS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Section 1444(b) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3221(b)) is amended, in the matter following paragraph (2)(B), by adding at the end the following: “Beginning with fiscal year 2019, in making the calculation under paragraph (1), any recently designated 1890 Institution shall be deemed to have been designated as an eligible institution on or before September 30, 1978. For purposes of the preceding sentence, a ‘recently des-
ignated 1890 Institution’ means an 1890 Institution des-
ignated as such on or after September 30, 1999.”).
(b) RESEARCH.—Section 1445 of the National Agri-
cultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of
1977 (7 U.S.C. 3222) is amended— by adding at the end
the following new paragraph:
“(3) Beginning with fiscal year 2019, in mak-
ing the calculation under paragraph (2)(A), any re-
cently designated 1890 Institution (as defined in
section 1444(b)) shall be deemed to have been des-
ignated as an eligible institution on or before Sep-
tember 30, 1978.”.

SEC. 7114. SCHOLARSHIPS FOR STUDENTS AT 1890 INSTITU-
ITIONS.
Subtitle G of the National Agricultural Research, Ex-
tension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 is amended by
inserting after section 1445 (7 U.S.C. 3222) the following
new section:
“SEC. 1446. SCHOLARSHIPS FOR STUDENTS AT 1890 INSTI-
TUTIONS.
“(a) IN GENERAL.—
“(1) SCHOLARSHIP GRANT PROGRAM ESTAB-
LISHED.—The Secretary shall establish and carry
out a grant program to make grants to each college
or university eligible to receive funds under the Act
of August 30, 1890 (commonly known as the Second
Morrill Act; 7 U.S.C. 322 et seq.), including
Tuskegee University, for purposes of awarding scholar-
ships to individuals who—

“(A) have been accepted for admission at
such college or university;

“(B) will be enrolled at such college or uni-
versity not later than one year after the date of
such acceptance; and

“(C) intend to pursue a career in the food
and agricultural sciences, including a career
in—

“(i) agribusiness;

“(ii) energy and renewable fuels; or

“(iii) financial management.

“(2) AMOUNT OF GRANT.—Each grant made
under this section shall be in the amount of
$1,000,000.

“(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
$19,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.
SEC. 7115. GRANTS TO UPGRADE AGRICULTURAL AND FOOD SCIENCES FACILITIES AT 1890 LAND-GRAVT COLLEGES, INCLUDING TUSKEGEE UNIVERSITY.

Section 1447(b) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3222b(b)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7116. GRANTS TO UPGRADE AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SCIENCES FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT AT INSULAR AREA LAND-GRANT INSTITUTIONS.

Section 1447B(d) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3222b–2(d)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7117. HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTIONS.

Section 1455(c) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3241(c)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7118. LAND-GRANT DESIGNATION.

Subtitle C of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3151 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:
“SEC. 1419C. LAND-GRANT DESIGNATION.

“(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning on the date of the enactment of this section, no additional entity may be designated as eligible to receive funds under a covered program.

“(b) State Funding.—No State shall receive an increase in funding under a covered program as a result of the State’s designation of additional entities as eligible to receive such funding.

“(c) Covered Program Defined.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘covered program’ means agricultural research, extension, education, and related programs or grants established or available under any of the following:

“(1) Subsections (b), (c), and (d) of section 3 of the Smith-Lever Act (7 U.S.C. 343).

“(2) The Hatch Act of 1887 (7 U.S.C. 361a et seq.).


“(4) Public Law 87–788 (commonly known as the McIntire-Stennis Cooperative Forestry Act; 16 U.S.C. 582a et seq.).
“(d) EXCEPTION.—Nothing in this section shall be
construed as limiting eligibility for a capacity and infra-
structure program specified in section 251(f)(1)(C) of the
Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7
U.S.C. 6971(f)(1)(C)) that is not a covered program.”.

SEC. 7119. COMPETITIVE GRANTS FOR INTERNATIONAL AG-
RICULTURAL SCIENCE AND EDUCATION PRO-
GRAMS.

Section 1459A(c)(2) of the National Agricultural Re-
search, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7
U.S.C. 3292b(c)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and
inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7120. LIMITATION ON INDIRECT COSTS FOR AGRICUL-
TURAL RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND EXTEN-
SION PROGRAMS.

Section 1462 of the National Agricultural Research,
3310) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “22 percent”
and inserting “30 percent”; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “Subsection
(a)” and inserting “Subsections (a) and (c)”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(c) TREATMENT OF SUBGRANTS.—In the case of a
grant described in subsection (a), the limitation on indi-
rect costs specified in such subsection shall be applied to both the initial grant award and any subgrant of the Federal funds provided under the initial grant award so that the total of all indirect costs charged against the total of the Federal funds provided under the initial grant award does not exceed such limitation.”.

SEC. 7121. RESEARCH EQUIPMENT GRANTS.

The National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 is amended by inserting after section 1462 (7 U.S.C. 3310) the following new section:

“SEC. 1462A. RESEARCH EQUIPMENT GRANTS.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make competitive grants for the acquisition of special purpose scientific research equipment for use in the food and agricultural sciences programs of eligible institutions.

“(b) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The amount of a grant made to an eligible institution under this section may not exceed $500,000.

“(c) PROHIBITION ON CHARGE OR EQUIPMENT AS INDIRECT COSTS.—The cost of acquisition or depreciation of equipment purchased with a grant under this section shall not be—

“(1) charged as an indirect cost against another Federal grant; or
“(2) included as part of the indirect cost pool for purposes of calculating the indirect cost rate of an eligible institution.

“(d) Eligible Institutions Defined.—In this section, the term ‘eligible institution’ means—

“(1) a college or university; or

“(2) a State cooperative institution.

“(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.

SEC. 7122. UNIVERSITY RESEARCH.

Section 1463 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3311) is amended by striking “2018” each place it appears in subsections (a) and (b) and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7123. EXTENSION SERVICE.

Section 1464 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3312) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7124. SUPPLEMENTAL AND ALTERNATIVE CROPS.

Section 1473D of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3319d) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—
(A) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(B) by striking “crops,” and inserting “crops (including canola),”; 

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by inserting “for agronomic rotational purposes and for use as a habitat for honey bees and other pollinators” after “alternative crops”; and

(B) by striking “commodities whose” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting “commodities.”; and

(3) in subsection (e)(2), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7125. CAPACITY BUILDING GRANTS FOR NLGCA INSTITUTIONS.

Section 1473F(b) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3319i(b)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7126. AQUACULTURE ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

Section 1477(a)(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3324(a)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 7127. RANGELAND RESEARCH PROGRAMS.

Section 1483(a)(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3336(a)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7128. SPECIAL AUTHORIZATION FOR BIOSECURITY PLANNING AND RESPONSE.

Section 1484 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3351) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) $30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting “and cooperative agreements” after “competitive grants”;

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking “make competitive grants” and inserting “award com-
petitive grants and cooperative agreements”;
and
(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
“(5) To coordinate the tactical science activities of the Research, Education, and Economics mission area of the Department that protect the integrity, reliability, sustainability, and profitability of the food and agricultural system of the United States against biosecurity threats from pests, diseases, contaminants, and disasters.”.

SEC. 7129. DISTANCE EDUCATION AND RESIDENT INSTRUCTION GRANTS PROGRAM FOR INSULAR AREA INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

(a) Distance Education Grants for Insular Areas.—Section 1490(f)(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3362(f)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(b) Resident Instruction Grants for Insular Areas.—Section 1491(c)(2) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3363(c)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 7130. REMOVAL OF MATCHING FUNDS REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN GRANTS.

Section 1492(d) of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3371(d)) is amended by striking paragraph (5).

Subtitle B—Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990

SEC. 7201. BEST UTILIZATION OF BIOLOGICAL APPLICATIONS.

Section 1624 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5814) is amended in the first sentence by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7202. INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS.

Section 1627(d) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5821(d)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7203. SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND TRANSFER PROGRAM.

Section 1628(f)(2) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5831(f)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7204. NATIONAL TRAINING PROGRAM.

Section 1629(i) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5832(i)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.
SEC. 7205. NATIONAL GENETICS RESOURCES PROGRAM.

Section 1635(b)(2) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5844(b)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7206. NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL WEATHER INFORMATION SYSTEM.

Section 1641(c) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5855(c)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7207. AGRICULTURAL GENOME TO PHENOME INITIATIVE.

Section 1671 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5924) is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by inserting “TO PHENOME” after “GENOME”;

(2) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

“(a) GOALS.—The goals of this section are—

“(1) to expand knowledge concerning genomes and phenomes of crops of importance to United States agriculture;

“(2) to understand how variable weather, environments, and production systems impact the growth and productivity of specific varieties of crops, thereby providing greater accuracy in predicting crop performance under variable growing conditions;
“(3) to support research that leverages plant genomic information with phenotypic and environmental data through an interdisciplinary framework, leading to a novel understanding of plant processes that affect crop growth, productivity, and the ability to predict crop performance, resulting in the deployment of superior varieties to growers and improved crop management recommendations for farmers;

“(4) to promote and coordinate research linking genomics and predictive phenomics at different sites nationally to achieve advances in crops that generate societal benefits;

“(5) to combine fields such as genetics, genomics, plant physiology, agronomy, climatology, and crop modeling with computation and informatics, statistics, and engineering;

“(6) to focus on crops that will yield scientifically important results that will enhance the usefulness of many other crops;

“(7) to build on genomic research, such as the Plant Genome Research Project, to understand gene function in production environments that are expected to have considerable payoffs for crops of importance to United States agriculture;
“(8) to develop improved data analytics to enhance understanding of the biological function of crop genes;

“(9) to allow resources developed under this section, including data, software, germplasm, and other biological materials, to be openly accessible to all persons, subject to any confidentiality requirements imposed by law; and

“(10) to encourage international partnerships with each partner country responsible for financing its own research.”;

(3) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

“(b) DUTIES OF SECRETARY.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall conduct a research initiative (to be known as the ‘Agricultural Genome to Phenome Initiative’) for the purpose of—

“(1) studying agriculturally significant crops in production environments to achieve sustainable and secure agricultural production;

“(2) ensuring that current gaps in existing knowledge of agricultural crop genetics and phenomics knowledge are filled;
“(3) identifying and developing a functional under-
derstanding of agronomically relevant genes from
crops of importance to United States agriculture;
“(4) ensuring future genetic improvement of
crops of importance to United States agriculture;
“(5) studying the relevance of diverse
germplasm as a source of unique genes that may be
of importance to United States agriculture in the fu-
ture;
“(6) enhancing crop genetics to reduce the eco-
nomic impact of plant pathogens on crops of impor-
tance to United States agriculture; and
“(7) disseminating findings to relevant audi-
ences.”;

(4) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting “, acting
through the National Institute of Food and Agri-
culture,” after “The Secretary”;
(5) in subsection (e), by inserting “to
Phenome” after “Genome”; and
(6) by adding at the end the following new sub-
section:
“(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
$30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.
SEC. 7208. HIGH-PRIORITY RESEARCH AND EXTENSION INITIATIVES.

Section 1672 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5925) is amended—

(1) in subsection (d)—

(A) in paragraph (8)—

(i) in the heading, by striking “ALFALFA AND FORAGE” and inserting “ALFALFA SEED AND ALFALFA FORAGE SYSTEMS”; 

(ii) by striking “alfalfa and forage” and inserting “alfalfa seed and alfalfa forage systems”; and

(iii) by striking “alfalfa and other forages, and” and inserting “alfalfa seed and other alfalfa forage”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(11) MACADAMIA TREE HEALTH INITIATIVE.—

Research and extension grants may be made under this section for the purposes of—

“(A) developing and disseminating science-based tools and treatments to combat the macadamia felted coccid (Eriococcus ironsidei); and

“(B) establishing an areawide integrated pest management program in areas affected by,
or areas at risk of being affected by, the macadamia felted coccid.

“(12) NATIONAL TURFGRASS RESEARCH INITIATIVE.—Research and extension grants may be made under this section for the purposes of—

“(A) carrying out or enhancing research related to turfgrass and sod issues;

“(B) enhancing production and uses of turfgrass for the general public;

“(C) identifying new turfgrass varieties with superior drought, heat, cold, and pest tolerance to reduce water, fertilizer, and pesticide use;

“(D) selecting genetically superior turfgrasses and developing improved technologies for managing commercial, residential, and recreational turfgrass areas;

“(E) producing turfgrasses that—

“(i) aid in mitigating soil erosion;

“(ii) protect against pollutant runoff into waterways; or

“(iii) provide other environmental benefits;
“(F) investigating, preserving, and protecting native plant species, including grasses not currently utilized in turfgrass systems;

“(G) creating systems for more economical and viable turfgrass seed and sod production throughout the United States; and

“(H) investigating the turfgrass phytobiome and developing biologic products to enhance soil, enrich plants, and mitigate pests.

“(13) FERTILIZER MANAGEMENT INITIATIVE.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Research and extension grants may be made under this section for the purpose of carrying out research to improve fertilizer use efficiency in crops—

“(i) to maximize crop yield; and

“(ii) to minimize nutrient losses to surface and groundwater and the atmosphere.

“(B) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall give priority to research examining the impact of the source, rate, timing, and placement of plant nutrients.
“(14) CATTLE FEVER TICK PROGRAM.—Research and extension grants may be made under this section to study cattle fever ticks—

“(A) to facilitate the understanding of the role of wildlife in the persistence and spread of cattle fever ticks;

“(B) to develop advanced methods for eradication of cattle fever ticks, including—

“(i) alternative treatment methods for cattle and other susceptible species;

“(ii) field treatment for premises, including corral pens and pasture loafing areas;

“(iii) methods for treatment and control on infested wildlife;

“(iv) biological control agents; and

“(v) new and improved vaccines;

“(C) to evaluate rangeland vegetation that impacts the survival of cattle fever ticks;

“(D) to improve management of diseases relating to cattle fever ticks that are associated with wildlife, livestock, and human health;

“(E) to improve diagnostic detection of tick-infested or infected animals and pastures; and
“(F) to conduct outreach to impacted ranchers, hunters, and landowners to integrate tactics and document sustainability of best practices.

“(15) LAYING HEN AND TURKEY RESEARCH PROGRAM.—Research grants may be made under this section for the purpose of improving the efficiency and sustainability of laying hen and turkey production through integrated, collaborative research and technology transfer. Emphasis may be placed on laying hen and turkey disease prevention, antimicrobial resistance, nutrition, gut health, and alternative housing systems under extreme seasonal weather conditions.

“(16) CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE.—Research and extension grants may be made under this section for projects relating to treating, mitigating, or eliminating chronic wasting disease.

“(17) ALGAE AGRICULTURE RESEARCH PROGRAM.—Research and extension grants may be made under this section for the development and testing of algae and algae systems (including micro- and macro-algae systems).”;

(2) in subsection (e)(5), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”;
(3) in subsection (f)(5), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”;

(4) in subsection (g), by striking “2018” each place it appears and inserting “2023”; and

(5) in subsection (h), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7209. ORGANIC AGRICULTURE RESEARCH AND EXTENSION INITIATIVE.

Section 1672B of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5925b) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(7), by inserting “, soil health,” after “conservation”; and

(2) in subsection (e)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in subparagraph (B), by striking “and” at the end;

(ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

(iii) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(D) $30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)—
(i) in the paragraph heading, by striking “FOR FISCAL YEARS 2014 THROUGH 2018”; and

(ii) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7210. FARM BUSINESS MANAGEMENT.

Section 1672D of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5925f) is amended—

(1) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may make competitive research and extension grants for the purpose of improving the farm management knowledge and skills of agricultural producers by maintaining and expanding a national, publicly available farm financial management database to support improved farm management.”;

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking “and producer” and inserting “educational programs and”; and

(B) in paragraph (4), by striking “use and support” and inserting “contribute data to”; and
(3) in subsection (d)(2), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7211. CLARIFICATION OF VETERAN ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM FOR FARMERS WITH DISABILITIES.

Section 1680 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 5933) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(7) CLARIFICATION OF APPLICATION OF VISIONS TO VETERANS WITH DISABILITIES.—This subsection shall apply with respect to veterans with disabilities, and their families, who—

“(A) are engaged in farming or farm-related occupations; or

“(B) are pursuing new farming opportunities.”;

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by inserting “(including veterans)” after “individuals”; and

(B) by inserting “or, in the case of veterans with disabilities, who are pursuing new farming opportunities” before the period at the end; and
(3) in subsection (c)(1)(B), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7212. NATIONAL RURAL INFORMATION CENTER CLEARINGHOUSE.

Section 2381(e) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 3125b(e)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

Subtitle C—Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998

SEC. 7300. ENDING LIMITATION ON FUNDING UNDER NATIONAL FOOD SAFETY TRAINING, EDUCATION, EXTENSION, OUTREACH, AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 405(e)(3) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, And Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7625(e)(3)) is amended to read as follows:

“(3) TERM OF GRANT.—A grant under this section shall have a term that is not more than 3 years.”.

SEC. 7301. NATIONAL FOOD SAFETY TRAINING, EDUCATION, EXTENSION, OUTREACH, AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 405(j) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7625(j)) is amended to read as follows:

“(3) TERM OF GRANT.—A grant under this section shall have a term that is not more than 3 years.”.
7625(j)) is amended by striking “2011 through 2015” and inserting “2019 through 2023”.

SEC. 7302. INTEGRATED RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND EXTENSION COMPETITIVE GRANTS PROGRAM.

Section 406(e) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7626(e)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7303. SUPPORT FOR RESEARCH REGARDING DISEASES OF WHEAT, TRITICALE, AND BARLEY CAUSED BY FUSARIUM GRAMINEARUM OR BY TILLETIA INDICA.

Section 408(e)(2) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7628(e)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7304. GRANTS FOR YOUTH ORGANIZATIONS.

Section 410(d)(2) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7630(d)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7305. SPECIALTY CROP RESEARCH INITIATIVE.

(a) ELEMENTS OF INITIATIVE.—Section 412(b) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7632(b)) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (1)—
   (A) in subparagraph (D), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;
   (B) in subparagraph (E), by adding “and” at the end; and
   (C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
   “(F) size-controlling rootstock systems for perennial crops;”;
(2) in paragraph (2)—
   (A) by striking “including threats to specialty crop pollinators;” and inserting the following: “including—
   “(A) threats to specialty crop pollinators; and”;
   (B) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
   “(B) emerging and invasive species;”;
(3) in paragraph (3), by striking “marketing);” and inserting the following: “marketing) and a better understanding of the soil rhizosphere microbiome, including—
   “(A) pesticide application systems and certified drift-reduction technologies; and
“(B) systems to improve and extend storage life of specialty crops;”;

(4) by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively;

(5) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:

“(4) efforts to promote a more effective understanding and use of existing natural enemy complexes;”; and

(6) in paragraph (5) (as redesignated by paragraph (4))—

(A) by striking “including improved mechanization and technologies that delay or inhibit ripening; and” and inserting the following: “including—

“(A) technologies that delay or inhibit ripening;”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

“(B) mechanization and automation of labor-intensive tasks on farms and in packing facilities;

“(C) decision support systems driven by phenology and environmental factors;
“(D) improved monitoring systems for agricultural pests; and
“(E) effective systems for pre- and post-harvest management of quarantine pests; and”.

(b) PRIORITIES.—Section 412(h)(1) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7632(h)(1)) is amended by striking “multi-institutional” and inserting “or multi-institutional”.

(c) EMERGENCY CITRUS DISEASE RESEARCH AND EXTENSION PROGRAM.—Section 412 of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7632) is amended—

(1) in subsection (j)(5), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(2) in subsection (k)(1)(C), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 412(k)(2) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7632(k)(2)) is amended—

(1) in the subsection heading, by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(2) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 7306. FOOD ANIMAL RESIDUE AVOIDANCE DATABASE PROGRAM.

Section 604(e) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7642(e)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7307. OFFICE OF PEST MANAGEMENT POLICY.

Section 614(f)(2) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7653(f)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7308. FORESTRY PRODUCTS ADVANCED UTILIZATION RESEARCH.

Section 617(f)(1) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998 (7 U.S.C. 7655b(f)(1)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

Subtitle D—Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008

PART I—AGRICULTURAL SECURITY

SEC. 7401. AGRICULTURAL BIOSECURITY COMMUNICATION CENTER.

Section 14112(c)(2) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 8912(c)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

•HR 2 EH
SEC. 7402. ASSISTANCE TO BUILD LOCAL CAPACITY IN AGRICULTURAL BIOSECURITY PLANNING, PREPARATION, AND RESPONSE.

Section 14113 of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 8913) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2)(B), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(2) in subsection (b)(2)(B), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7403. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF AGRICULTURAL COUNTERMEASURES.

Section 14121(b)(2) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 8921(b)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7404. AGRICULTURAL BIOSECURITY GRANT PROGRAM.

Section 14122(e)(2) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 8922(e)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

PART II—MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 7411. GRAZINGLANDS RESEARCH LABORATORY.


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SEC. 7412. NATURAL PRODUCTS RESEARCH PROGRAM.
Section 7525(e) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 5937(e)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7413. SUN GRANT PROGRAM.
Section 7526(g) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 8114(g)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

Subtitle E—Amendments to Other Laws

SEC. 7501. CRITICAL AGRICULTURAL MATERIALS ACT.
Section 16(a)(2) of the Critical Agricultural Materials Act (7 U.S.C. 178n(a)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7502. EQUITY IN EDUCATIONAL LAND-GRANT STATUS ACT OF 1994.
(a) 1994 INSTITUTION DEFINED.—Section 532 of the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note; Public Law 103–382) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 532. DEFINITION OF 1994 INSTITUTION.

“In this part, the term ‘1994 Institution’ means any of the following colleges:

“(1) Aaniiih Nakoda College.

“(2) Bay Mills Community College.

“(3) Blackfeet Community College.
“(4) Cankdeska Cikana Community College.
“(5) Chief Dull Knife College.
“(6) College of Menominee Nation.
“(7) College of the Muscogee Nation.
“(8) D–Q University.
“(9) Dine College.
“(10) Fond du Lac Tribal and Community College.
“(11) Fort Peck Community College.
“(12) Haskell Indian Nations University.
“(13) Ilisagvik College.
“(14) Institute of American Indian and Alaska Native Culture and Arts Development.
“(15) Keweenaw Bay Ojibwa Community College.
“(16) Lac Courte Oreilles Ojibwa Community College.
“(17) Leech Lake Tribal College.
“(18) Little Big Horn College.
“(19) Little Priest Tribal College.
“(20) Navajo Technical University.
“(21) Nebraska Indian Community College.
“(22) Northwest Indian College.
“(23) Nueta Hidatsa Sahnish College.
“(24) Oglala Lakota College.
“(25) Red Lake Nation College.
“(26) Saginaw Chippewa Tribal College.
“(27) Salish Kootenai College.
“(28) Sinte Gleska University.
“(29) Sisseton Wahpeton College.
“(30) Sitting Bull College.
“(31) Southwestern Indian Polytechnic Institute.
“(32) Stone Child College.
“(33) Tohono O’odham Community College.
“(34) Turtle Mountain Community College.
“(35) United Tribes Technical College.
“(36) White Earth Tribal and Community College.”.

(b) ENDOWMENT FOR 1994 INSTITUTIONS.—Section 533(b) of the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note; Public Law 103–382) is amended in the first sentence by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(c) INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING GRANTS.—Section 535 of the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note; Public Law 103–382) is amended by striking “2018” each place it appears in subsections (b)(1) and (c) and inserting “2023”.
(d) **RESEARCH GRANTS.**—Section 536(c) of the Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note; Public Law 103–382) is amended in the first sentence by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

**SEC. 7503. RESEARCH FACILITIES ACT.**

(a) **AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH FACILITY DEFINED.**—The Research Facilities Act is amended—

(1) in section 2(1) (7 U.S.C. 390(1)) by striking “a college, university, or nonprofit institution” and inserting “an entity eligible to receive funds under a capacity and infrastructure program (as defined in section 251(f)(1)(C) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6971(f)(1)(C)))”; and

(2) in section 3(c)(2)(D) (7 U.S.C. 390a(c)(2)(D)), by striking “recipient college, university, or nonprofit institution” and inserting “recipient entity”.

(b) **LONG-TERM SUPPORT.**—Section 3(c)(2)(D) of the Research Facilities Act (7 U.S.C. 390a(c)(2)(D)), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by striking “operating costs” and inserting “operating and maintenance costs”.
(c) COMPETITIVE GRANT PROGRAM.—The Research Facilities Act is amended by inserting after section 3 (7 U.S.C. 390a) the following new section:

"SEC. 4. COMPETITIVE GRANT PROGRAM.

"The Secretary shall establish a program to make competitive grants to assist in the construction, alteration, acquisition, modernization, renovation, or remodeling of agricultural research facilities."

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS AND FUNDING LIMITATIONS.—Section 6 of the Research Facilities Act (7 U.S.C. 390d) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking “subsection (b),” and inserting “subsections (b), (c), and (d),”;

(B) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new sentence: “Funds appropriated pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be available until expended.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsections:

“(e) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—Not more than 25 percent of the funds made available pursuant to subsection (a) for
any fiscal year shall be used for any single agricultural
research facility project.

“(d) PROJECT LIMITATION.—An entity eligible to re-
ceive funds under this Act may receive funds for only one
project at a time.”.

SEC. 7504. COMPETITIVE, SPECIAL, AND FACILITIES RE-
SEARCH GRANT ACT.

Subsection (b) of the Competitive, Special, and Fa-
cilities Research Grant Act (7 U.S.C. 3157(b)) is amend-
ed—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (D)—

(i) by redesignating clauses (iii)
through (vii) as clauses (iv) through (viii),
respectively; and

(ii) by inserting after clause (ii) the
following new clause:

“(iii) soil health;”;

(B) in subparagraph (E)—

(i) in clause (iii), by striking “and” at
the end;

(ii) in clause (iv), by striking the pe-
riod at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
lowing new clause:
“(v) tools that accelerate the use of automation or mechanization for labor-intensive tasks in the production and distribution of crops.”; and

(C) in subparagraph (F)—

(i) in clause (vi), by striking “and” at the end;

(ii) in clause (vii), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following new clause:

“(viii) barriers and bridges to entry and farm viability for young, beginning, socially disadvantaged, veteran, and immigrant farmers and ranchers, including farm succession, transition, transfer, entry, and profitability issues.”;

(2) in paragraph (5)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by striking “and” at the end; and

(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period at the end and inserting the following:

“that—

“(i) is of national scope; or
“(ii) is commodity-specific, so long as any such funds allocated for commodity-specific research are matched with funds from a non-Federal source at least equal to the amount of such funds so allocated.”;

(3) in paragraph (9)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking clause (iii); and

(B) in subparagraph (B)—

(i) in clause (i), by striking “clauses (ii) and (iii)” and inserting “clause (ii); and

(ii) by striking clause (iii); and

(4) in paragraph (11)(A)—

(A) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(B) in clause (ii), by striking “4” and inserting “5”.

SEC. 7505. RENEWABLE RESOURCES EXTENSION ACT OF 1978.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 6 of the Renewable Resources Extension Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 1675) is amended in the first sentence by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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(b) TERMINATION DATE.—Section 8 of the Renewable Resources Extension Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 1671 note; Public Law 95–306) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7506. NATIONAL AQUACULTURE ACT OF 1980.

Section 10 of the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 (16 U.S.C. 2809) is amended by striking “2018” each place it appears and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7507. BEGINNING FARMER AND RANCHER DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

Section 7405 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 3319f) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (b) and redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b);

(2) in subsection (b), as so redesignated—

(A) in the heading, by striking “GRANTS” and inserting “PROGRAMS”;

(B) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a beginning farmer and rancher development program to provide training, education, outreach, and technical assistance initiatives to increase opportunities for beginning farmers or ranchers.”;
(C) by inserting “or cooperative agreements” after “grants” each place it appears;

(D) by inserting “or cooperative agreement” after “grant” each place it appears;

(E) by striking “subsection” each place it appears and inserting “section”;

(F) by amending paragraph (4) to read as follows:

“(4) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), to be eligible to receive a grant under this subsection, a recipient shall provide a match in the form of cash or in-kind contributions in an amount equal to 25 percent of the funds provided by the grant.

“(B) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary may waive or reduce the matching requirement in subparagraph (A) if the Secretary determines such a waiver or modification is necessary to effectively reach an underserved area or population.”; and

(G) by striking paragraph (8), and redesignating paragraphs (9), (10), (11), and (12) as paragraphs (8), (9), (10), and (11), respectively;
(3) by inserting after subsection (b), as so re-
designated, the following new subsection:

“(c) GRANT REQUIREMENTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this sec-
tion, the Secretary shall make competitive grants to
support new and established local and regional train-
ing, education, outreach, and technical assistance
initiatives to increase opportunities for beginning
farmers or ranchers, including programs and serv-
ices (as appropriate) relating to—

“(A) basic livestock, forest management,
and crop farming practices;

“(B) innovative farm, ranch, and private
nonindustrial forest land access, and transfer
and succession strategies and programs;

“(C) entrepreneurship and business train-
ing;

“(D) financial and risk management train-
ing (including the acquisition and management
of agricultural credit);

“(E) natural resource management and
planning;

“(F) diversification and marketing strate-
gies;

“(G) curriculum development;
“(H) mentoring, apprenticeships, and internships;

“(I) resources and referral;

“(J) farm financial benchmarking;

“(K) technical assistance to help beginning farmers or ranchers acquire land from retiring farmers and ranchers;

“(L) agricultural rehabilitation and vocational training for veterans;

“(M) food safety (including good agricultural practices training);

“(N) farm safety and awareness; and

“(O) other similar subject areas of use to beginning farmers or ranchers.

“(2) SET-ASIDE.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less than 5 percent of the funds used to carry out this subsection for a fiscal year shall be used to support programs and services that address the needs of—

“(i) limited resource beginning farmers or ranchers (as defined by the Secretary);

“(ii) socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers (as defined in section 355(e) of
the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 2003(e))) who are beginning farmers and ranchers; and

“(iii) farmworkers desiring to become farmers or ranchers.

“(B) VETERAN FARMERS AND RANCHERS.—Not less than 5 percent of the funds used to carry out this subsection for a fiscal year shall be used to support programs and services that address the needs of veteran farmers and ranchers (as defined in section 2501(e) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 2279(e))).”;

(4) in subsection (d)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) by striking “and conduct” and inserting “, conduct”; and

(ii) by striking the period at the end and inserting “, or provide training and technical assistance initiatives for beginning farmers or ranchers or for trainers and service providers that work with beginning farmers or ranchers.”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)—
(i) by inserting “, educational programs and workshops, or training and technical assistance initiatives” after “curricula”; and

(ii) by striking “modules” and inserting “content”;

(5) in subsection (g)—

(A) by inserting “(including retiring farmers and nonfarming landowners)” before “from participating in programs”; and

(B) by striking “educating” and inserting “increasing opportunities for”; and

(6) in subsection (h)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in the heading, by striking “FOR FISCAL YEARS 2009 THROUGH 2018”; and

(ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”;

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in the paragraph heading, by striking “FOR FISCAL YEARS 2014 THROUGH 2018”; and

(ii) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(C) by striking paragraph (3).
SEC. 7508. FEDERAL AGRICULTURE RESEARCH FACILITIES.

Section 1431 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act Amendments of 1985 (title XIV of Public Law 99–198; 99 Stat. 1556) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 7509. BIOMASS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

Section 9008(h) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8108(h)) is amended to read as follows:

“(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.

Subtitle F—Other Matters

SEC. 7601. ENHANCED USE LEASE AUTHORITY PROGRAM.

(a) Transition to Permanent Program.—Section 308 of the Federal Crop Insurance Reform and Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 3125a note) is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “PILOT”; and

(2) in subsection (a), by striking “pilot”.

(b) No Onsite Sales.—Section 308(b)(1)(C) of the Federal Crop Insurance Reform and Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 is amended by inserting “onsite” before “public”.

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(c) Termination of Authority Extended.—Section 308(b)(6)(A) of the Federal Crop Insurance Reform and Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 3125a note) is amended by striking “on the date that is 10 years after the date of enactment of this section” and inserting “on June 18, 2023”.

(d) Reports.—Section 308(d)(2) of the Federal Crop Insurance Reform and Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 3125a note) is amended by striking “Not later than 6, 8, and 10 years after the date of enactment of this section” and inserting “Not later than June 18, 2019, June 18, 2021, and June 18, 2023”.

SEC. 7602. FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY.

Subparagraph (B) of section 251(d)(2) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6971(d)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

“(B) ensure that agricultural research, education, extension, economics, and statistical programs—

“(i) are effectively coordinated and integrated—

“(I) across disciplines, agencies, and institutions; and
“(II) among applicable participants, grantees, and beneficiaries; and
“(ii) address the priority areas of the Agriculture and Food Research Initiative specified in subsection (b)(2) of the Competitive, Special, and Facilities Research Grant Act (7 U.S.C. 3157(b)(2));”.

SEC. 7603. REINSTATEMENT OF DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA MATCHING REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN LAND-GRANT UNIVERSITY ASSISTANCE.

(a) In General.—Section 209(c) of the District of Columbia Public Postsecondary Education Reorganization Act (Public Law 93–471; sec. 38–1202.09(c), D.C. Official Code) is amended in the first sentence, by striking the period at the end and inserting “, which may be used to pay no more than one-half of the total cost of providing such extension work.”.

(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 2018.

SEC. 7604. FARMLAND TENURE, TRANSITION, AND ENTRY DATA INITIATIVE.

(a) In General.—The Secretary shall collect and report data and analysis on farmland ownership, tenure, transition, and entry of beginning farmers or ranchers.
(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

(1) collect and distribute comprehensive annual reporting of trends in farmland ownership, tenure, transition, barriers to entry, profitability, and viability of beginning farmers or ranchers; and

(2) develop surveys and report statistical and economic analysis on farmland ownership, tenure, transition, barriers to entry, profitability, and viability of beginning farmers or ranchers.

(c) FUNDING.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, to remain available until expended.

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT REGARDING CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION.—Section 1770(d) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (7 U.S.C. 2276(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (11), by striking “or” at the end;

(2) in paragraph (12), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
“(13) section 7604 of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018.”.

SEC. 7605. TRANSFER OF ADMINISTRATIVE JURISDICTION, PORTION OF HENRY A. WALLACE BELTSVILLE AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH CENTER, BELTSVILLE, MARYLAND.

(a) Transfer Authorized.—The Secretary of Agriculture may transfer to the administrative jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Treasury a parcel of real property at the Henry A. Wallace Beltsville Agricultural Research Center consisting of approximately 100 acres, which was originally acquired by the United States through land acquisitions in 1910 and 1925 and is generally located off of Poultry Road lying between Powder Mill Road and Odell Road in Beltsville, Maryland, for the purpose of facilitating the establishment of Bureau of Engraving and Printing facilities on the parcel.

(b) Legal Description and Map.—

(1) Preparation.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall prepare a legal description and map of the parcel of real property to be transferred under subsection (a).

(2) Force of Law.—The legal description and map prepared under paragraph (1) shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act, ex-
cept that the Secretary of Agriculture may correct
ers in the legal description and map.

(c) **Retention of Interests.**—The transfer of ad-
ministrative jurisdiction under subsection (a) shall be sub-
ject to easements and rights of record and such other res-
ervations, terms, and conditions as the Secretary of Agri-
culture considers to be necessary.

(d) **Waiver.**—The parcel of real property to be
transferred under subsection (a) is exempt from Federal
screening for other possible use as there is an identified
Federal need for the parcel as the site for Bureau of En-
graving and Printing facilities.

(e) **Condition on Transfer.**—As a condition of the
transfer of administrative jurisdiction under subsection
(a), the Secretary of the Treasury shall agree to pay the
Secretary of Agriculture the following costs:

(1) The appraisal required under subsection (f).

(2) Any environmental or administrative anal-
ysis required by Federal law with respect to the real
property so transferred.

(3) Any necessary survey of such real property.

(4) Any hazardous substances assessment of
such real property.

(f) **Appraisal.**—To determine the fair market value
of the parcel of real property to be transferred under sub-
section (a), the Secretary of the Treasury shall have the
parcel appraised for its highest and best use in conformity
with the Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land
Acquisitions developed by the Interagency Land Acquisi-
tion Conference. The appraisal shall be subject to the re-
view and approval by the Secretary of Agriculture.

(g) HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.—For the parcel of real
property to be transferred under subsection (a), the Sec-
etary of Agriculture shall meet disclosure requirements
for hazardous substances, but shall otherwise not be re-
quired to remediate or abate those substances or any other
hazardous pollutants, contaminants, or waste that might
be present on the parcel at the time of transfer of adminis-
trative jurisdiction.

SEC. 7606. SIMPLIFIED PLAN OF WORK.

(a) Smith-Lever Act.—The Smith-Lever Act is
amended—

(1) in section 3(h)(2) (7 U.S.C. 343(h)(2)), by
striking subparagraph (D); and

(2) in section 4 (7 U.S.C. 344)—

(A) in subsection (c), by striking para-
graphs (1) through (5) and inserting the fol-
lowing new paragraphs:

“(1) A summary of planned projects or pro-
grams in the State using formula funds.
“(2) A description of the manner in which the State will meet the requirements of section 3(h).

“(3) A description of the manner in which the State will meet the requirements of section 3(i)(2) of the Hatch Act of 1887.

“(4) A description of matching funds provided by the State with respect to the previous fiscal year.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(f) RELATIONSHIP TO AUDITS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the procedures established pursuant to subsection (c) shall not be subject to audit to determine the sufficiency of such procedures.”.

(b) HATCH ACT.—The Hatch Act of 1887 is amended—

(1) in section 3 (7 U.S.C. 361c)—

(A) by amending subsection (h) to read as follows:

“(h) PEER REVIEW.—Research carried out under subsection (c)(3) shall be subject to scientific peer review. The review of a project conducted under this subsection shall be considered to satisfy the merit review requirements of section 103(e) of the Agricultural Research, Extension, and Education Reform Act of 1998.”; and
(B) in subsection (i)(2), by striking sub-
paragraph (D); and

(2) in section 7 (7 U.S.C. 361g)—

(A) in subsection (e), by striking para-
graphs (1) through (4) and inserting the fol-
lowing new paragraphs:

“(1) A summary of planned projects or pro-
grams in the State using formula funds.

“(2) A description of the manner in which the
State will meet the requirements of subsections
(c)(3) and (i)(2) of section 3.

“(3) A description of matching funds provided
by the State with respect to the previous fiscal
year.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new
subsection:

“(h) RELATIONSHIP TO AUDITS.—Notwithstanding
any other provision of law, the procedures established pur-
suant to subsection (e) shall not be subject to audit to
determine the sufficiency of such procedures.”.

(c) EXTENSION AND RESEARCH AT 1890 INSTITU-
TIONS.—

(1) EXTENSION.—Section 1444(d) of the Na-
tional Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teach-
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...
“(A) A summary of planned projects or programs in the State using formula funds.

“(B) A description of matching funds provided by the State with respect to the previous fiscal year.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(6) RELATIONSHIP TO AUDITS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the procedures established pursuant to paragraph (3) shall not be subject to audit to determine the sufficiency of such procedures.”.

SEC. 7607. TIME AND EFFORT REPORTING EXEMPTION.

Any entity receiving funds under a program referred to in clause (iii), (iv), (vii), (viii), or (xii) of section 251(f)(1)(C) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6971(f)(1)(C)) shall be exempt from the time and effort reporting requirements under part 200 of title 2, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations), with respect to the use of such funds.

SEC. 7608. PUBLIC EDUCATION ON BIOTECHNOLOGY IN FOOD AND AGRICULTURE SECTORS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the
Secretary of Education, and such other persons and organizations as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, shall develop and carry out a national science-based education campaign to increase public awareness regarding the use of technology in food and agriculture production, including—

(1) the science of biotechnology as applied to the development of products in the food and agricultural sectors, including information about which products of biotechnology in the food and agricultural sectors have been approved for use in the United States;

(2) the Federal science-based regulatory review process for products made using biotechnology in the food and agricultural sectors conducted under the Coordinated Framework for Regulation of Biotechnology published by the Office of Science and Technology Policy in the Federal Register on June 26, 1986 (51 Fed. Reg. 23302), including the studies performed and analyses conducted to ensure that such products are as safe to produce and as safe to eat as products that are not produced using biotechnology;

(3) developments in the science of plant and animal breeding over time and the impacts of such
developments on farmers, consumers, the environment, and the rural economy; and

(4) the effects of the use of biotechnology on food security, nutrition, and the environment.

(b) **CONSUMER FRIENDLY INFORMATIONAL WEBSITE.**—The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Office of Science and Technology Policy, and such other persons and organizations as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, shall develop, establish, and update as necessary, a single Federal government-sponsored public Internet website through which the public may obtain, in an easy to understand and user-friendly format, information about biotechnology used in the food and agricultural sectors, including—

(1) scientific findings and other data on biotechnology used in the food and agricultural sectors;

(2) Federal agencies’ decisions regarding specific products made using biotechnology in the food and agricultural sectors;

(3) a list of frequently asked questions pertaining to the use of biotechnology in the food and agricultural sectors;
(4) an easy-to-understand description of the role of Federal agencies in overseeing the use of biotechnology in the food and agricultural sectors;

(5) information about novel, emerging technologies within the broader field of biotechnology; and

(6) a glossary of terms with respect to biotechnology used in the food and agricultural sectors.

(e) Social Media Resources.—The Secretary may, as appropriate, utilize publicly-available social media platforms to supplement the campaign established under subsection (a), and as an extension of the website established under subsection (b).

TITLE VIII—FORESTRY
Subtitle A—Reauthorization and Modification of Certain Forestry Programs

SEC. 8101. SUPPORT FOR STATE ASSESSMENTS AND STRATEGIES FOR FOREST RESOURCES.


SEC. 8102. FOREST LEGACY PROGRAM.

Subsection (m) of section 7 of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2103c) is amended to read as follows:

“(m) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $35,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.

SEC. 8103. COMMUNITY FOREST AND OPEN SPACE CONSERVATION PROGRAM.

Subsection (g) of section 7A of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2103d) is amended to read as follows:

“(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.

SEC. 8104. STATE AND PRIVATE FOREST LANDSCAPE-SCALE RESTORATION PROGRAM.

Section 13A of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2109a) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 13A. STATE AND PRIVATE FOREST LANDSCAPE-SCALE RESTORATION PROGRAM.

“(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to establish a landscape-scale restoration program to support landscape-scale restoration and management that results
in measurable improvements to public benefits derived from State and private forest land, as identified in—

“(1) a State-wide assessment described in section 2A(a)(1); and

“(2) a long-term State-wide forest resource strategy described in section 2A(a)(2).

“(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) PRIVATE FOREST LAND.—The term ‘private forest land’ means land that—

“(A)(i) has existing tree cover; or

“(ii) is suitable for growing trees; and

“(B) is owned by—

“(i) an Indian Tribe (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)); or

“(ii) any private individual or entity.

“(2) REGIONAL.—The term ‘regional’ means of any region of the National Association of State Foresters.

“(3) SECRETARY.—The term ‘Secretary’ means the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service.
“(4) **STATE FOREST LAND.**—The term ‘State forest land’ means land that is owned by a State or unit of local government.

“(5) **STATE FORESTER.**—The term ‘State Forester’ means a State Forester or equivalent State official.

“(c) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Secretary, in consultation with State Foresters or other appropriate State agencies, shall establish a landscape-scale restoration program—

“(1) to provide financial and technical assistance for landscape-scale restoration projects on State forest land or private forest land; and

“(2) that maintains or improves benefits from trees and forests on such land.

“(d) **REQUIREMENTS.**—The landscape-scale restoration program established under subsection (c) shall—

“(1) measurably address the national private forest conservation priorities described in section 2(e);

“(2) enhance public benefits from trees and forests, as identified in—

“(A) a State-wide assessment described in section 2A(a)(1); and
“(B) a long-term State-wide forest resource strategy described in section 2A(a)(2); and

“(3) in accordance with the purposes described in section 2(b), include one or more of the following objectives—

“(A) protecting or improving water quality or quantity;

“(B) reducing wildfire risk, including through hazardous fuels treatment;

“(C) protecting or enhancing wildlife habitat, consistent with wildlife objectives established by the applicable State fish and wildlife agency;

“(D) improving forest health and forest ecosystems, including addressing native, non-native, and invasive pests; or

“(E) enhancing opportunities for new and existing markets in which the production and use of wood products strengthens local and regional economies.

“(e) MEASUREMENT.—The Secretary, in consultation with State Foresters, shall establish a measurement system (including measurement tools) that—
“(1) consistently measures the results of landscape-scale restoration projects described in subsection (c); and

“(2) is consistent with the measurement systems of other Federal programs delivered by State Foresters.

“(f) USE OF AMOUNTS.—

“(1) ALLOCATION.—Of the amounts made available for the landscape-scale restoration program established under subsection (c), the Secretary shall allocate to State Foresters—

“(A) 50 percent for the competitive process in accordance with subsection (g); and

“(B) 50 percent proportionally to States, in consultation with State Foresters—

“(i) to maximize the achievement of the objectives described in subsection (d)(3); and

“(ii) to address the highest national priorities, as identified in—

“(I) State-wide assessments described in section 2A(a)(1); and

“(II) long-term State-wide forest resource strategies described in section 2A(a)(2).
“(2) Multiyear Projects.—The Secretary may provide amounts under this section for multiyear projects.

“(g) Competitive Process.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary shall distribute amounts described in subsection (f)(1)(A) through a competitive process for landscape-scale restoration projects described in subsection (c) to maximize the achievement of the objectives described in subsection (d)(3).

“(2) Eligibility.—To be eligible for funding through the competitive process under paragraph (1), a State Forester, or another entity on approval of the State Forester, shall submit to the Secretary one or more landscape-scale restoration proposals that—

“(A) in accordance with paragraph (3)(A), include priorities identified in—

“(i) State-wide assessments described in section 2A(a)(1); and

“(ii) long-term State-wide forest resource strategies described in section 2A(a)(2);

“(B) identify one or more measurable results to be achieved through the project;
“(C) to the maximum extent practicable, include activities on all land necessary to accomplish the measurable results in the applicable landscape;

“(D) to the maximum extent practicable, are developed in collaboration with other public and private sector organizations and local communities; and

“(E) derive not less than 50 percent of the funding for the project from non-Federal sources, unless the Secretary determines—

“(i) the applicant is unable to derive not less than 50 percent of the funding for the project from non-Federal sources; and

“(ii) the benefits of the project justify pursuing the project.

“(3) PRIORITIZATION.—In carrying out the competitive process under paragraph (1), the Secretary—

“(A) shall give priority to projects that, as determined by the Secretary, best carry out priorities identified in State-wide assessments described in section 2A(a)(1) and long-term State-wide forest resource strategies described in section 2A(a)(2), including—
“(i) involvement of public and private partnerships;

“(ii) inclusion of cross-boundary activities on—

“(I) Federal forest land;

“(II) State forest land; or

“(III) private forest land;

“(iii) involvement of areas also identified for cost-share funding by the Natural Resources Conservation Service or any other relevant Federal agency;

“(iv) protection or improvement of water quality or quantity;

“(v) reduction of wildfire risk; and

“(vi) otherwise addressing the national private forest conservation priorities described in section 2(c); and

“(B) may give priority to projects in proximity to other landscape-scale projects on other land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary, the Secretary of the Interior, or a Governor of a State, including—

“(i) ecological restoration treatments under the Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program established under
section 4003 of the Omnibus Public Land
Management Act of 2009 (16 U.S.C.
7303);

“(ii) projects on landscape-scale areas
designated for insect and disease treatment
under section 602 of the Healthy Forests
6591a);

“(iii) authorized restoration services
under section 8206 of the Agricultural Act
of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a);

“(iv) watershed restoration and pro-
tection services under section 331 of the
Department of the Interior and Related
Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001 (Public
Law 106–291; 16 U.S.C. 1011 note);

“(v) stewardship end result con-
tracting projects under section 604 of the
Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003
(16 U.S.C. 6591c); or

“(vi) projects under other relevant
programs, as determined by the Secretary.

“(4) PROPOSAL REVIEW.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
establish a process for the review of proposals
submitted under paragraph (2) that ranks each proposal based on—

“(i) the extent to which the proposal would achieve the requirements described in subsection (d); and

“(ii) the priorities described in paragraph (3)(A).

“(B) REGIONAL REVIEW.—The Secretary may carry out the process described in subparagraph (A) at a regional level.

“(5) COMPLIANCE WITH NEPA.—Financial and technical assistance carried out under this section for landscape restoration projects on State forest land or private forest land shall not constitute a major Federal action for the purposes of section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C)).

“(h) REPORT.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report that includes—

“(1) a description of the status of the development, execution, and administration of landscape-
scale projects selected under the program under this section;

“(2) an accounting of expenditures under such program; and

“(3) specific accomplishments that have resulted from landscape-scale projects under such program.

“(i) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for the landscape-scale restoration program established under subsection (c) $10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, to remain available until expended.”.

SEC. 8105. RURAL REVITALIZATION TECHNOLOGIES.

Section 2371(d)(2) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6601(d)(2)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 8106. COMMUNITY WOOD ENERGY AND WOOD INNOVATION PROGRAM.

Section 9013 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8113) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 9013. COMMUNITY WOOD ENERGY AND WOOD INNOVATION PROGRAM.

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) COMMUNITY WOOD ENERGY SYSTEM.—
“(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘community wood energy system’ means an energy system that—

“(i) produces thermal energy or combined thermal energy and electricity where thermal is the primary energy output;

“(ii) services public facilities owned or operated by State or local governments (including schools, town halls, libraries, and other public buildings) or private or non-profit facilities (including commercial and business facilities, such as hospitals, office buildings, apartment buildings, and manufacturing and industrial buildings); and

“(iii) uses woody biomass, including residuals from wood processing facilities, as the primary fuel.

“(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term ‘community wood energy system’ includes single-facility central heating, district heating systems serving multiple buildings, combined heat and electric systems where thermal energy is the primary energy output, and other related biomass energy systems.
“(2) INNOVATIVE WOOD PRODUCT FACILITY.—
The term ‘innovative wood product facility’ means a manufacturing or processing plant or mill that produces—

“(A) building components or systems that use large panelized wood construction, including mass timber;

“(B) wood products derived from nano-technology or other new technology processes, as determined by the Secretary; or

“(C) other innovative wood products that use low-value, low-quality wood, as determined by the Secretary.

“(3) MASS TIMBER.—The term ‘mass timber’ includes—

“(A) cross-laminated timber;

“(B) nail-laminated timber;

“(C) glue-laminated timber;

“(D) laminated strand lumber; and

“(E) laminated veneer lumber.

“(4) PROGRAM.—The term ‘Program’ means the Community Wood Energy and Wood Innovation Program established under subsection (b).

“(b) COMPETITIVE GRANT PROGRAM.—The Secretary, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service,
shall establish a competitive grant program to be known as the ‘Community Wood Energy and Wood Innovation Program’.

“(c) MATCHING GRANTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Under the Program, the Secretary shall make grants to cover not more than 35 percent of the capital cost for installing a community wood energy system or building an innovative wood product facility.

“(2) SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.—The Secretary may establish special circumstances, such as in the case of a community wood energy system project or innovative wood product facility project involving a school or hospital in a low-income community, under which grants under the Program may cover up to 50 percent of the capital cost.

“(3) SOURCE OF MATCHING FUNDS.—Matching funds required pursuant to this subsection from a grant recipient must be derived from non-Federal funds.

“(d) PROJECT CAP.—The total amount of grants under the Program for a community wood energy system project or innovative wood product facility project may not exceed—
“(1) in the case of grants under the general authority provided under subsection (e)(1), $1,000,000; and

“(2) in the case of grants for which the special circumstances apply under subsection (e)(2), $1,500,000.

“(e) SELECTION CRITERIA.—In selecting applicants for grants under the Program, the Secretary shall consider the following:

“(1) The energy efficiency of the proposed community wood energy system or innovative wood product facility.

“(2) The cost effectiveness of the proposed community wood energy system or innovative wood product facility.

“(3) The extent to which the proposed community wood energy system or innovative wood product facility represents the best available commercial technology.

“(4) The extent to which the applicant has demonstrated a high likelihood of project success by completing detailed engineering and design work in advance of the grant application.
“(5) Other technical, economic, conservation, and environmental criteria that the Secretary considers appropriate.

“(f) GRANT PRIORITIES.—In selecting applicants for grants under the Program, the Secretary shall give priority to proposals that—

“(1) would be carried out in a location where markets are needed for the low-value, low-quality wood;

“(2) would be carried out in a location with limited access to natural gas pipelines;

“(3) would include the use or retrofitting (or both) of existing sawmill facilities located in a location where the average annual unemployment rate exceeded the national average unemployment rate by more than 1 percent during the previous calendar year; or

“(4) would be carried out in a location where the project will aid with forest restoration.

“(g) LIMITATIONS.—

“(1) CAPACITY OF COMMUNITY WOOD ENERGY SYSTEMS.—A community wood energy system acquired with grant funds under the Program shall not exceed nameplate capacity of 10 megawatts of thermal energy or combined thermal and electric energy.
“(2) Funding for innovative wood product facilities.—Not more than 25 percent of funds provided as grants under the Program for a fiscal year may go to applicants proposing innovative wood product facilities, unless the Secretary has received an insufficient number of qualified proposals for community wood energy systems.

“(h) Funding.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out the Program $25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”.

SEC. 8107. HEALTHY FORESTS RESTORATION ACT OF 2003

AMENDMENTS.

(a) Healthy Forests Reserve Program.—

(1) Additional purpose of program.—Section 501(a) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6571(a)) is amended—

(A) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph (2);

(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

“(3) to conserve forest land that provides habitat for species described in section 502(b)(1); and’’.
(2) Eligibility for enrollment.—Subsection (b) of section 502 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6572) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Eligibility.—To be eligible for enrollment in the healthy forests reserve program, land shall be private forest land, or private land being restored to forest land, the enrollment of which will maintain, restore, enhance, or otherwise measurably—

“(1) increase the likelihood of recovery of a species that is listed as endangered or threatened under section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1533); or

“(2) improve the well-being of a species that—

“(A) is—

“(i) not listed as endangered or threatened under such section; and

“(ii) a candidate for such listing, a State-listed species, or a special concern species; or

“(B) is deemed a species of greatest conservation need by a State wildlife action plan.”.

(3) Other enrollment considerations.—Section 502(c) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6572(c)) is amended—
(A) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph (1);

(B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

“(2) conserve forest lands that provide habitat for species described in subsection (b)(1); and”.

(4) Elimination of limitation on use of easements.—Section 502(e) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6572(e)) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2).

(5) Enrollment of acreage owned by an Indian tribe.—Section 502(e)(2)(B) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6572(e)(3)(B)), as redesignated under paragraph (4), is amended by striking clauses (ii) and (iii) and inserting the following new clauses:

“(ii) a 10-year, cost-share agreement;  
“(iii) a permanent easement; or  
“(iv) any combination of the options described in clauses (i) through (iii).”.

(6) Species-related enrollment priority.—Subparagraph (B) of section 502(f)(1) of
the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16
U.S.C. 6572(f)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

“(B) secondarily, species that—

“(i) are—

“(I) not listed as endangered or
threatened under section 4 of the En-
dangered Species Act of 1973 (16
U.S.C. 1533); and

“(II) candidates for such listing,
State-listed species, or special concern
species; or

“(ii) are species of greatest conserva-
tion need, as identified in State wildlife ac-
tion plans.”.

(7) RESTORATION PLANS.—Subsection (b) of
section 503 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act
of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6573) is amended to read as fol-

“(b) PRACTICES.—The restoration plan shall require
such restoration practices and measures, as are necessary
to restore and enhance habitat for species described in sec-
tion 502(b), including the following:

“(1) Land management practices.

“(2) Vegetative treatments.

“(3) Structural practices and measures.
“(4) Other practices and measures.”.

(8) FUNDING.—Section 508(b) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6578(b)) is amended—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “FISCAL YEARS 2014 THROUGH 2018” and inserting “AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS”; and

(B) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(9) TECHNICAL CORRECTION.—Section 503(a) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6573(a)) is amended by striking “Secretary of Interior” and inserting “Secretary of the Interior”.

(b) INSECT AND DISEASE INFESTATION.—

(1) TREATMENT OF AREAS.—Section 602(d)(1) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591a(d)(1)) is amended by striking “subsection (b) to reduce the risk or extent of, or increase the resilience to, insect or disease infestation in the areas.” and inserting the following: “subsection (b)—
“(A) to reduce the risk or extent of, or increase the resilience to, insect or disease infestation; or

“(B) to reduce hazardous fuels.”.

(2) PERMANENT AUTHORITY.—Section 602(d)(2) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591a(d)(2)) is amended by striking “for which a public notice to initiate scoping is issued on or before September 30, 2018,”.

(c) ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW.—

(1) CLARIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF AREAS.—Section 603(a) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591b(a)) is amended by striking “in accordance with section 602(d)” and inserting “in accordance with section 602(d)(1)”.

(2) PROJECT SIZE AND LOCATION.—Section 603(c)(1) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591b(c)(1)) is amended by striking “3000” and inserting “6,000”.

(d) STEWARDSHIP PROJECT RECEIPTS.—Section 604(e) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591c(e)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)(B), by inserting “subject to paragraph (3)(A),” before “shall”; and
(2) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking “services received by the Chief or the Director” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting the following: “services and in-kind resources received by the Chief or the Director under a stewardship contract project conducted under this section shall not be considered monies received from the National Forest System or the public lands, but any payments made by the contractor to the Chief or Director under the project shall be considered monies received from the National Forest System or the public lands.”.

SEC. 8108. NATIONAL FOREST FOUNDATION ACT AUTHORITIES.

(a) Extension of Authority to Provide Matching Funds for Administrative and Project Expenses.—Section 405(b) of the National Forest Foundation Act (16 U.S.C. 583j–3(b)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section 410(b) of the National Forest Foundation Act (16 U.S.C. 583j–8(b)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 8109. INCLUSION OF INVASIVE VEGETATION IN DESIGNATED TREATMENT AREAS.

Section 602 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “, invasive vegetation,” after “insect”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting “, invasive vegetation,” after “insects”; and

(2) in subsection (b)(2), by inserting “, invasive vegetation,” after “insect”.

Subtitle B—Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 Amendments

SEC. 8201. USE OF RESERVED FUNDS FOR TITLE II PROJECTS ON FEDERAL LAND AND CERTAIN NON-FEDERAL LAND.

Section 204(f) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7124(f)) is amended to read as follows:

“(f) REQUIREMENTS FOR PROJECT FUNDS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary concerned shall ensure that at least 50 percent of the project funds reserved under section 102(d) by a participating county shall be available only for projects that—
“(A) include—

“(i) the sale of timber or other forest products;
“(ii) reduce fire risks; or
“(iii) improve water supplies; and
“(B) implement stewardship objectives that enhance forest ecosystems or restore and improve land health and water quality.

“(2) APPLICABILITY.—The requirement in paragraph (1) shall apply only to project funds reserved by a participating county whose boundaries include Federal land that the Secretary concerned determines has been subject to a timber or other forest products program within 5 fiscal years before the fiscal year in which the funds are reserved.”.

SEC. 8202. RESOURCE ADVISORY COMMITTEES.

(a) Recognition of Resource Advisory Committees.—Section 205(a)(4) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7125(a)(4)) is amended by striking “2018” each place it appears and inserting “2023”.

(b) Reduction in Composition of Committees.—Section 205(d) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7125(d)) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “15 members” and inserting “9 members”; and

(2) by striking “5 persons” each place it appears and inserting “3 persons”.

(c) EXPANDING LOCAL PARTICIPATION ON COMMITTEES.—Section 205(d) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7125(d)) is further amended—

(1) in paragraph (3), by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, consistent with the requirements of paragraph (4)”; and

(2) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(4) GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.—The members of a resource advisory committee shall reside within the county or counties in which the committee has jurisdiction, or an adjacent county.”.

(d) APPOINTMENT OF RESOURCE ADVISORY COMMITTEES BY APPLICABLE DESIGNEE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 205 of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7125) is further amended—

(A) in subsection (a)—
(i) in paragraph (1), by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “The Secretary concerned”;

(ii) in paragraph (3), by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “the Secretary concerned”; and

(iii) in paragraph (4), by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “the Secretary concerned” both places it appears;

(B) in subsection (b)(6), by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “the Secretary concerned”;

(C) in subsection (e)—

(i) in the subsection heading, by inserting “OR APPLICABLE DESIGNEE” after “BY THE SECRETARY”;

(ii) in paragraph (1), by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “The Secretary concerned” both places it appears;

(iii) in paragraph (2), by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “The Secretary concerned”; and

(iv) in paragraph (4), by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “The Secretary concerned”; and
(v) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(6) APPLICABLE DESIGNEE.—In this section, the term ‘applicable designee’ means—

“(A) with respect to Federal land described in section 3(7)(A), the applicable Regional Forester; and

“(B) with respect to Federal land described in section 3(7)(B), the applicable Bureau of Land Management State Director.”;

(D) in subsection (d)(3), by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “the Secretary concerned”; and

(E) in subsection (f)(1)—

(i) by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “the Secretary concerned”; and

(ii) by inserting “(or applicable designee)” after “of the Secretary”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 201(3) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7121(3)) is amended by inserting “(or applicable designee (as defined in section 205(c)(6)))” after “Secretary concerned” both places it appears.
SEC. 8203. PROGRAM FOR TITLE II SELF-SUSTAINING RESOURCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE PROJECTS.

(a) Self-Sustaining Resource Advisory Committee Projects.—Title II of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7121 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 209. PROGRAM FOR SELF-SUSTAINING RESOURCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE PROJECTS.

“(a) RAC Program.—The Chief of the Forest Service shall conduct a program (to be known as the ‘self-sustaining resource advisory committee program’ or ‘RAC program’) under which 10 resource advisory committees will propose projects authorized by subsection (e) to be carried out using project funds reserved by a participating county under section 102(d).

“(b) Selection of Participating Resource Advisory Committees.—The selection of resource advisory committees to participate in the RAC program is in the sole discretion of the Chief of the Forest Service.

“(c) Authorized Projects.—Notwithstanding the project purposes specified in sections 202(b), 203(c), and 204(a)(5), projects under the RAC program are intended to—

“(1) accomplish forest management objectives or support community development; and
“(2) generate receipts.

“(d) Deposit and Availability of Revenues.—Any revenue generated by a project conducted under the RAC program, including any interest accrued from the revenues, shall be—

“(1) deposited in the special account in the Treasury established under section 102(d)(2)(A); and

“(2) available, in such amounts as may be provided in advance in appropriation Acts, for additional projects under the RAC program.

“(e) Termination of Authority.—

“(1) In general.—The authority to initiate a project under the RAC program shall terminate on September 30, 2023.

“(2) Deposits in Treasury.—Any funds available for projects under the RAC program and not obligated by September 30, 2024, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States.”.

(b) Exception to General Rule Regarding Treatment of Receipts.—Section 403(b) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7153(b)) is amended by striking “All revenues” and inserting “Except as provided in section 209, all revenues”.

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Subtitle C—Availability of Categorical Exclusions To Expedite Forest Management Activities

PART I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 8301. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) Catastrophic event.—The term “catastrophic event” means any natural disaster (such as hurricane, tornado, windstorm, snow or ice storm, rain storm, high water, wind-driven water, tidal wave, earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslide, mudslide, drought, or insect or disease outbreak) or any fire, flood, or explosion, regardless of cause.

(2) Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant lands.—The term “Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant lands” means the lands reconveyed to the United States pursuant to the first section of the Act of February 26, 1919 (40 Stat. 1179).

(3) Forest management activity.—The term “forest management activity” means a project or activity carried out by the Secretary concerned on National Forest System lands or public lands consistent with the forest plan covering the lands.

(4) Forest plan.—The term “forest plan” means—
(A) a land use plan prepared by the Bureau of Land Management for public lands pursuant to section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712); or

(B) a land and resource management plan prepared by the Forest Service for a unit of the National Forest System pursuant to section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1604).

(5) NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM.—The term “National Forest System” has the meaning given that term in section 11(a) of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1609(a)).

(6) OREGON AND CALIFORNIA RAILROAD GRANT LANDS.—The term “Oregon and California Railroad Grant lands” means the following lands:

(A) All lands in the State of Oregon vested in the United States under the Act of June 9, 1916 (39 Stat. 218), that are administered by the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Bureau of Land Management, pur-
suant to the first section of the Act of August 28, 1937 (43 U.S.C. 1181a).

(B) All lands in that State obtained by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to the land exchanges authorized and directed by section 2 of the Act of June 24, 1954 (43 U.S.C. 1181h).

(C) All lands in that State acquired by the United States at any time and made subject to the provisions of title II of the Act of August 28, 1937 (43 U.S.C. 1181f).

(7) PUBLIC LANDS.—The term “public lands” has the meaning given that term in section 103 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702), except that the term includes Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant lands and Oregon and California Railroad Grant lands.

(8) REFORESTATION ACTIVITY.—The term “reforestation activity” means a forest management activity carried out by the Secretary concerned where the primary purpose is the reforestation of impacted lands following a catastrophic event. The term includes planting, evaluating and enhancing natural regeneration, clearing competing vegetation, and other activities related to reestablishment of forest species on the impacted lands.
(9) **Resource Advisory Committee.**—The term “resource advisory committee” has the meaning given that term in section 201 of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7121).

(10) **Salvage Operation.**—The term “salvage operation” means a forest management activity carried out in response to a catastrophic event where the primary purpose is—

(A) to prevent wildfire as a result of the catastrophic event, or, if the catastrophic event was wildfire, to prevent a re-burn of the fire-impacted area;

(B) to provide an opportunity for utilization of forest materials damaged as a result of the catastrophic event; or

(C) to provide a funding source for reforestation for the National Forest System lands or public lands impacted by the catastrophic event.

(11) **Secretary Concerned.**—The term “Secretary concerned” means—

(A) the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to National Forest System lands; and
(B) the Secretary of the Interior, with respect to public lands.

SEC. 8302. RULE OF APPLICATION FOR NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM LANDS AND PUBLIC LANDS.

Unless specifically provided by a provision of this subtitle, the authorities provided by this subtitle do not apply with respect to any National Forest System lands or public lands—

(1) that are included in the National Wilderness Preservation System;

(2) that are located within a national or State-specific inventoried roadless area established by the Secretary of Agriculture through regulation, unless—

(A) the forest management activity to be carried out under such authority is consistent with the forest plan applicable to the area; or

(B) the Secretary of Agriculture determines the forest management activity is permissible under the applicable roadless rule governing such lands; or

(3) on which timber harvesting for any purpose is prohibited by Federal statute.
SEC. 8303. CONSULTATION UNDER THE ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT.

(a) No Consultation if Action Not Likely to Adversely Affect a Listed Species or Designated Critical Habitat.—With respect to a forest management activity carried out pursuant to this subtitle, consultation under section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1536) shall not be required if the Secretary concerned determines that such forest management activity is not likely to adversely affect a listed species or designated critical habitat.

(b) Expedited Consultation.—With respect to a forest management activity carried out pursuant to this subtitle, consultation required under section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1536) shall be concluded within the 90-day period beginning on the date on which such consultation was requested by the Secretary concerned.

SEC. 8304. SECRETARIAL DISCRETION IN THE CASE OF TWO OR MORE CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS.

To the extent that a forest management activity may be categorically excluded under more than one of the sections of this subtitle, the Secretary concerned shall have full discretion to determine which categorical exclusion to use.
PART II—CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS

SEC. 8311. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION TO EXPEDITE CERTAIN CRITICAL RESPONSE ACTIONS.

(a) Categorical Exclusion Established.—Forest management activities described in subsection (b) are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(b) Forest Management Activities Designated for Categorical Exclusion.—The category of forest management activities designated under this section for a categorical exclusion are forest management activities carried out by the Secretary concerned on National Forest System lands or public lands where the primary purpose of such activity is—

(1) to address an insect or disease infestation;

(2) to reduce hazardous fuel loads;

(3) to protect a municipal water source;

(4) to maintain, enhance, or modify critical habitat to protect it from catastrophic disturbances;

(5) to increase water yield; or

(6) any combination of the purposes specified in paragraphs (1) through (5).
(e) Availability of Categorical Exclusion.—
On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned may use the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) in accordance with this section.

(d) Acreage Limitations.—A forest management activity covered by the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) may not contain treatment units exceeding a total of 6,000 acres.

SEC. 8312. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION TO EXPEDITE SALVAGE OPERATIONS IN RESPONSE TO CATASTROPHIC EVENTS.

(a) Categorical Exclusion Established.—Salvage operations carried out by the Secretary concerned on National Forest System lands or public lands are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(b) Availability of Categorical Exclusion.—On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned may use the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) in accordance with this section.
(c) ACREAGE LIMITATION.—A salvage operation covered by the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) may not contain treatment units exceeding a total of 6,000 acres.

(d) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) STREAM BUFFERS.—A salvage operation covered by the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) shall comply with the standards and guidelines for stream buffers contained in the applicable forest plan, except that the Regional For- ester, in the case of National Forest System lands, or the State Director of the Bureau of Land Man- agement, in the case of public lands, may, on a case- by-case basis, waive the standards and guidelines.

(2) REFORESTATION PLAN.—A reforestation plan shall be developed under section 3 of the Act of June 9, 1930 (commonly known as the Knutson- Vandenberg Act; (16 U.S.C. 576b)), as part of a sal- vage operation covered by the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a).

SEC. 8313. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION TO MEET FOREST PLAN GOALS FOR EARLY SUCCESSIONAL FORESTS.

(a) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION ESTABLISHED.—For- est management activities described in subsection (b) are
a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(b) Forest Management Activities Designated for Categorical Exclusion.—The category of forest management activities designated under this section for a categorical exclusion are forest management activities carried out by the Secretary concerned on National Forest System lands or public lands where the primary purpose of such activity is to improve, enhance, or create early successional forests for wildlife habitat improvement and other purposes, consistent with the applicable forest plan.

(c) Availability of Categorical Exclusion.—On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned may use the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) in accordance with this section.

(d) Project Goals.—To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary concerned shall design a forest management activity under this section to meet early successional forest goals in such a manner so as to maximize production and regeneration of priority species, as identi-
1 fied in the forest plan and consistent with the capability
2 of the activity site.
3 (c) ACREAGE LIMITATIONS.—A forest management
4 activity covered by the categorical exclusion established
5 under subsection (a) may not contain treatment units ex-
6 ceeding a total of 6,000 acres.

SEC. 8314. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION FOR HAZARD TREES.

(a) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION ESTABLISHED.—Forest
9 management activities carried out by the Secretary
10 concerned to remove hazard trees for purposes of the pro-
11 tection of public health or safety, water supply, or public
12 infrastructure are a category of actions hereby designated
13 as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an
14 environmental assessment or an environmental impact
15 statement under section 102 of the National Environ-

(b) AVAILABILITY OF CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION.—
18 On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
19 Secretary concerned may use the categorical exclusion es-
20 tablished under subsection (a) in accordance with this sec-
21 tion.
SEC. 8315. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION TO IMPROVE OR RESTORE NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM LANDS OR PUBLIC LAND OR REDUCE THE RISK OF WILDFIRE.

(a) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION ESTABLISHED.—Forest management activities described in subsection (b) are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(b) FOREST MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES DESIGNATED FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION.—

(1) DESIGNATION.—The category of forest management activities designated under this section for a categorical exclusion are forest management activities described in paragraph (2) that are carried out by the Secretary concerned on National Forest System lands or public lands where the primary purpose of such activity is to improve or restore such lands or reduce the risk of wildfire on those lands.

(2) ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED.—The following forest management activities may be carried out pursuant to the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a):
(A) Removal of juniper trees, medusahead rye, conifer trees, piñon pine trees, cheatgrass, and other noxious or invasive weeds specified on Federal or State noxious weeds lists through late-season livestock grazing, targeted livestock grazing, prescribed burns, and mechanical treatments.

(B) Performance of hazardous fuels management.

(C) Creation of fuel and fire breaks.

(D) Modification of existing fences in order to distribute livestock and help improve wildlife habitat.

(E) Stream restoration and erosion control, including the installation of erosion control devices.

(F) Construction of new and maintenance of permanent infrastructure, including stock ponds, water catchments, and water spring boxes used to benefit livestock and improve wildlife habitat.

(G) Performance of soil treatments, native and non-native seeding, and planting of and transplanting sagebrush, grass, forb, shrub, and other species.
(H) Use of herbicides, so long as the Secretary concerned determines that the activity is otherwise conducted consistently with agency procedures, including any forest plan applicable to the area covered by the activity.

(e) Availability of Categorical Exclusion.—On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned may use the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) in accordance with this section.

(d) Acreage Limitations.—A forest management activity covered by the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) may not contain treatment units exceeding a total of 6,000 acres.

(e) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) Hazardous Fuels Management.—The term “hazardous fuels management” means any vegetation management activities that reduce the risk of wildfire.

(2) Late-Season Grazing.—The term “late-season grazing” means grazing activities that occur after both the invasive species and native perennial species have completed their current-year annual growth cycle until new plant growth begins to appear in the following year.
(3) **Targeted Livestock Grazing.**—The term “targeted livestock grazing” means grazing used for purposes of hazardous fuels management.

**SEC. 8316. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION FOR FOREST RESTORATION.**

(a) **Categorical Exclusion Established.**—Forest management activities described in subsection (b) are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(b) **Forest Management Activities Designated for Categorical Exclusion.**—

(1) **Designation.**—The category of forest management activities designated under this section for categorical exclusion are forest management activities described in paragraph (2) that are carried out by the Secretary concerned on National Forest System lands or public lands where the primary purpose of such activity is—

(A) to improve forest health and resiliency to disturbances;

(B) to reduce hazardous fuels; or

(C) to improve wildlife and aquatic habitat.
(2) Activities Authorized.—The following forest management activities may be carried out pursuant the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a):

(A) Timber harvests, including commercial and pre-commercial timber harvest, salvage harvest, and regeneration harvest.

(B) Hazardous fuels reduction.

(C) Prescribed burning.

(D) Improvement or establishment of wildlife and aquatic habitat.

(E) Stream restoration and erosion control.

(F) Road and trail decommissioning.

(c) Availability of Categorical Exclusion.—On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned may use the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) in accordance with this section.

(d) Acreage Limitations.—A forest management activity covered by the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) may not contain treatment units exceeding a total of 6,000 acres.

(e) Limitations on Road Building.—
(1) **PERMANENT ROADS.**—A forest management activity covered by the categorical exclusion established by subsection (a) may include—

(A) the construction of permanent roads not to exceed 3 miles; and

(B) the maintenance and reconstruction of existing permanent roads and trails, including the relocation of segments of existing roads and trails to address resource impacts.

(2) **TEMPORARY ROADS.**—Any temporary road constructed for a forest management activity covered by the categorical exclusion established by subsection (a) shall be decommissioned not later than 3 years after the date on which the project is completed.

**SEC. 8317. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION FOR INFRASTRUCTURE FOREST MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES.**

(a) **CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION ESTABLISHED.**—Forest management activities described in subsection (b) are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(b) **FOREST MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES DESIGNATED FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION.**—The category of forest
management activities designated under this section for
categorical exclusion are forest management activities car-
ried out by the Secretary of Agriculture on National For-
est System lands where the primary purpose of such activ-
ity is—

(1) constructing, reconstructing, or decommis-
sioning National Forest System roads not exceeding
3 miles;

(2) adding an existing road to the forest trans-
portation system;

(3) reclassifying a National Forest System road
at a different maintenance level;

(4) reconstructing, rehabilitating, or decommis-
sioning bridges;

(5) removing dams; or

(6) maintaining facilities through the use of
pesticides as authorized by applicable Federal and
State law and as applied in accordance with label in-
structions.

(c) AVAILABILITY OF CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION.—
On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
Secretary of Agriculture may use the categorical exclusion
established under subsection (a) in accordance with this
section.
SEC. 8318. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION FOR DEVELOPED RECREATION SITES.

(a) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION ESTABLISHED.—Forest management activities described in subsection (b) are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(b) FOREST MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES DESIGNATED FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION.—

(1) DESIGNATION.—The category of forest management activities designated under this section for a categorical exclusion are forest management activities described in paragraph (2) carried out by the Secretary of Agriculture on National Forest System lands where the primary purpose of such activity is to operate, maintain, modify, reconstruct, or decommission existing developed recreation sites.

(2) ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED.—The following forest management activities may be carried out pursuant to the categorical exclusion under subsection (a):

(A) Constructing, modifying, or reconstructing toilet or shower facilities.
(B) Constructing, modifying, or reconstructing fishing piers, wildlife viewing platforms, docks, or other constructed recreation sites or facilities.

(C) Constructing, reconstructing, or maintaining, parking areas, National Forest System roads, or National Forest System trails within or connecting to recreation sites, including paving and road and trail rerouting, except that—

(i) permanent roads constructed under this section may not exceed 3 miles; and

(ii) temporary roads constructed for projects covered by this section shall be decommissioned within 3 years of completion of the project.

(D) Modifying or reconstructing existing water or waste disposal systems.

(E) Constructing, modifying, or reconstructing single or group use sites.

(F) Decommissioning recreation facilities or portions of recreation facilities.

(G) Decommissioning National Forest System roads or National Forest System trails not
exceeding 3 miles within or connecting to developed recreation sites.

(H) Constructing, modifying, or reconstructing boat landings.

(I) Reconstructing existing ski lifts.

(K) Modifying or reconstructing a recreation lodging rental.

(c) Availability of Categorical Exclusion.—On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture may use the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) in accordance with this section.

SEC. 8319. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION FOR ADMINISTRATIVE SITES.

(a) Categorical Exclusion Established.—Forest management activities described in subsection (b) are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(b) Forest Management Activities Designated for Categorical Exclusion.—The category of forest management activities designated under this section for a categorical exclusion are forest management activities
carried out by the Secretary of Agriculture on National Forest System lands where the primary purpose of such activity is to construct, reconstruct, maintain, decommission, relocate, or dispose of an administrative site.

(c) Availability of Categorical Exclusion.—On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture may use the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) in accordance with this section.

(d) Limitations.—

(1) Permanent Roads.—A project covered by the categorical exclusion established by subsection (a) may include—

(A) the construction of permanent roads not to exceed 3 miles; and

(B) the maintenance and reconstruction of existing permanent roads and trails, including the relocation of segments of existing roads and trails to address resource impacts.

(2) Temporary Roads.—Any temporary road constructed for a project covered by the categorical exclusion established by subsection (a) shall be decommissioned not later than 3 years after the date on which the project is completed.
(3) Pesticides.—Pesticides may only be used to carry out a project covered by the categorical exclusion established by subsection (a) as authorized by applicable Federal and State law and as applied in accordance with label instructions.

(e) Definition of Administrative Site.—In this section, the term “administrative site” has the meaning given the term in section 502(1) of the Forest Service Facility Realignment and Enhancement Act of 2005 (16 U.S.C. 580d note).

SEC. 8320. CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION FOR SPECIAL USE AUTHORIZATIONS.

(a) Categorical Exclusion Established.—Forest management activities described in subsection (b) are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(b) Forest Management Activities Designated for Categorical Exclusion.—The category of forest management activities designated under this section for a categorical exclusion are forest management activities carried out by the Secretary of Agriculture on National
Forest System lands where the primary purpose of such activity is:

(1) Issuance of a new special use authorization for an existing or expired special use authorization, without any substantial change in the scope and scale of the authorized use and occupancy when—

(A) the issuance is a purely ministerial action to account for administrative changes, such as a change in ownership or expiration of the current authorization; and

(B) the applicant or holder is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the existing or expired special use authorization.

(2) Modification, removal, repair, maintenance, reconstruction, or replacement of a facility or improvement for an existing special use authorization.

(3) Issuance of a new special use authorization or amendment to an existing special use authorization for activities that will occur on existing roads, trails, facilities, or areas approved for use in a land management plan or other documented decision.

(4) Approval, modification, or continuation of minor, short-term (5 years or less) special uses of National Forest System lands or public lands.
(5) Issuance of a special use authorization for an existing unauthorized use or occupancy that has not been deemed in trespass where no new ground disturbance is proposed.

(6) Approval or modification of minor special uses of National Forest System lands or public lands that require less than 20 contiguous acres.

(7) Approval of vegetative management plans, and vegetation management activities in accordance with an approved vegetation management plan, under a special use authorization for an electric transmission and distribution facility right-of-way.

(c) Availability of Exclusion.—On and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture may use the categorical exclusion established under subsection (a) in accordance with this section.

(d) Document Requirements.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall not be required to prepare a project file or decision memorandum to categorically exclude a forest management activity described under paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (b).
SEC. 8321. CLARIFICATION OF EXISTING CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION AUTHORITY RELATED TO INSECT AND DISEASE INFESTATION.


PART III—MISCELLANEOUS FOREST MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

SEC. 8331. GOOD NEIGHBOR AGREEMENTS.

Section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking “Secretary or a Governor” and inserting “Secretary, Governor, county, or Indian Tribe”;

(B) in paragraph (4) by striking “Secretary and a Governor” and inserting “Secretary and a Governor, county, or an Indian Tribe”;

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(10) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term ‘Indian Tribe’ has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)).
“(11) COUNTY.— The term ‘county’ has the meaning given the term in section 2 of title 1, United States Code.’’; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by inserting ‘‘, county, or an Indian Tribe’’ after ‘‘Governor’’; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting ‘‘, county, or an Indian Tribe’’ after ‘‘Governor’’.

SEC. 8332. PROMOTING CROSS-BOUNDARY WILDFIRE MITIGATION.

Section 103 of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6513) is amended—

(1) in subsection (d), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) CROSS-BOUNDARY CONSIDERATIONS.—For any fiscal year for which the amount appropriated to the Secretary for hazardous fuels reduction is in excess of $300,000,000, the Secretary—

“(A) is encouraged to use the excess amounts for hazardous fuels reduction projects that incorporate cross-boundary treatments of landscapes on Federal land and non-Federal land; and
“(B) may use the excess amounts to support authorized hazardous fuels reduction projects on non-Federal lands through grants to State Foresters, or equivalent State officials, in accordance with subsection (e) in an amount equal to the greater of—

“(i) 20 percent of the excess amount; and

“(ii) $20,000,000.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) CROSS-BOUNDARY FUELS REDUCTION PROJECTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary shall use the excess funds described in subsection (d)(3) to support hazardous fuels reduction projects that incorporate treatments for hazardous fuels reduction in landscapes across ownership boundaries on Federal, State, county, or Tribal land, private land, and other non-Federal land, particularly in areas identified as priorities in applicable State-wide forest resource assessments or strategies under section 2A(a) of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C.
2101a(a)), as mutually agreed to by the State For-
ester and the Regional Forester.

“(2) LAND TREATMENTS.—To conduct and
fund treatments for projects that include Federal
and non-Federal land, the Secretary may—

“(A) use the authorities of the Secretary
relating to cooperation and technical and finan-
cial assistance, including the good neighbor au-
thority under—

“(i) section 8206 of the Agricultural
Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a); and

“(ii) section 331 of the Department of
the Interior and Related Agencies Appro-
priations Act, 2001 (16 U.S.C. 1011 note;
Public Law 106–291); and

“(B) allocate excess funds under sub-
section (d)(3) for projects carried out pursuant
to section 8206 of the Agricultural Act of 2014

“(3) COOPERATION.—In carrying out this sub-
section, the State Forester, in consultation with the
Secretary (or a designee)—

“(A) shall consult with the owners of
State, county, Tribal, and private land and
other non-Federal land with respect to hazardous fuels reduction projects; and

“(B) shall not implement any project on non-Federal land without the consent of the owner of the non-Federal land.

“(4) EXISTING LAWS.—Regardless of the individual or entity implementing a project on non-Federal land under this subsection, only the laws and regulations that apply to non-Federal land shall be applicable with respect to the project.”.

SEC. 8333. REGULATIONS REGARDING DESIGNATION OF DEAD OR DYING TREES OF CERTAIN TREE SPECIES ON NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM LANDS IN CALIFORNIA AS EXEMPT FROM PROHIBITION ON EXPORT OF UNPROCESSED TIMBER ORIGINATING FROM FEDERAL LANDS.

(a) ISSUANCE OF REGULATIONS.—Consistent with the rulemaking procedures specified in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of section 489 of the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 620a), the Secretary of Agriculture shall make a determination under paragraph (1) of such subsection that unprocessed timber derived from dead or dying trees of a covered tree species originating on National Forest Sys-
tem lands in the State of California are surplus to domestic manufacturing needs and therefore exempt from the export prohibition contained in subsection (a) of such section.

(b) Elimination of Adverse Effects.—In making the determination under subsection (a) and in implementing any regulations issued under such subsection, the Secretary of Agriculture shall—

(1) consult with representatives of sawmills in the State of California and other interested persons; and

(2) make reasonable efforts to avoid adversely impacting the domestic sawmill industry in the State of California.

(c) Special Contract Provisions.—The Secretary of Agriculture may adjust contract provisions for Forest Service contracts in region 5 of the National Forest System as the Secretary considers appropriate to ensure successful implementation of, and compliance with, the regulations issued under subsection (a).

(d) Relation to Limitations on Timber Substitution.—Section 490 of the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 620b) shall not apply to unprocessed timber designated as sur-
plus pursuant to the regulations issued under subsection (a).

(c) ADDITIONAL STAFF FOR IMPLEMENTATION.—Using funds otherwise available to the Forest Service for management, protection, improvement, and utilization of the National Forest System, the Secretary of Agriculture may hire additional Forest Service employees to implement the regulations issued under subsection (a).

(f) DURATION OF REGULATIONS; PERIODIC REVIEW.—The regulations issued under subsection (a) shall remain in effect for a 10-year period beginning on the date of the issuance of the regulations, except that the continued need for the regulations shall be subject to the periodic review required by the second sentence of section 489(b)(2) of the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 620a(b)(2)).

(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COVERED TREE SPECIES.—The term “covered tree species” means the following pine species:

(A) Ponderosa pine (Pinus ponderosa).

(B) Sugar pine (Pinus lambertiana).

(C) Jeffrey pine (Pinus jefferyi).

(D) Lodgepole pine (Pinus contorta).

(2) DIED OR DYING.—The term “died or dying”, with respect to a covered tree species, shall
be determined in a manner consistent with applicable Forest Service standards.

SEC. 8334. SALVAGE AND REFORESTATION IN RESPONSE TO CATASTROPHIC EVENTS.

(a) EXPEDITED SALVAGE OPERATIONS AND REFORESTATION ACTIVITIES FOLLOWING LARGE-SCALE CATASTROPHIC EVENTS.—

(1) EXPEDITED ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an environmental assessment prepared by the Secretary concerned pursuant to section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332) for a salvage operation or reforestation activity proposed to be conducted on National Forest System lands or public lands adversely impacted by a large-scale catastrophic event shall be completed within 60 days after the conclusion of the catastrophic event.

(2) EXPEDITED IMPLEMENTATION AND COMPLETION.—In the case of reforestation activities conducted on National Forest System lands or public lands adversely impacted by a large-scale catastrophic event, the Secretary concerned shall, to the maximum extent practicable, achieve reforestation of at least 75 percent of the impacted lands during the
5-year period following the conclusion of the catastrophic event.

(3) Availability of Knutson-Vandenberg Funds.—Amounts in the special fund established pursuant to section 3 of the Act of June 9, 1930 (commonly known as the Knutson-Vandenberg Act; 16 U.S.C. 576b) shall be available to the Secretary of Agriculture for reforestation activities authorized by this section.

(4) Timeline for Public Input Process.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the case of a salvage operation or reforestation activity proposed to be conducted on National Forest System lands or public lands adversely impacted by a large-scale catastrophic event, the Secretary concerned shall allow 30 days for public scoping and comment, 15 days for filing an objection, and 15 days for the agency response to the filing of an objection. Upon completion of this process and expiration of the period specified in paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned shall implement the project immediately.

(b) Compliance With Forest Plan.—A salvage operation or reforestation activity authorized by this section shall be conducted in a manner consistent with the forest plan applicable to the National Forest System lands.
or public lands covered by the salvage operation or refor-
estation activity.

(c) PROHIBITION ON RESTRAINING ORDERS, PRE-
LIMINARY INJUNCTIONS, AND INJUNCTIONS PENDING AP-
PEAL.—No restraining order, preliminary injunction, or
injunction pending appeal shall be issued by any court of
the United States with respect to any decision to prepare
or conduct a salvage operation or reforestation activity in
response to a large-scale catastrophic event. Section 705
of title 5, United States Code, shall not apply to any chal-
lenge to the salvage operation or reforestation activity.

SEC. 8335. ANALYSIS OF ONLY TWO ALTERNATIVES (AC-
TION VERSUS NO ACTION) IN PROPOSED COL-
LABORATIVE FOREST MANAGEMENT ACTIVI-
TIES.

(a) APPLICATION TO CERTAIN ENVIRONMENTAL AS-
SESSMENTS AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATE-
MENTS.—This section shall apply whenever the Secretary
concerned prepares an environmental assessment or an en-
vironmental impact statement pursuant to section 102 of
the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
4332) for a forest management activity that—

(1) is developed through a collaborative process;

(2) is proposed by a resource advisory com-
mittee;
(3) will occur on lands identified by the Secretary concerned as suitable for timber production;

(4) will occur on lands designated by the Secretary (or designee thereof) pursuant to section 602(b) of the Healthy Forests Restoration Act of 2003 (16 U.S.C. 6591a(b)), notwithstanding whether such forest management activity is initiated prior to September 30, 2018; or

(5) is covered by a community wildfire protection plan.

(b) CONSIDERATION OF ALTERNATIVES.—In an environmental assessment or environmental impact statement described in subsection (a), the Secretary concerned shall study, develop, and describe only the following two alternatives:

(1) The forest management activity.

(2) The alternative of no action.

(c) ELEMENTS OF NO ACTION ALTERNATIVE.—In the case of the alternative of no action, the Secretary concerned shall consider whether to evaluate—

(1) the effect of no action on—

(A) forest health;

(B) habitat diversity;

(C) wildfire potential;

(D) insect and disease potential; and
(E) timber production; and

(2) the implications of a resulting decline in forest health, loss of habitat diversity, wildfire, or insect or disease infestation, given fire and insect and disease historic cycles, on—

(A) domestic water supply in the project area;

(B) wildlife habitat loss; and

(C) other economic and social factors.

SEC. 8336. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF.

(a) Balancing Short- and Long-Term Effects of Forest Management Activities in Considering Injunctive Relief.—As part of its weighing the equities while considering any request for an injunction that applies to any agency action as part of a forest management activity the court reviewing the agency action shall balance the impact to the ecosystem likely affected by the forest management activity of—

(1) the short- and long-term effects of undertaking the agency action; against

(2) the short- and long-term effects of not undertaking the action.

(b) Time Limitations for Injunctive Relief.—

(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2) the length of any preliminary injunctive relief and stays
pending appeal that applies to any agency action as part of a forest management activity, shall not exceed 60 days.

(2) RENEWAL.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A court of competent jurisdiction may issue one or more renewals of any preliminary injunction, or stay pending appeal, granted under paragraph (1).

(B) UPDATES.—In each renewal of an injunction in an action, the parties to the action shall present the court with updated information on the status of the authorized forest management activity.

SEC. 8337. APPLICATION OF ROADLESS AREA CONSERVATION RULE.

The roadless area conservation rule established under part 294 of title 36, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations), shall not apply to any National Forest System land in the State of Alaska.

SEC. 8338. VACANT GRAZING ALLOTMENTS MADE AVAILABLE TO CERTAIN GRAZING PERMIT HOLDERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned shall, to the maximum extent practicable, make vacant grazing allotments available to a holder of a grazing permit or lease
issued by such Secretary if the lands covered by the permit or lease are unusable because of a natural disaster (including a drought or wildfire), court-issued injunction, or conflict with wildlife, as determined by the Secretary concerned.

(b) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The terms and conditions contained in a permit or lease for a vacant grazing allotment made available pursuant to this subsection (a) shall be the terms and conditions of the most recent permit or lease that was applicable to such allotment.

court may not issue any order enjoining the use of any allotment for which a permit or lease has been issued by the Secretary concerned and continues in effect unless the Secretary concerned can make a vacant grazing allotment available to the holder of such permit or lease.

(d) ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT UNDER THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT.—Activities carried out by the Secretary concerned pursuant to subsection (a) are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).
SEC. 8339. PILOT PROJECT FOR FOREST HEALTH, WATERSHED IMPROVEMENT, AND HABITAT RESTORATION IN NEW MEXICO.

(a) Pilot Project Established.—The Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service, shall conduct a pilot project within the Lincoln National Forest, Cibola National Forest, and Gila National Forest in the State of New Mexico to analyze and demonstrate the effectiveness of various tools and techniques to address the following natural resource concerns:

1. Thinning for forest health.
2. Watershed improvement.
3. Habitat restoration.

(b) Authorized Activities.—The Secretary of Agriculture in carrying out the pilot project established under subsection (a) may conduct applied silvicultural investigations and treatments, including—

1. Silvicultural investigations conducted for the purposes of information gathering and research relating to the natural resource concerns described in subsection (a); and
2. Mechanical thinning.

(c) County Refusal of Silvicultural Investigation or Treatment.—The Secretary may not carry out a silvicultural investigation or treatment under this section if a county in which such investigation or
treatment would be conducted provides a refusal to the
Secretary with respect to such investigation or treatment.

(d) Environmental Assessment Under the National Environmental Policy Act.—Forest management activities carried out by the Secretary of Agriculture under this section are a category of actions hereby designated as being categorically excluded from the preparation of an environmental assessment or an environmental impact statement under section 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

(f) Public Participation.—The Secretary shall encourage meaningful public participation during preparation of a silvicultural investigation or treatment under this section.

(g) Use of Arbitration Instead of Litigation to Address Challenges to Forest Management Activities.—

1. Discretionary Arbitration Process Pilot Program.—

   (A) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall establish a discretionary arbitration pilot program as an alternative dispute resolution process in lieu of judicial review for the an objection or protest to a forest management activity carried out pursuant to this section.
(B) **Activities described.**—The Secretary of Agriculture, at the sole discretion of the Secretary, may designate objections or protests to forest management activities for arbitration under the arbitration pilot program established under subparagraph (A).

(C) **Maximum amount of arbitrations.**—Under the arbitration pilot program, the Secretary concerned may not arbitrate more than 10 objections or protests to forest management activities in a fiscal year in each Forest Service Region.

(D) **Determining amount of arbitrations.**—An objection or protest to a forest management activity shall not be counted towards the limitation on number of arbitrations under subparagraph (C) unless—

(i) on the date such objection or protest is designated for arbitration, the forest management activity for which such objection or protest is filed has not been the subject of arbitration proceedings under the pilot program; and
the arbitration proceeding has commenced with respect to such objection or protest.

(2) INTERVENING PARTIES.—

(A) REQUIREMENTS.—Any person that submitted a public comment on the forest management activity that is subject to arbitration may intervene in the arbitration—

(i) by endorsing—

(I) the forest management activity; or

(II) the modification proposal submitted under clause (ii); or

(ii) by submitting a proposal to further modify the forest management activity.

(B) DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION.—With respect to an objection or protest that is designated for arbitration under paragraph (1)(B), a request to intervene in an arbitration must be submitted not later than the date that is 30 days after the date on which such objection or protest was designated for arbitration.

(C) MULTIPLE PARTIES.—Multiple intervening parties may submit a joint proposal so
long as each intervening party meets the eligibility requirements of subparagraph (A).

(3) APPOINTMENT OF ARBITRATOR.—

(A) APPOINTMENT.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall develop and publish a list of not fewer than 20 individuals eligible to serve as arbitrators for the arbitration pilot program under this section.

(B) QUALIFICATIONS.—In order to be eligible to serve as an arbitrator under this paragraph, an individual shall be, on the date of the appointment of such arbitrator—

(i) certified by the American Arbitration Association; and

(ii) not a registered lobbyist.

(C) SELECTION OF ARBITRATOR.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—For each arbitration commenced under this subsection, the Secretary concerned and each applicable objector or protestor shall agree, not later than 14 days after the agreement process is initiated, on a mutually acceptable arbitrator from the list published under subparagraph (A).
(ii) APPOINTMENT AFTER 14-DAYS.—

In the case of an agreement with respect to a mutually acceptable arbitrator not being reached within the 14-day limit described in clause (i), the Secretary concerned shall appoint an arbitrator from the list published under subparagraph (A).

(4) SELECTION OF PROPOSALS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The arbitrator appointed under paragraph (3)—

(i) may not modify any of the proposals submitted with the objection, protest, or request to intervene; and

(ii) shall select to be conducted—

(I) the forest management activity, as approved by the Secretary; or

(II) a proposal submitted by an objector or an intervening party.

(B) SELECTION CRITERIA.—An arbitrator shall, when selecting a proposal, consider—

(i) whether the proposal is consistent with the applicable forest plan, laws, and regulations;
(ii) whether the proposal can be carried out by the Secretary of Agriculture; and

(iii) the effect of each proposal on—

(I) forest health;

(II) habitat diversity;

(III) wildfire potential;

(IV) insect and disease potential;

(V) timber production; and

(VI) the implications of a resulting decline in forest health, loss of habitat diversity, wildfire, or insect or disease infestation, given fire and insect and disease historic cycles, on—

(aa) domestic water costs;

(bb) wildlife habitat loss;

and

(cc) other economic and social factors.

(5) EFFECT OF DECISION.—The decision of an arbitrator with respect to the forest management activity—

(A) shall not be considered a major Federal action;

(B) shall be binding; and
(C) shall not be subject to judicial review,

except as provided in section 10(a) of title 9,

United States Code.

(6) DEADLINE FOR COMPLETION.—Not later

than 90 days after the date on which the arbitration

is filed with respect to the forest management activ-

ity, the arbitration process shall be completed.

(h) TERMINATION.—The authority to carry out this

section shall terminate on the date that is 7 years after

the date of the enactment of this section.

Subtitle D—Tribal Forestry
Participation and Protection

SEC. 8401. PROTECTION OF TRIBAL FOREST ASSETS
THROUGH USE OF STEWARDSHIP END RE-
SULT CONTRACTING AND OTHER AUTHO-
RITIES.

(a) PROMPT CONSIDERATION OF TRIBAL RE-
QUESTS.—Section 2(b) of the Tribal Forest Protection
Act of 2004 (25 U.S.C. 3115a(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “Not later

than 120 days after the date on which an Indian

tribe submits to the Secretary” and inserting “In re-

sponse to the submission by an Indian Tribe of”;
(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) **TIME PERIODS FOR CONSIDERATION.**—

“(A) **INITIAL RESPONSE.**—Not later than 120 days after the date on which the Secretary receives a Tribal request under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall provide an initial response to the Indian Tribe regarding—

“(i) whether the request may meet the selection criteria described in subsection (c); and

“(ii) the likelihood of the Secretary entering into an agreement or contract with the Indian Tribe under paragraph (2) for activities described in paragraph (3).

“(B) **NOTICE OF DENIAL.**—Notice under subsection (d) of the denial of a Tribal request under paragraph (1) shall be provided not later than 1 year after the date on which the Secretary received the request.

“(C) **COMPLETION.**—Not later than 2 years after the date on which the Secretary receives a Tribal request under paragraph (1), other than a Tribal request denied under subsection (d), the Secretary shall—
“(i) complete all environmental re-
views necessary in connection with the
agreement or contract and proposed activi-
ties under the agreement or contract; and

“(ii) enter into the agreement or con-
tract with the Indian Tribe under para-
graph (2).”.

(b) CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—
Section 2 of the Tribal Forest Protection Act of 2004 (25
U.S.C. 3115a) is amended—

(1) in subsections (b)(1) and (f)(1), by striking
“section 347 of the Department of the Interior and
Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (16
U.S.C. 2104 note; Public Law 105–277) (as amend-
ed by section 323 of the Department of the Interior
and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2003 (117
Stat. 275))” and inserting “section 604 of the
6591c)”; and

(2) in subsection (d), by striking “subsection
(b)(1), the Secretary may” and inserting “para-
graphs (1) and (4)(B) of subsection (b), the Sec-
retary shall”.

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SEC. 8402. TRIBAL FOREST MANAGEMENT DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture may carry out demonstration projects by which federally recognized Indian Tribes or Tribal organizations may contract to perform administrative, management, and other functions of programs of the Tribal Forest Protection Act of 2004 (25 U.S.C. 3115a et seq.) through contracts entered into under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304 et seq.).

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 8501. CLARIFICATION OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR WOOD BUILDING CONSTRUCTION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct performance-driven research and development, education, and technical assistance for the purpose of facilitating the use of innovative wood products in wood building construction in the United States.

(b) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

(1) after receipt of input and guidance from, and collaboration with, the wood products industry, conservation organizations, and institutions of higher education, conduct research and development,
education, and technical assistance that meets measurable performance goals for the achievement of the priorities described in subsection (c); and

(2) after coordination and collaboration with the wood products industry and conservation organizations, make competitive grants to institutions of higher education to conduct research and development, education, and technical assistance that meets measurable performance goals for the achievement of the priorities described in subsection (c).

(c) PRIORITIES.—The research and development, education, and technical assistance conducted under subsection (a) shall give priority to—

(1) ways to improve the commercialization of innovative wood products;

(2) analyzing the safety of tall wood building materials;

(3) calculations by the Secretary of the life cycle environmental footprint, from extraction of raw materials through the manufacturing process, of tall wood building construction;

(4) analyzing methods to reduce the life cycle environmental footprint of tall wood building construction;
(5) analyzing the potential implications of the use of innovative wood products in building construction on wildlife; and

(6) one or more other research areas identified by the Secretary, in consultation with conservation organizations, institutions of higher education, and the wood products industry.

(d) **TIMEFRAME.**—To the maximum extent practicable, the measurable performance goals for the research and development, education, and technical assistance conducted under subsection (a) shall be achievable within a 5-year period.

(e) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **INNOVATIVE WOOD PRODUCT.**—The term “innovative wood product” means a type of building component or system that uses large panelized wood construction, including mass timber.

(2) **MASS TIMBER.**—The term “mass timber” includes—

(A) cross-laminated timber;

(B) nail-laminated timber;

(C) glue-laminated timber;

(D) laminated strand lumber; and

(E) laminated veneer lumber.
(3) Secretary.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Research and Development deputy area and the State and Private Forestry deputy area of the Forest Service.

(4) Tall wood building.—The term “tall wood building” means a building designed to be—

(A) constructed with mass timber; and

(B) more than 85 feet in height.

SEC. 8502. UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE RIGHTS-OF-WAY VEGETATION MANAGEMENT PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) Pilot Program Required.—To encourage owners or operators of rights-of-way on National Forest System land to partner with the Forest Service to voluntarily perform vegetation management on a proactive basis to better protect utility infrastructure from potential passing wildfires, the Secretary shall conduct a limited, voluntary pilot program, in the manner described in this section, to permit vegetation management projects on National Forest System land adjacent to or near such rights-of-way.

(b) Eligible Participants.—A participant in the pilot program must have a right-of-way on National Forest System land. In selecting participants, the Secretary
shall give priority to holders of a right-of-way who have
worked with Forest Service fire scientists and used tech-
nologies, such as Light Detection and Ranging surveys,
to improve utility infrastructure protection prescriptions.

(c) PROJECT ELEMENTS.—A vegetation management
project under the pilot program involves limited and selec-
tive vegetation management activities, which—

(1) shall create the least amount of disturbance
reasonably necessary to protect utility infrastructure
from passing wildfires based on applicable models,
including Forest Service fuel models;

(2) may include thinning, fuel reduction, cre-
ation and treatment of shaded fuel breaks, and other
measures as appropriate;

(3) shall only take place adjacent to the partici-
pant’s right-of-way or within 75 feet of the partici-
pant’s right-of-way;

(4) shall not take place in any designated wil-
derness area, wilderness study area, or inventoried
roadless area; and

(5) shall be subject to approval by the Forest
Service in accordance with this section.

(d) PROJECT COSTS.—A participant in the pilot pro-
gram shall be responsible for all costs, as determined by
the Secretary, incurred in participating in the pilot pro-
gram, unless the Secretary determines that it is in the public interest for the Forest Service to contribute funds for a vegetation management project conducted under the pilot program.

(e) LIABILITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Participation in the pilot program does not affect any existing legal obligations or liability standards that—

(A) arise under the right-of-way for activities in the right-of-way; or

(B) apply to fires resulting from causes other than activities conducted pursuant to an approved vegetation management project.

(2) PROJECT WORK.—A participant shall not be liable to the United States for damage proximately caused by activities conducted pursuant to an approved vegetation management project unless—

(A) such activities were carried out in a manner that was grossly negligent or that violated criminal law; or

(B) the damage was caused by the failure of the participant to comply with specific safety requirements expressly imposed by the Forest Service as a condition of participating in the pilot program.
(f) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary shall utilize existing laws and regulations in the conduct of the pilot program and, in order to implement the pilot program in an efficient and expeditious manner, may waive or modify specific provisions of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, including modifications to allow for formation of contracts or agreements on a noncompetitive basis.

(g) TREATMENT OF PROCEEDS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may—

(1) retain any funds provided to the Forest Service by a participant in the pilot program; and

(2) use such funds, in such amounts as may be appropriated, in the conduct of the pilot program.

(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) NATIONAL FOREST SYSTEM LAND.—The term “National Forest System land” means land within the National Forest System, as defined in section 11(a) of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1609(a)) exclusive of the National Grasslands and land utilization projects designated as National Grasslands administered pursuant to the Act of July 22, 1937 (7 U.S.C. 1010–1012).
(2) PASSING WILDFIRE.—The term “passing wildfire” means a wildfire that originates outside the right-of-way.

(3) RIGHT-OF-WAY.—The term “right-of-way” means a special use authorization issued by the Forest Service allowing the placement of utility infrastructure.

(4) UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term “utility infrastructure” means electric transmission lines, natural gas infrastructure, or related structures.

(i) DURATION.—The authority to conduct the pilot program, and any vegetation management project under the pilot program, expires December 21, 2027.

(j) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than December 31, 2019, and every two years thereafter, the Secretary shall issue a report to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives on the status of the program and any projects established under this section.
SEC. 8503. REVISION OF EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES

REGULATIONS.

(a) Determinations of extraordinary circumstances.—In determining whether extraordinary circumstances related to a proposed action preclude use of a categorical exclusion, the Forest Service shall not be required to—

(1) consider whether a proposed action is within a potential wilderness area;

(2) consider whether a proposed action affects a Forest Service sensitive species;

(3) conduct an analysis under section 220.4(f) of title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, of the proposed action’s cumulative impact (as the term is defined in section 1508.7 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations);

(4) consider a determination under section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1536) that a proposed action may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect, threatened, endangered, or candidate species, or designated critical habitats; or

(5) consider a determination under section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1536) that a proposed action may affect, and is likely to adversely affect threatened, endangered, candidate species, or designated critical habitat if the
agency is in compliance with the applicable provisions of the biological opinion.

(b) PROPOSED RULEMAKING.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall publish a notice of proposed rulemaking to revise section 220.6(b) of title 36, Code of Federal Regulations to conform such section with subsection (a).

(e) ADDITIONAL REVISION.—As part of the proposed rulemaking described in subsection (b), the Secretary of Agriculture shall revise section 220.5(a)(2) of title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, to provide that the Forest Service shall not be required to consider proposals that would substantially alter a potential wilderness area as a class of actions normally requiring environmental impact statements.

(d) ADDITIONAL ACTIONS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall issue final regulations to carry out the revisions described in subsections (b) and (e).

SEC. 8504. NO LOSS OF FUNDS FOR WILDFIRE SUPPRESSION.

Nothing in this title or the amendments made by this title may be construed to limit from the availability of funds or other resources for wildfire suppression.
SEC. 8505. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.

(a) Wildfire Suppression Funding and Forest Management Activities Act.—

(1) In general.—The Wildfire Suppression Funding and Forest Management Activities Act (Public Law 115–141) is amended—

(A) in section 102(a)(2), by striking “the date of enactment” and inserting “the date of the enactment”; and

(B) in section 401(a)(1), by inserting “of 2000” after “Self-Determination Act”.

(2) Effective date.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect as if enacted as part of the Wildfire Suppression Funding and Forest Management Activities Act (Public Law 115–141).

(b) Agricultural Act of 2014.—Section 8206(a) of the Agricultural Act of 2014 (16 U.S.C. 2113a(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3)(B)(i)(II), by striking “Good Neighbor Authority Improvement Act” and inserting “Wildfire Suppression Funding and Forest Management Activities Act”; and

(2) in paragraph (7), as redesignated by section 8331, by striking “Good Neighbor Authority Im-
provement Act” and inserting “Wildfire Suppression
Funding and Forest Management Activities Act”.

SEC. 8506. CONVEYANCE OF LAND AND IMPROVEMENTS TO

THE VILLAGE OF SANTA CLARA, NEW MEX-
ICO.

(a) CONVEYANCE REQUIRED.—Subject to the provi-
sions of this section, if the Village of Santa Clara, New
Mexico, submits to the Secretary a written request for con-
veyance, the Secretary shall convey to the Village of Santa
Clara all right, title, and interest of the United States in
and to approximately 1,520 acres of National Forest Sys-
tem land, as generally depicted on the map.

(b) MAP.—

(1) AVAILABILITY OF MAP.—The map shall be
kept on file and available for public inspection in the
appropriate office of the Forest Service.

(2) CORRECTION OF ERRORS.—The Secretary
may correct minor errors in the map.

(c) CONSIDERATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—As consideration for the con-
vveyance of land under subsection (a), the Village of
Santa Clara shall pay to the Secretary an amount
equal to the market value of the land, as determined
by the appraisal under subsection (g).
(2) INSTALLMENTS.—The amount described in paragraph (1) may be paid in periodic installments to the Secretary.

(3) PARCEL CONVEYANCES.—Upon receipt of an installment pursuant to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall convey to the Village of Santa Clara all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of the land described subsection (a) that is equal in value to such installment and identified by the Village of Santa Clara at the time such installment is paid.

(d) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The conveyance under subsection (a) shall be—

(1) subject to valid existing rights;

(2) made by quitclaim deed;

(3) subject to the reservation by the Secretary of an access easement over and across Fort Bayard Road; and

(4) subject to any other terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

(e) COSTS OF CONVEYANCE.—As a condition for the conveyance under subsection (a) and in addition to the consideration paid under subsection (c), the Village of
Santa Clara shall pay for all costs associated with the conveyance, including for—

(1) the land survey under subsection (f);

(2) any environmental analysis and resource surveys determined necessary by Federal law; and

(3) the appraisal under subsection (g).

(f) SURVEY.—The actual acreage and legal description of the National Forest System land to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary; notwithstanding section 7 of title 43, United States Code, the Secretary is authorized to perform and approve any required cadastral surveys.

(g) APPRAISAL.—The Secretary shall complete an appraisal of the land to be conveyed under subsection (a) in accordance with—

(1) the “Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions”; and

(2) the “Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice”.

(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service.
(2) MAP.—The term “map” means the map entitled “Village of Santa Clara Conveyance Act 2018” and dated February 21, 2018.

**SEC. 8507. STREAMLINING THE FOREST SERVICE PROCESS FOR CONSIDERATION OF COMMUNICATIONS FACILITY LOCATION APPLICATIONS.**

(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **COMMUNICATIONS FACILITY.**—The term “communications facility” includes—

(A) any infrastructure, including any transmitting device, tower, or support structure, and any equipment, switches, wiring, cabling, power sources, shelters, or cabinets, associated with the licensed or permitted unlicensed wireless or wireline transmission of writings, signs, signals, data, images, pictures, and sounds of all kinds; and

(B) any antenna or apparatus that—

(i) is designed for the purpose of emitting radio frequency;

(ii) is designed to be operated, or is operating, from a fixed location pursuant to authorization by the Federal Communications Commission or is using duly au-
authorized devices that do not require individual licenses; and

(iii) is added to a tower, building, or other structure.

(2) COMMUNICATIONS SITE.—The term “communications site” means an area of covered land designated for communications uses.

(3) COMMUNICATIONS USE.—The term “communications use” means the placement and operation of communications facility.

(4) COMMUNICATIONS USE AUTHORIZATION.—The term “communications use authorization” means an easement, right-of-way, lease, license, or other authorization to locate or modify a communications facility on covered land by the Forest Service for the primary purpose of authorizing the occupancy and use of the covered land for communications use.

(5) COVERED LAND.—The term “covered land” means National Forest System land.

(6) FOREST SERVICE.—The term “Forest Service” means the United States Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture.

(7) ORGANIZATIONAL UNIT.—The term “organizational unit” means, within the Forest Service—
(A) a regional office;
(B) the headquarters;
(C) a management unit; or
(C) a ranger district office.

(b) REGULATIONS.—Notwithstanding section 6409 of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012 (47 U.S.C. 1455) or section 606 of the Repack Airwaves Yielding Better Access for Users of Modern Services Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–141), not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue regulations—

(1) to streamline the process for considering applications to locate or modify communications facilities on covered land;

(2) to ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that the process is uniform and standardized across the organizational units of the Forest Service; and

(3) to require that the applications described in paragraph (1) be considered and granted on a competitively neutral, technology neutral, and non-discriminatory basis.

(e) REQUIREMENTS.—The regulations issued under subsection (b) shall include the following:
(1) Procedures for the tracking of applications described in subsection (b)(1), including—

(A) identifying the number of applications—

(i) received;

(ii) approved; and

(iii) denied;

(B) in the case of an application that is denied, describing the reasons for the denial; and

(C) describing the amount of time between the receipt of an application and the issuance of a final decision on an application.

(2) Provision for minimum lease terms of not less than 15 years for leases with respect to the location of communications facilities on covered land.

(3) A policy under which a communications use authorization renews automatically on expiration, unless the communications use authorization is revoked for good cause.

(4) A structure of fees for—

(A) submitting an application described in subsection (b)(1), based on the cost to the Forest Service of considering such an application; and
(B) issuing communications use authorizations, based on the cost to the Forest Service of any maintenance or other activities required to be performed by the Forest Service as a result of the location or modification of the communications facility.

(5) Provision that if the Forest Service does not grant or deny an application under subparagraph (A) by the deadline established in section 6409 of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act as amended by the Repack Airwaves Yielding Better Access for Users of Modern Services Act of 2018 (47 U.S.C. 1455(b)(3)(A)), the Forest Service shall be deemed to have granted the application.

(6) Provision for prioritization or streamlining the consideration of applications to locate or modify communications facilities on covered land in a previously disturbed right-of-way.

(d) ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS.—In issuing regulations under subsection (b), the Secretary shall consider—

(1) how discrete reviews in considering an application described in subsection (b)(1) can be conducted simultaneously, rather than sequentially, by
any organizational units of the Forest Service that
must approve the location or modification; and
(2) how to eliminate overlapping requirements
among the organizational units of the Forest Service
with respect to the location or modification of a com-
munications facility on covered land administered by
those organizational units.

(c) COMMUNICATION OF STREAMLINED PROCESS TO
ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS.—The Secretary shall, with re-
spect to the regulations issued under subsection (b)—
(1) communicate the regulations to the organi-
zational units of the Forest Service; and
(2) ensure that the organizational units of the
Forest Service follow the regulations.

(f) DEPOSIT AND AVAILABILITY OF FEES.—
(1) SPECIAL ACCOUNT.—The Secretary of the
Treasury shall establish a special account in the
Treasury for the Forest Service for the deposit of
fees collected by the Forest Service under subsection
(e)(4) for communications use authorizations on cov-
ered land granted, issued, or executed by the Forest
Service.
(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR FEES COLLECTED.—
Fees collected by the Forest Service under sub-
section (e)(4) shall be—
(A) based on the costs described in subsection (c)(4); and

(B) competitively neutral, technology neutral, and nondiscriminatory with respect to other users of the communications site.

(3) DEPOSIT OF FEES.—Fees collected by the Forest Service under subsection (c)(4) shall be deposited in the special account established for the Forest Service under paragraph (1).

(4) AVAILABILITY OF FEES.—Amounts deposited in the special account for the Forest Service shall be available, to the extent and in such amounts as are provided in advance in appropriation Acts, to the Secretary to cover costs incurred by the Forest Service described in subsection (c)(4), including the following:

(A) Preparing needs assessments or other programmatic analyses necessary to designate communications sites and issue communications use authorizations.

(B) Developing management plans for communications sites.

(C) Training for management of communications sites.
(D) Obtaining or improving access to communications sites.

(5) NO ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS AUTHORIZED.—Except as provided in paragraph (4), no other amounts are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section.

(g) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—

(1) REAL PROPERTY AUTHORITIES.—Nothing in this section, or the amendments made by this section, shall be construed as providing any executive agency with any new leasing or other real property authorities not existing prior to the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.—Nothing in this section, or the amendments made by this section, and no actions taken pursuant to this section, or the amendments made by this section, shall impact a decision or determination by any executive agency to sell, dispose of, declare excess or surplus, lease, reuse, or redevelop any Federal real property pursuant to title 40, United States Code, the Federal Assets Sale and Transfer Act of 2016 (Public Law 114–387), or any other law governing real property activities of the Federal Government. No agreement entered into pursuant to this section, or the amend-
ments made by this section, may obligate the Fed-
eral Government to hold, control, or otherwise retain
or use real property that may otherwise be deemed
as excess, surplus, or that could otherwise be sold,
leased or redeveloped.

SEC. 8508. REPORT ON WILDFIRE, INSECT INFESTATION,
AND DISEASE PREVENTION ON FEDERAL
LAND.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
ment of this Act and every year thereafter, the Secretary
of Agriculture and the Secretary of Interior shall submit
to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Rep-
resentatives, the Committee on Natural Resources of the
House of Representatives, the Committee on Agriculture,
Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, and the Committee
on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a jointly
written report on—

(1) the number of acres of Federal land treated
by the Secretary of Agriculture or the Secretary of
the Interior for wildfire, insect infestation, or disease
prevention;

(2) the number of acres of Federal land cat-
egorized as a high or extreme fire risk;

(3) the total timber production from Federal
land;
(4) the number of acres and average fire intensity of wildfires affecting Federal land treated for wildfire, insect infestation, or disease prevention;

(5) the number of acres and average fire intensity of wildfires affecting Federal land not treated for wildfire, insect infestation, or disease prevention; and

(6) the Federal response time for each fire on greater than 25,000 acres.

SEC. 8509. COLLABORATIVE FOREST LANDSCAPE RESTORATION PROGRAM.

Section 4003 of the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009 (16 U.S.C. 7303) is amended—

(1) in subsection (d)(1)(B), by inserting “, except the Secretary may waive, on a case-by-case basis, the 10-year period requirement under paragraph (1)(B) of such subsection” after “subsection (b)”; and

(2) in subsection (f)—

(A) in paragraph (4)(B), by striking “proposal” and all that follows through “in excess” and inserting “proposal in excess”; and

(B) in paragraph (6), by striking “2019” and inserting “2023”.

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SEC. 8510. WEST FORK FIRE STATION.

(a) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) County.—The term “County” means Dolores County, Colorado.

(2) West Fork Fire Station Conveyance Parcel.—The term “West Fork Fire Station Conveyance Parcel” means the parcel of approximately 3.61 acres of National Forest System land in the County, as depicted on the map entitled “Map for West Fork Fire Station Conveyance Parcel” and dated November 21, 2017.

(b) Conveyance of West Fork Fire Station Conveyance Parcel, Dolores County, Colorado.—

(1) In general.—On receipt of a request from the County and subject to such terms and conditions as are mutually satisfactory to the Secretary and the County, including such additional terms as the Secretary determines to be necessary, the Secretary shall convey to the County without consideration all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the West Fork Fire Station Conveyance Parcel.

(2) Costs.—Any costs relating to the conveyance under paragraph (1), including processing and transaction costs, shall be paid by the County.

(3) Use of land.—The land conveyed to the County under paragraph (1) shall be used by the
County only for a fire station, related infrastructure, and roads to facilitate access to and through the West Fork Fire Station Conveyance Parcel.

(4) REVERSION.—If any portion of the land conveyed under paragraph (1) is used in a manner that is inconsistent with the use described in paragraph (3), the land shall, at the discretion of the Secretary, revert to the United States.

SEC. 8511. COMPETITIVE FORESTRY, NATURAL RESOURCES, AND ENVIRONMENTAL GRANTS PROGRAM.

Section 1232 of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 582a–8) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a) by inserting “or forest restoration” after “research”; and

(2) by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

“(c) PRIORITIES.—

“(1) RESEARCH.—In awarding the initial grants under subsection (a) the Secretary shall give priority to applicants who will use such grants for research concerning—

“(A) the biology of forest organisms, including physiology, genetic mechanisms, and biotechnology;
“(B) ecosystem function and management, including forest ecosystem research, biodiversity, forest productivity, pest management, water resources, and alternative silvicultural systems;

“(C) wood as a raw material, including forest products and harvesting;

“(D) human forest interactions, including outdoor recreation, public policy formulation, economics, sociology, and administrative behavior;

“(E) international trade, competition, and cooperation related to forest products;

“(F) alternative native crops, products, and services that can be produced from renewable natural resources associated with privately held forest lands;

“(G) viable economic production and marketing systems for alternative natural resource products and services;

“(H) economic and environmental benefits of various conservation practices on forest lands;

“(I) genetic tree improvement; and

“(J) market expansion.
“(2) Forest restoration.—Grants may be used to support programs that restore forest tree species native to American forests that may have suffered severe levels of mortality caused by non-native insects, plant pathogens, or others pests.

“(A) Required component of forest restoration strategy.—To receive a grant under this subsection, an eligible institution shall demonstrate that it offers a program with a forest restoration strategy that incorporates not less than one of the following components:

“(i) Collection and conservation of native tree genetic material.

“(ii) Production of propagules of native trees in numbers large enough for landscape scale restoration.

“(iii) Site preparation of former of native tree habitat.

“(iv) Planting of native tree seedlings.

“(v) Post-planting maintenance of native trees.

“(B) Award of grants.—The Secretary shall award competitive grants under this subsection based on the degree to which the applicant addresses the following criteria:
“(i) Risk posed to the forests of that
State by non-native pests, as measured by
such factors as the number of such pests
present in the State.

“(ii) The proportion of the State’s
forest composed of species vulnerable to
non-native pests present in the United
States.

“(iii) The pests’ rate of spread via
natural or human-assisted means.”.

TITLE IX—HORTICULTURE
Subtitle A—Horticulture Marketing
and Information

SEC. 9001. SPECIALTY CROPS MARKET NEWS ALLOCATION.
Section 10107(b) of the Food, Conservation, and En-
ergy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 1622b(b)) is amended by strik-
ing “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 9002. FARMERS’ MARKET AND LOCAL FOOD PRO-
motion Program.
Section 6(g) of the Farmer-to-Consumer Direct Mar-
keting Act of 1976 (7 U.S.C. 3005(g)) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (3), by striking “this section”
and all that follows through “2018.” and inserting
the following: “this section—
“(A) $10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2018; and

“(B) $30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.”;

(2) by striking paragraph (2); and

(3) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6) as paragraphs (2), (3), (4), and (5), respectively.

SEC. 9003. FOOD SAFETY EDUCATION INITIATIVES.

Section 10105(c) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 7655a(c)) is amended by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 9004. SPECIALTY CROP BLOCK GRANTS.

Section 101 of the Specialty Crops Competitiveness Act of 2004 (7 U.S.C. 1621 note; Public Law 108–465) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(B) by striking “agriculture solely to enhance the competitiveness of specialty crops.” and inserting the following: “agriculture to—

“(1) enhance the competitiveness of specialty crops;
“(2) leverage efforts to market and promote specialty crops;

“(3) assist producers with research and development;

“(4) expand availability and access to specialty crops;

“(5) address local, regional, and national challenges confronting specialty crop producers; and

“(6) address other priorities as determined by the Secretary in consultation with relevant State departments of agriculture.”;

(2) in subsection (k), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) Evaluation of performance.—The Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with relevant State departments of agriculture and specialty crop industry stakeholders that agree to—

“(A) develop, in consultation with the Secretary, performance measures to be used as the sole means for performing an evaluation under subparagraph (B); and

“(B) periodically evaluate the performance of the program established under this section.”;
(3) in subsection (l)(2)(E), by striking “fiscal year 2018” and inserting “each of fiscal years 2018 through 2023”.

SEC. 9005. AMENDMENTS TO THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT.

(a) ASEXUALLY REPRODUCED DEFINED.—Section 41(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 2401(a)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) as paragraphs (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10), respectively; and

(2) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so redesignated, the following new paragraph:

“(1) ASEXUALLY REPRODUCED.—The term ‘asexually reproduced’ means produced by a method of plant propagation using vegetative material (other than seed) from a single parent, including cuttings, grafting, tissue culture, and propagation by root division.”.

(b) RIGHT TO PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION; PLANT VARIETIES PROTECTABLE.—Section 42(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 2402(a)) is amended by striking “or tuber propagated” and inserting “, tuber propagated, or asexually reproduced”.

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(c) Infringement of Plant Variety Protection.—Section 111(a)(3) of the Plant Variety Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 2541(a)(3)) is amended by inserting “or asexually” after “sexually”.

(d) False Marketing; Cease and Desist Orders.—Section 128(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 2568(a)) is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting “or asexually” after “sexually”.

SEC. 9006. ORGANIC PROGRAMS.

(a) Additional Accreditation Authority.—Section 2115 of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6514) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

“(c) Satellite Offices and Overseas Operations.—The Secretary—

“(1) has oversight and approval authority with respect to a certifying agent accredited under this section who is operating as a certifying agent in a foreign country for the purpose of certifying a farm or handling operation in such foreign country as a certified organic farm or handling operation; and
“(2) shall require that each certifying agent that intends to operate in any foreign country as described in paragraph (1) is authorized by the Secretary to so operate on an annual basis.”.

(b) National List of Approved and Prohibited Substances for Organic Farming or Handling Operations.—Section 2119(n) of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6518(n)) is amended to read as follows:

“(n) Petitions.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall establish procedures under which persons may petition the Board for the purpose of evaluating substances for inclusion on the National List.

“(2) EXPEDITED REVIEW.—The Secretary shall develop procedures under which the review of a petition referred to in paragraph (1) may be expedited if the petition seeks to include on the National List a postharvest handling substance that is related to food safety or a class of such substances.

“(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in paragraph (2) shall be construed as providing that section 2118(d) does not apply with respect to the inclusion of a substance on the National List pursuant to such paragraph.”.
(c) Certain Employees Eligible to Serve as National Organics Standards Board Members.—

Section 2119(b) of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6518(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “, or employees of such individuals” after “operation”;

(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting “, or employees of such individuals” after “operation”; and

(3) in paragraph (3), by inserting “, or an employee of such individual” after “products”.

(d) National Organic Standards Board Consultation Requirements.—Section 2119(l) of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6518(l)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “; and” at the end and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (3)—

(A) by striking “and the evaluation of the technical advisory panel” and inserting “, the evaluation of the technical advisory panel, and the determinations of the task force required under paragraph (4)”;

(B) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and
(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) in the case of a substance not included in the National List that the Commissioner of Food and Drugs has determined to be safe for use within the meaning of section 201(s) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321(s)) or the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency has determined there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue, including all anticipated dietary exposures and all other exposures for which there is reliable information, convene a task force to consult with the Commissioner or Administrator (or the designees thereof), as applicable, to determine if such substance should be included on the National List.”.

(e) RECORDKEEPING, INVESTIGATION, AND ENFORCEMENT.—

(1) COLLABORATIVE INVESTIGATIONS AND ENFORCEMENT.—Section 2120 of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6519) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) COLLABORATIVE INVESTIGATIONS AND ENFORCEMENT.—
“(1) INFORMATION SHARING DURING ACTIVE INVESTIGATION.—In carrying out this title, all parties to an active investigation (including certifying agents, State organic certification programs, and the national organic program) may share confidential business information with Federal and State government officers and employees and certifying agents involved in the investigation as necessary to fully investigate and enforce potential violations of this title.

“(2) ACCESS TO DATA DOCUMENTATION SYSTEMS.—The Secretary shall have access to available data from cross-border documentation systems administered by other Federal agencies, including—

“(A) the Automated Commercial Environment system of U.S. Customs and Border Protection; and

“(B) the Phytosanitary Certificate Issuance and Tracking system of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service.

“(3) ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION AND VERIFICATION.—The Secretary, acting through the Deputy Administrator of the national organic program under this title, has the authority, and shall grant an accredited certifying agent the authority, to require producers and handlers to provide additional
documentation or verification before granting certification under section 2104, in the case of a known area of risk or when there is a specific area of concern, with respect to meeting the national standards for organic production established under section 2105, as determined by the Secretary or the certifying agent.”.

(2) Modification of regulations on exclusions from certification.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall issue regulations to limit the type of operations that are excluded from certification under section 205.101 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations (or a successor regulation).

(f) Reporting Requirement.—Section 2122 of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6521) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) Reporting Requirement.—Not later than March 1, 2019, and annually thereafter through March 1, 2023, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report describing national organic program activities with respect to all domestic and overseas investigations and compliance actions taken pursuant to this title during the preceding year.”.
(g) Authorization of Appropriations for National Organic Program.—Subsection (b) of section 2123 of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6522) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) National Organic Program.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in order to carry out activities under the national organic program established under this title, there are authorized to be appropriated—

“(1) $15,000,000 for fiscal year 2018;
“(2) $16,500,000 for fiscal year 2019;
“(3) $18,000,000 for fiscal year 2020;
“(4) $20,000,000 for fiscal year 2021;
“(5) $22,000,000 for fiscal year 2022; and
“(6) $24,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.”.

(h) International Trade Technology Systems and Data Collection.—Subsection (c) of section 2123 of the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6522) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) Modernization and Improvement of International Trade Technology Systems and Data Collection.—

“(1) In general.—The Secretary shall modernize international trade tracking and data collection systems of the national organic program.
“(2) Activities.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary shall modernize trade and transaction certificates to ensure full traceability without unduly hindering trade, such as through an electronic trade document exchange system.

“(3) Funding.—Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall make available $5,000,000 for fiscal year 2019 for the purposes of—

“(A) carrying out this subsection; and

“(B) maintaining the database and technology upgrades previously carried out under this subsection, as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018.

“(4) Availability.—The amounts made available under paragraph (3) are in addition to any other funds made available for the purposes specified in such paragraph and shall remain available until expended.”.

(i) Organic Production and Market Data Initiatives.—Section 7407(d) of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 5925e(d)) is amended—
(1) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(1) MANDATORY FUNDING FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019.—Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall use to carry out this section $5,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, to remain available until expended.”;

(2) in paragraph (3)—
   (A) by striking “paragraphs (1) and (2)” and inserting “paragraph (1)”;
   (B) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”;

(3) by redesignating paragraph (3), as so amended, as paragraph (2).

Subtitle B—Regulatory Reform

PART I—STATE LEAD AGENCIES UNDER FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE, AND RODENTICIDE ACT

SEC. 9101. RECOGNITION AND ROLE OF STATE LEAD AGENCIES.

(a) State Lead Agency Defined.—Section 2(aa) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136(aa)) is amended—

(1) by striking “(aa) STATE.—The term” and inserting the following:
“(aa) STATE; STATE LEAD AGENCY.—

“(1) STATE.—The term’; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) STATE LEAD AGENCY.—The term ‘State lead agency’ means a statewide department, agency, board, bureau, or other entity in a State that is authorized to regulate, in a manner consistent with section 24(a), the sale or use of any federally registered pesticide or device in such State.”.

(b) UNIFORM REGULATION OF PESTICIDES.—

(1) COOPERATION WITH AND ROLE OF STATE LEAD AGENCY.—Section 22(b) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136t(b)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end the following: “promulgated by the Administrator or, when authorized pursuant to a cooperative agreement entered into under section 23(a)(1), by a State lead agency for a State”.

(2) AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN UNIFORM REGULATIONS.—Section 23(a)(1) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136u(a)(1)) is amended by inserting after “enforcement of this Act,” the following: “to authorize the State or Indian Tribe to establish and main-
tain uniform regulation of pesticides within the
State or for the Indian Tribe,”.

(3) **Condition on More Restrictive Regulation.**—Section 24(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136v(a)) is amended by striking “A State may” and inserting “A State, but not a political subdivision of a State, may”.

(e) **Role of State Lead Agencies in Promulgation of Regulations.**—Section 25(a)(2) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136w(a)(2)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) in the first sentence, by inserting “and each State lead agency” after “Agriculture”;

(B) by striking the second sentence and inserting the following: “If the Secretary or any State lead agency comments in writing to the Administrator regarding any such regulation within 30 days after receiving the copy of the regulation, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register (with the proposed regulation) all such comments and the response of the Administrator to the comments.”; and
(C) in the third sentence, by inserting “or any State lead agency” after “Secretary”;

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) in the first sentence, by inserting “and each State lead agency” after “Agriculture”;

(B) by striking the second sentence and inserting the following: “If the Secretary or any State lead agency comments in writing to the Administrator regarding any such regulation within 15 days after receiving the copy of the regulation, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register (with the final regulation) the comments of the Secretary or State lead agency, if requested by the Secretary or State lead agency, and the response of the Administrator to the comments.”; and

(C) in the third sentence, by inserting “or any State lead agency” after “Secretary”; and

(3) in subparagraph (C), by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, in consultation with the State lead agencies”.
PART II—PESTICIDE REGISTRATION AND USE

SEC. 9111. REGISTRATION OF PESTICIDES.

(a) APPROVAL OF REGISTRATION.—Section 3(c)(5) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136a(c)(5)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (D) as clauses (i) through (iv), respectively and moving the margins of such clauses (as so redesignated) 2 ems to the right;

(2) by striking “REGISTRATION.—The Administrator” and inserting the following: “REGISTRATION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator”;

(3) in clause (iii), as so redesignated, by striking “; and” at the end and inserting a semicolon;

(4) in clause (iv), as so redesigned, by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;

(5) in the matter following clause (iv), as so redesignated, by striking “The Administrator shall not make any lack” and all that follows through “for use of the pesticide in such State.”;

(6) in subparagraph (A), as amended, by adding at the end the following new clause:

“(v) when used in accordance with widespread and commonly recognized practice it is not likely to jeopardize the sur-
vival of a federally listed threatened or en-
dangered species or directly or indirectly
alter, in a manner that is likely to appre-
ciably diminish its value, critical habitat
for both the survival and recovery of such
species.”; and
(7) by adding at the end the following new sub-
paragraphs:

“(B) PRINCIPLES TO BE APPLIED TO CER-
TAIN DETERMINATIONS.—In determining
whether the condition specified in subparagraph
(A)(v) is met, the Administrator shall take into
account the best scientific and commercial in-
formation and data available, and shall consider
all directions for use and restrictions on use
specified by the registration. In making such
determination, the Administrator shall use an
economical and effective screening process that
includes higher-tiered probabilistic ecological
risk assessments, as appropriate. Notwith-
standing any other provision of law, the Admin-
istrator shall not be required to consult or oth-
erwise communicate with the Secretary of the
Interior and the Secretary of Commerce except
to the extent specified in subparagraphs (C) and (D).

“(C) SPECIES INFORMATION AND DATA.—

“(i) REQUEST.—Not later than 30 days after the Administrator begins any determination under subparagraph (A)(v) with respect to the registration of a pesticide, the Administrator shall request that the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce transmit, with respect to any federally listed threatened and endangered species involved in such determination, the Secretaries’ best available and authoritative information and data on—

“(I) the location, life history, habitat needs, distribution, threats, population trends and conservation needs of such species; and

“(II) relevant physical and biological features of designated critical habitat for such species.

“(ii) TRANSMISSION OF DATA.—After receiving a request under clause (i), the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary
of Commerce shall transmit the information described in such clause to the Administrator on a timely basis, unless the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce have made such information available through a web-based platform that is updated on at least a quarterly basis.

“(iii) Failure to transmit data.—

The failure of the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Commerce to provide information to the Administrator under clause (ii) shall not constitute grounds for extending any deadline for action under section 33(f).

“(D) Consultation.—

“(i) In general.—At the request of an applicant, the Administrator shall request consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce.

“(ii) Requirements.—With respect to a consultation under this subparagraph, the Administrator and the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce
shall comply with subpart D of part 402 of title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (commonly known as the Joint Counterpart Endangered Species Act Section 7 Consultation), or successor regulations.

“(E) FAILURE TO CONSULT.—

“(i) NOT ACTIONABLE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning on the date of the enactment of this subparagraph, the failure of the Administrator to consult with the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce, except as provided by this section, is not actionable in any Federal court.

“(ii) REMEDY.—In any action pending in Federal court on the date of the enactment of this subparagraph or any action brought in Federal court after such date, with respect to the Administrator’s failure to consult with the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Commerce, the sole and exclusive remedy for any such action, other than as otherwise specified in this Act, shall be scheduling the determinations required by section 3(c)(5)(E) for an
active ingredient consistent with the periodic review of registrations established by this section.

“(F) ESSENTIALITY AND EFFICACY.—The Administrator shall not make any lack of essentiality a criterion for denying registration of any pesticide. Where two pesticides meet the requirements of this paragraph, one should not be registered in preference to the other. In considering an application for the registration of a pesticide, the Administrator may waive data requirements pertaining to efficacy, in which event the Administrator may register the pesticide without determining that the pesticide’s composition is such as to warrant proposed claims of efficacy. If a pesticide is found to be efficacious by any State under section 24(c), a presumption is established that the Administrator shall waive data requirements pertaining to efficacy for use of the pesticide in such State.”.

(b) REGISTRATION UNDER SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.—Section 3(c)(7) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136a(c)(7)) is amended—
(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by inserting “and when used in accordance with widespread and commonly recognized practice, it is not likely to jeopardize the survival of a federally listed threatened or endangered species or appreciably diminish the value of critical habitat for both the survival and recovery of the listed species,” after “or differ only in ways that would not significantly increase the risk of unreasonable adverse effects on the environment,”; and

(B) by inserting “and it is not likely to jeopardize the survival of a federally listed threatened or endangered species or appreciably diminish the value of critical habitat for both the survival and recovery of the listed species” before “. An applicant seeking conditional registration”; and

(2) in subparagraph (B), by inserting “and it is not likely to jeopardize the survival of a federally listed threatened or endangered species or directly or indirectly appreciably diminish the value of critical habitat for both the survival and recovery of the listed species” before “. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions”.
(c) Registration Review.—Section 3(g)(1)(A) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136a(g)(1)(A)) is amended by adding at the end the following new clause:

“(vi) Ensuring protection of species and habitat.—The Administrator shall complete the determination required under subsection (c)(5)(A)(v) for an active ingredient consistent with the periodic review of registrations under clauses (ii) and (iii) in accordance with the following schedule:

“(I) With respect to any active ingredient first registered on or before October 1, 2007, not later than October 1, 2026.

“(II) With respect to any active ingredient first registered between October 1, 2007, and the day before the date of the enactment of this clause, not later than October 1, 2033.

“(III) With respect to any active ingredient first registered on or after the date of the enactment of this clause, not later than 48 months after the effective date of registration.”.
SEC. 9112. EXPERIMENTAL USE PERMITS.

Section 5(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136c(a)) is amended by inserting “and that the issuance of such a permit is not likely to jeopardize the survival of a federally listed threatened or endangered species or diminish the value of critical habitat for both the survival and recovery of the listed species” after “section 3 of this Act”.

SEC. 9113. ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW; SUSPENSION.

Section 6(b) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136d(b)) is amended by inserting “or does not meet the criteria specified in section 3(c)(5)(A)(v)” after “adverse effects on the environment”.

SEC. 9114. UNLAWFUL ACTS.

Section 12 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136j) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) LAWFUL USE OF PESTICIDE RESULTING IN INCIDENTAL TAKING OF CERTAIN SPECIES.—If the Administrator determines, with respect to a pesticide that is registered under this Act, that the pesticide meets the criteria specified in section 3(c)(5)(A)(v), any taking of a federally listed threatened or endangered species that is incidental to an otherwise lawful use of such pesticide pursuant to this Act shall not be considered unlawful under—"
“(1) section 4(d) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1533(d)); or


SEC. 9115. AUTHORITY OF STATES.

Section 24(c) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136v(c)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), in the second sentence, by inserting “and the State registration is not likely to jeopardize the survival of a federally listed threatened or endangered species or directly or indirectly alter in a manner that is likely to appreciably diminish the value of critical habitat for both the survival and recovery of the listed species” before the period at the end; and

(2) by striking paragraph (4).

SEC. 9116. REGULATIONS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall publish, and revise thereafter as appropriate, a work plan and processes for completing the determinations required by clause (v) of section 3(c)(5)(A) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136a(c)(5)(A)), as added by section 9111(a), and implementing and enforcing standards of registration
consistent with such clause and consistent with registra-
tion reviews and other periodic reviews.

SEC. 9117. USE OF AUTHORIZED PESTICIDES.

Section 3(f) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136a(f)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(5) USE OF AUTHORIZED PESTICIDES.—Except as provided in section 402(s) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, the Administrator or a State may not require a permit under such Act for a discharge from a point source into navigable waters of a pesticide authorized for sale, distribution, or use under this Act, or the residue of such a pesticide, resulting from the application of such pesticide.”.

SEC. 9118. DISCHARGES OF PESTICIDES.

Section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1342) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(s) DISCHARGES OF PESTICIDES.—

“(1) NO PERMIT REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a permit shall not be re-
quired by the Administrator or a State under this Act for a discharge from a point source into navi-
gable waters of a pesticide authorized for sale, dis-
tribution, or use under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, or the residue of such a pesticide, resulting from the application of such pesticide.

“(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the following discharges of a pesticide or pesticide residue:

“(A) A discharge resulting from the application of a pesticide in violation of a provision of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act that is relevant to protecting water quality, if—

“(i) the discharge would not have occurred but for the violation; or

“(ii) the amount of pesticide or pesticide residue in the discharge is greater than would have occurred without the violation.

“(B) Stormwater discharges subject to regulation under subsection (p).

“(C) The following discharges subject to regulation under this section:

“(i) Manufacturing or industrial effluent.

“(ii) Treatment works effluent.
“(iii) Discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel, including a discharge resulting from ballasting operations or vessel biofouling prevention.”.

SEC. 9119. ENACTMENT OF PESTICIDE REGISTRATION IMPROVEMENT ENHANCEMENT ACT OF 2017.

H.R. 1029 of the 115th Congress, entitled the “Pesticide Registration Improvement Enhancement Act of 2017”, as passed by the House of Representatives on March 20, 2017, is hereby enacted into law.

PART III—AMENDMENTS TO THE PLANT PROTECTION ACT

SEC. 9121. METHYL BROMIDE.

Section 419 of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7719) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 419. METHYL BROMIDE.

“(a) Authorization.—

“(1) In general.—Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), a State, local, or Tribal authority may authorize the use of methyl bromide for a qualified use if the authority determines the use is required to respond to an emergency event. The Secretary may authorize such a use if the Secretary determines such a use is required to respond to an emergency event.
“(2) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 5 days after the date on which a State, local, or Tribal authority makes the determination described in paragraph (1), the State, local, or Tribal authority intending to authorize the use of methyl bromide for a qualified use shall submit to the Secretary a notification that contains the information described in subsection (b).

“(3) OBJECTION.—A State, local, or Tribal authority may not authorize the use of methyl bromide under paragraph (1) if the Secretary objects to such use under subsection (c) within the 5-day period specified in such subsection.

“(b) NOTIFICATION CONTENTS.—A notification submitted under subsection (a)(2) by a State, local, or Tribal authority shall contain—

“(1) a certification that the State, local, or Tribal authority requires the use of methyl bromide to respond to an emergency event;

“(2) a description of the emergency event and the economic loss that would result from such emergency event;

“(3) the identity and contact information for the responsible individual of the authority; and
“(4) with respect to the qualified use of methyl bromide that is the subject of the notification—

“(A) the specific location in which the methyl bromide is to be used and the total acreage of such location;

“(B) the identity of the pest or pests to be controlled by such use;

“(C) the total volume of methyl bromide to be used; and

“(D) the anticipated date of such use.

“(c) OBJECTION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, not later than 5 days after the receipt of a notification submitted under subsection (a)(2), may object to the authorization of the use of methyl bromide under such subsection by a State, local, or Tribal authority by sending the State, local, or Tribal authority a notification in writing of such objection that—

“(A) states the reasons for such objection;

and

“(B) specifies any additional information that the Secretary would require to withdraw the objection.
“(2) Reasons for Objection.—The Secretary may object to an authorization described in paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that—

“(A) the notification submitted under subsection (a)(2) does not—

“(i) contain all of the information specified in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (b); or

“(ii) demonstrate the existence of an emergency event; or

“(B) the qualified use specified in the notification does not comply with the limitations specified in subsection (e).

“(3) Withdrawal of Objection.—The Secretary shall withdraw an objection under this subsection if—

“(A) not later than 14 days after the date on which the Secretary sends the notification under paragraph (1) to the State, local, or Tribal authority involved, the State, local, or Tribal authority submits to the Secretary the additional information specified in such notification; and

“(B) such additional information is submitted to the satisfaction of the Secretary.
“(4) **Effect of withdrawal.**—Upon the issuance of a withdrawal under paragraph (3), the State, local, or Tribal authority involved may authorize the use of methyl bromide for the qualified use specified in the notification submitted under subsection (a)(2).

“(d) **Use for Emergency Events Consistent with FIFRA.**—The production, distribution, sale, shipment, application, or use of a pesticide product containing methyl bromide in accordance with an authorization for a use under subsection (a) shall be deemed an authorized production, distribution, sale, shipment, application, or use of such product under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, regardless of whether the intended use is registered and included in the label approved for the product by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under such Act.

“(e) **Limitations on Use.**—

“(1) **Limitations on use per emergency event.**—The amount of methyl bromide that may be used per emergency event at a specific location shall not exceed 20 metric tons.

“(2) **Limits on aggregate amount.**—The aggregate amount of methyl bromide allowed pursuant to this section for use in the United States in
a calendar year shall not exceed the total amount authorized by the Parties to the Montreal Protocol pursuant to the Montreal Protocol process for critical uses in the United States in calendar year 2011.

“(f) **Ensuring Adequate Supply of Methyl Bromide.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it shall not be unlawful for any person or entity to produce or import methyl bromide, or otherwise supply methyl bromide from inventories (produced or imported pursuant to the Clean Air Act for other purposes) in response to an emergency event in accordance with subsection (a).

“(g) **Exclusive Authority of the Secretary.**—Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter or modify the authority of the Secretary to use methyl bromide for quarantine and pre-shipment, without limitation, under the Clean Air Act.

“(h) **Definitions.**—

“(1) **Emergency event.**—The term ‘emergency event’ means a situation—

“(A) that occurs at a location on which a plant or commodity is grown or produced or a facility providing for the storage of, or other services with respect to, a plant or commodity;

“(B) for which the lack of availability of methyl bromide for a particular use would re-
result in significant economic loss to the owner, lessee, or operator of such a location or facility or the owner, grower, or purchaser of such a plant or commodity; and

“(C) that, in light of the specific agricultural, meteorological, or other conditions presented, requires the use of methyl bromide to control a pest or disease in such location or facility because there are no technically or economically feasible alternatives to methyl bromide easily accessible by an entity referred to in subparagraph (B) at the time and location of the event that—

“(i) are registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136 et seq.) for the intended use or pest to be so controlled; and

“(ii) would adequately control the pest or disease presented at such location or facility.

“(2) Pest.—The term ‘pest’ has the meaning given such term in section 2 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136).
“(3) QUALIFIED USE.—The term ‘qualified use’ means, with respect to methyl bromide, a methyl bromide treatment or application in an amount not to exceed the limitations specified in subsection (e) in response to an emergency event.”.

SEC. 9122. PREVENTING THE ARRIVAL IN THE UNITED STATES OF FOREST PESTS THROUGH RESTRICTIONS ON THE IMPORTATION OF CERTAIN PLANTS FOR PLANTING.

(a) CRITERIA FOR ADDING PLANTS TO NOT AUTHORIZED PENDING PEST RISK ANALYSIS LIST.—Section 412(a) of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7711(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “The Secretary” and inserting the following:

“(1) REGULATION OF MOVEMENT.—The Secretary”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) CRITERIA FOR ADDING PLANTS TO NOT AUTHORIZED PENDING PEST RISK ANALYSIS LIST.—In determining whether to add a genus of a plant for planting to the not authorized pending pest risk analysis list, the Secretary shall consider the environmental impact on natural, managed, and urban
ecosystems in the United States of a pest that may be carried on a plant for planting.’’.

(b) Reporting Requirement.—Section 412(e) of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7712(e)) is amended to read as follows:

‘‘(e) Report on Interception of Forest Pests.—Not later than March 1, 2021, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report—

‘‘(1) evaluating the effectiveness of the Federal Government in intercepting pests in international shipping and on plants for planting;

‘‘(2) describing the geographic sources of intercepted pests and the commodities or plant species most often associated with infested shipments;

‘‘(3) quantifying the detection of forest pests in the national surveillance networks, including the Cooperative Agricultural Pest Survey and the Early Detection and Rapid Response network of the Forest Service;

‘‘(4) describing new outbreaks of forest pests in the United States and the spread of existing infestations;

‘‘(5) describing how the numbers of such interceptions, detections, and outbreaks described in a
preceding paragraph have changed since January 1, 2018;

“(6) containing proposed additional actions to further reduce the rate of arrival for forest pests across the borders of the United States; and

“(7) identifying current challenges with intercepting, detecting, and addressing outbreaks of tree and wood pests, as well as challenges in achieving compliance with this Act and recommendations with respect to such challenges.”.

(c) Declaration of Extraordinary Emergency and Resulting Authorities.—Section 415(a) of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7715(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph (3);

(2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(5) use available funds for all activities necessary for pest eradication, including pest identification, development of a pest-specific management plan, and implementation of that plan.”.

(d) Forest Service and Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service Cooperation in Re-
RESPONSE TO FOREST PLANT PESTS.—Section 431(a) of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7751(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “(a) IN GENERAL.—” and inserting the following:

“(a) COOPERATION AUTHORITY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) IMPROVED COOPERATION WITH FOREST SERVICE AGAINST FOREST PLANT PESTS.—The Secretary shall ensure that appropriate coordination and collaboration is occurring between the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service and the Forest Service with respect to—

“(A) periodically identifying and prioritizing critical detection, surveillance, and eradication needs for tree and wood pests; and

“(B) identifying the actions each agency will take within their respective missions with respect to addressing identified priorities.”.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE AND IMPLEMENTATION.—

(1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary shall issue or revise such regulations as may be necessary to implement the amendments made by this section.

PART IV—AMENDMENTS TO OTHER LAWS

SEC. 9131. DEFINITION OF RETAIL FACILITIES.

Not later than 180 days of the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor shall revise the process safety management of highly hazardous chemicals standard under section 1910.119 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, promulgated pursuant to section 6 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 655), to provide that the definition of the term “retail facility”, when used with respect to a facility that provides direct sales of highly hazardous chemicals to end users or consumers (including farmers or ranchers), means a facility that is exempt from such standard because such facility has obtained more than half of its income during the most recent 12-month period from such direct sales.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

SEC. 9201. REPORT ON REGULATION OF PLANT BIOSTIMULANTS.

(a) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to the President and Congress that identifies potential regulatory and legislative reforms to ensure the ex-
peditious and appropriate review, approval, uniform na-
tional labeling, and availability of plant biostimulant prod-
ucts to agricultural producers.

(b) Consultation.—The Secretary of Agriculture
shall prepare the report required by subsection (a) in con-
sultation with the Administrator of the Environmental
Protection Agency, the several States, industry stake-
holders, and such other stakeholders as the Secretary de-
termines necessary.

(c) Plant Biostimulant Defined.—In this sec-
tion, the term “plant biostimulant” means a substance or
micro-organism that, when applied to seeds, plants, or the
rhizosphere, stimulates natural processes to enhance or
benefit nutrient uptake, nutrient efficiency, tolerance to
abiotic stress, or crop quality and yield.

SEC. 9202. PECAN MARKETING ORDERS.

Section 8e(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, re-
enacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing
Agreement Act of 1937 (7 U.S.C. 608e–1(a)), is amended
in the first sentence, by inserting “pecans,” after “wal-
nuts,”.

SEC. 9203. REPORT ON HONEY AND MAPLE SYRUP.

Not later than 60 days after the date of the enact-
ment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit
to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Rep-
resentatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report examining the effect of the final rule entitled “Food Labeling: Revision of the Nutrition and Supplement Facts Labels”, published in the Federal Register by the Food and Drug Administration on May 27, 2016 (81 Fed. Reg. 33742), (providing for updates to the nutrition facts panel on the labeling of packaged food) has on consumer perception regarding the “added sugar” statement required to be included on such panel by such final rule with respect to packaged food in which no sugar is added during processing, including pure honey and maple syrup.

**TITLE X—CROP INSURANCE**

SEC. 10001. TREATMENT OF FORAGE AND GRAZING.

(a) AVAILABILITY OF CATASTROPHIC RISK PROTECTION FOR CROPS AND GRASSES USED FOR GRAZING.—Section 508(b)(1) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(b)(1)) is amended—

(1) by striking “(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the” and inserting “The”; and

(2) by striking subparagraph (B).

(b) LIMITATION ON MULTIPLE BENEFITS FOR SAME LOSS.—Section 508(n)(2) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(n)(2)) is amended by inserting before
the period the following: “or to coverage described in sec-

tion 508D”.

(c) COVERAGE FOR FORAGE AND GRAZING.—The

Federal Crop Insurance Act is amended by inserting after

section 508C (7 U.S.C. 1508C) the following new section:

“SEC. 508D. COVERAGE FOR FORAGE AND GRAZING.

“Notwithstanding section 508A, and in addition to

any other available coverage, for crops that can be both

grazed and mechanically harvested on the same acres dur-
ing the same growing season, producers shall be allowed
to purchase, and be independently indemnified on, sepa-
rate policies for each intended use, as determined by the

Corporation.”.

SEC. 10002. ADMINISTRATIVE BASIC FEE.

Section 508(b)(5)(A) of the Federal Crop Insurance

Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(b)(5)(A)) is amended by striking

“$300” and inserting “$500”.

SEC. 10003. PREVENTION OF DUPLICATIVE COVERAGE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 508(c)(1) of the Federal

Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(c)(1)) is amended by

adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) INELIGIBLE CROPS AND ACRES.—

Crops for which the producer has elected under

section 1117 of the Agriculture and Nutrition

Act of 2018 to receive agriculture risk coverage
and acres that are enrolled in the stacked income protection plan under section 508B shall not be eligible for—

“(i) coverage based on an area yield and loss basis under paragraph (3)(A)(ii); or

“(ii) supplemental coverage under paragraph (4)(C).”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 508(c)(4)(C) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(c)(4)(C)) is amended—

(1) by striking clause (iv); and

(2) by redesignating clause (v) as clause (iv).

SEC. 10004. REPEAL OF UNUSED AUTHORITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 508(d) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(d)) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (3); and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3).

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 508(a)(9)(B) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(a)(9)(B)) is amended—

(1) in clause (i), by inserting “or” after the semicolon;

(2) by striking clause (ii); and
(3) by redesignating clause (iii) as clause (ii).

SEC. 10005. CONTINUED AUTHORITY.

Section 508(g) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508(g)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(6) CONTINUED AUTHORITY.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall establish—

“(i) underwriting rules that limit the decrease in the actual production history of a producer, at the election of the producer, to not more than 10 percent of the actual production history of the previous crop year provided that the production decline was the result of drought, flood, natural disaster, or other insurable loss (as determined by the Corporation); and

“(ii) actuarially sound premiums to cover additional risk.

“(B) OTHER AUTHORITY.—The authority provided under subparagraph (A) is in addition to any other authority that adjusts the actual production history of the producer under this Act.
“(C) EFFECT.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require a change in the carrying out of any provision of this Act as the Act was carried out for the 2018 reinsurance year.”.

SEC. 10006. PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.

Section 516(b)(2)(C)(i) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1516(b)(2)(C)(i)) is amended by striking “$9,000,000” and inserting “$7,000,000”.

SEC. 10007. MAINTENANCE OF POLICIES.

(a) Section 522(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1522(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by amending subparagraph (B) to read as follows:

“(B) REIMBURSEMENT.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—An applicant who submits a policy under section 508(h) shall be eligible for the reimbursement of reasonable and actual research and development costs directly related to the policy if the policy is approved by the Board for sale to producers.

“(ii) REASONABLE COSTS.—For the purpose of reimbursing research and development and maintenance costs under this
section, costs of the applicant shall be con-
considered reasonable and actual costs if the
costs are based on—

“(I) wage rates equal to 2 times
the hourly wage rate plus benefits, as
provided by the Bureau of Labor Sta-
tistics for the year in which such costs
are incurred, calculated using the for-
mula applied to an applicant by the
Corporation in reviewing proposed
project budgets under this section on
October 1, 2016; or

“(II) actual documented costs in-
curred by the applicant.”; and

(2) in paragraph (4)—

(A) in subparagraph (C), by striking “ap-
proved insurance provider” and inserting “ap-
plicant”; and

(B) in subparagraph (D)—

(i) in clause (i), by striking “deter-
mined by the approved insurance provider”
and inserting “determined by the appli-
cant”;

(ii) by striking clause (ii) and insert-
ing the following new clauses:
“(ii) APPROVAL.—Subject to clause (iii), the Board shall approve the amount of a fee determined under clause (i) unless the Board determines, based on substantial evidence in the record, that the amount of the fee unnecessarily inhibits the use of the policy.

“(iii) CONSIDERATION.—The Board shall not disapprove a fee on the basis of—

“(I) a comparison to maintenance fees paid with respect to the policy; or

“(II) the potential for the fee to result in a financial gain or loss to the applicant based on the number of policies sold.”.

(b) APPLICABILITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to reimbursement requests made on or after October 1, 2016.

(2) RESUBMISSION OF DENIED REQUEST.—An applicant that was denied all or a portion of a reimbursement request under paragraph (1) of section 522(b) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1522(b)) during the period between October 1, 2016
and the date of the enactment of this Act shall be
given an opportunity to resubmit such request.

SEC. 10008. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES.

(a) REPEAL OF CERTAIN RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-
MENT ACTIVITIES.—Section 522(c) of the Federal Crop
Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1522(c)) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraphs (7) through (18);

(2) by striking paragraphs (20) through (23);

and

(3) by redesignating paragraphs (19) and (24)
as paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively.

(b) WHOLE FARM APPLICATION TO BEGINNING
FARMERS AND RANCHERS.—Paragraph (7) of section
522(c) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C.
1522(c)), as redesignated by subsection (a), is amended
by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(E) BEGINNING FARMER OR RANCHER DE-
FINED.—Notwithstanding section 502(b)(3), with re-
spect to plans described under this paragraph, the
term ‘beginning farmer or rancher’ means a farmer
or rancher who has not actively operated and man-
gaged a farm or ranch with a bona fide insurable in-
terest in a crop or livestock as an owner-operator,
landlord, tenant, or sharecropper for more than 10
crop years.”.
(c) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES.—

Section 522(c) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7
U.S.C. 1522(c)) as amended by subsection (a), is further
amended by adding at the end the following new para-
graphs:

“(9) TROPICAL STORM OR HURRICANE INSUR-
ANCE.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall
offer to enter into 1 or more contracts with
qualified entities to carry out research and de-
velopment regarding a policy to insure crops,
including tomatoes, peppers, and citrus, against
losses due to a tropical storm or hurricane.

“(B) RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.—
Research and development with respect to the
policy required under subparagraph (A) shall—

“(i) evaluate the effectiveness of a
risk management tool for a low frequency,
catastrophic loss weather event; and

“(ii) provide protection for production
or revenue losses, or both.

“(10) SUBSURFACE IRRIGATION PRACTICES.—
The Corporation shall offer to enter into a contract
with a qualified entity to conduct research and de-
velopment regarding the creation of a separate prac-
tice for subsurface irrigation, including the establishment of a separate transitional yield within the county that is reflective of the average gain in productivity and yield associated with the installation of a subsurface irrigation system.

“(11) STUDY AND REPORT ON GRAIN SORGHUM RATES AND YIELDS.—

“(A) STUDY.—The Corporation shall contract with a qualified entity to conduct a study to assess the difference in rates, average yields, and coverage levels of grain sorghum policies as compared to other feed grains within a county.

“(B) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the Corporation shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report that describes the results of the study conducted under subparagraph (A).

“(12) QUALITY LOSSES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall offer to enter into a contract with a qualified entity to conduct research and development regarding the establishment of an alternative
method of adjusting for quality losses that does not impact the average production history of producers.

“(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Notwithstanding subsections (g) and (m) of section 508, if the Corporation uses any method developed as a result of the contract described in subparagraph (A) to adjust for quality losses, such method shall be—

“(i) optional for producers to elect to use; and

“(ii) offered at an actuarially sound premium rate.”.

SEC. 10009. EXTENSION OF FUNDING FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.

Section 522 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1522) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (d);

(2) in subsection (e)(2)(A)—

(A) by striking “under subsections (e) and (d)” and inserting “under subsection (e)” ; and

(B) by striking “not more than $12,500,000 for fiscal year 2008 and each subsequent fiscal year.” and inserting the following: “not more than—
“(i) $12,500,000 for fiscal year 2008 through 2018; and”; and
(C) by adding at the end the following:
“(ii) $8,000,000 for fiscal year 2019 and each fiscal year thereafter.”; and
(3) by redesignating subsection (e), as so amended, as subsection (d).

SEC. 10010. EDUCATION AND RISK MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE.

Section 524 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1524) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 524. EDUCATION AND RISK MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE.

“(a) EDUCATION ASSISTANCE.—Subject to the amounts made available under subsection (d), the Secretary, acting through the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, shall carry out the program established under subsection (b).

“(b) PARTNERSHIPS FOR RISK MANAGEMENT EDUCATION.—

“(1) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary, acting through the National Institute of Food and Agriculture, shall establish a program under which competitive grants are made to qualified public and private entities (including land-grant colleges, coopera-
tive extension services, and colleges or universities),
as determined by the Secretary, for the purpose of
educating agricultural producers about the full range
of risk management activities, including futures, op-
tions, agricultural trade options, crop insurance,
cash forward contracting, debt reduction, production
diversification, farm resources risk reduction, farm
financial benchmarking, and other risk management
strategies.

“(2) BASIS FOR GRANTS.—A grant under this
subsection shall be awarded on the basis of merit
and shall be subject to peer or merit review.

“(3) OBLIGATION PERIOD.—Funds for a grant
under this subsection shall be available to the Sec-
etary for obligation for a 2-year period.

“(4) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—The Secretary
may use not more than 4 percent of the funds made
available for grants under this subsection for admin-
istrative costs incurred by the Secretary in carrying
out this subsection.

“(c) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the program
established under subsection (b), the Secretary shall place
special emphasis on risk management strategies (including
farm financial benchmarking), education, and outreach
specifically targeted at—
“(1) beginning farmers or ranchers;

“(2) legal immigrant farmers or ranchers that are attempting to become established producers in the United States;

“(3) socially disadvantaged farmers or ranchers; and

“(4) farmers or ranchers that—

“(A) are preparing to retire;

“(B) are using transition strategies to help new farmers or ranchers get started; and

“(C) new or established farmers or ranchers that are converting production and marketing systems to pursue new markets.

“(d) FUNDING.—From the insurance fund established under section 516(c), there is transferred for the partnerships for risk management education program established under subsection (b) $5,000,000 for fiscal year 2018 and each subsequent fiscal year.’’.

TITLE XI—MISCELLANEOUS

Subtitle A—Livestock

SEC. 11101. ANIMAL DISEASE PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE.

(a) NATIONAL ANIMAL DISEASE PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE PROGRAM.—The Animal Health Protec-
tion Act is amended by inserting after section 10409A (7 U.S.C. 8308A) the following new section:

“SEC. 10409B. NATIONAL ANIMAL DISEASE PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE PROGRAM.

“(a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall establish a program, to be known as the ‘National Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Program’, to address the increasing risk of the introduction and spread of animal pests and diseases affecting the economic interests of the livestock and related industries of the United States, including the maintenance and expansion of export markets.

“(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—To carry out the National Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Program, the Secretary shall offer to enter into cooperative agreements, or other legal instruments, with eligible entities, to be selected by the Secretary, which may include any of the following entities, either individually or in combination:

“(1) A State department of agriculture.

“(2) The office of the chief animal health official of a State.

“(3) A land-grant college or university or NLGCA Institution (as those terms are defined in section 1404 of the National Agricultural Research,
Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3103)).

“(4) A college of veterinary medicine, including a veterinary emergency team at such college.

“(5) A State or national livestock producer organization with direct and significant economic interest in livestock production.

“(6) A State emergency agency.

“(7) A State, national, allied, or regional veterinary organization or specialty board recognized by the American Veterinary Medical Association.

“(8) An Indian Tribe (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)).

“(9) A Federal agency.

“(e) ACTIVITIES.—

“(1) PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—Activities under the National Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Program shall include, to the extent practicable, the following:

“(A) Enhancing animal pest and disease analysis and surveillance.

“(B) Expanding outreach and education.
“(C) Targeting domestic inspection activities at vulnerable points in the safeguarding continuum.

“(D) Enhancing and strengthening threat identification and technology.

“(E) Improving biosecurity.

“(F) Enhancing emergency preparedness and response capabilities, including training additional emergency response personnel.

“(G) Conducting technology development and enhancing electronic sharing of animal health data for risk analysis between State and Federal animal health officials.

“(H) Enhancing the development and effectiveness of animal health technologies to treat and prevent animal disease, including—

“(i) veterinary biologics and diagnostics;

“(ii) animal drugs for minor use and minor species; and

“(iii) animal medical devices.

“(I) Such other activities as determined appropriate by the Secretary, in consultation with eligible entities specified in subsection (b).
“(2) PRIORITIES.—In entering into cooperative agreements or other legal instruments under subsection (b), the Secretary shall give priority to applications submitted by—

“(A) a State department of agriculture or an office of the chief animal health official of a State; or

“(B) an eligible entity that will carry out program activities in a State or region—

“(i) in which an animal pest or disease is a Federal concern; or

“(ii) which the Secretary determines has potential for the spread of an animal pest or disease after taking into consideration—

“(I) the agricultural industries in the State or region;

“(II) factors contributing to animal disease or pest in the State or region, such as the climate, natural resources, and geography of, and native and exotic wildlife species and other disease vectors in, the State or region; and
“(III) the movement of animals
in the State or region.

“(3) CONSULTATION.—For purposes of setting
priorities under this subsection, the Secretary shall
consult with eligible entities specified in subsection
(b). The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C.
App.) shall not apply to consultation carried out
under this paragraph.

“(d) APPLICATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity specified
in subsection (b) seeking to enter into a cooperative
agreement, or other legal instrument, under the Na-
tional Animal Disease Preparedness and Response
Program shall submit to the Secretary an applica-
tion containing such information as the Secretary
may require.

“(2) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall no-
tify each applicant of—

“(A) the requirements to be imposed on
the recipient of funds under the Program for
auditing of, and reporting on, the use of such
funds; and

“(B) the criteria to be used to ensure ac-
tivities supported using such funds are based on
sound scientific data or thorough risk assessments.

“(3) Non-Federal Contributions.—When deciding whether to enter into an agreement or other legal instrument under the Program with an eligible entity described in subsection (b), the Secretary—

“(A) may take into consideration an eligible entity’s ability to contribute non-Federal funds to carry out such a cooperative agreement or other legal instrument under the Program; and

“(B) shall not require such an entity to make such a contribution.

“(e) Use of Funds.—

“(1) Use consistent with terms of cooperative agreement.—The recipient of funds under the National Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Program shall use the funds for the purposes and in the manner provided in the cooperative agreement, or other legal instrument, under which the funds are provided.

“(2) Sub-agreement.—Nothing in this section prevents an eligible entity from using funds received under the Program to enter into sub-agreements with political subdivisions of State that have legal
responsibilities relating to animal disease prevention, surveillance, or rapid response.

“(f) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of completion of an activity conducted using funds provided under the National Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Program, the recipient of such funds shall submit to the Secretary a report that describes the purposes and results of the activities.”.

(b) NATIONAL ANIMAL HEALTH VACCINE BANK.—

The Animal Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8301 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 10409B, as added by subsection (a), the following new section:

“SEC. 10409C. NATIONAL ANIMAL HEALTH VACCINE BANK.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a national vaccine bank (to be known as the ‘National Animal Health Vaccine Bank’) for the benefit of the domestic interests of the United States and to help protect the United States agriculture and food system against terrorist attack, major disaster, and other emergencies.

“(b) ELEMENTS OF VACCINE BANK.—Through the National Animal Health Vaccine Bank, the Secretary shall—

“(1) maintain sufficient quantities of animal vaccine, antiviral, therapeutic, or diagnostic products to appropriately and rapidly respond to an outbreak
of those animal diseases that would have the most
damaging effect on human health or the United
States economy; and

“(2) leverage, when appropriate, the mecha-
isms and infrastructure that have been developed
for the management, storage, and distribution of the
National Veterinary Stockpile of the Animal and
Plant Health Inspection Service.

“(c) PRIORITY FOR RESPONSE TO FOOT AND MOUTH
DISEASE.—The Secretary shall prioritize the acquisition
of sufficient quantities of foot and mouth disease vaccine,
and accompanying diagnostic products, for the National
Animal Health Vaccine Bank. As part of such
prioritization, the Secretary shall consider contracting
with one or more entities that are capable of producing
foot and mouth disease vaccine and that have surge pro-
duction capacity of the vaccine.”.

(c) FUNDING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 10417 of the Animal
Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 8316) is amended
by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR SPECIFIED PURPO-
SES.—

“(1) MANDATORY FUNDING.—
“(A) Fiscal Year 2019.—Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall make available for fiscal year 2019 $250,000,000 to carry out sections 10409A, 10409B, and 10409C, of which—

“(i) $30,000,000 shall be made available to carry out the National Animal Health Laboratory Network under section 10409A;

“(ii) $70,000,000 shall be made available to carry out the National Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Program under section 10409B; and

“(iii) $150,000,000 shall be made available to establish and maintain the National Animal Health Vaccine Bank under section 10409C.

“(B) Subsequent Fiscal Years.—Of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall make available to carry out sections 10409A, 10409B, and 10409C, $50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2023, of which not less than $30,000,000 shall be made available for each of those fiscal years to carry out the National Ani-
mal Disease Preparedness and Response Program under section 10409B.

“(2) ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to the funds made available under subparagraphs (A)(i) and (B) of paragraph (1) and funds authorized to be appropriated by subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated $15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023 to carry out the National Animal Health Laboratory Network under section 10409A.

“(3) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—Of the funds made available under subparagraphs (A)(i), (A)(ii), and (B) of paragraph (1) to carry out the National Animal Health Laboratory Network under section 10409A and the National Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Program under section 10409B, not more than 4 percent may be retained by the Secretary to pay administrative costs incurred by the Secretary. Of the funds made available under subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (B) of such paragraph to carry out the National Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Program under section 10409B, not more than 10 percent may be retained by an eligible entity to pay administrative costs incurred by the eligible entity to carry out such program.
“(4) **Duration of availability.**—Funds made available under this subsection, including any proceeds credited under paragraph (5), shall remain available until expended.

“(5) **Proceeds from vaccine sales.**—Any proceeds of a sale of vaccine or antigen from the National Animal Health Vaccine Bank shall be—

“(A) deposited into the Treasury of the United States; and

“(B) credited to the account for the operation of the National Animal Health Vaccine Bank to be made available for expenditure without further appropriation.

“(6) **Limitations on use of funds for certain purposes.**—Funds made available under the National Animal Health Laboratory Network, the National Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Program, and the National Animal Health Vaccine Bank shall not be used for the construction of a new building or facility or the acquisition or expansion of an existing building or facility, including site grading and improvement and architect fees.”.

(2) **Conforming amendments.**—

(A) **Section heading.**—The heading of section 10417 of the Animal Health Protection
Act (7 U.S.C. 8316) is amended to read as fol-

ows:

“SEC. 10417. FUNDING.”.

(B) OTHER AMENDMENTS.—Section 10417
of the Animal Health Protection Act (7 U.S.C.
8316) is further amended—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking “In
GENERAL” and inserting “GENERAL Au-
THORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS”; and

(ii) in subsection (c), by striking “to
carry out this subtitle” and inserting “pur-
suant to the authorization of appropria-
tions in subsection (a)”.

(3) REPEAL OF SEPARATE AUTHORIZATION OF
NATIONAL ANIMAL HEALTH LABORATORY NET-
WORK.—Section 10409A of the Animal Health Pro-
tection Act (7 U.S.C. 8308A(d)) is amended by
striking subsection (d).

SEC. 11102. NATIONAL AQUATIC ANIMAL HEALTH PLAN.

Section 11013(d) of the Food, Conservation, and En-
ergy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 8322(d)) is amended by strik-
ing “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 11103. VETERINARY TRAINING.

Section 10504 of the Farm Security and Rural In-
vestment Act of 2002 (7 U.S.C. 8318) is amended—
(1) by inserting “and veterinary teams, including those based at colleges of veterinary medicine,” after “veterinarians”; and

(2) by inserting before the period at the end the following: “and who are capable of providing effective services before, during, and after emergencies”.

SEC. 11104. REPORT ON FSIS GUIDANCE AND OUTREACH TO SMALL MEAT PROCESSORS.

Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Department of Agriculture shall submit to the Secretary a report on the effectiveness of existing Food Safety and Inspection Service guidance materials and other tools used by small and very small establishments, as defined by regulations issued by the Food Safety and Inspection Service, as in effect on such date of enactment, including—

(1) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the outreach conducted by the Food Safety and Inspection Service to small and very small establishments;

(2) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the guidance materials and other tools used by the Food Safety and Inspection Service to assist small and very small establishments;

(3) an evaluation of the responsiveness of Food Safety and Inspection Service personnel to inquiries
and issues from small and very small establishments;
and
(4) recommendations on measures the Food Safety and Inspection Service should take to improve regulatory clarity and consistency and ensure all guidance materials and other tools take into account small and very small establishments.

SEC. 11105. REGIONAL CATTLE AND CARCASS GRADING CORRELATION AND TRAINING CENTERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish not more than three regional centers, to be known as “Cattle and Carcass Grading Correlation and Training Centers” (referred to in this section as the “Centers”), to provide education and training for cattle and carcass beef graders of the Agricultural Marketing Service, cattle producers, and other professionals involved in the reporting, delivery, and grading of feeder cattle, live cattle, and carcasses—

(1) to limit the subjectivity in the application of beef grading standards;

(2) to provide producers with greater confidence in the price of the producers’ cattle; and

(3) to provide investors with both long and short positions more assurance in the cattle delivery system.
(b) Location.—The Centers shall be located near cattle feeding and slaughter populations and areas shall be strategically identified in order to capture regional variances in cattle production.

(c) Administration.—Each Center shall be organized and administered by offices of the Department of Agriculture in operation on the date on which the respective Center is established, or in coordination with other appropriate Federal agencies or academic institutions.

(d) Training Program.—The Centers shall offer intensive instructional programs involving classroom and field training work for individuals described in subsection (a).

(e) Coordination of Resources.—Each Center, in carrying out the functions of the Center, shall make use of information generated by the Department of Agriculture, the State agricultural extension and research stations, relevant designated contract markets, and the practical experience of area cattle producers, especially cattle producers cooperating in on-farm demonstrations, correlations, and research projects.

(f) Prohibition on Construction.—Funds made available to carry out this section shall not be used for the construction of a new building or facility or the acquisition, expansion, remodeling, or alteration of an existing
building or facility (including site grading and improvement, and architect fees). Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Secretary may use funds made available to carry out this section to provide a Center with payment for the cost of the rental of a space determined to be necessary by the Center for conducting training under this section and may accept donations (including in-kind contributions) to cover such cost.

(g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on October 1, 2018.

Subtitle B—Beginning, Socially Disadvantaged, and Veteran Producers

SEC. 11201. OUTREACH AND ASSISTANCE FOR SOCIALLY DISADVANTAGED FARMERS AND RANCHERS AND VETERAN FARMERS AND RANCHERS.

Section 2501(a)(4) of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 2279(a)(4)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) in the heading, by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”; and

(B) in clause (iii), by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”;

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(2) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph (F);

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the following new subparagraph:

“(E) PRIORITY.—In making grants and entering into contracts and other agreements under this section, the Secretary shall give priority to projects that—

“(i) deliver agricultural education to youth under the age of 18 in underserved and underrepresented communities;

“(ii) provide youth under the age of 18 with agricultural employment or volunteer opportunities, or both; and

“(iii) demonstrate experience in providing such education or opportunities to socially disadvantaged youth.”; and

(4) in subparagraph (F), as so redesignated, by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

SEC. 11202. STATE BEGINNING FARMER AND RANCHER CO-ORDINATOR.

Section 226 of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6934) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
“(i) State Beginning Farmer and Rancher Coordinator.—

“(1) In General.—The Secretary shall designate a State beginning farmer and rancher coordinator from among existing employees of the Farm Service Agency, the Natural Resources Conservation Service, the Risk Management Agency, the Rural Business-Cooperative Service, and the Rural Utilities Service.

“(2) Training.—The Agency shall coordinate the development of a training plan so that each State coordinator shall receive sufficient training to have a general working knowledge of the programs and services available from each agency of the Department to assist beginning farmers and ranchers and be familiar with issues relating to beginning farmers and ranchers.

“(3) Duties.—The coordinator shall—

“(A) coordinate technical assistance at the State level to help beginning farmers and ranchers gain access to programs of the Department;

“(B) work with outreach coordinators in the State offices of the Farm Service Agency, the Natural Resources Conservation Service,
the Risk Management Agency, the Rural Business-Cooperative Service, and the Rural Utilities Service to ensure appropriate information about technical assistance is available at outreach events and activities; and

“(C) work with the Office of Partnerships and Public Engagement and regional, state, and local offices of the Department to facilitate partnerships and joint outreach efforts with State regional, state, and local organizations and key stakeholders serving beginning farmers and ranchers through contracts and cooperative agreements.”.

SEC. 11203. OFFICE OF PARTNERSHIPS AND PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT.

(a) CHANGING NAME OF OFFICE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 226B of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6934) is amended—

(A) in the section heading, by striking “ADVOCACY AND OUTREACH” and inserting “PARTNERSHIPS AND PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT”;

(B) by striking “Advocacy and Outreach” each place it appears in subsections (a)(2),
(b)(1), and (d)(4)(B) and inserting “Partnerships and Public Engagement”;

(2) REFERENCES.—Beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Office of Advocacy and Outreach established under section 226B of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6934) in any other provision of Federal law shall be deemed to be a reference to the Office of Partnerships and Public Engagement.

(b) INCREASING OUTREACH.—Section 226B of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6934), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(1)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in subparagraph (B)—

(i) in clause (ii), by striking “and” at the end;

(ii) in clause (iii), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following new clauses:

“(iv) limited resource producers;
“(v) veteran farmers and ranchers;

and

“(vi) Tribal farmers and ranchers;

and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) to promote youth outreach.”; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),

by inserting “veteran farmers and ranchers, Tribal farmers and ranchers,” after “beginning farmers or ranchers,”;

(B) in paragraph (1), by striking “or socially disadvantaged” and inserting “socially disadvantaged, veteran, or Tribal”; and

(C) in paragraph (5), by inserting “veteran farmers or ranchers, Tribal farmers or ranchers,” after “beginning farmers or ranchers,”.

SEC. 11204. OFFICE OF TRIBAL RELATIONS.

Section 309 of the Federal Crop Insurance Reform and Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6921) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 309. OFFICE OF TRIBAL RELATIONS.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall maintain in the Office of Partnerships and Public Engagement established under section 226B an Office of Tribal Relations, which shall advise the Secretary on policies related to Indian tribes and carry out such other functions as the Secretary considers appropriate.

“(b) NEW BEGINNINGS INITIATIVE.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018, the Secretary shall establish, in consultation with the Office of Tribal Relations, an initiative (to be known as the ‘New Beginnings Initiative’) under which the Secretary shall provide funds to a land-grant college or university in an amount equal to the amount of funds such land-grant college or university expends for providing educational programs and services for, or tuition paid with respect to, Indians (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)) at such land-grant college or university.”.
SEC. 11205. COMMISSION ON FARM TRANSITIONS—NEEDS FOR 2050.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a commission to be known as the “Commission on Farm Transitions—Needs for 2050” (referred to in this section as the “Commission”).

(b) STUDY.—The Commission shall conduct a study on issues impacting the transition of agricultural operations from established farmers and ranchers to the next generation of farmers and ranchers, including—

(1) access to, and availability of—

(A) quality land and necessary infrastructure;

(B) affordable credit; and

(C) adequate risk management tools;

(2) agricultural asset transfer strategies in use as of the date of the enactment of this Act and improvements to such strategies;

(3) incentives that may facilitate agricultural asset transfers to the next generation of farmers and ranchers, including recommendations for new Federal tax policies to facilitate lifetime and estate transfers;

(4) the causes of the failures of such transitions, if any; and
(5) the status of programs and incentives providing assistance with respect to such transitions in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, and opportunities for the revision or modernization of such programs.

(c) Membership.—

(1) Composition.—The Commission shall be composed of 10 members as follows:

(A) 3 members appointed by the Secretary.

(B) 3 members appointed by the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

(C) 3 members appointed by the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives.

(D) The Chief Economist of the Department of Agriculture.

(2) Federal Government Employment.—In addition to the Chief Economist of the Department of Agriculture, the membership of the Commission may include 1 or more employees of the Department of Agriculture or other Federal agencies.

(3) Date of Appointments.—The appointment of a member of the Commission shall be made
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not later than 60 days after the date of enactment
of this Act.

(4) TERM; VACANCIES.—

(A) TERM.—A member shall be appointed
for the life of the Commission.

(B) VACANCIES.—A vacancy on the Com-
mission—

(i) shall not affect the powers of the
Commission; and

(ii) shall be filled in the same manner
as the original appointment was made.

(5) INITIAL MEETING.—Not later than 30 days
after the date on which all members of the Commis-
son have been appointed, the Commission shall hold
the initial meeting of the Commission.

(d) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the
Commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction
of business, but a lesser number of members may hold
hearings.

(e) CHAIRPERSON.—The Secretary shall appoint 1 of
the members of the Commission to serve as Chairperson
of the Commission.

(f) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit to
the President, the Committee on Agriculture of the House
of Representatives, and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report containing the results of the study required by subsection (b), including such recommendations as the Commission considers appropriate.

(g) HEARINGS.—The Commission may hold such hearings, meet and act at such times and places, take such testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commission considers advisable to carry out this section.

(h) INFORMATION FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—The Commission may secure directly from a Federal agency such information as the Commission considers necessary to carry out this section. On request of the Chairperson of the Commission, the head of the agency shall provide the information to the Commission.

(i) POSTAL SERVICES.—The Commission may use the United States mail in the same manner and under the same conditions as other agencies of the Federal Government.

(j) ASSISTANCE FROM SECRETARY.—The Secretary may provide to the Commission appropriate office space and such reasonable administrative and support services as the Commission may request.

(k) COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS.—
(1) NON-FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—A member of the Commission who is not an officer or employee of the Federal Government shall be compensated at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which the member is engaged in the performance of the duties of the Commission.

(2) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—A member of the Commission who is an officer or employee of the Federal Government shall serve without compensation in addition to the compensation received for the services of the member as an officer or employee of the Federal Government.

(3) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—A member of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for an employee of an agency under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from the home or regular place of business of the member in the performance of the duties of the Commission.

(I) FEDERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACT.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not
apply to the Commission or any proceeding of the Com-
mission.

SEC. 11206. AGRICULTURAL YOUTH ORGANIZATION COORDINATOR.

Subtitle A of the Department of Agriculture Reorga-
nization Act of 1994 is amended by inserting after section
220 (7 U.S.C. 6920) the following new section:

“SEC. 221. AGRICULTURAL YOUTH ORGANIZATION COORDINATOR.

“(a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary shall establish
in the Department the position of Agricultural Youth Or-
ganization Coordinator.

“(b) DUTIES.—The Agricultural Youth Organization
Coordinator shall—

“(1) promote the role of youth-serving organiza-
tions and school-based agricultural education in mo-
tivating and preparing young people to pursue ca-
eries in the agriculture, food, and natural resources
systems;

“(2) work to help build awareness of the reach
and importance of agriculture, across a diversity of
fields and disciplines;

“(3) identify short-term and long-term interests
of the Department and provide opportunities, re-
resources, input, and coordination with programs and
agencies of the Department to youth-serving organizations and school-based agricultural education, including the development of internship opportunities;

“(4) share, internally and externally, the extent to which active steps are being taken to encourage collaboration with, and support of, youth-serving organizations and school-based agricultural education;

“(5) provide information to young farmers concerning the availability of, and eligibility requirements for, participation in agricultural programs, with particular emphasis on beginning farmer and rancher programs;

“(6) serve as a resource for assisting young farmers in applying for participation in agricultural programs; and

“(7) advocate on behalf of young farmers in interactions with employees of the Department.

“(c) Contracts and Cooperative Agreements.—For purposes of carrying out the duties under subsection (b), the Agricultural Youth Organization Coordinator shall consult with the cooperative extension and the land-grant university systems, and may enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with the research centers of the Agricultural Research Service, cooperative extension
and the land-grant university systems, non-land-grant col-
leges of agriculture, or nonprofit organizations for—

“(1) the conduct of regional research on the
profitability of small farms;

“(2) the development of educational materials;

“(3) the conduct of workshops, courses, and
certified vocational training;

“(4) the conduct of mentoring activities; or

“(5) the provision of internship opportunities.”.

Subtitle C—Textiles

SEC. 11301. REPEAL OF PIMA AGRICULTURE COTTON
TRUST FUND.

Effective December 31, 2018, the Agricultural Act of
2014 (7 U.S.C. 2101 note; Public Law 113–79) is amend-
ed by striking section 12314 (and by conforming the items
relating to such section in the table of sections accord-
ingly).

SEC. 11302. REPEAL OF AGRICULTURE WOOL APPAREL
MANUFACTURERS TRUST FUND.

Effective December 31, 2018, the Agricultural Act of
2014 (7 U.S.C. 2101 note; Public Law 113–79) is amend-
ed by striking section 12315 (and by conforming the items
relating to such section in the table of sections accord-
ingly).
SEC. 11303. REPEAL OF WOOL RESEARCH AND PROMOTION GRANTS FUNDING.

Effective December 31, 2018, the Agricultural Act of 2014 (7 U.S.C. 2101 note; Public Law 113–79) is amended by striking section 12316 (and by conforming the items relating to such section in the table of sections accordingly).

SEC. 11304. TEXTILE TRUST FUND.

(a) Establishment.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund, to be known as the “Textile Trust Fund”, consisting of such amounts as may be transferred to the Textile Trust Fund pursuant to subsection (e), and to be used for the purposes of—

(1) reducing the injury to domestic manufacturers resulting from tariffs on cotton fabric that are higher than tariffs on certain apparel articles made of cotton fabric;

(2) reducing the injury to domestic manufacturers resulting from tariffs on wool products that are higher than tariffs on certain apparel articles made of wool products; and

(3) wool research and promotion.

(b) Distribution of Funds.—From amounts in the Textile Trust Fund, the Secretary shall make payments annually, beginning in calendar year 2019, for each of calendar years 2019 through 2023 as follows:
(1) **PIMA COTTON.**—From amounts specified in subsection (e)(2)(A), the Secretary shall make payments as follows:

(A) Twenty-five percent of such amounts for a calendar year shall be paid to one or more nationally recognized associations established for the promotion of pima cotton for use in textile and apparel goods.

(B) Twenty-five percent of such amounts for a calendar year shall be paid to yarn spinners of pima cotton that produce ring spun cotton yarns in the United States, to be allocated to each spinner in an amount that bears the same ratio as—

(i) the spinner’s production of ring spun cotton yarns, measuring less than 83.33 decitex (exceeding 120 metric number) from pima cotton in single and plied form during the previous calendar year (as evidenced by an affidavit provided by the spinner that meets the requirements of subsection (e)(1)); bears to

(ii) the production of the yarns described in clause (i) during the previous
calendar year for all spinners who qualify
under this subparagraph.

(C) Fifty percent of such amounts for a
calendar year shall be paid to manufacturers
who cut and sew cotton shirts in the United
States who certify that they used imported cot-
ton fabric during the previous calendar year, to
be allocated to each such manufacturer in an
amount that bears the same ratio as—

(i) the dollar value (excluding duty,
shipping, and related costs) of imported
woven cotton shirting fabric of 80s or
higher count and 2-ply in warp purchased
by the manufacturer during the previous
calendar year (as evidenced by an affidavit
provided by the manufacturer that meets
the requirements of subsection (c)(2)) used
in the manufacturing of men’s and boys’
cotton shirts; bears to

(ii) the dollar value (excluding duty,
shipping, and related costs) of the fabric
described in clause (i) purchased during
the previous calendar year by all manufac-
turers who qualify under this subpara-
graph.
(2) Wool manufacturers.—From amounts specified in subsection (e)(2)(B), the Secretary shall make payments as follows:

(A) To each eligible manufacturer under paragraph (3) of section 4002(c) of the Wool Suit and Textile Trade Extension Act of 2004 (Public Law 108–429; 118 Stat. 2600), as amended by section 1633(c) of the Miscellaneous Trade and Technical Corrections Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–280; 120 Stat. 1166) and section 325(b) of the Tax Extenders and Alternative Minimum Tax Relief Act of 2008 (division C of Public Law 110–343; 122 Stat. 3875), and any successor-in-interest to such a manufacturer as provided for under paragraph (4) of such section 4002(c), that submits an affidavit in accordance with subsection (c)(3) for the year of the payment for calendar years 2019 through 2023, payments in amounts authorized under that paragraph.

(B) To each eligible manufacturer under paragraph (6) of such section 4002(c) for calendar years 2019 through 2023, payments in amounts authorized under that paragraph.

(c) Affidavits.—
(1) **YARN SPINNERS.**—The affidavit required by subsection (b)(1)(B)(i) for a calendar year is a notarized affidavit provided by an officer of a producer of ring spun yarns that affirms—

(A) that the producer used pima cotton during the year in which the affidavit is filed and during the previous calendar year to produce ring spun cotton yarns in the United States, measuring less than 83.33 decitex (exceeding 120 metric number), in single and plied form;

(B) the quantity, measured in pounds, of ring spun cotton yarns, measuring less than 83.33 decitex (exceeding 120 metric number), in single and plied form during the previous calendar year; and

(C) that the producer maintains supporting documentation showing the quantity of such yarns produced, and evidencing the yarns as ring spun cotton yarns, measuring less than 83.33 decitex (exceeding 120 metric number), in single and plied form during the previous calendar year.

(2) **SHIRTING MANUFACTURERS.**—
(A) IN GENERAL.—The affidavit required
by subsection (b)(1)(C)(i) for a calendar year is
a notarized affidavit provided by an officer of a
manufacturer of men’s and boys’ shirts that af-

(i) that the manufacturer used im-
ported cotton fabric during the year in
which the affidavit is filed and during the
previous calendar year, to cut and sew
men’s and boys’ woven cotton shirts in the
United States;

(ii) the dollar value of imported woven
cotton shirting fabric of 80s or higher
count and 2-ply in warp purchased by the
manufacturer during the previous calendar
year;

(iii) that the manufacturer maintains
invoices along with other supporting docu-
mentation (such as price lists and other
technical descriptions of the fabric quali-
ties) showing the dollar value of such fab-
ric purchased, the date of purchase, and
evidencing the fabric as woven cotton fab-
ric of 80s or higher count and 2-ply in
warp; and
(iv) that the fabric was suitable for use in the manufacturing of men’s and boys’ cotton shirts.

(B) Date of Purchase.—For purposes of the affidavit under subparagraph (A), the date of purchase shall be the invoice date, and the dollar value shall be determined excluding duty, shipping, and related costs.

(3) Filing Date for Affidavits.—Any person required to provide an affidavit under this section shall file the affidavit with the Secretary or as directed by the Secretary for any of calendar years 2019 through 2023, not later than March 15 of that calendar year.

(4) Increase in Payments to Wool Manufacturers in Case of Expiration of Duty Suspensions.—

(A) In General.—In any calendar year in which the suspension of duty on wool products described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) is not in effect, the amount of any payment described in subsection (b)(2) to a manufacturer or successor-in-interest shall be increased by an amount the Secretary, after consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, determines is equal
to the amount the manufacturer or successor-
in-interest would have saved during the cal-
endar year of the payment if the suspension of
duty on such wool products were in effect.

(B) **Special rule for certain fabrics of worsted wool.**—

(i) **In general.**—With respect to fabrics of worsted wool described in clause (ii), subparagraph (A) shall be applied by substituting “rate of duty on such wool products was 10 percent” for “suspension of duty on such wool products were in ef-
fect”.

(ii) **Fabrics of worsted wool described.**—Fabrics of worsted wool described in this paragraph are fabrics of worsted wool—

(I) with average fiber diameters greater than 18.5 micron; and

(II) containing 85 percent or more by weight of wool.

(C) **Covered wool products.**—Sub-
paragraph (A) applies with respect to the fol-
lowing:
(i) Yarn, of combed wool, not put up for retail sale, containing 85 percent or more by weight of wool, formed with wool fibers having average diameters of 18.5 micron or less.

(ii) Wool fiber, waste, garnetted stock, combed wool, or wool top, the foregoing having average fiber diameters of 18.5 micron or less.

(iii) Fabrics of combed wool, containing 85 percent or more by weight of wool, with wool yarns of average fiber diameters of 18.5 micron or less, certified by the importer as suitable for use in making men’s and boys’ suits, suit-type jackets, or trousers and must be imported for the benefit of persons who cut and sew such clothing in the United States.

(iv) Fabrics of combed wool, containing 85 percent or more by weight of wool, with wool yarns of average fiber diameters of 18.5 micron or less, certified by the importer as suitable for use in making men’s and boys’ suits, suit-type jackets, or trousers and must be imported for the ben-
efit of persons who weave worsted wool
fabric suitable for use in such clothing in
the United States.

(D) No appeal of determinations.—A
determination of the Secretary under this para-
graph shall be final and not subject to appeal
or protest.

(d) Timing for distributions.—The Secretary
shall make a payment under subsection (b) for each of
calendar years 2019 through 2023, not later than April
15 of the year of the payment.

(e) Funding.—

(1) Transfer required.—Of the funds of the
Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall
transfer to the Textile Trust Fund $25,250,000 for
each of calendar years 2019 through 2023.

(2) Allocation of funds.—Of the funds
transferred under paragraph (1) for a calendar
year—

(A) $8,000,000 shall be available for dis-
trIBUTION under subsection (b)(1);

(B) $15,000,000 shall be available for dis-
trIBUTION under subsection (b)(2); and

(C) notwithstanding subsection (f) of sec-
tion 506 of the Trade and Development Act of
2000 (7 U.S.C. 7101 note; Public Law 106–200), $2,250,000 shall be available to provide grants described in subsection (d) of such section.

(3) Sheep production and marketing.—In addition to funds made available under paragraph (1), of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Secretary shall use to carry out section 209 of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1627a), $2,000,000 for fiscal year 2019, to remain available until expended.

(4) Duration of availability.—Amounts transferred to the Textile Trust Fund pursuant to this subsection shall remain available until expended.

Subtitle D—United States Grain Standards Act

SEC. 11401. RESTORING CERTAIN EXCEPTIONS TO UNITED STATES GRAIN STANDARDS ACT.

(a) In General.—Grain handling facilities described in subsection (b) may, on or before the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, restore a prior exception with an official agency designated under the rule entitled “Exceptions to Geographic Areas for Official Agencies Under the USGSA” published by the De-
department of Agriculture in the Federal Register on April 18, 2003 (68 Fed. Reg. 19137) if—

(1) such grain handling facility and official agency agree to restore such prior exception; and

(2) such grain handling facility notifies the Secretary of Agriculture of—

(A) the exception described in paragraph (1); and

(B) the effective date of such exception.

(b) Eligible Grain Handling Facilities.—Subsection (a) shall apply with respect to grain handling facilities that were—

(1) granted exceptions pursuant to the rule specified in subsection (a); and

(2) had such exceptions revoked on or after September 30, 2015.

(c) No Unilateral Termination Allowed.—Beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, a nonuse of service exception may only be terminated if two or more parties to such exception, including the grain handling facility, are in joint agreement with respect to such termination.
Subtitle E—Noninsured Crop
Disaster Assistance Program

SEC. 11501. ELIGIBLE CROPS.

Section 196(a)(2) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7333(a)(2)) is amended by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following new subparagraph:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), in this section, the term ‘eligible crop’ means each commercial crop or other agricultural commodity that is produced for food or fiber (except livestock) for which catastrophic risk protection under subsection (b) of section 508 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U.S.C. 1508) and additional coverage under subsections (c) and (h) of such section are not available or, if such coverage is available, it is only available under a policy that provides coverage for specific intervals based on weather indexes or under a whole farm plan of insurance.”.

SEC. 11502. SERVICE FEE.

Section 196(k)(1) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7333(k)(1)) is amended—
(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “$250” and inserting “$350”; and

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) by striking “$750” and inserting “$1,050”; and

(B) by striking “$1,875” and inserting “$2,100”.

SEC. 11503. PAYMENTS EQUIVALENT TO ADDITIONAL COVERAGE.

(a) PREMIUMS.—Section 196(l)(2)(B)(i) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7333(l)(2)(B)(i)) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of subclause (IV);

(2) by striking “or” at the end of subclause (V) and inserting “and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subclause:

“(VI) the producer’s share of the crop; or”.

(b) ADDITIONAL AVAILABILITY OF COVERAGE.—Section 196(l) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7333(l)) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraph (3); and

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(c) Period of Availability.—Paragraph (4) of section 196(l) of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7333(l)), as redesignated by subsection (b)(2), is amended—

(1) by striking “Except as provided in paragraph (3)(A), additional” and inserting “Additional”; and

(2) by striking “2018” and inserting “2023”.

Subtitle F—Other Matters

SEC. 11601. UNDER SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE FOR FARM PRODUCTION AND CONSERVATION.

(a) References to Former Under Secretary of Agriculture for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services.—

(1) Food Aid Consultative Group.—Section 205(b) of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1725(b)) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(2) the Under Secretary of Agriculture for Trade and Foreign Agricultural Affairs;”.

(2) Office of Risk Management.—Section 226A(d)(1) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6933(d)(1)) is
amended by striking “Under Secretary of Agriculture for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services” and inserting “Under Secretary of Agriculture for Farm Production and Conservation”.

(3) Multiagency Task Force.—Section 242(b)(3) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6952(b)(3)) is amended by striking “Under Secretary for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services” and inserting “Under Secretary of Agriculture for Trade and Foreign Agricultural Affairs”.

(4) Interagency Committee on Minority Careers in International Affairs.—Section 625(e)(1)(A) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1131c(e)(1)(A)) is amended by striking “Under Secretary for Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services” and inserting “Under Secretary of Agriculture for Trade and Foreign Agricultural Affairs”.

(b) References to Other Designated Department Officials.—

(A) in clause (ii)—

(i) by inserting “(or other official designated by the Secretary)” after “Under Secretary for Rural Development”; and

(ii) by inserting “or designated official” after “Under Secretary” each other place it appears; and

(B) in clause (iii)—

(i) by inserting “(or other official designated by the Secretary)” after “Under Secretary for Rural Development”; and

(ii) in subclauses (III) and (IV), by inserting “or designated official” after “Under Secretary” both places it appears.

(2) NATIONAL SHEEP INDUSTRY IMPROVEMENT CENTER.—Section 210(f)(3)(B)(i) of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1627b(f)(3)(B)(i)) is amended by inserting “(or other official designated by the Secretary of Agriculture)” after “Under Secretary of Agriculture for Rural Development”.

amended by inserting “(or other official designated by the Secretary of Agriculture)” after “Under Secretary of Agriculture for Rural Development”.

(4) **State plans for vocational rehabilitation services.**—Section 101(a)(11)(C) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 721(a)(11)(C)) is amended by inserting “(or other official designated by the Secretary of Agriculture)” after “Under Secretary for Rural Development of the Department of Agriculture”.

**SEC. 11602. AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN PROGRAMS UNDER DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE REORGANIZATION ACT OF 1994.**

Section 296(b)(8) of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 7014(b)(8)) is amended by inserting “, section 772 of the Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2018, or the Agriculture and Nutrition Act of 2018” before the period at the end.
SEC. 11603. CONFERENCE REPORT REQUIREMENT THRESHOLD.

Section 14208(a)(3)(A) of the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2255b(a)(3)(A)) is amended by striking “$10,000” and inserting “$75,000”.

SEC. 11604. NATIONAL AGRICULTURE IMAGERY PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Administrator of the Farm Service Agency, shall carry out a national agriculture imagery program to annually acquire aerial imagery during agricultural growing seasons from the continental United States.

(b) DATA.—The aerial imagery acquired under this section shall—

(1) consist of high resolution processed digital imagery;

(2) be made available in a format that can be provided to Federal, State, and private sector entities;

(3) be technologically compatible with geospatial information technology; and

(4) be consistent with the standards established by the Federal Geographic Data Committee.

(c) SUPPLEMENTAL SATELLITE IMAGERY.—The Secretary of Agriculture may supplement the aerial imagery collected under this section with satellite imagery.
(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section $23,000,000 for fiscal year 2019 and each fiscal year thereafter.

SEC. 11605. REPORT ON INCLUSION OF NATURAL STONE PRODUCTS IN COMMODITY PROMOTION, RESEARCH, AND INFORMATION ACT OF 1996.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives a report examining the effect the establishment of a Natural Stone Research and Promotion Board pursuant to the Commodity Promotion, Research, and Information Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) would have on the natural stone industry, including how such a program would effect—

(1) research conducted on, and the promotion of, natural stone;

(2) the development and expansion of domestic markets for natural stone;

(3) economic activity of the natural stone industry subject to such a Board;

(4) economic development in rural areas; and

(5) benefits to consumers in the United States of natural stone products.
SEC. 11606. SOUTH CAROLINA INCLUSION IN VIRGINIA/CAROLINA PEANUT PRODUCING REGION.


SEC. 11607. ESTABLISHMENT OF FOOD LOSS AND WASTE REDUCTION LIAISON.

Subtitle A of the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.), as amended by section 11204, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 222. FOOD LOSS AND WASTE REDUCTION LIAISON.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish within the Office of the Secretary a Food Loss and Waste Reduction Liaison to coordinate Federal programs to measure and reduce the incidence of food loss and waste in accordance with this section.

“(b) DUTIES.—The Food Loss and Waste Reduction Liaison shall—

“(1) coordinate food loss and waste reduction efforts with other Federal agencies, including the Environmental Protection Agency and the Food and Drug Administration;
“(2) support and promote Federal programs to measure and reduce the incidence of food loss and waste and increase food recovery;

“(3) provide information to, and serve as a resource for, entities engaged in food loss and waste reduction and food recovery concerning the availability of, and eligibility requirements for, participation in Federal programs;

“(4) raise awareness of the liability protections afforded under the Bill Emerson Good Samaritan Food Donation Act (42 U.S.C. 1791) to persons engaged in food loss and waste reduction and food recovery; and

“(5) make recommendations with respect to expanding food recovery efforts and reducing the incidence of food loss and waste.

“(c) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—For purposes of carrying out the duties under subsection (b), the Food Loss and Waste Reduction Liaison may enter into contracts or cooperative agreements with the research centers of the Research, Education, and Economics mission area, institutions of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)), or nonprofit organizations for—

“(1) the development of educational materials;
“(2) the conduct of workshops and courses; or
“(3) the conduct of research on best practices
with respect to food loss and waste reduction and
food recovery.”.

SEC. 11608. ESTABLISHMENT OF FOOD ACCESS LIAISON.

(a) In General.—Subtitle A of the Department of
Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 6901
et seq.), as amended by sections 11204 and 11607, is
amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 223. FOOD ACCESS LIAISON.

“(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall estab-
lish the position of Food Access Liaison to coordinate De-
partment programs to reduce barriers to food access and
monitor and evaluate the progress of such programs in
accordance with this section.

“(b) Duties.—The Food Access Liaison shall—

“(1) coordinate the efforts of the Department,
including regional offices, to experiment and con-
sider programs and policies aimed at reducing bar-
riers to food access for consumers, including but not
limited to participants in nutrition assistance pro-
grams;

“(2) provide outreach to entities engaged in ac-
tivities to reduce barriers to food access in accord-
ance with the statutory authorization for each pro-
gram;

“(3) provide outreach to entities engaged in ac-
tivities to reduce barriers to food access, including
retailers, markets, producers, and others involved in
food production and distribution, with respect to the
availability of, and eligibility for, Department pro-
grams;

“(4) raise awareness of food access issues in
interactions with employees of the Department;

“(5) make recommendations to the Secretary
with respect to efforts to reduce barriers to food ac-
cess; and

“(6) submit to Congress an annual report with
respect to the efforts of the Department to reduce
barriers to food access.”.

(b) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall
provide technical assistance to entities that are partici-
pants, or seek to participate, in Department of Agriculture
programs related to reduction of barriers to food access.

SEC. 11609. COTTON CLASSIFICATION SERVICES.

Section 3a of the Act of March 3, 1927 (7 U.S.C.
473a), is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
section (h); and
(2) by inserting after subsection (f) the follow-

lowing new subsection:

“(g) HIRING AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any
other provision of law, employees hired to provide cotton
classification services pursuant to this section may work
up to 240 calendar days in a service year and may be
rehired non-competitively every year in the same or a suc-
cessor position if they meet performance and conduct ex-
pectations, as determined by the Secretary.”.

SEC. 11610. CENTURY FARMS PROGRAM.

The Secretary shall establish a program under which
the Secretary recognizes any farm that—

(1) a State department of agriculture or similar
statewide agricultural organization recognizes as a
Century Farm; or

(2)(A) is defined as a farm or ranch under sec-
tion 4284.902 of title 7, Code of Federal Regula-
tions (as in effect on the date of enactment of this
Act);

(B) has been in continuous operation for at
least 100 years; and

(C) has been owned by the same family for at
least 100 consecutive years, as verified through
deeds, wills, abstracts, tax statements, or other simi-
lar legal documents considered appropriate by the
Secretary.

SEC. 11611. REPORT ON AGRICULTURAL INNOVATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agri-
culture, in consultation with the Administrator of the En-
vironmental Protection Agency and the Commissioner of
the Food and Drug Administration, shall prepare and sub-
mit a report to the Committee on Agriculture of the House
of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nu-
trition, and Forestry of the Senate on plans for improving
the Federal government’s policies and procedures with re-
spect to gene editing and other precision plant breeding
methods.

(b) CONTENT.—The report under subsection (a) shall
include plans to implement measures designed to ensure
that—

(1) the United States continues to provide a fa-
vorable environment for research and development in
precision plant breeding innovation and maintains
its leadership with respect to that innovation;

(2) for plants for which premarket review is re-
quired under the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C.
7701 et seq.), the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
and Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 136), or the Federal
Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, the process for such review is designed—

(A) to minimize regulatory burden while assuring protection of public health and welfare; and

(B) to ensure that resources of the Department of Agriculture are focused on plants with less familiar characteristics, more complex risk pathways, or both;

(3) each agency referred to in subsection (a) recognizes that certain applications of gene editing in plants do not warrant such a premarket review process;

(4) each agency referred to in subsection (a) clearly communicates the rationale for the regulatory policies and decisions of such agency to the public through broadly available and easily accessible tools;

(5) categories of plants that are familiar and have a history of safe use be identified and exempted from such premarket review or be subject to an expedited, independent premarket review process for which data requirements are reduced;

(6) regulatory processes of each agency referred to in subsection (a) are predictable, efficient, not du-
applicative, and designed to accommodate rapid advances in plant breeding technology; and

(7) where Federal law provides for regulatory oversight of plant breeding technology by more than one Federal agency, the relevant Federal agencies enter into appropriate interagency agreements to shift responsibility for particular categories of plant products and regulatory activities for purposes of meeting the goals specified in paragraphs (1) through (6).

SEC. 11612. REPORT ON DOG IMPORTATION.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report that contains the following information, with respect to the importation of dogs into the United States:

(1) An estimate of the number of dogs so imported each year.

(2) The number of dogs so imported for resale.

(3) The number of dogs for which such importation for resale was requested but denied because
such importation failed to meet the requirements of

(4) The Secretary’s recommendations for Federal statutory changes determined to be necessary for such importation for resale to meet the requirements of such section.

SEC. 11613. PROHIBITION ON SLAUGHTER OF DOGS AND CATS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.

The Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2131 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 30. PROHIBITION OF SLAUGHTER OF DOGS AND CATS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.

“(a) Prohibition.—No person may—

“(1) knowingly slaughter a dog or cat for human consumption; or

“(2) knowingly ship, transport, move, deliver, receive, possess, purchase, sell, or donate—

“(A) a dog or cat to be slaughtered for human consumption; or

“(B) dog or cat parts for human consumption.

“(b) Penalty.—Any person who violates this section shall be subject to imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or a fine of not more than $2,500, or both.
“(c) Scope.—Subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to conduct in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce or within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States.

“(d) Conflict with State Law.—This section shall not be construed to limit any State or local law or regulations protecting the welfare of animals or to prevent a State or local governing body from adopting and enforcing animal welfare laws and regulations that are more stringent than this section.”.

SEC. 11614. CONSIDERATION OF THE TOTALITY OF CONSERVATION MEASURES.

Section 7(b)(3) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1536(b)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(C) In determining whether a Federal agency action is likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any endangered species or threatened species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of the critical habitat of a species, the Secretary shall consider the offsetting effects of all avoidance, minimization, and other species-protection or conservation measures that are already in place or proposed to be implemented as part of the action, includ-
ing the development, improvement, protection, or management of species habitat whether or not it is designated as critical habitat of such species.”.

SEC. 11615. DEPREDATION PERMITS FOR BLACK VULTURES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior, in conjunction with the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, may issue depredation permits to livestock farmers, authorizing takings of black vultures otherwise prohibited by Federal law to prevent such vultures from taking livestock during the calving season.

(b) LIMITED TO AFFECTED STATES OR REGIONS.—The Secretary may issue such permits only to livestock farmers in States and regions in which livestock farmers are affected by black vultures, as determined by Secretary in conjunction with the Director.

(c) REPORTING.—The Secretary shall require, as a condition of such a permit, that the permit holder shall report to the appropriate enforcement agencies the takings of black vultures under the permit.

SEC. 11616. EXTENDING PROHIBITION ON ANIMAL FIGHTING TO THE TERRITORIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 26 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2156) is amended—
(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “Except as provided in paragraph (3), it” and inserting “It”; and

(B) by striking paragraph (3);

(2) by striking subsection (d); and

(3) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), and (j) as subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i), respectively.

(b) USE OF POSTAL SERVICE OR OTHER INTERSTATE INSTRUMENTALITIES.—Section 26(e) of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2156(e)) is amended by striking “(e)” and inserting “(d)”.

(e) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Subsection (i) of section 26 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2156), as redesignated by section 2(3), is amended by striking “(e)” and inserting “(d)”.

(d) ENFORCEMENT OF ANIMAL FIGHTING PROHIBITIONS.—Section 49(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking “(e)” and inserting “(d)”.

SEC. 11617. WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES RULE.

The final rule issued by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of the Army entitled “Clean Water Rule: Definition of ‘Waters of the United States’”, published on June 29, 2015 (80
Fed. Reg. 37054), is repealed, and any regulation or policy revised under, or otherwise affected as a result of, that rule shall be applied as if that rule had not been issued.

Subtitle G—Protecting Interstate Commerce

SEC. 11701. PROHIBITION AGAINST INTERFERENCE BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS WITH PRODUCTION OR MANUFACTURE OF ITEMS IN OTHER STATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with article I, section 8, clause 3 of the Constitution of the United States, the government of a State or locality therein shall not impose a standard or condition on the production or manufacture of any agricultural product sold or offered for sale in interstate commerce if—

(1) such production or manufacture occurs in another State; and

(2) the standard or condition is in addition to the standards and conditions applicable to such production or manufacture pursuant to—

(A) Federal law; and

(B) the laws of the State and locality in which such production or manufacture occurs.

(b) AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT DEFINED.—In this section, the term “agricultural product” has the meaning
given such term in section 207 of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1626).

SEC. 11702. FEDERAL CAUSE OF ACTION TO CHALLENGE STATE REGULATION OF INTERSTATE COMMERCE.

(a) PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—A person, including a producer, transporter, distributer, consumer, laborer, trade association, the Federal Government, a State government, or a unit of local government, which is affected by a regulation of a State or unit of local government which regulates any aspect of an agricultural product, including any aspect of the method of production, which is sold in interstate commerce, or any means or instrumentality through which such an agriculture product is sold in interstate commerce, may bring an action in the appropriate court to invalidate such a regulation and seek damages for economic loss resulting from such regulation.

(b) PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION.—Upon a motion of the plaintiff, the court shall issue a preliminary injunction to preclude the State or unit of local government from enforcing the regulation at issue until such time as the court enters a final judgment in the case, unless the State or unit of local government proves by clear and convincing evidence that—
(1) the State or unit of local government is likely to prevail on the merits at trial; and

(2) the injunction would cause irreparable harm to the State or unit of local government.

(c) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—No action shall be maintained under this section unless it is commenced within 10 years after the cause of action arose.

Passed the House of Representatives June 21, 2018.

Attest:

Clerk.
AN ACT

To provide for the reform and continuation of agricultural and other programs of the Department of Agriculture through fiscal year 2023, and for other purposes.