

115TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 37

To amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit a health care practitioner from failing to exercise the proper degree of care in the case of a child who survives an abortion or attempted abortion.

---

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 3, 2017

Mr. FRANKS of Arizona introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

---

## A BILL

To amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit a health care practitioner from failing to exercise the proper degree of care in the case of a child who survives an abortion or attempted abortion.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Born-Alive Abortion  
5 Survivors Protection Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds as follows:

1           (1) If an abortion results in the live birth of an  
 2           infant, the infant is a legal person for all purposes  
 3           under the laws of the United States, and entitled to  
 4           all the protections of such laws.

5           (2) Any infant born alive after an abortion or  
 6           within a hospital, clinic, or other facility has the  
 7           same claim to the protection of the law that would  
 8           arise for any newborn, or for any person who comes  
 9           to a hospital, clinic, or other facility for screening  
 10          and treatment or otherwise becomes a patient within  
 11          its care.

12 **SEC. 3. BORN-ALIVE INFANTS PROTECTION.**

13          (a) REQUIREMENTS PERTAINING TO BORN-ALIVE  
 14 ABORTION SURVIVORS.—Chapter 74 of title 18, United  
 15 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1531  
 16 the following:

17 **“§ 1532. Requirements pertaining to born-alive abor-**  
 18 **tion survivors**

19          “(a) REQUIREMENTS FOR HEALTH CARE PRACTI-  
 20 TIONERS.—In the case of an abortion or attempted abor-  
 21 tion that results in a child born alive (as defined in section  
 22 8 of title 1, United States Code (commonly known as the  
 23 ‘Born-Alive Infants Protection Act’)):

24                 “(1) DEGREE OF CARE REQUIRED; IMMEDIATE  
 25                 ADMISSION TO A HOSPITAL.—Any health care practi-

1       tioner present at the time the child is born alive  
2       shall—

3               “(A) exercise the same degree of profes-  
4               sional skill, care, and diligence to preserve the  
5               life and health of the child as a reasonably dili-  
6               gent and conscientious health care practitioner  
7               would render to any other child born alive at  
8               the same gestational age; and

9               “(B) following the exercise of skill, care,  
10              and diligence required under subparagraph (A),  
11              ensure that the child born alive is immediately  
12              transported and admitted to a hospital.

13             “(2) MANDATORY REPORTING OF VIOLA-  
14             TIONS.—A health care practitioner or any employee  
15             of a hospital, a physician’s office, or an abortion  
16             clinic who has knowledge of a failure to comply with  
17             the requirements of paragraph (1) shall immediately  
18             report the failure to an appropriate State or Federal  
19             law enforcement agency, or to both.

20             “(b) PENALTIES.—

21               “(1) IN GENERAL.—Whoever violates subsection  
22               (a) shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for  
23               not more than 5 years, or both.

24               “(2) INTENTIONAL KILLING OF CHILD BORN  
25               ALIVE.—Whoever intentionally performs or attempts

1 to perform an overt act that kills a child born alive  
2 described under subsection (a), shall be punished as  
3 under section 1111 of this title for intentionally kill-  
4 ing or attempting to kill a human being.

5 “(c) BAR TO PROSECUTION.—The mother of a child  
6 born alive described under subsection (a) may not be pros-  
7 ecuted under this section, for conspiracy to violate this  
8 section, or for an offense under section 3 or 4 of this title  
9 based on such a violation.

10 “(d) CIVIL REMEDIES.—

11 “(1) CIVIL ACTION BY A WOMAN ON WHOM AN  
12 ABORTION IS PERFORMED.—If a child is born alive  
13 and there is a violation of subsection (a), the woman  
14 upon whom the abortion was performed or at-  
15 tempted may, in a civil action against any person  
16 who committed the violation, obtain appropriate re-  
17 lief.

18 “(2) APPROPRIATE RELIEF.—Appropriate relief  
19 in a civil action under this subsection includes—

20 “(A) objectively verifiable money damage  
21 for all injuries, psychological and physical, occa-  
22 sioned by the violation of subsection (a);

23 “(B) statutory damages equal to 3 times  
24 the cost of the abortion or attempted abortion;  
25 and

1                   “(C) punitive damages.

2                   “(3) ATTORNEY’S FEE FOR PLAINTIFF.—The  
3 court shall award a reasonable attorney’s fee to a  
4 prevailing plaintiff in a civil action under this sub-  
5 section.

6                   “(4) ATTORNEY’S FEE FOR DEFENDANT.—If a  
7 defendant in a civil action under this subsection pre-  
8 vails and the court finds that the plaintiff’s suit was  
9 frivolous, the court shall award a reasonable attor-  
10 ney’s fee in favor of the defendant against the plain-  
11 tiff.

12                  “(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section the following  
13 definitions apply:

14                  “(1) ABORTION.—The term ‘abortion’ means  
15 the use or prescription of any instrument, medicine,  
16 drug, or any other substance or device—

17                         “(A) to intentionally kill the unborn child  
18 of a woman known to be pregnant; or

19                         “(B) to intentionally terminate the preg-  
20 nancy of a woman known to be pregnant, with  
21 an intention other than—

22                                 “(i) after viability, to produce a live  
23 birth and preserve the life and health of  
24 the child born alive; or

25                                 “(ii) to remove a dead unborn child.

1           “(2) ATTEMPT.—The term ‘attempt’, with re-  
2           spect to an abortion, means conduct that, under the  
3           circumstances as the actor believes them to be, con-  
4           stitutes a substantial step in a course of conduct  
5           planned to culminate in performing an abortion.”.

6           (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections  
7           for chapter 74 of title 18, United States Code, is amended  
8           by inserting after the item pertaining to section 1531 the  
9           following:

          “1532. Requirements pertaining to born-alive abortion survivors.”.

10          (c) CHAPTER HEADING AMENDMENTS.—

11           (1) CHAPTER HEADING IN CHAPTER.—The  
12           chapter heading for chapter 74 of title 18, United  
13           States Code, is amended by striking “**Partial-**  
14           **Birth Abortions**” and inserting “**Abortions**”.

15           (2) TABLE OF CHAPTERS FOR PART I.—The  
16           item relating to chapter 74 in the table of chapters  
17           at the beginning of part I of title 18, United States  
18           Code, is amended by striking “Partial-Birth Abor-  
19           tions” and inserting “Abortions”.

○