115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 7218

To expand the grants authorized under Jennifer's Law and Kristen's Act to include processing of unidentified remains, resolving missing persons cases, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DECEMBER 6, 2018

Mr. Gonzalez of Texas (for himself and Mr. Hurd) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Homeland Security, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To expand the grants authorized under Jennifer's Law and Kristen's Act to include processing of unidentified remains, resolving missing persons cases, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Missing Persons and
- 5 Unidentified Remains Act of 2018".

1 SEC. 2. USE OF GRANT FUNDS.

2	(a) Jennifer's Law.—Jennifer's Law (34 U.S.C.
3	40501 et seq.) is amended—
4	(1) by striking section 202 (34 U.S.C. 40501)
5	and inserting the following:
6	"SEC. 202. PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.
7	"(a) In General.—
8	"(1) Grants authorized.—The Attorney
9	General may award grants to eligible entities de-
10	scribed in paragraph (2), with priority given to eligi-
11	ble entities in southern border States, to enable the
12	eligible entities to improve the transportation, proc-
13	essing, identification, and reporting of missing per-
14	sons and unidentified remains, including migrants.
15	"(2) Eligible entities de-
16	scribed in this paragraph are the following:
17	"(A) States and units of local government.
18	"(B) Accredited, government-funded, Com-
19	bined DNA Index System (commonly known as
20	'CODIS') forensic laboratories, which dem-
21	onstrate the grant funds will be used for DNA
22	typing and uploading biological family DNA
23	reference samples, including samples from for-
24	eign nationals, into CODIS, subject to the pro-
25	tocols for inclusion of such forensic DNA pro-

1	files into CODIS, and the privacy protections
2	required under section 203(c).
3	"(C) Medical examiners offices.
4	"(D) Accredited, publicly funded toxicology
5	laboratories.
6	"(E) Accredited, publicly funded crime lab-
7	oratories.
8	"(F) Publicly funded university forensic
9	anthropology center laboratories.
10	"(G) Nonprofit organizations that have
11	working collaborative agreements with State
12	and county forensic offices, including medical
13	examiners, coroners, and justices of the peace,
14	for entry of data into CODIS or the National
15	Missing and Unidentified Persons System (com-
16	monly known as 'NamUs'), or both.";
17	(2) in section 203 (34 U.S.C. 40502)—
18	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "a State"
19	and inserting "an entity described in section
20	202'';
21	(B) in subsection (b)—
22	(i) in the matter preceding paragraph
23	(1), by striking "State" and inserting "ap-
24	plicant'';

1	(ii) by striking paragraph (1) and in-
2	serting the following:
3	"(1) report to the National Crime Information
4	Center and, when possible, to law enforcement au-
5	thorities throughout the applicant's jurisdiction re-
6	garding every deceased unidentified person, regard-
7	less of age, found in the applicant's jurisdiction;";
8	(iii) in paragraph (3), by striking
9	"and" at the end;
10	(iv) in paragraph (4), by striking the
11	period at the end and inserting "; and";
12	and
13	(v) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(5) collect and report information to the Na-
15	tional Missing and Unidentified Persons System
16	(NamUs) regarding missing persons and unidenti-
17	fied remains."; and
18	(C) by adding at the end the following:
19	"(c) Privacy Protections for Biological Fam-
20	ILY REFERENCE SAMPLES.—
21	"(1) In general.—Any suspected biological
22	family DNA reference samples received from citizens
23	of the United States or foreign nationals and
24	uploaded into the Combined DNA Index System
25	(commonly referred to as 'CODIS') by an accredited,

1	government-funded CODIS forensic laboratory
2	awarded a grant under this section may be used only
3	for identifying missing persons and unidentified re-
4	mains.
5	"(2) Limitation on use.—Any biological fam-
6	ily DNA reference samples from citizens of the
7	United States or foreign nationals entered into
8	CODIS for purposes of identifying missing persons
9	and unidentified remains may not be disclosed to a
10	Federal or State law enforcement agency for law en-
11	forcement purposes."; and
12	(3) by striking section 204 (34 U.S.C. 40503)
13	and inserting the following:
14	"SEC. 205. USE OF FUNDS.
15	"An applicant receiving a grant award under this title
16	may use such funds to—
17	"(1) pay for the costs incurred during or after
18	fiscal year 2017 for the transportation, processing
19	identification, and reporting of missing persons and
20	unidentified remains, including migrants;
21	"(2) establish and expand programs developed
22	to improve the reporting of unidentified persons in
23	accordance with the assurances provided in the ap-
24	plication submitted pursuant to section 203(b);

- 1 "(3) hire and maintain additional DNA case
- 2 analysts and technicians, fingerprint examiners, fo-
- 3 rensic odontologists, and forensic anthropologists,
- 4 needed to support such identification programs; and
- 5 "(4) procure and maintain state-of-the-art
- 6 multimodal, multipurpose forensic and DNA-typing
- 7 and analytical equipment.".
- 8 (b) Kristen's Act.—Section 3 of Kristen's Act (34)
- 9 U.S.C. 40504 note) is amended to read as follows:
- 10 "SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION OF FUNDING.
- 11 "The Attorney General is authorized to use funds
- 12 otherwise appropriated for the operationalization, mainte-
- 13 nance, and expansion of the National Missing and Uniden-
- 14 tified Persons System (NamUs) for the purpose of car-
- 15 rying out this Act.".
- 16 SEC. 3. RESCUE BEACONS.
- 17 Section 411(o) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
- 18 (6 U.S.C. 211(o)) is amended by adding at the end the
- 19 following:
- 20 "(3) Rescue Beacons.—Beginning in fiscal
- 21 year 2019, in carrying out subsection (c)(8), the
- Commissioner shall purchase, deploy, and maintain
- not more than 170 self-powering, 9–1–1 cellular
- relay rescue beacons along the southern border of
- 25 the United States at locations determined appro-

1	priate by the Commissioner to mitigate migrant
2	deaths.".
3	SEC. 4. REPORTING ON NATIONAL MISSING AND UNIDENTI-
4	FIED PERSONS (NAMUS) PROGRAM.
5	Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment
6	of this Act, and every year thereafter, the Attorney Gen-
7	eral shall submit a report to the appropriate committees
8	of Congress regarding—
9	(1) the number of unidentified person cases
10	processed;
11	(2) CODIS associations and identifications;
12	(3) the number of anthropology cases processed;
13	(4) the number of suspected border crossing
14	cases and associations made;
15	(5) the number of trials supported with expert
16	testimony;
17	(6) the number of students trained and profes-
18	sions of those students; and
19	(7) the turnaround time and backlog.
20	SEC. 5. OTHER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
21	(a) Unidentified Remains.—Not later than 1 year
22	after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually
23	thereafter, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border
24	Protection shall submit a report to the appropriate com-
25	mittees of Congress regarding all unidentified remains dis-

1	covered, during the reporting period, by U.S. Customs and
2	Border Protection on or near the border between the
3	United States and Mexico, including—
4	(1) for each deceased person—
5	(A) the cause and manner of death, if
6	known;
7	(B) the sex, age (at time of death), and
8	country of origin (if such information is deter-
9	minable); and
10	(C) the location of each unidentified re-
11	main;
12	(2) the total number of deceased people whose
13	unidentified remains were discovered by U.S. Cus-
14	toms and Border Protection during the reporting pe-
15	riod;
16	(3) the efforts of U.S. Customs and Border
17	Protection to engage with nongovernmental organi-
18	zations, institutions of higher education, medical ex-
19	aminers and coroners, and law enforcement agen-
20	cies—
21	(A) to identify and map the locations at
22	which migrant deaths occur; and
23	(B) to count the number of deaths that
24	occur at such locations; and

1	(4) a detailed description of U.S. Customs and
2	Border Protection's Missing Migrant Program, in-
3	cluding how the program helps mitigate migrant
4	deaths while maintaining border security.
5	(b) RESCUE BEACONS.—Not later than 1 year after
6	the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter,
7	the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection
8	shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of
9	Congress regarding the use of rescue beacons along the
10	border between the United States and Mexico, including,
11	for the reporting period—
12	(1) the number of rescue beacons in each bor-
13	der patrol sector;
14	(2) the specific location of each rescue beacon;
15	(3) the frequency with which each rescue bea-
16	con was activated by a person in distress;
17	(4) a description of the nature of the distress
18	that resulted in each rescue beacon activation (if
19	such information is determinable); and
20	(5) an assessment, in consultation with local
21	stakeholders, including elected officials, nongovern-
22	mental organizations, and landowners, of necessary
23	additional rescue beacons and recommendations for
24	locations for deployment to reduce migrant deaths.

1	(c) GAO REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after
2	the report required under subsection (a) is submitted to
3	the appropriate committees of Congress, the Comptroller
4	General of the United States shall submit a report to the
5	same committees that describes—
6	(1) how U.S. Customs and Border Protection
7	collects and records border-crossing death data;
8	(2) the differences (if any) in U.S. Customs and
9	Border Protection border-crossing death data collec-
10	tion methodology across its sectors;
11	(3) how U.S. Customs and Border Protection's
12	data and statistical analysis on trends in the num-
13	bers, locations, causes, and characteristics of border-
14	crossing deaths compare to other sources of data or
15	these deaths, including border county medical exam-
16	iners and coroners and the Centers for Disease Con-
17	trol and Prevention;
18	(4) how U.S. Customs and Border Protection
19	measures the effectiveness of its programs to miti-
20	gate migrant deaths; and
21	(5) the extent to which U.S. Customs and Bor-
22	der Protection engages Federal, State, local, and
23	Tribal governments, foreign diplomatic and consular
24	posts, and nongovernmental organizations—

1	(A) to accurately identify deceased individ-
2	uals;
3	(B) to resolve cases involving unidentified
4	remains;
5	(C) to resolve cases involving unidentified
6	persons; and
7	(D) to share information on missing per-
8	sons and unidentified remains, specifically with
9	the National Missing and Unidentified Persons
10	System (NamUs).

 \bigcirc