S. 1045

To guarantee coverage of certain women’s preventive services under all health plans.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 4, 2017

Mrs. Murray (for herself, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Tester, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Bennet, Mr. Booker, Mr. Brown, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Carper, Mr. Casey, Mr. Coons, Ms. Cortez Masto, Mr. Donnelly, Ms. Duckworth, Mr. Durbin, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Franken, Mrs. Gillibrand, Ms. Harris, Ms. Hassan, Mr. Heinrich, Ms. Heitkamp, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Kaine, Mr. King, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Markey, Mrs. McCaskill, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Merkley, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Nelson, Mr. Peters, Mr. Reed, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Schatz, Mr. Schumer, Mrs. Shaheen, Ms. Stabenow, Mr. Udall, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Warner, Ms. Warren, Mr. Whitehouse, and Mr. Wyden) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To guarantee coverage of certain women’s preventive services under all health plans.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Save Women’s Preventive Care Act”.
SEC. 2. PURPOSE.

It is the purpose of this Act to guarantee coverage of women's preventive services that have been covered by group and individual health plans, in accordance with amendments made by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) and consistent with the clinical guidelines dated December 20, 2016, and developed at the direction of the Health Resources and Service Administration by the National Academy of Medicine, the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, and other medical experts (and additional sub-regulatory guidance pertaining to such guidelines and published before January 1, 2017).

SEC. 3. SENSE OF THE SENATE.

It is the sense of the Senate that women should have access to preventive services and benefits with no out-of-pocket costs as provided under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 114–148), limiting racial disparities in health, and ensuring greater use of highly effective care.

SEC. 4. PREVENTIVE CARE FOR WOMEN.

(a) In General.—Section 2713(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–13(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;
(2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period and inserting a semicolon;

(3) by amending paragraph (4) to read as follows:

“(4) with respect to women, including adolescents, to the extent not described in paragraph (1), evidence-based preventive care and screenings, including, at a minimum—

“(A) comprehensive lactation support services (including counseling, education, and breastfeeding equipment and supplies) during the antenatal, perinatal, and postpartum periods, to ensure the successful initiation and maintenance of breastfeeding;

“(B) screening adolescents and women for interpersonal and domestic violence at least annually, and, when needed, providing or referring for initial intervention services, including counseling, education, harm reduction strategies, and other appropriate supportive services;

“(C) screening for gestational diabetes mellitus;

“(D) screening for cervical cancer, and where recommended, co-testing with cytology and human papillomavirus testing;
“(E) directed behavioral counseling for sexually transmitted infections;

“(F) prevention education, risk assessment, and screening for human immunodeficiency virus infection, including screening for pregnant women;

“(G) contraceptive care, including—

“(i) the full range of female-controlled contraceptive methods approved by the Food and Drug Administration, effective family planning practices, and sterilization procedures to prevent unintended pregnancy and improve birth outcomes;

“(ii) contraceptive counseling, initiation of contraceptive use, and follow-up care (such as management and evaluation, and changes to, and removal or discontinuation of, the contraceptive method); and

“(iii) instruction in fertility awareness-based methods, including the lactation amenorrhea method, for women desiring an alternative method;

“(H) screening for breast cancer;

“(I) at least one well-woman preventive care visit per year for adolescent and adult
women in order to deliver and coordinate recom-
mended preventive services, including pre-
conception and many services necessary for pre-
natal and interconception care, in accordance
with recommendations based on age and risk
factors; and

“(J) any other baseline requirements pre-
scribed by the Health Resources and Service
Administration for women; and”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following: “Noth-
ing in this subsection prevents a State from requir-
ing health plans offered in such State to provide
more generous coverage than required under this
subsection.”.

(b) CONDITIONS.—Section 2713 of the Public Health
Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–13), as amended by sub-
section (a), is further amended by adding at the end the
following:

“(d) CONDITIONS.—Section 147.131 of title 45, Code
of Federal Regulations, as in effect on January 1, 2017,
shall apply with respect to the coverage requirements
under subsection (a)(4)(G).”.

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