S. 152

At the request of Mr. Rubio, the name of the Senator from Montana (Mr. Daines) was added as a cosponsor of S. 152, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide for the removal or demotion of employees of the Department of Veterans Affairs based on performance or misconduct, and for other purposes.

S. 203

At the request of Mr. Burr, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mr. Nelson) was added as a cosponsor of S. 203, a bill to reaffirm that the Environmental Protection Agency may not regulate vehicles used solely for competition, and for other purposes.

S. 223

At the request of Ms. Collins, the name of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. Coons) was added as a cosponsor of S. 223, a bill to provide immunity from suit for certain individuals who disclose potential examples of financial exploitation of senior citizens, and for other purposes.

S. 236

At the request of Mr. Wyden, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. Merkley) was added as a cosponsor of S. 236, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to reform taxation of alcoholic beverages.

S. 254

At the request of Mr. UDALL, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. VAN HOLLEN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 254, a bill to amend the Native American Programs Act of 1974 to provide flexibility and reauthorization to ensure the survival and continuing vitality of Native American languages.

S. 315

At the request of Mr. Sullivan, the name of the Senator from Nevada (Mr. Heller) was added as a cosponsor of S. 315, a bill to direct the Secretary of the Army to place in Arlington National Cemetery a monument honoring the helicopter pilots and crewmembers who were killed while serving on active duty in the Armed Forces during the Vietnam era, and for other purposes.

S. 339

At the request of Mr. NELSON. the names of the Senator from Idaho (Mr. CRAPO), the Senator from Florida (Mr. Rubio), the Senator from Alaska (Ms. MURKOWSKI), the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. TILLIS), the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. Cotton), the Senator from Nevada (Mr. HELLER), the Senator from Delaware (Mr. Coons) and the Senator from Wisconsin (Ms. BALDWIN) were added as cosponsors of S. 339, a bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to repeal the requirement for reduction of survivor annuities under the Survivor Benefit Plan by veterans' dependency and indemnity compensation, and for other purposes.

S. 372

At the request of Mr. PORTMAN, the name of the Senator from West Vir-

ginia (Mrs. Capito) was added as a cosponsor of S. 372, a bill to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to ensure that merchandise arriving through the mail shall be subject to review by U.S. Customs and Border Protection and to require the provision of advance electronic information on shipments of mail to U.S. Customs and Border Protection and for other purposes.

S. 389

At the request of Mr. WYDEN, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. MERKLEY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 389, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that kombucha is exempt from any excise taxes and regulations imposed on alcoholic beverages.

S. 407

At the request of Mr. CRAPO, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. Klobuchar) was added as a cosponsor of S. 407, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to permanently extend the railroad track maintenance credit.

S. 415

At the request of Ms. CORTEZ MASTO, the names of the Senator from New York (Mr. SCHUMER), the Senator from Ohio (Mr. BROWN) and the Senator from New York (Mrs. GILLIBRAND) were added as cosponsors of S. 415, a bill to nullify the effect of the recent Executive order that makes the vast majority of unauthorized individuals priorities for removal and aims to withhold critical Federal funding to sanctuary

S. 420

cities.

At the request of Mr. Rubio, the name of the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. Rounds) was added as a cosponsor of S. 420, a bill to require the President to report on the use by the Government of Iran of commercial aircraft and related services for illicit military or other activities, and for other purposes.

S. 422

At the request of Mrs. GILLIBRAND, the names of the Senator from Florida (Mr. Nelson), the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. Franken) and the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Bennet) were added as cosponsors of S. 422, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to clarify presumptions relating to the exposure of certain veterans who served in the vicinity of the Republic of Vietnam, and for other purposes.

S. 431

At the request of Mr. Thune, the name of the Senator from West Virginia (Mrs. Capito) was added as a cosponsor of S. 431, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to expand the use of telehealth for individuals with stroke.

S. 445

At the request of Ms. Collins, the name of the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. Cochran) was added as a cosponsor of S. 445, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to ensure

more timely access to home health services for Medicare beneficiaries under the Medicare program.

S. 473

At the request of Mr. Tester, the names of the Senator from New York (Mrs. Gillibrand), the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Brown) and the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Peters) were added as cosponsors of S. 473, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to make qualification requirements for entitlement to Post-9/11 Education Assistance more equitable, to improve support of veterans receiving such educational assistance, and for other purposes.

S.J. RES. 11

At the request of Mr. Barrasso, the name of the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. Scott) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 11, a joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the final rule of the Bureau of Land Management relating to "Waste Prevention, Production Subject to Royalties, and Resource Conservation".

S. RES. 54

At the request of Mr. Blumenthal, the names of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Portman) and the Senator from California (Mrs. Feinstein) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 54, a resolution expressing the unwavering commitment of the United States to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

S. RES. 70

At the request of Ms. HIRONO, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. MERKLEY) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 70, a resolution recognizing the 75th anniversary of Executive Order 9066 and expressing the sense of the Senate that policies that discriminate against any individual based on the actual or perceived race, ethnicity, national origin, or religion of that individual would be a repetition of the mistakes of Executive Order 9066 and contrary to the values of the United States.

## SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 74—CON-GRATULATING THE STATE OF NEBRASKA ON THE 150TH ANNI-VERSARY OF THE ADMISSION OF THAT STATE INTO THE UNITED STATES

Mrs. FISCHER (for herself and Mr. SASSE) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 74

Whereas the name "Nebraska" is derived from a Native American Siouan word that means "flat water" and is inspired by the Platte River;

Whereas early explorers of the Great Plains called the Nebraska region the "Great American Desert", mistakenly believing that its vast prairies were incapable of supporting agriculture; Whereas the Platte River Valley provided an ideal corridor for settlers traveling westward along the Oregon, Mormon, and California Trails:

Whereas the Act entitled "An Act to secure Homesteads to actual Settlers on the Public Domain", approved May 20, 1862, encouraged enterprising individuals to consider settling in the Nebraska Territory;

Whereas Nebraska was-

- (1) the first State admitted to the United States after the conclusion of the Civil War; and
- (2) the only State the admittance of which the President vetoed because of disagreement with the "fundamental condition" imposed by Congress with respect to giving black men the right to vote:

Whereas, by means of the Act entitled "An Act for the Admission of the State of Nebraska into the Union", approved February 9, 1867, Congress overrode the veto of President Andrew Johnson, opening the way for the admission of Nebraska into the United States on March 1, 1867:

Whereas the admission of Nebraska into the United States led to the further settlement of Nebraska and the construction of the transcontinental railroad westward from the Omaha terminus;

Whereas, in 1879, a Federal district court in Nebraska was the site where American Indians were first recognized as persons under the laws of the United States after Standing Bear pleaded, "I am a man";

Whereas Nebraska is leading the way for a new innovation frontier where entrepreneurs are engaged in building the economy of the future by establishing and growing great businesses;

Whereas Nebraska is the only State whose residents, desiring greater government accountability, voted to transition the State legislature from a bicameral system to a unicameral system, thereby reducing the size of the legislature by nearly 70 percent:

Whereas Nebraska is the home of such national food sensations as the reuben and runzas:

Whereas Nebraska leads the United States in—

- (1) beef and veal exports;
- (2) commercial red meat production;
- (3) commercial cattle slaughter;
- (4) Great Northern bean production;
- (5) popcorn production; and
- (6) the number of irrigated acres of cropland;

Whereas Nebraska continues to lead the United States in center-pivot irrigation technology, as Nebraska is home to the 4 largest irrigation companies in the United States:

Whereas, in 1986, Nebraska was the first State in which women were the 2 major party candidates for governor;

Whereas Nebraska has played and continues to play a significant and remarkable role in the civic, economic, educational, and cultural life of the United States:

Whereas, on March 1, 2017, Nebraska marks the 150th anniversary of the admission of that State into the United States; and

Whereas the sesquicentennial celebration of statehood offers a special opportunity for the people of Nebraska to reflect, remember, celebrate, and plan for an even brighter future that embodies the State motto of Nebraska, "Equality Before the Law": Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate congratulates the State of Nebraska on the 150th anniversary of the admission of that State into the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 75—RECOGNIZING THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ACADEMY OF NUTRITION AND DIETETICS, THE LARGEST ORGANIZATION OF FOOD AND NUTRITION PROFESSIONALS IN THE WORLD

Mr. PORTMAN (for himself and Mr. Brown) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry:

## S. Res. 75

Whereas, on October 20, 1917, dietitians met in Cleveland, Ohio, to identify ways in which food and nutrition professionals could help the United States Government conserve food and improve public health and nutrition during World War I:

Whereas the foundational meeting on October 20, 1917, led to the creation of the American Dietetics Association, now known as the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics (referred to in this preamble as the "Academy"):

Whereas, since the inception of the Academy, the Academy has grown from a charter membership of 58 individuals to the largest organization of food and nutrition professionals in the world, with a membership as of January 2017 of more than 75,000 individuals;

Whereas the Academy is comprised of a diverse group of registered dietitian nutritionists and technicians, scientists, clinicians, educators, students, and other food and nutrition practitioners; and

Whereas, through evidence-based research and education, members of the Academy play an important role in shaping the food choices and nutrition of the people of the United States: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) commemorates October 20, 2017, as the 100th anniversary of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics; and
- (2) applauds the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics for its past, present, and future efforts to champion the principles established by its dietitian predecessors more than 100 years ago—
- (A) to promote food and nutrition professionals; and
- (B) to improve the health and wellness of all people of the United States through research, education, and advocacy.

SENATE RESOLUTION 76—EX-PRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF MARCH 21, 2017, AS "NATIONAL ROSIE THE RIV-ETER DAY"

Mr. CASEY (for himself, Mr. ISAKSON, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. COONS, and Mrs. SHAHEEN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

## S. RES. 76

Whereas National Rosie the Riveter Day is a collective national effort to raise awareness of the 16,000,000 women who worked during World War II;

Whereas the people of the United States have chosen to honor women workers who contributed from the home front during World War II:

Whereas those women left their homes to work or volunteer full-time in factories, farms, shipyards, airplane factories, banks, and other institutions in support of the Armed Forces overseas;

Whereas those women worked with the United Service Organizations and the Amer-

ican Red Cross, drove trucks, riveted airplane parts, collected critical materials, rolled bandages, and served on rationing boards:

Whereas it is fitting and proper to recognize and preserve the history and legacy of working women, including volunteer women, during World War II to promote cooperation and fellowship among those women and their descendants:

Whereas those women and their descendants wish to further the advancement of patriotic ideas, excellence in the workplace, and loyalty to the United States; and

Whereas March 21, 2017, during Women's History Month, is an appropriate day to designate as "National Rosie the Riveter Day": Now therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

(1) supports the designation of March 21, 2017, as "National Rosie the Riveter Day"; and

(2) acknowledges the important role played by women during World War II.

SENATE RESOLUTION 77—SUP-PORTING THE GOALS AND IDEALS OF MULTIPLE SCLE-ROSIS AWARENESS WEEK

Mr. CASEY (for himself, Ms. Collins, Mr. Markey, Mr. Coons, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Brown, Mr. Isakson, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Van Hollen, Mrs. Capito, Mr. Moran, and Mr. Thune) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

## S. Res. 77

Whereas multiple sclerosis (referred to in this preamble as "MS") can impact individuals of all ages, races, and ethnicities, but MS is at least 2 to 3 times more common in women than in men;

Whereas there are approximately 2,300,000 individuals worldwide who have been diagnosed with MS;

Whereas MS is typically diagnosed in individuals between the ages of 20 and 50, but it is estimated that between 8,000 and 10,000 children and adolescents are living with MS in the United States;

Whereas MS is an unpredictable, often disabling disease of the central nervous system that disrupts the flow of information within the brain and between the brain and the body:

Whereas symptoms of MS range from numbness and tingling to vision problems and paralysis, and the progress, severity, and specific symptoms of MS in any 1 person cannot yet be predicted:

Whereas, while there is no evidence that MS is directly inherited, studies show that there are genetic and environmental factors that give certain individuals a higher risk of developing MS;

Whereas the exact cause of MS is unknown, and there is no cure for MS;

Whereas the Multiple Sclerosis Coalition, a national network of independent MS organizations dedicated to the enhancement of the quality of life of individuals affected by MS, recognizes and supports Multiple Sclerosis Awareness Week;

Whereas the mission of the Multiple Sclerosis Coalition is to increase opportunities for cooperation and to provide greater opportunity to leverage the effective use of resources for the benefit of the MS community;

Whereas the United States plays a critical role in coordinating MS research globally and amplifies the impact of research in the United States through which results are delivered to MS patients;