

Speier	Upton	Williams
Stefanik	Valadao	Wilson (SC)
Stewart	Wagner	Wittman
Swalwell (CA)	Walberg	Womack
Taylor	Walden	Woodall
Tenney	Walker	Yoder
Thompson (PA)	Walorski	Yoho
Thornberry	Walters, Mimi	Young (AK)
Tiberi	Weber (TX)	Young (IA)
Tipton	Webster (FL)	Zeldin
Trott	Wenstrup	
Turner	Westerman	

NOES—167

Adams	Gabbard	Panetta
Aguilar	Gallego	Pascrell
Amash	Garamendi	Payne
Barragán	Gonzalez (TX)	Pelosi
Bass	Green, Al	Perlmutter
Beatty	Green, Gene	Peters
Bera	Grijalva	Pingree
Beyer	Gutiérrez	Pocan
Bishop (GA)	Hanabusa	Polis
Blumenauer	Hastings	Price (NC)
Blunt Rochester	Heck	Quigley
Bonamici	Himes	Raskin
Boyle, Brendan	Hoyer	Rice (NY)
F.	Huffman	Richmond
Brady (PA)	Jackson Lee	Rosen
Brown (MD)	Jayapal	Roybal-Allard
Brownley (CA)	Jeffries	Ruiz
Bustos	Johnson (GA)	Rush
Butterfield	Johnson, E. B.	Ryan (OH)
Capuano	Kelly (IL)	Sánchez
Carbajal	Kennedy	Sarbanes
Cárdenas	Khanna	Schakowsky
Carson (IN)	Kihuen	Schiff
Castor (FL)	Kildee	Schneider
Castro (TX)	Kilmer	Schrader
Chu, Judy	Krishnamoorthi	Scott (VA)
Ciциline	Larsen (WA)	Scott, David
Clark (MA)	Lawrence	Serrano
Clarke (NY)	Lawson (FL)	Sewell (AL)
Clay	Lee	Shea-Porter
Cleaver	Levin	Sherman
Clyburn	Lewis (GA)	Sires
Cohen	Lieu, Ted	Slaughter
Connolly	Loeb sack	Smith (WA)
Conyers	Lofgren	Soto
Correa	Lowenthal	Suozzi
Costa	Lowey	Takano
Crowley	Lujan Grisham,	Thompson (CA)
Davis (CA)	M.	Thompson (MS)
Davis, Danny	Luján, Ben Ray	Titus
DeGette	Maloney,	Tonko
Delaney	Carolyn B.	Torres
DeLauro	Maloney, Sean	Tsongas
DelBene	Matsui	Vargas
DeSaulnier	McCollum	Veasey
Deutch	McGovern	Vela
Dingell	McNerney	Velázquez
Doggett	Meeks	Visclosky
Doyle, Michael	Meng	Walz
F.	Moore	Wasserman
Ellison	Moulton	Schultz
Engel	Nadler	Waters, Maxine
Eshoo	Neal	Watson Coleman
Espallat	Nolan	Welch
Evans	Norcross	Wilson (FL)
Foster	O'Rourke	Yarmuth
Frankel (FL)	Pallone	
Fudge		

NOT VOTING—9

Chaffetz	Long	Nunes
Cummings	McEachin	Scalise
Gosar	Napolitano	Stivers

□ 1726

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mrs. NAPOLITANO. Mr. Speaker, I was absent during rollcall votes No. 341, No. 342, No. 343 and No. 344 due to my spouse's health situation in California. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on the Democratic Motion to Recommit H.R. 3003. I would have also voted "nay" on the Final Passage of H.R. 3003—No Sanctuary for Criminals Act. I would have also voted "yea" on the Democratic Motion to Recommit H.R. 3004. I

would have also voted "nay" on H.R. 3004—Kate's Law.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. NUNES. Mr. Speaker, on the legislative day of Thursday, June 29, 2017, I was unable to cast a vote on a number of rollcall votes. Had I been present, I would have voted:

Rollcall 341—"Nay."

Rollcall 342—"Yea."

Rollcall 343—"Nay."

Rollcall 344—"Yea."

URGING THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO UNCONDITIONALLY RELEASE LIU XIAOBO, TOGETHER WITH HIS WIFE LIU XIA, TO ALLOW THEM TO FREELY MEET WITH FRIENDS, FAMILY, AND COUNSEL AND SEEK MEDICAL TREATMENT WHEREVER THEY DESIRE

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Affairs be discharged from further consideration of House Concurrent Resolution 67, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New Jersey?

There was no objection.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 67

Whereas Liu Xiaobo has inspired untold numbers of people in the People's Republic of China and globally for his courageous stands for democracy, the protection of human rights, and peaceful change in China;

Whereas, on December 9, 2008, a diverse group of more than 300 Chinese scholars, writers, lawyers, and activists issued Charter 08, a manifesto calling on the Chinese Communist Party to abandon authoritarian rule in favor of democracy, the guarantee of human rights, and the rule of law;

Whereas Liu Xiaobo was one of the original drafters of Charter 08 and was taken into custody one day before the manifesto was released;

Whereas in December 2009, a Beijing court sentenced Liu Xiaobo to eleven years in prison for "inciting subversion of state power", in part for his role in Charter 08;

Whereas in recognition of Liu Xiaobo's long and non-violent struggle for fundamental human rights in the People's Republic of China, he was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in October 2010;

Whereas Liu Xiaobo's wife Liu Xia, has been held in extralegal home confinement since October 2010, two weeks after her husband's Nobel Peace Prize award was announced, and has reportedly suffered severe health problems over the years which required hospitalization;

Whereas in May 2011, the United Nations Working Group on Arbitrary Detention issued opinions declaring that the Chinese Government's imprisonment of Liu Xiaobo and the detention of Liu Xia both contravened the Universal Declaration of Human Rights;

Whereas Liu Xiaobo was diagnosed with terminal liver cancer in May 2017 and granted permission to access medical treatment

outside of prison and is currently hospitalized in China;

Whereas, according to news and family reports, Liu Xiaobo's cancer has metastasized and the Chinese Government has refused requests by his family to transfer him to Beijing for medical treatment; and

Whereas Liu Xiaobo currently cannot freely meet with friends and family or seek medical care outside of China: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That Congress—

(1) recognizes Liu Xiaobo for his decades of peaceful struggle for basic human rights and democracy in the People's Republic of China;

(2) urges the Government of the People's Republic of China to unconditionally release Liu Xiaobo, together with his wife Liu Xia, to allow them to freely meet with friends, family, and counsel and seek medical treatment wherever they desire; and

(3) urges the Administration to seek humanitarian transfer from the People's Republic of China for Liu Xiaobo, together with his wife Liu Xia, so that he can seek medical treatment in the United States or elsewhere overseas.

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 60

Mr. JODY B. HICE of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be removed as a cosponsor of H.R. 60.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H. RES. 353

Mrs. HARTZLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be removed as a cosponsor of H. Res. 353.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 60.

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be removed as a cosponsor of H.R. 60.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

ADJOURNMENT FROM THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 2017, TO MONDAY, JULY 3, 2017

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 11 a.m. on Monday, July 3, 2017.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?