

Sires	Titus	Walz	Norman	Rothfus	Tipton	Jones	Pittenger	Smith (NE)
Smith (WA)	Tonko	Wasserman	Nunes	Rouzer	Trott	Kuster (NH)	Rogers (KY)	Woodall
Soto	Torres	Schultz	Olson	Russell	Turner	Labrador	Rokita	
Speier	Tsongas	Waters, Maxine	Palazzo	Rutherford	Upton	Messer	Royce (CA)	
Suozi	Vargas	Watson Coleman	Palmer	Sanford	Valadao			□ 1341
Swalwell (CA)	Veasey	Welch	Paulsen	Scalise	Wagner			
Takano	Vela	Wilson (FL)	Pearce	Schneider	Walberg			
Thompson (CA)	Velázquez	Yarmuth	Perry	Schweikert	Walden			So the resolution was agreed to.
Thompson (MS)	Visclosky		Poe (TX)	Scott, Austin	Walker			The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

## NOT VOTING—16

Castor (FL)	Kuster (NH)	Rokita
Gutiérrez	Labrador	Royce (CA)
Harris	LaMalfa	Smith (TX)
Hoyer	Messer	Zeldin
Jenkins (WV)	Pittenger	
Jones	Rogers (KY)	

□ 1333

Mr. NADLER changed his vote from “yea” to “nay.”

So the previous question was ordered. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the resolution.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

## RECORDED VOTE

Mr. HASTINGS. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 224, noes 184, answered “present” 1, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 174]

AYES—224

Abraham	Denham	Issa
Aderholt	Dent	Jenkins (KS)
Allen	DeSantis	Johnson (LA)
Amash	DesJarlais	Johnson (OH)
Arrington	Diaz-Balart	Johnson, Sam
Babin	Donovan	Jordan
Bacon	Duncan (SC)	Joyce (OH)
Banks (IN)	Duncan (TN)	Katko
Barletta	Dunn	Kelly (MS)
Barr	Emmer	Kelly (PA)
Barton	Estes (KS)	King (IA)
Bergman	Faso	King (NY)
Biggs	Ferguson	Kinzinger
Bilirakis	Fitzpatrick	Knight
Bishop (MI)	Fleischmann	Kustoff (TN)
Bishop (UT)	Flores	LaHood
Black	Fortenberry	LaMalfa
Blackburn	Fox	Lamb
Blum	Frelinghuysen	Lamborn
Bost	Gaetz	Lance
Brady (TX)	Gallagher	Latta
Brat	Garrett	Lesko
Brooks (AL)	Gianforte	Lewis (MN)
Brooks (IN)	Gibbs	LoBiondo
Buchanan	Gohmert	Long
Buck	Goodlatte	Loudermillk
Bucshon	Gosar	Love
Budd	Gowdy	Lucas
Burgess	Granger	Luetkemeyer
Byrne	Graves (GA)	MacArthur
Calvert	Graves (LA)	Marchant
Carter (GA)	Graves (MO)	Marino
Carter (TX)	Griffith	Marshall
Chabot	Grothman	Massie
Cheney	Guthrie	Mast
Coffman	Handel	McCarthy
Cole	Harper	McCaul
Collins (GA)	Harris	McClintock
Collins (NY)	Hartzler	McHenry
Comer	Hensarling	McKinley
Comstock	Herrera Beutler	McMorris
Conaway	Hice, Jody B.	Rodgers
Cook	Higgins (LA)	McSally
Costello (PA)	Hill	Meadows
Cramer	Holding	Mitchell
Crawford	Hollingsworth	Moolenaar
Culberson	Hudson	Mooney (WV)
Curbelo (FL)	Hultgren	Mullin
Curtis	Hunter	Newhouse
Davis, Rodney	Hurd	Noem

Adams	Gallego
Aguilar	Garamendi
Barragán	Gomez
Bass	Gonzalez (TX)
Beatty	Gottheimer
Bera	Green, Al
Beyer	Green, Gene
Bishop (GA)	Grijalva
Blumenauer	Hanabusa
Blunt Rochester	Hastings
Bonamici	Heck
Boyle, Brendan	Higgins (NY)
F	Himes
Brady (PA)	Huffman
Brown (MD)	Jackson Lee
Brownley (CA)	Jayapal
Bustos	Jeffries
Butterfield	Johnson (GA)
Capuano	Johnson, E. B.
Carbajal	Kaptur
Cárdenas	Keating
Carson (IN)	Kelly (IL)
Cartwright	Kennedy
Castro (TX)	Khanna
Chu, Judy	Kihuen
Ciulline	Kildee
Clark (MA)	Kilmer
Clarke (NY)	Kind
Clay	Krishnamoorthi
Cleaver	Langevin
Clyburn	Larsen (WA)
Connolly	Larson (CT)
Cooper	Lawrence
Correa	Lawson (FL)
Costa	Lee
Levin	Lewis (GA)
Lewis (GA)	Lieu, Ted
Lipinski	Lipinski
Loebsack	Loebsack
Lofgren	Lofgren
Lowenthal	Lowenthal
Lowey	Lowey
Lujan Grisham,	Lujan Grisham,
M.	M.
Luján, Ben Ray	Luján, Ben Ray
Lynch	Lynch
Maloney,	Maloney,
Carolyn B.	Carolyn B.
Maloney, Sean	Maloney, Sean
Matsui	Matsui
McCollum	McCollum
McEachin	McEachin
McGovern	McGovern
McNerney	McNerney
Meeks	Meeks
Meng	Meng
Moore	Moore
Moulton	Moulton
Murphy (FL)	Murphy (FL)
Nadler	Nadler
Napolitano	Napolitano
Neal	Neal

## NOES—184

Agulgar	Nolan
Barragán	Norcross
Bass	O'Halleran
Beatty	O'Rourke
Bera	Pallone
Beyer	Panetta
Bishop (GA)	Pascrell
Blumenauer	Payne
Blunt Rochester	Pelosi
Bonamici	Perlmutter
Boyle, Brendan	Peters
F	Peterson
Brady (PA)	Pingree
Brown (MD)	Pocan
Brownley (CA)	Polis
Bustos	Price (NC)
Butterfield	Quigley
Capuano	Raskin
Carbajal	Rice (NY)
Cárdenas	Richmond
Carson (IN)	Rosen
Cartwright	Roybal-Allard
Castro (TX)	Ruiz
Chu, Judy	Ruppersberger
Ciulline	Rush
Clark (MA)	Ryan (OH)
Clarke (NY)	Sanchez
Clay	Sarbanes
Cleaver	Schakowsky
Clyburn	Schiff
Connolly	Schrader
Cooper	Scott (VA)
Correa	Scott, David
Costa	Serrano
Levin	Sewell (AL)
Lewis (GA)	Shea-Porter
Lieu, Ted	Sherman
Lipinski	Sires
Loebsack	Smith (WA)
Lofgren	Soto
Lowenthal	Speier
Lowey	Suozi
Lujan Grisham,	Swalwell (CA)
M.	Takano
Luján, Ben Ray	Thompson (CA)
Lynch	Thompson (MS)
Maloney,	Titus
Carolyn B.	Tonko
Maloney, Sean	Torres
Matsui	Tsongas
McCollum	Vargas
McEachin	Veasey
McGovern	Vela
McNerney	Velázquez
Meeks	Visclosky
Meng	Walz
Moore	Wasserman
Moulton	Schultz
Murphy (FL)	Waters, Maxine
Nadler	Watson Coleman
Napolitano	Welch
Neal	Wilson (FL)
	Yarmuth

## PRESENT—1

Amodei

## NOT VOTING—19

Castor (FL)	Doggett	Hoyer
Cohen	Duffy	Huizenga
Davidson	Gutiérrez	Jenkins (WV)

So the resolution was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. SMITH of Nebraska. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted “yea” on rollcall No. 174.

## REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H. RES. 774

Mr. DESJARLAIS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be removed as a cosponsor of H. Res. 774.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

## REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H. RES. 774

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be removed as a cosponsor of H. Res. 774.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

## CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO THE ACTIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF SYRIA—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 115-118)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1622(d), provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, within 90 days before the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the *Federal Register* and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision, I have sent to the *Federal Register* for publication the enclosed notice stating that the national emergency with respect to the actions of the Government of Syria declared in Executive Order 13338 of May 11, 2004—as modified in scope and relied upon for additional steps taken in Executive Order 13399 of April 25, 2006, Executive Order 13460 of February 13, 2008, Executive Order 13572 of April 29, 2011, Executive Order 13573 of May 18, 2011, Executive Order 13582 of August 17,

2011, Executive Order 13606 of April 22, 2012, and Executive Order 13608 of May 1, 2012—is to continue in effect beyond May 11, 2018.

The regime's brutal war on the Syrian people, who have been calling for freedom and a representative government, not only endangers the Syrian people themselves, but also generates instability throughout the region. The Syrian regime's actions and policies, including pursuing and using chemical weapons, supporting terrorist organizations, and obstructing the Lebanese government's ability to function effectively, continue to foster the rise of extremism and sectarianism and pose an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. For these reasons, I have determined that it is necessary to continue in effect the national emergency declared with respect to this threat and to maintain in force the sanctions to address this national emergency.

In addition, the United States condemns the Assad regime's use of brutal violence and human rights abuses, and calls on the Assad regime to stop its violent war, uphold the Cessation of Hostilities, enable the delivery of humanitarian assistance, and negotiate a political transition in Syria that will forge a credible path to a future of greater freedom, democracy, opportunity, and justice.

The United States will consider changes in the composition, policies, and actions of the Government of Syria in determining whether to continue or terminate this national emergency in the future.

DONALD J. TRUMP.  
THE WHITE HOUSE, May 9, 2018.

□ 1345

#### STANDARD MERGER AND ACQUISITION REVIEWS THROUGH EQUAL RULES ACT OF 2018

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 872, I call up the bill (H.R. 5645) to amend the Clayton Act and the Federal Trade Commission Act to provide that the Federal Trade Commission shall exercise authority with respect to mergers only under the Clayton Act and only in the same procedural manner as the Attorney General exercises such authority, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 872, the bill is considered read.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 5645

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Standard Merger and Acquisition Reviews Through Equal Rules Act of 2018".

#### SEC. 2. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAYTON ACT.

The Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 12 et seq.) is amended—

(1) by striking section 4F and inserting the following:

#### "SEC. 4F. ACTIONS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES OR THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

"(a) Whenever the Attorney General of the United States has brought an action under the antitrust laws or the Federal Trade Commission has brought an action under section 7, and the Attorney General or Federal Trade Commission, as applicable, has reason to believe that any State attorney general would be entitled to bring an action under this Act based substantially on the same alleged violation of the antitrust laws or section 7, the Attorney General or Federal Trade Commission, as applicable, shall promptly give written notification thereof to such State attorney general.

"(b) To assist a State attorney general in evaluating the notice described in subsection (a) or in bringing any action under this Act, the Attorney General of the United States or Federal Trade Commission, as applicable, shall, upon request by such State attorney general, make available to the State attorney general, to the extent permitted by law, any investigative files or other materials which are or may be relevant or material to the actual or potential cause of action under this Act.";

(2) in section 5—

(A) in subsection (a) by inserting "(including a proceeding brought by the Federal Trade Commission with respect to a violation of section 7)" after "United States under the antitrust laws"; and

(B) in subsection (i) by inserting "(including a proceeding instituted by the Federal Trade Commission with respect to a violation of section 7)" after "antitrust laws";

(3) in section 11, by adding at the end the following:

"(m)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), in enforcing compliance with section 7, the Federal Trade Commission shall enforce compliance with that section in the same manner as the Attorney General in accordance with section 15.

"(2) If the Federal Trade Commission approves an agreement with the parties to the transaction that contains a consent order with respect to a violation of section 7, the Commission shall enforce compliance with that section in accordance with this section.";

(4) in section 13, by inserting "(including a suit, action, or proceeding brought by the Federal Trade Commission with respect to a violation of section 7)" before "subpoenas"; and

(5) in section 15, by inserting "and the duty of the Federal Trade Commission with respect to a violation of section 7," after "General.";

#### SEC. 3. AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACT.

The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41) is amended—

(1) in section 5(b), by inserting "(excluding the consummation of a proposed merger, acquisition, joint venture, or similar transaction that is subject to section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18), except in cases where the Commission approves an agreement with the parties to the transaction that contains a consent order)" after "unfair method of competition";

(2) in section 9, by inserting after the fourth undesignated paragraph the following:

"Upon the application of the commission with respect to any activity related to the consummation of a proposed merger, acquisition, joint venture, or similar transaction that is subject to section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18) that may result in any unfair method of competition, the district courts of the United States shall have juris-

dition to issue writs of mandamus commanding any person or corporation to comply with the provisions of this Act or any order of the commission made in pursuance thereof.";

(3) in section 13(b)(1), by inserting "(excluding section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18) and section 5(a)(1) with respect to the consummation of a proposed merger, acquisition, joint venture, or similar transaction that is subject to section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18))" after "Commission"; and

(4) in section 20(c)(1), by inserting "or under section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18), where applicable," after "Act,".

#### SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS.

(a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as provided in subsection (b), this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS.—The amendments made by this Act shall not apply to any of the following that occurs before the date of enactment of this Act:

(1) A violation of section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18).

(2) A transaction with respect to which there is compliance with section 7A of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18a).

(3) A case in which a preliminary injunction has been filed in a district court of the United States.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The bill shall be debatable for 1 hour equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary.

After 1 hour of debate, it shall be in order to consider the amendment printed in House Report 115-664, if offered by the Member designated in the report, which shall be considered read, shall be separately debatable for the time specified in the report equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, and shall not be subject to a demand for a division of the question.

The gentleman from Virginia (Mr. GOODLATTE) and the gentleman from New York (Mr. NADLER) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Virginia.

PERMISSION TO POSTPONE PROCEEDINGS ON ADOPTING AMENDMENT TO H.R. 5645

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the question of adopting the amendment to H.R. 5645 may be subject to postponement as though under clause 8 of rule XX.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Virginia?

There was no objection.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H.R. 5645.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Virginia?

There was no objection.

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

In 1914, Congress passed the Federal Trade Commission Act, marking the